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Sixtieth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

Introduced by

FIRST DRAFT:

Prepared by the Legislative Council staff for the Electric Industry Competition Committee

June 2006

- 1 A BILL for an Act to amend and reenact sections 54-35-18, 54-35-18.1, and 54-35-18.2 of the
- 2 North Dakota Century Code, relating to continuation of the electric industry competition
- 3 committee.

4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

- 5 **SECTION 1. AMENDMENT.** Section 54-35-18 of the North Dakota Century Code is 6 amended and reenacted as follows:
- 7 54-35-18. (Effective through August 1, 2007 2009) Electric industry competition -
- 8 **Need for study.** The legislative council shall study the impact of competition on the generation,
- 9 transmission, and distribution of electric energy within this state. The legislative assembly finds
- 10 that the economy of this state depends on the availability of reliable, low-cost electric energy.
- 11 There is a national trend toward competition in the generation, transmission, and distribution of
- 12 electric energy and the legislative assembly acknowledges that this competition has both
- 13 potential benefits and adverse impacts on this state's electric suppliers as well as on their
- 14 shareholders and customers and the citizens of this state. The legislative assembly determines
- 15 that it is in the best interests of the citizens of this state to study the effects of competition on
- the generation, transmission, and distribution of electric energy.
- 17 **SECTION 2. AMENDMENT.** Section 54-35-18.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is
- 18 amended and reenacted as follows:
- 19 **54-35-18.1.** (Effective through August 1, 2007 2009) Electric industry competition
- 20 committee Composition.
- 1. The legislative council shall appoint a committee to study electric industry
- 22 competition.

1 2. The committee shall study the impact of competition on the generation, 2 transmission, and distribution of electric energy within this state and on the state's 3 electric suppliers. 4 As used in sections 54-35-18 through 54-35-18.2, "electric suppliers" means public 3. 5 utilities regulated under title 49, rural electric cooperatives organized under chapter 6 10-13, municipal electric utilities organized under chapters 40-33 and 40-33.2, and 7 power marketers. 8 4. The committee consists of: 9 Six members of the house of representatives, four of whom must be from the 10 majority political party and two of whom must be from the minority political 11 party. 12 b. Six members of the senate, four of whom must be from the majority political 13 party and two of whom must be from the minority political party. 14 The chairman of the legislative council shall name one of the members as 5. 15 chairman. 16 SECTION 3. AMENDMENT. Section 54-35-18.2 of the North Dakota Century Code is 17 amended and reenacted as follows: 18 54-35-18.2. (Effective through August 1, 2007 2009) Electric industry competition 19 committee - Study areas. The electric industry competition committee shall study this state's 20 electric industry competition and electric suppliers and shall report to the legislative council in 21 the same manner as do other interim legislative council committees, concerning the following 22 issues: 23 1. Financial issues, including: 24 The interests of residential customers, including: 25 (1) Fairness of rates, terms, and conditions of service for services chosen. 26 (2) Affordability of rates, bills, and services. 27 (3)Stability and predictability of rates and bills. 28 (4) Reliability and quality of power supply. 29 (5)Assurance that rates, terms, and conditions are nondiscriminatory. 30 (6)Ability of customers to understand potential energy choices. 31 (7) Importance of a fair dispute resolution process.

I			(8)	Potential for rates to reflect the customer's desired level of energy	
2				reliability and availability.	
3		b.	The interests of small business customers, large business customers,		
4			shar	eholders, and other stakeholders, including:	
5			(1)	Fairness of rates, terms, and conditions of service for the services	
6				chosen by customers.	
7			(2)	Affordability of rates, bills, and services for customers.	
8			(3)	Stability and predictability of customers' rates and bills.	
9			(4)	Assurance that rates, terms, and conditions are nondiscriminatory for all	
10				customers.	
11			(5)	Ability of customers to understand potential energy choices and the	
12				implications of these choices.	
13			(6)	Importance of a fair dispute resolution process for customers.	
14			(7)	Potential for rates to reflect the customer's desired level of energy	
15				reliability and availability.	
16		C.	Fina	ncial integrity of and cost of capital to electric power suppliers.	
17		d.	Taxe	es paid by electric suppliers, including franchise taxes, excise taxes,	
18			inco	me taxes, ad valorem taxes, in lieu taxes, and real and personal property	
19			taxe	S.	
20		e.	Tax	implications to local governments.	
21		f.	Qua	ntification and recovery of stranded investments by electric power	
22			supp	oliers, including those resulting from:	
23			(1)	Customers who have a legal obligation to bear certain costs, who find a	
24				way to avoid those obligations, and who leave without paying costs	
25				incurred on the customer's behalf; and	
26			(2)	The costs of investments that exceed their value in the competitive	
27				market.	
28		g.	Prici	ng of transmission and distribution services.	
29		h.	Prici	ng and rate subsidies for all classes of customers.	
30		i.	Unb	undling of costs of services.	
31	2.	Lea	al issu	ues. includina:	

1		a.	State, tribal, and federal jurisdiction.			
2		b.	State statutory and regulatory constraints and oversight of the electric			
3			industry.			
4		c.	Those related to the federal energy regulatory commission.			
5		d.	Commerce clause constraints.			
6		e.	Review of existing state laws, rules, and constitutional provisions that affect			
7			the generation, transmission, and distribution of electric energy, including the			
8			need and appropriateness of regulatory reforms for services that will continue			
9			to be provided by a regulated utility.			
10		f.	Interstate reciprocity and the regional nature of the industry.			
11		g.	Continuing obligations of an electric supplier to serve customers.			
12		h.	Use and protection of proprietary information in a competitive market.			
13	3.	Soci	Social issues, including:			
14		a.	Planning and operation of electric suppliers, including integrated resource			
15			planning.			
16		b.	Efficiency and sufficiency of an aggregate supply of energy.			
17		c.	Environmental impacts.			
18		d.	Impact on the development and use of renewable resources.			
19		e.	Appropriate and proper method of recovery of the cost of social, low income,			
20			and noneconomic renewable energy programs in order to ensure that costs			
21			are fairly and equitably shared among all customers of electric energy.			
22	4.	Issu	es related to system planning, operation, and reliability, including:			
23		a.	Electric system reliability.			
24		b.	Provisions by which customers would be permitted to have a choice of			
25			generation providers.			
26		C.	Applicability of regulatory reliability criteria to nonutility market participants.			
27		d.	Form and requirements of contracts for the sale and purchase of electric			
28			energy.			
29		e.	Requirements for metering energy usage at the customer's location.			
30		f.	Designation and regulation of ancillary services.			
31	5.	Iden	tification and review of potential market structures, including:			

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1 Possible market structures for a deregulated generation market and a. 2 transmission market and whether these structures should be mandated or 3 allowed to form voluntarily. 4 b. Formation of market segments in response to customer requirements. 5 Impact on the investment stability of the electric utility industry. C. 6 d. Impact on multipurpose entities. 7 Potential to improve economic efficiency. e. 8 f. Size of the market and the extent to which its size impacts the level of benefits 9 for customers or groups of customers. 10 Ability of participants with control over the electricity generation and g. 11 transmission system to exercise market power over pricing or the need for 12 controls to prevent the exercise of market power. 13 h. Controls or bans on corporate relationships between regulated utilities and 14 emerging competitive sectors. 15 i. Barriers to achieving nondiscriminatory competition among electric suppliers, 16 including review of federal and state tax issues, availability of federal 17 subsidies to certain energy suppliers, application of federal laws that impose 18 regulatory requirements on the electric utility industry, and jurisdiction of the 19 federal energy regulatory commission over competitors. 20 j. Viability of all customers to participate in and benefit from a competitive 21 electricity market, including: 22 (1) Risks and responsibilities that customers or classes of customers incur 23 by participating in a competitive market. 24 (2) Costs of gathering, processing, and managing information on the price 25 and quality of electricity. 26 (3)Benefits to customers or classes of customers from participation in a 27 competitive electricity market. 28 6. Whether and to what extent power produced by the Garrison dam should be taxed 29 by the state. 30 7. The source and cost of power supplied to the state's Indian reservations.

- 1 8. Other issues related to the generation, transmission, and distribution of electric
- 2 energy.