## FIRST ENGROSSMENT

Fifty-fifth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

# ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 2275

Introduced by

Senator Grindberg

Representative Clark

- 1 A BILL for an Act relating to school district bond ratings, assistance to school districts unable to
- 2 make principal or interest payments on certain debt obligations, and a special levy to repay any
- 3 assistance received.

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### 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

**SECTION 1. Definitions.** For purposes of this Act, unless the context otherwise requires, "debt obligation" means either a tax or aid anticipation certificate of indebtedness or a general obligation bond.

#### SECTION 2. Guaranteed debt obligations - Application.

- Subject to the provisions of this Act, a maximum of ten million dollars of the coal development trust fund may be pledged to guaranty debt obligations of school districts.
- 2. To be eligible for a guaranty under this Act, a district must submit an application to the superintendent of public instruction which includes the principal amount of the bonds to be issued, a maturity schedule for the bonds, the dates on which principal and interest are to be paid, and any other information required by the superintendent of public instruction.
- 3. Upon approval of the application, the superintendent of public instruction shall execute and issue to the school district a certificate of guaranty which must certify that payment of the bonds and interest will be secured by the coal development trust fund in accordance with this Act. The guaranty becomes effective on the date of payment for and delivery of the debt obligations.

### SECTION 3. Notification - School district's inability to pay.

Notwithstanding the provisions of section 21-03-15, if a school district believes it
may be unable to make a scheduled principal or interest payment on any

outstanding debt obligation that has been guaranteed under authority of this Act, the superintendent of the school district shall notify the superintendent of public instruction and the commissioner of university and school lands not less than fifteen working days before the date that the payment is due. The notice must include the name of the school district, an identification of the debt obligation issue in question, the date the payment is due, the amount of principal and interest due on the payment date, the amount of principal or interest the school district may be unable to pay on that date, the paying agent for the debt obligation, and any wire transfer instructions to transfer funds to the paying agent. If a paying agent becomes aware of a potential default, the agent shall inform the superintendent of public instruction. The superintendent of public instruction, after receiving a notification under this section, shall consult with the school district and the paying agent, verify the accuracy of the information provided, and immediately notify the commissioner of university and school lands of the potential default.

 Upon submission of the notification from the superintendent of public instruction to the commissioner of university and school lands under subsection 1, the commissioner shall pay to the paying agent the amount of principal and interest specified in the notification as being in default.

SECTION 4. Pledge of district's full faith and credit. If the superintendent of public instruction authorizes the payment of part or all of the principal or interest due on a school district's debt obligation as provided in section 2 of this Act, the pledge of the full faith and credit and taxing authority of the school district to repay the principal and interest due on those debt obligations, along with the interest required in section 5 of this Act becomes, without an election or the requirement of a further authorization, a pledge of the full faith and credit and taxing authority of the school district to repay the coal development trust fund. The school district shall repay any amounts loaned under this Act in the order in which the payments were made.

**SECTION 5.** School district bond - Interest rate on payment. If the superintendent of public instruction authorizes the payment of part or all of the principal or interest due on a school district's debt obligation as provided in section 2 of this Act, the school district is bound by all provisions of this Act and the total amount loaned from the coal development trust fund

- must bear interest from the date of the loan to the date of repayment at a rate equal to two
   percentage points above the Bank of North Dakota's prime lending rate.
  - **SECTION 6.** Aid reduction for repayment. The superintendent of public instruction may, in lieu of a direct repayment by the school district, reduce the amount of foundation aid to which a school district is entitled under chapter 15-40.1 by an amount equal to the total amount owed to the coal development trust fund. The superintendent of public instruction shall deposit the amount of foundation aid withheld from a district into the coal development trust fund.
  - **SECTION 7. Tax levy for repayment.** In addition to any other amount authorized by statute, a school district may impose a special levy within one year after the commissioner makes a payment under this Act. If the amount of the special levy needed for the full repayment would create an undue financial hardship on the school district or cause an undue disruption of the district's educational program, the superintendent of public instruction, upon notification to the commissioner of university and school lands, upon the filing of a request by the school district, may allow for an extension of the full repayment. In no event may the full repayment exceed five years from the date of the loan from the coal development trust fund.
  - **SECTION 8.** Administrative rules. The superintendent of public instruction, in accordance with chapter 28-32, may adopt rules for the administration and enforcement of this Act.