Fifty-fifth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

## FIRST ENGROSSMENT with Senate Amendments ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 1238

Introduced by

Representatives Olson, Mahoney

Senator Sand

- 1 A BILL for an Act to amend and reenact subsection 1 of section 6-08-16 and section 6-08-16.2
- 2 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to issuing a check without an account or without
- 3 sufficient funds.

## 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

- 5 **SECTION 1. AMENDMENT.** Subsection 1 of section 6-08-16 of the 1995 Supplement 6 to the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
- A person may not, for himself that person, as the agent or representative of
   another, or as an officer or member of a firm, company, copartnership, or
   corporation make, draw, utter, or deliver any check, draft, or order for the payment
   of money upon a bank, banker, or depository, if at the time of such making,
   drawing, uttering, or delivery, or at the time of presentation for payment if the
   presentation for payment is made within fourteen days after the original delivery
- 13 thereof, there are not sufficient funds in or credit with the bank, banker, or
- 14 depository to meet the check, draft, or order in full upon its presentation. Violation15 of this subsection is a class B misdemeanor.

SECTION 2. AMENDMENT. Section 6-08-16.2 of the 1995 Supplement to the North
Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

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## 6-08-16.2. Issuing check without account or with insufficient funds - Financial liability - Penalty - Exceptions.

- 20 1. As used in this section:
- a. "Account" means any account at a bank or depository from which an
  instrument could legally be paid.
- 23 b. "Dishonor" is synonymous with "nonpayment".
- c. "Instrument" means any check, draft, or order for the payment of money.

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1		d. "Issues" means draws, utters, or delivers.
2	2.	A person who, for that person or as agent or representative of another, willfully as
3		defined in section 12.1-02-02 issues any instrument is guilty of a class C felony if
4		that person has been previously convicted of issuing an instrument without an
5		account pursuant to section 6-08-16.1 or without sufficient funds in a bank or
6		depository pursuant to section 6-08-16, and:
7		a. At the time of issuing the instrument the drawer does not have an account
8		with the bank or depository on which the instrument is drawn; or
9		b. At the time of issuing the instrument or at the time of presentation for payment
10		if made within five ten business days after the original delivery of the
11		instrument, the drawer does not have sufficient funds in the bank or
12		depository, or credit with the bank, banker, or depository, to pay the
13		instrument in full upon its presentation.
14		The person is also liable for collection fees or costs, not in excess of fifteen dollars,
15		which are recoverable by civil action by the holder of the instrument.
16	3.	A person who, for that person or an agent or representative of another, willfully as
17		defined in section 12.1-02-02 issues any instrument is guilty of a class C felony if
18		the instrument was for at least ten thousand dollars, and:
19		a. At the time of issuing the instrument, the drawer does not have an account
20		with the bank or depository on which the instrument is drawn; or
21		b. At the time of issuing the instrument, or at the time of presentation for
22		payment if made within five business days after the original delivery of the
23		instrument, the drawer does not have sufficient funds in the bank or
24		depository, or credit with the bank, banker, or depository, to pay the
25		instrument in full upon its presentation.
26		The person is also liable for collection fees or costs, not in excess of fifteen dollars,
27		which are recoverable by civil action by the holder of the instrument.
28	4.	A person who, for that person or as an agent or representative of another, willfully
29		issues at least two instruments within a ninety-day period is guilty of a class C
30		felony if the total amount of the instruments was for at least five hundred dollars,

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1		and the drawer has violated subdivision a or b, or both, with respect to the
2		instruments:
3		a. At the time of issuing the instruments, the drawer does not have an account
4		with the bank or depository on which the instruments are drawn; or
5		b. At the time of issuing the instruments, or at the time of presentation for
6		payment if made within ten business days after the original delivery of the
7		instrument, the drawer does not have sufficient funds in the bank or
8		depository, or credit with the bank, banker, or depository, to pay the
9		instrument in full upon its presentation.
10		The person is also liable for collection fees or costs, not in excess of fifteen dollars
11		per instrument, which are recoverable by civil action by the holder of the
12		instrument.
13	<u>5.</u>	A civil penalty is also recoverable by civil action by the holder of the instrument.
14		The civil penalty consists of payment to the holder of the instrument of the lesser of
15		one hundred dollars or three times the amount of the instrument.
16	<del>5.</del> <u>6.</u>	An agent acting for the receiver of an instrument issued in violation of this section
17		may present the instrument to the state's attorney for prosecution. A criminal
18		complaint for violation of subdivision b of subsection 2 or subdivision b of
19		subsection 3 must be executed within ninety days after the drawer of the
20		instrument receives notice, from the holder, of nonpayment. A complaint for a
21		violation of subsection 4 must be executed within ninety days after the drawer of
22		the instrument receives notice, from the holder, of nonpayment for the last
23		instrument, if any, included under subdivision b of subsection 4 for a violation of
24		subsection 4. Failure to execute a complaint within the time set forth in this
25		subsection bars any criminal charges under subdivision b of subsection 2 <del>or</del> ,
26		subdivision b of subsection 3, or subdivision b of subsection 4.
27	<del>6.</del> <u>7.</u>	A notice of dishonor may be mailed by the holder of the instrument upon dishonor.
28		Proof of mailing may be made by return receipt or by an affidavit of mailing signed
29		by the individual making the mailing. The notice must be in substantially the
30		following form:
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1	Notice of Dishonored Instrument
2	Date
3	Name of Issuer
4	Street Address
5	City and State
6	You are according to law hereby notified that an instrument dated
7	, 19, drawn on the Bank of
8	has been returned
9	unpaid with the notation the payment has been refused because (of
10	nonsufficient funds) (the drawer does not have an account). Within ten days
11	from the receipt of this notice, you must pay or tender to
12	
13	(Holder)
14	sufficient moneys to pay such instrument in full and any collection fees or
15	costs not in excess of fifteen dollars.
16	The notice may also contain a recital of the penal provisions of this section and the
17	possibility of a civil action to recover any collection fees or costs authorized by this
18	section.