

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTIONS

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION "A"

(Trenbeath)

SUGAR

A concurrent resolution requesting the national Congress to give immediate attention to amending the Sugar Act of 1948, and to give the American farmers their right to produce a larger share of the United States sugar market.

Be It Resolved by the Senate of the State of North Dakota, the House of Representatives Concurring Therein:

WHEREAS, North Dakota farmers are confined to the raising of crops presently in surplus because the climate of this northern area will not permit a shift in the growing of cereal crops; and

WHEREAS, they have increased their sugar beet production the past twenty-five years and have consistently requested Congress to permit the production of sugar beets on additional acres; and

WHEREAS, they can produce sugar beets profitably and assure United States consumers of a steady and stable supply of sugar at reasonable prices; and

WHEREAS, the legislative assembly believes the American farmer has a vested right to all increases in the American sugar market which would not reduce the present quotas of foreign countries;

Now, Therefore, Be It Resolved by the Senate of the State of North Dakota, the House of Representatives Concurring Therein:

That the United States Congress is urged to amend and re-enact the Sugar Act for a period of five years, revise the growth formula by allowing one hundred percent of the American consumptive increases be allocated to domestic areas, and add to the basic quota of Continental United States an amount equal to what they have recently supplied for deficit areas.

Be It Further Resolved, that copies of this resolution be forwarded by the secretary of state to the United States Secretary of Agriculture, the United States Secretary of State, Chairmen of the United States Senate and House Agriculture Committees at Washington, D. C. and to each member of the North Dakota congressional delegation.

Filed February 16, 1961.

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION "B"

(Trenbeath)

WHEAT IMPORTATIONS

A concurrent resolution urging the United States Secretary of Agriculture, Secretary of State, and National Congress to curtail seed wheat importations from Canada in excess of the allowable annual wheat import quota of eight hundred thousand (800,000) bushels.

Be It Resolved by the Senate of the State of North Dakota, the House of Representatives Concurring Therein:

WHEREAS, seed wheat imports are increasing annually with approximately seven million (7,000,000) bushels of seed wheat being imported the past two (2) years in the one customs district consisting of North Dakota and part of Minnesota; and

WHEREAS, such abnormal importations of seed wheat, over and above the established import quotas, is extremely harmful to the economy of North Dakota, Minnesota, South Dakota, hard red spring wheat farmers, and United States wheat farmers generally; and

WHEREAS, this commodity is presently in surplus and is supported in price and storage costs by the United States taxpayers; and

WHEREAS, the present seed wheat is being imported at about one-half the regular duty rate of twenty-one (21) cents per bushel.

Now, Therefore, Be It Resolved by the Senate of the State of North Dakota, the House of Representatives Concurring Therein:

That the United States Secretary of Agriculture, Secretary of State, and National Congress are hereby urged to take all possible action in raising the import duty rates in relation to United States market prices on seeds that are in surplus supply in the United States and being subsidized by the United States taxpayer, particularly in the case of seed wheat.

Be It Further Resolved, that copies of this resolution be forwarded to the United States Secretary of Agriculture, Secretary of State, Chairmen of the United States Senate and House Agriculture Committees, and the North Dakota, Minnesota, and South Dakota congressional delegations.

Filed February 16, 1961.

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION "D"

(Johnson, Trenbeath)

PEMBILIER DAM AND RESERVOIR PROJECT

A concurrent resolution favoring the early construction of the proposed Pembilier dam and reservoir project and urging the corps of engineers to expedite the completion of a favorable report thereon.

WHEREAS, the proposed Pembilier dam and reservoir project on the Pembina River, near Walhalla, North Dakota, has been under restudy, re-examination, and review by the district engineer, St. Paul district, corps of engineers, U. S. Army, for a number of years, with a view of finding a more favorable benefit-to-cost ratio to better justify recommendations for its accomplishment; and

WHEREAS, the resulting reservoir would insure a municipal and industrial water supply adequate to care for present needs and insure a supply for developments in the immediate future; and

WHEREAS, there appears to be potential irrigable areas of up to 25,000 acres, or more, susceptible of development in connection with such project, and there are additional benefits, both direct and indirect, which have not been, but should be, considered in the evaluation thereof, all of which would substantially improve and increase the economic feasibility of the project; and

WHEREAS, the provincial and federal governments of Canada, through the Manitoba Water Control and Conservation Branch and the Canadian section of the international joint commission have taken commendatory action by visiting the Pembina basin and have indicated their interest in establishing flood control and other beneficial water uses through the construction of a reservoir on the Pembina River in Manitoba to implement the operations of the proposed Pembilier dam;

Now, Therefore, Be It Resolved by the Senate of the State of North Dakota, the House of Representatives Concurring Therein:

That the Thirty-seventh Legislative Assembly of the state of North Dakota favors expediting the surveys and establishment of favorable reports whereby the early construction of the Pembilier dam and complementary Canadian structures for flood control, domestic, municipal, industrial, and agricultural water supplies, power, recreation, fish and wildlife, and other uses, and urges the corps of engineers, the United States Bureau of Reclamation, the Federal Fish and Wildlife and the

interested Canadian agencies to expedite the development and completion of a favorable benefit-cost report thereon to the end that congressional approval thereof may be sought in the next flood control bill; and

Be It Further Resolved, that copies hereof be mailed by the secretary of state to the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the chairmen of the committees on public works, the Chief Engineers, the St. Paul district engineer, and to Senators Milton R. Young and Quentin Burdick, and Representatives Don L. Short and Hjalmar Nygaard, and E. A. Bacon, chairman, American section, and General A. L. G. McNaughton, chairman, Canadian section, international joint commission and the director of the Manitoba water control and conservation board.

Filed February 20, 1961.

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION "F"

(Lips, Murphy, Baker, Kisse, Becker,)

(Erickstad, Saumur, Fiedler)

EROSION CONTROL AND BANK STABILIZATION

A concurrent resolution urging early completion of studies and commencement of construction for erosion control and Missouri River bank stabilization.

WHEREAS, control of waters, erosion control, and bank stabilization in that reach of the Missouri River between Garrison and Oahe Dams presently constitutes incomplete portions of the authorized Garrison Dam project; and

WHEREAS, since the construction of Garrison Dam, without supplementary erosion control or bank stabilization structures, the clear water being released from the Garrison Reservoir is eroding over 500 acres yearly of valuable bottom land from this stream area, and stepped-up future releases will increase the loss to 1,000 acres annually; and

WHEREAS, Congress has appropriated moneys for the commencement of studies for methods to prevent such happening, but the necessary studies and surveys are not as yet being conducted in a manner to enable early construction; and

WHEREAS, delay in erosion control or bank stabilization construction has resulted in a continuing emergency situation, as forcefully shown in the U. S. Army Corps of Engineers'

hearing on the subject at Bismarck, North Dakota, on February 26, 1960, wherein 67 officials and landowners testified in protest; and

WHEREAS, remedial structures in the form of revetments or a series of low head dams would be a feasible means to provide the urgently needed stabilization; it appearing, however, that low head dams would be considerably less expensive and would also provide multiple benefits of both local and national significance through increased domestic water supply, irrigation, cross-stream communication and transportation, recreation, and navigation;

WHEREAS, since bank stabilization is a requirement resulting from over-all operations of the Missouri basin project, the cost allocation for accomplishing such stabilization as a segment or integral part of the project should therefore be made on a basis proportionate to all resulting benefits thereof such as flood control, power generation, navigation;

Now, Therefore, Be It Resolved by the Senate of the State of North Dakota, the House of Representatives Concurring Therein:

That the U. S. Congress is urged to direct the U. S. Army Corps of Engineers to proceed forthwith to completion of its studies for Missouri River erosion control and bank stabilization between the Garrison and Oahe Dams, in consultation with the North Dakota State Water Conservation Commission, so that a report thereon will be completed at the earliest possible date and no later than December 31, 1961, with a view to speedy commencement of construction no later than September 1, 1962, and to provide such appropriations therefor as may be necessary; and

Be It Further Resolved, that sufficient copies of this resolution and a report of the hearings and findings thereon by the natural resources committees of the North Dakota senate and house of representatives be forwarded by the secretary of state to each member of the North Dakota congressional delegation for their own use and for appropriate distribution to congressional committees, officials, representatives, and senators.

Filed February 20, 1961.

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION "T"

(Committee on Education)

(By request of County Superintendents and
Superintendent of Public Instruction)

LRC STUDY OF THE COUNTY SUPERINTENDENCY

A concurrent resolution authorizing and directing the research committee to study the organization, administration, scope and financing of the office of county superintendent.

WHEREAS, the citizens and legislative assembly of the state of North Dakota have considered the county superintendent the chief educational officer of the county and in charge of all schools having no superintendent; and

WHEREAS, the county superintendent's duties and responsibilities are changing as a result of reorganization of school districts; and

WHEREAS, the compensation of the county superintendent is such that it is difficult to obtain and retain qualified persons in the office of county superintendent.

Now, Therefore, Be It Resolved by the Senate of the State of North Dakota, the House of Representatives Concurring Therein:

That the legislative research committee is authorized and directed to study and consider the organization, administration, duties, responsibilities and financing, as well as requirements, limitations and other matters affecting the county superintendent and county superintendency of the fifty-three counties in North Dakota with a view of improving education in the state through and by means of improving the status of the county superintendent and the scope of the office of county superintendency. It shall specifically consider the feasibility of rearranging or reorganizing the counties or the county superintendent's duties in such a fashion as to make the county superintendency an intermediate district between the state and local school district, an arm of the state for school administration, a local school district, or a combination of any of these, or any other agency, or otherwise as it may deem necessary.

Filed March 8, 1961.

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION "K"
(Thompson, Becker, Van Horn)

LOCAL GRAIN TESTING PROGRAMS

A concurrent resolution memorializing the secretary of agriculture to reestablish a local testing program for grains that are subject to an application for a federal loan.

WHEREAS, it had been at one time the practice of the Agricultural Stabilization Committee to permit farmers to bring grain samples and bin measurements to local elevator operators; and

WHEREAS, it has long been the policy to authorize local elevator operators to test grain for moisture content and for grading purposes prior to the approval of a loan thereon by the Agricultural Stabilization Committee; and

WHEREAS, such policies have now been changed to require that such testing and grading be carried on at one central station; and

WHEREAS, such central testing practices result in a delay of from three to six weeks in the approval of loans with a resultant inconvenience and often hardship to the owners of the grain who are seeking a loan thereon from the Agricultural Stabilization Committee;

Now, Therefore, Be It Resolved by the Senate of the State of North Dakota, the House of Representatives Concurring Therein:

That the secretary of agriculture is hereby urged to discontinue the central testing system now in existence, and that the Agricultural Stabilization Committee accept the results of tests carried on by local elevator operators from grain samples and bin measurements brought to them by Agricultural Stabilization Committee for the purpose of approving and processing applications for grain loans from the Agricultural Stabilization Committee; and

Be It Further Resolved, that copies of this resolution be forwarded by the secretary of state to the secretary of agriculture and to each member of the North Dakota congressional delegation, at Washington, D. C.

Filed March 8, 1961.

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION "L"

(Foss)

AMERICAN HISTORY MONTH

A concurrent resolution designating the month of February as "American History Month".

WHEREAS, the national society of the Daughters of the American Revolution has urged that the month of February be designated as "American History Month"; and

WHEREAS, the Thirty-seventh Legislative Assembly deems it appropriate to set aside the month of February which has a number of significant historical dates to recall to every one the tremendous heritage we have as Americans;

Now, Therefore, Be It Resolved by the Senate of the State of North Dakota, the House of Representatives Concurring Therein:

That the month of February in each year is hereby designated as "American History Month" and all patriotic, veterans, service, and educational organizations are urged to devote extraordinary efforts towards programs giving recognition to the heritage of Americans.

Filed March 4, 1961.

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION "M"

(Gefreh, Holand)

NORTH DAKOTA REVISED CODE OF 1943

A joint resolution authorizing the secretary of state to dispose of volumes of the North Dakota Revised Code of 1943, and supplements thereto.

WHEREAS, the North Dakota Century Code has been enacted by the legislative assembly and signed by the governor, and now represents the latest version of the laws of the state of North Dakota; and

WHEREAS, it is highly desirable that storage space be made available through the disposal of volumes of the North Dakota Revised Code of 1943, and supplements thereto;

Now, Therefore, Be It Resolved by the Senate of the State of North Dakota, the House of Representatives Jointly Concurring:

That the secretary of state is hereby authorized and empowered to dispose of all volumes of the North Dakota Revised Code of 1943 and supplements thereto now in his possession, except ten volumes of each which he shall retain for historical purposes and one hundred volumes for sale to lawyers requesting them in the future, by giving the same to high schools and elementary schools within the state upon the request of such schools, to the extent of the number of volumes on hand.

Filed February 22, 1961.

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION "N"

(Holand, Garaas)

NEWSPAPERMAN'S DAY

A concurrent resolution for the purpose of designating February 10, 1961 as Newspaperman's Day at the state legislative assembly.

WHEREAS, the editors and reporters of North Dakota daily and weekly newspapers are in active partnership with the senators and representatives of this state in the task of keeping the citizens informed about their government;

Now, Therefore, Be It Resolved by the Senate of the State of North Dakota, the House of Representatives Concurring Therein:

That the senate of the state of North Dakota, and the house of representatives, individually and collectively, invite the newspapermen of their respective districts to spend the day of February 10, 1961 at the state capitol as our guests, to witness at first hand, legislative process.

Be It Further Resolved, that we participate in the meeting sponsored by the North Dakota Sigma Delta Chi chapter of professional journalists in the house chambers at 3 p.m. that day for a discussion of the duties and responsibilities of both the press and public officials under the constitutional guarantee of freedom of the press.

Be It Further Resolved, that the senate of the state of North Dakota, and the house of representatives, join in the invitation to Sidney Goldish, research director of the Minneapolis Star and Tribune, to address the joint meeting of newspapermen and legislators.

Filed January 27, 1961.

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION "R"

(Roen, Erickson, Kamrath)

CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE, ST. PAUL AND PACIFIC RAILROAD

A concurrent resolution requesting the Chicago, Milwaukee, St. Paul and Pacific Railroad to continue its passenger service to the southwestern part of this state.

WHEREAS, the Chicago, Milwaukee, St. Paul and Pacific Railroad is considering discontinuation of passenger service to the southwestern portion of the state including, specifically, the cities and villages of Haynes, Hettinger, Bucyrus, Reeder, Gascoyne, Scranton, Bowman, Rhame, and Marmarth, North Dakota; and

WHEREAS, discontinuance of railroad passenger service to this area would mean that no railroad passenger service within one hundred miles would be available to persons in this area; and

WHEREAS, if such railroad passenger service is discontinued it would be a tremendous hardship on the people residing in the southwestern portion of North Dakota, since there would be no east-west common carrier passenger service whatsoever serving such portion of the state;

Now, Therefore, Be It Resolved by the Senate of the State of North Dakota, the House of Representatives Concurring Therein:

That the board of directors and officers of the Chicago, Milwaukee, St. Paul and Pacific Railroad are hereby urged to continue passenger service to the southwestern part of North Dakota, and that the Interstate Commerce Commission seriously consider the tremendous hardship the people residing in the southwestern part of this state would incur if railroad passenger service were allowed to be discontinued;

Be It Further Resolved, that copies of this resolution be sent by the secretary of state to the board of directors and officers of the Chicago, Milwaukee, St. Paul and Pacific Railroad, to the members of the Interstate Commerce Commission, and to all members of the North Dakota congressional delegation.

Filed February 22, 1961.

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION "S"

(Redlin, Trenbeath, Erickstad, Thompson, Fiedler, Gronvold,
(Murphy, Nesvig, Holand, Lips, Schrock, Baker)

GARRISON DIVERSION PROJECT

A concurrent resolution memorializing the Congress to authorize the Garrison Diversion Project and to appropriate funds therefor.

WHEREAS, the Garrison Diversion Project has been found to be economically feasible; and

WHEREAS, this project is of utmost importance in stabilizing and improving the economy of the state of North Dakota and its people; and

WHEREAS, the completion of the Garrison Diversion Project will result in many acres of land being switched from the production of surplus crops to nonsurplus crops; and

WHEREAS, the completion of the Garrison Diversion Project will be of great benefit to the nation;

Now, Therefore, Be It Resolved by the Senate of the State of North Dakota, the House of Representatives Concurring Therein:

That we do respectfully and earnestly request the Congress of the United States to authorize at this session the construction of the Garrison Diversion Project and the appropriation of funds therefor; and

Be It Further Resolved, that the secretary of the state of North Dakota is hereby directed to forward copies of this resolution to the President of the United States, the President of the United States Senate, the Speaker of the United States House of Representatives, the Chairman of the respective Committees on Public Works and to the North Dakota delegation in Congress.

Filed March 1, 1961.

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION "V"

(Solberg, Wartner, Baeverstad, Schrock, Hystad, Gronvold,
(Witteman, Meidinger)

NATURAL GAS SERVICE

A concurrent resolution urging North Dakota public utilities to extend natural gas service for heating and industrial use to North Dakota communities.

WHEREAS, many communities in the state of North Dakota are without natural gas service for heating and industrial use; and

WHEREAS, the extension of such service to these areas is highly desirable because of the convenience, economy and industrial potential it will bring to such communities; and

WHEREAS, North Dakota does not have sufficient markets for natural gas produced in this state, and in some instances is forced to flare such gas as is produced, which is a wasteful practice and contrary to sound principles of oil and gas conservation;

Now, Therefore, Be It Resolved by the Senate of the State of North Dakota, the House of Representatives Concurring Therein:

That all North Dakota public utilities are strongly urged to survey the various areas of the state served by them to determine the feasibility of extending natural gas service to areas not presently served, and to take all necessary action at the earliest possible date to provide such natural gas service from natural gas produced in this state.

Be It Further Resolved, that copies of this resolution be forwarded by the secretary of state to the respective presidents of the Otter Tail Power Company, Northern States Power Company, and Montana-Dakota Utilities Company.

Filed March 3, 1961.

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION "W"

(Erickson, Roen, Reichert, Garaas)

LITTLE MISSOURI RIVER

A concurrent resolution requesting Congress to extend the time for completing negotiations for a compact apportioning waters of the Little Missouri River and its tributaries among North Dakota, South Dakota, Montana and Wyoming.

WHEREAS, Congress authorized the states of North Dakota, South Dakota, Montana and Wyoming in 1957 to enter into negotiations for a compact for equitable apportionment among those states of water of the Little Missouri River and its tributaries; and

WHEREAS, Milo W. Hoisveen, state engineer of North Dakota; Joe Grimes, chief engineer, South Dakota water resources board; Fred Buck, state engineer, Montana; and Earl Lloyd, state engineer of Wyoming, have been appointed by the governors of their states to represent them on the compact commission; and

WHEREAS, the United States representative, Major General John S. Seybold, retired, has met with the state representatives on several occasions relative to the Little Missouri Compact and other related data; and

WHEREAS, under the provisions of the Act of Congress the time for completing negotiations and agreeing to terms of a compact expire on the 21st day of August, 1961; and

WHEREAS, it has been determined that additional basic flow data on the Little Missouri will be required for properly evaluating such allocations as might be proposed in the compact.

Now, Therefore, Be It Resolved by the Senate of the State of North Dakota, the House of Representatives Concurring Therein:

That Congress be and is hereby requested to extend the time until August 21, 1966 for completing compact negotiations and for reaching an agreement for the equitable apportionment of the waters of the Little Missouri and its tributaries among the several states; and

Be It Further Resolved, that the secretary of state of North Dakota be and is hereby directed to mail copies of this resolution to President Kennedy; to our senators and representatives from North Dakota in Congress; and to the governors of South Dakota, Montana, Wyoming and North Dakota.

Filed February 25, 1961.

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION "Y"
(Murphy, Thompson, Berube, Andre, Witteman,
Fiedler, Redlin, Lautenschlager, Reichert)

LRC STUDY OF TAX LAWS AND STRUCTURE,
CONTINUANCE

A concurrent resolution directing the legislative research committee with the aid and cooperation of the state tax department to continue the study of the state tax laws and tax structure.

WHEREAS, the study undertaken by the legislative research committee during the past biennium regarding the state tax laws and structure was a tremendous undertaking; and

WHEREAS, the legislative research committee did not have the time available to study all of the areas of North Dakota's tax laws and tax structure; and

WHEREAS, there are still many areas in the state tax laws and structure that need more basic research and clarification, especially in the field of personal assessment, before other recommendations can be made to improve the administration and equitable distribution of the tax load, and to promote the agricultural and industrial development of this state; and

WHEREAS, equitable tax laws and tax structure affect all of the people of North Dakota by apportioning the tax burden in a fair and equitable manner;

Now, Therefore, Be It Resolved by the Senate of the State of North Dakota, the House of Representatives Concurring Therein:

That the legislative research committee be authorized and directed to continue on a permanent basis, with the aid and cooperation of the state tax department, the study of the tax laws and tax structure that was undertaken during the 1959-1961 biennium and to report and develop further practical and acceptable recommendations together with any legislation necessary to carry out such recommendations for presentation to the Thirty-eighth Legislative Assembly; and

Be It Further Resolved, that the legislative research committee shall be authorized to call upon the North Dakota state university of agriculture and applied science and the university of North Dakota for such research, aid, and assistance as may be necessary to carry out the tax study and to employ such other technical and clerical personnel as may be necessary.

Filed March 8, 1961.

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION "C-C"

(Redlin, Trenbeath)

RED RIVER POLLUTION

A concurrent resolution requesting the legislative assembly of the state of Minnesota to direct the appropriate agency of that state to cooperate with the North Dakota state water conservation commission and the North Dakota state health department in matters of pollution control along the Red River of the North.

WHEREAS, increased industrial development and urban expansion in many communities in the Red River of the North drainage basin has resulted in greater demands for water from that river for domestic and industrial use; and

WHEREAS, such growth has materially increased the discharge of industrial waste in rivers of the Red River of the North basin thereby adversely affecting the users of waters of this river; and

WHEREAS, significant and commendable progress has been made by the several cities and communities in both states in providing adequate pollution abatement measures insofar as the disposal of human wastes are concerned; and

WHEREAS, practical procedures and methods of reducing such contamination are urgently needed on the main stem of the Red River and its tributaries in and adjacent to the states of North Dakota and Minnesota; and

WHEREAS, the interests of both states of North Dakota and Minnesota will be best served if this condition be corrected without delay in order to enable the communities of these states the opportunity to fully utilize the waters of the Red River of the North for beneficial use.

Now, Therefore, Be It Resolved by the Senate of the State of North Dakota, the House of Representatives Concurring Therein:

That the legislative assembly of the state of Minnesota is respectfully urged and requested to direct the appropriate agency of that state to cooperate with the North Dakota state water conservation commission and the North Dakota state health department in working out a feasible and practical solution to the pollution problem along the Red River of the North.

Be It Further Resolved, that the secretary of state is hereby directed to forward copies of this resolution to the Governor

of the State of Minnesota, the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives of the Minnesota State Legislature as soon as possible.

Filed March 1, 1961.

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION "F-F"

(Lips, Reichert)

CAPTAIN GRANT MARSH MEMORIAL BRIDGE

A concurrent resolution directing that the new highway bridge across the Missouri River in the Bismarck-Mandan vicinity be named the "Captain Grant Marsh Memorial Bridge".

WHEREAS, Captain Grant Marsh is universally recognized as the most famous and outstanding river boat pilot and captain ever to command a river boat upon the Missouri River; and

WHEREAS, the action by Captain Grant Marsh while in command of the steamer Far West in bringing to Bismarck the survivors of General Custer's command from the Battle of the Little Big Horn, despite the hazards of low water and river obstacles and in a record time never subsequently equaled upon western river waters, was recognized throughout the United States as a feat of courage and river navigation that is unmatched in the annals of river steam boating; and

WHEREAS, Captain Grant Marsh, as a pioneer in the development of river transportation upon the Missouri made substantial contributions to the settlement and development of this state; and

WHEREAS, Captain Grant Marsh, as a citizen of North Dakota, has become one of the most colorful and inspirational figures of our frontier days whose memory should be perpetuated through a suitable memorial;

Now, Therefore, Be It Resolved by the Senate of the State of North Dakota, the House of Representatives Concurring Therein:

That the state highway department is hereby directed to name the new highway bridge over the Missouri River in the Bismarck-Mandan vicinity the "Captain Grant Marsh Memorial Bridge" in memory of the man whose name has almost become synonymous with the body of water to be spanned by such bridge.

Filed March 4, 1961.

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION "G-G"
(Meidinger, Hernet, Fiedler, Redlin)

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT COMMISSION

A concurrent resolution urging the support of the economic development of the state by all public officials and citizens regardless of political affiliations.

WHEREAS, the promotion of agriculture, mining, manufacturing and other industry and business is of the utmost importance to the state of North Dakota; and

WHEREAS, in recognition of the necessity for further economic development, the state has created the economic development commission for the purpose of promoting the development of the state; and

WHEREAS, to accomplish its purpose, it is necessary that the economic development commission have the assistance and support of all organizations and citizens of the state; and

WHEREAS, in order to obtain such aid and support as well as to attract and retain competent staff members in this highly specialized field, it is essential that the staff refrain from participation in partisan politics, that the commission be appointed on a bipartisan basis, and that the approach of the legislative assembly, the executive branch of government, and the citizens at large to the field of economic development be upon a bipartisan basis if the economic development commission is to accomplish its purpose of promoting the economic development of the state;

Now, Therefore, Be It Resolved by the Senate of the State of North Dakota, the House of Representatives Concurring Therein:

That the staff of the economic development commission is urged to refrain from active participation in partisan politics; and the bipartisan economic development commission and all members of the bipartisan legislative assembly, the executive branch of the government, and the citizens at large are urged to place the economic development of the state of North Dakota above their loyalty to political parties and to jointly work for the benefit of the state, to the ultimate benefit of all its citizens.

Filed March 4, 1961.

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION "K-K"

(Yunker, Lautenschlager, Bopp, Nesvig)

CORPORATE FARMING

A concurrent resolution directing the legislative research committee to study the feasibility of authorizing limited farming and ranching by corporations.

WHEREAS, several bills have been introduced during the present and past sessions of the legislative assembly to allow limited farm and ranching operations to be carried on by corporations; and

WHEREAS, such bills have not been passed by the legislative assembly because of the fear of some members that the safeguards contained herein might not be sufficient to prevent large-scale farming and ranching by corporations; and

WHEREAS, if sufficient safeguards can be developed to prevent large-scale farming and ranching by corporations, the use of a corporate type structure can give many benefits to farmers and ranchers of this state that are denied them under present laws which restrict farming and ranching to individual or partnership operations;

Now, Therefore, Be It Resolved by the Senate of the State of North Dakota, the House of Representatives Concurring Therein:

That the legislative research committee is hereby directed to study the feasibility of the development and passage of laws authorizing limited farming and ranching operations by corporations, and to make its report and recommendations to the Thirty-eighth Legislative Assembly together with any legislation necessary to carry out such recommendations.

Filed March 8, 1961.

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION "L-L"

(Roen, Saumur, Ringsak, Erickson,)

(Lips, Meidinger, Mutch)

INVITATION TO LAWRENCE WELK

A concurrent resolution extending an invitation to Lawrence Welk and his band to come to North Dakota during the summer of 1961 to participate in the Dakota Territory Centennial Celebration.

WHEREAS, during the year 1961 North Dakota will celebrate the one hundredth anniversary of the establishment of Dakota Territory; and

WHEREAS, the citizens of the state of North Dakota have planned many activities commemorating this historic event; and

WHEREAS, Lawrence Welk was born in North Dakota and spent many years in this state; and

WHEREAS, Lawrence Welk and his band have made all of the people of North Dakota proud since they have become one of the great musical organizations in the history of the United States; and

WHEREAS, the people of North Dakota have always considered Lawrence Welk to be one of their outstanding citizens;

Now, Therefore, Be It Resolved by the Senate of the State of North Dakota, the House of Representatives Concurring Therein:

That the legislative assembly and the people of the state of North Dakota extend to Lawrence Welk and his band an invitation to participate with the people of North Dakota in the celebration of the Dakota Territory Centennial during the summer of 1961; and

Be It Further Resolved, that the secretary of state is hereby directed to send a copy of this resolution to Lawrence Welk.

Filed March 4, 1961.

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION "M-M"

(Hernett)

COMMENDATION TO NORTH DAKOTA FEDERATION
OF WOMEN'S CLUBS

A concurrent resolution commending the many achievements made by the North Dakota Federation of Women's Clubs in North Dakota and to direct that a resolution adopted by such organization be printed in the senate and house journals.

WHEREAS, the North Dakota Federation of Women's Clubs have been active for many years in this state in many areas of state and local government; and

WHEREAS, they have been of great assistance in bringing about community betterment and have contributed in many ways toward the goal of good government; and

WHEREAS, the North Dakota Federation of Women's Clubs passed a resolution at their state convention in Valley City,

North Dakota on May 12, 1960 relating to highway safety and motor vehicle operators' license and examinations;

Now, Therefore, Be It Resolved by the Senate of the State of North Dakota, the House of Representatives Concurring Therein:

That the Thirty-seventh Legislative Assembly commends the North Dakota Federation of Women's Clubs for the many contributions they have made in making North Dakota a great state; and

Be It Further Resolved, that the resolution adopted by the Federation of Women's Clubs at Valley City on May 12, 1960 relating to highway safety and motor vehicle operators' licenses and examinations which is attached to this resolution, shall be printed in the house and senate journals; and

Be It Further Resolved, that the secretary of state is hereby directed to forward a copy of this resolution to the President of the North Dakota Federation of Women's Clubs.

Filed March 8, 1961.

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION "O-O"

(Roen, Reichert)

MEDORA WATER SUPPLY AND SANITATION

A concurrent resolution commending the sponsors of legislation presently in Congress which seeks to remedy the sanitation and water supply facilities of Medora, North Dakota, and also urging the Congress to favorably consider such proposed legislation.

WHEREAS, House Concurrent Resolution "U" adopted by the Thirty-sixth Legislative Assembly provided for the creation of a commission to cooperate with the village board of Medora, North Dakota in the preservation of that community as a typical pioneer "cow town" in an area of state and national importance and interest; and

WHEREAS, it has been proposed to restore Medora to its historic appearance at the time of Theodore Roosevelt, the Marquis de Moers, the Eaton Brothers, and the colorful Texas and Oklahoma drovers whose Longhorn trail herds grazed the Badlands of this state and blazed the routes into western North Dakota, followed by others for more than half a century; and

WHEREAS, the impact of the ever-increasing activities in the adjoining Theodore Roosevelt National Memorial Park upon

Medora has resulted in overtaxing and overloading the sanitation and water supply facilities of the village to the extent that the health and well-being of its inhabitants and visitors are seriously imperiled; and

WHEREAS, United States Representatives Don L. Short and Hjalmar C. Nygaard have introduced House Bills Nos. 2295 and 2270, respectively, and United States Senators Milton R. Young and Quentin N. Burdick have jointly introduced Senate Bill No. 98 in the current session of Congress, authorizing the Secretary of the Interior to provide water and sewage disposal facilities to the Medora area adjoining the park with a view to alleviating and correcting such dangerous situation and greatly enhancing the value of the said park development; and

WHEREAS, the proposed legislation provides that such water and sewage disposal systems would be connected to those of the National Park Service in said park, and that the costs allocated to the village of Medora would be repaid by the non-federal users thereof in such manner and under such conditions as may be determined by the Secretary of the Interior;

Now, Therefore, Be It Resolved by the Senate of the State of North Dakota, the House of Representatives Concurring Therein:

That the North Dakota delegation in Congress, the sponsors of the aforementioned proposed legislation, be highly commended for seeking to remedy the intolerable situation in Medora, as described herein, through enactment of the legislation proposed in the aforesaid bills; and

Be It Further Resolved, that the Congress is hereby urged to give favorable consideration to the legislation proposed by said bills to the end that the planned water and sewage disposal facilities proposed therein may be authorized and constructed; and

Be It Further Resolved, that the secretary of state is hereby directed to mail copies of this resolution to Senators Young and Burdick, and Representatives Short and Nygaard; to Honorable Clinton P. Anderson, chairman, Senate Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs; to Honorable Wayne N. Aspinall, chairman, House Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs; Honorable Stewart L. Udall, Secretary of the Interior; Honorable Conrad L. Wirth, Director, National Park Service; and to Honorable David E. Bell, Director of the Bureau of the Budget, all in Washington, D. C.

Filed March 4, 1961.

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION "P-P"

(Lips)

JUNIOR COLLEGE BUILDING

A concurrent resolution approving a lease contract between the state board of administration and Bismarck special school district.

WHEREAS, the state board of administration has passed the following resolution: "That the board proceed to lease the Junior College Building to the board of education of the City of Bismarck for the period of February 1, 1961 to July 1, 1961 at \$1,000.00 per month, subject to the approval of the legislature which convenes in January 1961;" and

WHEREAS, such lease contract has been executed by the board of administration and the board of education of the Bismarck special school district, subject to approval of the Thirty-seventh Legislative Assembly;

Now, Therefore, Be It Resolved by the Senate of the State of North Dakota, the House of Representatives Concurring Therein:

That a lease agreement between the state board of administration and the board of education of the Bismarck special district, as executed, providing for occupancy of the junior college building on the capitol grounds until July 1, 1961, by the Bismarck junior college staff and students, at a rental of \$1,000.00 per month, is hereby approved.

Filed March 3, 1961.

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION "Q-Q"

(Holand, Erickstad)

LRC STUDY OF TAXES RELATING TO SCHOOLS

A concurrent resolution directing the legislative research committee to study methods of equalizing the tax burden; the feasibility of shifting a portion of such tax burden from property to income; methods of equalizing local effort in support of schools as a requirement for participation in the school foundation program; and the portion of school costs that should be borne by the state and the portion that should be borne by local levels of government.

WHEREAS, because of the scope of the tax study assigned by the Thirty-sixth Legislative Assembly, the legislative research committee was unable to complete all aspects of the study during the 1959-1961 biennium; and

WHEREAS, a number of income surtax proposals to shift a portion of the costs of government from taxes on property to taxes on income have been proposed during the present session, but cannot be properly evaluated because of lack of information in regard to the income tax base and the credits that would be allowed under such proposals; and

WHEREAS, the continuous increase of pupils in the elementary and secondary school systems and rising educational costs make it necessary that the legislative assembly determine the portion of such costs which can or should be assumed by the state and the portion that can or should be borne by local levels of government; and

WHEREAS, the foundation program established by the Thirty-sixth Legislative Assembly has now been in operation for two years and should be reviewed in the light of projections of future costs to the state and anticipated revenues available to meet such costs; and

WHEREAS, because of assessment variations those counties having a level of assessment below the state average may not be making the proper contribution to the support of the foundation program at the local level and consequently may be receiving more state equalization funds than they are entitled to receive;

Now, Therefore, Be It Resolved by the Senate of the State of North Dakota, the House of Representatives Concurring Therein:

That the legislative research committee is hereby directed to study possible methods of equalizing the tax burden by shifting a portion of the tax burden from property to income through use of a surtax; to study the portion of present and future costs of the education foundation program that can or should be borne by the state and the portion that can or should be borne by local levels of government; and to study methods of equalizing local contributions to the foundation program to prevent undue and unfair payments to counties from the state equalization program, and to make its report and recommendations to the Thirty-eighth Legislative Assembly together with any legislation necessary to carry out such recommendations; and

Be It Further Resolved, that the legislative research committee shall be authorized to call upon the state tax department, the university of North Dakota and the North Dakota state university of agriculture and applied science for such research, aid and assistance as it may deem necessary and em-

ploy such other technical or clerical personnel as it may deem necessary to carry out the tax and educational cost study provided in this resolution.

Filed March 8, 1961.

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION "R-R"

(Holand, Erickstad)

LRC STUDY RELATING TO INDIANS

A concurrent resolution directing the legislative research committee to conduct a study of the possibility of extending the services of the state in the fields of law enforcement, education, health, and welfare to certain Indian citizens not presently receiving such services.

WHEREAS, law enforcement, education, health, and welfare services upon Indian reservations historically and under law is a federal responsibility; and

WHEREAS, the federal government has failed to adequately provide the services to Indian people in North Dakota for which it is responsible, especially in the fields of law enforcement, health, and welfare; and

WHEREAS, it is the belief of the legislative assembly that so far as possible the Indian citizens of this state should be treated exactly as other citizens of the state and should have the same governmental services and benefits available to them; and

WHEREAS, if such services were made available to Indian citizens in all areas of the state, there would no longer be the need for Indian people to tie themselves to the reservation where adequate employment is not available in order to obtain such services; and

WHEREAS, the state and its political subdivisions cannot, because of lack of financial resources, afford to assume the responsibility of the federal government in this field without reimbursement from the federal government until such time as Indian people do not constitute a governmental cost to the state and its political subdivisions greater than the costs to the state and its political subdivisions for their citizens in general;

Now, Therefore, Be It Resolved by the Senate of the State of North Dakota, the House of Representatives Concurring Therein:

That the legislative research committee is hereby directed to study the financial aspects of a readjustment of the historic responsibility in providing law enforcement, educational,

health, and welfare services to Indian citizens and the possible benefits to Indian people that might result in the event such services should be made fully available by the state and its political subdivisions to Indian people; and

Be It Further Resolved, that the legislative research committee is authorized to confer with the executive and legislative branches of the federal government in arriving at an equitable solution to such problems and the financial aspects of the expansion of state services to Indian people, and to make its report to the Thirty-eighth Legislative Assembly together with such legislation as may be necessary to carry out its recommendations.

Filed March 8, 1961.

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION "S-S"
(Committee on Delayed Bills)

FEDERAL PAYMENTS FOR CERTAIN ASSESSMENTS

A concurrent resolution urging the Congress to pass legislation pending therein which would authorize local governments to receive payments from the federal government for federal real property located therein in lieu of certain taxes and special assessments.

WHEREAS, present tax immunities of federal property have weakened many local governments; and

WHEREAS, the tax resources available to local governments to maintain and support their operations are limited and because of federal immunity to local taxes many local governments are denied access to many potential forms of revenue; and

WHEREAS, local governments provide services to all property located within their boundaries, which includes federal property; and

WHEREAS, there is pending in the Congress legislation which would permit local governments to receive payments from the federal government in lieu of certain taxes and special assessments for certain federal real property;

Now, Therefore, Be It Resolved by the Senate of the State of North Dakota, the House of Representatives Concurring Therein:

That the Thirty-seventh Legislative Assembly hereby urges and requests the Congress of the United States to pass legislation pending therein which would authorize the payment to

local governments of sums in lieu of certain taxes and special assessments for federal real property located within the boundaries of such localities, since such real property receives the benefits of services performed by the local governments even though it is exempt from taxes.

Filed March 8, 1961.

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION "T-T"
(Committee on Delayed Bills)

PROTECTION OF WILLISTON BASIN OIL

A concurrent resolution memorializing the Honorable Stewart L. Udall, Secretary of the United States Department of the Interior to protect the Williston basin oil production from excessive Canadian oil imports.

WHEREAS, the Williston basin is the largest sedimentary basin in the United States, and is still in its relative infancy with respect to development, and has tremendous potential in oil reserves; and

WHEREAS, the orderly healthy growth of North Dakota's exploration and development of oil and gas production is directly in the national interest and in accord with the declared policy on national security; and

WHEREAS, a policy of excessive foreign oil imports is contrary to the national security; and

WHEREAS, if Canadian imports of oil and gas are increased, the further development of North Dakota oil resources will be seriously impaired and the small independent oil exploration and production companies will be cut off from their present vital Midwest markets; and

WHEREAS, the declared policy of the Canadian Government is to expand exports to the United States, and particularly the midwestern marketing area of Canadian crude oil by many thousands of barrels of oil per day and such would seriously affect the domestic petroleum industry serving these same marketing areas;

Now, Therefore, Be It Resolved by the Senate of the State of North Dakota, the House of Representatives Concurring Therein:

That the Thirty-seventh Legislative Assembly of the state of North Dakota urge the Honorable Stewart L. Udall, Secretary of the United States Department of the Interior, in the

furtherance of established policy on national security, follow an import policy to preserve and strengthen the domestic exploration and development of natural resources of oil and gas with the view of sustaining and increasing conditions of growth for the Williston basin.

Filed March 8, 1961.