Third Day of Legislative Organizational Session

JOURNAL OF THE SENATE

Fifty-third Legislative Assembly

* * * * *

Bismarck, December 10, 1992

The Senate convened at 9:00 a.m., with President Omdahl presiding.

The prayer was offered by Rev. Mark Bayert, First Presbyterian Church, Bismarck.

The roll was called and all members were present except Senators Lindgren, Nalewaja, Nething, and Traynor.

A quorum was declared by the President.

PAULTONS

SEN. MATHERN MOVED that the Senate stand in recess until 9:45 a.m., which motion prevailed.

THE SENATE RECONVENED pursuant to recess taken, with President Omdahl presiding.

 ${\bf SEN.~MATHERN~MOVED}$ that the Senate stand in recess until 10:00 a.m., which motion prevailed.

THE SENATE RECONVENED pursuant to recess taken, with President Omdahl presiding.

REPORT OF PROCEDURAL COMMITTEE

MR. PRESIDENT: Your procedural Rules Committee (Sen. Kelly, Chairman), appointed to recommend legislative rules, has had the same under consideration and recommends that the Senate and Joint Rules of the Fifty-second Legislative Assembly as adopted on Thursday, December 6, 1990, and amended on January 8, 1991, with the following new rules and amendments, be adopted as the permanent rules of the Senate for the Fifty-third Legislative Assembly, and that the reading of this report be dispensed with:

SECTION 1. AMENDMENT. Senate Rule 312 is amended as follows:

312. ORDER OF MOTION. When a question is under debate, no motion may be received, except to fix the time to which to adjourn; to adjourn; to lay on the table; to move the previous question (which four motions must be decided without debate); to move to postpone to a day certain; to refer eriand to amend; or to postpone indefinitely. These motions have precedence in the order in which they are named. No motion to postpone to a day certain or to refer, having been decided, may be entertained again on the same day.

SECTION 2. AMENDMENT. Subsections 1, 2, and 4 of Senate Rule 318 are amended as follows:

- The following questions require a majority of vote of the members of the Senate present and voting:
 - Adoption of amendments, as provided in Senate Rule 601.
 - Reconsideration of the adoption of an amendment, as provided in Senate Rule 346.

- c. Order to a chairman to report a measure back from committee, as provided in Senate Rule 507.
- d. Action, other than referrals or rereferrals to the Appropriations Committee on certain measures, as authorized in Senate Rule 330.
- e. To have the President refuse to sign any bill the House refuses to return, as provided in Senate Rule 348.
- f. Adoption of propositions of a divided question <u>if the division</u> <u>would require a majority vote of the members present</u>, as provided in Senate Rule 319.
- g. Adoption of conference committee reports, as provided in Senate Rule 605.
- h. Any question for which another vote is not required by the Constitution or another rule.
- The following questions require a majority vote of the members-elect of the Senate:
 - a. Passage of bills, as provided in Section 13, Article IV, of the Constitution and Senate Rule 338.
 - b. Ratification of amendments to the Constitution of the United States, as provided in Senate Rule 338.
 - c. Passage of proposed amendments to the Constitution of North Dakota, as provided in Section 16, Article IV, of the Constitution.
 - d. Adoption of propositions of a divided question if the division would require a majority vote of the members-elect, as provided in Senate Rule 319.
 - e. To constitute a guorum, as provided in Senate Rule 103.
 - e. <u>f.</u> Suspension of further proceedings under a call of the Senate, as provided in Senate Rule 303.
 - f. g. Election of certain Senate employees, as provided in Senate Rule 206.
 - g. h. Reconsideration of questions other than adoption of amendments if before the end of the next legislative day, as provided in Senate Rule 346.
- 4. The following questions require a two-thirds vote of the members-elect of the Senate:
 - a. Initiated and referred measures amended or repealed within seven years after enactment or approval, as provided in Section 8, Article III, of the Constitution and Senate Rule 338.
 - Emergency clauses, as provided in Section 13, Article IV, of the Constitution.
 - c. Adoption of propositions of a divided question if the division would require a two-thirds vote of the members-elect, as provided in Senate Rule 319.

- d. Reconsideration after a clincher motion, as provided in Senate Rule 347.
- d. e. Reconsideration after the next legislative day or after a previous motion to reconsider, as provided in Senate Rule 346.
- e. f. Second reading same day as report, as provided in Senate Rule 336.
- f. g. Suspension of requirement that copies of amendments be distributed before acted on, as provided in Senate Rule 601.
- e. h. Suspension of the rules, as provided in Senate Rule 324.
- $\frac{h_{\tau}}{i}$. Vetoed measures, reconsideration, as provided in Section 9, Article V, of the Constitution.
- SECTION 3. Subsection 5 of Senate Rule 318 is created as follows:
- 5. A question to recall a measure for purposes of withdrawal after it has been referred to committee requires unanimous consent of the members of the Senate, as provided in Senate Rule 507.
- SECTION 4. AMENDMENT. Senate Rule 330 is amended as follows:
- 330. BILLS MEASURES REFERRED TO APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE.
- 1. All bills or resolutions carrying Every bill providing an appropriation of five thousand dollars or more must be referred or rereferred to and acted on by the Appropriations Committee, and all bills or resolutions effecting every bill or resolution proposing a change in the audit or fiscal procedures of a state agency or institution must be originally referred to and acted upon by that committee, before final action by the Senate thereon, unless otherwise ordered by a majority vote of the members present.
- 2. Every bill or resolution to which is attached a fiscal note stating that the bill or resolution has an effect of fifty thousand dollars or more on the appropriation for a state agency or department must be rereferred to and acted on by the Appropriations Committee before final action by the Senate thereon, unless otherwise ordered by a majority vote of the members present.
- 3. A bill or resolution required to be referred or rereferred to the Appropriations Committee which received a do not pass recommendation from committee and which then is passed by the Senate is deemed reconsidered and must be referred to and acted upon by the Appropriations Committee if that bill or resolution has not been referred or rereferred to the Appropriations Committee before passage. The Appropriations Committee shall report the bill or resolution back to the Senate for action in accordance with these rules.
- 4. All Senate bills required to be rereferred to the Appropriations Committee, except bills introduced after the deadline for introduction of bills by the Delayed Bills Committee or on two-thirds vote of the Senate, must be rereferred not later than the twenty-third legislative day. If an appropriation bill is not reported to the floor and rereferred as required herein, the bill is deemed rereferred and is under the jurisdiction of the Appropriations Committee at the end of the twenty-third legislative day.
- SECTION 5. A new Senate rule is created as follows:

REREFERRAL TO COMMITTEE. A measure that is to be rereferred to a committee as the result of a committee report or Senate rules must be rereferred after action on any amendment recommended by the committee report or before any vote on the committee report if no amendment is recommended. When the report of the committee of rereferral is presented to the Senate, the President shall announce every report to the Senate which was made on that measure.

SECTION 6. AMENDMENT. Senate Rule 339 is amended as follows:

339. RECORDED ROLL CALL VOTES. Except as provided in Senate Rule 315, no action by the Senate which may result in final disposition of a bill, a resolution that provides for the expenditure of money, or a resolution proposing a constitutional amendment, may be taken except by a recorded roll call vote, and the vote of each member, and, when appropriate, the vote of the Lieutenant Governor, or a record of the member's absence or failure to vote, must be recorded in the journal. As used in this rule, "final disposition" includes any procedure that, barring reconsideration, results in the Senate being unable to give further consideration during that legislative session to the particular measure that was under consideration.

SECTION 7. A new Senate rule is created as follows:

RETURN OF SENATE MEASURE WITH AMENDMENT. Upon the return to the Senate of a Senate bill or resolution that was amended and passed by the House, the President shall refer the measure to the chairman of the standing committee that reported the bill or resolution to the Senate. The chairman, by motion on the floor, shall recommend whether to concur in the amendments. If the recommendation is to not concur and to appoint a conference committee, the President shall appoint a conference committee.

SECTION 8. A new Senate rule is created as follows:

CONCURRENCE IN HOUSE AMENDMENTS. Upon adoption of a motion to concur in amendments adopted by the House and explained to the Senate, the bill or resolution must be placed on the calendar for second reading and final passage. A measure placed on the calendar under this rule may be acted on immediately after placement on the calendar.

SECTION 9. AMENDMENT. Subsections 1 and 2 of Senate Rule 401 are amended as follows:

- 1. Any bill or resolution that conforms to statutory requirements and these rules, within the <u>number and</u> time prescribed, may be introduced by any member, standing committee, or the Legislative Council, by filing the bill or resolution with the Secretary of the Senate, who shall number consecutively each bill or resolution.
- Any bill or resolution may have, following and separate from thename or names of the Senate sponsor or sponsors, the namesname of no more than three cosponsors each sponsor from the House of Representatives. A bill or resolution may not have more than six members of the Legislative Assembly as sponsors.

SECTION 10. AMENDMENT. Subsection 1 of Senate Rule 402 is amended as follows:

1. No bill may be introduced after the sixteenth fifteenth legislative day and no member other than the Majority and Minority Leaders may introduce more than three bills as prime sponsor after the eleventh tenth legislative day, nor may any resolution, except those resolutions hereinafter provided for, be introduced after the eighteenth legislative day, except upon approval of a majority of the Delayed Bills Committee or upon two-thirds vote of the Senate.

SECTION 11. AMENDMENT. Subsection 2 of Senate Rule 404 is amended as follows:

Each bill and resolution must have typed on it the name of the
member or members, but no more than five from the Senate, nor more
than three from each house on jointly sponsored bills or
resolutions, or committee each sponsor introducing the bill or
resolution.

SECTION 12. AMENDMENT. Subsections 2, 3, and 4 of Senate Rule 501 are amended as follows:

- The five-day standing committee is Appropriations: (14 members) All bills calling for appropriations in excess of five thousand dollars. All bills and resolutions proposing a change in the audit or fiscal procedures of state agencies or institutions. Bills and resolutions referred or rereferred under Senate Rule 330.
- 3. The three-day standing committees are:
 - Education: (7 members)
 Public Schools: Libraries; and Institutions of Higher Learning.
 - b. Finance and Taxation: (7 $\underline{5}$ members) Public Debt; Taxes and Tax Laws.
 - c. Human Services and Veterans Affairs: (7 members) Human Services; Public Health; and Public Safety; Temperance; Matters affecting the Military and Veterans.
 - d. Industry, Business and Labor: (8 <u>7</u> members) Banks and Banking; Corporations; Insurance; Matters pertaining to Private Business and Industry; Workers' Compensation; Unemployment Compensation; Labor Laws and kindred subjects.
 - e. Judiciary: (8 7 members)
 Elections and Election Privileges; Judiciary.
- 4. The two-day standing committees are:
 - Agriculture: (7 members)
 Agriculture; Livestock; Drainage and Irrigation; Warehouse and Grain Grading.
 - b. Government and Veterans Affairs: (7 members)
 State and Federal Affairs: Government Pensions and Benefits:
 Military and Veterans Affairs: Industrial Commission and
 institutions under its supervision; and State Historical
 Society and State Parks.
 - c. Natural Resources: (7 5 members) Game and Fish; Public Lands; Mines and Mining; Gas and Oil; Forestry.
 - e. d. Political Subdivisions: (8 <u>7</u> members)
 Cities; Counties; Townships; Park Districts; Apportionment.
 - d. State and Federal Government: (7 members) State and Federal Affairs; Director of Institutions and Industrial Commission and institutions under their supervision; State Historical Society and State Parks; Immigration and Statisties.

e. Transportation: (<u>8 7</u> members)
Highways and Bridges; Railroads; Motor Vehicles; Airlines and Airports.

SECTION 13. AMENDMENT. Senate Rule 507 is amended as follows:

597. RECALLING BILL FROM COMMITTEE. The chairman of any committee to whom which a bill or resolution has been referred, if so ordered by a vote of motion made by the Majority Leader or the chairman of the committee and approved by the majority of the Senate members present, shall report the bill or resolution back to the Senate forthwith. Any member may move to have a bill or resolution of which that member is prime sponsor recalled from committee for purposes of withdrawal, if approved by unanimous consent of the Senate.

SECTION 14. AMENDMENT. Subdivisions e and g of subsection 2 of Senate Rule 601 are amended as follows:

- e. If the committee report is for amendment and then rereferral to another committee, the measure must be rereferred to the appropriate committee after adoption or rejection of the amendment. If, after adoption or rejection of the amendment, a measure is subject to rereferral under Senate Rule 330, the measure must be rereferred to the Appropriations Committee, regardless of whether the report provides for rereferral.
- g. On motion a measure must be placed on the calendar for second reading and final passage immediately after action is taken on the amendment. After the thirty-second legislative day all Senate bills, and after the fifty-fifth legislative day all measures, must be placed on the calendar for second reading and final passage immediately after action is taken on the amendment. A measure placed on the calendar under this subdivision may be acted on immediately after placement on the calendar.

SECTION 15. AMENDMENT. Senate Rule 602 is amended as follows:

602. DIVIDED COMMITTEE REPORT.

- 1. In case all the members of any committee required or entitled to report on any subject referred to them, cannot agree upon any report, the majority and minority may each make a special report, and any member or members dissenting in whole or in part, from the reasoning and conclusions of both the majority and minority may also present to the Senate a statement of reasonings and conclusions; and all reports, if decorous in language, and respectful to the Senate, must be entered at length in the journal, and must be announced by the Secretary as provided in Senate Rule 601.
- 2. The majority report is either the report signed by the largest number of committee members or the report signed by the committee chairman if that report is one of two or more reports signed by the largest and an equal number of members. Except as provided in Senate Rule 601, the majority report must be placed on the calendar for consideration before consideration of any minority report. Minority reports must be placed on the calendar in order in accordance with the number of committee members signing the reports, with the report signed by the largest number of members being placed on the calendar first.
- 3. If one or more of the reports presented pursuant to this rule recommend an amendment to the legislative measure under consideration, the Secretary, during the fifth order of business,

shall announce the fact that a divided committee report has been received, including a report, or reports, for amendment. The amendments, except as provided in subsection 3 of Senate Rule 601, must then go on the calendar under the sixth order of business in accordance with subsection 2 of Senate Rule 601.

- 3. 4. If more than one amendment is recommended by divided reports relating to a particular measure, the President shall direct that they be placed on the calendar in order in accordance with the number of members signing the report, with the amendment recommended by the report signed by the largest number of committee members being placed on the calendar first. If the reports recommending amendment are signed by an equal number of members, the President shall determine by some other equitable method the order in which they will be placed on the calendar during the sixth order of business this rule.
- 4. 5. The President shall also rule, in the case of a divided committee report recommending two or more amendments, as to the effect of the passage adoption of the first amendment report on each subsequent amendment recommended to that particular legislative measure report.

SECTION 16. A new Joint rule is created as follows:

TRANSMITTAL OF BILLS WITH EMERGENCY CLAUSES. If a bill with an emergency clause has passed without the vote required to carry the emergency clause, the bill must be transmitted to the other house without the emergency clause.

SECTION 17. AMENDMENT. Subsection 1 of Joint Rule 203 is amended as follows:

 No bill that has passed one house may be sent to the other house for concurrence after the thirty-fourth legislative day, exceptbills a bill introduced after the first fifteen legislative days by with the approval of the Delayed Bills Committee or introduced with the concurrence of two-thirds or more of the numbers of the house of introduction.

SECTION 18. AMENDMENT. Joint Rule 206 is amended as follows:

206. CONSENT CALENDAR.

- Each standing committee may report an uncontested amendment, an uncontested bill, an uncontested or resolution, or a contested resolution out of committee and may include in its report a recommendation for placement on the consent calendar.
- 2. As used in this rule, "uncontested amendment, uncontested bill, or uncontested resolution" means any committee report for amendment, bill, or resolution, except those containing appropriations an amendment or a bill providing an appropriation, which makes or receives a do pass or do pass as amended recommendation from the committee of referral, by unanimous vote of the members present provided a quorum is present. As used in this rule, "contested resolution" means any resolution that receives a do pass or do pass as amended recommendation from the committee of referral, by any vote other than a unanimous vote of the members present provided a quorum is present.
- 3. Following the presentation of a committee report recommending placement on the consent calendar, all amendments, bills, or resolutions recommended by the committee for placement on the consent calendar must be placed on the consent calendar.

- 4. A resolution directing a Legislative Council study which receives a do pass or do pass as amended recommendation from the committee of referral must be placed on the consent calendar, regardless of whether the committee report recommends placement on the consent calendar.
- 5. Any consent calendar amendment, bill, or resolution that is amended from the floor must be taken off the consent calendar and must be placed on the regular calendar.
- 5. 6. Upon objection of one third of the members elect any member to the placement or retention of any uncontested amendment, uncontested bill, or uncontested resolution on the consent calendar, or upon objection of any member to the placement or retention of, any contested resolution, or any Legislative Council study resolution on the consent calendar, the bill or resolution must be taken off the consent calendar and must be placed on the regular calendar.
- 6. 7. No item on the consent calendar may be considered for adoption on the same legislative day it is placed on the consent calendar.

SECTION 19. AMENDMENT. Subsections 6 and 7 of Joint Rule 301 are amended as follows:

- 6. The conference committee report shall first be submitted to the house having possession of the bill <u>or resolution</u> over which the difference has arisen where it shall be acted on and notice of such action transmitted to the other house. The house shall act on the report and, if appropriate, shall proceed to take action on the bill or resolution.
- 7. When the other house has also acted on the report, that house shall notify After action on the report and, if appropriate, on the bill or resolution, the house having possession of the bill, which house shall, if appropriate, proceed to take action on the bill and shall transmit it the bill or resolution to the other house for appropriate action.

SECTION 20. AMENDMENT. Joint Rule 501 is amended as follows:

501. FISCAL NOTES.

- All bills and resolutions introduced into either houseExcept for a
 measure appropriating a specific dollar amount, every bill or
 resolution having an effect of five thousand dollars or more on the
 revenues, expenditures, or fiscal liability of the state, except
 appropriation measures carrying specific dollar amounts, must have
 a fiscal note attached to the bill or resolution which must be
 describes that effect and which is prepared as provided in this
 rule.
- 2. a. The determination as to Legislative Council shall determine whether a fiscal note is required must be made by the Legislative Council for those bills or resolutions any bill or resolution prepared by the Legislative Council staff, or by the. The chairman of the committee to which a bill or resolution is referred shall determine whether a fiscal note is required for those bills or resolutions a bill or resolution not prepared by the Legislative Council, or not bearing a fiscal note.
 - b. <u>Bills or resolutions</u> <u>A bill or resolution</u> to which <u>amendments</u> <u>have been made an amendment</u> having a fiscal effect of five thousand dollars or more has been approved must have a fiscal

note attached upon request of the chairman of the committee considering the bill or resolution, or by request of the majority of the members of the house in which the bill is considered at the time of second reading.

- c. The chairman of a committee may request the aid of the Legislative Council in making a determination as to whether a bill or resolution requires a fiscal note.
- 3. a. Fiscal notes A fiscal note must be prepared by the state agency or department responsible for collecting or expending the revenues affected or whose appropriation is affected or jointly by affected departments or agencies, at the request of the Legislative Council or the chairman of the committee considering the bill or resolution.
 - b. Requests for fiscal notes <u>A request for a fiscal note</u> must be in writing, addressed to the designated agency or department, and upon a proper request form, and must be accompanied by areproduction copy of the bill or resolution having the fiscal effect.
 - c. The Legislative Council shall prepare all necessary forms for the implementation of the fiscal note procedure.
 - d. Each agency or department to whom a request for a fiscal note is made shall state on a fiscal note form the fiscal impact in dollar amounts of the bill or resolution being considered. The fiscal impact must be stated in dollar amounts; identify the impact on revenues; identify the impact on expenditures; identify the impact for the current biennium, the upcoming biennium, and the next succeeding biennium; and identify the effect on the appropriation for the state agency or department for the current, upcoming, and next succeeding bienniums.
 - e. If the agency or department of whom a fiscal note is requested is unable to provide specific information upon the fiscal impact of the bill or resolution, the agency or department shall make an estimate of the impact according to such available information it may have or be able to obtain and shall state that the figures provided are an estimate.
 - f. If <u>such</u> the agency or department is not able to make an estimate, it shall state that fact.
- 4. a. All Every fiscal notes note must be prepared in triplicate and must be returned to the Legislative Council or the committee chairman making the request, whichever the case may be, not later than five days from the date of the request.
 - b. One copy of the fiscal note must be attached to the original bill or resolution, one copy must be filed with the Bill Clerk of the house wherein the bill or resolution originated, and one copy must be filed in the Legislative Council office.
- Any bill or resolution requiring a fiscal note must be stamped or have written on its cover a notation to the effect that a fiscal note is required.
- 6. Reports or committees A committee report must include a notation that a specific bill or resolution carries a fiscal note.
- 7. Upon second reading and final passage of all bills and resolutions a bill or resolution carrying a fiscal notes note, the Secretary of the Senate or the Chief Clerk of the House, whichever the case may be, shall read the fiscal note in its entirety at the time of the reading of the title of the bill or resolution to be voted on.

SECTION 21. AMENDMENT. Joint Rule 603 is amended as follows:

603. PRINTING AND DISTRIBUTION OF BILLS. RESOLUTIONS. AND JOURNALS.

- Eight hundred copies of each bill, and five hundred copies of each resolution, must be printed, unless the house of introduction orders a greater or lesser number to be printed.
- 2. Bill room employees, under the supervision of the Chief Clerk or the Secretary of the Senate, as the case may be, may, as time and physical space allow, set aside not more than five copies one copy of each bill or resolution, or to be delivered to any person who subscribes to receive a copy of each bill and resolution introduced. The Legislative Management Committee of the Legislative Council shall establish appropriate fees for this service. Not more than five copies of a limited number of specified bills and resolutions, to may be delivered to certain specified persons who personally request the bills and resolutions.
- Persons on an approved list who subscribe to receive a set of bills and resolutions as of the first day of the regular session have priority for receiving bills and resolutions pursuant to this rule.
- 4. This rule does not apply to the staff of the Legislative Council which may have such number of bills set aside as are necessary to aid it in carrying on legislative business.
- 5. Bill room employees may not distribute more than five bills to any one person, except to legislators, legislative employees, and members of the Legislative Council staff, and persons who subscribe to receive more than five sets of bills and resolutions.
- The journals of the Senate and House must be printed as provided in Senate Rule 204 and House Rule 204, and bill room employees shall distribute copies of daily journals.

SECTION 22. Joint Rule 901 is created as follows:

901. SEXUAL HARASSMENT POLICY.

- 1. The Legislative Assembly is committed to providing a healthy and appropriate work environment for legislators, legislative employees, and other state employees which is free from sexual harassment. Sexual harassment in any manner will not be tolerated.
- 2. Sexual harassment includes verbal abuse of a sexual nature, graphic verbal comment about a person's body, physical touching of a sexual nature, sexual advances and propositions, sexually degrading words used to describe an individual, display in the workplace of any sexually suggestive object or picture, and any threat or insinuation, either explicitly or implicitly, that a person's refusal to submit to a sexual advance will adversely affect that person's employment, evaluation, wages, duties, work shifts, or any other condition of employment or career advancement.

SEN. KELLY MOVED that the report be adopted, which motion prevailed.

REPORT OF PROCEDURAL COMMITTEE

MR. PRESIDENT: Your procedural Committee on Arrangements for Senate Committee Rooms (Sen. Marks, Chairman) has met and recommends that the Senate utilize the same committee rooms as used during the Fifty-second Legislative Assembly.

SEN. MARKS MOVED that the report be adopted, which motion prevailed.

REPORT OF PROCEDURAL COMMITTEE

MR. PRESIDENT: Your procedural committee appointed to act as an Employment Committee (Sen. Kelsh, Chairman) recommends the following as employees of the Senate during the Fifty-third Legislative Organizational Session:

Session Employees

Secretary of the Senate Carol Siegert Assistant Secretary of the Senate Linda Putz Desk Reporter Sally Paul Bill Clerk Nancy Ludwig Sergeant-at-Arms Doug Nordby Kevin Urness Deputy Sergeant-at-Arms Assistant Sergeant-at-Arms Mike Kemnitz Secretary to Majority Leader Sandi Kershaw Staff Assistant to Majority Leader Mary Schmitz Secretary to Minority Leader Renae Doan Chief Page and Bill Book Clerk Jim Sears Jeff Spitzer Page William Skierven Supply Room Coordinator Chief Bill Room Clerk Pamela Bergman

ROLL CALL

YEAS: Andrist; Bowman; DeMers; Dotzenrod; Evanson; Freborg; Goetz; Graba; Grindberg; Heinrich; Holmberg; Jerome; Keller; Kelly; Kelsh; Kinnoin; Krauter; Krebsbach; Langley; Lindaas; Lips; Marks; Mathern; Maxson; Mushik; Mutch; Naaden; Nelson; O'Connell; Redlin; Robinson; Sand; Scherber; Schoenwald; Stenehjem, B.; Stenehjem, W.; Streibel; Tallackson; Tennefos; Thane; Tomac; Urlacher; Wogsland; Yockim

ABSENT AND NOT VOTING: Lindgren; Nalewaja; Nething; Solberg; Traynor

SEN. KELSH MOVED that the report be adopted, which motion prevailed.

MOTIONS

SEN. MATHERN MOVED that the Senate stand in recess until 11:15 a.m., which motion prevailed.

THE SENATE RECONVENED pursuant to recess taken, with President Omdahl presiding.

SEN. MATHERN MOVED that the Senate stand in recess until 11:35 a.m., which motion prevailed.

THE SENATE RECONVENED pursuant to recess taken, with President Omdahl presiding.

REPORT OF PROCEDURAL COMMITTEE

MR. PRESIDENT: Your procedural Committee on Committees (Sen. Wogsland, Chairman) submits the following report as to the proposed chairmen, vice chairmen, and members of standing committees.

APPOINTMENT OF STANDING COMMITTEES - SENATE

Appropriations Committee

 Chairman - Tallackson
 Lips

 Vice Chairman - Mushik
 Nething

 Redlin
 Thane

 Yockim
 Naaden

 Robinson
 Holmberg

 Kelly
 Goetz

 Lindaas
 Lindaas

DeMers

Education Committee

Chairman - Heinrich Frebora Vice Chairman - O'Connell Evanson Kelsh. Grindberg

Scherber

Finance and Taxation Committee

Chairman - Dotzenrod Tennefos Vice Chairman - Tomac Urlacher Kinnoin

Human Services Committee

Chairman - Mathern Nalewaja Vice Chairman - Graba Lindaren Jerome Bowman B. Stenehiem

Industry, Business and Labor Committee

Chairman - Langley Mutch Vice Chairman - Krauter Streibel Keller Krebsbach

Schoenwald

Judiciary Committee

Chairman - Maxson W. Stenehjem Vice Chairman - Marks Traynor Solberg Andrist Sand

Agriculture Committee

Chairman - Kelsh Bowman Vice Chairman - Kinnoin Solberg Langley Freborg

Marks

Government and Veterans Affairs Committee

Chairman - Tomac W. Stenehjem Vice Chairman - Scherber Krebsbach Heinrich Evanson Sand

Natural Resources Committee

Chairman - Keller Nalewaia Vice Chairman - Krauter Urlacher

Mathern

Political Subdivisions Committee

Chairman - Graba Lindgren Vice Chairman - Jerome Traynor Dotzenrod Andrist

Maxson

Transportation Committee

Chairman - Schoenwald Mutch Vice Chairman - O'Connell Tennefos Streibel Grindberg B. Stenehjem

Joint Constitutional Revision Committee

W. Stenehjem Cochairman - O'Connell Marks Solberg

Krauter

MOTION

SEN. MATHERN MOVED that the Senate stand in recess until 1:00 p.m., at which time they reconvene for the Joint Session in the House and on completion of Joint Session, then will stand adjourned until 12:00 noon, Tuesday, January 5, 1993, which motion prevailed.

The Senate stood adjourned pursuant to Senator Mathern's motion.

CAROL SIEGERT, Acting Secretary