

Medica (physiology, therapeutics, posology, toxicology), Botany, Microscopy and Pharmacognosy. Said course of instruction to consist of not less than two terms in separate academic years of not less than thirty-two weeks of five days each for each term. Registration as a pharmacist by said board entitles the person so registered to membership in the North Dakota Pharmaceutical Association.

Provided, however, that this act shall not apply to trained nurses or the persons in charge of laboratories or chemical departments of public hospitals when acting or engaged in the discharge of their duties as such.

Approved March 3, 1911.

PENITENTIARY, STATE

CHAPTER 203.

[S. B. No. 205—Welch]

MANNER OF DISPOSING OF THE PRODUCT OF STATE BINDER PLANT.

AN ACT to Amend Section 10381 of the Revised Codes of 1905 as Amended by Section 1, of Chapter 40, of the Session Laws of 1907, Relating to the Manner of Disposing of the Product of the State Binder Plant.

Be It Enacted by the Legislative Assembly of the State of North Dakota:

§ 1. AMENDMENT.] Section 10381 of the revised codes of 1905, as amended by section 1, of chapter 40, of the Session Laws of 1907, is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 10381. PRODUCT OF THE PLANT, HOW DISPOSED OF.] The product of said twine and cordage plant shall be disposed of under the direction of the board of trustees of said penitentiary, under regulations to be prescribed by them, subject only to the following restrictions, viz: The board of trustees at a regular or special meeting held not later than February in each year, shall fix prices at which the product of the plant shall be sold during the ensuing season, such prices to be based on the cost of the product and the demand for it; prices for car load lots may, in their discretion, be fixed at not more than one-half cent per pound under prices for smaller lots. The products shall be sold only to those living in the state and intending or agreeing to use it, or sell it for use in the state, except that it shall be lawful at any time after May 1st of any year to sell a part of such

product outside of the state if for any reason at that time in the judgment of the said board it becomes necessary to do so to protect the interests of the state. The price of the product of the plant so established as above provided, shall continue to be the price for the season, unless it shall become evident to the board that the price so established is such that it will prevent the sale of the product, or such that the state will not receive a fair price, based on the market value of like products, in which case the change in price can be made at any regular or special meeting of said board thereafter held; provided, that rope may be sold outside the state at any time.

§ 2. **EMERGENCY.]** An emergency exists in that it is of great importance that this amendment shall be in effect for the present season, therefore this act shall be in force from and after its passage and approval.

Approved March 3, 1911.

CHAPTER 204.

[S. B. No. 262—Thoreson]

STATE PRISON REVOLVING FUND.

AN ACT to Establish a Revolving Fund out of the Net Profits Derived from the Operation of the Twine Plant at the State Penitentiary, and to Provide for the Disposal Thereof.

Be It Enacted by the Legislative Assembly of the State of North Dakota:

§ 1. There is hereby created a state prison revolving fund which shall be available for the purpose of carrying on industrial enterprises at the state penitentiary as provided herein, and such as may hereafter be authorized by law. But nothing in this act shall be construed to repeal any existing law relating to any funds now provided for the operation or maintenance of the twine plant at the state penitentiary.

§ 2. After the passage and approval of this act there shall every year be set aside from the net annual profits derived from the operation of the twine plant at the penitentiary a sum equal to twenty-five per cent thereof. The fund thus accumulated shall constitute a state prison revolving fund and shall be expended as provided in this act, or as may hereafter be authorized by law.

§ 3. As soon as the state prison revolving fund shall equal the sum of one hundred thousand dollars, the warden, under the direction of the board of trustees of the state penitentiary shall take steps to arrange for the installation of the necessary equipment for the manufacture of farm machinery and implements including binders, mowers, and hayrakes; and the revolving fund

created by this act shall be used exclusively for the purchase of raw materials, payment of salaries and wages, and other expenses necessary and proper in conducting the industrial enterprises authorized by law, and in the manufacture of farm implements and farm machinery.

§ 4. The state revolving fund shall be deposited in the state treasury and paid out on vouchers in the form and manner now provided by law, or by the rules of the state auditing board.

§ 5. The warden of the penitentiary shall be allowed actual and necessary traveling expenses in visiting state prisons elsewhere for the purpose of inspecting their method in carrying on industrial enterprises of the kind mentioned in this act. The expense so incurred shall be audited and paid in the manner now provided by law for auditing and paying the traveling expenses of state officers.

Approved March 3, 1911.

CHAPTER 205.

[S. B. No. 363—Gibbens]

SALE OF PRODUCTS. BOARD THEREFOR.

AN ACT to Amend and Re-Enact Section 10393 of the Revised Codes of 1905, Providing that Twenty-Five (25) Per Cent of the Profits of the Brickyard be set Aside as a Manufacturing and Operating Fund for Making Furniture and School Supplies for Sale to Public Institutions of this State.

Be It Enacted by the Legislative Assembly of the State of North Dakota:

§ 1. That section 10393 of the revised codes of the state of North Dakota for the year 1905, be amended so as to read as follows:

§ 10393. SALE OF PRODUCTS. BOARD THEREFOR. USE OF RECEIPTS.] Such board of trustees shall dispose of said brick, manufactured as in this article provided, as they may be directed by the governor, state auditor and secretary of state, who are hereby created a board with authority to dispose of any brick manufactured by convict labor, according to their best judgment, and for the interests of the state at such prices as said board may provide. The receipts of such sales shall be turned over to the trustees aforesaid and used in payment of the expenses incurred in connection with the manufacture of brick. The board of trustees may also set apart twenty-five per cent of the net cash profits arising from the operation of the brickyard for the creation of a fund to be used in establishing and maintaining a foundry and plant, for the manufacture of school furniture, fixtures

and supplies, to be sold to the different schools and public institutions of the state. STATE. Said fund shall be deposited with the state treasurer, and shall be known as the furniture and school supply manufacturing and operating fund.

The board of trustees may use the money in this fund for building a foundry, the cost of which shall not exceed five thousand dollars; for purchasing machinery and erecting buildings; and for purchasing material and supplies, and all other expenses which may be necessary for the establishing, maintaining and successful operation of this industry shall be paid out of this fund unless otherwise provided by law. Twenty-five per cent of the net profits derived from the sale of the brick yard, and all the net profits derived from the operation of the foundry and school furniture manufacturing plant shall be deposited with the state treasurer to the credit of this fund.

It shall be the duty of the warden to keep an accurate account of all the convict labor, and the cost of all materials and supplies used in the manufacture of brick, and a separate account of all convict labor and the cost of materials and supplies used in the manufacture of school furniture, fixtures and supplies; the value of such convict labor used in the manufacture of brick and in operating the foundry and school furniture manufacturing plant, shall be charged against this fund, and warrants for the value of such convict labor shall be drawn in favor of the state treasurer and deposited to the credit of the miscellaneous earnings of the penitentiary and shall be used to replenish any of the funds of the penitentiary that may need replenishing.

Approved March 6, 1911.

POOL ROOMS

CHAPTER 206.

[H. B. No. 332—Nestos]

PROHIBITING OBSTRUCTIONS ACROSS WINDOWS AND DOORS OF POOL HALLS.

AN ACT Prohibiting the Placing of Screens or other Obstructions Across the Windows and Doors of Pool Halls and Providing a Penalty Therefor.

Be It Enacted by the Legislative Assembly of the State of North Dakota:

§ 1. CERTAIN PLACES OF AMUSEMENT, NOT TO BE SCREENED.
PENALTY.] It shall be unlawful for any owner or keeper of any