personal representative of the deceased employee burial expenses not to exceed One Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$150.00).

Approved March 9, 1927.

# WORLD WAR

# CHAPTER 287 (S. B. No. 115-Baird)

#### RECORD OF NORTH DAKOTA CITIZENS SERVING AND ACTIVE IN WORLD WAR

An Act to Provide for the Compilation, Publication and Distribution of the Record of the Citizens of North Dakota Who Rendered Military Service on Behalf of the State and Assisted in the Administration of the Selective Service Act During the World War.

Be It Enacted by the Legislative Assembly of the State of North Dakota:

§ 1. The Adjutant General of the State of North Dakota is hereby authorized and directed to compile, publish and distribute, in accordance with such rules and regulations as he may adopt, a record of the citizens of the State of North Dakota who rendered Military Service on behalf of the State and assisted in the administration of the Selective Service Act during the World War.

§ 2. The Industrial Commission of the State of North Dakota shall defray all expenses incident to carrying out the provisions of this act out of any moneys in its hands which have accumulated through the administration of the provisions of Chapter 244 of the Laws of 1923, provided, however, that all expenditures hereunder by the Industrial Commission shall be limited to such accumulations.

§ 3. The Adjutant General and Industrial Commission shall have full power and authority to do and perform any and all acts and things which may to them seem necessary and proper for the purposes of carrying out the terms and conditions and spirit of this act.

Approved, March 3, 1927.

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION 'M' (Benson and Schlosser)

### REPEAL OF FEDERAL ESTATE TAX

WHEREAS, the Federal Estate (Inheritance) Tax Law, as amended February 26, 1926, provides that the estate liable thereunder shall be credited with any inheritance tax paid by the beneficiaries to the state, or states, the credit not to exceed eighty per cent of the Federal Levy; and

WHEREAS, this amendment menaces the rights of the states, because its object is to persuade them to abandon their state inheritance tax laws in favor of statutes based on the federal law. The tax not being required for revenue at this time, its only object now must be coercion of the states; and

WHEREAS, the joint levy is contrary to the theory of this government, unprecedented and offensive to the independence of the legislatures of the sovereign states;

THEREORE BE IT RESOLVED, by the Senate, the House concurring, that we hereby request the present congress to repeal immediately the federal estate (Inheritance) tax provisions of the revenue law effective February 26, 1926, and abandon this field of taxation in time of peace.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that certified copies of this concurrent resolution be forwarded to North Dakota's Senators and Representatives to the Congress of the United States.

Filed February 28, 1927.

# CONCURRENT RESOLUTION (Kretschmar)

## GREAT LAKES-ST. LAWRENCE WATERWAY PROJECT

Be It Resolved by the Senate of the State of North Dakota, the House of Representatives concurring therein:

WHEREAS, the great and natural resources of the State of North Dakota are as yet undeveloped, and said State is dependent upon agriculture for its prosperity, and agriculture being the fundamental basis for prosperity in all northwest states; and

WHEREAS, in a large measure, if not entirely, the price of agricultural products is dependent upon foreign markets; and

WHEREAS, the present rates for transportation of such products are too high to be in just proportion to the price received therefor at terminal markets, and thus has a tendency to curtail the production of the staple articles of agriculture needed by all people in all lands; and

WHEREAS, the Great Lakes-St. Lawrence Waterway Project. if completed and perfected, will furnish to the people of the State of North Dakota a cheaper method of transportation of their products to foreign markets, thus assuring them a higher revenue for the same; and WHEREAS, the adoption and completion of such project has been requested by the farmers and industries of the Middle and Northwest for many years last past, from the Congress of the United States; and

WHEREAS, the carriers by rail in this Nation are now demanding increased rates for the transportation of grain and grain products, making the need for such project more acute than at any previous period,

Now, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, by the Senate of the Twentieth Legislative Assembly of the State of North Dakota, the House of Representatives concurring therein, that we do hereby memorialize the Congress of the United States, and respectfully urge that Congress take immediate action towards the passage of such law or laws, which will make possible the early completion and perfection of the Great Lakes-St. Lawrence Waterway Project.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the Secretary of State of North Dakota send a copy of this Resolution to the President of the United States, and the President of the Senate, and Speaker of the House of Representatives of the United States, and of the Montana and Minnesota Legislatures respectively, also to our members in Congress.

Filed February 13, 1927.

# RESOLUTION (Brown and McCay)

### AID FOR INDIANS

WHEREAS, the matter of the need of the Indians upon Standing Rock Indian Reservation, located in the States of North Dakota and South Dakota, have been brought to the attention of this body through a resolution duly introduced at the instance of a number of Indians of such reservation, and

WHEREAS, a hearing has been had upon said matter before the House Committee of Federal Relations, a number of Indians from such Reservation appearing before such committee and Mr. E. D. Mossman, Superintendent, also appearing at the request of such committee, and

WHEREAS, crops upon such reservation were shown to have been practically a total loss during 1926; that tenants of Indian lands by reason of a crop failure have in most instances failed to pay rents due therefor; and

WHEREAS, it is evident that provision must at once be made to meet resulting conditions which will entail privation and suffering for many of these Indians during this winter and until such time as another crop is harvested; Now, THEREFORE, we respectfully urge upon you that provision such as is suggested in the letter of E. D. Mossman, Superintendent, of date, September 15th, 1926, and directed to the Commissioner of Indian affairs, Washington, D. C., and in the letter from the Tribal Business Council of such reservation, accompanying the same and addressed to the Secretary of the Interior, be at once made, that these wards of the government be insured against suffering and privation.

While this matter was brought before this Legislative body through the efforts of a number of reservation Indians, the examination of Mr. Mossman before the committee, convinced such committee and this body that his recommendation of September 15th, 1926, must be at once acted upon if privation and suffering is to be prevented.

While we realize that this is a matter in which this body properly has no voice, we respectfully urge upon you, the Secretary of the Interior and the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, immediate consideration of the situaton, which before spring, will be one to be deplored.

To the Secretary of Interior of the United States and To the Commissioner of Indian Affairs at Washington, D. C.

Mr. Brown moves the resolution be properly enrolled and copies thereof transmitted by the chief clerk, certified to by the speaker and himself, to the Secretary of the Interior and the Commissioner of Indian Affairs at Washington, D. C.

Filed January 22, 1927.

# CONCURRENT RESOLUTION 'A' (Peck)

### DESTRUCTION OF PROPERTY AND TRESPASSING ON INDIAN RESERVATIONS

Be It Resolved by the Senate of the State of North Dakota, the House of Representatives concurring, that

WHEREAS, the farmers of the State of North Dakota living on and farming lands adjacent to the Indian Reservations located in this State have, each year, for the past 20 years, suffered severe damage, inconvenience and hardship due to the trespassing of Indian Live stock from these reservations on said farm lands, and

WHEREAS, individual and collective appeals by these farmers to the Department of the Interior during all of these years has secured from the Department no effective action to check this trespassing, and, WHEREAS, it appears that the Federal laws and department rulings offer no legal redress to said farmers for such trespassing upon their farm lands, therefore:

BE IT RESOLVED, that a protest be submitted to the Department of Interior against the injustice being done to these farmers, and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that we suggest, as an aid to keeping said live stock upon the said reservations, that a severe penalty be imposed by the Department of Interior upon any one who shall be found guilty of cutting or destroying the Indian Reservation boundary fence, or gates, or of leaving such gates open, and that we suggest that the Department of the Interior make such ruling, or cause such legislation to be enacted as will make the Indian live stock subject to the laws of the State of North Dakota when such live stock shall be found trespassing on lands outside these reservations or Indian allotments.

Filed February 28, 1927.

# CONCURRENT RESOLUTION 'N'

(Fine)

# McNARY-HAUGEN BILL

Be It Resolved by the Senate of the State of North Dakota, the House of Representatives Concurring:

§ I. WHEREAS, the Senate of the United States, and the House of Representatives of the United States Congress, have acted favorably upon the McNary-Haugen Farm Relief Measure, and

WHEREAS, the said bill is now before the President of the United States for his approval and signature;

BE IT RESOLVED, that the Senate of the State of North Dakota, the House of Representatives concurring therein, do hereby respectfully petition the Honorable Calvin Coolidge, President of the United States to act favorably upon the said bill and approve the same.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the Secretary of State of the State of North Dakota, is hereby instructed and directed to forward a duly certified and authenticated copy of this resolution to the Honorable Calvin Coolidge, President of the United States.

Filed February 19, 1927.

# A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

#### URGING ENACTMENT MCNARY-HAUGEN BILL

Requesting Congress to Enact Legislation for Stablization of the Price of Agricultural Products, Thereby Placing Agriculture on An Equal Basis With Other Industries.

# Be It Resolved by the House of Representatives of the State of North Dakota, the Senate Concurring:

WHEREAS, agriculture is the basic industry of this nation; and,

WHEREAS, we believe the stability and prosperity of agriculture is essential to the prosperity and general welfare of the people of this nation; and,

WHEREAS, agricultural products are being sold below cost of production, which condition is bankrupting farmers, causing heavy decrease in farm population, failure of banks and adversely affecting other business; and,

WHEREAS, the American farmers are under present conditions placed upon a competitive basis with cheaper labor of foreign countries which is contrary to the recognized policy of the United States;

Now, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED: That the House of Representatives of the State of North Dakota, the Senate concurring, most respectfully urge upon The Congress of the United States, the early enactment of the McNary-Haugen Bill.

AND BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Secretary of State of the State of North Dakota be and is hereby instructed to forward a duly authenticated copy of this resolution to the President of the United States, the President of the United States Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives and to each Representative of the State of North Dakota in the United States Senate and House of Representatives.

Filed January 19, 1927.

# CONCURRENT RESOLUTION 'H' (Baird)

### DISTRIBUTION "OTHER FUNDS" NATIONAL GUARD ORGANIZATIONS

WHEREAS, it has been duly made known to the proper authorities of the State of North Dakota that the Secretary of War of the United States has in his possession, as trustee, certain monies known as "Other Funds," which had been collected for their own use and benefit by certain National Guard organizations, that were broken up as units for and as a result of the World War, and have not been reconstituted; and

WHEREAS, it further appears that the Secretary of War, as trustee, desires to turn over to a substitute trustee, duly authorized by the State of North Dakota, such portion of the said funds as equitably belongs to the National Guard of North Dakota.

Now, THEREFORE, be it resolved by the Senate of the State of North Dakota, the House of Representatives concurring, that the Governor of North Dakota is hereby authorized to receive such funds as trustee, and to distribute them for the benefit of the National Guard of this State in such manner as his judgment shall dictate.

Filed February 28, 1927.

# JOINT MEMORIAL RESOLUTION

#### DECEASED MEMBERS OF NORTH DAKOTA LEGISLATURE

Adopted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Twentieth Legislative Assembly of the State of North Dakota.

WHEREAS, the late Senator John L. Cashel, of Grafton, Walsh County, represented the Fourth Legislative District in the North Dakota Senate in the Sixth, Seventh, Eighth, Ninth, Tenth, Eleventh, Twelfth and Thirteenth Legislative Assemblies; and,

WHEREAS, the late Senator Leslie A. Simpson, of Dickinson, Stark County, represented the Thirty-first Legislative District in the North Dakota Senate in the Seventh, Eighth, Ninth, Tenth, Eleventh and Twelfth Legislative Assemblies; and,

WHEREAS, the late Senator Christ Albright, of Ashley, Mc-Intosh County, represented the Thirty-sixth Legislative District in North Dakota Senate in the Tenth and Eleventh Legislative Assemblies; and,

WHEREAS, the late Senator A. L. Martin, of Sentinel Butte, Billings County, represented the Thirty-ninth Legislative District in the North Dakota Senate in the Eleventh and Twelfth Legislative Assemblies; and, WHEREAS, the late Senator O. T. Loftsgard, of Hoople, Walsh County, represented the Third Legislative District in the North Dakota Senate in the Thirteenth and Fourteenth Legislative Assemblies; and,

WHEREAS, the late Senator O. C. Gross, of Raleigh, Grant County, represented the Forty-seventh Legislative District in the North Dakota Senate in the Seventeenth and Eighteenth Legislative Assemblies; and,

WHEREAS, the late Representative A. R. Swendseid, of Petersburg, Nelson County, represented the Seventeenth Legislative District in the House in the Tenth and Eleventh Legislative Assemblies; and,

WHEREAS, the late Representative H. C. Harty, of Omemee, Bottineau County, represented the Twenty-eighth Legislative District in the House in the Twelfth, Thirteenth, and Fourteenth Legislative Assemblies; and,

WHEREAS, the late Representative Frederick Frank, of Deering, Ward County, represented the Twenty-ninth Legislative District in the House in the Nineteenth Legislative Assembly; and,

WHEREAS, the late Representative William R. Johnston, of Forest River, Walsh County, represented the Fourth Legislative District in the House in the Third, Sixth and Sixteenth Legislative Assemblies; and,

WHEREAS, the late Representative Ole E. Olsgard, of McVille, Nelson County, represented the Seventeenth Legislative District in the House in the First Legislative Assembly; and,

WHEREAS, the late Representative R. N. Stevens, of Lisbon, Ransom County, represented the Fourteenth Legislative District in the House in the First Legislative Assembly, and the Twentyseventh Legislative District in the Sixth, Ninth, and Tenth Legislative Assemblies; and,

WHEREAS, the late Representative Albert G. Lowe, of Wolford, Pierce County, represented the Forty-second Legislative District in the House in the Fifteenth and Sixteenth Legislative Assemblies; and,

WHEREAS, the late Representative Hugh Montgomery of Harvey, Wells County, represented the Thirty-third District in the House in the Fourteenth Legislative Assembly; and,

WHEREAS, these men represented their respective districts and constituencies with eminent ability; and,

WHEREAS, The Supreme Ruler of the Universe has seen fit to remove from our midst these well known and esteemed citizens; THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, by the North Dakota Senate and House of Representatives assembled in joint session that we deeply regret the passing of these men from our midst, because of their contribution to the welfare and upbuilding of the communities in which they lived and the high-level, unselfish service with which they discharged their duties in their respective legislative bodies. Let it be said of each and all of them, they gave to their state an ever abiding faith, loyalty and love.

BE IT THEREFORE RESOLVED, that we offer their families and friends of these, our departed members, our most profound and heartfelt sympathy; and that copies of these resolutions be sent to the families of the deceased members and spread upon the minutes of the joint session of the two legislative bodies in which they so ably and faithfully served.

Filed February 25, 1927.

### JOINT MEMORIAL RESOLUTION (Swett)

# HON. J. W. O'NEILL

WHEREAS, It has been the will of an all-wise Providence to remove from our midst our good friend, able legislator, and honored citizen, J. W. O'Neill, for twenty-one years a resident of North Dakota; and,

WHEREAS, He was for two terms a member from Renville County of this Legislative Assembly, and during all such times by his wise forethought and genial disposition won the kindest regard and respect of all members of this body;

Now, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of North Dakota of the Twentieth Legislative Assembly assembled in joint session that upon the dissolution of the joint session and re-convening of both Houses, that they immediately adjourn for this legislative day out of respect for our deceased member and co-worker, J. W. O'Neill, and to express to his family and relatives our sincere sympathy.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That the Secretary of State be, and he is hereby, directed to forward to the widow of our departed friend a properly enrolled copy of this Joint Resolution. The above resolution was unanimously adopted by a rising vote.

Filed February 7, 1927.

# RESOLUTION

# (Halcrow)

# PEMBINA COUNTY COURT HOUSE

BE IT RESOLVED, that the State Board of Administration of the State of North Dakota be and it is hereby authorized and requested to investigate the feasibility of the State of North Dakota accepting, without consideration, a deed to the brick veneer courthouse building, together with the land adjacent thereto belonging to Pembina County, North Dakota, situated in the city of Pembina, to be used for the purpose of establishing a children's home therein and to report to the next session of the Legislative Assembly as to the feasibility of such a proposition.

Filed February 21, 1927.

# CONCURRENT RESOLUTION (Benson)

### **RADIO COMMISSIONERS**

Be It Resolved by the Senate of North Dakota, the House of Representatives Concurring:

WHEREAS, the Congress has passed a bill providing for the regulation of radio, wherein it becomes the duty of the President of the United States to appoint five Commissioners; and,

WHEREAS, it is the sense of this Assembly that some of the Commissioners should be appointed from essentially non-broadcast listeners; and,

WHEREAS, the State of North Dakota has no broadcast stations of importance, but has a large and increasing number of listeners, Now, THEREFORE, We the Twentieth Legislative Assembly of the State of North Dakota respectfully petition the President of the United States to appoint a resident of the State of North Dakota as the Commissioner for this Radio District.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That a copy of these resolutions be transmitted to the President of the United States, the Secretary of Commerce and Labor, and to the North Dakota Senators and Representatives in Congress.

Filed February 28, 1927.

# CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

(Signalness and Tester)

### **ROOSEVELT PARK**

Memorializing the Congress of the United States to Establish the Roosevelt National Park in Billings County, North Dakota; and to Provide for the Substitution of Public Lands of the United States for the State School Lands Located Within the Proposed Park Area.

# Be It Resolved by the House of Representatives of the State of North Dakota, the Senate Concurring:

WHEREAS, there is now pending in the Congress of the United States a bill to establish the Roosevelt National Park in Billings County, North Dakota, introduced by Congressman Sinclair of North Dakota, December 7th, 1925, being H. R. 3942, and,

WHEREAS, the tract of land in such proposed park consists of the petrified forest and the famous "Bad Lands," lying on both sides of the Little Missouri River in Billings County, North Dakota, where Theodore Roosevelt operated his historic cattle ranches and hunted wild game in the early history of Dakota territory, and which tract is admirably fitted by nature for scenic purposes, and preserves in its natural state the mountainous character and wild unchanged condition which existed in the West fifty years ago, and which tract it is practicable and appropriate to preserve as a National Park in the honor of Theodore Roosevelt, in the interest of American scenic beauty and as a relic of the traditional pioneer conditions of the West which have all but disappeared from the North American Continent; and,

WHEREAS, there is included in said proposed park area approximately forty-two thousand (42,000) acres of public lands belonging to the State of North Dakota known as State school lands, which was granted to it by the United States under Sections 10 and 11 of the Enabling Act of February 22nd, 1889, to be held in trust by the State of North Dakota for the common schools, which lands, on account of its rough and barren character, cannot be sold for the minimum price of ten dollars (\$10.00) per acre as prescribed in Section 11 of said Enabling Act, and from which the State of North Dakota gets only a nominal income; and, it further appearing that it would be expedient to exchange the said State school lands located within such proposed park area, for public lands of the United States of like quantity, character, and value located in the vicinity of such proposed park;

Now THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, that this Twentieth Legislative Assembly of the State of North Dakota, hereby endorses said Roosevelt National Park Project, and respectfully urges the Congress of the United States to establish a National Park as provided for in said H. R. 3942; and,

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that Congress, in furtherance of said park project, make appropriate provision for exchanging with the State of North Dakota public lands of the United States, of equal quantity, character and value for the State school lands lying within said proposed park area heretofore granted to the State of North Dakota under the Provisions of Sections 10 and 11 of the Enabling Act of February 22nd, 1889; and,

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the Secretary of State transmit copies of this Memorial to the President of the United States, to the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States, and to the Senators and Congressmen for the State of North Dakota.

Filed February 28, 1927.

# CONCURRENT RESOLUTION (Martin)

# ADJUSTMENT WAR LOSSES SUSTAINED BY WHEAT GROWERS

Be It Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives:

WHEREAS, during a period of the World War the United States Government established and fixed an arbitrary price upon the value of wheat cereal.

AND FURTHER, the Government organized and maintained a corporation which purchased and took over, handled and resold all of the wheat grown in the United States, and prescribed certain rules and regulations concerning the sale, distribution and consumption of the same.

AND FURTHER, that during the years 1919 and 1920 the United States Government made urgent requests of the farmers and wheat growers of the United States to put forth an effort to increase and swell the volume of wheat for consumption in the United States and for export, in order that famine situation might be averted.

AND FURTHER, that contrary to the implied promise of the United States Government that it would continue to support the market for wheat, and would maintain the price of wheat in 1919 and 1920 upon relative price level with that which was guaranteed and maintained during the period of the actual continuance of the operations of the World War.

AND FURTHER, that the Federal Government neglected to redeem its implied promise to so do.

AND FURTHER, the market price for wheat for the said years dropped considerably below the minimum price guaranteed by the Federal Government through the Federal Grain Corporation, and that by reason thereof the wheat farmers of the United States sustained tremendous losses on account of the said reduction and price.

FURTHER, that the cost of the production of the 1919 and 1920 wheat crop was vastly enhanced by reason of the scarcity of labor and the consequent high prices paid therefor, and the high prices prevailing for all implements, machinery and supplies necessarily used by the wheat farmers of the United States in the production of the said 1919 and 1920 crops.

AND WHEREAS, the said United States or Federal Grain Corporation closed out and ceased its operations with a large surplus in the treasury, which said surplus represented profits realized by the said Federal Grain Corporation during the period of the war when it operated and enjoyed a complete monopoly of the wheat markets of the United States, and through said power and influence it exercised a dominant power over the markets of the world; and that in justice and equity the said surplus belongs to the wheat growers of the United States of America;

WHEREAS, the Federal Government after the close of the World War and the termination of its contract with the manufacturers of war materials and supplies, many such manufacturers were settled with and paid large sums as a remuneration for losses sustained on account of the contract relation existing between the Federal Government and the said manufacturers. WHEREAS FURTHER, the Federal Government settled with paid claims of the railroads and transportation companies with which it had contracts either expressed or implied, for the transportation of war material, soldiers, sailors, and so forth, and that large sums were paid to said transportation companies in settlement of claims which they presented to the Federal Government, many of which claims were not covered by express contracts.

WHEREAS, the Federal Government during the period of war, by its rules and regulations assumed to dictate and control the production acreage of wheat grown in the United States during the period of actual hostilities, and for the years 1919 and 1920, being the reconstruction period after the war; and in consequence thereof an implied contract arose between the wheat growers and the Federal Government, and the wheat growers relied upon the said implied contract and in justice and right should be remunerated 'for their losses in a sum not less than a price guaranteed by the Federal Government for wheat during the period of hostilities;

WHEREAS, the Federal Government realized a profit at the expense of the wheat grower and that the wheat grower in good faith complied with all the rules, regulations and requests of the Federal Government. It is the sense of the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of North Dakota that in justice and equity Congress should take full cognizance of these millions of dollars now in the National Treasury, so retained and belonging to the Wheat Growers of the United States; that this money should be made available to use in any manner required in connection with Legislation which should be enacted at the earliest possible date, establishing for the grower of wheat in the United States, a price for his product, based upon American standards of living and cost.

FURTHER, that a copy of this resolution be prepared by the Secretary of State of the State of North Dakota and forwarded to the President and Vice President of the United States, and to each Senator and member of the House of Representatives from the State of North Dakota.

Filed February 28, 1927.

# CONCURRENT RESOLUTION (Whitman)

# COMMISSION FOR BI-CENTENNIAL OF BIRTH OF GEORGE WASHINGTON

To Create and Define the Powers and Duties of a State Commission, to Associate With Any Similar Commission Created by Act of Congress of the United States and Such Other Commissions as May Be Created by Act of the Legislatures of the Respective States, and With Civil Committees Created by the Sulgrave Institution and Other Civic Bodies, in the Commemoration of the Most Momentous and Significant Anniversary Event in the History of the American People, Namely, the Bi-centennial of the Birthday of George Washington, Father and Founder of His Country.

WHEREAS, a Joint Resolution has been introduced in the Senate and in the House of Representatives of the Congress of the United States authorizing and making appropriation for a National Commission, of which the President, the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the President pro tem. of the Senate shall, ex officio, be members, to prepare and to carry out a comprehensive, completed plan for the celebration of the two hundredth anniversary of the birth of George Washington on February 22, 1932, and,

WHEREAS, The significance of this event transcends in importance any other historic event of a similar kind that has ever before been commemorated by the nation; and,

WHEREAS, Past experience has taught that it takes from fiveto ten years to complete fitting and adequate plans for the commemoration of outstanding historic events; and

WHEREAS, Heretofore the celebration of epochal events has always been marred by the incompletion of preparations, monuments, etc., etc., necessitating delays in the inauguration of commemorations; and

WHEREAS, if any commemoration of the bi-centennial of the birth of George Washington that is commensurate with its importance and significance to the American people be held, then the time between the present day and the year 1932 is by no means too long for the completion and carrying out of plans:

THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, That the people of the State of North Dakota, represented in the Senate and House of Representatives, do enact as follows:

§ 1. Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of North Dakota, that a State Commission is hereby created to consist of fiftcen members, of whom three ex officio members shall be the Governor of the State of North Dakota, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives; and of whom six shall be appointed by the Governor, three by the President of the Senate and three by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, to act for the State in connection with the celebration in the year 1932, in the State of North Dakota and elsewhere in the United States, and by the Nation as a whole, of the bi-centennial of the birth of George Washington, who led the American people through a successful revolution, who presided at the convention which gave to the Republic its constitution, who was the Nation's first President, and who died and has since lived as first in war, first in peace, and first in the hearts of his countrymen; the Commission so created to act with any commission created under the Act of Congress, and with such other Commissions as may hereafter be established under the authority of the respective States, and with the civil, national committee established by the Sulgrave Institution, and with such other civic bodies whose activities may relate to such signalizing of this eventful anniversary.

§ 2. Such Commission shall continue for a period of one year after the expiration of the celebration, on December 31, 1932, and shall file its annual report within a period of ninety days after the final event of the celebration.

§ 3. Such Commission shall represent the State of North Dakota in respect to the formulation of a plan or plans of celebration, in association with other Commissions and committees, as referred to in Section 1 of this Act; and shall participate in the carrying out of the program so arranged; and with the President of the Senate, and with the Speaker of the House of Representatives, for submission to their respective bodies; and to make therein such recommendations to be acted upon by the ensuing adminitsration and Legislative Assembly of the State of North Dakota as may be deemed advisable and essential in the preparation and carrying out of a fitting and adequate plan for this commemoration.

§ 4. Vacancies in the Commission shall be filled in harmony with the provisions of this Act.

§ 5. This Act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and approval.

Filed February 28, 1927.

# CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

### (S. B. No. 41—Olson of Barnes)

### CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—COMPENSATION AND SALARY OF MEMBERS OF LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY

A Concurrent Resolution Providing for the Amendment of Section 45, Article 2, of the Constitution of the State of North Dakota, Relating to the Compensation and Mileage Allowed Legislative Members.

Be It Resolved by the Senate of the State of North Dakota, the House of Representatives Concurring:

That the following proposed amendment to Section 45, Article 2, of the Constitution of the State of North Dakota, is agreed to and that the same be submitted to the qualified electors of the state for approval or rejection, in accordance with the provisions of Section 202 of the Constitution of the State of North Dakota, as amended.

§ 1. AMENDMENT.] That Section 45, Article 2, of the Constitution of the State of North Dakota is hereby amended and reenacted so as to read as follows:

§ 45. Each member of the legislative assembly shall receive as compensation for his services \$600 for each regular session and ten cents for every mile of necessary travel in going to and returning from the place of the meeting of the legislative assembly on the most usual route; which compensation and mileage shall be in full for all services, expenses and allowances for each two year period.

Filed February 1, 1927.

# JOINT RESOLUTION (H. B. No. 51—Twichell)

# CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—ASSESSMENT OF PROPERTY —WHERE AND HOW MADE

A Joint Resolution to Amend and Re-enact Section 179 of Article 11 of the Constitution of the State of North Dakota as Amended by Article 20 of the Amendments Thereto, Relating to Revenue and Taxation.

# Be It Resolved by the House of Representatives of the State of North Dakota, the Senate Concurring:

That the following amendment to Section 179 of Article 11 of the Constitution of the State of North Dakota, as amended by Article 20 of the Amendments thereto be agreed to and submitted to the qualified electors of the State for approval or rejection in accordance with the provisions of Section 202, as amended, of the Constitution of the State of North Dakota:

AMENDMENT.] That Section 179 of Article 11 of the Constitution of the State of North Dakota, as amended by Article 20 of the Amendments thereto be amended and re-enacted to read as follows:

§ 179. All taxable property except as hereinafter in this section provided, shall be assessed in the county, city, township, village or district in which it is situated, in the manner prescribed by law. The property, including franchises of all railroads operated in this state, and of all express companies, freight line companies, dining car companies, sleeping car companies, car equipment companies, or private car line companies, telegraph or telephone companies, the property of any person, firm or corporation used for the purpose of furnishing electric light, heat or power, or in distributing the same for public use, and the property of any other corporation, firm or individual now or hereafter operating in this state, and used directly or indirectly in the carrying of persons, property or messages, shall be assessed by the State Board of Equalization in a manner prescribed by such state board of (or) commission as may be provided by law. But should any railroad allow any portion of its railway to be used for any purpose other than the operation of a railroad thereon, such portion of its railway, while so used shall be assessed in a manner provided for the assessment of other real property.

Approved March 7, 1927.