Fifty-fifth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

FIRST ENGROSSMENT

ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 1264

Introduced by

Representative Berg

Senator Mutch

1 A BILL for an Act to create and enact a new section to chapter 65-05 of the North Dakota

2 Century Code, relating to payment of preacceptance disability benefits to an employee who

3 allegedly suffers a work-related injury; to amend and reenact sections 65-05-08, 65-05-08.1,

4 65-05-09, 65-05-10, and 65-06.2-02 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to payment of

5 workers' compensation disability benefits and payments to confined workers; to provide an

6 effective date; and to provide an expiration date.

7 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

8 SECTION 1. AMENDMENT. Section 65-05-08 of the North Dakota Century Code is
9 amended and reenacted as follows:

10 65-05-08. Compensation not Disability benefits - Not paid unless period of 11 disability is of five days' duration or more - Application required - Suspended during 12 confinement - Duty to report wages. No compensation benefits may be paid for total or 13 partial disability, the duration of which is less than five consecutive calendar days. If the period 14 of total or partial disability is of five consecutive calendar days' duration or more longer, 15 compensation benefits must be paid for the period of disability provided that: 16 1. If the period of disability is for not more than fourteen days, disability benefits for 17 the first five days may only be paid for days that the employee was scheduled to 18 work. When partial or total disability benefits are discontinued, the claimant shall provide 19 2. 20 the bureau written notice of bureau may not begin payment again unless the 21 injured employee files a reapplication for disability benefits on a form supplied by

- 22 the bureau. In case of reapplication, the award may commence no more than
- 23 thirty days before the date of reapplication. Disability benefits must be reinstated
- 24 upon a finding <u>proof by the injured employee</u> that:

1			a. The employee has sustained a significant change in the compensable
2			medical condition shown by a preponderance of the evidence;
3			b. The employee has provided evidence of sustained an actual wage loss
4			attributable to the work injury caused by the significant change in the
5			compensable medical condition; and
6			c. The employee has not retired or voluntarily withdrawn from the job market as
7			defined in section 65-05-09.3.
8	3.	<u>2.</u>	All payments of disability and rehabilitation benefits must be suspended during the
9			period of confinement in excess of seventy-two consecutive hours of any
10			employee who is eligible for, or receiving, benefits under this title who is confined
11			in a penitentiary, jail, youth correctional facility, or any other penal institution under
12			conviction and sentence unless the employee is receiving permanent total
13			disability benefits or the bureau has determined that none of the priority options
14			under subsection 4 of section 65-05.1-01 are viable, and the employee has a
15			spouse or child, in which case the benefits must be paid directly to such spouse or
16			child. After discharge from the institution, payment of the bureau shall pay
17			subsequent disability or rehabilitation benefits thereafter due must be paid as the
18			employee otherwise would, but for the provisions of this subsection, otherwise be
19			entitled <u>under this title</u> .
20	4.	<u>3.</u>	Any employee who is eligible for, or receiving, disability or rehabilitation benefits
21			under this title shall report any wages earned, from part-time or full-time
22			employment, work from the employer of injury or any other employer any source.
23			Failure If an employee fails to report such wages earned requires, the employee to
24			shall refund to the bureau any partial or total disability or vocational rehabilitation
25			benefits overpaid by the bureau for that time period. To facilitate recovery of those
26			benefits, the bureau may offset future benefits otherwise payable, under section
27			65-05-29. If the bureau determines that the failure employee willfully failed to
28			report wages earned was willful, the employee forfeits all further lost-time benefits
29			otherwise payable under this title for that injury pursuant is subject to the penalties
30			in section 65-05-33. An employee shall report whether the employee has
31			performed work or received wages. The bureau shall periodically provide a form to

1		all injured employees receiving disability or rehabilitation benefits that the injured
2		employee must complete to retain eligibility for further disability or rehabilitation
3		benefits. The form will advise the injured employee of the possible penalties for
4		failure to report any work or activities as required by this section. An injured
5		employee who is receiving disability or vocational rehabilitation benefits must
6		report any work activities to the bureau whether or not the injured employee
7		receives any wages. An injured employee who is receiving disability or vocational
8		rehabilitation benefits also must report any other activity if the injured employee
9		receives any money, including prize winnings, from undertaking that activity,
10		regardless of expenses or whether there is a net profit. For purposes of this
11		subsection, "work" does not include routine daily activities of self-care or family
12		care, or routine maintenance of the home and yard, and "activities" does not
13		include recreational gaming or passive investment endeavors.
14	5. <u>4.</u>	An employee shall request disability benefits on a lost-time claim form furnished by
15		the bureau. In no case may lost-time Disability benefits may not commence more
16		than one year prior to the date of filing of the initial lost-time claim form for
17		disability benefits.
18	6. <u>5.</u>	The provisions of this section apply to any disability claim asserted against the
19		fund on or after July 1, 1991, irrespective of injury date.
20	<u>6.</u>	It is the burden of the employee to show that the inability to obtain employment or
21		to earn as much as the employee earned at the time of injury is due to physical
22		limitation related to the injury, and that any wage loss claimed is the result of the
23		compensable injury.
24	<u>7.</u>	If the employee voluntarily limits income or refuses to accept employment suitable
25		to the employee's capacity, offered to or procured for the employee, the employee
26		is not entitled to any disability or vocational rehabilitation benefits during the
27		limitation of income or refusal to accept employment unless the bureau determines
28		the limitation or refusal is justified.
29	<u>8.</u>	The bureau may not pay disability benefits unless the loss of earning capacity
30		exceeds ten percent. The injured employee may earn up to ten percent of the
31		employee's preinjury average gross weekly earnings with no reduction in total

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1		disability benefits. The employee must report any earnings to the bureau for a
2		determination of whether the employee is within the limit set in this subsection.
3	<u>9.</u>	Upon securing suitable employment, the injured employee shall notify the bureau
4		of the name and address of the employer, the date the employment began, and
5		the amount of wages being received. If the injured employee is receiving disability
6		benefits, the injured employee shall notify the bureau whenever there is a change
7		in work status or wages received.
8	<u>10.</u>	The bureau shall pay to an employee receiving disability benefits a dependency
9		allowance for each child of the employee at the rate of ten dollars per week per
10		child. Effective July 1, 1989, this rate must be paid to each eligible employee
11		regardless of the date of injury.
12	<u>11.</u>	Dependency allowance for the children may be made directly to either parent or
13		guardian at the discretion of the bureau.
14	SE	CTION 2. AMENDMENT. Section 65-05-08.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is
15	amended a	ind reenacted as follows:
16	65-	05-08.1. Verification of temporary total disability.
17	1.	The elementic An initial explosion of a star shell exits the nexied of terms remu
.,	1.	The claimant's An injured employee's doctor shall certify the period of temporary
18	1.	total disability upon request of the bureau and the extent of the injured worker's
	1.	
18	2.	total disability upon request of the bureau and the extent of the injured worker's
18 19		total disability upon request of the bureau and the extent of the injured worker's abilities and restrictions.
18 19 20		total disability upon request of the bureau and the extent of the injured worker's abilities and restrictions. A doctor certifying disability shall include in the report filed with the bureau:
18 19 20 21		 total disability upon request of the bureau and the extent of the injured worker's abilities and restrictions. A doctor certifying disability shall include in the report filed with the bureau: a. The medical basis established by medical evidence supported by objective
18 19 20 21 22		 total disability upon request of the bureau and the extent of the injured worker's abilities and restrictions. A doctor certifying disability shall include in the report filed with the bureau: a. The medical basis established by medical evidence supported by objective medical findings for the certification of disability;
18 19 20 21 22 23		 total disability upon request of the bureau and the extent of the injured worker's abilities and restrictions. A doctor certifying disability shall include in the report filed with the bureau: a. The medical basis established by medical evidence supported by objective medical findings for the certification of disability; b. Whether the employee is totally disabled, from any and all employment, or, if
18 19 20 21 22 23 24		 total disability upon request of the bureau and the extent of the injured worker's abilities and restrictions. A doctor certifying disability shall include in the report filed with the bureau: a. The medical basis established by medical evidence supported by objective medical findings for the certification of disability; b. Whether the employee is totally disabled, from any and all employment, or, if the employee is not totally disabled, whether the employee is able to return to
 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 		 total disability upon request of the bureau and the extent of the injured worker's abilities and restrictions. A doctor certifying disability shall include in the report filed with the bureau: a. The medical basis established by medical evidence supported by objective medical findings for the certification of disability; b. Whether the employee is totally disabled, from any and all employment, or, if the employee is not totally disabled, whether the employee is able to return to some any employment, including light work or sedentary work and a
 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 		 total disability upon request of the bureau and the extent of the injured worker's abilities and restrictions. A doctor certifying disability shall include in the report filed with the bureau: a. The medical basis established by medical evidence supported by objective medical findings for the certification of disability; b. Whether the employee is totally disabled, from any and all employment, or, if the employee is not totally disabled, whether the employee is able to return to some any employment, including light work or sedentary work and a statement of the employee's restrictions and physical limitations; and
 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 		 total disability upon request of the bureau and the extent of the injured worker's abilities and restrictions. A doctor certifying disability shall include in the report filed with the bureau: a. The medical basis established by medical evidence supported by objective medical findings for the certification of disability; b. Whether the employee is totally disabled, from any and all employment, or, if the employee is not totally disabled, whether the employee is able to return to some any employment, including light work or sedentary work and a statement of the employee's restrictions and physical limitations; and c. If the employee is not totally disabled, a statement of the employee's
 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 		 total disability upon request of the bureau and the extent of the injured worker's abilities and restrictions. A doctor certifying disability shall include in the report filed with the bureau: a. The medical basis established by medical evidence supported by objective medical findings for the certification of disability; b. Whether the employee is totally disabled, from any and all employment, or, if the employee is not totally disabled, whether the employee is able to return to some any employment, including light work or sedentary work and a statement of the employee's restrictions and physical limitations; and c. If the employee is not totally disabled, a statement of the employee's restrictions and physical limitations; and

1	e.	d. A doctor may not certify or verify past disability unless the doctor has
2		examined commencing more than sixty days before the doctor's examination
3		of the employee within the previous sixty days and filed those reports
4		required by this title.
5	3.	The report must be filed on a form furnished by the bureau, or on any other form
6		acceptable to the bureau.
7	4.	The claimant injured employee shall ensure that the required reports for any period
8		of disability are filed.
9	5.	Prior to the expiration of a period of temporary total disability certified by a doctor,
10		if a report certifying an additional period of disability has not been filed, or upon
11		receipt of a report or other evidence indicating an injured employee who is
12		receiving disability benefits has been or will be released to return to work, the
13		bureau shall send a notice to the claimant that employee of the bureau's intention
14		to discontinue benefits, the reason therefor, and including an explanation of the
15		reason for discontinuing benefits, an explanation of the employee's right to
16		respond, and the procedure for filing the required report or challenging the
17		proposed action. A copy of the notice must be mailed to the claimant's employee's
18		doctor. Thereafter, if the required certification is not filed, the bureau shall
19		discontinue temporary total disability benefits by formal order, effective no sooner
20		than twenty-one days after the date of the notice of intention to discontinue
21		benefits is mailed or the date on which the employee actually returned to work,
22		whichever occurs first.
23	6.	Upon receipt of a report or other evidence indicating a claimant who is receiving
24		temporary total disability benefits has been or will be released to return to work,
25		the bureau shall issue and mail to the claimant a notice of intention to discontinue
26		benefits. Such benefits may thereafter be discontinued on the date of release to
27		return to work or twenty-one days following mailing of the notice, whichever is
28		later. The notice must include a statement of the reason for the action, a brief
29		summary of the evidence relied upon by the bureau, and an explanation of the
30		right to respond and the procedure for challenging the action and submitting
31		additional evidence to the bureau.

SECTION 3. AMENDMENT. Section 65-05-09 of the North Dakota Century Code is
 amended and reenacted as follows:

3 65-05-09. Temporary total or permanent total disability - Weekly and aggregate 4 **compensation** benefit. If an injury causes temporary total or permanent total disability, the 5 fund shall pay to the disabled employee during such that disability a weekly compensation 6 benefit equal to sixty-six and two-thirds percent of the gross weekly wage of the claimant 7 employee, subject to a minimum of sixty percent and a maximum of one hundred percent of the 8 average weekly wage in the state. If an employee is disabled due to an injury, that employee's 9 benefits will be based upon the employee's wage and the bureau benefit rates in effect on the 10 date of first disability.

If an employee suffers disability but is able to return to employment for a period of
 twelve consecutive calendar months or more, that employee's benefits will be
 based upon the wage in effect at the time of the recurrence of the disability or upon
 the wage that employee received prior to the injury, whichever is higher; and the.
 The bureau benefit rates shall be are those in effect at the time of that recurrence.

- In case of permanent total or temporary total disability, there must be paid to such
 disabled employee an additional dependency allowance for each child of the
 employee at the rate of ten dollars per week per child. Effective July 1, 1989, this
 rate must be paid to each eligible employee regardless of the date of injury.
- 20 3. Dependency allowance for the children may be made directly to either parent or
 21 guardian at the discretion of the bureau.
- 4. In no case may the compensation <u>The disability benefit</u> or <u>the</u> combined
 compensation <u>disability benefit</u> and dependency award <u>may not</u> exceed the
 weekly wage of the employee after deductions for social security and federal
 income tax.
- 5. 3. When an employee who is permanently and totally disabled and, must be
 maintained in a nursing home or similar facility, and has no dependent parent,
 spouse, or children, part or all as much of that employee's weekly compensation
 benefit as is necessary may be used by the bureau to help defray the cost of such
 the nursing home care.

SECTION 4. A new section to chapter 65-05 of the North Dakota Century Code is
 created and enacted as follows:

3 **Preacceptance disability benefits.** If, after receiving a claim for benefits, the bureau 4 determines that more information is needed to process the claim, but that the information in the 5 file indicates the injured employee is more likely than not entitled to disability benefits, the 6 bureau may pay preacceptance disability benefits equal to the minimum weekly disability 7 benefit allowed under section 65-05-09. The bureau may continue to pay preacceptance 8 disability benefits to the employee during the period the claim is pending, unless the injured 9 employee is not cooperating with requests from the bureau for additional information needed to 10 process the claim. The bureau may not pay more than sixty days of preacceptance benefits. 11 The bureau may only recover a payment made to an injured employee under this section if that recovery is allowed under section 65-05-33. There is no appeal from a bureau decision not to 12 13 pay preacceptance disability benefits. 14 SECTION 5. AMENDMENT. Section 65-05-10 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows: 15 16 65-05-10. Partial disability - Weekly compensation benefit. If the injury causes 17 temporary partial disability resulting in decrease of earning capacity, the compensation 18 disability benefit is sixty-six and two-thirds percent of the difference between the injured 19 employee's average weekly wages before the injury and the employee's wage earning capacity 20 after the injury in the same or another employment. However, the partial disability benefits plus 21 dependency allowance and earning capacity may not exceed the weekly wage of the employee 22 after deductions for social security and federal and state income tax benefit rates as defined in 23 section 65-05-09. 24 1. It is the burden of the employee to show that the inability to obtain employment or 25 to earn as much as the employee earned at the time of injury, is due to physical 26 limitation related to the injury, and that any wage loss claimed is the result of the 27 compensable injury. 28 If the employee voluntarily limits income or refuses to accept employment suitable 2. 29 to the employee's capacity, offered to or procured for the employee, such 30 employee is not entitled to any compensation at any time during the continuance of

1		such refusal unless, at any time, such refusal is justified in the opinion of the
2		bureau.
3	3.	No compensation is payable unless the loss of earning capacity exceeds ten
4		percent. The claimant may earn up to ten percent of the claimant's average gross
5		weekly carnings with no reduction in total disability benefits.
6	4.	Upon securing suitable employment, the injured employee shall notify the bureau
7		of the name and address of the employer, the date the employment began, and
8		the amount of wages being received on an annual basis. The injured employee
9		shall notify the bureau whenever there is a change in wages received.
10	5.	The benefits provided by this section are available to any otherwise eligible worker,
11		providing the loss of earning capacity occurs after July 1, 1989. Partial loss of
12		earning capacity occurring prior to July 1, 1989, must be paid at a rate to be fixed
13		by the bureau.
14	6.	Dependency allowance must be paid under section 65-05-09 on claims receiving
15		benefits under this section.
16	7. <u>2.</u>	Benefits must be paid during the continuance of partial disability, not to exceed a
17		period of five years. The bureau may waive the five-year limit on the duration of
18		partial disability benefits in cases of catastrophic injury as defined in section
19		65-05.1-06.1 or when the injured worker is working and has long-term restrictions
20		verified by clear and convincing objective medical and vocational evidence that
21		limits the injured worker to working less than twenty-eight hours per week because
22		of the compensable work injury. This subsection is effective for partial loss of
23		earnings capacity occurring after June 30, 1991.
24	8. <u>3.</u>	The employee's earnings capacity may be established by expert vocational
25		evidence of a capacity to earn in the statewide job pool where the worker lives.
26		Actual postinjury earnings are presumptive evidence of earnings capacity where
27		the job employs the employee to full work capacity in terms of hours worked per
28		week, and where the job is in a field related to the employee's transferable skills.
29		The presumption may be rebutted by competent evidence from a vocational expert
30		that the employee's actual earnings do not fairly reflect the employee's earnings

capacity in the statewide job pool, considering the employee's capabilities,
 education, experience, and skills.

3 SECTION 6. AMENDMENT. Section 65-06.2-02 of the North Dakota Century Code is
4 amended and reenacted as follows:

5 **65-06.2-02.** Coverage of inmates - Conditions.

- If an inmate in performance of work in connection with the maintenance of the
 institution, or with any industry maintained therein within the institution, or with any
 public service activity, sustains a compensable injury, the inmate may, upon being
 released from the institution, or after discharge from public service, be awarded
 and paid compensation benefits under the provision provisions of this title, upon
 being released from the institution or after discharge from public service.
- Claims under this chapter shall must be filed and processed pursuant to section
 65-05-01, except that an inmate shall also have has one year from the date of first
 release from the institution or discharge from public service to file a claim.
- 3. Workers' compensation benefits under this chapter accrue and are payable from
 the time of the inmate's release from the institution or after discharge from public
 service. Disability benefits must be computed according to the methods provided
 in chapter 65-05. The inmate's weekly wage must be computed using either the
 actual wage paid to the inmate or the federal minimum wage as of the date of
 injury, whichever is higher.
- 4. If a former inmate receiving disability benefits under the provisions of this chapter
 is recommitted or sentenced by a court to imprisonment in a penal institution, the
 disability benefits are payable pursuant to subsection 3 <u>2</u> of section 65-05-08.

SECTION 7. EFFECTIVE DATE. Subsection 2 of section 1 of this Act is effective for all confined employees whose period of confinement begins after July 31, 1997, regardless of the date of injury. Subsection 2 of section 5 of this Act is effective for all determinations made after July 31, 1997, regardless of the date of injury. The remainder of section 1, sections 2 and 3, the remainder of section 5, and section 6 are effective for all claims, regardless of the date of injury. Section 4 of this Act is effective for all claims filed after July 31, 1997.

30 SECTION 8. EXPIRATION DATE. Section 4 of this Act is effective through July 31,
31 1999, and after that date is ineffective.