

Fifty-fifth  
Legislative Assembly  
of North Dakota

**ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 2049**

Introduced by

Legislative Council

(North Dakota/South Dakota Commission)

1 A BILL for an Act to create and enact section 37-17.1-14.5 of the North Dakota Century Code,  
2 relating to the interstate mutual aid agreement or compact; to amend and reenact sections  
3 37-17.1-04, 37-17.1-14.2, and 37-17.1-14.3 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to  
4 interstate mutual aid agreements; to repeal section 37-17.1-14.4 of the North Dakota Century  
5 Code, relating to the mutual aid agreement or compact; and to declare an emergency.

6 **BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:**

7 **SECTION 1. AMENDMENT.** Section 37-17.1-04 of the North Dakota Century Code is  
8 amended and reenacted as follows:

9 **37-17.1-04. Definitions.** As used in this chapter:

- 10 1. "Disaster" means the occurrence of widespread or severe damage, injury, or loss  
11 of life or property resulting from any natural or manmade cause including: fire,  
12 flood, earthquake, severe high and low temperatures, tornado storm, wave action,  
13 oil spill, or other water or air contamination, epidemic, blight, drought, infestation,  
14 explosion, riot, or hostile military or paramilitary action, which is determined by the  
15 governor to require state or state and federal assistance or actions to supplement  
16 the recovery efforts of local governments in alleviating the damage, loss, hardship,  
17 or suffering caused thereby.
- 18 2. "Disaster or emergency worker" means any person performing disaster or  
19 emergency responsibilities or duties at any place in this state subject to the order  
20 or control of, or pursuant to a request of, the state government or any political  
21 subdivision ~~thereof~~.
- 22 3. "Emergency" means any situation ~~which~~ that is determined by the governor to  
23 require state or state and federal response or mitigation actions to immediately

supplement local governments to protect lives and property, to provide for public health and safety, or to avert or lessen the threat of a disaster.

4. "Emergency management" means a comprehensive integrated system at all levels of government and in the private sector which provides for the development and maintenance of an effective capability to mitigate, prepare for, respond to and recover from, known and unforeseen hazards or situations, caused by an act of nature or man, which may threaten, injure, damage, or destroy lives, property, or our environment.

5. "Mass care" means food, clothing, shelter, and other necessary and essential assistance provided to a large number of affected people in response to, or recovery from, a disaster or emergency.

**SECTION 2. AMENDMENT.** Section 37-17.1-14.2 of the 1995 Supplement to the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

**37-17.1-14.2. Interstate mutual aid agreements.**

1. This state may enter into an interstate mutual aid agreement or compact with any state that has enacted or shall enact the compact substantially in the form contained in section ~~37-17.1-14.4~~ 37-17.1-14.5.
2. The governor may enter into an interstate agreement with any state if the governor finds that joint action with that state is desirable in meeting common intergovernmental problems of emergency or disaster preparedness, mitigation, response, and recovery.
3. The governor may deny the request of a requesting state as the governor determines necessary.
4. All interstate mutual aid compacts and other interstate agreements to which this state is a party dealing with disaster or emergency preparedness, response, recovery, or mitigation must be reviewed and made current every four years.
5. If a person holds a license, certificate, or other permit issued by any state or political subdivision evidencing the meeting of qualifications for professional, mechanical, or other skills, the person may render aid involving that skill in this state to meet an emergency or disaster, and this state shall give due recognition to the license, certificate, or other permit.

6. When considered of mutual benefit, the governor may, subject to the limitations of law, enter into intergovernmental arrangements with neighboring provinces of Canada for the purpose of exchanging disaster or emergency resources.

**SECTION 3. AMENDMENT.** Section 37-17.1-14.3 of the 1995 Supplement to the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

**37-17.1-14.3. Authority to join interstate mutual aid agreements - Interstate compacts.**

1. The governor, in the name of the state, may join with other states in the interstate mutual aid agreement or compact.
2. The governor may negotiate and execute such supplemental agreements as may be necessary and proper to fully carry out the terms and provisions of the interstate mutual aid agreement or compact as set forth in section ~~37-17.1-14.4~~ 37-17.1-14.5.

**SECTION 4.** Section 37-17.1-14.5 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and enacted as follows:

**37-17.1-14.5. Text of the mutual aid agreement or compact.** The interstate mutual aid agreement or compact referred to in sections 37-17.1-14.2 and 37-17.1-14.3 reads as follows:

INTERSTATE MUTUAL AID AGREEMENT OR COMPACT

Article I - Purpose and Authorities

This compact is made and entered into by and between the participating member states which enact this compact, hereinafter called party states. For the purposes of this agreement, the term "states" is taken to mean the several states, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the District of Columbia, and all United States territorial possessions.

The purpose of this compact is to provide for mutual assistance between the states entering into this compact in managing any emergency or disaster that is duly declared by the governor of the affected state, whether arising from natural disaster, technological hazard, manmade disaster, civil emergency aspects of resources shortages, community disorders, insurgency, or enemy attack.

This compact shall also provide for mutual cooperation in emergency-related exercises, testing, or other training activities using equipment and personnel simulating performance of

1 any aspect of the giving and receiving of aid by party states or subdivisions of party states  
2 during emergencies, such actions occurring outside actual declared emergency periods.  
3 Mutual assistance in this compact may include the use of the states' national guard forces,  
4 either in accordance with the National Guard Mutual Assistance Compact or by mutual  
5 agreement between states.

#### 6 Article II - General Implementation

7 Each party state entering into this compact recognizes many emergencies transcend  
8 political jurisdictional boundaries and that intergovernmental coordination is essential in  
9 managing these and other emergencies under this compact. Each state further recognizes that  
10 there will be emergencies which require immediate access and present procedures to apply  
11 outside resources to make a prompt and effective response to such an emergency. This is  
12 because few, if any, individual states have all the resources they may need in all types of  
13 emergencies or the capability of delivering resources to areas where emergencies exist.

14 The prompt, full, and effective utilization of resources of the participating states,  
15 including any resources on hand or available from the federal government or any other source,  
16 that are essential to the safety, care, and welfare of the people in the event of any emergency  
17 or disaster declared by a party state, shall be the underlying principle on which all articles of  
18 this compact shall be understood.

19 On behalf of the governor of each state participating in the compact, the legally  
20 designated state official who is assigned responsibility for emergency management will be  
21 responsible for formulation of the appropriate interstate mutual aid plans and procedures  
22 necessary to implement this compact.

#### 23 Article III - Party State Responsibilities

- 24 1. It shall be the responsibility of each party state to formulate procedural plans and  
25 programs for interstate cooperation in the performance of the responsibilities listed  
26 in this article. In formulating such plans, and in carrying them out, the party states,  
27 insofar as practical, shall:
- 28 a. Review individual state hazards analyses and, to the extent reasonably  
29 possible, determine all those potential emergencies the party states might  
30 jointly suffer, whether due to natural disaster, technological hazard, manmade

disaster, emergency aspects of resource shortages, civil disorders,  
insurgency, or enemy attack.

b. Review party states' individual emergency plans and develop a plan which will  
determine the mechanism for the interstate management and provision of  
assistance concerning any potential emergency.

c. Develop interstate procedures to fill any identified gaps and to resolve any  
identified inconsistencies or overlaps in existing or developed plans.

d. Assist in warning communities adjacent to or crossing the state boundaries.

e. Protect and assure uninterrupted delivery of services, medicines, water, food,  
energy and fuel, search and rescue, and critical lifeline equipment, services,  
and resources, both human and material.

f. Inventory and set procedures for the interstate loan and delivery of human  
and material resources, together with procedures for reimbursement or  
forgiveness.

g. Provide, to the extent authorized by law, for temporary suspension of any  
statutes or ordinances that restrict the implementation of the above  
responsibilities.

2. The authorized representative of a party state may request assistance of another  
party state by contacting the authorized representative of that state. The  
provisions of this agreement shall only apply to requests for assistance made by  
and to authorized representatives. Requests may be verbal or in writing. If verbal,  
the request shall be confirmed in writing within thirty days of the verbal request.  
Requests shall provide the following information:

a. A description of the emergency service function for which assistance is  
needed, such as, but not limited to, fire services, law enforcement,  
emergency medical, transportation, communications, public works and  
engineering, building inspection, planning and information assistance, mass  
care, resource support, health and medical services, and search and rescue.

b. The amount and type of personnel, equipment, materials and supplies  
needed, and a reasonable estimate of the length of time they will be needed.

c. The specific place and time for staging of the assisting party's response and a point of contact at that location.

3. There shall be frequent consultation between state officials who have assigned emergency management responsibilities and other appropriate representatives of the party states with affected jurisdictions and the United States government, with free exchange of information, plans, and resource records relating to emergency capabilities.

#### Article IV - Limitations

Any party state requested to render mutual aid or conduct exercises and training for mutual aid shall take such action as is necessary to provide and make available the resources covered by this compact in accordance with the terms hereof; provided that it is understood that the state rendering aid may withhold resources to the extent necessary to provide reasonable protection for such state.

Each party state shall afford to the emergency forces of any party state, while operating within its state limits under the terms and conditions of this compact, the same powers (except that of arrest unless specifically authorized by the receiving state), duties, rights, and privileges as are afforded forces of the state in which they are performing emergency services.

Emergency forces will continue under the command and control of their regular leaders, but the organizational units will come under the operational control of the emergency services authorities of the state receiving assistance. These conditions may be activated, as needed, only subsequent to a declaration of a state of emergency or disaster by the governor of the party state that is to receive assistance or commencement of exercises or training for mutual aid and shall continue so long as the exercises or training for mutual aid are in progress, the state of emergency or disaster remains in effect, or loaned resources remain in the receiving state, whichever is longer.

#### Article V - Licenses and Permits

Whenever any person holds a license, certificate, or other permit issued by any state party to the compact evidencing the meeting of qualifications for professional, mechanical, or other skills, and when such assistance is requested by the receiving party state, such person shall be deemed licensed, certified, or permitted by the state requesting assistance to render aid involving such skill to meet a declared emergency or disaster, subject to such limitations

1 and conditions as the governor of the requesting state may prescribe by executive order or  
2 otherwise.

#### 3 Article VI - Liability

4 Officers or employees of a party state rendering aid in another state pursuant to this  
5 compact shall be considered agents of the requesting state for tort liability and immunity  
6 purposes; and no party state or its officers or employees rendering aid in another state  
7 pursuant to this compact shall be liable on account of any act or omission in good faith on the  
8 part of such forces while so engaged or on account of the maintenance or use of any  
9 equipment or supplies in connection therewith. Good faith in this article shall not include willful  
10 misconduct, gross negligence, or recklessness.

#### 11 Article VII - Supplementary Agreements

12 Inasmuch as it is probable that the pattern and detail of the machinery for mutual aid  
13 among two or more states may differ from that among the states that are party hereto, this  
14 instrument contains elements of a broad base common to all states, and nothing herein  
15 contained shall preclude any state from entering into supplementary agreements with another  
16 state or affect any other agreements already in force between states. Supplementary  
17 agreements may comprehend, but shall not be limited to, provisions for evacuation and  
18 reception of injured and other persons and the exchange of medical, fire, police, public utility,  
19 reconnaissance, welfare, transportation and communications personnel, and equipment and  
20 supplies.

#### 21 Article VIII - Compensation

22 Each party state shall provide for the payment of compensation and death benefits to  
23 injured members of the emergency forces of that state and representatives of deceased  
24 members of such forces in case such members sustain injuries or are killed while rendering aid  
25 pursuant to this compact, in the same manner and on the same terms as if the injury or death  
26 were sustained within their own state.

#### 27 Article IX - Reimbursement

28 Any party state rendering aid in another state pursuant to this compact shall be  
29 reimbursed by the party state receiving such aid for any loss or damage to or expenses  
30 incurred in the operation of any equipment and the provision of any service in answering a  
31 request for aid and for the costs incurred in connection with such requests; provided that any

1 aiding party state may assume in whole or in part such loss, damage, expense, or other cost, or  
2 may loan such equipment or donate such services to the receiving party state without charge or  
3 cost; and provided further that any two or more party states may enter into supplementary  
4 agreements establishing a different allocation of costs among those states. Article VIII  
5 expenses shall not be reimbursable under this provision.

6 Article X - Evacuation

7 Plans for the orderly evacuation and interstate reception of portions of the civilian  
8 population as the result of any emergency or disaster of sufficient proportions to so warrant,  
9 shall be worked out and maintained between the party states and the emergency  
10 management/services directors of the various jurisdictions where any type of incident requiring  
11 evacuations might occur. Such plans shall be put into effect by request of the state from which  
12 evacuees come and shall include the manner of transporting such evacuees, the number of  
13 evacuees to be received in different areas, the manner in which food, clothing, housing, and  
14 medical care will be provided, the registration of the evacuees, the providing of facilities for the  
15 notification of relatives or friends, and the forwarding of such evacuees to other areas or the  
16 bringing in of additional materials, supplies, and all other relevant factors. Such plans shall  
17 provide that the party state receiving evacuees and the party state from which the evacuees  
18 come shall mutually agree as to reimbursement of out-of-pocket expenses incurred in receiving  
19 and caring for such evacuees, for expenditures for transportation, food, clothing, medicines and  
20 medical care, and like items. Such expenditures shall be reimbursed as agreed by the party  
21 state from which the evacuees come. After the termination of the emergency or disaster, the  
22 party state from which the evacuees come shall assume the responsibility for the ultimate  
23 support of repatriation of such evacuees.

24 Article XI - Implementation

- 25 1. This compact shall become operative immediately upon its enactment into law by  
26 any two states; thereafter, this compact shall become effective as to any other  
27 state upon its enactment by such state.  
28 2. Any party state may withdraw from this compact by enacting a statute repealing  
29 the same, but no such withdrawal shall take effect until thirty days after the  
30 governor of the withdrawing state has given notice in writing of such withdrawal to  
31 the governors of all other party states. Such action shall not relieve the



1           withdrawing state from obligations assumed hereunder prior to the effective date of  
2           withdrawal.

3           3. Duly authenticated copies of this compact and of such supplementary agreements  
4           as may be entered into shall, at the time of their approval, be deposited with each  
5           of the party states and with the federal emergency management agency and other  
6           appropriate agencies of the United States government.

7                           Article XII - Validity

8           This Act shall be construed to effectuate the purposes stated in Article I hereof. If any  
9           provision of this compact is declared unconstitutional, or the applicability thereof to any person  
10          or circumstances is held invalid, the constitutionality of the remainder of this Act and the  
11          applicability thereof to other persons and circumstances shall not be affected thereby.

12                           Article XIII - Additional Provisions

13          Nothing in this compact shall authorize or permit the use of military force by the national  
14          guard of a state at any place outside that state in any emergency for which the president is  
15          authorized by law to call into federal service the militia, or for any purpose for which the use of  
16          the army or the air force would in the absence of express statutory authorization be prohibited  
17          under section 1385 of title 18, United States Code.

18          **SECTION 5. REPEAL.** Section 37-17.1-14.4 of the 1995 Supplement to the North  
19          Dakota Century Code is repealed.

20          **SECTION 6. EMERGENCY.** This Act is declared to be an emergency measure.