70497.0400

Fifty-fifth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

HOUSE BILL NO. 1297 with Conference Committee Amendments HOUSE BILL NO. 1297

Introduced by

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Representatives Kretschmar, Rennerfeldt, Kilzer Senators Lips, Traynor

- 1 A BILL for an Act to create and enact a new subsection to section 32-03.2-11 of the North
- 2 Dakota Century Code, relating to exemplary damages in civil actions for accidents involving a
- 3 motor vehicle operated by a person while under the influence of alcohol or a controlled
- 4 substance; to amend and reenact subsection 1 of section 32-03.2-11 of the North Dakota
- 5 Century Code, relating to exemplary damages; and to provide for application.

6 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

SECTION 1. AMENDMENT. Subsection 1 of section 32-03.2-11 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

In any action for the breach of an obligation not arising from contract, when the defendant has been guilty by clear and convincing evidence of oppression, fraud, or actual malice, the court or jury, in addition to the actual damages, may give damages for the sake of example and by way of punishing the defendant. Upon commencement of the action, the complaint may not seek exemplary damages. After filing the suit, a party may make a motion to amend the pleadings to claim exemplary damages. The motion must allege an applicable legal basis for awarding exemplary damages and must be accompanied by one or more affidavits or deposition testimony showing the factual basis for the claim. At the hearing on the motion, if The party opposing the motion may respond with affidavit or deposition testimony. If the court finds prima facie evidence in support of the motion, after considering all submitted evidence, that there is sufficient evidence to support a finding by the trier of fact that a preponderance of the evidence proves oppression, fraud, or actual malice, the court shall grant the moving party permission to amend the pleadings to claim exemplary damages. For purposes of

1		tolling	the statute of limitations, pleadings amended under this section relate back	
2		to the	time the action was commenced.	
3	SEC	CTION	2. A new subsection to section 32-03.2-11 of the North Dakota Century	
4	Code is created and enacted as follows:			
5	<u>a.</u>	In a civil action involving a motor vehicle accident, it is sufficient for the trier of fact		
6		to consider an award of exemplary damages against a driver involved in the		
7		accident if a preponderance of the evidence indicates that the accident resulted in		
8		bodily	bodily injury and was caused by a driver:	
9		<u>(1)</u> <u>V</u>	With an alcohol concentration of at least ten one-hundredths of one percent	
10		<u>t</u>	by weight;	
11		<u>(2)</u> <u>V</u>	Who was under the influence of a controlled substance;	
12		<u>(3)</u> <u>V</u>	Who was under the influence of alcohol and refused to take a test required	
13		<u>L</u>	under chapter 39-20; or	
14		<u>(4)</u> <u>\</u>	Who was knowingly under significant influence of a medication or other	
15		<u>s</u>	substance that substantially affects a person's nervous system, brain, or	
16		<u>r</u>	muscles so as to impair the person's ability to drive or operate a motor	
17		<u>v</u>	vehicle.	
18	<u>b.</u>	A criminal charge or conviction is not a prerequisite to consideration of exemplary		
19		damages under this subsection. At the trial in an action in which the trier of fact		
20		will co	onsider an award of exemplary damages, evidence that the driver has been	
21		convid	cted of violating section 39-08-01 or equivalent ordinance is admissible into	
22		<u>evide</u> ı	nce.	
23	SECTION 3. APPLICATION. This Act applies only to actions commenced after the			
24	effective date of this Act.			