

and supplies, to be sold to the different schools and public institutions of the state. STATE. Said fund shall be deposited with the state treasurer, and shall be known as the furniture and school supply manufacturing and operating fund.

The board of trustees may use the money in this fund for building a foundry, the cost of which shall not exceed five thousand dollars; for purchasing machinery and erecting buildings; and for purchasing material and supplies, and all other expenses which may be necessary for the establishing, maintaining and successful operation of this industry shall be paid out of this fund unless otherwise provided by law. Twenty-five per cent of the net profits derived from the sale of the brick yard, and all the net profits derived from the operation of the foundry and school furniture manufacturing plant shall be deposited with the state treasurer to the credit of this fund.

It shall be the duty of the warden to keep an accurate account of all the convict labor, and the cost of all materials and supplies used in the manufacture of brick, and a separate account of all convict labor and the cost of materials and supplies used in the manufacture of school furniture, fixtures and supplies; the value of such convict labor used in the manufacture of brick and in operating the foundry and school furniture manufacturing plant, shall be charged against this fund, and warrants for the value of such convict labor shall be drawn in favor of the state treasurer and deposited to the credit of the miscellaneous earnings of the penitentiary and shall be used to replenish any of the funds of the penitentiary that may need replenishing.

Approved March 6, 1911.

POOL ROOMS

CHAPTER 206.

[H. B. No. 332—Nestos]

PROHIBITING OBSTRUCTIONS ACROSS WINDOWS AND DOORS OF POOL HALLS.

AN ACT Prohibiting the Placing of Screens or other Obstructions Across the Windows and Doors of Pool Halls and Providing a Penalty Therefor.

Be It Enacted by the Legislative Assembly of the State of North Dakota:

§ 1. CERTAIN PLACES OF AMUSEMENT, NOT TO BE SCREENED.
PENALTY.] It shall be unlawful for any owner or keeper of any

pool or billiard hall, or any bowling alley, or any temperance saloon, or place under any name whatever, where games of pool, billiards, bowling or cards are played, to obstruct a clear view into the same by means of curtains, screens or any other similar device, whereby the free and unobstructed view of the interior of said room cannot be had from the outside. Any person found guilty of violating this act shall be punished by a fine of not less than \$5.00 nor more than \$50.00 or imprisonment in the county jail not to exceed thirty days, or both such fine and imprisonment.

§ 2. EMERGENCY.] Whereas, there is now on statute book of our state no law in reference to the above subject, an emergency is hereby declared to exist and this bill shall take effect from and after its passage and approval.

Approved March 3, 1911.

PRIMARY ELECTIONS

CHAPTER 207.

[S. B. 278—Steele of Renville]

NOMINATIONS FOR UNITED STATES SENATOR.

AN ACT to Amend and Re-Enact Section 13 of Chapter 109 of the Session Laws for the Year 1907, of the State of North Dakota, Relating to Primary Election.

Be It Enacted by the Legislative Assembly of the State of North Dakota:

§ 1. AMENDMENT.] That section 13 of chapter 109 of the Session Laws for the year 1907 of the state of North Dakota be amended and re-enacted to read as follows:

§ 13. NOMINATIONS FOR UNITED STATES SENATOR.] Party candidates for the office of United States senator shall be nominated in the manner herein provided for nominations of candidates for state offices.

The candidate receiving the highest number of votes at such primary election shall be the nominee of his party for the office of United States senator, at the succeeding session of the legislative assembly which is to elect a United States senator. The votes for candidates for United States senator shall be canvassed and returned in the same manner as the votes cast for state officers.

It is hereby made the duty of the secretary of state to certify to the next session of the legislative assembly the name of the candidate of each party who receives the highest number of votes for the office of United States senator.

Approved March 3, 1911.