Fifty-fifth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

SECOND ENGROSSMENT with Conference Committee Amendments REENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 2344

Introduced by

Senator W. Stenehjem

Representative Kretschmar

- 1 A BILL for an Act to create and enact sections 10-19.1-41.1, 10-19.1-72.1, 10-19.1-73.2,
- 2 10-19.1-73.3, 10-19.1-75.1, 10-19.1-75.2, 10-19.1-76.1, 10-19.1-76.2, 10-19.1-76.3,
- 3 10-19.1-85.1, 10-19.1-132, 10-19.1-133, 10-19.1-134, 10-19.1-135, 10-19.1-136, 10-19.1-137,
- 4 10-19.1-138, 10-19.1-139, 10-19.1-140, 10-19.1-141, 10-19.1-142, 10-19.1-143, 10-19.1-144,
- 5 10-19.1-145, 10-19.1-146, 10-19.1-147, 10-19.1-148, 10-19.1-149, 10-19.1-150, 10-19.1-151,
- 6 10-19.1-152, 10-32-39.1, 10-32-40.1, 10-32-40.2, 10-32-43.1, 10-32-43.2, 10-32-48.1,
- 7 10-32-52.1, 10-32-78.1, 10-32-130.1, 10-32-130.2, 10-32-156, 57-38-07.2, and 57-38.1-17.3 of
- 8 the North Dakota Century Code, relating to the North Dakota Business Corporation Act -
- 9 General Provisions, the Limited Liability Company Act, limited liability partnerships, income tax,
- 10 and the Uniform Division of Income Tax Act; to amend and reenact sections 10-06.1-17,
- 11 10-19.1-01, 10-19.1-10, 10-19.1-13, 10-19.1-14, 10-19.1-15, 10-19.1-16, 10-19.1-25,
- 12 10-19.1-26, 10-19.1-30, 10-19.1-31, 10-19.1-35, 10-19.1-40, 10-19.1-41, 10-19.1-42,
- 13 10-19.1-43, 10-19.1-47, 10-19.1-48, 10-19.1-50, 10-19.1-51, 10-19.1-52, 10-19.1-53,
- 14 10-19.1-55, 10-19.1-56, 10-19.1-57, 10-19.1-58, 10-19.1-59, 10-19.1-60, 10-19.1-66,
- 15 10-19.1-71, 10-19.1-72, 10-19.1-73, 10-19.1-74, 10-19.1-75, 10-19.1-76, 10-19.1-81,
- 16 10-19.1-82, 10-19.1-83, 10-19.1-85, 10-19.1-86, 10-19.1-87, 10-19.1-89, 10-19.1-90,
- 17 10-19.1-91, 10-19.1-92, 10-19.1-95, 10-19.1-110, 10-19.1-110.1, 10-19.1-115, 10-19.1-117,
- 18 10-19.1-123, 10-19.1-124, 10-19.1-127, 10-31-01, 10-31-02, 10-31-02.1, 10-31-02.2, 10-31-03,
- 19 10-31-04, 10-31-05, 10-31-07, 10-31-07.1, 10-31-07.2, 10-31-07.3, 10-31-12, 10-31-13,
- 20 10-31-13.1, 10-32-02, 10-32-06, 10-32-07, 10-32-10, 10-32-11, 10-32-12, 10-32-13, 10-32-15,
- 21 10-32-16, 10-32-17, 10-32-19, 10-32-22, 10-32-23, 10-32-28, 10-32-31, 10-32-32, 10-32-34,
- 22 10-32-37, 10-32-38, 10-32-39, 10-32-40, 10-32-42, 10-32-43, 10-32-44, 10-32-47, 10-32-48,
- 23 subsection 1 of section 10-32-50, sections 10-32-51, 10-32-52, 10-32-53, 10-32-54, 10-32-55,
- 24 10-32-56, 10-32-58, 10-32-64, 10-32-66, 10-32-67, 10-32-68, 10-32-72, 10-32-77, 10-32-78,
- 25 10-32-79, 10-32-80, 10-32-81, 10-32-83, 10-32-84, 10-32-85, 10-32-86, 10-32-87, 10-32-88,

1 10-32-89, 10-32-91, 10-32-92, 10-32-93, 10-32-94, 10-32-95, 10-32-96, 10-32-97, 10-32-99, 2 10-32-100, 10-32-101, 10-32-102, 10-32-103, 10-32-104, 10-32-105, 10-32-106, 10-32-107, 3 10-32-108, 10-32-109, 10-32-110, 10-32-113, 10-32-114, 10-32-115, 10-32-117, 10-32-119, 4 10-32-121, 10-32-122, 10-32-127, 10-32-135, 10-32-136, 10-32-137, 10-32-138, 10-32-139, 5 10-32-140, 10-32-141, 10-32-142, 10-32-143, 10-32-144, 10-32-145, 10-32-146, 10-32-147, 6 10-32-148, 10-32-149, 10-32-150, 10-32-152, 10-32-153, 10-32-154, 10-32-155, 45-10.1-01, 7 45-10.1-02, 45-10.1-03, 45-10.1-04, 45-10.1-07.1, 45-10.1-08, 45-10.1-51, 45-10.1-52, 8 45-10.1-53, 45-10.1-54, 45-10.1-55, 45-10.1-56, 45-10.1-57, 45-10.1-58, 45-20-01, 45-22-01, 9 45-22-03, 45-22-04, 45-22-05, 45-22-06, 45-22-07, 45-22-08, 45-22-11, 45-22-12, 45-22-13, 10 45-22-14, 45-22-16, 45-22-17, 45-22-18, 45-22-20, 45-22-22, 45-22-23, 45-22-24, 45-22-25, 11 45-22-26, 45-22-27, 57-38-07.1, and 57-38.1-17.2 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating 12 to corporations or limited liability company farming, the Business Corporation Act, the 13 Professional Organizations Act, the Limited Liability Company Act, the Uniform Limited 14 Partnership Act, events causing dissolution and winding up of partnership business, limited 15 liability partnerships, income tax, and the Uniform Division of Income Tax Act; to repeal 16 sections 10-19.1-54, 10-19.1-73.1, 10-19.1-77, 10-19.1-78, 10-19.1-79, 10-19.1-80, chapters 17 10-22, 10-23, sections 10-32-41, 10-32-45, 10-32-46, 10-32-90, and 10-32-151 of the North 18 Dakota Century Code, relating to the North Dakota Business Corporation Act - General 19 Provisions, the North Dakota Business Corporation Act - Foreign Corporations, the North 20 Dakota Business Corporation Act - Administration, Reports, Fees, Effect, and the Limited 21 Liability Company Act; and to provide penalties.

22 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

23 SECTION 1. AMENDMENT. Section 10-06.1-17 of the North Dakota Century Code is
 24 amended and reenacted as follows:

10-06.1-17. Annual report - Contents - Filing requirements. Prior to Before April
fifteenth of each year, every corporation engaged in farming or ranching after June 30, 1981,
and every limited liability company engaged in farming or ranching shall file with the secretary
of state a report executed by its president, a vice president, secretary, or treasurer containing
all of the following information with respect to the preceding calendar year:

30 1. The name of the corporation or limited liability company.

1	C	The address of the registered office of the corporation or limited lightlifty company		
1	2.	The address of the registered office of the corporation or limited liability company		
2		in this state and the name of its registered agent in this state at that address.		
3	3.	With respect to each corporation:		
4		a. A statement of the aggregate number of shares the corporation has authority		
5		to issue, itemized by classes, par value of shares, shares without par value,		
6		and series, if any, within a class.		
7		b. A statement of the aggregate number of issued shares, itemized by classes,		
8		<u>par value of shares, shares without par value, and services, if any, within a</u>		
9		class.		
10	<u>4.</u>	With respect to each shareholder or member:		
11		a. The name and address of each, including the names and addresses and		
12		relationships of beneficiaries of trusts and estates which own shares or		
13		membership interests;		
14		b. The number of shares or membership interests or percentage of shares or		
15		membership interests owned by each;		
16		c. The relationship of each;		
17		d. A statement of whether each is a citizen or permanent resident alien of the		
18		United States; and		
19		e. A statement of whether at least one is an individual residing on or operating		
20		the farm or ranch.		
21	4. <u>5.</u>	With respect to management:		
22		a. If a corporation, then the names and addresses of the officers and members		
23		of the board of directors; or		
24		b. If a limited liability company, then the names and addresses of the managers		
25		and members of the board of governors.		
26	5. <u>6.</u>	A statement listing the acreage [hectarage] and location listed by section,		
27		township, range, and county of all land in the state owned or leased by the		
28		corporation or limited liability company and used for farming or ranching. The		
29		statement must also designate which, if any, of the acreage [hectarage] is leased		
30		from or jointly owned with any shareholder or member and list the name of the		
31		shareholder or member with that acreage [hectarage].		

1	6. <u>7.</u>	A statement of the percentage of the annual average gross income of the
2		corporation or limited liability company which has been derived from farming or
3		ranching operations over the previous five years or for each year of its existence if
4		less than five years.
5	7. <u>8.</u>	A statement of the percentage of gross income of the corporation or limited liability
6		company derived from nonfarm rent, nonfarm royalties, dividends, interest, and
7		annuities during the period covered by the report.
8	8. <u>9.</u>	A corporation engaged in farming which fails to file an annual report is subject to
9		the penalties provided in section $\frac{10-23-02}{10-19.1-147}$ except that the penalties
10		must be calculated from the date of the report required by this section.
11	9. <u>10.</u>	A limited liability company engaged in farming which fails to file an annual report is
12		subject to the penalties provided in subsections 5 and 6 of section 10-32-149
13		except that the penalties must be calculated from the date of the report required by
14		this section.
15	SEC	CTION 2. AMENDMENT. Section 10-19.1-01 of the North Dakota Century Code is
16	amended a	nd reenacted as follows:
17	10-1	19.1-01. Definitions. For the purposes of this chapter, unless the context clearly
	indicates th	at a different meaning is intended:
18		
18 19	1.	"Acquiring corporation" means the domestic or foreign corporation that acquires
		"Acquiring corporation" means the domestic or foreign corporation that acquires the shares of a corporation in an exchange.
19		
19 20	1.	the shares of a corporation in an exchange.
19 20 21	1.	the shares of a corporation in an exchange. "Address" means mailing address:
19 20 21 22	1.	the shares of a corporation in an exchange. "Address" means mailing address.: <u>a.</u> In the case of a registered office or principal executive office, the term means
19 20 21 22 23	1.	 the shares of a corporation in an exchange. "Address" means mailing address.: a. In the case of a registered office or principal executive office, the term means the office mailing address, including a zip code of the actual office location,
19 20 21 22 23 24	1.	 the shares of a corporation in an exchange. "Address" means mailing address.: a. In the case of a registered office or principal executive office, the term means the office mailing address, including a zip code of the actual office location, which may not be only a post-office box=; and
19 20 21 22 23 24 25	1. 2.	 the shares of a corporation in an exchange. "Address" means mailing address.: a. In the case of a registered office or principal executive office, the term means the office mailing address, including a zip code of the actual office location, which may not be only a post-office box: and b. In any other case, the mailing address, including a zip code.
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	1. 2.	 the shares of a corporation in an exchange. "Address" means mailing address.: a. In the case of a registered office or principal executive office, the term means the office mailing address, including a zip code of the actual office location, which may not be only a post-office box; and b. In any other case, the mailing address, including a zip code. "Articles" means:
 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 	1. 2.	 the shares of a corporation in an exchange. "Address" means mailing address.: a. In the case of a registered office or principal executive office, the term means the office mailing address, including a zip code of the actual office location, which may not be only a post-office box-; and b. In any other case, the mailing address, including a zip code. "Articles" means: a. In the case of a corporation incorporated under or governed by this chapter,
 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 	1. 2.	 the shares of a corporation in an exchange. "Address" means mailing address.: a. In the case of a registered office or principal executive office, the term means the office mailing address, including a zip code of the actual office location, which may not be only a post-office box.; and b. In any other case, the mailing address, including a zip code. "Articles" means: a. In the case of a corporation incorporated under or governed by this chapter, articles of incorporation, articles of amendment, a resolution of election to

1		establishing or fixing the rights and preferences of a class or series of shares,			
2		a statement of cancellation of authorized shares, articles of merger, articles of			
3		abandonment, and articles of dissolution.			
4		b. In the case of a foreign corporation, the term includes all documents serving a			
5		similar function required to be filed with the secretary of state or other officer			
6		of the corporation's state of incorporation.			
7	4.	"Board" or "board of directors" means the board of directors of a corporation.			
8	5.	"Board member" means:			
9		a. An individual serving on the board of directors in the case of a corporation;			
10		and			
11		b. An individual serving on the board of governors in the case of a limited liability			
12		company.			
13	6.	"Bylaws" means the code adopted for the regulation or management of the internal			
14		affairs of a corporation, regardless of how that code is designated.			
15	<u>7.</u>	"Class", when used with reference to shares, means a category of shares that			
16		differs in designation or one or more rights or preferences from another category of			
17		shares of the corporation.			
18	7. <u>8.</u>	"Closely held corporation" means a corporation that does not have more than			
19		thirty-five shareholders.			
20	8. <u>9.</u>	"Constituent corporation" means a domestic or foreign corporation that is a party to			
21		a merger or exchange.			
22	9. <u>10.</u>	"Corporation" means a corporation, other than a foreign corporation, organized for			
23		profit and incorporated under or governed by this chapter.			
24	10. <u>11.</u>	"Director" means a member of the board.			
25	11. <u>12.</u>	"Distribution" means a direct or indirect transfer of money or other property, other			
26		than its own shares, with or without consideration, or an incurrence or issuance of			
27		indebtedness, by a corporation to any of its shareholders in respect of its shares-			
28		A distribution, and may be in the form of a dividend or a distribution in liquidation,			
29		or as consideration for the purchase, redemption, or other acquisition of its shares,			
30		or otherwise.			

Fifty-fifth

Legislative Assembly

- 1 <u>12.</u> <u>13.</u> "Division" or "combination" means dividing or combining shares of a class or
 series, whether issued or unissued, into a greater or lesser number of shares of
 the same class or series.
- 4 13. 14. "Filed with the secretary of state" means that either a signed original or a legible 5 facsimile copy of a signed original of a request for reserved name; or a signed 6 original of a document all other documents meeting the applicable requirements of 7 this chapter, together with the fees provided in chapter 10-23 section 10-19.1-147, 8 has been delivered to the secretary of state and has been determined by the 9 secretary of state to conform to law. The secretary of state shall then endorse on the original the word "filed" and the month, day, and year, and record the 10 11 document in the office of the secretary of state.
- 12 <u>14.</u> <u>15.</u> "Foreign corporation" means a corporation organized for profit which is
 13 incorporated under laws other than the laws of this state for a purpose or purposes
 14 for which a corporation may be incorporated under this chapter.
- 15 <u>15.</u> <u>16.</u> "Foreign limited liability company" means a limited liability company organized for
 profit that is organized under laws other than the laws of this state for a purpose for
 which a limited liability company may be organized under chapter 10-32.
- 18 <u>16.</u> <u>17.</u> "Good faith" means honesty in fact in the conduct of the <u>an</u> act or transaction
 concerned.
- 17. 18. "Intentionally" means that the person referred to either has a purpose to do or fail
 to do the act or cause the result specified or believes that the act or failure to act, if
 successful, will cause that result. A person "intentionally" violates a statute if the
 person intentionally does the act or causes the result prohibited by the statute, or if
 the person intentionally fails to do the act or cause the result required by the
 statute, even though the person may not know of the existence or constitutionality
 of the statute or the scope or meaning of the terms used in the statute.
- 27 18. 19. A person "knows" "Knows" or has "knowledge" of a fact when means the person
 28 has actual knowledge of it a fact. A person does not "know" or have "knowledge"
 29 of a fact merely because the person has reason to know of the fact.
- 30 19. <u>20.</u> "Legal representative" means a person empowered to act for another person,
- 31 including an agent, manager, officer, partner, or associate of, an organization; a

1 trustee of a trust; a personal representative; an executor of a will; an administrator 2 of an estate; a trustee in bankruptcy; and a receiver, guardian, custodian, or 3 conservator of the person or estate of a person. 20. 21. 4 "Limited liability company" means a limited liability company, other than a foreign 5 limited liability company, organized under chapter 10-32. 6 22. "Nonprofit corporation" means a corporation, whether domestic or foreign, 7 incorporated under or governed by chapter 10-33. 8 21. 23. "Notice" is given by a shareholder of a corporation to the corporation or an officer 9 of the corporation when in writing and mailed or delivered to the corporation or the 10 officer at the registered office or principal executive office of the corporation. 11 In all other cases, "notice" is given to a person: a. 12 (1) When mailed to the person at an address designated by the person or 13 at the last known address of the person; or 14 (2) When handed to the person; or When left at the office of the person with a clerk or other person in 15 (3) 16 charge of the office; or 17 If there is no one in charge, when left in a conspicuous place in (a) 18 the office; or 19 (b) If the office is closed or the person to be notified has no office, 20 when left at the dwelling house or usual place of abode of the 21 person with some person of suitable age and discretion then 22 residing therein there. 23 b. Notice by mail is given by mail when deposited in the United States mail with 24 sufficient postage affixed. 25 Notice is deemed received when it is given. C. 26 22. <u>24.</u> "Officer" means a person an individual who is eighteen years of age or more who 27 is elected, appointed, or otherwise designated as an officer by the board, and any 28 other person, or deemed elected as an officer pursuant to section 10-19.1-56. 29 23. 25. "Organization" means a, whether domestic or foreign, a corporation incorporated 30 in or authorized to do business in this state under this or another chapter of this 31 code, limited liability company, partnership, limited partnership, limited liability

	Logiolativo	, locentary				
1		partnership, joint venture, association, business trust, estate, trust, enterprise, and				
2		any other legal or commercial entity.				
3	24. <u>26.</u>	"Outstanding shares" means all shares duly issued and not reacquired by a				
4		corporation.				
5	25. <u>27.</u>	"Owners" means:				
6		a. Shareholders in the case of a corporation; and				
7		b. Members in the case of a limited liability company or a nonprofit corporation.				
8	26. <u>28.</u>	"Ownership interests" means:				
9		a. Shares in the case of a corporation; and				
10		b. Membership interests in the case of a nonprofit corporation or limited liability				
11		company <u>; and</u>				
12		c. Similar interests in other organizations.				
13	27. <u>29.</u>	"Parent" of a specified corporation means a corporation or limited liability company				
14		that directly, or indirectly through related corporations or limited liability companies,				
15		owns more than fifty percent of the voting power of the shares entitled to vote for				
16		directors of the specified corporation.				
17	28. <u>30.</u>	"Principal executive office" means an office where the elected or appointed				
18		president of a corporation has an office. If, or if the corporation has no elected or				
19		appointed president "principal executive office" means, then the registered office of				
20		the corporation.				
21	29.	"Related organization" of a specified corporation means:				
22		a. A parent or subsidiary of the specified corporation;				
23		b. Another subsidiary of a parent of the specified corporation;				
24		e. A limited liability company owning, directly or indirectly, more than fifty				
25		percent of the voting power of the shares entitled to vote for directors of the				
26		specified corporation;				
27		d. A limited liability company having more than fifty percent of the voting power				
28		of its membership interests entitled to vote for governors owned directly or				
29		indirectly by the specified corporation;				

1			e.	e. A limited liability company having more than fifty percent of the voting power			
2				of its membership interests entitled to vote for governors owned directly or			
3				indirectly by either:			
4				(1)	A parent of the specified corporation; or		
5				(2)	A limited liability company owning, directly or indirectly, more than fifty		
6					percent of the voting power of the shares entitled to vote for directors of		
7					the specified corporation; or.		
8			f.	A cor	poration having more than fifty percent of the voting power of its shares		
9				entitle	ed to vote for directors owned directly or indirectly by a limited liability		
10				comp	eany owning, directly or indirectly, more than fifty percent of the voting		
11				powe	er of the shares entitled to vote for directors of the specified corporation.		
12		<u>31.</u>	"Re	gistere	ed office" means the place in this state designated in the articles as the		
13			regi	registered office of the corporation.			
14		<u>32.</u>	"Re	"Related organization" means an organization that controls, is controlled by, or is			
15			<u>und</u>	under common control with another organization with control existing if an			
16			orga	organization:			
17			<u>a.</u>	<u>Own</u>	s, directly or indirectly, at least fifty percent of the shares, membership		
18				intere	ests, or other ownership interests of another organization;		
19			<u>b.</u>	Has t	the right, directly or indirectly, to elect, appoint, or remove fifty percent or		
20				more	of the voting members of the governing body of another organization; or		
21			<u>C.</u>	Has t	the power, directly or indirectly, to direct or cause the direction of the		
22				mana	agement and policies of another organization, whether through the		
23				owne	ership of voting interests, by contract, or otherwise.		
24	30.	<u>33.</u>	"Se	curity"	has the meaning given it in subsection 13 of section 10-04-02.		
25	31.	<u>34.</u>	"Se	ries" m	neans a category of shares, within a class of shares authorized or issued		
26			by a	a corpo	pration by or pursuant to its articles, that have some of the same rights		
27			and	prefei	rences as other shares within the same class, but that differ in		
28			des	ignatio	on or one or more rights and preferences from another category of shares		
29			with	in that	class.		
30	32.	<u>35.</u>	"Sha	are" m	eans one of the units, however designated, into which the shareholders'		
31			prop	orietar	y interests in a corporation are divided.		

Fifty-fifth

Legislative Assembly

- 33. 36. "Shareholder" means a person registered on the books or records of a corporation
 or its transfer agent or registrar as the owner of whole or fractional shares of the
 corporation.
- 34. <u>37.</u> "Signed" means that the signature of a person has been placed on a document, as
 provided in subsection 39 of section 41-01-11, and, with:
- <u>a.</u> With respect to a document required by this chapter to be filed with the
 secretary of state, means that the document has been signed by a person
 authorized to do so by this chapter, the articles or bylaws, or a resolution
 approved by the affirmative vote of the required proportion or number of the
 directors or the holders of the required proportion or number of the voting
 power of the shares present and entitled to vote. A signature on; and
- 12b.With respect to a document not required by this chapter to be filed with the13secretary of state, the signature may be a facsimile affixed, engraved, printed,14placed, stamped with indelible ink, or in any other manner reproduced on the15document.
- 16 35. 38. "Subscriber" means a person who subscribes for shares in a corporation, whether
 17 before or after incorporation.

18 36. 39. "Subsidiary" of a specified corporation means:

- a. A corporation having more than fifty percent of the voting power of its shares
 entitled to vote for directors owned directly, or indirectly through related
 corporations or limited liability companies, by the specified corporation; or
- b. A limited liability company having more than fifty percent of the voting power
 of its membership interests entitled to vote for governors owned directly, or
 indirectly through related limited liability companies or corporations, by the
 specified limited liability company.
- 26 37. 40. "Surviving corporation" means the domestic or foreign corporation resulting from a
 27 merger.
- 28 38. <u>41.</u> "Vote" includes authorization by written action.
- 39. <u>42.</u> "Written action" means a written document signed by all of the persons required to
 take the action described. The term also means, or the counterparts of a written
 document signed by any of the persons taking the action described. Each

1	counterpart constitutes the action of the person signing it, and all the counterparts,					
2	taken together, constitute one written action by all of the persons signing them.					
3	SECTION 3. AMENDMENT. Section 10-19.1-10 of the North Dakota Century Code is					
4	amended and r	eenacted as follows:				
5	10-19.1	-10. Articles.				
6	1. Th	e articles of incorporation must contain:				
7	a.	The name of the corporation.				
8	b.	The address of the registered office of the corporation and the name of its				
9		registered agent, at that address.				
10	C.	The aggregate number of shares that the corporation has authority to issue.				
11	d.	The name and address of each incorporator.				
12	e.	The effective date of the corporation incorporation if a later date than that on				
13		which the certificate of incorporation is issued by the secretary of state. A				
14		later effective date, which may not be later than ninety days after the date on				
15		which the certificate of incorporation is issued.				
16	2. Th	e articles of incorporation may not contain:				
17	a.	Any provision limiting the right of cumulative voting as guaranteed by section				
18		6 of article XII of the Constitution of North Dakota.				
19	b.	Any provision authorizing the issuance of stocks or bonds in violation of				
20		section 9 of article XII of the Constitution of North Dakota.				
21	3. Th	e following provisions govern a corporation unless modified in the articles:				
22	a.	A corporation has general business purposes as provided in section				
23		10-19.1-08.				
24	b.	A corporation has perpetual existence and certain powers as provided in				
25		section 10-19.1-26.				
26	C.	The power to adopt, amend, or repeal the bylaws is vested in the board as				
27		provided in section 10-19.1-31.				
28	d.	The affirmative vote of a majority of directors present is required for an action				
29		of the board as provided in section 10-19.1-46.				
30	e.	A written action by the board taken without a meeting must be signed by all				
31		directors as provided in section 10-19.1-47.				

1	f.	The board may authorize the issuance of securities and rights to purchase
2		securities as provided in subsection 1 of section 10-19.1-61.
3	g.	All shares are common shares entitled to vote and are of one class and one
4		series as provided in subdivisions a and b of subsection 2 of section
5		10-19.1-61.
6	h.	All shares have equal rights and preferences in all matters not otherwise
7		provided for by the board as provided in subdivisions a and b of subsection 2
8		of section 10-19.1-61.
9	i.	The par value of shares is fixed at one cent per share for certain purposes
10		and may be fixed by the board for certain other purposes as provided in
11		subdivisions a and b of subsection 2 of section 10-19.1-61.
12	j.	The board or the shareholders may issue shares for any consideration or for
13		no consideration to effectuate share dividends or splits and determine the
14		value of nonmonetary consideration as provided in subsection 1 of section
15		10-19.1-63.
16	k.	Shares of a class or series may not be issued to holders of shares of another
17		class or series to effectuate share dividends or splits, unless authorized by a
18		majority of the voting power of the shares of the same class or series as the
19		shares to be issued as provided in subsection 1 of section 10-19.1-63.
20	I.	A corporation may issue rights to purchase securities whose terms,
21		provisions, and conditions are fixed by the board as provided in section
22		10-19.1-64.
23	m.	The affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the voting power of the
24		shares present and entitled to vote at a duly held meeting is required for an
25		action of the shareholders, except where this chapter requires the affirmative
26		vote of a majority of the voting power of all shares entitled to vote as provided
27		in subsection 1 of section 10-19.1-74.
28	n.	Shares of a corporation acquired by the corporation may be reissued as
29		provided in subsection 1 of section 10-19.1-93.
30	0.	An exchange need not be approved by shareholders of the acquiring
31		corporation unless the outstanding shares entitled to vote of that corporation

		will be increased by more than twenty percent immediately after the exchange
		as provided in subdivision c of subsection 3 of section 10-19.1-98.
	p.	An exchange need not be approved by shareholders of the acquiring
		corporation unless the outstanding participating shares of that corporation will
		be increased by more than twenty percent immediately after the exchange as
		provided in subdivision d of subsection 3 of section 10-19.1-98.
	q.	Each share has one vote unless otherwise provided in the terms of the share
		as provided in subsection 3 of section 10-19.1-77.
	r.	The board may effect share dividends, divisions, and combinations under
		certain circumstances without shareholder approval as provided in section
		10-19.1-61.1.
4.	The	following provisions govern a corporation unless modified either in the articles
	or i	n the bylaws:
	a.	Directors serve A director serves for an indefinite term that expires upon the
		election and qualification of a successor as provided in section 10-19.1-35.
	b.	The compensation of directors is fixed by the board as provided in section
		10-19.1-37.
	C.	The method provided in section 10-19.1-41 or 10-19.1-41.1 must be used for
		removal of directors.
	d.	The method provided in section 10-19.1-42 must be used for filling board
		vacancies.
	e.	If the board fails to select a place for a board meeting, it must be held at the
		principal executive office as provided in subsection 1 of section 10-19.1-43.
	f.	The A director may call a board meeting, and the notice of a board the
		meeting need not state the purpose of the meeting as provided in
		subsection 3 of section 10-19.1-43.
	g.	A majority of the board is a quorum for a board meeting as provided in section
		10-19.1-45.
	h.	A committee must consist of one or more persons, who need not be directors,
		appointed by affirmative vote of a majority of the directors present as provided
		in subsection 2 of section 10-19.1-48.
	4.	q. r. 4. The or in a. b. c. d. e. f. g.

1		i.	The board may establish a special litigation committee as provided in section
2			10-19.1-48.
3		j.	Officers may delegate some or all of their duties and powers, if not prohibited
4			by the board from doing so as provided in section 10-19.1-59.
5		k.	Regular meetings of shareholders need not be held, unless demanded by a
6			shareholder under certain conditions as provided in section 10-19.1-71.
7		١.	No fewer than ten nor more than fifty days' notice is required for a meeting of
8			shareholders as provided in subsection 3 of section 10-19.1-73.
9		m.	The number of shares required for a quorum at a shareholders' meeting is a
10			majority of the voting power of the shares entitled to vote at the meeting as
11			provided in section 10-19.1-76.
12		n.	The board may fix a date up to fifty days before the date of a shareholders'
13			meeting as the date for the determination of the holders of shares entitled to
14			notice of and entitled to vote at the meeting as provided in subsection 1 of
15			section 10-19.1-77.
16		0.	Indemnification of certain persons is required as provided in section
17			10-19.1-91.
18		p.	The board may authorize, and the corporation may make, distributions not
19			prohibited, limited, or restricted by an agreement as provided in subsection 1
20			of section 10-19.1-92.
21	5.	The	following provisions relating to the management of the business or the
22		regu	lation of the affairs of a corporation may be included either in the articles or,
23		exce	ept for naming members of the first board fixing a greater than majority director
24		or s	hareholder vote or giving or prescribing the manner of giving voting rights to
25		pers	sons other than shareholders otherwise than pursuant to the articles, or
26		elim	inating or limiting a director's personal liability, in the bylaws:
27		a.	The members of the first board may be named in the articles as provided in
28			subsection 1 of section 10-19.1-32.
29		b.	A manner for increasing or decreasing the number of directors as provided in
30			section 10-19.1-33.

1	c.	Additional qualifications for directors may be imposed as provided in section
2		10-19.1-34.
3	d.	Directors may be classified as provided in section 10-19.1-38.
4	e.	The day or date, time, and place of board meetings may be fixed as provided
5		in subsection 1 of section 10-19.1-43.
6	f.	Absent directors may be permitted to give written consent or opposition to a
7		proposal as provided in section 10-19.1-44.
8	g.	A larger than majority vote may be required for board action as provided in
9		section 10-19.1-46.
10	h.	Authority to sign and deliver certain documents may be delegated to an
11		officer or agent of the corporation other than the president as provided in
12		section 10-19.1-53.
13	i.	Additional officers may be designated as provided in section 10-19.1-54
14		<u>10-19.1-52</u> .
15	j.	Additional powers, rights, duties, and responsibilities may be given to officers
16		as provided in section 10-19.1-53.
17	k.	A method for filling vacant offices may be specified as provided in subsection
18		3 of section 10-19.1-58.
19	I.	A certain officer or agent may be authorized to sign share certificates as
20		provided in subsection 1 of section 10-19.1-66.
21	m.	The transfer or registration of transfer of securities may be restricted as
22		provided in section 10-19.1-70.
23	n.	The day or date, time, and place of regular shareholder meetings may be
24		fixed as provided in subsection 3 of section 10-19.1-71.
25	0.	Certain persons may be authorized to call special meetings of shareholders
26		as provided in subsection 1 of section 10-19.1-72.
27	p.	Notices of shareholder meetings may be required to contain certain
28		information as provided in subsection 4 of section 10-19.1-73.
29	q.	A larger than majority vote may be required for shareholder action as
30		provided in section 10-19.1-74.

1		r.	Voting rights may be granted in or pursuant to the articles to persons who are
2			not shareholders as provided in subsection 4 of section 10-19.1-77.
3		s.	Corporate actions giving rise to dissenter rights may be designated as
4			provided in subdivision d of subsection 1 of section 10-19.1-87.
5		t.	The rights and priorities of persons to receive distributions may be
6			established as provided in section 10-19.1-92.
7		u.	A director's personal liability to the corporation or its shareholders for
8			monetary damages for breach of fiduciary duty as a director may be
9			eliminated or limited in the articles as provided in section 10-19.1-50.
10	6.	The	articles may contain other provisions not inconsistent with law relating to the
11		mar	nagement of the business or the regulation of the affairs of the corporation.
12	7.	It is	not necessary to set forth in the articles any of the corporate powers granted
13		by t	his chapter.
14	SEC		N 4. AMENDMENT. Section 10-19.1-13 of the North Dakota Century Code is
15	amended a	nd re	enacted as follows:
16	10- 1	19.1-′	13. Corporate name.
17	1.	The	corporate name:
18		a.	Must be in the English language or in any other language expressed in
19			English letters or characters.
20		b.	Must contain the word <u>"company",</u> "corporation", "incorporated", or "limited",
21			or must contain an abbreviation of one or more of these words, or the word
22			"company" or the abbreviation "Co.".
23		C.	May not contain a word or phrase that indicates or implies that it is
24			incorporated for a purpose other than one or more business purposes for
25			which a corporation may not be incorporated under this chapter.
26		d.	May not be the same as, or deceptively similar to, the name of a domestic or
27			foreign corporation, limited liability company, or limited partnership, whether
28			profit or nonprofit, authorized to do business in this state, or a name the right
29			to which is, at the time of incorporation, reserved in the manner provided in
30			section 10-19.1-14 or is a fictitious name registered with the office of the
31			secretary of state in the manner provided in chapter 45-11 or is a trade name

1		regit	registered with the office of the secretary of state in the manner provided in				
2		char	chapter 47-25, unless there is filed with the articles:				
3		(1)	The	written consent of the domestic or foreign corporation, limited			
4			liabil	ity company, limited partnership, or partnership authorized to do			
5			busii	ness in this state having a deceptively similar name or the holder of			
6			a res	served name or registered trade name to use the deceptively			
7			simil	ar name; or			
8		(2)	A ce	rtified copy of a judgment of a court in this state establishing the			
9			prior	right of the applicant to the use of the name in this state.			
10		This subs	section	does not affect the right of a domestic corporation existing on			
11		July 1, 19)85, or	a foreign corporation authorized to do business in this state on that			
12		date to co	ontinue	the use of its name. May not contain a word or phrase that			
13		indicates	indicates or implies that it is incorporated for a purpose other than a legal business				
14		purpose for which a corporation may be incorporated under this chapter.					
15		<u>e. May</u>	e. May not be the same as, or deceptively similar to:				
16		<u>(1)</u>	The	name whether foreign and authorized to do business in this state,			
17			<u>or do</u>	pmestic, unless there is filed with the articles a document which			
18			com	olies with subsection 2 of this section, of:			
19			<u>(a)</u>	Another corporation;			
20			<u>(b)</u>	A corporation incorporated or authorized to do business in this			
21				state under another chapter of this code;			
22			<u>(c)</u>	A limited liability company;			
23			<u>(d)</u>	A limited partnership; or			
24			<u>(e)</u>	A limited liability partnership; or			
25		<u>(2)</u>	<u>A na</u>	me the right to which is, at the time of incorporation, reserved in			
26			the r	nanner provided in section 10-19.1-14, 10-32-11, 10-33-11,			
27			<u>45-1</u>	0.1-03, or 45-22-05;			
28		<u>(3)</u>	<u>A fic</u>	titious name registered in the manner provided in chapter 45-11; or			
29		<u>(4)</u>	<u>A tra</u>	de name registered in the manner provided in chapter 47-25.			
30	2.	The secre	etary o	f state shall determine whether a corporate name is "deceptively			
31		similar" to	o anoth	er name for purposes of this chapter.			

2 a. Abrogate or limit: 3 (1) The law of unfair competition or unfair practices; 4 (2) Chapter 47-25; 5 (3) The laws of the United States with respect to the right to acquire and protect copyrights, trade names, trademarks, service names, service 7 marks; or 8 (4) Any other rights to the exclusive use of names or symbols; or 9 b. Derogate the common law or the principles of equity. 10 4. A corporation that is incorporated by the reorganization of one or more domestic or foreign experiation, or that is incorporated by the reorganization of one or more domestic 11 organization, or that is incorporated by the reorganization of one or more domestic or foreign experiations organizations, or that acquires by sale, lease, or other 13 disposition to or exchange with a domestic corforeign experiation 14 substantially all of the assets of another domestic or foreign experiation organization including its name, may have the same name as that used in this 16 state by any of the other corporations organizations, if the other corporation was organization: 18 a. Was incorporated organized, formed, or registered under the laws of, or reis this state; 20 b. Is authorized to transact business or conduct activities in, this state; 21 c. Holds a reserved name in the manner provided in section 10-19.1-14. 10-32-11	1	3.	This section and section 10-19.1-14 do not:
4 (2) Chapter 47-25; 5 (3) The laws of the United States with respect to the right to acquire and protect copyrights, trade names, trademarks, service names, service marks; or 7 marks; or 8 (4) Any other rights to the exclusive use of names or symbols; or 9 b. Derogate the common law or the principles of equity. 10 4. A corporation that is merged with another domestic or foreign eerperation organization, or that is incorporated by the reorganization of one or more domestic or foreign eerperations organizations, or that acquires by sale, lease, or other 13 disposition to or exchange with a domestic corporation organization disposition to or exchange with a domestic or foreign eerperation organization including its name, may have the same name as that used in this state by any of the other eorperations organizations, if the other corporation was organization: 18 a. Was incorporated, organized, formed, or registered under the laws of, or ris this state; 20 b. Is authorized to transact business or conduct activities in, this state; 21 c. Holds a reserved name in the manner provided in section 10-19.1-14, 10-32-11, 10-33-11, 45-10.1-03, or 45-22-05; 23 d. Holds a flictitious name registered in the manner provided in chapter 47-25. 25 5. The use of a name by a corporation in violation of this state may, upon application of the state or of an interested or affected person, enjoin the corporation from doing business under a name assumed in viola	2		a. Abrogate or limit:
5 (3) The laws of the United States with respect to the right to acquire and 6 protect copyrights, trade names, trademarks, service names, service 7 marks; or 8 (4) Any other rights to the exclusive use of names or symbols; or 9 b. Derogate the common law or the principles of equity. 10 4. A corporation that is merged with another domestic or foreign eerperation 11 organization, or that is incorporated by the reorganization of one or more domestic 12 or foreign eerperations organizations, or that acquires by sale, lease, or other 13 disposition to or exchange with a domestic corporation organization all or 14 substantially all of the assets of another domestic or foreign eerperation 15 organization including its name, may have the same name as that used in this 16 state by any of the other corporations organizations, if the other corporation was 17 organization: 18 a. Was incorporated, organized, formed, or registered under the laws of, er is 19 this state; 20 b. Is authorized to transact business or conduct activities in, this state; 21 c. Holds a reserved name in the manner provided in chapter 45-11; or 22 b. Is authorized to transact business or	3		(1) The law of unfair competition or unfair practices;
6 protect copyrights, trade names, trademarks, service names, service 7 marks; or 8 (4) Any other rights to the exclusive use of names or symbols; or 9 b. Derogate the common law or the principles of equity. 10 4. A corporation that is merged with another domestic or foreign eorporation 11 organization, or that is incorporated by the reorganization of one or more domestic 12 or foreign eorporations organizations, or that acquires by sale, lease, or other 13 disposition to or exchange with a domestic eorporation organization all or 14 substantially all of the assets of another domestic or foreign eorporation was 16 state by any of the other corporations organizations, if the other eorporation was 17 organization: 18 a. Was incorporated, organized, formed, or registered under the laws of, or is 19 this state; 20 b. Is authorized to transact business or conduct activities in, this state; 21 c. Holds a reserved name in the manner provided in section 10-19.1-14, 22 10-32-11, 10-33-11, 45-10.103, or 45-22-05; 23 d. Holds a fictitious name registered in the manner provided in chapter 47-25. 25 5. The use of a name by a corporation in violation of this sect	4		(2) Chapter 47-25;
7 marks; or 8 (4) Any other rights to the exclusive use of names or symbols; or 9 b. Derogate the common law or the principles of equity. 10 4. A corporation that is merged with another domestic or foreign eorporation organization, or that is incorporated by the reorganization of one or more domestic or foreign eorporations organizations, or that acquires by sale, lease, or other 11 organization, or that is incorporated by the reorganization of one or more domestic 12 or foreign eorporations organizations, or that acquires by sale, lease, or other 13 disposition to or exchange with a domestic corforeign eorporation 14 substantially all of the assets of another domestic or foreign eorporation 15 organization including its name, may have the same name as that used in this 16 state by any of the other corporations organizations, if the other corporation was 17 organization: 18 a. Was incorporated, organized, formed, or registered under the laws of, or is 19 this state; 20 b. Is authorized to transact business or conduct activities in, this state; 21 c. Holds a reserved name in the manner provided in section 10-19.1-14, 22 10-32-11, 10-33-11, 45-10.1-03, or 45-22-05; 23 d. Holds a fictitious name regi	5		(3) The laws of the United States with respect to the right to acquire and
8 (4) Any other rights to the exclusive use of names or symbols; or 9 b. Derogate the common law or the principles of equity. 10 4. A corporation that is merged with another domestic or foreign eerperation organization, or that is incorporated by the reorganization of one or more domestic or foreign eerperations organizations, or that acquires by sale, lease, or other 13 disposition to or exchange with a domestic eerperation organization all or 14 substantially all of the assets of another domestic or foreign eerperation organization including its name, may have the same name as that used in this 16 state by any of the other eerperations organizations, if the other eerperation organization: 18 a. Was incorporated, organized, formed, or registered under the laws of, or is this state: 20 b. Is authorized to transact business or conduct activities in, this state; 21 c. Holds a reserved name in the manner provided in section 10-19.1-14, 10-32-11, 10-33-11, 45-10.1-03, or 45-22-05; 23 d. Holds a fictitious name registered in the manner provided in chapter 47-25. 25 5. The use of a name by a corporation in violation of this section does not affect or vitiate its corporate existence, but, However, a court in this state may, upon application of the state or of an interested or affected person, enjoin the corporation from doing business under a name assumed in violation of this section, atthough its articles may have been filed with the secretary of state and a <td>6</td> <td></td> <td>protect copyrights, trade names, trademarks, service names, service</td>	6		protect copyrights, trade names, trademarks, service names, service
 b. Derogate the common law or the principles of equity. 4. A corporation that is merged with another domestic or foreign eorporation organization, or that is incorporated by the reorganization of one or more domestic or foreign eorporations organizations, or that acquires by sale, lease, or other disposition to or exchange with a domestic eorporation organization all or substantially all of the assets of another domestic or foreign eorporation organization including its name, may have the same name as that used in this state by any of the other eorporations organizations, if the other eorporation was organization: a. Was incorporated, organized, formed, or registered under the laws of, or is this state; b. Is authorized to transact business or conduct activities in, this state; c. Holds a reserved name in the manner provided in section 10-19.1-14, 10-32-11, 10-33-11, 45-10.1-03, or 45-22-05; d. Holds a fictitious name registered in the manner provided in chapter 45-11; or e. Holds a trade name registered in the manner provided in chapter 47-25. 5. The use of a name by a corporation in violation of this section does not affect or vitiate its corporate existence, but. However, a court in this state may, upon application of the state or of an interested or affected person, enjoin the corporation from doing business under a name assumed in violation of this section, although its articles may have been filed with the secretary of state and a 	7		marks; or
 A corporation that is merged with another domestic or foreign eorporation organization, or that is incorporated by the reorganization of one or more domestic or foreign eorporations organizations, or that acquires by sale, lease, or other disposition to or exchange with a domestic eorporation organization all or substantially all of the assets of another domestic or foreign eorporation organization including its name, may have the same name as that used in this state by any of the other eorporations organizations, if the other eorporation was organization: Was incorporated, organized, formed, or registered under the laws of, or is this state; Is authorized to transact business or conduct activities in, this state; Holds a reserved name in the manner provided in section 10-19.1-14, 10-32-11, 10-33-11, 45-10.1-03, or 45-22-05; Holds a fictitious name registered in the manner provided in chapter 45-11; or e. Holds a trade name registered in the manner provided in chapter 47-25. The use of a name by a corporation in violation of this section does not affect or vitiate its corporate existence, but. However, a court in this state may, upon application of the state or of an interested or affected person, enjoin the corporation from doing business under a name assumed in violation of this section, although its articles may have been filed with the secretary of state and a 	8		(4) Any other rights to the exclusive use of names or symbols; or
11organization, or that is incorporated by the reorganization of one or more domestic12or foreign exporations organizations, or that acquires by sale, lease, or other13disposition to or exchange with a domestic exporation organization all or14substantially all of the assets of another domestic or foreign exporation15organization including its name, may have the same name as that used in this16state by any of the other exportations organizations, if the other exportation was17organization:18a.19this state;20b.19this state;21c.21Holds a reserved name in the manner provided in section 10-19.1-14,2210-32-11, 10-33-11, 45-10.1-03, or 45-22-05;23d.24e.255.26The use of a name by a corporation in violation of this section does not affect or27orgitation of the state or of an interested or affected person, enjoin the28corporation from doing business under a name assumed in violation of this section,29although its articles may have been filed with the secretary of state and a	9		b. Derogate the common law or the principles of equity.
12or foreign corporations organizations, or that acquires by sale, lease, or other13disposition to or exchange with a domestic corporation organization all or14substantially all of the assets of another domestic or foreign corporation15organization including its name, may have the same name as that used in this16state by any of the other corporations organizations, if the other corporation was17organization:18a.Was incorporated, organized, formed, or registered under the laws of, or is19this state;20b.Is authorized to transact business or conduct activities in, this state;21c.Holds a reserved name in the manner provided in section 10-19.1-14, 10-32-11, 10-33-11, 45-10.1-03, or 45-22-05;23d.Holds a fictitious name registered in the manner provided in chapter 45-11; or24e.Holds a trade name registered in the manner provided in chapter 47-25.255.The use of a name by a corporation in violation of this section does not affect or vitiate its corporate existence, but. However, a court in this state may, upon27application of the state or of an interested or affected person, enjoin the corporation from doing business under a name assumed in violation of this section, although its articles may have been filed with the secretary of state and a	10	4.	A corporation that is merged with another domestic or foreign corporation
13 disposition to or exchange with a domestic corporation organization all or 14 substantially all of the assets of another domestic or foreign corporation 15 organization including its name, may have the same name as that used in this 16 state by any of the other corporations organizations, if the other corporation was 17 organization: 18 a. Was incorporated, organized, formed, or registered under the laws of, or is 19 this state; 20 b. Is authorized to transact business or conduct activities in, this state; 21 c. Holds a reserved name in the manner provided in section 10-19.1-14, 10-32-11, 10-33-11, 45-10.1-03, or 45-22-05; 23 d. Holds a fictitious name registered in the manner provided in chapter 45-11; or 24 e. Holds a trade name registered in the manner provided in chapter 47-25. 25 5. The use of a name by a corporation in violation of this section does not affect or 26 vitiate its corporate existence, but. However, a court in this state may, upon 27 application of the state or of an interested or affected person, enjoin the 28 corporation from doing business under a name assumed in violation of this section, 29 although its articles may have been file	11		organization, or that is incorporated by the reorganization of one or more domestic
14substantially all of the assets of another domestic or foreign eorporation15organization including its name, may have the same name as that used in this16state by any of the other eorporations organizations, if the other eorporation was17organization:18a.Was incorporated, organized, formed, or registered under the laws of, or is19this state;20b.Is authorized to transact business or conduct activities in, this state;21c.Holds a reserved name in the manner provided in section 10-19.1-14,2210-32-11, 10-33-11, 45-10.1-03, or 45-22-05;23d.Holds a fictitious name registered in the manner provided in chapter 45-11; or24e.Holds a trade name registered in the manner provided in chapter 47-25.255.The use of a name by a corporation in violation of this section does not affect or26vitiate its corporate existence, but. However, a court in this state may, upon27application of the state or of an interested or affected person, enjoin the28corporation from doing business under a name assumed in violation of this section,29although its articles may have been filed with the secretary of state and a	12		or foreign corporations organizations, or that acquires by sale, lease, or other
15 organization including its name, may have the same name as that used in this 16 state by any of the other eorporations organizations, if the other eorporation was 17 organization: 18 a. Was incorporated, organized, formed, or registered under the laws of, or is 19 this state; 20 b. Is authorized to transact business or conduct activities in, this state; 21 c. Holds a reserved name in the manner provided in section 10-19.1-14, 22 10-32-11, 10-33-11, 45-10.1-03, or 45-22-05; d. 23 d. Holds a fictitious name registered in the manner provided in chapter 45-11; or 24 e. Holds a trade name registered in the manner provided in chapter 47-25. 25 5. The use of a name by a corporation in violation of this section does not affect or 26 vitiate its corporate existence, but. However, a court in this state may, upon 27 application of the state or of an interested or affected person, enjoin the 28 corporation from doing business under a name assumed in violation of this section, 29 although its articles may have been filed with the secretary of state and a	13		disposition to or exchange with a domestic corporation organization all or
16 state by any of the other corporations organizations, if the other corporation was 17 organization: 18 a. Was incorporated, organized, formed, or registered under the laws of, or is 19 this state: 20 b. Is authorized to transact business or conduct activities in, this state; 21 c. Holds a reserved name in the manner provided in section 10-19.1-14, 22 10-32-11, 10-33-11, 45-10.1-03, or 45-22-05; 23 d. Holds a fictitious name registered in the manner provided in chapter 45-11; or 24 e. Holds a trade name registered in the manner provided in chapter 47-25. 25 5. The use of a name by a corporation in violation of this section does not affect or 26 vitiate its corporate existence, but. However, a court in this state may, upon 27 application of the state or of an interested or affected person, enjoin the 28 corporation from doing business under a name assumed in violation of this section, 29 although its articles may have been filed with the secretary of state and a	14		substantially all of the assets of another domestic or foreign corporation
 17 organization: a. Was incorporated, organized, formed, or registered under the laws of, or is 19 this state; 20 b. Is authorized to transact business or conduct activities in, this state; 21 c. Holds a reserved name in the manner provided in section 10-19.1-14, 22 10-32-11, 10-33-11, 45-10.1-03, or 45-22-05; 23 d. Holds a fictitious name registered in the manner provided in chapter 45-11; or 24 e. Holds a trade name registered in the manner provided in chapter 47-25. 25 5. The use of a name by a corporation in violation of this section does not affect or 26 vitiate its corporate existence, but. However, a court in this state may, upon 27 application of the state or of an interested or affected person, enjoin the 28 corporation from doing business under a name assumed in violation of this section, 29 although its articles may have been filed with the secretary of state and a 	15		organization including its name, may have the same name as that used in this
18a.Was incorporated, organized, formed, or registered under the laws of, or is19this state;20b.Is authorized to transact business or conduct activities in, this state;21c.Holds a reserved name in the manner provided in section 10-19.1-14,2210-32-11, 10-33-11, 45-10.1-03, or 45-22-05;23d.Holds a fictitious name registered in the manner provided in chapter 45-11; or24e.Holds a trade name registered in the manner provided in chapter 47-25.255.The use of a name by a corporation in violation of this section does not affect or26vitiate its corporate existence, but. However, a court in this state may, upon27application of the state or of an interested or affected person, enjoin the28corporation from doing business under a name assumed in violation of this section,29although its articles may have been filed with the secretary of state and a	16		state by any of the other corporations organizations, if the other corporation was
19this state;20b.Is authorized to transact business or conduct activities in, this state;21c.Holds a reserved name in the manner provided in section 10-19.1-14,2210-32-11, 10-33-11, 45-10.1-03, or 45-22-05;23d.Holds a fictitious name registered in the manner provided in chapter 45-11; or24e.Holds a trade name registered in the manner provided in chapter 47-25.255.The use of a name by a corporation in violation of this section does not affect or26vitiate its corporate existence, but. However, a court in this state may, upon27application of the state or of an interested or affected person, enjoin the28corporation from doing business under a name assumed in violation of this section,29although its articles may have been filed with the secretary of state and a	17		organization:
20b.Is authorized to transact business or conduct activities in, this state;21c.Holds a reserved name in the manner provided in section 10-19.1-14,2210-32-11, 10-33-11, 45-10.1-03, or 45-22-05;23d.Holds a fictitious name registered in the manner provided in chapter 45-11; or24e.Holds a trade name registered in the manner provided in chapter 47-25.255.The use of a name by a corporation in violation of this section does not affect or26vitiate its corporate existence, but. However, a court in this state may, upon27application of the state or of an interested or affected person, enjoin the28corporation from doing business under a name assumed in violation of this section,29although its articles may have been filed with the secretary of state and a	18		a. Was incorporated, organized, formed, or registered under the laws of, or is
 c. Holds a reserved name in the manner provided in section 10-19.1-14, 10-32-11, 10-33-11, 45-10.1-03, or 45-22-05; d. Holds a fictitious name registered in the manner provided in chapter 45-11; or e. Holds a trade name registered in the manner provided in chapter 47-25. 5. The use of a name by a corporation in violation of this section does not affect or vitiate its corporate existence, but. However, a court in this state may, upon application of the state or of an interested or affected person, enjoin the corporation from doing business under a name assumed in violation of this section, although its articles may have been filed with the secretary of state and a 	19		this state;
2210-32-11, 10-33-11, 45-10.1-03, or 45-22-05;23d. Holds a fictitious name registered in the manner provided in chapter 45-11; or24e. Holds a trade name registered in the manner provided in chapter 47-25.255.5.The use of a name by a corporation in violation of this section does not affect or26vitiate its corporate existence, but. However, a court in this state may, upon27application of the state or of an interested or affected person, enjoin the28corporation from doing business under a name assumed in violation of this section,29although its articles may have been filed with the secretary of state and a	20		b. Is authorized to transact business or conduct activities in, this state;
23d.Holds a fictitious name registered in the manner provided in chapter 45-11; or24e.Holds a trade name registered in the manner provided in chapter 47-25.255.The use of a name by a corporation in violation of this section does not affect or26vitiate its corporate existence, but. However, a court in this state may, upon27application of the state or of an interested or affected person, enjoin the28corporation from doing business under a name assumed in violation of this section,29although its articles may have been filed with the secretary of state and a	21		c. Holds a reserved name in the manner provided in section 10-19.1-14,
 <u>e.</u> Holds a trade name registered in the manner provided in chapter 47-25. The use of a name by a corporation in violation of this section does not affect or vitiate its corporate existence, but. However, a court in this state may, upon application of the state or of an interested or affected person, enjoin the corporation from doing business under a name assumed in violation of this section, although its articles may have been filed with the secretary of state and a 	22		<u>10-32-11, 10-33-11, 45-10.1-03, or 45-22-05;</u>
 5. The use of a name by a corporation in violation of this section does not affect or vitiate its corporate existence, but. However, a court in this state may, upon application of the state or of an interested or affected person, enjoin the corporation from doing business under a name assumed in violation of this section, although its articles may have been filed with the secretary of state and a 	23		d. Holds a fictitious name registered in the manner provided in chapter 45-11; or
 vitiate its corporate existence, but. However, a court in this state may, upon application of the state or of an interested or affected person, enjoin the corporation from doing business under a name assumed in violation of this section, although its articles may have been filed with the secretary of state and a 	24		e. Holds a trade name registered in the manner provided in chapter 47-25.
 application of the state or of an interested or affected person, enjoin the corporation from doing business under a name assumed in violation of this section, although its articles may have been filed with the secretary of state and a 	25	5.	The use of a name by a corporation in violation of this section does not affect or
 corporation from doing business under a name assumed in violation of this section, although its articles may have been filed with the secretary of state and a 	26		vitiate its corporate existence, but. However, a court in this state may, upon
29 although its articles may have been filed with the secretary of state and a	27		application of the state or of an interested or affected person, enjoin the
	28		corporation from doing business under a name assumed in violation of this section,
30 certificate of incorporation issued.	29		although its articles may have been filed with the secretary of state and a
	30		certificate of incorporation issued.

6	A corporation whose period of existence has expired or that is involuntarily
0.	· · · · · · · · · ·
	dissolved by the secretary of state pursuant to section 10-23-02.2 <u>10-19.1-146</u>
	may reacquire the right to use that name by refiling articles of incorporation
	pursuant to section 10-19.1-11, unless the name has been adopted for use or
	reserved by another person, in which case the filing will be rejected unless the
	filing is accompanied by a written consent or judgment pursuant to subdivision d of
	subsection 1. A corporation that cannot reacquire the use of its corporate name
	shall adopt a new corporate name that complies with the provisions of this
	section-:
	a. By refiling articles of incorporation pursuant to section 10-19.1-11;
	b. By amending pursuant to section 10-19.1-127; or
	c. By reinstating pursuant to section 10-19.1-146,
	unless the name has been adopted for use or reserved by another person, in
	which case the filing will be rejected unless the filing is accompanied by a written
	consent or judgment pursuant to subsection 2. A corporation that cannot reacquire
	the use of its corporate name shall adopt a new corporate name which complies
	with the provisions of this section.
<u>7.</u>	If the secretary of state determines that a corporate name is "deceptively similar"
	to another name for purposes of this chapter, then the corporate name may not be
	used unless there is filed with the articles:
	a. The written consent of the holder of the rights to the name to which the
	proposed name has been determined to be deceptively similar; or
	b. A certified copy of a judgment of a court in this state establishing the prior
	right of the applicant to the use of the name in this state.
	This subsection does not affect the right of a domestic corporation existing on the
	effective date of this Act, or a foreign corporation authorized to do business in this
	state on that date to continue the use of its name.
SEC	CTION 5. AMENDMENT. Section 10-19.1-14 of the North Dakota Century Code is
amended a	nd reenacted as follows:
10-	19.1-14. Reserved name.
	SEC amended a

1	1.	The exclusive right to the use of a corporate name otherwise permitted by section
2		10-19.1-13 may be reserved by any person.
3	2.	The reservation must be made by filing with the secretary of state a request that
4		the name be reserved, together with the fees provided in chapter 10-23. section
5		<u>10-19.1-147:</u>
6		a. If the name is available for use by the applicant, the secretary of state shall
7		reserve the name for the exclusive use of the applicant for a period of twelve
8		months.
9		b. The reservation may be renewed for successive twelve-month periods.
10	3.	The right to the exclusive use of a corporate name reserved pursuant to this
11		section may be transferred to another person by or on behalf of the applicant for
12		whom the name was reserved by filing with the secretary of state a notice of the
13		transfer and specifying the name and address of the transferee, together with the
14		fees provided in chapter 10-23 section 10-19.1-147.
15	4.	The right to the exclusive use of a corporate name reserved pursuant to this
16		section may be canceled by or on behalf of the applicant for whom the name was
17		reserved by filing with the secretary of state a notice of the cancellation, together
18		with the fees provided in chapter 10-23 section 10-19.1-147.
19	5.	The secretary of state may accept for filing a legible facsimile copy of the signed
20		original of any request for reserved name.
21	<u>6.</u>	The secretary of state may destroy all reserved name requests and index thereof
22		one year after expiration.
23	SE	CTION 6. AMENDMENT. Section 10-19.1-15 of the North Dakota Century Code is
24	amended	and reenacted as follows:
25	10 [.]	-19.1-15. Registered office - Registered agent.
26	1.	A corporation shall continuously maintain a registered office in this state. A
27		registered office need not be the same as the principal place of business or the
28		principal executive office of the corporation.
29	2.	A corporation shall designate in its articles appoint and continuously maintain a
30		registered agent. The registered agent who may be an:
31		<u>a.</u> <u>An</u> individual residing in this state , a ;

1		b.	A domestic corporation whether incorporated under this chapter or under
2			another provision of this code or domestic limited liability company; or a
3		<u>C.</u>	A foreign corporation whether authorized to do business or conduct activities
4			under this chapter or another provision of this code or a foreign limited liability
5			company authorized to transact business in this state.
6	<u>3.</u>	The	e registered agent shall maintain a business office that is identical with the
7		regi	istered office. Proof of the registered agent's consent to serve in that capacity
8		mu	st be filed with the secretary of state, together with the fees provided in chapter
9		10-	23 <u>section 10-19.1-147</u> .
10	SE	стю	N 7. AMENDMENT. Section 10-19.1-16 of the North Dakota Century Code is
11	amended a	and re	enacted as follows:
12	10-	19.1-	16. Change of registered office or registered agent - Change of name of
13	registered	ager	nt.
14	1.	Ac	orporation may change its registered office, change its registered agent, or
15		stat	e a change in the name of its registered agent by filing with the secretary of
16		stat	e, along with the fees provided in chapter 10-23 section 10-19.1-147, a
17		stat	ement containing:
18		a.	The name of the corporation.
19		b.	If the address of its registered office is to be changed, the new address of its
20			registered office.
21		C.	If its registered agent is to be changed, the name of its new registered agent.
22		d.	If the name of its registered agent is to be changed, the name of its registered
23			agent as changed.
24		e.	A statement that the address of its registered office and the address of the
25			business office of its registered agent, as changed, will be identical.
26		f.	A statement that the change of registered office or registered agent was
27			authorized by resolution approved by the board.
28	2.	A re	egistered agent of a corporation may resign by filing with the secretary of state
29		a si	gned written notice of resignation, including a statement that a signed copy of
30		the	notice has been given to the corporation at its principal executive office or to a

	-	
1		legal representative of the corporation. The appointment of the agent terminates
2		thirty days after the notice is filed with the secretary of state.
3	3.	If the business address or the name of a registered agent changes, the agent shall
4		change the address of the registered office or the name of the registered agent, as
5		the case may be, of each corporation represented by that agent by filing with the
6		secretary of state a statement for each corporation as required in subsection 1,
7		except that it need be signed only by the registered agent, need not be responsive
8		to subdivision f, and must state that a copy of the statement has been mailed to
9		each of those corporations or to the legal representative of each of those
10		corporations.
11	4.	The fee prescribed in chapter 10-23 section 10-19.1-147 for change of registered
12		office must be refunded when in the secretary of state's opinion a change of
13		address of registered office results from rezoning or postal reassignment.
14	SEC	TION 8. AMENDMENT. Section 10-19.1-25 of the North Dakota Century Code is
15	amended a	nd reenacted as follows:
16	10-1	9.1-25. Amendment of articles in court-supervised reorganization.
17	1.	Whenever a plan of reorganization of a corporation has been confirmed by decree
18		or order of a court of competent jurisdiction in proceedings for the reorganization of
19		the corporation, pursuant to the provisions of any applicable statute of the United
20		States relating to reorganization of corporations, the articles may be amended, in
21		the manner provided in this section, in as many respects as may be necessary to
22		carry out the plan and to put it into effect, so long as the articles as amended
23		contain only provisions which might be lawfully contained in original articles at the
24		time of making the amendment. In particular, and without limitation upon any
25		general power of amendment, the articles may be amended for such purpose so
26		as to:
27		a. Change the corporate name, period of duration, or corporate purposes of the
28		corporation.
29		b. Repeal, alter, or amend the bylaws of the corporation.
30		c. Change the aggregate number of shares, or shares of any class, which the
31		corporation has the authority to issue.

1		d.	Change the preferences, limitations, relative rights in respect of all or any part
2			of the shares of the corporation, and classify, reclassify, or cancel all or any
3			part thereof, whether issued or unissued.
4		e.	Authorize the issuance of bonds, debentures, or other obligations of the
5			corporation, whether convertible into shares of any class or bearing warrants
6			or other evidences of optional rights to purchase or subscribe for shares of
7			any class, and fix the terms and conditions thereof.
8		f.	Constitute or reconstitute and classify or reclassify board and appoint
9			directors and officers in place of or in addition to all or any of the directors or
10			officers then in office.
11	2.	Ame	endments to the articles pursuant to subsection 1 must be made in the
12		follo	wing manner:
13		a.	Articles of amendment approved by decree or order of the court must be
14			executed and verified by the person or persons designated or appointed by
15			the court for that purpose and must set forth the name of the corporation, the
16			amendments of the articles approved by the court, the date of the decree or
17			order approving the articles of amendment, and the title of the proceedings in
18			which the decree or order was entered by a court having jurisdiction of the
19			proceedings for the reorganization of the corporation under the provisions of
20			an applicable statute of the United States.
21		b.	An original of the articles of amendment must be filed with the secretary of
22			state. If the secretary of state finds that the articles of amendment conform to
23			law and that all fees have been paid as provided in chapter 10-23 section
24			10-19.1-147, the original must be recorded in the office of the secretary of
25			state.
26	<u>3.</u>	The	articles of amendment become effective upon their acceptance by the
27		secr	etary of state or at another time within thirty days after acceptance if the
28		<u>artic</u>	les of amendment so provide.
29	<u>4.</u>	The	articles are amended accordingly with the same effect as if the amendment
30		had	been adopted by unanimous action of the directors and shareholders.

SECTION 9. AMENDMENT. Section 10-19.1-26 of the North Dakota Century Code is
 amended and reenacted as follows:

3 10-19.1-26. Powers General powers. 4 1. A corporation has the powers set forth in this section, subject to any limitations 5 provided in any other statute of this state or in its articles. 6 2. A corporation has perpetual duration. 7 3. A corporation may sue and be sued, complain and defend and participate as a 8 party or otherwise in any legal, administrative, or arbitration proceeding, in its 9 corporate name. 10 4. A corporation may purchase, lease, or otherwise acquire, own, hold, improve, use 11 and otherwise deal in and with, real or personal property, or any interest therein in 12 property, wherever situated. 13 5. A corporation may sell, convey, mortgage, create a security interest in, lease, 14 exchange, transfer, or otherwise dispose of all or any part of its real or personal 15 property, or any interest therein in property, wherever situated. 16 A corporation may purchase, subscribe for, or otherwise acquire, own, hold, vote, 6. 17 use, employ, sell, exchange, mortgage, lend, create a security interest in, or 18 otherwise dispose of and otherwise, use and deal in and with, securities or other 19 interests in, or obligations of, a person or direct or indirect obligations of any 20 domestic or foreign government or instrumentality thereof. 21 7. A corporation may make contracts and incur liabilities, borrow money, issue its 22 securities, and secure any of its obligations by mortgage of or creation of a security 23 interest in all or any of its property, franchises, and income. 24 8. A corporation may invest and reinvest its funds. 25 9. A corporation may take and hold real and personal property, whether or not of a 26 kind sold or otherwise dealt in by the corporation, as security for the payment of 27 money loaned, advanced, or invested. 28 10. A corporation may conduct its business, carry on its operations, have offices, and 29 exercise the powers granted by this chapter anywhere in the universe. 30 11. Except as otherwise prohibited by law, a corporation may make donations, 31 irrespective of corporate benefit, for the public welfare; for social, community,

- charitable, religious, educational, scientific, civic, literary, and testing for, and
 public safety purposes, and for similar or related purposes; for the purpose of
 fostering national or international amateur sports competition; and for the
 prevention of cruelty to children and animals; and for similar or related purposes.
- 5 12. A corporation may pay pensions, retirement allowances, and compensation for 6 past services to and for the benefit of, and establish, maintain, continue, and carry 7 out, wholly or partially at the expense of the corporation, employee or incentive 8 benefit plans, trusts, and provisions to or for the benefit of, any or all of its and its 9 related organizations' officers, managers, directors, governors, employees, and 10 agents and, in the case of a related organization that is a limited liability company, 11 members who provide services to the limited liability company, and the families, 12 dependents, and beneficiaries of any of them. It may indemnify and purchase and 13 maintain insurance for and on behalf of a fiduciary of any of these employee 14 benefit and incentive plans, trusts, and provisions.
- 15 13. A corporation may participate in any capacity in the promotion, organization,
 ownership, management, and operation of any organization or in any transaction,
 undertaking, or arrangement that the participating corporation would have power to
 conduct by itself, whether or not the participation involves sharing or delegation of
 control with or to others.
- A corporation may provide for its benefit life insurance and other insurance with
 respect to the services of any or all of its officers, directors, employees, and
 agents, or on the life of a shareholder for the purpose of acquiring at the death of
 the shareholder any or all shares in the corporation owned by the shareholder.
- A corporation may have, alter at pleasure, and use a corporate seal as provided in
 section 10-19.1-27.
- A corporation may adopt, amend, and repeal bylaws relating to the management of
 the business or the regulation of the affairs of the corporation as provided in
 section 10-19.1-31.
- A corporation may establish committees of the board of directors, elect or appoint
 persons to the committees, and define their duties as provided in section
 10-19.1-48 and fix their compensation.

1	18.	A corporation may elect or appoint officers, employees, and agents of the
2		corporation, and define their duties and fix their compensation.
3	19.	A corporation may issue securities and rights to purchase securities as provided in
4		sections 10-19.1-61 through 10-19.1-69.
5	20.	A corporation may lend money to, guarantee an obligation of, become a surety for,
6		or otherwise financially assist persons as provided in section 10-19.1-89.
7	21.	A corporation may make advances to its directors, officers, and employees and
8		those of its subsidiaries as provided in section 10-19.1-90.
9	22.	A corporation shall indemnify those persons identified in section 10-19.1-91
10		against certain expenses and liabilities only as provided in section 10-19.1-91 and
11		may indemnify other persons.
12	23.	A corporation may conduct all or part of its business under one or more trade
13		names as provided in chapter 47-25.
14	24.	A corporation may acquire an ownership interest in another organization.
15	<u>25.</u>	A corporation may have and exercise all other powers necessary or convenient to
16		effect any or all of the business purposes for which the corporation is incorporated.
17	SE	CTION 10. AMENDMENT. Section 10-19.1-30 of the North Dakota Century Code is
18		ind reenacted as follows:
18 19	amended a	
	amended a	ind reenacted as follows:
19	amended a 10-	and reenacted as follows: 19.1-30. Organization.
19 20	amended a 10-	and reenacted as follows: 19.1-30. Organization. If the first board is not named in the articles, the incorporators may elect the first
19 20 21	amended a 10-	and reenacted as follows: 19.1-30. Organization. If the first board is not named in the articles, the incorporators may elect the first board or may act as directors with all of the powers, rights, duties, and liabilities of
19 20 21 22	amended a 10-	and reenacted as follows: 19.1-30. Organization. If the first board is not named in the articles, the incorporators may elect the first board or may act as directors with all of the powers, rights, duties, and liabilities of directors, until directors are elected or until shares are issued, whichever occurs
19 20 21 22 23	amended a 10- 1.	and reenacted as follows: 19.1-30. Organization. If the first board is not named in the articles, the incorporators may elect the first board or may act as directors with all of the powers, rights, duties, and liabilities of directors, until directors are elected or until shares are issued, whichever occurs first.
19 20 21 22 23 24	amended a 10- 1.	 Ind reenacted as follows: 19.1-30. Organization. If the first board is not named in the articles, the incorporators may elect the first board or may act as directors with all of the powers, rights, duties, and liabilities of directors, until directors are elected or until shares are issued, whichever occurs first. After the issuance of the certificate of incorporation, the incorporators or the
 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 	amended a 10- 1.	 Ind reenacted as follows: 19.1-30. Organization. If the first board is not named in the articles, the incorporators may elect the first board or may act as directors with all of the powers, rights, duties, and liabilities of directors, until directors are elected or until shares are issued, whichever occurs first. After the issuance of the certificate of incorporation, the incorporators or the directors named in the articles shall, within a reasonable time, either hold an
 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 	amended a 10- 1.	If the first board is not named in the articles, the incorporators may elect the first board or may act as directors with all of the powers, rights, duties, and liabilities of directors, until directors are elected or until shares are issued, whichever occurs first. After the issuance of the certificate of incorporation, the incorporators or the directors named in the articles shall, within a reasonable time, either hold an organizational meeting at the call of a majority of the incorporators or of the
 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 	amended a 10- 1.	 If the first board is not named in the articles, the incorporators may elect the first board or may act as directors with all of the powers, rights, duties, and liabilities of directors, until directors are elected or until shares are issued, whichever occurs first. After the issuance of the certificate of incorporation, the incorporators or the directors named in the articles shall, within a reasonable time, either hold an organizational meeting at the call of a majority of the incorporators or of the directors named in the articles, or take written action, for the purposes of
 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 	amended a 10- 1.	 Ind reenacted as follows: 19.1-30. Organization. If the first board is not named in the articles, the incorporators may elect the first board or may act as directors with all of the powers, rights, duties, and liabilities of directors, until directors are elected or until shares are issued, whichever occurs first. After the issuance of the certificate of incorporation, the incorporators or the directors named in the articles shall, within a reasonable time, either hold an organizational meeting at the call of a majority of the incorporators or of the directors named in the articles, or take written action, for the purposes of transacting business and taking actions necessary or appropriate to complete the

1 furnishings, supplies, and materials, approving a corporate seal, approving forms 2 of certificates or transaction statements for shares of the corporation, adopting a 3 fiscal year for the corporation, accepting subscriptions for and issuing shares of the 4 corporation, and making any appropriate tax elections. If a meeting is held, the 5 person or persons calling the meeting shall give at least three days' notice of the 6 meeting to each incorporator or director named, stating the date, time, and place of 7 the meeting. Incorporators and directors may waive notice of an organizational 8 meeting in the same manner that a director may waive notice of meetings of the 9 board pursuant to subsection 5 of section 10-19.1-43.

SECTION 11. AMENDMENT. Section 10-19.1-31 of the North Dakota Century Code is
amended and reenacted as follows:

12 **10-19.1-31. Bylaws.**

- A corporation may, but need not, have bylaws. Bylaws may contain any provision
 relating to the management of the business or the regulation of the affairs of the
 corporation not inconsistent with law or the articles.
- 16 2. Initial bylaws may be adopted by the first board or by the incorporators, pursuant to 17 section 10-19.1-30. Unless reserved by the articles to the shareholders, the power 18 to adopt, amend, or repeal the bylaws is vested in the board. The power of the 19 board is subject to the power of the shareholders, exercisable in the manner 20 provided in subsection 3, to adopt, amend, or repeal bylaws adopted, amended, or 21 repealed by the board. After the adoption of the initial bylaws, the board may not 22 adopt, amend, or repeal a bylaw fixing a quorum for meetings of shareholders, 23 prescribing procedures for removing directors or filling vacancies in the board, or 24 fixing the number of directors or their classifications, gualifications, or terms of 25 office, but may adopt or amend a bylaw to increase the number of directors.
- 3. If <u>Unless the articles or bylaws provided otherwise</u>, a shareholder or shareholders
 holding five percent or more of the voting power of the shares entitled to vote <u>may</u>
 propose a resolution for action by the shareholders to adopt, amend, or repeal
 bylaws adopted, amended, or repealed by the board and the.
- 30a.The resolution sets must set forth the provision or provisions proposed for31adoption, amendment, or repeal, the.

1			<u>b.</u>	<u>The</u> I	imitations and procedures for submitting, considering, and adopting the
2				resol	ution are the same as provided in subsections 2, 3, and 4 of section
3				10-19	9.1-19, for amendment of the articles.
4			<u>C.</u>	The p	provisions of this subsection regarding shareholder proposed
5				amer	ndments shall not apply to a corporation registered or reporting under the
6				feder	al securities laws, to the extent that those provisions are in conflict with
7				the fe	ederal securities laws or rules promulgated thereunder, in which case the
8				feder	al securities laws or rules promulgated thereunder shall govern.
9			<u>d.</u>	The a	articles or bylaws may impose different or additional requirements for the
10				share	cholders to adopt, amend, or repeal the bylaws.
11		SEC		N 12.	AMENDMENT. Section 10-19.1-35 of the North Dakota Century Code is
12	amenc	led a	nd re	enacte	ed as follows:
13		10-′	19.1-3	35. Te	rms.
14		<u>1.</u>	<u>With</u>	n respe	ect to length of terms:
15			<u>a.</u>	Unles	ss fixed terms are provided for in the articles or bylaws, a director serves
16				for ar	n indefinite term that expires at the next regular meeting of the
17				share	eholders.
18				<u>(1)</u>	A fixed term of a director, other than an ex officio director, may not
19					exceed five years. A
20				<u>(2)</u>	An ex officio director serves as long as the director holds the office or
21					position designated in the articles or bylaws.
22			<u>b.</u>	Unles	ss the articles or bylaws provide otherwise, a director holds office until
23				<u>expir</u>	ation of the term for which the director was elected or appointed and until
24				a suc	ccessor is elected and has qualified, or until the earlier death, resignation,
25				remo	val, or disqualification of the director.
26			<u>C.</u>	<u>A dec</u>	crease in the number of directors or term of office does not shorten an
27				incun	nbent director's term.
28			<u>d.</u>	<u>Exce</u>	pt as provided in the articles or bylaws, the term of a director filling a
29				vaca	ncy expires at the end of the unexpired term that the director is filling.

1 The articles or bylaws may provide for staggering the terms of directors by dividing 2. 2 the total number of directors into groups. The terms of office of the groups need 3 not be uniform. 4 **SECTION 13. AMENDMENT.** Section 10-19.1-40 of the North Dakota Century Code is 5 amended and reenacted as follows: 6 10-19.1-40. Resignation. 7 A director may resign at any time by giving written notice to the corporation. The 1. 8 resignation is effective without acceptance when the notice is given to the 9 corporation, unless a later effective time is specified in the notice. 10 2. If a resignation is made effective at a later date, the board may fill the pending 11 vacancy before the effective date if the board provides that the successor does not 12 take office until the effective date. 13 SECTION 14. AMENDMENT. Section 10-19.1-41 of the North Dakota Century Code is 14 amended and reenacted as follows: 15 10-19.1-41. Removal Nonjudicial removal of directors. 16 The provisions of this section apply unless modified by the articles, the bylaws, or 1. 17 an agreement described in section 10-19.1-83. 18 2. A director may be removed at any time, with or without cause, if: 19 The director was named by the board to fill a vacancy; a. 20 b. The shareholders have not elected directors in the interval between the time 21 of the appointment to fill a vacancy and the time of the removal; and 22 A majority of the remaining directors present affirmatively vote to remove the c. 23 director. 24 3. Any one or all of the directors may be removed at any time, with or without cause, 25 by the affirmative vote of the holders of the proportion or number of the voting 26 power of the shares of the classes or series the director represents sufficient to 27 elect them. If less than the entire board is to be removed, no one of the directors 28 may be removed if the votes of a sufficient number of shares are cast against the 29 director's removal which, if then cumulatively voted at an election of the entire 30 board of directors, or, if there be classes of directors, at an election of the class of 31 directors of which the director is a part, would be sufficient to elect the director.

1		Wh	enever the holders of the shares of any class are entitled to elect one or more
2		dire	ectors by the provisions of the articles of incorporation, the provisions of this
3		sec	tion shall apply, in respect to the removal of a director or directors so elected,
4		to th	ne vote of the holders of the outstanding shares of that class and not to the vote
5		of th	ne outstanding shares as a whole.
6	4.	Nev	w directors may be elected at a meeting at which directors are removed.
7	SE	СТІО	N 15. Section 10-19.1-41.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and
8	enacted as	follo	WS:
9	<u>10-</u>	19.1-	41.1. Removal of directors by judicial proceeding.
10	<u>1.</u>	The	e district court of the county where the principal executive office of a corporation
11		<u>is lo</u>	ocated may remove any director of the corporation from office in a proceeding
12		<u>con</u>	nmenced either by the corporation or its shareholders holding at least ten
13		per	cent of the voting power of any class of shares, if the court finds:
14		<u>a.</u>	The director engaged in fraudulent or dishonest conduct or gross abuse of
15			authority or discretion, with respect to the corporation;
16		<u>b.</u>	A final judgment has been entered finding that the director has violated
17			section 10-19.1-50; and
18		<u>C.</u>	Removal is in the best interest of the corporation.
19	<u>2.</u>	<u>The</u>	e court that removes a director may bar the director from serving on the board
20		for a	a period prescribed by the court.
21	<u>3.</u>	<u>lf th</u>	e shareholders commence a preceding under subdivision a, then the
22		cor	poration shall be made a party defendant.
23	SE	СТІО	N 16. AMENDMENT. Section 10-19.1-42 of the North Dakota Century Code is
24	amended a	and re	enacted as follows:
25	10-	19.1-	42. Vacancies.
26	1.	Unl	ess different rules for filling vacancies are provided for in the articles or bylaws:
27		a.	Vacancies on the board resulting from the death, resignation, removal, or
28			disqualification of a director may be filled by the affirmative vote of a majority
29			of the remaining directors, even though the remaining directors constitute less
30			than a quorum; and

1		b. Vacancies on the board resulting from newly created directorships may be
2		filled by the affirmative vote of a majority of the directors serving at the time of
3		the increase.
4	2.	Each director elected under this section to fill a vacancy holds office until a
5		qualified successor is elected by the shareholders at the next regular or special
6		meeting of the shareholders.
7	<u>3.</u>	A vacancy that will occur at a specific later date may be filled before the vacancy
8		occurs but the new director may not take office until the vacancy occurs.
9	SEC	CTION 17. AMENDMENT. Section 10-19.1-43 of the North Dakota Century Code is
10	amended a	nd reenacted as follows:
11	10-1	9.1-43. Board meetings.
12	1.	Meetings of the board may be held from time to time as provided in the articles or
13		bylaws at any place within or without the state that the board may select or by any
14		means described in subsection 2. If the articles, bylaws, or board fails fail to select
15		a place for a meeting, the meeting must be held at the principal executive office,
16		unless the articles or bylaws provide otherwise.
17	2.	A board meeting may be conducted by:
18		a. A conference among directors using any means of communication through
19		which the directors may simultaneously hear each other during the
20		conference constitutes a board meeting, if the same notice is given of the
21		conference as would be required by subsection 3 for a meeting, and if the
22		number of directors participating in the conference would be sufficient to
23		constitute is a quorum at a meeting. Participation in a meeting by that this
24		means constitutes is personal presence in person at the meeting; or
25		b. Any means of communication through which the director, other directors so
26		participating, and all directors physically present at the meeting may
27		simultaneously hear each other during the meeting. Participation in a
28		meeting by that this means constitutes is personal presence in person at the
29		meeting.
30	3.	Unless the articles or bylaws provide for a different time period, a director may call
31		a board meeting by giving at least ten days' notice or, in the case of organizational

1		meetings pursuant to subsection 2 of section 10-19.1-30, at least three days'
2		notice, to all directors of the date, time, and place of the meeting. The notice need
3		not state the purpose of the meeting unless the articles or bylaws require it.
4	4.	If the day or date, time, and place of a board meeting have been provided in the
5		articles or bylaws, or announced at a previous meeting of the board, no notice is
6		required. Notice of an adjourned meeting need not be given other than by
7		announcement at the meeting at which adjournment is taken.
8	5.	A director may waive notice of a meeting of the board. A waiver of notice by a
9		director entitled to notice is effective whether given before, at, or after the meeting,
10		and whether given in writing or by attendance. Attendance by a director at a
11		meeting is a waiver of notice of that meeting, except where the director objects at
12		the beginning of the meeting to the transaction of business because the meeting is
13		not lawfully called or convened and does not participate thereafter in the meeting
14		after the objection.
15	SE	CTION 18. AMENDMENT. Section 10-19.1-47 of the North Dakota Century Code is
16	amended a	nd reenacted as follows:
17	10-	19.1-47. Action without meeting.
18	1.	An action required or permitted to be taken at a board meeting may be taken by
18 19	1.	An action required or permitted to be taken at a board meeting may be taken by written action signed by all of the directors. If the articles so provide, any action,
	1.	
19	1.	written action signed by all of the directors. If the articles so provide, any action,
19 20	1.	written action signed by all of the directors. If the articles so provide, any action, other than an action requiring shareholder approval, may be taken by written
19 20 21	1. 2.	written action signed by all of the directors. If the articles so provide, any action, other than an action requiring shareholder approval, may be taken by written action signed by the number of directors that would be required to take the same
19 20 21 22		written action signed by all of the directors. If the articles so provide, any action, other than an action requiring shareholder approval, may be taken by written action signed by the number of directors that would be required to take the same action at a meeting of the board at which all directors were present.
19 20 21 22 23		written action signed by all of the directors. If the articles so provide, any action, other than an action requiring shareholder approval, may be taken by written action signed by the number of directors that would be required to take the same action at a meeting of the board at which all directors were present. The written action is effective when signed by the required number of directors,
19 20 21 22 23 24	2.	written action signed by all of the directors. If the articles so provide, any action, other than an action requiring shareholder approval, may be taken by written action signed by the number of directors that would be required to take the same action at a meeting of the board at which all directors were present. The written action is effective when signed by the required number of directors, unless a different effective time is provided in the written action.
19 20 21 22 23 24 25	2.	written action signed by all of the directors. If the articles so provide, any action, other than an action requiring shareholder approval, may be taken by written action signed by the number of directors that would be required to take the same action at a meeting of the board at which all directors were present. The written action is effective when signed by the required number of directors, unless a different effective time is provided in the written action. When written action is permitted to be taken by less than all directors, all directors
 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 	2.	written action signed by all of the directors. If the articles so provide, any action, other than an action requiring shareholder approval, may be taken by written action signed by the number of directors that would be required to take the same action at a meeting of the board at which all directors were present. The written action is effective when signed by the required number of directors, unless a different effective time is provided in the written action. When written action is permitted to be taken by less than all directors, all directors must be notified immediately of its text and effective date. Failure to provide the
 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 	2. 3.	written action signed by all of the directors. If the articles so provide, any action, other than an action requiring shareholder approval, may be taken by written action signed by the number of directors that would be required to take the same action at a meeting of the board at which all directors were present. The written action is effective when signed by the required number of directors, unless a different effective time is provided in the written action. When written action is permitted to be taken by less than all directors, all directors must be notified immediately of its text and effective date. Failure to provide the notice does not invalidate the written action. A director who does not sign or
 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 	2. 3. SEC	written action signed by all of the directors. If the articles so provide, any action, other than an action requiring shareholder approval, may be taken by written action signed by the number of directors that would be required to take the same action at a meeting of the board at which all directors were present. The written action is effective when signed by the required number of directors, unless a different effective time is provided in the written action. When written action is permitted to be taken by less than all directors, all directors must be notified immediately of its text and effective date. Failure to provide the notice does not invalidate the written action. A director who does not sign or consent to the written action has no liability for the action or actions taken thereby .

1	1.	A resolution approved by the affirmative vote of a majority of the board may
2		establish committees having the authority of the board in the management of the
3		business of the corporation only to the extent provided in the resolution.
4		Committees may include a special litigation committee consisting of one or more
5		independent directors or other independent persons to consider legal rights or
6		remedies of the corporation and whether those rights or remedies should be
7		pursued. Committees other than special litigation committees are subject at all
8		times to the direction and control of the board.
9	2.	Committee members must be individuals. Unless the articles or bylaws provide for
10		a different membership or manner of appointment, a committee must consist of
11		one or more persons, who need not be directors, appointed by affirmative vote of a
12		majority of the directors present the board.
13	3.	Sections 10-19.1-43, 10-19.1-44, and 10-19.1-45 apply to committees and
14		members of committees to the same extent as those sections apply to the board
15		and directors.
16	4.	Minutes, if any, of committee meetings must be made available upon request to
17		members of the committee and to any director.
18	5.	The establishment of, delegation of authority to, and action by a committee does
19		not alone constitute compliance by a director with the standard of conduct set forth
20		in section 10-19.1-50.
21	6.	Committee members are deemed to be directors for purposes of sections
22		10-19.1-50, 10-19.1-51, and 10-19.1-91.
23	SE	CTION 20. AMENDMENT. Section 10-19.1-50 of the North Dakota Century Code is
24	amended a	ind reenacted as follows:
25	10-	19.1-50. Standard of conduct <u>for directors</u> .
26	1.	A director shall discharge the duties of the position of director in good faith, in a
27		manner the director reasonably believes to be in the best interests of the
28		corporation, and with the care an ordinarily prudent person in a like position would
29		exercise under similar circumstances. A person who so performs those duties is
30		not liable by reason of being or having been a director of the corporation.

1	2.	A director is entitled to rely on information, opinions, reports, or statements,				
2		including financial statements and other financial data, in each case prepared or				
3		presented by:				
4		a.	One or more officers or employees of the corporation whom the director			
5			reasonably believes to be reliable and competent in the matters presented;			
6		b.	Counsel, public accountants, or other persons as to matters that the director			
7			reasonably believes are within the person's professional or expert			
8			competence; or			
9		C.	A committee of the board upon which the director does not serve, duly			
10			established in accordance with section 10-19.1-48 as to matters within its			
11			designated authority, if the director reasonably believes the committee to			
12			merit confidence.			
13	3.	Subsection 2 does not apply to a director who has knowledge concerning the				
14		matter in question that makes the reliance otherwise permitted by subdivision a				
15		subsection 2 unwarranted.				
16	4.	A director who is present at a meeting of the board when an action is approved by				
17		the affirmative vote of a majority of the directors present is presumed to have				
18		assented to the action approved, unless the director:				
19		a.	Objects at the beginning of the meeting to the transaction of business			
20			because the meeting is not lawfully called or convened and does not			
21			participate thereafter in the meeting, in which case the director shall not be			
22			considered to be present at the meeting for any purpose of this chapter;			
23		b.	Votes against the action at the meeting; or			
24		C.	Is prohibited by section 10-19.1-51 from voting on the action:			
25			(1) By the articles:			
26			(2) By the bylaws;			
27			(3) As the result of a decision to approve, ratify, or authorize a transaction			
28			pursuant to section 10-19.1-51; or			
29			(4) By a conflict of interest policy adopted by the board.			

1 5. A director's personal liability to the corporation or its shareholders for monetary 2 damages for breach of fiduciary duty as a director may be eliminated or limited in 3 the articles. The articles may not eliminate or limit the liability of a director: 4 a. For any breach of the director's duty of loyalty to the corporation or its 5 shareholders; 6 b. For acts or omissions not in good faith or that involve intentional misconduct 7 or a knowing violation of law; 8 Under section 10-19.1-95 or 10-04-17; C. 9 For any transaction from which the director derived an improper personal d. 10 benefit; or 11 For any act or omission occurring prior to the date when the provision in the e. 12 articles eliminating or limiting liability becomes effective. 13 In discharging the duties of the position of director, a director may, in considering 6. 14 the best interests of the corporation, consider the interests of the corporation's employees, customers, suppliers, and creditors, the economy of the state and 15 16 nation, community and societal considerations, and the long-term as well as the 17 short-term interests of the corporation and its shareholders including the possibility 18 that these interests may be best served by the continued independence of the 19 corporation. 20 **SECTION 21. AMENDMENT.** Section 10-19.1-51 of the North Dakota Century Code is 21 amended and reenacted as follows: 22 10-19.1-51. Director conflicts of interest. 23 A contract or other transaction between a corporation and one: 1. 24 One or more of its directors, or between a corporation and an or a member of a. 25 the family of a director; 26 A director or governor of a related organization, or a member of the family of b. 27 a director or governor of a related organization; or 28 An organization in or of which one or more the corporation's director, or a C. 29 member of the family of its directors are directors, officers, or legal 30 representatives director, is a director, officer, governor, manager, or 31 representative or have has a material financial interest,

1			ie na	ot void	or voidable because the director or directors or the other organizations				
			is not void or voidable because the director or directors or the other organizations						
2			are parties individual or organization is a party or because the director or directors						
3			are is present at the meeting of the shareholders or the board or a committee at						
4			whic	which the contract or transaction is authorized, approved, or ratified, if <u>at least one</u>					
5			of the requirements of subsection 2 is satisfied.						
6		<u>2.</u>	The	The contract or transaction described in subsection 1 is not void or voidable if:					
7			a.	The o	contract or transaction was, and the person asserting the validity of the				
8				contr	act or transaction was, fair and reasonable as to the corporation at the				
9				time	it was authorized, approved, or ratified;				
10			b.	The I	material facts as to the contract or transaction and as to the director's or				
11				direc	tors' interest are fully disclosed or known to the shareholders and the				
12				contr	act or transaction is approved in good faith by:				
13				(1)	The holders of two-thirds of the voting power of the shares entitled to				
14					vote which are owned by persons other than the interested director or				
15					directors; or				
16				(2)	The unanimous affirmative vote of the holder of all outstanding shares,				
17					whether or not entitled to vote;				
18			C.	The I	material facts as to the contract or transaction and as to the director's or				
19				direc	tors' interest are fully disclosed or known to the board or a committee,				
20				and t	he board or committee authorizes, approves, or ratifies the contract or				
21				trans	action in good faith by a majority of the board or committee, but the				
22				intere	ested director or directors shall not be counted in determining the				
23				prese	ence of a quorum and shall not vote; or				
24			d.	The o	contract or transaction is a distribution described in subsection 1 of				
25				secti	on 10-19.1-92 or a merger or exchange described in subsection 1 or 2 of				
26				secti	on 10-19.1-96.				
27	2.	<u>3.</u>	For	or purposes of this section:					
28			a.	A <u>dir</u>	ector does not have a material financial interest in a resolution fixing the				
29				comp	pensation of a director or fixing the compensation of another director as a				
30				direc	tor, officer, employee, or agent of the corporation, is not void or voidable				
31				or co	nsidered to be a contract or other transaction between a corporation and				

1			one or more of its directors for purposes of this section even though the		
2			director receiving the compensation fixed by the resolution is present and		
3			voting at the meeting of the board or a committee at which the resolution is		
4			authorized, approved, or ratified, or even though other directors voting upon		
5			the resolution are also receiving compensation from the corporation; and		
6		b.	A director has a material financial interest in each organization in which the		
7			director, or the spouse, parents, children and spouses of children, brothers		
8			and sisters and spouses of brothers and sisters, and brothers and sisters of		
9			the spouse of a director, or any combination of them have a material financial		
10			interest. A contract or other transaction between a corporation and the		
11			spouse, parents, children and spouses of children, brothers and sisters,		
12			spouses of brothers and sisters, and brothers and sisters of the spouse of a		
13			director, or any combination of them, is considered to be a transaction		
14			between the corporation and the director or a member of the family of the		
15			director, has a material financial interest; and		
16		<u>C.</u>	A "member of the family" of a director is a spouse, parent, child, child of a		
17			spouse, brother, sister, or the spouse of any of these.		
18	<u>4.</u>	<u>The</u>	procedures described under subdivisions a, b, and c of subsection 2 are not		
19		<u>requ</u>	uired if the contract or other transaction is between related organizations.		
20	SE	стю	N 22. AMENDMENT. Section 10-19.1-52 of the North Dakota Century Code is		
21	1 amended and reenacted as follows:				
22	10-	19.1-	52. Officers. The officers of a corporation must be individuals who are		
23	eighteen ye	ears o	f age or more and shall consist of a president, one or more vice presidents as		
24	may be pro	scribe	ed by the bylaws, a secretary, and a treasurer , each and may also include one		
25	or more vic	e pre	sidents and any other officers or agents as may be prescribed by the bylaws.		
26	Each of wh	iom <u>th</u>	<u>ne officers</u> must be elected by the board at such <u>a</u> time and in such <u>a</u> manner		
27	as may be	provid	ded in the bylaws <u>unless the articles or bylaws provide that the shareholders</u>		
28	<u>may elect t</u>	<u>he off</u>	icers.		
29	SE	стю	N 23. AMENDMENT. Section 10-19.1-53 of the North Dakota Century Code is		
30	amended a	and re	enacted as follows:		

1	10- 1	19.1-	53. Duties of officers and agents. Unless the articles, bylaws, or a resolution				
2	adopted by	the b	poard and not inconsistent with the articles or bylaws, provides otherwise, the				
3	3 officers shall have the following duties.						
4	1.	The	The president shall:				
5		a.	Have general active management for the business of the corporation;				
6		b.	When present, preside at all meetings of the board and of shareholders;				
7		C.	See that all orders and resolutions of the board are carried into effect;				
8		d.	Sign and deliver in the name of the corporation, any deeds, mortgages,				
9			bonds, contracts, or other instruments pertaining to the business of the				
10			corporation, except in cases in which the authority to sign and deliver is				
11			required by law to be exercised by another person or is expressly delegated				
12			by the articles or bylaws or by the board to some officer or agent of the				
13			corporation;				
14		e.	Maintain records of and, whenever necessary, certify all proceedings of the				
15			board and the shareholders; and				
16		f.	Perform other duties prescribed by the board.				
17	2.	<u>The</u>	vice president, if any, or, if there is more than one, the vice presidents in the				
18		orde	er determined by the board, shall:				
19		<u>a.</u>	In the absence or disability of the president, perform the duties and exercise				
20			the powers of the president; and				
21		<u>b.</u>	Shall perform other duties and shall have other powers as the board may				
22			from time to time prescribe.				
23	<u>3.</u>	The	treasurer shall:				
24		a.	Keep accurate financial records for the corporation;				
25		b.	Deposit all money, drafts, and checks in the name of and to the credit of the				
26			corporation in the banks and depositories designated by the board;				
27		C.	Endorse for deposit all notes, checks, and drafts received by the corporation				
28			as ordered by the board, making proper vouchers;				
29		d.	Disburse corporate funds and issue checks and drafts in the name of the				
30			corporation, as ordered by the board;				

1		e.	Give to the president and the board, whenever requested, an account of all		
2			transactions by the treasurer and of the financial condition of the corporation;		
3			and		
4		f.	Perform other duties prescribed by the board or by the president.		
5	<u>4.</u>	<u>The</u>	secretary shall:		
6		<u>a.</u>	Attend all meetings of the board, all meetings of the shareholders, and when		
7			required, all meetings of standing committees;		
8		<u>b.</u>	Record all proceedings of the meetings;		
9		<u>C.</u>	Give, or cause to be given, notice of all meetings of the shareholders and		
10			meetings of the board; and		
11		<u>d.</u>	Perform other duties prescribed by the board.		
12	3. <u>5.</u>	All c	other officers and agents of the corporation, as between themselves and the		
13		corp	poration, have the authority and shall perform the duties in the management of		
14		the	corporation as may be provided in the articles or bylaws, or as may be		
15		dete	ermined by resolution of the board not inconsistent with the articles and bylaws.		
16	SEC		N 24. AMENDMENT. Section 10-19.1-55 of the North Dakota Century Code is		
17	amended a	nd re	enacted as follows:		
18	10- 1	9.1-	55. Multiple offices. Any number of offices or functions of those offices may		
19	9 be held or exercised by the same person individual. If a document must be signed by persons				
20	0 <u>individuals</u> holding different offices or functions and a person an individual holds or exercises				
21	more than o	one o	f those offices or functions, that person individual may sign the document in		
22	more than o	one c	apacity, but only if the document indicates each capacity in which the person		
23	<u>individual</u> s	igns.			
24	SEC		N 25. AMENDMENT. Section 10-19.1-56 of the North Dakota Century Code is		
25	amended a	nd re	enacted as follows:		
26	10-1	9.1-	56. Officers deemed elected. In the absence of an election or appointment of		
27	officers by t	he bo	pard, the person individual or persons individuals exercising the functions of		
28	the principa	l offic	cers of the corporation are deemed to have been elected to those offices.		
29	SEC		N 26. AMENDMENT. Section 10-19.1-57 of the North Dakota Century Code is		
30	amended a	nd re	enacted as follows:		

1	10- 1	19.1-57. Contract rights. The election or appointment of a person an individual as					
2	an officer of	r agent does not, of itself, create contract rights. However, a corporation may enter					
3	into a contract with an officer or agent. The resignation or removal of an officer or agent is						
4	without prej	udice to any contractual rights or obligations. The fact that the contract may be for					
5	a term that	is longer than the terms of the directors who authorized or approved the contract					
6	does not ma	ake the contract void or voidable.					
7	SEC	CTION 27. AMENDMENT. Section 10-19.1-58 of the North Dakota Century Code is					
8	amended a	nd reenacted as follows:					
9	10- 1	19.1-58. Resignation - Removal - Vacancies.					
10	1.	An officer may resign at any time by giving written notice to the corporation. The					
11		resignation is effective without acceptance when the notice is given to the					
12		corporation, unless a later effective date is specified in the notice.					
13	2.	An Except as otherwise provided in the articles and bylaws, an officer may be					
14		removed at any time, with or without cause, by a resolution approved by the					
15		affirmative vote of a majority of the directors present, subject to the provisions of a					
16		shareholder control agreement. The removal is without prejudice to any					
17		contractual rights of the officer.					
18	3.	A vacancy in an office because of death, resignation, removal, disqualification, or					
19		other cause may, or in the case of the president or treasurer must, be filled for the					
20		unexpired portion of the term in the manner provided in the articles or bylaws, or					
21		determined by the board, or pursuant to section 10-19.1-56.					
22	SEC	CTION 28. AMENDMENT. Section 10-19.1-59 of the North Dakota Century Code is					
23	amended a	nd reenacted as follows:					
24	10- 1	19.1-59. Delegation. Unless prohibited by the articles or bylaws or by a resolution					
25	approved b	y the affirmative vote of a majority of the directors present adopted by the board, an					
26	officer elect	ed or appointed by the board may, without the approval of the board, delegate					
27	some or all	of the duties and powers of an office to other persons individuals. An officer who					
28	delegates tl	he duties or powers of an office remains subject to the standard of conduct for an					
29	officer with	respect to the discharge of all duties and powers so delegated.					
30	SEC	CTION 29. AMENDMENT. Section 10-19.1-60 of the North Dakota Century Code is					

31 amended and reenacted as follows:

1 **10-19.1-60. Standard of conduct <u>for officers</u>.** An officer shall discharge the duties of 2 an office in good faith, in a manner the officer reasonably believes to be in the best interests of 3 the corporation, and with the care an ordinarily prudent person in a like position would exercise 4 under similar circumstances. <u>A person An individual</u> exercising the principal functions of an 5 office or to whom some or all of the duties and powers of an office are delegated pursuant to 6 section 10-19.1-59 is deemed an officer for purposes of this section and sections 10-19.1-86 7 and 10-19.1-91.

8 SECTION 30. AMENDMENT. Section 10-19.1-66 of the North Dakota Century Code is
9 amended and reenacted as follows:

10 10-19.1-66. Share certificates - Issuance and contents - Uncertificated shares.
11 1. The shares of a corporation must be represented by certificates signed by the
12 president, or by a vice president, and by the secretary, or by an assistant secretary

- 13 of the corporation.
- 14
 2. If a person signs or has a facsimile signature placed upon a certificate while an
 officer, transfer agent, or registrar of a corporation, the certificate may be issued by
 the corporation, even if the person has ceased to have that capacity before the
 certificate is issued, with the same effect as if the person had that capacity at the
 date of its issue.
- 19 Every certificate representing shares issued by a corporation which is authorized 3. 20 to issue shares of more than one class must set forth upon the face or back of the 21 certificate, or must state that the corporation will furnish to any shareholders upon 22 request and without charge, a full or summary statement of the designations, 23 preferences, limitations, and relative rights of the shares of each class authorized 24 to be issued and, if the corporation is authorized to issue any preferred or special 25 class or series, the variations in the relative rights and preferences between the 26 shares of each such series so far as the same have been fixed and determined 27 and the authority of the board to fix and determine the relative rights and 28 preferences of subsequent series. Each certificate representing shares must state 29 upon its face:
- 30 a. The name of the corporation.
- b. That the corporation is organized under the laws of this state.

1		c.	The name of the person to whom issued.
2		d.	The number and class of shares, and the designation of the series, if any,
3			which such certificate represents.
4		e.	The par value of such share represented by such certificate, or a statement
5			that the shares are without par value.
6	4.	A c	ertificate signed as provided in subsection 1 is prima facie evidence of the
7		owr	nership of the shares referred to in the certificate.
8	<u>5.</u>	Unl	ess uncertificated shares are prohibited by the articles or bylaws, a resolution
9		app	roved by the affirmative vote of a majority of the directors present may provide
10		that	some or all of any, or all classes and series of its shares will be uncertificated
11		<u>sha</u>	res.
12		<u>a.</u>	The resolution does not apply to shares represented by a certificate until the
13			certificate is surrendered to the corporation.
14		<u>b.</u>	Within a reasonable time after the issuance or transfer of uncertificated
15			shares, the corporation shall send to the new shareholder the information
16			required by this section to be stated on certificates.
17		<u>C.</u>	Except as otherwise expressly provided by statute, the rights and obligations
18			of the holders of certificated and uncertificated shares of the same class and
19			series are identical.
20	SEC	СТІО	N 31. AMENDMENT. Section 10-19.1-71 of the North Dakota Century Code is
21	amended a	nd re	enacted as follows:
22	10-1	19.1-	71. Regular meetings of shareholders.
23	1.	Reg	gular meetings of shareholders may be held on an annual or other less frequent
24		peri	iodic basis, but need not be held unless required by the articles or bylaws or by
25		sub	section 2.
26	2.	lf a	regular meeting of shareholders has not been held during the immediately
27		pre	ceding earlier of six months after the fiscal year end of the corporation or fifteen
28		moi	nths , a <u>after its last meeting:</u>
29		<u>a.</u>	\underline{A} shareholder or shareholders holding five percent or more of the voting
30			power of all shares entitled to vote may demand a regular meeting of

1		shareholders by written notice of demand given to the president or secretary
2		of the corporation.
3		b. Within thirty days after receipt of the demand by one of those officers, the
4		board shall cause a regular meeting of shareholders to be called and held at
5		the expense of the corporation on notice no later than ninety days after
6		receipt of the demand.
7		c. If the board fails to cause a regular meeting to be called as required by this
8		subsection, the shareholder or shareholders making the demand may call the
9		regular meeting by giving notice as required by section 10-19.1-73.
10		d. All necessary expenses of the notice and the meeting must be paid by the
11		corporation.
12	3.	A regular meeting, if any, must be held on the day or date and at the time and
13		place fixed by, or in a manner authorized by, the articles or bylaws, except that a
14		meeting called by or at the demand of a shareholder pursuant to subsection 2
15		must be held in the county where the principal executive office of the corporation is
16		located.
17	4.	At each regular meeting of shareholders there:
18		a. <u>There</u> must be an election of qualified successors for directors who serve for
19		an indefinite term or whose terms have expired or are due to expire within six
20		months after the date of the meeting.
21		b. No other particular business is required to be transacted at a regular meeting.
22		c. Any business appropriate for action by the shareholders may be transacted at
23		a regular meeting.
24	<u>5.</u>	Failure to hold a meeting in accordance with the articles or bylaws does not affect
25		the validity of a corporate action.
26	SE	CTION 32. AMENDMENT. Section 10-19.1-72 of the North Dakota Century Code is
27	amended a	and reenacted as follows:
28	10-	19.1-72. Special meetings of shareholders.
29	1.	Special meetings of the shareholders may be called for any purpose or purposes
30		at any time, by:
31		a. The president;

	-		
1		b.	Two or more directors;
2		C.	A person authorized in the articles or bylaws to call special meetings; or
3		d.	A shareholder or shareholders holding ten percent or more of the voting
4			power of all shares entitled to vote, except that a special meeting for the
5			purpose of considering any action to directly or indirectly facilitate or effect a
6			business combination, including any action to change or otherwise affect the
7			composition of the board of directors for that purpose, must be called by
8			twenty-five percent or more of the voting power of all shares entitled to vote.
9	2.	A sh	areholder or shareholders holding the voting power specified in subdivision d
10		of su	ubsection 1 may demand a special meeting of shareholders by written notice of
11		dem	and given to the president or secretary of the corporation and containing the
12		purp	poses of the meeting.
13		<u>a.</u>	Within thirty days after receipt by one of those officers of the demand, the
14			board shall cause a special meeting of shareholders to be called and held on
15			notice no later than ninety days after receipt of the demand.
16		<u>b.</u>	If the board fails to cause a special meeting to be called as required by this
17			subsection, the shareholder or shareholders making the demand may call the
18			special meeting by giving notice as required by section 10-19.1-73.
19		<u>C.</u>	All necessary expenses of the notice and the meeting shall be paid by the
20			corporation.
21	3.	Spe	cial meetings must be held on the date and at the time and place fixed by the
22		pres	ident, the board, or a person authorized by the articles or bylaws to call a
23		mee	ting, except that a special meeting called by or at the demand of a shareholder
24		or sł	nareholders pursuant to subsection 2 must be held in the county where the
25		princ	cipal executive office is located.
26	4.	The	business transacted at a special meeting is limited to the purposes stated in
27		the r	notice of the meeting. Any business transacted at a special meeting that is not
28		inclu	ided in those stated purposes is voidable by or on behalf of the corporation,
29		unle	ss all of the shareholders have waived notice of the meeting in accordance
30		with	subsection 4 of section 10-19.1-73.

1 **SECTION 33.** Section 10-19.1-72.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and

2 enacted as follows:

2								
3	<u>10-</u>	10-19.1-72.1. Court-ordered meeting of shareholders.						
4	<u>1.</u>	<u>The</u>	The district court of the county where the principal executive office of a corporation					
5		<u>is lo</u>	is located may order a meeting to be held:					
6		<u>a.</u>	a. On application of a shareholder or shareholders holding five percent or more					
7			<u>of th</u>	e voting power of all shares entitled to vote, if a meeting was not held				
8			<u>withi</u>	n the earlier of:				
9			<u>(1)</u>	Six months after the fiscal yearend of the corporation; or				
10			<u>(2)</u>	Fifteen months after its last meeting; or				
11		<u>b.</u>	<u>On a</u>	pplication of a voting shareholder who signed a demand for a special				
12			mee	ting valid under section 10-19.1-72 or a person entitled to call a special				
13			mee	ting if:				
14			<u>(1)</u>	Notice of the special meeting was not given within thirty days after the				
15				date the demand was delivered to a corporate officer; or				
16			<u>(2)</u>	The special meeting was not held in accordance with the notice.				
17	<u>2.</u>	The	e court	<u>may:</u>				
18		<u>a.</u>	<u>Fix t</u>	he time and place of the meeting;				
19		<u>b.</u>	<u>Spec</u>	cify a record date for determining shareholders entitled to notice of and to				
20			vote	at the meeting;				
21		<u>C.</u>	Pres	cribe the form and content of the meeting notice;				
22		<u>d.</u>	Fix t	he quorum required for specific matters to be considered at the meeting,				
23			<u>or di</u>	rect that the votes represented at the meeting constitute a quorum for				
24			<u>actio</u>	n on those matters; and				
25		<u>e.</u>	<u>Ente</u>	r other orders necessary to accomplish the purposes of the meeting.				
26	<u>3.</u>	<u>lf th</u>	ne cou	rt orders a meeting it may also order the corporation to pay the costs of				
27		<u>the</u>	share	holder, including reasonable attorneys' fees, incurred to obtain the order.				
28	SE	СТЮ	N 34.	AMENDMENT. Section 10-19.1-73 of the North Dakota Century Code is				
29	amended a	and re	enact	ed as follows:				
30	10-19.1-73. Notice.							

1	1.	Exce	ept as	otherwise provided in this chapter, notice of all meetings of shareholders
2			•	ven to every holder of shares entitled to vote unless:
3		a.	Ũ	neeting is an adjourned meeting to be held not more than one hundred
4				y days after the date fixed for the original meeting and the date, time,
5				lace of the meeting were announced at the time of the original meeting
6			•	/ adjournment of the original meeting; or
7		b.	-	blowing have been mailed by first-class mail to a shareholder at the
8				ss in the corporate records and returned nondeliverable:
9			(1)	Two consecutive annual meeting notices and notices of any special
10			(.)	meetings held during the period between the two annual meetings; or
11			(2)	All payments of dividends <u>distributions</u> , provided there were at least
12			(2)	two sent during a twelve-month period.
13			An ac	tion or meeting that is taken or held without notice under subdivision b
14				he same force and effect as if notice was given. If the shareholder
				ers a written notice of the shareholder's current address to the
15				
16	0	17	•	ration, the notice requirement is reinstated.
17	2.			an adjourned meeting is required under subdivision a of subsection 1,
18				ate for determination of shares entitled to notice of and entitled to vote at
19		the a	adjourr	ned meeting must comply with subsection 1 of section 10-19.1-77
20		<u>10-1</u>	9.1-73	3.2, except that if the date of the meeting is set by court order, the court
21		may	provic	le that the original date of determination will continue in effect or may fix
22		a ne	w date	۶.
23	3.	lf <u>Th</u>	<u>ne noti</u>	<u>>e:</u>
24		<u>a.</u>	In all	instances where a specific minimum notice period has not otherwise
25			been	fixed by law, the notice must be given at least ten days before the date
26			of the	meeting, or a shorter time provided in the articles or bylaws, and not
27			more	than fifty days before the date of the meeting-;
28	4.	<u>b.</u>	The n	otice must <u>Must</u> contain the date, time, and place of the meeting , ;
29		<u>C.</u>	Must	contain the information with respect to dissenters' rights required by
30			subse	ection 2 of section 10-19.1-88, if applicable, and any other information
31			requir	ed by this chapter. In the case of a special meeting, the notice must

	Ũ		-		
1			contain a statement of the purposes of the meeting. The notice may also		
2			contain any other information required by the articles or bylaws or deemed		
3			necessary or desirable by the board or by any other person or persons calling	t	
4			the meeting.;		
5		<u>d.</u>	Must inform shareholders if proxies are permitted at the meeting and, if so,		
6			state the procedure for appointing proxies;		
7		<u>e.</u>	Must contain a statement of the purpose of the meeting, in the case of a		
8			special meeting;		
9		<u>f.</u>	Must contain any other information:		
10			(1) Required by the articles or bylaws, or this chapter;		
11			(2) Considered necessary or desirable by the board of directors; and		
12		<u>g.</u>	May contain any other information considered necessary or desirable by the		
13			person or persons calling the meeting.		
14	5. <u>4.</u>	A shareholder may waive notice of a meeting of shareholders.			
15		<u>a.</u>	A waiver of notice by a shareholder entitled to notice is effective whether		
16			given before, at, or after the meeting, and whether given in writing, or by		
17			attendance.		
18		<u>b.</u>	Attendance by a shareholder at a meeting is a waiver of notice of that		
19			meeting, except where the shareholder objects at:		
20			(1) <u>At</u> the beginning of the meeting to the transaction of business because		
21			the meeting is not lawfully called or convened; or objects before		
22			(2) Before a vote on an item of business because the item may not lawfully	'	
23			be considered at that meeting and does not participate in the		
24			consideration of the item at that meeting.		
25	SEC	СТІО	N 35. Section 10-19.1-73.2 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and		
26	enacted as	follo	WS:		
27	<u>10-</u>	19.1-	-73.2. Voting rights.		
28	<u>1.</u>	The	e board may fix a date not more than fifty days, or a shorter time period		
29		pro	wided in the articles or bylaws, before the date of a meeting of shareholders as		
30		the	date for the determination of the holders of shares entitled to notice of and		

1		entitled to vote at the meeting. When a date is fixed, only shareholders on that
2		date are entitled to notice of and permitted to vote at that meeting of shareholders.
3	<u>2.</u>	A determination of the holders of shares entitled to notice and to vote at a meeting
4		of shareholders is effective for an adjournment of the meeting unless the board
5		fixes a new date for determining the right to notice and to vote, which it must do if
6		the meeting is adjourned to a date more than fifty days after the record date for
7		determining shareholders entitled to notice of the original meeting.
8	<u>3.</u>	If a court orders a meeting adjourned to a date more than one hundred twenty
9		days after the date fixed for the original meeting, it may:
10		a. Maintain the original record date for notice and voting; or
11		b. Fix a new record date for notice and voting.
12	<u>4.</u>	A resolution approved by the affirmative vote of a majority of the directors present
13		may establish a procedure whereby a shareholder may certify in writing to the
14		corporation that all or a portion of the shares registered in the name of the
15		shareholder are held for the account of one or more beneficial owners. Upon
16		receipt by the corporation of the writing, the persons specified as beneficial
17		owners, rather than the actual shareholder, are deemed the shareholders for the
18		purposes specified in the writing.
19	<u>5.</u>	Unless otherwise provided in the articles or bylaws, or in the terms of the shares, a
20		shareholder has one vote for each share held.
21	<u>6.</u>	The articles may give or prescribe the manner of giving a creditor, securityholder,
22		or other person a right to vote under this section.
23	<u>7.</u>	Shares owned by two or more shareholders may be voted by any one of them
24		unless the corporation receives written notice from any one of them denying the
25		authority of that person to vote those shares.
26	<u>8.</u>	Except as provided in subsection 7, a holder of shares entitled to vote may vote
27		any portion of the shares in any way the shareholder chooses. If a shareholder
28		votes without designating the proportion or number of shares voted in a particular
29		way, the shareholder is deemed to have voted all of the shares in that way.
30	SEC	CTION 36. Section 10-19.1-73.3 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and
31	enacted as	follows:

Fifty-fifth

	Fifty-fifth Legislative Assembly							
1		<u>10-1</u>	9.1-7	9.1-73.3. Voting list.				
2		<u>1.</u>	After fixing a record date for notice of and voting at a meeting, a corporation shall					
3			prep	pare an alphabetical list of the names of its shareholders entitled to notice and				
4			to ve	ote. The list must show the address and number of shares each shareholder is				
5			<u>entit</u>	tled to vote at the meeting.				
6		<u>2.</u>	<u>The</u>	list of shareholders must be available for inspection by a shareholder with				
7			<u>votir</u>	ng rights for the purpose of communication with other shareholders concerning				
8			the	meeting, beginning two business days after the meeting notice is given and				
9			<u>cont</u>	tinuing through the meeting, at the principal executive office of the corporation				
10			<u>or a</u>	t a reasonable place identified in the meeting notice in the city where the				
11			mee	eting will be held.				
12			<u>a.</u>	The list must also be available at the meeting.				
13			<u>b.</u>	A shareholder, a shareholder's agent, or attorney is entitled on written				
14				demand to inspect and to copy the list, at a reasonable time and at the				
15				shareholder's expense, during the period it is available for inspection and at				
16				any time during the meeting or an adjournment.				
17		<u>3.</u>	If the	e corporation refuses to allow a shareholder with voting rights, the				
18			<u>sha</u>	reholder's agent, or attorney to inspect the list of shareholders before or at the				
19			mee	ting, the district court of the county where the principal executive office of the				
20			<u>corp</u>	poration is located, on application of the shareholder, may:				
21			<u>a.</u>	Order the inspection or copying at the corporation's expense;				
22			<u>b.</u>	Postpone the meeting until the inspection or copying is complete; or				
23			<u>C.</u>	Order the corporation to pay the shareholder's costs, including reasonable				
24				attorneys' fees, incurred to obtain the order.				

25 Unless a written demand to inspect and copy a shareholder list has been made 4. 26 under subsection 2 before the shareholder meeting and a corporation improperly 27 refuses to comply with the demand, refusal or failure to comply with this section 28 does not affect the validity of action taken at the meeting.

29 A shareholder, agent, or attorney who gains access to a shareholder list under this 5. 30 section may not use or give it to another for use of the shareholder list for any 31 purpose other than a proper purpose. Upon application of the corporation, the

1	district court may issue a protective order or order other relief necessary to enforce							
2		this subsection.						
3	SECTION 37. AMENDMENT. Section 10-19.1-74 of the North Dakota Century Code is							
4	amended a	nd reenacted as follows:						
5	10-1	19.1-74. Act of the shareholders.						
6	1.	The Unless this chapter or the articles require a greater vote or voting by class, the						
7		shareholders shall take action by the affirmative vote of the holders of the greater						
8		of:						
9		a. A majority of the voting power of the shares present and entitled to vote on						
10		that item of business; or						
11		b. A majority of the voting power of the minimum number of shares entitled to						
12		vote that would constitute a quorum for the transaction of business at the						
13		meeting, except where this chapter or the articles require a larger proportion						
14		or number .						
15		If the articles require a larger proportion or number than is required by this chapter						
16		for a particular action, the articles control.						
17	2.	In any case where a class or series of shares is entitled by this chapter, the						
18		articles, the bylaws, or the terms of the shares to vote as a class or series, the						
19		matter being voted upon must also receive the affirmative vote of the holders of the						
20		same proportion of the shares present of that class or series as is required						
21		pursuant to subsection 1, unless the articles require a larger proportion. Unless						
22		otherwise stated in the articles or bylaws in the case of voting as a class or series,						
23		the minimum percentage of the number of shares of the class or series which must						
24		be present shall be equal to the minimum percentage of all outstanding shares						
25		entitled to vote required to be present under section 10-19.1-76. Unless otherwise						
26		provided in the articles or bylaws, shareholders may take action at a meeting by:						
27		a. Voice or ballot;						
28		b. Action without a meeting pursuant to section 10-19.1-75;						
29		c. Written ballot pursuant to section 10-19.1-75.1; or						
30		d. Electronic communication pursuant to section 10-19.1-75.2.						

	-	
1		CTION 38. AMENDMENT. Section 10-19.1-75 of the North Dakota Century Code is
2	amended a	nd reenacted as follows:
3	10- 1	19.1-75. Action without a meeting. An action required or permitted to be taken at
4	a meeting c	of the shareholders may be taken without a meeting by written action signed by all of
5	the shareho	olders entitled to vote on that action.
6	<u>1.</u>	If the articles so provide, any action may be taken by written action signed by the
7		shareholders who own voting power equal to the voting power that would be
8		required to take the same action at a meeting of the shareholders at which all
9		shareholders were present.
10	<u>2.</u>	The written action is effective when it has been signed by all of those the required
11		shareholders, unless a different effective time is provided in the written action.
12	<u>3.</u>	When written action is permitted to be taken by less than all shareholders, all
13		shareholders must be notified immediately of its text and effective date. Failure to
14		provide the notice does not invalidate the written action. A shareholder who does
15		not sign or consent to the written action has no liability for the action or actions
16		taken by the written actions.
17	<u>4.</u>	When this chapter requires or permits a certificate concerning an action to be filed
18		with the secretary of state, the officers signing the certificate must indicate the
19		action was taken under this section.
20	SEC	CTION 39. Section 10-19.1-75.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and
21	enacted as	follows:
22	<u>10-</u> 1	19.1-75.1. Action by written ballot.
23	<u>1.</u>	Except as provided in subsection 5 and unless prohibited or limited by the articles
24		or bylaws, an action that may be taken at a regular or special meeting of
25		shareholders may be taken without a meeting if the corporation mails or delivers a
26		written ballot to every shareholder entitled to vote on the matter.
27	<u>2.</u>	A written ballot must set forth each proposed action and provide an opportunity to
28		vote for or against each proposed action.
29	<u>3.</u>	Approval by written ballot under this section is valid only if:
30		a. The number of votes cast by ballot equals or exceeds the quorum required to
31		be present at a meeting authorizing the action; and

	-		
1		<u>b.</u>	The number of approvals equals or exceeds the number of votes that would
2			be required to approve the matter at a meeting at which the total number of
3			votes cast was the same as the number of votes cast by ballot.
4	<u>4.</u>	<u>So</u>	icitations for votes by written ballot must:
5		<u>a.</u>	Indicate the number of responses needed to meet the quorum requirements;
6		<u>b.</u>	State the percentage of approvals necessary to approve each matter other
7			than election of directors; and
8		<u>C.</u>	Specify the time by which a ballot must be received by the corporation in
9			order to be counted.
10	<u>5.</u>	<u>Exc</u>	cept as otherwise provided in the articles or bylaws, a written ballot may not be
11		rev	oked.
12	SE	стю	N 40. Section 10-19.1-75.2 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and
13	enacted as	s follo	WS:
14	<u>10</u> .	19.1	75.2. Electronic communications.
15	<u>1.</u>	<u>A c</u>	onference among the shareholders by any means of communication through
16		wh	ch the participants may simultaneously hear each other during the conference
17		cor	stitutes a regular or special meeting of shareholders:
18		<u>a.</u>	If the same notice is given of the conference as would be required for a
19			meeting; and
20		<u>b.</u>	If the number of shares held by the shareholders participating in the
21			conference would be sufficient to constitute a quorum at a meeting.
22	<u>2.</u>	Pa	rticipation in a conference meeting the requirements of subsection 1 constitutes
23		pre	sence at the meeting in person or by proxy if all the other requirements of
24		sec	<u>xtion 10-19.1-80 are met.</u>
25	<u>3.</u>	<u>A s</u>	hareholder may participate in a regular or special meeting of shareholders not
26		des	cribed in subsection 1 by any means of communication through which the
27		<u>sha</u>	areholder, other participants, and all persons physically present at the meeting
28		ma	y simultaneously hear each other during the meeting. Participation in a meeting
29		by	that means constitutes presence at the meeting in person or by proxy if all the
30		<u>oth</u>	er requirements of section 10-19.1-80 are met.

1	<u>4.</u>	Wa	iver of notice of a meeting by means of communication described in		
2		<u>sub</u>	subsection 1 or 3 may be given in the manner provided in subsection 4 of section		
3		<u>10-</u>	10-19.1-73. Participation in a meeting by means of communications described in		
4		<u>sub</u>	section 1 or 3 is a waiver of notice of that meeting, except where the		
5		<u>sha</u>	reholder objects:		
6		<u>a.</u>	At the beginning of the meeting to the transaction of business because the		
7			meeting is not lawfully called or convened; or		
8		<u>b.</u>	Before a vote on an item of business because the item may not lawfully be		
9			considered at the meeting and does not participate in the consideration of the		
10			item at that meeting.		
11	SE	стю	N 41. AMENDMENT. Section 10-19.1-76 of the North Dakota Century Code is		
12	amended a	and re	eenacted as follows:		
13	10-	19.1-	76. Quorum. The		
14	<u>1.</u>	<u>Unl</u>	Unless otherwise provided in the articles or bylaws, a quorum for a meeting of		
15		<u>sha</u>	reholders is the holders of a majority of the voting power of the shares entitled		
16		to v	rote at a <u>the</u> meeting are a quorum for the transaction of business, unless a		
17		larg	larger or smaller proportion or number is provided in the articles or bylaws. In no		
18		eve	event may a quorum consist of less than one-third of the shares entitled to vote at		
19		the	the meeting. If a quorum is present when a duly called or held meeting is		
20		con	convened, the shareholders present may continue to transact business until		
21		adje	ournment, even though the withdrawal of a number of shareholders originally		
22		pre	sent leaves less than the proportion or number otherwise required for a		
23		que	o rum .		
24	<u>2.</u>	<u>Exc</u>	cept as provided in subdivision b, a quorum is necessary for the transaction of		
25		bus	iness at a meeting of shareholders.		
26		<u>a.</u>	If a quorum is not present, a meeting may be adjourned from time to time for		
27			that reason.		
28		<u>b.</u>	If a quorum has been present at a meeting and shareholders have withdrawn		
29			from the meeting so that less than a quorum remains, the shareholders still		
30			present may continue to transact business until adjournment.		

SECTION 42. Section 10-19.1-76.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and enacted as follows:

3	<u>10-</u>	19.1-76.1. Voting of shares by organizations and legal representatives.
4	<u>1.</u>	Shares of a corporation registered in the name of another domestic or foreign
5		corporation may be voted by the president or other legal representative of the
6		corporation.
7	<u>2.</u>	Except as provided in subsection 3, shares of a corporation registered in the name
8		of a subsidiary are not entitled to be voted on any matter.
9	<u>3.</u>	Shares of a corporation in the name of or under the control of the corporation or a
10		subsidiary in a fiduciary capacity are not entitled to be voted on any matter, except
11		to the extent that the settlor or beneficial owner possesses and exercises a right to
12		vote or gives the corporation or, with respect to shares in the name of or under
13		control of a subsidiary, the subsidiary, binding instructions on how to vote the
14		shares.
15	<u>4.</u>	Shares under the control of a person in a capacity as a personal representative, an
16		administrator, executor, guardian, conservator, or attorney in fact may be voted by
17		the person, either in person or by proxy, without registration of those shares in the
18		name of the person. Shares registered in the name of a trustee of a trust or in the
19		name of a custodian may be voted by the person, either in person or by proxy, but
20		a trustee of a trust or a custodian may not vote shares held by the person unless
21		they are registered in the name of the person.
22	<u>5.</u>	Shares registered in the name of a trustee in bankruptcy or a receiver may be
23		voted by the trustee or either in person or by proxy. Shares under the control of a
24		trustee in bankruptcy or a receiver may be voted by the trustee or receiver without
25		registering the shares in the name of the trustee or receiver, if authority to do so is
26		contained in an appropriate order of the court by which the trustee or receiver was
27		appointed.
28	<u>6.</u>	Shares registered in the name of an organization not described in subsections 1
29		through 5 may be voted either in person or by proxy by the legal representative of
30		that organization.

1	<u>7.</u>	<u>A s</u>	hareholder whose shares are pledged may vote those shares until the shares				
2		are	registered in the name of the pledgee. If the corporation pledges its own				
3		<u>sha</u>	res under subsection 1 of section 10-19.1-93, the corporation may not vote the				
4		<u>sha</u>	res at a meeting or otherwise.				
5	SECTION 43. Section 10-19.1-76.2 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and						
6	enacted as follows:						
7	<u>10-</u>	19.1-	76.2. Proxies.				
8	<u>1.</u>	<u>At c</u>	or before the meeting the appointment is to be effective a shareholder may cast				
9		<u>or a</u>	authorize the casting of a vote by filing a written appointment of a proxy with an				
10		offic	cer authorized to tabulate votes.				
11		<u>a.</u>	A written appointment of a proxy may be signed by the shareholder or				
12			authorized by the shareholder by transmission of a telegraph, cablegram, or				
13			other means of electronic transmission, provided the corporation has no				
14			reason to believe the telegram, cablegram, or other electronic transmission				
15			was not authorized by the shareholder.				
16		<u>b.</u>	Any reproduction of the writing or transmission may be substituted or used in				
17			lieu of the original writing or transmission for any purpose for which the				
18			original transmission could be used, if the copy, facsimile, telecommunication,				
19			or other reproduction is a complete and legible reproduction of the entire				
20			original writing or transmission.				
21		<u>C.</u>	An appointment of a proxy for shares held jointly by two or more shareholders				
22			is valid if signed by any one of them, unless the corporation receives from any				
23			one of those shareholders written notice either denying the authority of that				
24			person to appoint a proxy or appointing a different proxy.				
25	<u>2.</u>	The	appointment of a proxy is valid for eleven months, unless a longer period is				
26		<u>exp</u>	ressly provided in the appointment. No appointment is irrevocable unless the				
27		<u>app</u>	pointment is coupled with an interest, including a security interest, in the shares				
28		<u>or i</u>	n the corporation. A shareholder who revokes a proxy is not liable in any way				
29		for	damages, restitution, or other claim.				
30	<u>3.</u>	An	appointment may be revoked at will, unless the appointment is coupled with an				
31		inte	rest, in which case it may not be revoked except in accordance with the terms				

	0	,			
1		of an agreement, if any, between the parties to the appointment. Appointment of a			
2		proxy is revoked by the person appointing the proxy by:			
3		a. Attending a meeting and voting in person; or			
4		b. Signing and delivering to the officer or agent authorized to tabulate proxy			
5		votes either:			
6		(1) A writing stating the appointment of the proxy is revoked; or			
7		(2) <u>A later appointment.</u>			
8	<u>4.</u>	Revocation in either manner provided in subsection 3 revokes all earlier proxy			
9		appointments and is effective when filed with an officer of the corporation.			
10	<u>5.</u>	The death or incapacity of a person appointing a proxy does not affect the right of			
11		the corporation to accept the authority of the proxy, unless written notice of the			
12		death or incapacity is received by an officer authorized to tabulate votes before the			
13		proxy exercises authority under that appointment.			
14	<u>6.</u>	Unless the appointment specifically provides otherwise, if two or more persons are			
15		appointed as proxies for a shareholder:			
16		a. Any one of them may vote the shares on each item of business in accordance			
17		with specific instructions contained in the appointment; and			
18		b. If no specific instructions are contained in the appointment with respect to			
19		voting the shares on a particular item of business, the shares must be voted			
20		as a majority of the proxies determine. If the proxies are equally divided, the			
21		shares may not be voted.			
22	<u>7.</u>	Subject to section 10-19.1-76.3 and an express restriction, limitation, or specific			
23		reservation of authority of the proxy appearing on the appointment, the corporation			
24		may accept a vote or action by the proxy as the action of the shareholder. The			
25		vote of a proxy is final, binding, and not subject to challenge, but the proxy is liable			
26		to the shareholder or beneficial owner for damages resulting from a failure to			
27		exercise the proxy or from an exercise of the proxy in violation of the authority			
28		granted in the appointment.			
29	<u>8.</u>	If a proxy is given authority by a shareholder to vote on less than all items of			
30		business considered at a meeting of shareholders, the shareholder is considered			
31		to be present and entitled to vote by the proxy for purposes of subsection 1 of			

1		<u>sect</u>	ion 10-19.1-74, only with respect to those items of business for which the		
2	proxy has authority to vote. A proxy who is given authority by a shareholder who				
3	abstains with respect to an item of business is considered to have authority to vote				
4		<u>on t</u>	he item of business for purposes of this subsection.		
5	SE		V 44. Section 10-19.1-76.3 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and		
6	enacted as	follov	vs:		
7	<u>10-</u>	19.1-7	76.3. Acceptance of shareholder act by the corporation.		
8	<u>1.</u>	<u>lf th</u>	e name signed on a vote, consent, waiver, or proxy appointment corresponds		
9		<u>to th</u>	ne record name of a shareholder, the corporation if acting in good faith may		
10		acce	ept the vote, consent, waiver, or proxy appointment and give it effect as the act		
11		<u>of th</u>	ne shareholder.		
12	<u>2.</u>	<u>Unle</u>	ess the articles or bylaws provide otherwise, if the name signed on a vote,		
13		cons	sent, waiver, or proxy appointment does not correspond to the record name of		
14		<u>a sh</u>	areholder, the corporation if acting in good faith may accept the vote, consent		
15		<u>wai</u>	waiver, or proxy appointment and give it effect as the act of the shareholder if:		
16		<u>a.</u>	The shareholder is an organization and the name signed purports to be that		
17			of an officer, manager, or agent of the organization;		
18		<u>b.</u>	The name signed purports to be that of an administrator, guardian, or		
19			conservator representing the shareholder and, if the corporation requests,		
20			evidence of fiduciary status acceptable to the corporation has been presented		
21			with respect to the vote, consent, waiver, or proxy appointment;		
22		<u>C.</u>	The name signed purports to be that of a receiver or trustee in bankruptcy of		
23			the shareholder, and, if the corporation requests, evidence of this status		
24			acceptable to the corporation has been presented with respect to the vote,		
25			consent, waiver, or proxy appointment;		
26		<u>d.</u>	The name signed purports to be that of a pledgee, beneficial owner, or		
27			attorney in fact of the shareholder, and if the corporation requests, evidence		
28			acceptable to the corporation of the signatory's authority to sign for the		
29			shareholder has been presented with respect to the vote, consent, waiver, or		
30			proxy appointment; or		

1 Two or more persons hold the shares as cotenants or fiduciaries and the e. 2 name signed purports to be the name of at least one of the coholders and the 3 person signing appears to be acting on behalf of all the coholders. 4 3. The corporation may reject a vote, consent, waiver, or proxy appointment if the 5 officer or agent authorized to tabulate votes, acting in good faith, has reasonable 6 basis for doubt about the validity of the signature on it or about the signatory's 7 authority to sign for the shareholder. 8 The corporation or its officer or agent who accepts or rejects a vote, consent, 4. 9 waiver, or proxy appointment in good faith and in accordance with the standards of 10 this section is not liable in damages to the shareholder for the consequences of the 11 acceptance or rejection. 12 5. Corporate action based on the acceptance or rejection of a vote, consent, waiver, 13 or proxy appointment under this section is valid unless a court of competent 14 jurisdiction determines otherwise. 15 SECTION 45. AMENDMENT. Section 10-19.1-81 of the North Dakota Century Code is 16 amended and reenacted as follows: 17 10-19.1-81. Voting trusts. 18 Shares in a corporation may be transferred to a trustee pursuant to written 1. 19 agreement, for the purpose of conferring on the trustee the right to vote and 20 otherwise represent the beneficial owner of those shares for a period not 21 exceeding ten years, except that if the agreement is made in connection with an 22 indebtedness of the corporation, the voting trust may extend until the indebtedness 23 is discharged. Unless otherwise specified in the agreement, the voting trust may 24 be terminated at any time by the beneficial owners of a majority of the voting 25 power of the shares held by the trustee. A signed original of the agreement must 26 be filed with the corporation. 27 2. Unless otherwise provided in the trust agreement, if there are two or more 28 trustees, the manner of voting is determined as provided in subsection 5 of section 10-19.1-77 <u>10-19.1-73.2</u>. 29 30 SECTION 46. AMENDMENT. Section 10-19.1-82 of the North Dakota Century Code is 31 amended and reenacted as follows:

28

	Legislative	A Goombry					
1	10-19.1-82. Shareholder voting agreements. A written agreement solely among						
2	persons who are then shareholders or subscribers for shares to be issued, relating to the voting						
3	of their shares, is valid and specifically enforceable by and against the parties to the						
4	agreement.	The agreement may override the provisions of section 10-19.1-80 <u>10-19.1-76.2</u>					
5	regarding p	roxies and is not subject to the provisions of section 10 19.1 81 <u>10-19.1-73.2</u>					
6	regarding v	oting trusts.					
7	SEC	CTION 47. AMENDMENT. Section 10-19.1-83 of the North Dakota Century Code is					
8	amended a	nd reenacted as follows:					
9	10-1	19.1-83. Shareholder control agreements.					
10	1.	A written agreement solely among the shareholders of a corporation and the					
11		subscribers for shares to be issued, relating to the control of any phase of the					
12		business and affairs of the corporation, its liquidation and dissolution, or the					
13		relations among shareholders of or subscribers to shares of the corporation is valid					
14		and specifically enforceable as provided in subsections 2 and 3.					
15	2.	A written agreement solely among persons described in subsection 1 which relates					
16		to the control of or the liquidation and dissolution of the corporation, the relations					
17		among them, or any phase of the business and affairs of the corporation, including					
18		the management of its business, the declaration and payment of distributions, the					
19		election of directors or officers, the employment of shareholders by the					
20		corporation, or the arbitration of disputes, is valid and specifically enforceable, if					
21		the agreement is signed by all persons who are then the shareholders of the					
22		corporation, whether or not the shareholders all have voting shares, and the					
23		subscribers for shares, whether or not voting shares, to be issued.					
24	3.	The agreement is enforceable by the persons described in subsection 1 who are					
25		parties to it and is binding upon and enforceable against only those persons and					
26		other persons having knowledge of the existence of the agreement. A signed					
27		original of the agreement must be filed with the corporation. The existence and					

back of each certificate for shares issued by the corporation and on each
transaction statement. A shareholder, a beneficial owner of shares, or another
person having a security interest in shares has the right upon written demand to

location of a copy of the agreement must be noted conspicuously on the face or

1			obtain a copy of the agreement from the corporation at the expense of the
2			corporation.
3		4.	The effect of an agreement authorized by this section is to relieve the board and
4			the director or directors in their capacities as directors of, and to impose upon the
5			parties to the agreement, the liability for acts or omissions imposed by law upon
6			directors to the extent that and so long as the discretion or powers of the directors
7			in the management of the business and affairs of the corporation are exercised by
8			the shareholders under a provision in the agreement. If an agreement authorized
9			by this section takes away from any person any of the authority and responsibility
10			which that person would otherwise possess under this chapter, the effect of the
11			agreement is also:
12			a. To relieve that person of liability imposed by law for acts and omissions in the
13			possession or exercise of that authority and responsibility; and
14			b. To impose that liability on the person or persons possessing the authority and
15			responsibility under the agreement.
16		<u>5.</u>	A shareholder is not liable pursuant to this subsection $\underline{4}$ by virtue of a shareholder
17			vote, if the shareholder had no right to vote on the action.
18	5.	<u>6.</u>	This section does not apply to, limit, or restrict agreements otherwise valid, nor is
19			the procedure set forth in this section the exclusive method of agreement among
20			shareholders or between the shareholders and the corporation with respect to any
21			of the matters described in this section.
22		SEC	CTION 48. AMENDMENT. Section 10-19.1-85 of the North Dakota Century Code is
23	amend	led a	nd reenacted as follows:
24		10- 1	9.1-85. Financial statements.
25		1.	A corporation shall, upon the written request of a shareholder, prepare annual
26			financial statements within one hundred eighty days after the close of the
27			corporation's fiscal year. The financial statements shall include including at least a
28			balance sheet as of the end of each the fiscal year and a statement of income for
29			the fiscal year, which must be prepared on the basis of accounting methods
30			reasonable in the circumstances and. The financial statements may be
31			consolidated statements of the corporation and one or more of its subsidiaries.

1		<u>a.</u>	In th a	e case of <u>If the</u> statements <u>are</u> audited by a public accountant, each copy	
2			must	be accompanied by a report setting forth the opinion of the accountant	
3			on th	e statements ; in other cases,.	
4		<u>b.</u>	If the	se statements are not audited by a public accountant, each copy must	
5			be ad	ccompanied by a statement of the treasurer or other person in charge of	
6			the c	orporation's financial records stating:	
7			<u>(1)</u>	Stating the reasonable belief of the person that the financial statements	
8				were prepared in accordance with accounting methods reasonable in	
9				the circumstances, describing;	
10			<u>(2)</u>	Describing the basis of presentation; and describing	
11			<u>(3)</u>	Describing any respects in which the financial statements were not	
12				prepared on a basis consistent with those prepared for the previous	
13				year.	
14	2.	Upo	on writt	ten request by a shareholder, a corporation shall furnish its most recent	
15		annual financial statements as required under subsection 1 no later than ten			
16		busi	iness (days after receipt of a shareholder's written request. "Furnish" for	
17		purp	oses	of this subsection means that the corporation shall deliver or mail,	
18		post	tage p	repaid, the financial statements to the address specified by the	
19		requ	uesting	g shareholder.	
20	SEC		N 49.	Section 10-19.1-85.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and	
21	enacted as	follov	vs:		
22	10- 1	9.1-8	85.1.	Equitable remedies. If a corporation or an officer or director of the	
23	corporation	viola	tes thi	s chapter, a court in this state, in an action brought by a shareholder of	
24	the corpora	tion r	nay gr	ant equitable relief it considers just and reasonable in the circumstances	
25	and award	exper	nses, i	ncluding attorneys' fees and disbursements, to the shareholders.	
26	SEC		N 50.	AMENDMENT. Section 10-19.1-86 of the North Dakota Century Code is	
27	amended a	nd re	enacte	ed as follows:	
28	10- 1	9.1-8	36. Ao	ctions by shareholders. No action may be brought in this state by a	
29	shareholder in the right of a domestic or foreign corporation unless plaintiff is a holder of record				
30	of shares or voting trust certificates at the time of the transaction of which plaintiff complains, or				

- 1 the plaintiff's shares or voting trust certificates thereafter devolved upon the plaintiff by
- 2 operation of law from a person who was a holder of record at such time:.
- In any action thereafter instituted in the right of any domestic or foreign corporation
 by the holder or holders of record of shares of the corporation or voting trust
 certificates, the court having jurisdiction, upon final judgment and finding that the
 action was brought without reasonable cause, may require the plaintiff or plaintiffs
 to pay the parties named as defendant the reasonable expenses, including fees of
 attorneys, incurred by them in defense of such action.
- 9 2. In any action now pending or hereafter instituted or maintained in the right of any 10 domestic or foreign corporation by the holder or holders of record of less than five 11 percent of the outstanding shares of any class of the corporation or voting trust 12 certificates, unless the shares or voting trust certificates so held have a market 13 value in excess of twenty-five thousand dollars, the corporation in whose right such 14 action is brought is entitled at any time before final judgment to require the plaintiff 15 or plaintiffs to give security for the reasonable expenses, including fees of 16 attorneys, that may be incurred by it in connection with such action or may be 17 incurred by other parties named as defendant for which it may become legally 18 liable.
- 19a.Market value must be determined on the date the plaintiff institutes the action20or, in the case of an intervenor, on the date the intervenor becomes a party to21the action.
- b. The amount of the security may from time to time be increased or decreased,
 in the discretion of the court, upon showing that the security provided has or
 may become inadequate or is excessive.
- 25c.The corporation has recourse to such security in such amount as the court26having jurisdiction determines upon the termination of the action, whether or27not the court finds the action was brought without reasonable cause.
- 28 SECTION 51. AMENDMENT. Section 10-19.1-87 of the North Dakota Century Code is
 29 amended and reenacted as follows:
- 30 **10-19.1-87.** Rights of dissenting shareholders.

6

7

8

9

- A shareholder of a corporation may dissent from, and obtain payment for the fair
 value of the shareholder's shares in the event of, any of the following corporate
 actions:
- a. An amendment of the articles that materially and adversely affects the rights
 or preferences of the shares of a dissenting shareholder in that it:
 - (1) Alters or abolishes a preferential right of the shares;
 - (2) Creates, alters, or abolishes a right in respect of the redemption of the shares, including a provision respecting a sinking fund for the redemption or repurchase of shares;
- 10(3)Alters or abolishes a preemptive right of the holder of the shares to11acquire shares, securities other than shares, or rights to purchase12shares or securities other than shares; or
- 13 (4) Excludes or limits the right of a shareholder to vote on a matter, or to
 14 accumulate votes, except as the right may be excluded or limited
 15 through the authorization or issuance of securities of an existing or new
 16 class or series with similar or different voting rights;
- 17 A sale, lease, transfer, or other disposition of all or substantially all of the b. 18 property and assets of the corporation not made in the usual or regular 19 course of its business, but not including a transaction permitted without 20 shareholder approval in subsection 1 of section 10-19.1-104, or a disposition 21 in dissolution described in subsection 2 of section 10-19.1-109 or a 22 disposition pursuant to an order of a court, or a disposition for cash on terms 23 requiring that all or substantially all of the net proceeds of disposition be 24 distributed to the shareholders in accordance with their respective interests 25 within one year after the date of disposition;
- 26 c. A plan of merger to which the corporation is a party, except as provided in
 27 subsection 3;
- d. A plan of exchange, whether under this chapter or under chapter 10-32, to
 which the corporation is a party as the corporation whose shares will be
 acquired by the acquiring corporation, if the shares of the shareholder are
 entitled to vote on the plan; or

1 2

3

 e. Any other corporate action taken pursuant to a shareholder vote with respect to which the articles, the bylaws, or a resolution approved by the board directs that dissenting shareholders may obtain payment for their shares.

- 4 2. A shareholder may not assert dissenters' rights as to less than all of the shares 5 registered in the name of the shareholder, unless the shareholder dissents with 6 respect to all the shares that are beneficially owned by another person but 7 registered in the name of the shareholder and discloses the name and address of 8 each beneficial owner on whose behalf the shareholder dissents. In that event, the 9 rights of the dissenter must be determined as if the shares as to which the 10 shareholder has dissented and the other shares were registered in the names of 11 different shareholders. The beneficial owner of shares who is not the shareholder 12 may assert dissenters' rights with respect to shares held on behalf of the beneficial 13 owner, and must be treated as a dissenting shareholder under the terms of this 14 section and section 10-19.1-88, if the beneficial owner submits to the corporation at the time of or before the assertion of the rights a written consent of the 15 16 shareholder.
- Unless the articles, the bylaws, or a resolution approved by the board otherwise
 provide, the right to obtain payment under this section does not apply to the
 shareholders of the surviving corporation in a merger if the shares of the
 shareholder are not entitled to be voted on the merger.
- 4. The shareholders of a corporation who have a right under this section to obtain
 payment for their shares do not have a right at law or in equity to have a corporate
 action described in subsection 1 set aside or rescinded, except when the corporate
 action is fraudulent with regard to the complaining shareholder or the corporation.

25 **SECTION 52. AMENDMENT.** Section 10-19.1-89 of the North Dakota Century Code is 26 amended and reenacted as follows:

27

10-19.1-89. Loans - Guarantees - Suretyship.

A corporation may lend money to, guarantee <u>or pledge its assets as security for</u> an
 obligation of, become a surety for, or otherwise financially assist any person, if the
 transaction, or a class of transactions to which the transaction belongs, is
 approved by the affirmative vote of a majority of the directors present board and:

1		a.	ls in t	he usual and regular course of business of the corporation;		
2		b.	Is with, or for the benefit of, a related organization, an organization in which			
3			the corporation has a financial interest, all organizations a person or			
4			orgar	organization with which the corporation has a business relationship in the		
5			<u>usua</u>	usual and regular course of business, or an organization to which the		
6			corpo	pration has the power to make donations , any of which relationships		
7			const	itute consideration sufficient to make the loan, guarantee, suretyship, or		
8			other	financial assistance so approved enforceable against the corporation;		
9		C.	ls wit	h, or for the benefit of, an officer or director or other employee of the		
10			corpo	pration or a subsidiary, including an officer or employee who is a director		
11			of the	e corporation or a subsidiary related organization, and may reasonably		
12			be ex	pected, in the judgment of the board, to benefit the corporation; or		
13		d. Whether or not any separate consideration has been paid or promised to the				
14			corpo	pration has been approved by:		
15			(1)	The holders of two-thirds of the voting power of the shares entitled to		
16				vote which are owned by persons other than the interested person or		
17				persons; or		
18			(2)	The unanimous affirmative vote of the holders of all outstanding shares,		
19				whether or not entitled to vote.		
20	2.	A lo	an, gu	aranty, surety contract, or other financial assistance under subsection 1		
21		may	be wi	th or without interest and may be unsecured or may be secured in any		
22		man	iner, ir	cluding a grant of a security interest in shares of the corporation.		
23	3.	This	sectio	on does not grant any authority to act as a bank or to carry on the		
24		busi	ness c	of banking.		
25	SEC	TION	V 53 .	AMENDMENT. Section 10-19.1-90 of the North Dakota Century Code is		
26	amended a	nd re	enacte	ed as follows:		
27	10-1	9.1-9	90. Ac	Ivances. A corporation may, without a vote of the directors or its		
28	shareholder	<u>'s</u> , ad	vance	money to its shareholders who provide services, directors, officers, or		
29	employees	to co	ver ex	penses that can reasonably be anticipated to be incurred by them in the		
30	performance of their duties and for which they would be entitled to reimbursement in the					
31	absence of an advance.					

1		SEC	TION	1 54.	AMENDMENT. Section 10-19.1-91 of the North Dakota Century Code is			
2	amended and reenacted as follows:							
3		10-19.1-91. Indemnification.						
4		1.	For	For purposes of this section, the terms defined in this subsection have the				
5			mea	nings	given them.:			
6			a.	"Corp	poration" includes a domestic or foreign corporation that was the			
7				prede	ecessor of the corporation referred to in this section in a merger or other			
8				trans	action in which the predecessor's existence ceased upon consummation			
9				of the	e transaction.			
10			b.	"Offic	ial capacity" means:			
11				(1)	With respect to a director, the position of director in a corporation;			
12				(2)	With respect to a person other than a director, the elective or appointive			
13					office or position held by an officer, member of a committee of the			
14					board, or the employment relationship undertaken by an employee of			
15					the corporation; and			
16				(3)	With respect to a director, officer, or employee of the corporation who,			
17					while a director, officer, or employee of the corporation, is or was			
18					serving at the request of the corporation or whose duties in that position			
19					involve or involved service as a director, governor, officer, manager,			
20					partner, trustee, or employee, or agent of another organization or			
21					employee benefit plan, the position of that person as a director,			
22					governor, officer, manager, partner, trustee, or employee <u>, or agent</u> , as			
23					the case may be, of the other organization or employee benefit plan.			
24			C.	"Proc	eeding" means a threatened, pending, or completed civil, criminal,			
25				admi	nistrative, arbitration, or investigative proceeding, including a proceeding			
26				by or	in the right of the corporation.			
27			d.	"Spee	cial legal counsel" means counsel who has not represented the			
28				corpo	pration or a related organization, or a director, officer, member of a			
29				comn	nittee of the board, or employee whose indemnification is in issue.			
30		2.	Sub	ject to	subsection 5, a corporation shall indemnify a person made or			
31			threa	ateneo	to be made a party to a proceeding by reason of the former or present			

	Legislative	Asse	mbly				
1		official capacity of the person against judgments, penalties, fines including excise					
2		taxes assessed against the person with respect to an employee benefit plan,					
3		sett	settlements, and reasonable expenses, including attorneys' fees and				
4		disb	disbursements, incurred by the person in connection with the proceeding, if, with				
5		respect to the acts or omissions of the person complained of in the proceeding, the					
6		person:					
7		a.	Has not been indemnified by another organization or employee benefit plan				
8			for the same judgments, penalties, fines including excise taxes assessed				
9			against the person with respect to an employee benefit plan, settlements, and				
10			reasonable expenses, including attorneys' fees and disbursements, incurred				
11			by the person in connection with the proceeding with respect to the same acts				
12			or omission;				
13		b.	Acted in good faith;				
14		c.	Received no improper personal benefit and section 10-19.1-51, if applicable,				
15			has been satisfied;				
16		d.	In the case of a criminal proceeding, had no reasonable cause to believe the				
17			conduct was unlawful; and				
18		e.	In the case of acts or omissions occurring in the official capacity described in				
19			paragraph 1 or 2 of subdivision b of subsection 1, reasonably believed that				
20			the conduct was in the best interests of the corporation, or in the case of acts				
21			or omissions occurring in the official capacity described in paragraph 3 of				
22			subdivision b of subsection 1, reasonably believed that the conduct was not				
23			opposed to the best interests of the corporation. If the person's acts or				
24			omissions complained of in the proceeding relate to conduct as a director,				

- 25 officer, trustee, employee, or agent of an employee benefit plan, the conduct 26 is not considered to be opposed to the best interests of the corporation if the 27 person reasonably believed that the conduct was in the best interests of the 28 participants or beneficiaries of the employee benefit plan.
- 3. The termination of a proceeding by judgment, order, settlement, conviction, or
 upon a plea of nolo contendre or its equivalent does not, of itself, establish that the
 person did not meet the criteria set forth in subsection 2.

- Subject to subsection 5, if a person is made or threatened to be made a party to a
 proceeding, the person is entitled, upon written request to the corporation, to
 payment or reimbursement by the corporation of reasonable expenses, including
 attorneys' fees and disbursements, incurred by the person in advance of the final
 disposition of the proceeding:
- a. Upon receipt by the corporation of a written affirmation by the person of a
 good faith belief that the criteria for indemnification set forth in subsection 2
 have been satisfied and a written undertaking by the person to repay all
 amounts so paid or reimbursed by the corporation, if it is ultimately
 determined that the criteria for indemnification have not been satisfied; and
- 11b.After a determination that the facts then known to those making the12determination would not preclude indemnification under this section.
- 13 The written undertaking required by subdivision a is an unlimited general obligation 14 of the person making it, but need not be secured and shall be accepted without 15 reference to financial ability to make the repayment.
- 16 5. The articles or bylaws either may prohibit indemnification or advances of expenses 17 otherwise required by this section or may impose conditions on indemnification or 18 advances of expenses in addition to the conditions contained in subsections 2, 3, 19 and 4 including monetary limits on indemnification or advances for expenses, if the 20 conditions apply equally to all persons or to all persons within a given class. A 21 prohibition or limit on indemnification or advances may not apply to or affect the 22 right of a person to indemnification or advances of expenses with respect to any 23 acts or omissions of the person occurring prior to the effective date of a provision 24 in the articles or the date of adoption of a provision in the bylaws establishing the 25 prohibition or limit on indemnification or advances.
- 6. This section does not require, or limit the ability of, a corporation to reimburse expenses, including attorneys' fees and disbursements, incurred by a person in connection with an appearance as a witness in a proceeding at a time when the person has not been made or threatened to be made a party to a proceeding.
- All determinations whether indemnification of a person is required because the
 criteria provided in subsection 2 have been satisfied and whether a person is

1	entitled to payment or reimbursement of expenses in advance of the final			
2	disp	disposition of a proceeding as provided in subsection 4 must be made:		
3	a.	By the	e board by a majority of a quorum, if the directors who are at the time	
4		partie	s to the proceeding are not counted for determining either a majority or	
5		the pr	esence of a quorum;	
6	b.	lf a qu	orum under subdivision a cannot be obtained, by a majority of a	
7		comm	ittee of the board, consisting solely of two or more directors not at the	
8		time p	parties to the proceeding, duly designated to act in the matter by a	
9		major	ity of the full board including directors who are parties;	
10	C.	lf a de	etermination is not made under subdivision a or b, by special legal	
11		couns	el, selected either by a majority of the board or a committee by vote	
12		pursu	ant to subdivision a or b or, if the requisite quorum of the full board	
13		canno	t be obtained and the committee cannot be established, by a majority of	
14		the fu	Il board including directors who are parties;	
15	d.	lf a de	etermination is not made under subdivisions a, b, and c, by the	
16		share	holders, but the shares held by parties to the proceeding may not be	
17		count	ed in determining the presence of a quorum and are not considered to	
18		be pro	esent and entitled to vote on the determination other than the	
19		share	holders who are a party to the proceeding; or	
20	e.	lf an a	adverse determination is made under subdivisions a through d, or under	
21		subse	ction 8, or if no determination is made under subdivisions a through d,	
22		or und	der subsection 8, within sixty days after:	
23		(1)	The later to occur of the termination of a proceeding or a written	
24			request for indemnification to the corporation; or	
25		(2)	A request for an advance of expenses, as the case may be, by a court	
26			in this state, which may be the same court in which the proceeding	
27			involving the person's liability took place, upon application of the person	
28			and any notice the court requires.	
29		The p	erson seeking indemnification or payment or reimbursement of	
30		exper	ses pursuant to this subdivision has the burden of establishing that the	

- person is entitled to indemnification or payment or reimbursement of
 expenses.
- 3 8. With respect to a person who is not, and who was not at the time of the acts or 4 omissions complained of in the proceedings, a director, officer, or person 5 possessing, directly or indirectly, the power to direct or cause the direction of the 6 management or policies of the corporation, the determination whether 7 indemnification of this person is required because the criteria set forth in 8 subsection 2 have been satisfied and whether this person is entitled to payment or 9 reimbursement of expenses in advance of the final disposition of a proceeding as 10 provided in subsection 4 may be made by an annually appointed committee of the 11 board, having at least one member who is a director. The committee shall report 12 at least annually to the board concerning its actions.
- 9. A corporation may purchase and maintain insurance on behalf of a person in that person's official capacity against any liability asserted against and incurred by the person in or arising from that capacity, whether or not the corporation would have been required to indemnify the person against the liability under the provisions of this section.
- 18 10. A corporation that indemnifies or advances expenses to a person in accordance 19 with this section in connection with a proceeding by or on behalf of the corporation 20 shall report to the shareholders in writing the amount of the indemnification or 21 advance and to whom and on whose behalf it was paid not later than the next 22 meeting of shareholders.
- 11. Nothing in this section may be construed to limit the power of the corporation to
 indemnify other persons by contract or otherwise.

25 **SECTION 55. AMENDMENT.** Section 10-19.1-92 of the North Dakota Century Code is 26 amended and reenacted as follows:

- 27 **10-19.1-92.** Distributions.
- The board may authorize and cause the corporation to make a distribution only if
 the board determines, in accordance with subsection 2, that the corporation will be
 able to pay its debts in the ordinary course of business after making the distribution

1		and the board does not know before the distribution is made that the determination
2		was or has become erroneous.
3		a. The corporation may make the distribution if it is able to pay its debts in the
4		ordinary course of business after making the distribution.
5		b. The effect of a distribution on the ability of the corporation to pay its debts in
6		the ordinary course of business after making the distribution must be
7		measured in accordance with subsection 3.
8		c. The right of the board to authorize, and the corporation to make, distributions
9		may be prohibited, limited, or restricted by, or the rights and priorities of
10		persons to receive distributions may be established by, the articles or bylaws
11		or an agreement.
12	2.	A determination that the corporation will be able to pay its debts in the ordinary
13		course of business after the distribution is presumed to be proper if the
14		determination is made in compliance with the standard of conduct provided in
15		section 10-19.1-50 on the basis of financial information prepared in accordance
16		with accounting methods, or a fair valuation or other method, reasonable in the
17		circumstances. No liability under section 10-19.1-50 or 10-19.1-95 will accrue if
18		the requirements of this subsection have been met.
19	3.	With respect to the effect of a distribution:
20		a. In the case of a distribution made by a corporation in connection with a
21		purchase, redemption, or other acquisition of its shares, the effect of the
22		distribution must be measured as of the date on which money or other
23		property is transferred, or indebtedness payable in installments or otherwise
24		is incurred, by the corporation, or as of the date on which the shareholder
25		ceases to be a shareholder of the corporation with respect to the shares,
26		whichever is the earliest.
27		b. The effect of any other distribution must be measured as of the date of its
28		authorization if payment occurs one hundred twenty days or less following the
29		date of authorization, or as of the date of payment if payment occurs more
30		than one hundred twenty days following the date of authorization.

1		c. The provisions of chapter 13-02.1 do not apply to distributions made by a
2		corporation governed by this chapter.
3	4.	Indebtedness of a corporation incurred or issued in a distribution in accordance
4		with this section to a shareholder who as a result of the transaction is no longer a
5		shareholder is on a parity with the indebtedness of the corporation to its general
6		unsecured creditors, except to the extent subordinated, agreed to, or secured by a
7		pledge of any assets of the corporation or a related organization, or subject to any
8		other agreement between the corporation and the shareholder.
9	5.	A distribution may be made to the holders of a class or series of shares only if:
10		a. All amounts payable to the holders of shares having a preference for the
11		payment of that kind of distribution are paid; and
12		b. The payment of the distribution does not reduce the remaining net assets of
13		the corporation below the aggregate preferential amount payable in the event
14		of liquidation to the holders of shares having preferential rights, unless the $\underline{:}$
15		(1) <u>The</u> distribution is made to those shareholders in the order and to the
16		extent of their respective priorities; or
17		(2) The holders of shares who do not receive distributions in that order give
18		notice to the corporation of their agreement to waive their right to that
19		distribution.
20	<u>6.</u>	A determination that the payment of the distribution described in subsection 5 does
21		not reduce the remaining net assets of the corporation below the aggregate
22		preferential amount payable in the event of liquidation to the holders of shares
23		having preferential rights is presumed to be proper if the determination is made in
24		compliance with the standard of conduct provided in section 10-19.1-50 on the
25		basis of financial information prepared in accordance with accounting methods, a
26		fair valuation, or other methods reasonable in the circumstances. Liability under
27		section 10-19.1-50 or 10-19.1-94 will not arise if the requirements of this
28		subsection are met.
29	6. <u>7.</u>	If the money or property available for distribution is insufficient to satisfy all
30		preferences, the distributions shall be made pro rata according to the order of
31		priority of preferences by classes and by series within those classes.

SECTION 56. AMENDMENT. Section 10-19.1-95 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

3

10-19.1-95. Liability of directors for illegal distributions.

- 4 1. In addition to any other liabilities, a director who is present and votes for or fails to 5 vote against, except a director who is prohibited by section 10-19.1-51 from voting 6 on the distribution, or who consents in writing to, a distribution made in violation of 7 subsection 1 or 5 of section 10-19.1-92 or a restriction contained in the articles or 8 bylaws or an agreement, and who fails to comply with the standard of conduct 9 provided in section 10-19.1-50, is liable to the corporation, its receiver or any other 10 person winding up its affairs, jointly and severally with all other directors so liable 11 and to other directors under subsection 3, but only to the extent that the 12 distribution exceeded the amount that properly could have been paid under section 13 10-19.1-92.
- A director against whom an action is brought under this section with respect to a
 distribution may implead in that action all shareholders who received the
 distribution and may compel pro rata contribution from them in that action to the
 extent provided in subsection 1 of section 10-19.1-94.
- A director against whom an action is brought under this section with respect to a
 distribution may implead in that action all other directors who voted for or
 consented in writing to the distribution and who failed to comply with the standard
 of conduct provided in section 10-19.1-50, and may compel pro rata contribution
 from them in that action.
- 23 24
- 4. An action may not be commenced under this section more than two years from the date of the distribution.

25 **SECTION 57. AMENDMENT.** Section 10-19.1-110 of the North Dakota Century Code 26 is amended and reenacted as follows:

- 27 10-19.1-110. Dissolution procedure for corporations that give notice to creditors
 28 and claimants.
- 4. When a notice of intent to dissolve has been filed with the secretary of state, the
 30 corporation may give notice of the filing to each creditor of and claimant against

1		the corporation known or unknown, present or future, and contingent or				
2		noncontingent.				
3	<u>1.</u>	lf no	ptice to creditors and claimants is given, it must be given by publishing :			
4		<u>a.</u>	Publishing the notice once each week for four successive weeks in an official			
5			newspaper, as defined in chapter 46-06, in the county or counties where the			
6			registered office and the principal executive office of the corporation are			
7			located; and by giving			
8		<u>b.</u>	Giving written notice to known creditors and claimants pursuant to			
9			subsection 21 of section 10-19.1-01.			
10	2.	The	notice to creditors and claimants must contain:			
11		a.	A statement that the corporation is in the process of dissolving;			
12		b.	A statement that the corporation has filed with the secretary of state a notice			
13			of intent to dissolve;			
14		C.	The date of filing the notice of intent to dissolve;			
15		d.	The address of the office to which written claims against the corporation must			
16			be presented; and			
17		e.	The date by which all the claims must be received, which must be the later of			
18			ninety days after published notice or, with respect to a particular known			
19			creditor or claimant, ninety days after the date on which written notice was			
20			given to that creditor or claimant. Published notice is deemed given on the			
21			date of first publication for the purpose of determining this date.			
22	3.	With	n respect to claims against corporations <u>a corporation</u> that give gave notice <u>to</u>			
23		<u>crec</u>	litors and claimants:			
24		a.	A The corporation that gives notice to creditors and claimants has thirty days			
25			from the receipt of each claim filed according to the procedures set forth by			
26			the corporation on or before the date set forth in the notice to accept or reject			
27			the claim by giving written notice to the person submitting it. A claim not			
28			expressly rejected in this manner is deemed accepted.			
29		b.	A creditor or claimant to whom notice is given and whose claim is rejected by			
30			the corporation has:			
31			(1) Sixty days from the date of rejection;			

1			(2)	One hundred eighty days from the date the corporation filed with the
2				secretary of state the notice of intent to dissolve; or
3			(3)	Ninety days after the date on which notice was given to the creditor or
4				claimant,
5			which	hever is longer, to pursue any other remedies with respect to the claim.
6		C.	A cre	editor or claimant to whom notice is given who fails to file a claim
7			acco	rding to the procedures set forth by the corporation on or before the date
8			set fo	orth in the notice is barred from suing on that claim or otherwise realizing
9			upon	it or enforcing it, except as provided in section 10-19.1-124.
10		d.	A cre	editor or claimant whose claim is rejected by the corporation under
11			subd	ivision b is barred from suing on that claim or otherwise realizing upon or
12			enfor	cing it, if the creditor or claimant does not initiate legal, administrative, or
13			arbitr	ration proceedings with respect to the claim within the time provided in
14			subd	ivision b.
15	4.	Arti	cles of	dissolution for a corporation dissolving under this section that has given
16		noti	ice to c	creditors and claimants under this section must be filed with the secretary
17		of s	state af	ter:
18		a.	The r	ninety-day period in subdivision e of subsection 2 has expired and the
19			paym	nent of claims of all creditors and claimants filing a claim within that
20			perio	d has been made or provided for; or
21		b.	The I	ongest of the periods described in subdivision b of subsection 3 has
22			expir	ed and there are no pending legal, administrative, or arbitration
23			proce	eedings by or against the corporation commenced within the time
24			provi	ded in subdivision b of subsection 3.
25	5.	The	e article	es of dissolution for a corporation that has given notice to creditors and
26		<u>clai</u>	mants	under this section must state:
27		a.	The I	ast date on which the notice was given and:
28			(1)	That the payment of all creditors and claimants filing a claim within the
29				ninety-day period in subdivision e of subsection 2 has been made or
30				provided for; or

		(2)	The date on which the longest of the periods described in subdivision b				
			of subsection 3 expired;				
	b.	That	the remaining property, assets, and claims of the corporation have been				
		distri	buted among its shareholders in accordance with subsection 5 of section				
		10-1	0-19.1-92, or that adequate provision has been made for that distribution;				
		and					
	C.	That	there are no pending legal, administrative, or arbitration proceedings by				
		or ag	ainst the corporation commenced within the time provided in				
		subd	livision b of subsection 3, or that adequate provision has been made for				
		the s	atisfaction of any judgment, order, or decree that may be entered against				
		it in a	a pending proceeding.				
SE	стю	N 58.	AMENDMENT. Section 10-19.1-110.1 of the North Dakota Century				
Code is arr	nende	ed and	reenacted as follows:				
10-	19.1-	110.1.	Dissolution procedure for corporations that do not give notice to				
creditors a	and c	laima	nts. When a notice of intent to dissolve has been filed with the secretary				
of state and	d the	corpor	ration has elected not to give notice to creditors and claimants in the				
manner pro	ovide	d in se	<u>ction 10-19.1-100:</u>				
1.	Arti	cles of	dissolution for a corporation that has not given notice to creditors and				
	clai	mants	in the manner provided in section 10-19.1-110 must:				
	<u>a.</u>	Must	be filed with the secretary of state after:				
	a.	<u>(1)</u>	The payment of claims of all known creditors and claimants has been				
			made or provided for; or				
	b.	<u>(2)</u>	At least two years have elapsed from the date of filing the notice of				
			intent to dissolve-; and				
2.	The	article	es of dissolution must				
	<u>b.</u>	Must	state:				
	a.	<u>(1)</u>	If the articles of dissolution are being filed pursuant to paragraph 1 of				
			subdivision a of subsection 1, that all known debts, obligations, and				
			liabilities of the corporation have been paid and discharged or that				
	Code is an 10- <u>creditors a</u> <u>of state and</u> <u>manner pro</u> 1.	C. SECTIO Code is amender 10-T9.T- creditors amender of state and the manner provided 1. Arti clai a. a. a. b.	b. That distri- 10-1 and c. That or ag subd the s it in a SECTION 58. Code is amended and 10-19.1-110.1. Creditors $amended$ and 10-19.1-110.1. Creditors $amended$ and 10-19.1-110.1. Creditors $amended$ and 10-19.1-110.1. Creditors $amended$ and 10-19.1-110.1. Creditors amended and $10-19.1-110.1$. Creditors amended amended amended amended amended amended $Creditors amended am$				

1		b.	<u>(2)</u>	That the remaining property, assets, and claims of the corporation have			
2			been distributed among its shareholders in accordance with				
3				subsection 5 of section 10-19.1-92, or that adequate provision has			
4			been made for that distribution; and				
5		C.	<u>(3)</u>	(3) That there are no pending legal, administrative, or arbitration			
6				proceedings by or against the corporation, or that adequate provision			
7				has been made for the satisfaction of any judgment, order, or decree			
8				that may be entered against it in a pending proceeding.			
9	3. <u>2.</u>	With	n respe	ect to claims against corporations <u>a corporation</u> that do <u>does</u> not give			
10		notio	ce:				
11		a.	If a co	prporation has paid or provided for all known creditors or claimants at the			
12			time a	articles of dissolution are filed, a creditor or claimant who does not file a			
13			claim	or pursue a remedy, in a legal, administrative, or arbitration proceeding			
14			withir	two years after the date of filing the notice of intent to dissolve is barred			
15			from	suing on that claim or otherwise realizing upon or enforcing it.			
16		b.	If the	If the corporation has not paid or provided for all known creditors and			
17			claim	claimants at the time articles of dissolution are filed, a person who does not			
18			file a	file a claim or pursue a remedy in a legal, administrative, or arbitration			
19			proce	proceeding within two years after the date of filing the notice of intent to			
20			disso	dissolve is barred from suing on that claim or otherwise realizing upon or			
21			enfor	cing it, except as provided in section 10-19.1-124.			
22	SEC		N 59. /	AMENDMENT. Section 10-19.1-115 of the North Dakota Century Code			
23	is amended	and	reenad	cted as follows:			
24	10-1	19.1- 1	115. Ir	voluntary dissolution.			
25	1.	A co	ourt ma	ay grant any equitable relief it deems just and reasonable in the			
26		circu	umstar	nces or may dissolve a corporation and liquidate its assets and business:			
27		a.	In a s	upervised voluntary dissolution pursuant to section 10-19.1-114;			
28		b.	In an	action by a shareholder when it is established that:			
29			(1)	The directors or the persons having the authority otherwise vested in			
30				the board are deadlocked in the management of the corporate affairs			
31				and, the shareholders are unable to break the deadlock, and the			

 2 <u>the dispute;</u> 3 (2) The directors or those in control of the corporation have acted 4 fraudulently or illegally toward one or more shareholders in their 	5
4 fraudulently or illegally toward one or more shareholders in their	3
, , ,	3
	3
5 capacities as shareholders or directors of any corporation or as officer	
6 or employees of a closely held corporation;	
7 (3) The directors or those in control of the corporation have acted in a	
8 manner unfairly prejudicial toward one or more shareholders in their	
9 capacities as shareholders or directors of a corporation that is not a	
10 publicly held corporation or as officers or employees of a closely held	
11 corporation;	
12 (4) The shareholders of the corporation are so divided in voting power that	t,
13 for a period that includes the time when two consecutive regular	
14 meetings were held, they have failed to elect successors to directors	
15 whose terms have expired or would have expired upon the election an	d
16 qualification of their successors;	
17 (5) The corporate assets are being misapplied or wasted; or	
18 (6) The period of duration as provided in the articles has expired and has	
19 not been extended as provided in section 10-19.1-124;	
20 c. In an action by a creditor when:	
21 (1) The claim of the creditor has been reduced to judgment and an	
22 execution thereon has been returned unsatisfied; or	
23 (2) The corporation has admitted in writing that the claim of the creditor is	
24 due and owing and it is established that the corporation is unable to	
25 pay its debts in the ordinary course of business; or	
26 d. In an action by the attorney general to dissolve the corporation in accordance	;
27 with section 10-19.1-118 when it is established that a decree of dissolution is	
28 appropriate.	
29 2. In determining whether to order equitable relief or dissolution, the court shall take	
30 into consideration the financial condition of the corporation but may not refuse to	

order equitable relief or dissolution solely on the ground that the corporation has
 accumulated or current operating profits.

3 3. In an action under subdivision b of subsection 1 involving a corporation that is not 4 a publicly held corporation at the time the action is commenced and in which one 5 or more of the circumstances described in that subdivision is established, the 6 court, upon motion of a corporation or a shareholder or beneficial owner of shares 7 of the corporation, may order the sale by a plaintiff or a defendant of all shares of 8 the corporation held by the plaintiff or defendant to either the corporation or the 9 moving shareholders, whichever is specified in the motion, if the court determines 10 in its discretion that an order would be fair and equitable to all parties under the 11 circumstances of the case.

- 12 a. The purchase price of any shares so sold must be the fair value of the shares 13 as of the date of the commencement of the action or as of another date found 14 equitable by the court. However, if the shares in question are then subject to 15 sale and purchase pursuant to the bylaws of the corporation, a shareholder 16 control agreement, the terms of the shares, or otherwise, the court shall order 17 the sale for the price and on the terms as set forth, unless the court 18 determines that the price or terms are unreasonable under all the 19 circumstances of the case.
- b. Within five days after the entry of the order, the corporation shall provide each
 selling shareholder or beneficial owner with the information it is required to
 provide under subsection 6 of section 10-19.1-88.
- c. If the parties are unable to agree on fair value within forty days of entry of the
 order, the court shall determine the fair value of the shares under the
 provisions of subsection 10 of section 10-19.1-88 and may allow interest or
 costs as provided in subsections 1 and 11 of section 10-19.1-88.
- 27d.The purchase price must be paid in one or more installments as agreed on by28the parties, or, if no agreement can be reached within forty days of entry of29the order, as ordered by the court. Upon entry of an order for the sale of30shares under this subsection and provided that the corporation or the moving31shareholders post a bond in adequate amount with sufficient sureties or

- 1otherwise satisfy the court that the full purchase price of the shares, plus any2additional costs, expenses, and fees as may be awarded, will be paid when3due and payable, the selling shareholders shall no longer have any rights or4status as shareholders, officers, or directors, except the right to receive the5fair value of their shares plus such other amounts as may be awarded.
- 6 4. In determining whether to order equitable relief or dissolution, the court shall take 7 into consideration the duty which all shareholders in a closely held corporation owe 8 one another to act in an honest, fair, and reasonable manner in the operation of 9 the corporation and the reasonable expectations of the shareholders as they exist 10 at the inception and develop during the course of the shareholders' relationship 11 with the corporation and with each other. For purposes of this section, any written agreement, including an employment agreement and a buy-sell agreement, 12 between or among shareholders or between or among one or more shareholders 13 14 and the corporation is presumed to reflect the parties' reasonable expectation 15 concerning the matters dealt with in the agreement.
- In deciding whether to order dissolution, the court shall consider whether lesser
 relief suggested by one or more parties, such as any form of equitable relief, a
 buyout, or a partial liquidation, would be adequate to permanently relieve the
 circumstances established under subdivision b or c of subsection 1. Lesser relief
 may be ordered in any case where it would be appropriate under all the facts and
 circumstances of the case.
- 6. If the court finds that a party to a proceeding brought under this section has acted
 arbitrarily, vexatiously, or otherwise not in good faith, it may in its discretion award
 reasonable expenses, including attorneys' fees and disbursements, to any of the
 other parties.
- Proceedings under this section must be brought in a court within the county in
 which the registered principal executive office of the corporation is located. It is
 not necessary to make shareholders parties to the action or proceeding unless
 relief is sought against them personally.

30 SECTION 60. AMENDMENT. Section 10-19.1-117 of the North Dakota Century Code 31 is amended and reenacted as follows:

	- 3	
1	10- 1	19.1-117. Qualifications of receivers - Powers.
2	1.	A receiver must be a natural person or a domestic corporation or a foreign
3		corporation an individual, a domestic organization, or a foreign organization
4		authorized to transact business or conduct activities in this state. A receiver shall
5		give bond as directed by the court with the sureties required by the court.
6	2.	A receiver may sue and defend in all courts as receiver of the corporation. The
7		court appointing the receiver has exclusive jurisdiction of the corporation and its
8		property.
9	SEC	CTION 61. AMENDMENT. Section 10-19.1-123 of the North Dakota Century Code
10	is amended	and reenacted as follows:
11	10- 1	19.1-123. Deposit with state treasurer administrator of abandoned property of
12	amount du	e certain shareholders - Appropriation. Upon dissolution of a corporation, the
13	portion of th	ne assets distributable to a shareholder <u>person</u> who is unknown or cannot be found ,
14	or who is ur	nder disability, if there is no person legally competent to receive the distributive
15	portion , mu	st be reduced to money and deposited with the state treasurer administrator of
16	abandoned	property for disposition pursuant to chapter 47-30.1. The amount deposited is
17	appropriate	d to the state treasurer administrator of abandoned property and must be paid over
18	to the share	cholder person or a legal representative, upon proof satisfactory to the state
19	treasurer ac	dministrator of abandoned property of a right to payment.
20	SEC	CTION 62. AMENDMENT. Section 10-19.1-124 of the North Dakota Century Code
21	is amended	and reenacted as follows:
22	10- 1	19.1-124. Claims barred - Exceptions.
23	1.	Except as provided in this section, a creditor or claimant whose claims are barred
24		under section 10-19.1-110, 10-19.1-110.1, or 10-19.1-119 includes a person who
25		is or becomes a creditor or claimant at any time before, during, or following the
26		conclusion of dissolution proceedings, and all those claiming through or under the
27		creditor or claimant. A person who is or becomes a creditor or claimant at any
28		time before, during, or following the conclusion of dissolution proceedings, who
29		does not file a claim or pursue a remedy in a legal, administrative, or arbitration
30		proceeding within the time provided in section 10-19.1-110, 10-19.1-110.1,
31		<u>10-19.1-114, 10-19.1-115, or 10-19.1-119, or has not begun a legal,</u>

1	administrative, or arbitration proceeding before the beginning of the dissolution
2	proceedings, and a person claiming through or under the creditor or claimant, is
3	barred from bringing that claim or otherwise realizing upon or enforcing it, except
4	as provided in this section.

- 5 2. At any time within one year after articles of dissolution have been filed with the 6 secretary of state, or a decree of dissolution has been entered, a creditor or 7 claimant who shows good cause for not having previously filed the claim may 8 apply to a court in this state to allow a claim:
- 9 Against the corporation to the extent of undistributed assets; or a.
- 10 b. If the undistributed assets are not sufficient to satisfy the claim, against a 11 shareholder, whose liability is limited to a portion of the claim that is equal to 12 the portion of the distributions to shareholders in liquidation or dissolution 13 received by the shareholder, but in no event may a shareholder's liability 14 exceed the amount which that shareholder actually received in the dissolution. 15
- 16 3. All known contractual debts, obligations, and liabilities incurred in the course of 17 winding up the corporation's affairs shall be paid by the corporation before the 18 distribution of assets to a shareholder. A person to whom this kind of debt, 19 obligation, or liability is owed but not paid may pursue any remedy against the 20 officers and directors of the corporation who are responsible for, but who fail to 21 cause the corporation to pay or make provision for, payment of the debts, 22 obligations, and liabilities, or against shareholders to the extent permitted under 23 section 10-19.1-94. This subsection does not apply to dissolution under the
- 24

supervision or order of a court.

25 SECTION 63. AMENDMENT. Section 10-19.1-127 of the North Dakota Century Code 26 is amended and reenacted as follows:

27

10-19.1-127. Extension after duration expired.

28 A corporation whose period of duration as provided in the articles has expired and 1. 29 which has continued to do business despite that expiration may reinstate its 30 articles and extend the period of corporate duration, including making the duration

1		perp	petual, within one year after the date of expiration by filing an amendment to				
2		the	the articles as set forth in this section.				
3	2.	An a	An amendment to the articles is <u>must be</u> approved by the affirmative vote of a				
4		maje	prity of the directors present board must include:				
5		a.	The date on which the period of duration expired under the articles;				
6		b.	A statement that the period of duration will be perpetual or, if some shorter				
7			period is to be provided, the date to which the period of duration is extended;				
8			and				
9		C.	A statement that the corporation has been in continuous operation since				
10			before the date of expiration of its original period of duration.				
11	3.	The	amendment to the articles must be presented, after notice, to at a meeting of				
12		the	shareholders. The amendment is adopted when approved by the shareholders				
13		purs	suant to section 10-19.1-19.				
14	4.	Artic	cles of amendment, together with any fees and delinquent filings and reports,				
15			conforming to section 10-19.1-21 must be filed with the secretary of state.				
15		con	orning to section 10-19.1-21 must be med with the secretary of state.				
16	SE		N 64. Section 10-19.1-132 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and				
	SE enacted as	CTIO	N 64. Section 10-19.1-132 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and				
16	enacted as	CTIOI follov	N 64. Section 10-19.1-132 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and				
16 17	enacted as	CTION follov 19.1-1	N 64. Section 10-19.1-132 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and vs:				
16 17 18	enacted as <u>10-</u>	CTION follow 19.1-1 <u>Sub</u>	N 64. Section 10-19.1-132 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and vs: I32. Foreign corporation - Governing law.				
16 17 18 19	enacted as <u>10-</u>	CTION follow 19.1-1 <u>Sub</u>	 N 64. Section 10-19.1-132 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and vs: I32. Foreign corporation - Governing law. ject to the constitution of this state, the laws of the jurisdiction under which a 				
16 17 18 19 20	enacted as <u>10-</u>	CTION follow 19.1-1 Sub fore	 N 64. Section 10-19.1-132 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and vs: I32. Foreign corporation - Governing law. ject to the constitution of this state, the laws of the jurisdiction under which a ign corporation is incorporated govern its incorporation and internal activities. 				
16 17 18 19 20 21	enacted as <u>10-</u>	CTION follow 19.1-1 Sub fore	 N 64. Section 10-19.1-132 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and vs: I32. Foreign corporation - Governing law. ject to the constitution of this state, the laws of the jurisdiction under which a ign corporation is incorporated govern its incorporation and internal activities. Nothing in this chapter authorizes this state to regulate the incorporation or 				
16 17 18 19 20 21 22	enacted as <u>10-</u>	CTION follow 19.1-1 Sub fore a.	 N 64. Section 10-19.1-132 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and vs: I32. Foreign corporation - Governing law. ject to the constitution of this state, the laws of the jurisdiction under which a ign corporation is incorporated govern its incorporation and internal activities. Nothing in this chapter authorizes this state to regulate the incorporation or internal activities of a foreign corporation. 				
 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 	enacted as <u>10-</u>	CTION follow 19.1-1 Sub fore a.	 N 64. Section 10-19.1-132 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and vs: I32. Foreign corporation - Governing law. ject to the constitution of this state, the laws of the jurisdiction under which a ign corporation is incorporated govern its incorporation and internal activities. Nothing in this chapter authorizes this state to regulate the incorporation or internal activities of a foreign corporation. A foreign corporation may not be denied a certificate of authority to conduct 				
 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 	enacted as <u>10-</u>	CTION follow 19.1-1 Sub fore a.	 N 64. Section 10-19.1-132 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and vs: 132. Foreign corporation - Governing law. ject to the constitution of this state, the laws of the jurisdiction under which a ign corporation is incorporated govern its incorporation and internal activities. Nothing in this chapter authorizes this state to regulate the incorporation or internal activities of a foreign corporation. A foreign corporation may not be denied a certificate of authority to conduct activities in this state by reason of any difference between the laws of the 				
 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 	enacted as <u>10-</u>	CTION follow <u>19.1-1</u> <u>Sub</u> <u>fore</u> <u>a.</u> <u>b.</u>	 N 64. Section 10-19.1-132 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and vs: I32. Foreign corporation - Governing law. ject to the constitution of this state, the laws of the jurisdiction under which a ign corporation is incorporated govern its incorporation and internal activities. Nothing in this chapter authorizes this state to regulate the incorporation or internal activities of a foreign corporation. A foreign corporation may not be denied a certificate of authority to conduct activities in this state by reason of any difference between the laws of the jurisdiction under which the foreign corporation was incorporated and the laws 				
 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 	enacted as <u>10-</u> <u>1.</u>	CTION follow <u>19.1-1</u> <u>Sub</u> <u>fore</u> <u>a.</u> <u>b.</u>	 N 64. Section 10-19.1-132 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and vs: I32. Foreign corporation - Governing law. ject to the constitution of this state, the laws of the jurisdiction under which a ign corporation is incorporated govern its incorporation and internal activities. Nothing in this chapter authorizes this state to regulate the incorporation or internal activities of a foreign corporation. A foreign corporation may not be denied a certificate of authority to conduct activities in this state by reason of any difference between the laws of the jurisdiction under which the foreign corporation was incorporated and the laws of this state. 				
 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 	enacted as <u>10-</u> <u>1.</u>	CTION follow <u>19.1-1</u> <u>Sub</u> fore a. <u>b.</u> <u>A fo</u> grea	 N 64. Section 10-19.1-132 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and vs: I32. Foreign corporation - Governing law. ject to the constitution of this state, the laws of the jurisdiction under which a ign corporation is incorporated govern its incorporation and internal activities. Nothing in this chapter authorizes this state to regulate the incorporation or internal activities of a foreign corporation. A foreign corporation may not be denied a certificate of authority to conduct activities in this state by reason of any difference between the laws of the jurisdiction under which the foreign corporation was incorporated and the laws of this state. 				

1 A foreign corporation may not be denied a certificate of authority to conduct 3. 2 activities in this state by reason of any difference between the laws of the 3 jurisdiction under which the foreign corporation is incorporated and the laws of this 4 state. 5 **SECTION 65.** Section 10-19.1-133 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and 6 enacted as follows: 7 Foreign corporation - Name. A foreign corporation may apply for a certificate of 8 authority under any name that would be available to a domestic corporation, whether or not the 9 name is the name under which it is authorized in its jurisdiction of incorporation. A trade name 10 must be registered as provided in chapter 47-25 when applying for a certificate of authority 11 under a name different from the name authorized in the jurisdiction of incorporation. 12 SECTION 66. Section 10-19.1-134 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and 13 enacted as follows: 14 10-19.1-134. Foreign corporation - Admission of foreign corporation -15 **Transacting business - Obtaining licenses and permits.** A foreign corporation may not: 16 Transact business in this state or obtain any license or permit required by this state 1. 17 until it has procured a certificate of authority from the secretary of state. 18 Transact any business in this state prohibited to a domestic corporation 2. 19 incorporated under this chapter. 20 3. Be denied a certificate of authority because the laws of the state or country where 21 the corporation is incorporated differ from the laws of this state. 22 SECTION 67. Section 10-19.1-135 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and 23 enacted as follows: 24 <u>10-19.1-135.</u> Foreign corporation application for certificate of authority. 25 An applicant for a certificate shall file with the secretary of state an application 1. 26 executed by an authorized person and setting forth: 27 The name of the foreign corporation and, if different, the name under which it a. 28 proposes to transact business in this state; 29 The jurisdiction of its incorporation; b. 30 The date of incorporation in the jurisdiction of its incorporation and the period <u>C.</u> 31 of duration of the foreign corporation;

	0					
1		<u>d.</u>	The address of the principal executive office of the foreign corporation;			
2		<u>e.</u>	The address of the proposed registered office of the foreign corporation in this			
3			state;			
4		<u>f.</u>	The name of the proposed registered agent in this state, as defined under			
5			section 10-19.1-15;			
6		<u>g.</u>	The purpose of the corporation which it proposes to pursue in transacting			
7			business in this state;			
8		<u>h.</u>	The names and addresses of the directors and officers of the foreign			
9			corporation; and			
10		<u>i.</u>	Any additional information deemed necessary or appropriate by the secretary			
11			of state to enable the secretary of state to determine whether the foreign			
12			corporation is entitled to a certificate of authority to transact business in this			
13			state.			
14	<u>2.</u>	The	e application must be accompanied by payment of the fees provided in section			
15		<u>10-</u>	10-19.1-147 together with a certificate of good standing or a certificate of existence			
16		<u>dul</u>	duly authenticated by the incorporating officer of the state or country where the			
17		cor	corporation is incorporated and the consent of the designated registered agent for			
18		<u>ser</u>	vice of process to serve in that capacity.			
19	SE	СТІО	N 68. Section 10-19.1-136 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and			
20	enacted as	follo	ws:			
21	<u>10-</u>	19.1-	136. Foreign corporation - Issuance of certificate of authority. If the			
22	secretary o	f stat	e finds an application for a certificate of authority conforms to law and all fees			
23	have been	paid,	the secretary shall:			
24	<u>1.</u>	<u>Enc</u>	dorse on the application the word "filed" and the date of the filing;			
25	<u>2.</u>	<u>File</u>	the application, the certificate of good standing or certificate of existence, and			
26		<u>the</u>	consent of the registered agent; and			
27	<u>3.</u>	lssi	ue to the corporation or its representative a certificate of authority to transact			
28		bus	iness in this state.			
29	SE	СТІО	N 69. Section 10-19.1-137 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and			
30	enacted as	follo	ws:			

1	<u>10-</u>	19.1-137. Foreign corporation - Amendments to the certificate of authority. If			
2	any statement in the application for a certificate of authority by a foreign corporation was false				
3	when made or any arrangements or other facts described have changed, making the				
4	application	inaccurate in any respect, the foreign corporation shall promptly file with the			
5	secretary o	f state an application for an amended certificate of authority executed by an			
6	authorized	person correcting the statement and, in the case of a change in its name, a			
7	certificate te	o that effect authenticated by the proper officer of the jurisdiction under the laws of			
8	which the fo	preign corporation is incorporated. In the case of a dissolution, a foreign corporation			
9	need not fil	e an application for an amended certificate of authority but shall promptly file with			
10	the secreta	ry of state a certificate to that effect authenticated by the proper officer of the			
11	jurisdiction	under the laws of which the foreign corporation is incorporated.			
12	SEC	CTION 70. Section 10-19.1-138 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and			
13	enacted as	follows:			
14	<u>10-</u>	19.1-138. Foreign corporation - Registered agent - Registered office - Certain			
15	<u>reports.</u> A	foreign corporation authorized to transact business in this state shall:			
16	<u>1.</u>	Establish and continuously maintain a registered office in the same manner as			
17		provided in section 10-19.1-15;			
18	<u>2.</u>	Appoint and continuously maintain a registered agent in the same manner as			
19		provided in section 10-19.1-15; and			
20	<u>3.</u>	File a report upon any change in the address of its registered office or in the name			
21		or address of its registered agent in the same manner as provided in section			
22		<u>10-19.1-16.</u>			
23	SEC	CTION 71. Section 10-19.1-139 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and			
24	enacted as	follows:			
25	<u>10-</u>	19.1-139. Foreign corporation - Merger of foreign corporation authorized to			
26	transact b	usiness in this state. Whenever a foreign corporation authorized to transact			
27	<u>business in</u>	this state is a party to a statutory merger permitted by the laws of the jurisdiction			
28	under whic	h it is incorporated, and the corporation is not the surviving organization, the			
29	surviving or	rganization shall, within thirty days after the merger becomes effective, file with the			
30	secretary o	f state a certified statement of merger duly authenticated by the proper officer of the			
31	state or country where the statutory merger was effected. Any foreign organization which is the				

1	surviving o	rganizatior	n in a merger	and which w	ill continue to	transact business	in this state,

- 2 <u>shall procure a new certificate of authority.</u>
- 3 SECTION 72. Section 10-19.1-140 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and
 4 enacted as follows:

5	<u>10-</u>	19.1- ⁻	140. Foreign corporation - Certificate of withdrawal.					
6	<u>1.</u>	<u>A fo</u>	A foreign corporation authorized to transact business in this state may withdraw					
7		fron	from this state upon procuring from the secretary of state a certificate of					
8		with	withdrawal. In order to procure the certificate, the foreign corporation shall file with					
9		the	he secretary of state an application for withdrawal, together with the fees provided					
10		<u>in s</u>	ection 10-19.1-147, which must set forth:					
11		<u>a.</u>	The name of the corporation and the state or country under the laws of which					
12			it is incorporated;					
13		<u>b.</u>	That the corporation is not transacting business in this state;					
14		<u>C.</u>	That the corporation surrenders its authority to transact business in this state;					
15		<u>d.</u>	That the corporation revokes the authority of its registered agent in this state					
16			to accept service of process and consents to that service of process on the					
17			corporation by service upon the secretary of state in any action, suit, or					
18			proceeding based upon any cause of action arising in this state during the					
19			time the corporation was authorized to transact business in this state;					
20		<u>e.</u>	A post-office address to which a person may mail a copy of any process					
21			against the corporation; and					
22		<u>f.</u>	Any additional information necessary or appropriate to enable the secretary of					
23			state to determine and assess any unpaid fees payable by the foreign					
24			corporation.					
25	<u>2.</u>	<u>The</u>	The filing with the secretary of state of a certificate of dissolution, or a certificate of					
26		mer	merger if the corporation is not the surviving organization, from the proper officer of					
27		<u>the</u>	the state or country under the laws of which the corporation is incorporated					
28		con	stitutes a valid application of withdrawal and the authority of the corporation to					
29		<u>tran</u>	sact business in this state shall cease upon filing of the certificate.					
30	SEC		N 73. Section 10-19.1-141 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and					
31	enacted as	follov	NS:					

1	<u>10-</u>	·10.1-	141. Foreign corporation - Revocation of certificate of authority.
2	<u>1.</u>	<u>The</u>	e certificate of authority of a foreign corporation to transact business in this state
3		may	y be revoked by the secretary of state upon the occurrence of either of these
4		eve	nts:
5		<u>a.</u>	The foreign corporation has failed to:
6			(1) Maintain a registered office as required by this chapter;
7			(2) Appoint and maintain a registered agent as required by this chapter;
8			(3) File a report upon any change in the address of its registered office;
9			(4) File a report upon any change in the name or business address of the
10			registered agent; or
11			(5) File in the office of the secretary of state any amendment to its
12			application for a certificate of authority as specified in section
13			<u>10-19.1-137; or</u>
14		<u>b.</u>	A misrepresentation has been made of any material matter in any application,
15			report, affidavit, or other document submitted by the foreign corporation
16			pursuant to this chapter.
17	<u>2.</u>	Exc	ept for the annual report for which the certificate of authority may be revoked
18		<u>as p</u>	provided in section 10-19.1-146, no certificate of authority of a foreign
19		<u>corp</u>	poration may be revoked by the secretary of state unless:
20		<u>a.</u>	The secretary has given the foreign corporation at least sixty days' notice by
21			mail addressed to its registered office in this state or, if the foreign corporation
22			fails to appoint and maintain a registered agent in this state, addressed to its
23			principal executive office; and
24		<u>b.</u>	During the sixty-day period, the foreign corporation has failed to file the report
25			of change regarding the registered office or the registered agent, to file any
26			amendment, or to correct the misrepresentation.
27	<u>3.</u>	<u>Upc</u>	on the expiration of sixty days after the mailing of the notice, the authority of the
28		fore	ign corporation to transact business in this state ceases; and the secretary of
29		<u>stat</u>	e shall issue a certificate of revocation and shall mail the certificate to the
30		prin	cipal executive office of the foreign corporation.

SECTION 74. Section 10-19.1-142 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and enacted as follows:

3	<u>10-</u>	19.1-142. Foreign corporation - Transaction of business without certificate of
4	authority.	
5	<u>1.</u>	A foreign corporation transacting business in this state may not maintain any claim,
6		action, suit, or proceeding in any court of this state until it possesses a certificate of
7		authority.
8	<u>2.</u>	The failure of a foreign corporation to obtain a certificate of authority does not
9		impair the validity of any contract or act of the foreign corporation or prevent the
10		foreign corporation from defending any claim, action, suit, or proceeding in any
11		court of this state.
12	<u>3.</u>	A foreign corporation, by transacting business in this state without a certificate of
13		authority, appoints the secretary of state as its agent upon whom any notice,
14		process, or demand may be served.
15	<u>4.</u>	A foreign corporation that transacts business in this state without a valid certificate
16		of authority is liable to the state for the years or parts of years during which it
17		transacted business in this state without the certificate in an amount equal to all
18		fees that would have been imposed by this chapter upon that corporation had it
19		duly obtained the certificate, filed all reports required by this chapter, and paid all
20		penalties imposed by this chapter. The attorney general shall bring proceedings to
21		recover all amounts due this state under the provisions of this section.
22	<u>5.</u>	A foreign corporation that transacts business in this state without a valid certificate
23		of authority is subject to a civil penalty, payable to the state, and not to exceed five
24		thousand dollars. Each director and each officer or agent who authorizes, directs,
25		or participates in the transaction of business in this state on behalf of a foreign
26		corporation that does not have a certificate is subject to a civil penalty, payable to
27		the state, and not to exceed one thousand dollars.
28	<u>6.</u>	The civil penalties set forth in subsection 5 may be recovered in an action brought
29		within the district court of Burleigh County by the attorney general. Upon a finding
30		by the court that a foreign corporation or any of its members, directors, officers, or
31		agents have transacted business in this state in violation of this chapter, the court

1		<u>sha</u>	Il issue, in addition to the imposition of a civil penalty, an injunction restraining
2		<u>the</u>	further transaction of the business of the foreign corporation and the further
3		<u>exe</u>	rcise of any rights and privileges by the corporation in this state. The foreign
4		cor	poration must be enjoined from transacting business in this state until all civil
5		pen	alties plus any interest and court costs that the court may assess have been
6		paid	d and until the foreign corporation has otherwise complied with the provisions of
7		<u>this</u>	chapter.
8	<u>7.</u>	<u>A m</u>	nember of a foreign corporation is not liable for the debts and obligations of the
9		cor	poration solely by reason of the corporation having transacted business in this
10		stat	e without a valid certificate of authority.
11	SE	стю	N 75. Section 10-19.1-143 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and
12	enacted as	follo	WS:
13	<u>10-</u>	19.1-	143. Foreign corporation - Transactions not constituting transacting
14	<u>business.</u>		
15	<u>1.</u>	<u>The</u>	e following activities of a foreign corporation, among others, do not constitute
16		trar	sacting business within the meaning of this chapter:
17		<u>a.</u>	Maintaining, defending, or settling any proceeding;
18		<u>b.</u>	Holding meetings of its shareholders or carrying on any other activities
19			concerning its internal activities;
20		<u>C.</u>	Maintaining bank accounts;
21		<u>d.</u>	Maintaining offices or agencies for the transfer, exchange, and registration of
22			the foreign corporation's own securities or maintaining trustees or
23			depositories with respect to those securities;
24		<u>e.</u>	Selling through independent contractors;
25		<u>f.</u>	Soliciting or obtaining orders, whether by mail or through employees, agents,
26			or otherwise, if the orders require acceptance outside this state before they
27			become contracts;
28		<u>g.</u>	Creating or acquiring indebtedness, mortgages, and security interest in real or
29			personal property;
30		<u>h.</u>	Securing or collecting debts or enforcing mortgages and security interests in
31			property securing the debts; or

	-	
1		i. Conducting an isolated transaction that is completed within thirty days and
2		that is not one in the course of repeated transactions of a like manner.
3	<u>2.</u>	The term "transacting business" as used in this section has no effect on personal
4		jurisdiction under the North Dakota Rules of Civil Procedure.
5	<u>3.</u>	For purposes of this section, any foreign corporation that owns income-producing
6		real or tangible personal property in this state, other than property exempted under
7		subsection 1, will be considered transacting business in this state.
8	<u>4.</u>	The list of activities in subsection 1 is not exhaustive. This section does not apply
9		in determining the contracts or activities that may subject a foreign corporation to
10		service of process or taxation in this state or to regulation under any other law of
11		this state.
12	SEC	CTION 76. Section 10-19.1-144 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and
13	enacted as	follows:
14	<u>10-</u> 2	19.1-144. Foreign corporation - Action by attorney general. The attorney
15	general ma	y bring an action to restrain a foreign corporation from transacting business in this
16	<u>state in viol</u>	ation of this chapter.
17	SEC	CTION 77. Section 10-19.1-145 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and
18	enacted as	follows:
19	<u>10-</u> 2	19.1-145. Foreign corporation - Service of process. Service of process on a
20	foreign corp	poration must be as provided in section 10-19.1-129. When a foreign corporation
21	transacts b	usiness without a certificate of authority or when the certificate of authority of a
22	foreign corp	poration is suspended or revoked, the secretary of state is an agent of the foreign
23	<u>corporation</u>	for service of process, notices, or demand.
24	SEC	CTION 78. Section 10-19.1-146 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and
25	enacted as	follows:
26	<u>10-</u> 2	19.1-146. Secretary of state - Annual report of corporations and foreign
27	<u>corporatio</u>	ns - Involuntary dissolution - Revocation of certificate of authority.
28	<u>1.</u>	Each corporation and each foreign corporation authorized to transact business in
29		this state, shall file, within the time prescribed by subsection 3, an annual report
30		setting forth:

-		
1	<u>a.</u>	The name of the corporation or foreign corporation and the state or country
2		under the laws of which it is incorporated.
3	<u>b.</u>	The address of the registered office of the corporation or foreign corporation
4		in this state, the name of its registered agent in this state at that address, and
5		the address of its principal executive office.
6	<u>C.</u>	A brief statement of the character of the business in which the corporation or
7		foreign corporation is actually engaged in this state.
8	<u>d.</u>	The names and respective addresses of the officers and directors of the
9		corporation or foreign corporation.
10	<u>e.</u>	A statement of the aggregate number of shares the corporation or foreign
11		corporation has authority to issue, itemized by classes, par value of shares,
12		shares without par value, and series, if any, within a class.
13	<u>f.</u>	A statement of the aggregate number of issued shares, itemized by classes,
14		par value of shares, shares without par value, and series, if any, within a
15		class.
16	<u>g.</u>	A statement, expressed in dollars, of the amount of shareholders' equity in the
17		corporation or foreign corporation. Shareholders' equity is the net difference
18		between total assets and total liabilities and may include the sum of the
19		following:
20		(1) Consideration received for issued shares;
21		(2) Additional paid-in capital;
22		(3) <u>Capital surplus;</u>
23		(4) Undivided profits;
24		(5) Retained earnings or retained deficit;
25		(6) Unrealized holding gains or losses;
26		(7) Consideration paid for treasury shares; and
27		(8) Any other amounts the corporation has transferred to shareholders'
28		equity.
29	<u>h.</u>	Irrespective of the manner of its designation by the laws under which a
30		foreign corporation is incorporated, the shareholders' equity of a foreign
31		corporation must be determined on the same basis and in the same manner

1		as the shareholders' equity of a domestic corporation, for the purpose of
2		computing fees and other charges imposed by this chapter.
3		i. A statement, expressed in dollars, of the value of all the property owned by
4		the corporation, wherever located, and the value of the property of the
5		corporation located within this state, and a statement, expressed in dollars, of
6		the total gross income of the corporation for the twelve months ending on
7		December thirty-first preceding the date herein provided for the filing of the
8		annual report and the gross amount thereof accumulated by the corporation
9		at or from places of business in this state. If, on December thirty-first
10		preceding the time herein provided for the filing of the report, the corporation
11		had not been in existence for a period of twelve months, or, in the case of a
12		foreign corporation, had not been authorized to transact business in this state
13		for a period of twelve months, then the statement with respect to total gross
14		income must be furnished for the period between the date of incorporation or
15		the date of its authorization to transact business in this state and December
16		thirty-first.
17		j. Any additional information as may be necessary or appropriate in order to
18		enable the secretary of state to determine and assess the proper amount of
19		fees payable by the corporation.
20	<u>2.</u>	The annual report must be submitted on forms prescribed by the secretary of state.
21		The information provided must be given as of the date of the execution of the
22		report except as to the information required by subdivisions g, i, and j of
23		subsection 1 which must be given as of the close of business on December
24		thirty-first next preceding the date herein provided for the filing of the report, or, in
25		the alternative, data of the fiscal year ending next preceding this report may be
26		used. The annual report must be signed as prescribed in subsection 37 of section
27		10-19.1-01, or the articles or the bylaws or a resolution approved by the affirmative
28		vote of the required proportion or number of the directors or holders of shares
29		entitled to vote. If the corporation or foreign corporation is in the hands of a
30		receiver or trustee, it must be signed on behalf of the corporation or foreign
31		corporation by the receiver or trustee. The secretary of state may destroy all

1		annual reports provided for in this section after they have been on file for six years.		
2		The secretary of state, or any employee or legal representative of the secretary of		
3		state, may not disclose the information reported under subdivisions g, i, and j of		
4		subsection 1 to any person, except a person who is verified to be a shareholder of		
5		the corporation or foreign corporation, a legal representative of the shareholder for		
6		which information is requested, or to the tax commissioner or any employee or		
7		legal representative of the tax commissioner, who may not disclose the information		
8		and may use the information only for the administration of the tax laws.		
9	<u>3.</u>	Except for the first annual report, the annual report must be delivered to the		
10		secretary of state:		
11		a. By a corporation, before August second of each year, and		
12		b. By a foreign corporation, before May sixteenth of each year.		
13		The first annual report of either a corporation or foreign corporation must be		
14		delivered before the date provided in the year following the calendar year in which		
15		the certificate of incorporation or certificate of authority was issued by the secretary		
16		of state, or in the case of a corporation, in the year following the calendar year of		
17		the effective date stated in the articles of incorporation. An annual report in a		
18		sealed envelope postmarked by the United States postal service before the date		
19		provided in this subsection, or an annual report in a sealed packet with a verified		
20		shipment date by any other carrier service before the date provided in this		
21		subsection, is compliance with this requirement. When the filing date falls on		
22		Saturday, Sunday, or other holiday as defined in section 1-03-01, a postmark or		
23		verified shipment date on the next business day is compliance with this		
24		requirement.		
25	<u>4.</u>	The secretary of state must file the annual report if the annual report conforms to		
26		the requirements of this section and all fees have been paid as provided in section		
27		<u>10-19.1-147.</u>		
28		a. If the annual report does not conform, it must be returned to the corporation		
29		or foreign corporation for any necessary correction or payment.		
30		b. If the annual report is corrected and filed before the date provided in		
31		subsection 3, or within thirty days after the annual report was returned by the		

1 secretary of the state for correction, then the penalties prescribed in section 2 10-19.1-147 for the failure to file an annual report within the time provided do 3 not apply. 4 5. The secretary of state may extend the annual report filing date provided in 5 subsection 3 if a written application for an extension is delivered before the date 6 provided in subsection 3. A corporation or foreign corporation with a fiscal year 7 ending within three months before the date provided in subsection 3 may make a 8 written request for an extension, to apply to reports for subsequent years until the 9 fiscal year is changed. 10 6. Within three months after the date provided in subsection 3, the secretary of state 11 shall notify any corporation or foreign corporation failing to file its annual report that 12 its certificate of incorporation or certificate of authority is not in good standing and 13 that it may be dissolved or revoked as provided in subsection 7 or 8. 14 a. The secretary of state must mail the notice of impending dissolution or 15 revocation to the last registered agent at the last registered office of record. 16 b. If the corporation or foreign corporation files its annual report after the notice 17
 3 not apply. 5. The secretary of state may extend the annual report filing date provided in subsection 3 if a written application for an extension is delivered before the date provided in subsection 3. A corporation or foreign corporation with a fiscal year ending within three months before the date provided in subsection 3 may make a written request for an extension, to apply to reports for subsequent years until the fiscal year is changed. 6. Within three months after the date provided in subsection 3, the secretary of state shall notify any corporation or foreign corporation failing to file its annual report that its certificate of incorporation or certificate of authority is not in good standing and that it may be dissolved or revoked as provided in subsection 7 or 8. a. The secretary of state must mail the notice of impending dissolution or revocation to the last registered agent at the last registered office of record. b. If the corporation or foreign corporation files its annual report after the notice is mailed, together with the filing fee and the late filing penalty fee provided in section 10-19.1-147, then the secretary of state shall restore its certificate of incorporation or certificate of authority to good standing.
4 5. The secretary of state may extend the annual report filing date provided in 5 subsection 3 if a written application for an extension is delivered before the date 6 provided in subsection 3. A corporation or foreign corporation with a fiscal year 7 ending within three months before the date provided in subsection 3 may make a 8 written request for an extension, to apply to reports for subsequent years until the 9 fiscal year is changed. 10 6. Within three months after the date provided in subsection 3, the secretary of state 11 shall notify any corporation or foreign corporation failing to file its annual report that 12 its certificate of incorporation or certificate of authority is not in good standing and 13 that it may be dissolved or revoked as provided in subsection 7 or 8. 14 a. The secretary of state must mail the notice of impending dissolution or 15 revocation to the last registered agent at the last registered office of record. 16 b. If the corporation or foreign corporation files its annual report after the notice 17 is mailed, together with the filing fee and the late filing penalty fee provided in 18 section 10-19.1-147, then the secretary of state shall restore its certificate of 19 incorporation or certificate of authority to
5subsection 3 if a written application for an extension is delivered before the date6provided in subsection 3. A corporation or foreign corporation with a fiscal year7ending within three months before the date provided in subsection 3 may make a8written request for an extension, to apply to reports for subsequent years until the9fiscal year is changed.106.11shall notify any corporation or foreign corporation failing to file its annual report that12its certificate of incorporation or certificate of authority is not in good standing and13that it may be dissolved or revoked as provided in subsection 7 or 8.14a.15revocation to the last registered agent at the last registered office of record.16b.If the corporation or foreign corporation files its annual report after the notice17is mailed, together with the filing fee and the late filing penalty fee provided in18section 10-19.1-147, then the secretary of state shall restore its certificate of19incorporation or certificate of authority to good standing.
 provided in subsection 3. A corporation or foreign corporation with a fiscal year ending within three months before the date provided in subsection 3 may make a written request for an extension, to apply to reports for subsequent years until the fiscal year is changed. Within three months after the date provided in subsection 3, the secretary of state shall notify any corporation or foreign corporation failing to file its annual report that its certificate of incorporation or certificate of authority is not in good standing and that it may be dissolved or revoked as provided in subsection 7 or 8. a. The secretary of state must mail the notice of impending dissolution or revocation to the last registered agent at the last registered office of record. b. If the corporation or foreign corporation files its annual report after the notice is mailed, together with the filing fee and the late filing penalty fee provided in section 10-19.1-147, then the secretary of state shall restore its certificate of incorporation or certificate of authority to good standing.
 ending within three months before the date provided in subsection 3 may make a written request for an extension, to apply to reports for subsequent years until the fiscal year is changed. 6. Within three months after the date provided in subsection 3, the secretary of state shall notify any corporation or foreign corporation failing to file its annual report that its certificate of incorporation or certificate of authority is not in good standing and that it may be dissolved or revoked as provided in subsection 7 or 8. a. The secretary of state must mail the notice of impending dissolution or revocation to the last registered agent at the last registered office of record. b. If the corporation or foreign corporation files its annual report after the notice is mailed, together with the filing fee and the late filing penalty fee provided in section 10-19.1-147, then the secretary of state shall restore its certificate of incorporation or certificate of authority to good standing.
 written request for an extension, to apply to reports for subsequent years until the fiscal year is changed. 6. Within three months after the date provided in subsection 3, the secretary of state shall notify any corporation or foreign corporation failing to file its annual report that its certificate of incorporation or certificate of authority is not in good standing and that it may be dissolved or revoked as provided in subsection 7 or 8. a. The secretary of state must mail the notice of impending dissolution or revocation to the last registered agent at the last registered office of record. b. If the corporation or foreign corporation files its annual report after the notice is mailed, together with the filing fee and the late filing penalty fee provided in section 10-19.1-147, then the secretary of state shall restore its certificate of incorporation or certificate of authority to good standing.
 9 fiscal year is changed. 10 6. Within three months after the date provided in subsection 3, the secretary of state 11 shall notify any corporation or foreign corporation failing to file its annual report that 12 its certificate of incorporation or certificate of authority is not in good standing and 13 that it may be dissolved or revoked as provided in subsection 7 or 8. 14 a. The secretary of state must mail the notice of impending dissolution or 15 revocation to the last registered agent at the last registered office of record. 16 b. If the corporation or foreign corporation files its annual report after the notice 17 is mailed, together with the filing fee and the late filing penalty fee provided in 18 section 10-19.1-147, then the secretary of state shall restore its certificate of 19 incorporation or certificate of authority to good standing.
10 6. Within three months after the date provided in subsection 3, the secretary of state 11 shall notify any corporation or foreign corporation failing to file its annual report that 12 its certificate of incorporation or certificate of authority is not in good standing and 13 that it may be dissolved or revoked as provided in subsection 7 or 8. 14 a. The secretary of state must mail the notice of impending dissolution or 15 revocation to the last registered agent at the last registered office of record. 16 b. If the corporation or foreign corporation files its annual report after the notice 17 is mailed, together with the filing fee and the late filing penalty fee provided in 18 section 10-19.1-147, then the secretary of state shall restore its certificate of 19 incorporation or certificate of authority to good standing.
11shall notify any corporation or foreign corporation failing to file its annual report that12its certificate of incorporation or certificate of authority is not in good standing and13that it may be dissolved or revoked as provided in subsection 7 or 8.14a.14The secretary of state must mail the notice of impending dissolution or15revocation to the last registered agent at the last registered office of record.16b.17If the corporation or foreign corporation files its annual report after the notice18section 10-19.1-147, then the secretary of state shall restore its certificate of19incorporation or certificate of authority to good standing.
12its certificate of incorporation or certificate of authority is not in good standing and13that it may be dissolved or revoked as provided in subsection 7 or 8.14a.15The secretary of state must mail the notice of impending dissolution or15revocation to the last registered agent at the last registered office of record.16b.17If the corporation or foreign corporation files its annual report after the notice18section 10-19.1-147, then the secretary of state shall restore its certificate of19incorporation or certificate of authority to good standing.
13that it may be dissolved or revoked as provided in subsection 7 or 8.14a.The secretary of state must mail the notice of impending dissolution or15revocation to the last registered agent at the last registered office of record.16b.If the corporation or foreign corporation files its annual report after the notice17is mailed, together with the filing fee and the late filing penalty fee provided in18section 10-19.1-147, then the secretary of state shall restore its certificate of19incorporation or certificate of authority to good standing.
14a.The secretary of state must mail the notice of impending dissolution or15revocation to the last registered agent at the last registered office of record.16b.If the corporation or foreign corporation files its annual report after the notice17is mailed, together with the filing fee and the late filing penalty fee provided in18section 10-19.1-147, then the secretary of state shall restore its certificate of19incorporation or certificate of authority to good standing.
15revocation to the last registered agent at the last registered office of record.16b.If the corporation or foreign corporation files its annual report after the notice17is mailed, together with the filing fee and the late filing penalty fee provided in18section 10-19.1-147, then the secretary of state shall restore its certificate of19incorporation or certificate of authority to good standing.
16b.If the corporation or foreign corporation files its annual report after the notice17is mailed, together with the filing fee and the late filing penalty fee provided in18section 10-19.1-147, then the secretary of state shall restore its certificate of19incorporation or certificate of authority to good standing.
17is mailed, together with the filing fee and the late filing penalty fee provided in18section 10-19.1-147, then the secretary of state shall restore its certificate of19incorporation or certificate of authority to good standing.
18 section 10-19.1-147, then the secretary of state shall restore its certificate of 19 incorporation or certificate of authority to good standing.
19 incorporation or certificate of authority to good standing.
20 7. A corporation that fails to file its annual report, together with the filing and penalty
21 fees for late filing provided in section 10-19.1-147, within one year after the date
22 provided in subsection 3 ceases to exist as a corporation and is considered
23 involuntarily dissolved by operation of law.
24 <u>a.</u> <u>The secretary of state shall note the dissolution of the corporation's certificate</u>
25 of incorporation on the records of the secretary of state and shall give notice
26 <u>of the action to the dissolved corporation.</u>
27 b. Notice by the secretary of state must be mailed to the last registered agent at
28 the last registered office of record.
29 8. A foreign corporation that fails to file its annual report, together with the filing and
30 penalty fees for late filing provided in section 10-19.1-147, within one year after the
31 date provided in subsection 3 forfeits its authority to transact business in this state.

1		a. The secretary of state shall note the revocation of the foreign corporation's
2		certificate of authority on the records of the secretary of state and shall give
3		notice of the action to the foreign corporation.
4		b. Notice by the secretary of state must be mailed to the foreign corporation's
5		last registered agent at the last registered office of record.
6		c. The decision by the secretary of state that a certificate of authority must be
7		revoked under this subsection is final.
8	<u>9.</u>	A corporation dissolved for failure to file an annual report, or a foreign corporation
9		whose authority was forfeited by failure to file an annual report, may be reinstated
10		by filing a past-due report, together with the filing and penalty fees for an annual
11		report and a reinstatement fee as provided in section 10-19.1-147. The fees must
12		be paid and an annual report filed within one year following the involuntary
13		dissolution or revocation. Reinstatement under this subsection does not affect the
14		rights or liability for the time from the dissolution or revocation to the reinstatement.
15	SE	CTION 79. Section 10-19.1-147 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and
16	enacted as	follows:
17	<u>10-</u>	19.1-147. Fees for filing documents - Issuing certificates - License fees. The
18	secretary o	f state shall charge and collect for:
19	<u>1.</u>	
		Filing articles of incorporation and issuing a certificate of incorporation, thirty
20	_	Filing articles of incorporation and issuing a certificate of incorporation, thirty dollars.
20 21	<u>2.</u>	
		dollars.
21	<u>2.</u>	dollars. Filing articles of amendment, twenty dollars.
21 22	<u>2.</u> <u>3.</u>	dollars. Filing articles of amendment, twenty dollars. Filing restated articles of incorporation, thirty dollars.
21 22 23	<u>2.</u> <u>3.</u>	dollars.Filing articles of amendment, twenty dollars.Filing restated articles of incorporation, thirty dollars.Filing articles of merger or consolidation and issuing a certificate of merger or
21 22 23 24	<u>2.</u> <u>3.</u> <u>4.</u>	dollars.Filing articles of amendment, twenty dollars.Filing restated articles of incorporation, thirty dollars.Filing articles of merger or consolidation and issuing a certificate of merger orconsolidation, fifty dollars.
21 22 23 24 25	<u>2.</u> <u>3.</u> <u>4.</u> <u>5.</u>	dollars.Filing articles of amendment, twenty dollars.Filing restated articles of incorporation, thirty dollars.Filing articles of merger or consolidation and issuing a certificate of merger orconsolidation, fifty dollars.Filing articles of abandonment of merger, fifty dollars.
21 22 23 24 25 26	2. 3. 4. 5. 6.	dollars.Filing articles of amendment, twenty dollars.Filing restated articles of incorporation, thirty dollars.Filing articles of merger or consolidation and issuing a certificate of merger orconsolidation, fifty dollars.Filing articles of abandonment of merger, fifty dollars.Filing an application to reserve a corporate name, ten dollars.
21 22 23 24 25 26 27	2. 3. 4. <u>5.</u> 6. 7.	 dollars. Filing articles of amendment, twenty dollars. Filing restated articles of incorporation, thirty dollars. Filing articles of merger or consolidation and issuing a certificate of merger or consolidation, fifty dollars. Filing articles of abandonment of merger, fifty dollars. Filing an application to reserve a corporate name, ten dollars. Filing a notice of transfer of a reserved corporate name, ten dollars.
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	2. 3. 4. 5. <u>6.</u> 7. 8.	dollars.Filing articles of amendment, twenty dollars.Filing restated articles of incorporation, thirty dollars.Filing articles of merger or consolidation and issuing a certificate of merger orconsolidation, fifty dollars.Filing articles of abandonment of merger, fifty dollars.Filing an application to reserve a corporate name, ten dollars.Filing a notice of transfer of a reserved corporate name, ten dollars.Filing a cancellation of reserved corporate name, ten dollars.
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9.	dollars.Filing articles of amendment, twenty dollars.Filing restated articles of incorporation, thirty dollars.Filing articles of merger or consolidation and issuing a certificate of merger orconsolidation, fifty dollars.Filing articles of abandonment of merger, fifty dollars.Filing an application to reserve a corporate name, ten dollars.Filing a notice of transfer of a reserved corporate name, ten dollars.Filing a cancellation of reserved corporate name, ten dollars.Filing a consent to use of name, ten dollars.

1	<u>11.</u>	Filing a statement of change of address of registered office by registered agent,
2		ten dollars for each corporation affected by such change.
3	<u>12.</u>	Filing a registered agent's consent to serve in such capacity, ten dollars.
4	<u>13.</u>	Filing a resignation as registered agent, ten dollars.
5	<u>14.</u>	Filing a statement of the establishment of a series of shares, twenty dollars.
6	<u>15.</u>	Filing a statement of cancellation of shares, twenty dollars.
7	<u>16.</u>	Filing a statement reduction of stated capital, twenty dollars.
8	<u>17.</u>	Filing a statement of intent to dissolve, ten dollars.
9	<u>18.</u>	Filing a statement of revocation of voluntary dissolution proceedings, ten dollars.
10	<u>19.</u>	Filing articles of dissolution, twenty dollars.
11	<u>20.</u>	Filing an application of a foreign corporation for a certificate of authority to transact
12		business in this state and issuing a certificate of authority, forty dollars.
13	<u>21.</u>	Filing an application of a foreign corporation for an amended certificate of authority
14		to transact business in this state and issuing an amended certificate of authority,
15		forty dollars.
16	<u>22.</u>	Filing a certificate of fact stating a merger or consolidation of a foreign corporation
17		holding a certificate of authority to transact business in this state, fifty dollars.
18	<u>23.</u>	Filing an application for withdrawal of a foreign corporation and issuing a certificate
19		of withdrawal, twenty dollars.
20	<u>24.</u>	Filing an annual report of a corporation or foreign corporation, twenty-five dollars.
21		The secretary of state shall charge and collect additional fees for late filing of the
22		annual report as follows:
23		a. Within ninety days after the date provided in subsection 3 of section
24		<u>10-19.1-146, twenty dollars;</u>
25		b. <u>Thereafter, sixty dollars; and</u>
26		c. After the involuntary dissolution of a corporation, or the revocation of the
27		certificate of authority of a foreign corporation, the reinstatement fee of one
28		hundred thirty-five dollars.
29	<u>25.</u>	Filing any process, notice, or demand for service, twenty-five dollars.

1 26. Furnishing a certified copy of any document, instrument, or paper relating to a 2 corporation, one dollar for every four pages or fraction thereof and fifteen dollars 3 for the certificate and affixing the seal thereto. 4 License fee of fifty dollars for the first fifty thousand dollars of a corporation's 27. 5 authorized shares, or fraction thereof, and the further sum of ten dollars if paid at 6 the time of authorization, or twelve dollars if paid after authorized shares are 7 issued, for every additional ten thousand dollars of its authorized shares, or 8 fraction thereof, in excess of fifty thousand dollars. 9 A license fee is payable by a corporation at the time of: a. 10 (1) Filing articles of incorporation; 11 <u>(2)</u> Filing articles of amendment increasing the number or value of 12 authorized shares; or 13 (3) Filing articles of merger or consolidation increasing the number or value 14 of authorized shares a surviving or new corporation will have authority 15 to issue above the aggregate number or value of shares the constituent 16 corporations had authority to issue. 17 A license fee payable on an increase in authorized shares must be imposed b. 18 only on the additional shares, but the amount of previously authorized shares 19 must be taken into account in determining the rate applicable to the additional 20 authorized shares. 21 For the purposes of this subsection, shares without par value are considered C. 22 worth one dollar per share. 23 The minimum sum of fifty dollars must be paid for authorized shares at the d. 24 time of filing articles of incorporation. 25 A corporation increasing authorized shares by articles of amendment or e. 26 articles of merger must have previously paid for a minimum of fifty thousand 27 dollars of authorized shares. Thereafter, a corporation may postpone the 28 payment for any additional amount until the filing of an annual report after the 29 unpaid shares are issued. Any additional amount must be paid in increments 30 of ten thousand dollars of its authorized shares.

	-	
	f. The provisions of this subsection do not apply to a building and loan or	apply to a building and loan or
	savings and loan association.	
<u>28.</u>	License fee of eighty-five dollars from each foreign corporation at the time of filing	eign corporation at the time of filing
	an application for a certificate of authority to transact business in this state.	ansact business in this state.
	Thereafter, the secretary of state shall fix the license fee for each foreign	icense fee for each foreign
	corporation as follows:	
	a. The secretary of state shall first ascertain the license fee which a newly	the license fee which a newly
	organized corporation would be required to pay if it had authorized shares of	to pay if it had authorized shares of
	the same kind and amount as the issued or allotted shares of the reporting	or allotted shares of the reporting
	foreign corporation shown by its filed annual report.	ual report.
	b. Said amount must be multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which must be	tion, the numerator of which must be
	the sum of the value of the property of the foreign corporation located in this	e foreign corporation located in this
	state and the gross receipts of the foreign corporation derived from its	n corporation derived from its
	business transacted within this state, and the denominator of which must be	the denominator of which must be
	the sum of the value of all of its property wherever located and the gross	wherever located and the gross
	receipts of the foreign corporation derived from its business wherever	d from its business wherever
	transacted. The amounts used in determining the numerator and	ining the numerator and
	denominator must be determined from the foreign corporation's filed annual	e foreign corporation's filed annual
	report.	
	c. From the product of such multiplication, there must be deducted the	here must be deducted the
	aggregate amount of license fee previously paid by the foreign corporation,	sly paid by the foreign corporation,
	and the remainder, if any, must be the amount of additional fee to be paid by	nount of additional fee to be paid by
	the foreign corporation.	
	The secretary of state shall enter the amount of any additional license fee in the	of any additional license fee in the
	records of the foreign corporation in the secretary of state's office and shall mail a	ary of state's office and shall mail a
	notice of the amount of additional license fee due to the foreign corporation at its	due to the foreign corporation at its
	principal office. The additional license fee must be paid by the foreign corporation	st be paid by the foreign corporation
	before the annual report may be filed by the secretary of state. Amounts less that	ecretary of state. Amounts less than
	five dollars are not collected.	
<u>29.</u>	Filing any other statement of a corporation or foreign corporation, ten dollars.	oreign corporation, ten dollars.
		 savings and loan association. 28. License fee of eighty-five dollars from each for an application for a certificate of authority to the Thereafter, the secretary of state shall first ascertain organized corporation would be required the same kind and amount as the issued foreign corporation shown by its filed annot b. Said amount must be multiplied by a fract the sum of the value of the property of the state and the gross receipts of the foreign business transacted within this state, and the sum of the value of all of its property or receipts of the foreign corporation derived transacted. The amounts used in determined from the report. c. From the product of such multiplication, the aggregate amount of license fee previous and the remainder, if any, must be the amount of records of the foreign corporation in the secret notice of the amount of additional license fee must before the annual report may be filed by the section.

SECTION 80. Section 10-19.1-148 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and enacted as follows:

3	<u>10-</u>	<u> 19.1-</u>	148. Secretary of state - Powers - Enforcement - Penalty - Appeal.
4	<u>1.</u>	The	e secretary of state has the power and authority reasonably necessary to
5		effic	ciently administer this chapter and to perform the duties imposed thereby.
6	<u>2.</u>	The	e secretary of state may propound to any corporation or foreign corporation that
7		<u>is s</u>	ubject to this chapter and to any officer, director, or employee thereof, any
8		inte	rrogatory reasonably necessary and proper to ascertain whether the
9		<u>cor</u>	poration has complied with all provisions of this chapter applicable to the
10		<u>cor</u>	poration.
11		<u>a.</u>	The interrogatory must be answered within thirty days after mailing, or within
12			any additional time as must be fixed by the secretary of state. The answer to
13			the interrogatory must be full and complete and must be made in writing and
14			under oath.
15		<u>b.</u>	If the interrogatory is directed:
16			(1) To an individual, it must be answered by that individual; or
17			(2) To a corporation, it must be answered by the president, vice president,
18			secretary, or assistant secretary of the corporation.
19		<u>C.</u>	The secretary of state is not required to file any document to which the
20			interrogatory relates until the interrogatory has been answered, and not then if
21			the answers disclose the document is not in conformity with this chapter.
22		<u>d.</u>	The secretary of state shall certify to the attorney general, for action the
23			attorney general may deem appropriate, an interrogatory and answers
24			thereto, which discloses a violation of this chapter.
25		<u>e.</u>	Each officer, director, or employee of a corporation or foreign corporation who
26			fails or refuses within the time provided by subdivision a of subsection 2 to
27			answer truthfully and fully an interrogatory propounded to that person by the
28			secretary of state is guilty of an infraction.
29		<u>f.</u>	An interrogatory propounded by the secretary of state and the answers are
30			not open to public inspection. The secretary of state may not disclose any
31			facts or information obtained from the interrogatory or answers except insofar

1		as permitted by law or insofar as required for evidence in any criminal			
2		proceedings or other action by this state.			
3	<u>3.</u>	If the secretary of state rejects any document required by this chapter to be			
4		approved by the secretary of state before the document may be filed, then the			
5		secretary of state shall give written notice of the rejection to the person who			
6		delivered the document, specifying the reasons for rejection.			
7		a. From such rejection the person may appeal to the district court of the county			
8		in which the registered office of such corporation is, or is proposed to be,			
9		situated by filing with the clerk of the court a petition setting forth a copy of the			
10		document sought to be filed and a copy of the written rejection of the			
11		document by the secretary of state.			
12		b. The matter must be tried de novo by the court. The court shall either sustain			
13		the action of the secretary of state or direct the secretary of state to take the			
14		action the court determines proper.			
15	<u>4.</u>	If the secretary of state revokes the certificate of authority to transact business in			
16		this state of any foreign corporation, pursuant to section 10-19.1-141, then the			
17		foreign corporation may appeal to the district court of the county where the			
18		registered office of the foreign corporation in this state is situated by filing with the			
19		clerk of the court a petition setting forth a copy of the corporation's certificate of			
20		authority to transact business in this state and a copy of the notice of revocation			
21		given by the secretary of state. The matter must be tried de novo by the court.			
22		The court shall sustain the action of the secretary of state or direct the secretary of			
23		state to take the action the court determines proper.			
24	<u>5.</u>	Appeals from all final orders and judgments entered by the district court under this			
25		section in review of any ruling or decision of the secretary of state are treated as			
26		other civil actions.			
27	SEC	CTION 81. Section 10-10.1-149 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and			
28	enacted as	follows:			
29	<u>10-</u>	19.1-149. Secretary of state - Certificates and certified copies to be received in			
30	evidence.				

1	<u>1.</u>	<u>All c</u>	certificates issued by the secretary of state and all copies of documents filed in		
2		acc	ordance with this chapter, when certified by the secretary of state, must be		
3		take	en and received in all courts, public offices, and official bodies as prima facie		
4		evic	dence of the facts stated.		
5	<u>2.</u>	<u>A ce</u>	ertificate by the secretary of state under the great seal of this state, as to the		
6		<u>exis</u>	stence or nonexistence of the facts relating to corporations which would not		
7		app	ear from a certified copy of any of the foregoing documents or certificates,		
8		mus	st be taken and received in all courts, public offices, and official bodies as prima		
9		faci	e evidence of the existence or nonexistence of the facts stated.		
10	SEC	СТІО	N 82. Section 10-19.1-150 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and		
11	enacted as	follo	WS:		
12	<u>10-19.1-150. Secretary of state - Forms to be furnished by the secretary of state.</u>				
13	All reports required by this chapter to be filed in the office of the secretary of state must be				
14	made on fo	rms p	prescribed by the secretary of state. Forms for all other documents to be filed		
15	in the office of the secretary of state may be furnished by the secretary of state upon request.				
16	B However, the use of such documents, unless otherwise specifically required by law, is not				
17	mandatory.				
18	SECTION 83. Section 10-19.1-151 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and				
19	enacted as follows:				
20	<u>10-</u> 2	19.1-	151. Miscellaneous - Foreign trade zones.		
21	<u>1.</u>	<u>As u</u>	used in this section, unless the context otherwise requires:		
22		<u>a.</u>	"Act of Congress" means the Act of Congress approved June 18, 1934,		
23			entitled an act to provide for the establishment, operation, and maintenance		
24			of foreign trade zones and ports of entry of the United States, to expedite and		
25			encourage foreign commerce and for other purposes, as amended, and		
26			commonly known as the Foreign Trade Zone Act of 1934 [48 Stat. 998; 19		
27			<u>U.S.C. 81a et seq.].</u>		
28		<u>b.</u>	"Private corporation" means a corporation authorized under this chapter, one		
29			of the purposes of which is to establish, operate, and maintain a foreign trade		
30			zone by itself or in conjunction with a public corporation.		

1		c. "Public corporation" means this state; a political subdivision of this state, any				
2		municipality of this state, any public agency of this state, or any other				
3		corporate instrumentality of this state.				
4	<u>2.</u>	Any private corporation or public corporation has the power to apply to the proper				
5		authorities of the United States for a grant of the privilege of establishing,				
6		operating, and maintaining foreign trade zones and foreign trade subzones and to				
7		do all things necessary and proper to carry into effect the establishment, operation,				
8		and maintenance of such zones, all in accordance with the Act of Congress and				
9		other applicable laws and rules.				
10	SECTION 84. Section 10-19.1-152 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and					
11	enacted as follows:					
12	10-19.1-152. Audit reports and audit of corporations receiving state subsidies for					
13	production of alcohol or methanol for combination with gasoline. Any corporation that					
14	produces agricultural ethyl alcohol or methanol within this state and which receives a					
15	production subsidy from the state, whether in the form of reduced taxes or otherwise, shall					
16	<u>submit an a</u>	nnual audit report, prepared by a certified public accountant based on an audit of all				
17	records and accounts of the corporation, to the legislative audit and fiscal review committee.					
18	The audit must be submitted within ninety days of the close of the corporation's taxable year.					
19	Upon request of the legislative audit and fiscal review committee, the state auditor shall					
20	conduct an audit of the records and accounts of any corporation required to submit an annual					
21	report under this section.					
22	SEC	CTION 85. AMENDMENT. Section 10-31-01 of the North Dakota Century Code is				
23	amended a	nd reenacted as follows:				
24	10-3	31-01. Definitions. As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires:				
25	1.	"Create" means to form an organization by:				
26		a. Incorporating a professional corporation;				
27		b. Organizing a professional limited liability company; or				
28		c. Registering a professional limited liability partnership.				
29	2.	"Executive" means an officer or a director of a professional corporation, a manager				
30		or a governor of a professional limited liability company, or a partner of a				
31		professional limited liability partnership.				

	-					
1	3.	"Foreign limited liability partnership" has the meaning set forth in section				
2		45-22-01.4.				
3	<u>4.</u>	"Foreign professional organization" means a professional organization that is				
4		created under laws other than the laws of this state for purposes for which a				
5		professional organization may be created under this chapter.				
6	4. <u>5.</u>	"Owner" means a shareholder of a professional corporation, a member of a				
7		professional limited liability company, or a partner of a limited liability partnership.				
8	5. <u>6.</u>	"Professional corporation" or "corporation" means a corporation that is				
9		incorporated under this chapter for the sole and specific purpose of rendering				
10		professional service and which has as its shareholders only individuals who				
11		themselves are licensed or otherwise legally authorized within this state to render				
12		the same professional service as the corporation or nonlicensed employees as				
13		provided in section 10-31-07.1.				
14	6. <u>7.</u>	"Professional limited liability company" or "limited liability company" means a				
15		limited liability company that is organized under this chapter for the sole and				
16		specific purpose of rendering professional service and which has as its members				
17		only individuals who themselves are licensed or otherwise legally authorized within				
18		his state to render the same professional service as the limited liability company				
19		or nonlicensed employees as provided in section 10-31-07.2.				
20	7. <u>8.</u>	"Professional limited liability partnership" or "limited liability partnership" means a				
21		limited liability partnership that is registered under this chapter for the sole and				
22		specific purpose of rendering professional service, is not a foreign limited liability				
23		partnership, and has as its partners only individuals who are licensed or otherwise				
24		legally authorized within this state to render the same professional service as the				
25		limited liability partnership or nonlicensed employees as provided in section				
26		10-31-07.1.				
27	8. <u>9.</u>	"Professional organization" or "organization" means:				
28		a. A professional corporation that is incorporated under this chapter;				
29		b. A professional limited liability company that is organized under this chapter; or				
30		c. A professional limited liability partnership that is registered under this chapter.				

1	9. <u>10.</u>	"Professional service" means the personal service to the public which requires a			
2		license as a condition precedent to the rendering of such service and which prior			
3		to before the passage of this chapter could not be performed by a corporation,			
4		limited liability company, or a limited liability partnership.			
5	SECTION 86. AMENDMENT. Section 10-31-02 of the North Dakota Century Code is				
6	amended a	nd reenacted as follows:			
7	10-31-02. Articles of incorporation.				
8	1.	One or more individuals may incorporate a professional organization in the form of			
9		a corporation for the practice of a profession by filing articles of incorporation with			
10		the secretary of state. The articles of incorporation must meet the requirements of			
11		chapter 10-19.1 and contain the following:			
12		a. The profession to be practiced through the professional corporation; and			
13		b. The names and residence addresses of all of the original shareholders of the			
14		professional corporation who will practice the profession in this state.			
15	2.	At the time the articles of incorporation are filed with the secretary of state, the			
16		professional corporation also shall file a certificate from the regulating board of the			
17		profession involved that each of the directors and shareholders of voting shares			
18		who will practice the profession in this state, if any, is licensed to practice the			
19		profession in this state.			
20	SECTION 87. AMENDMENT. Section 10-31-02.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is				
21	amended a	nd reenacted as follows:			
22	10-3	31-02.1. Articles of organization.			
23	1.	Two or more individuals may organize a professional organization in the form of a			
24		limited liability company for the practice of a profession by filing articles of			
25		organization with the secretary of state. The articles of organization must meet the			
26		requirements of chapter 10-32, and must contain the following:			
27		a. The profession to be practiced through the professional limited liability			
28		company; and			
29		b. The names and residence addresses of all of the original members of the			
30		professional limited liability company who will practice the profession in this			
31		state.			

1	2.	At the time the articles of organization are filed with the secretary of state, the				
2		professional limited liability company also shall file a certificate from the regulating				
3		board of the profession involved that each of the governors and members who will				
4		practice the profession in this state, if any, is licensed to practice the profession in				
5		this state.				
6	SEC	SECTION 88. AMENDMENT. Section 10-31-02.2 of the North Dakota Century Code is				
7	amended a	nd reenacted as follows:				
8	10-31-02.2. Registration.					
9	1.	Two or more individuals may register a professional organization in the form of a				
10		limited liability partnership or a foreign professional organization in the form of a				
11		foreign limited liability partnership for the practice of a profession by filing a the				
12		registration required under section 45-22-3 with the secretary of state. The				
13		registration must meet the requirements of chapter 45-22, and contain the				
14		following:				
15		a. The profession to be practiced through the professional limited liability				
16		partnership or foreign limited liability partnership; and				
17		b. The names and residence addresses of all of the original partners of the				
18		professional limited liability partnership or foreign limited liability partnership				
19		who will practice the profession in this state.				
20	2.	At the time the registration is filed with the secretary of state, the professional				
21		limited liability partnership or foreign limited liability partnership also shall file a				
22		certificate from the regulating board of the profession involved that each of the				
23		partners who will practice the profession in this state is licensed to practice the				
24		profession in this state.				
25	SEC	CTION 89. AMENDMENT. Section 10-31-03 of the North Dakota Century Code is				
26	amended a	nd reenacted as follows:				
27	10-3	81-03. Applicability of chapters chapter 10-19.1 , 10-22, and 10-23 . Chapters				
28	Chapter 10	19.1 , 10-22, and 10-23 apply applies to a professional organization that is created				
29	in the form of a corporation and which enjoys the powers and privileges and is subject to the					
30	duties, rest	ictions, and liabilities of other corporations except where inconsistent with the letter				

- and purpose of this chapter. This chapter takes precedence in the event of any conflict with
 chapters chapter 10-19.1, 10-22, and 10-23.
- 3 SECTION 90. AMENDMENT. Section 10-31-04 of the North Dakota Century Code is
 4 amended and reenacted as follows:
- 5 10-31-04. Purpose for which created. 6 1. A professional organization may be created pursuant to this chapter only for the 7 purpose of rendering one specific type of professional service and services 8 ancillary to thereto or for the purpose of rendering two or more kinds of 9 professional services that are specifically authorized to be practiced in combination 10 under the licensing laws of each of the professional services to be practiced by a 11 licensed individual or partnership of licensed individuals and ancillary services. 12 This subsection does not preclude an organization created pursuant to this chapter 13 from rendering more than one specific type of professional service if the services 14 rendered are set forth in chapters 43-03 and 43-19.1 or if the services rendered 15 are set forth in chapters 43-26 and 43-40.
- A professional organization may not engage in any business other than rendering the professional service for which it was created to render <u>and services ancillary</u> <u>thereto</u>. However, a professional organization may own real and personal property necessary or appropriate for rendering the type of professional services it was created to render and may invest its funds in real estate mortgages, stocks, bonds, membership interests, and any other type of investment.
- SECTION 91. AMENDMENT. Section 10-31-05 of the North Dakota Century Code is
 amended and reenacted as follows:
- 24 **10-31-05.** Name.
- 25 1. The name of a professional organization:

(1)

- 26 a. In the form of a corporation incorporated under this chapter must contain:
- 27

28

- The word "chartered";
- (2) The word "limited" or the abbreviation "Ltd.";
- 29 (3) The words "professional corporation" or either the abbreviation "P.C."
 30 or the abbreviation "PC", either of which may be used interchangeably

	-					
1				for al	I purposes authorized by chapter 10-31, including real estate	
2				matte	ers, contracts, and filings with the secretary of state; or	
3			(4)	The v	words "professional association" or either the abbreviation "P.A."	
4				or the	e abbreviation "PA", either of which may be used interchangeably	
5				for al	I purposes authorized by chapter 10-31, including real estate	
6				matte	ers, contracts, and filings with the secretary of state.	
7	ł	b.	In the	e form	of a limited liability company organized under this chapter must	
8			conta	contain:		
9			(1)	The	words "professional limited liability company" or "limited liability	
10				<u>comp</u>	bany";	
11			(2)	The a	abbreviations:	
12				<u>(a)</u>	"P.L.C." or "PLC", either of which may be used interchangeably	
13					for all purposes authorized by chapter 10-31 including real estate	
14					matters, contracts, and filings with the secretary of state; or	
15			(3)	<u>(b)</u>	The abbreviations "P.L.L.C." or "PLLC", either of which may be	
16					used interchangeably for all purposes authorized by chapter	
17					10-31 including real estate matters, contracts, and filings with the	
18					secretary of state; or	
19				<u>(c)</u>	"L.L.C." or "LLC", either of which may be used interchangeably	
20					for all purposes authorized by chapter 10-31 including real estate	
21					matters, contracts, and filings with the secretary of state.	
22	(с.	In the form of a limited liability partnership registered under this chapter shall			
23			contain:			
24			(1)	The	words "professional limited liability partnership"; or	
25			(2)	The a	abbreviations:	
26				<u>(a)</u>	"P.L.L.P." or "PLLP", either of which may be use d	
27					interchangeably for all purposes authorized by chapter 10-31	
28					including real estate matters, contracts, and filings with the	
29					secretary of state; or	

1		(b) "L.L.P." or "LLP", either of which may be used interchangeably	
2		for all purposes authorized by chapter 10-31 including real estate	<u>e</u>
3		matters, contracts, and filings with the secretary of state.	
4	2.	The use of the word "company", "corporation", "incorporated", "limited liability	
5		company", "limited liability partnership", or any other word, abbreviation, affix, or	
6		prefix indicating that it is a corporation, limited liability company, or limited liability	
7		partnership in the name of an organization created under this chapter, other than	
8		the words and abbreviations set forth in subsection 1, is prohibited.	

9 SECTION 92. AMENDMENT. Section 10-31-07 of the North Dakota Century Code is
10 amended and reenacted as follows:

11 **10-31-07.** Issuance and transfer of shares. A professional organization in the form of 12 a corporation may issue its shares only to individuals persons who are licensed to render the 13 same specific professional services as those for which the corporation was incorporated or as 14 provided by section 10-31-07.1. A shareholder may voluntarily transfer shares in a professional 15 corporation only to the corporation or to an individual a person owning or eligible to own the 16 same type of shares as the individual person making the transfer. The issuance of any shares 17 in violation of this section is void. The voluntary transfer of any shares in violation of this 18 section is void. No share may be transferred upon the books of the professional corporation or 19 issued by the professional corporation until there is presented to and filed with the corporation a 20 certificate from the regulating board stating that the individual person to whom the transfer is to 21 be made or the share issued is licensed to render the same specific professional services as 22 those for which the corporation was incorporated.

23 SECTION 93. AMENDMENT. Section 10-31-07.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is
 24 amended and reenacted as follows:

10-31-07.1. Retirement plan trust - Voting and nonvoting stock shares. A
 professional corporation may establish a retirement plan trust which allows the corporation to
 contribute nonvoting shares for nonlicensed employees and voting shares for licensed
 employees.

SECTION 94. AMENDMENT. Section 10-31-07.2 of the North Dakota Century Code is
 amended and reenacted as follows:

1 10-31-07.2. Issuance and transfer of membership interests. A professional 2 organization in the form of a limited liability company may issue membership interests only to 3 individuals persons who are licensed to render the same specific professional services as 4 those for which the company was organized. A member may voluntarily transfer membership 5 interests in a professional limited liability company only to the professional limited liability 6 company or to an individual a person owning or eligible to own a membership interest. The 7 reflection of any membership interests in the required records of the professional limited liability 8 company in violation of this section is void. The voluntary transfer of any membership interests 9 in violation of this section is void. No membership interest may be reflected in the required 10 records of the professional limited liability company until there is presented to and filed with the 11 limited liability company a certificate from the regulating board stating that the individual person 12 to whom the transfer is to be made or the membership interest issued is licensed to render the 13 same specific professional services as those for which the limited liability company was 14 organized.

SECTION 95. AMENDMENT. Section 10-31-07.3 of the North Dakota Century Code is
 amended and reenacted as follows:

17 10-31-07.3. Issuance and transfer of partnership interests. A professional 18 organization in the form of a limited liability partnership may issue partnership interests only to 19 individuals persons who are licensed to render the same specific professional services as 20 those for which the partnership was registered. A partner may voluntarily transfer partnership 21 interests in a professional limited liability partnership only to the professional limited liability 22 partnership or an individual a person owning or eligible to own a partnership interest. The 23 issuance of any partnership interests issued in violation of this section is void. The voluntary 24 transfer of any partnership interests in violation of this section is void. No partnership interest 25 may be transferred upon the books of the professional limited liability partnership or issued by 26 the professional limited liability partnership until there is presented to and filed with the limited 27 liability partnership a certificate from the regulating board stating that the individual person to 28 whom the transfer is to be made or the partnership interest issued is licensed to render the 29 same specific professional services as those for which the limited liability partnership was 30 registered.

24

1.

SECTION 96. AMENDMENT. Section 10-31-12 of the North Dakota Century Code is
 amended and reenacted as follows:

3 10-31-12. Death of last or only shareholder - Amendment of articles of 4 incorporation - Involuntary dissolution.

5 In the event of the death of the last or only shareholder of a professional 1. 6 corporation whose shares pass to heirs by intestate succession, to devisees under 7 a last will and testament, or otherwise pass by operation of law to an individual not 8 legally gualified to render the professional services which the professional 9 corporation was incorporated to perform, the heirs, devisees, or personal 10 representative of the deceased shareholder, within six months after the date of 11 death of the last or only shareholder, may amend the articles of incorporation to 12 provide that the corporation must continue as a general corporation under 13 chapters chapter 10-19.1, 10-22, and 10-23. 14 The death of the last or only shareholder of a professional corporation and the 2. failure of the heirs, devisees, or personal representative to make an amendment 15 16 within six months after the death is a ground for the involuntary dissolution of the 17 professional corporation. 18 When notified of the facts, the secretary of state shall certify immediately the facts 3. 19 to the attorney general who shall take immediate appropriate action to dissolve the 20 professional corporation.

21 **SECTION 97. AMENDMENT.** Section 10-31-13 of the North Dakota Century Code is 22 amended and reenacted as follows:

23 **10-31-13.** <u>Professional organizations - Annual reports - Renewal.</u>

25a.Each corporation incorporated under this chapter shall file with the secretary26of state an annual report at the time specified for the filing of the report by27chapters chapter 10-19.1, 10-22, and 10-23 giving the name and residence28addresses of all officers, directors, and shareholders of the corporation as of29the thirtieth day of June next preceding the filing of the report. With respect to30shares, the report shall include:

With respect to a professional organization in the form of a corporation:

1			(1)	A statement of the aggregate number of shares the corporation has
-			<u>(1)</u>	A statement of the aggregate number of shares the corporation has
2				authority to issue, itemized by classes, par value of shares, shares
3				without par value, and series, if any, within a class; and
4			<u>(2)</u>	A statement of the aggregate number of issued shares, itemized by
5				classes, par value of shares, shares without par value, and series, if
6				any, within a class.
7		b.	Atta	ched to this <u>The</u> report must be <u>include</u> a form certifying <u>statement</u> that
8			all di	rectors and shareholders of voting shares who practice in this state are
9			licen	sed to render the same specific professional services as those for which
10			the o	corporation was incorporated. This certificate The report must be:
11			(1)	Made on a form as prescribed and furnished by the secretary of state;
12			(2)	Signed by the president or vice president and attested by the secretary
13				or assistant secretary of the corporation; and
14			(3)	Sworn to before a notary public by the individuals executing the
15				certificate; and
16			(4)	Accompanied by the filing fee prescribed in chapter $\frac{10-23}{10-19.1}$.
17		C.	A co	py of the certificate <u>report</u> must be filed at the same time with the
18			regu	latory board that licenses the shareholders described in the certificate
19			<u>repo</u>	rt. No filing fee may be charged by the regulatory board.
20		d.	A re	gulatory board issuing a license under section 10-31-01 shall issue a
21			certi	ficate required in section 10-31-02. The certificate must be on a form
22			pres	cribed and furnished by the secretary of state. The regulatory board may
23			char	ge and collect a fee not to exceed twenty dollars per individual certified to
24			be li	censed by the regulating board.
25	2.	Wit	h resp	ect to a professional organization in the form of a limited liability
26		con	npany	
27		a.	Each	n limited liability company organized under this chapter shall file with the
28			secr	etary of state an annual report at the time specified for the filing of the
29			repo	rt by chapter 10-32 giving the name and residence address of all
30			man	agers, governors, and members of the organization as of the thirtieth day
31			of Ju	ine next preceding the filing of the report.

1		b.	Attac	hed to this <u>The</u> report must be <u>include</u> a form certifying <u>statement</u> that
2			all go	overnors and members holding voting membership interests who practice
3			<u>in thi</u>	s state are licensed to render the same specific professional services as
4			those	ofor which the limited liability company was organized. This certificate
5			<u>repor</u>	<u>t</u> must be:
6			(1)	Made on a form as prescribed and furnished by the secretary of state;
7			(2)	Signed by the president and attested by the secretary or vice president
8				of the limited liability company; and
9			(3)	Sworn before a notary public by the individuals executing the
10				certificate; and
11			(4)	Accompanied by the filing fee prescribed in section 10-32-180.
12		C.	A cop	by of the certificate report must be filed at the same time with the
13			regul	atory board that licenses the members described in the certificate report.
14			No fil	ing fee may be charged by the regulatory board.
15		d.	A reg	ulatory board issuing a license under section 10-31-01 shall issue a
16			certif	icate required in section 10-31-02. The certificate must be on a form
17			preso	ribed and furnished by the secretary of state. The regulatory board may
18			charg	ge and collect a fee not to exceed twenty dollars per individual certified to
19			be lic	ensed by the regulatory board.
20	3.	With	n respe	ect to a professional organization in the form of a limited liability
21		part	nershi	p:
22		a.	The r	enewal registration filed with the secretary of state pursuant to chapter
23			45-22	2 must include the name and residence address of all partners of the
24			orgar	nization as of the thirtieth day of June next preceding the filing of the
25			rene	wal registration.
26		b.	Attac	hed to the <u>The</u> renewal registration must be <u>include</u> a form certifying
27			<u>state</u>	ment that all partners holding voting partnership interests who practice in
28			<u>this s</u>	tate are licensed to render the same specific professional services as
29			those	ofor which the limited liability partnership was registered. This certificate
30			<u>The r</u>	enewal registration shall be:
31			(1)	Made on a form prescribed and furnished by the secretary of state;

1	((2)	Signed by two a managing partners partner of the limited liability
2			partnership; <u>and</u>
3	((3)	Sworn before a notary public by the individuals executing the
4			certificate; and
5	÷	(4)	Accompanied by the filing fee prescribed in section 45-22-22.
6	c. /	A cop	y of the certificate renewal registration must be filed at the same time
7	v	with th	ne regulatory board that licenses the partners described in the certificate
8	<u>r</u>	renew	ral registration. No filing fee may be charged by the regulatory board.
9	d. <i>A</i>	A regu	ulatory board issuing a license under section 10-31-01 shall issue a
10	С	certific	cate required in section 10-31-02. The certificate must be on a form
11	þ	presci	ribed and furnished by the secretary of state. The regulatory board may
12	С	charg	e and collect a fee not to exceed twenty dollars per individual certified to
13	t	be lice	ensed by the regulating board.
14	SECTION	98. <i>A</i>	MENDMENT. Section 10-31-13.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is
15	amended and reer	nacte	d as follows:
16	10-31-13.1	I. Foi	reign professional organizations - Practice in the state.
16 17			reign professional organizations - Practice in the state. rofessional organization may practice a profession in this state only
	1. A fore	eign p	
17	1. A fore throug	eign p gh ex	rofessional organization may practice a profession in this state only
17 18	1. A fore throug the pr	eign p gh exo rofess	rofessional organization may practice a profession in this state only ecutives, owners, employees, and agents who are licensed to practice
17 18 19	1. A fore throug the pr practic	eign p gh exo rofess ice of	rofessional organization may practice a profession in this state only ecutives, owners, employees, and agents who are licensed to practice ion in this state. The provisions of this chapter with respect to the
17 18 19 20	1. A fore throug the pr practic profes	eign p gh ex rofess ice of ssiona	rofessional organization may practice a profession in this state only ecutives, owners, employees, and agents who are licensed to practice sion in this state. The provisions of this chapter with respect to the a profession by a professional organization apply to a foreign
17 18 19 20 21	1. A fore throug the pr practic profes profes	eign p gh ex rofess ice of ssiona	rofessional organization may practice a profession in this state only ecutives, owners, employees, and agents who are licensed to practice ion in this state. The provisions of this chapter with respect to the a profession by a professional organization apply to a foreign al organization. The practice of a profession in this state by a foreign
17 18 19 20 21 22	 A fore throug the pr practic profes <u>gover</u> 	eign p gh ex rofess ice of ssiona ssiona rning t	rofessional organization may practice a profession in this state only ecutives, owners, employees, and agents who are licensed to practice sion in this state. The provisions of this chapter with respect to the a profession by a professional organization apply to a foreign al organization. The practice of a profession in this state by a foreign al organization is subject to the laws and regulations of this state
17 18 19 20 21 22 23	 A fore throug the profession of the context of the profession of the profession of the profession of the context of the context	eign p gh ex rofess ice of ssiona ssiona rning f	rofessional organization may practice a profession in this state only ecutives, owners, employees, and agents who are licensed to practice tion in this state. The provisions of this chapter with respect to the a profession by a professional organization apply to a foreign al organization. The practice of a profession in this state by a foreign al organization is subject to the laws and regulations of this state the practice of such professional service.
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 	 A fore throug the profession <u>profession</u> 	eign p gh ex rofess ice of ssiona ssiona rning t certific e secr	rofessional organization may practice a profession in this state only ecutives, owners, employees, and agents who are licensed to practice ion in this state. The provisions of this chapter with respect to the a profession by a professional organization apply to a foreign al organization. The practice of a profession in this state by a foreign al organization is subject to the laws and regulations of this state the practice of such professional service.
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 	 A fore throug the profession <u>profession</u> <u>profession</u> The constraint organ 	eign p gh ex rofess ice of ssiona ssiona <u>ssiona</u> certific e secr nizatio	rofessional organization may practice a profession in this state only ecutives, owners, employees, and agents who are licensed to practice ion in this state. The provisions of this chapter with respect to the a profession by a professional organization apply to a foreign al organization. The practice of a profession in this state by a foreign al organization is subject to the laws and regulations of this state the practice of such professional service. ate of authority of a foreign professional organization may be revoked retary of state as provided in this chapter, if the foreign professional
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 	 A fore throug the profession <u>profession</u> The constraint organisation This constraint organisation 	eign p gh ex rofess ice of ssiona ssiona rning t certific e secr nizatio chapte	rofessional organization may practice a profession in this state only ecutives, owners, employees, and agents who are licensed to practice ion in this state. The provisions of this chapter with respect to the a profession by a professional organization apply to a foreign al organization. The practice of a profession in this state by a foreign al organization is subject to the laws and regulations of this state the practice of such professional service. The professional service. The ate of authority of a foreign professional organization may be revoked retary of state as provided in this chapter, if the foreign professional n fails to comply with this chapter.
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 	 A fore throug the profess gover The c by the organ This c individ 	eign p gh ex rofess ice of ssiona ssiona ssiona tring t certific e secr nizatio chapte dual v	rofessional organization may practice a profession in this state only ecutives, owners, employees, and agents who are licensed to practice ion in this state. The provisions of this chapter with respect to the a profession by a professional organization apply to a foreign al organization. The practice of a profession in this state by a foreign al organization is subject to the laws and regulations of this state the practice of such professional service. ate of authority of a foreign professional organization may be revoked etary of state as provided in this chapter, if the foreign professional in fails to comply with this chapter.

1	4.	Thi	s secti	on applies regardless of whether the foreign professional organization is
2		aut	horize	d to practice a profession in this state.
3	<u>5.</u>	<u>A fo</u>	oreign	professional organization may render only one specific type of
4		pro	fessio	nal service and services ancillary thereto in this state. A foreign
5		pro	fessio	nal organization may not engage in any business in this state other than
6		ren	dering	the professional service it is authorized to render and services ancillary
7		<u>the</u>	reto.	
8	<u>6.</u>	<u>a.</u>	The	provisions of chapter 10-19.1, applicable to foreign corporations, apply to
9			<u>a for</u>	eign professional organization rendering professional services in this
10			state	e in the form of a foreign corporation. Such a foreign professional
11			<u>orga</u>	nization enjoys the powers and privileges and is subject to the duties,
12			<u>restr</u>	ictions, and liabilities of other foreign corporations doing business in this
13			state	e, except where inconsistent with the letter and purpose of the provisions
14			<u>of th</u>	is chapter applicable to foreign professional organizations.
15		<u>b.</u>	<u>A fo</u>	reign professional organization rendering professional services in this
16			state	in the form of a foreign corporation shall include in its application for a
17			<u>certi</u>	ficate of authority under section 10-19.1-135 or its annual report under
18			<u>secti</u>	on 10-19.1-146 the following information:
19			<u>(1)</u>	The profession to be practiced by the foreign corporation;
20			<u>(2)</u>	The names and residence addresses of all directors and shareholders
21				of the corporation who practice the profession in this state; and
22			<u>(3)</u>	In an application for a certificate of authority, a certificate from the
23				regulating board of the profession involved that all directors and
24				shareholders who practice the profession in this state are licensed in
25				this state to render the same professional service as those for which
26				the corporation was formed; and in an annual report, a statement that
27				all directors and shareholders who practice the profession in this state
28				are licensed in this state to render the same professional service as
29				those for which the corporation was formed.
30	<u>7.</u>	<u>a.</u>	The	provisions of chapter 10-32 applicable to foreign limited liability
31			<u>com</u>	panies apply to a foreign professional organization rendering professional

1			serv	ices in this state in the form of a foreign limited liability company. Such a
2			<u>forei</u>	gn professional organization enjoys the powers and privileges and is
3			<u>subj</u>	ect to the duties, restrictions, and liabilities of other foreign limited liability
4			<u>com</u>	panies doing business in this state, except where inconsistent with the
5			<u>lette</u>	r and purpose of the provisions of this chapter applicable to foreign
6			profe	essional organizations.
7		<u>b.</u>	<u>A foi</u>	eign professional organization rendering professional services in this
8			state	e in the form of a foreign limited liability company shall include in its
9			appl	ication for a certificate of authority under section 10-32-138 or its annual
10			repo	rt under section 10-32-149 the following information:
11			<u>(1)</u>	The profession to be practiced by the foreign limited liability company;
12			<u>(2)</u>	The names and residence addresses of all members or managers of
13				the limited liability company who practice the profession in this state;
14				and
15			<u>(3)</u>	In an application for a certificate of authority, a certificate from the
16				regulating board of the profession involved that all members or
17				managers who practice the profession in this state are licensed in this
18				state to render the same professional service as those for which the
19				limited liability company was formed; and in an annual report, a
20				statement that all members or managers who practice the profession in
21				this state are licensed in this state to render the same professional
22				service as those for which the limited liability company was formed.
23	<u>8.</u>	<u>a.</u>	The	provisions of chapter 45-22 applicable to foreign limited liability
24			partr	nerships apply to a foreign professional organization rendering
25			profe	essional services in this state in the form of a foreign limited liability
26			partr	nership. Such a foreign professional organization enjoys the powers and
27			privil	eges and is subject to the duties, restrictions, and liabilities of other
28			<u>forei</u>	gn limited liability partnerships doing business in this state, except where
29			inco	nsistent with the letter and purpose of the provisions of this chapter
30			appl	icable to foreign professional organizations.

1		<u>b.</u>	A for	eign professional organization rendering professional services in this			
2			<u>state</u>	in the form of a foreign limited liability partnership shall include in its			
3			registration or renewal registration under section 45-22-03 the following				
4			inforr	nation:			
5			<u>(1)</u>	The profession to be practiced by the foreign limited liability			
6				partnership;			
7			<u>(2)</u>	The names and residence addresses of all partners of the limited			
8				liability partnership who practice the profession in this state; and			
9			<u>(3)</u>	In a registration, a certificate from the regulating board of the profession			
10				involved that all partners who practice the profession in this state are			
11				licensed in this state to render the same professional service as those			
12				for which the limited liability partnership was formed; and in a renewal			
13				registration, a statement that all partners who practice the profession in			
14				this state are licensed in this state to render the same professional			
15				service as those for which the limited liability partnership was formed.			
16	<u>9.</u>	<u>The r</u>	name	of a foreign professional organization rendering professional services in			
17		<u>this s</u>	state s	shall contain words or abbreviations required or authorized by the laws of			
18		<u>the ju</u>	urisdio	ction in which the foreign professional organization is incorporated,			
19		<u>orgar</u>	nized	, or originally registered.			
20	SEC	CTION	99.	AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-02 of the North Dakota Century Code is			
21	amended a	nd ree	enacte	ed as follows:			
22	10-3	32-02.	Defi	nitions. For the purposes of this chapter, unless the language or			
23	context clea	arly inc	dicate	es that a different meaning is intended:			
24	1.	"Acq	uiring	organization" means the foreign or domestic limited liability company or			
25		foreig	gn or	domestic corporation that acquires in an exchange the shares of a			
26		dome	estic o	or foreign corporation or the membership interests of a limited liability			
27		comp	bany.				
28	2.	"Add	ress"	means mailing address, including a zip code.<u>:</u>			
29		<u>a.</u>	In the	e case of a registered office or principal executive office, the term means			
30			the m	nailing address and, including a zip code, of the actual office location			
31			whicł	n may not be <u>only</u> a post-office box; and			

1		b. In all other cases, the mailing address, including a zip code.
2	3.	"Agreement to give transfer dissolution avoidance consent" means a
3		member-control agreement under section 10-32-50, or a part of a member-control
4		agreement, under which the members agree in advance to give any <u>that if, in the</u>
5		future, the continued membership of any member is terminated through an event
6		covered in the agreement, then each remaining member shall give dissolution
7		avoidance consent referred to in subsection 2 of section 10-32-32.
8	4.	"Articles" or "articles of organization" means:
9		a. In the case of a limited liability company organized under this chapter, articles
10		of organization, articles of amendment, a statement of change of registered
11		office, registered agent, or name of registered agent, a statement establishing
12		or fixing the rights and preferences of a class or series of membership
13		interests, articles of merger, articles of abandonment, and articles of
14		termination.
15		b. In the case of a foreign limited liability company, the term includes all
16		documents serving a similar function required to be filed with the secretary of
17		state or other state office of the limited liability company's state of
18		organization.
19	5.	"Board" or "board of governors" means the board of governors of a limited liability
20		company.
21	6.	"Board member" means:
22		a. An individual serving on the board of governors in the case of a limited liability
23		company; and
24		b. An individual serving on the board of directors in the case of a corporation.
25	7.	"Business continuation agreement" means a member-control agreement under
26		section 10-32-50, or a part of a member-control agreement, made before or after
27		the limited liability company has incurred an event of dissolution, under which the
28		members:
29		a. Agree that, despite any dissolution, winding up and termination of the limited
30		liability company as a legal entity, its business will be continued in a

1		successor organization through a merger, transfer of assets, transfer of
2		membership interests, or otherwise; and
3		b. Specify the terms and conditions under which the business continuation will
4		occur.
5	8.	"Class", when used with reference to membership interests, means a category of
6		membership interests which differs in one or more rights or preferences from
7		another category of membership interests of the limited liability company.
8	9.	"Closely held limited liability company" means a limited liability company that does
9		not have more than thirty-five members.
10	10.	"Constituent organization" means a limited liability company or a domestic or
11		foreign corporation that is a party to a merger or an exchange.
12	11.	"Contribution agreement" means an agreement between a person and a limited
13		liability company under which:
14		a. The person agrees to make a contribution in the future; and
15		b. The limited liability company agrees that, at the time specified for the
16		contribution in the future, the limited liability company will accept the
17		contribution and reflect the contribution in the required records.
18	12.	"Contribution allowance agreement" means an agreement between a person and a
19		limited liability company under which:
20		a. The person has the right, but not the obligation, to make a contribution in the
21		future; and
22		b. The limited liability company agrees that, if the person makes the specified
23		contribution at the time specified in the future, the limited liability company will
24		accept the contribution and reflect the contribution in the required records.
25	13.	"Dissolution" means that the limited liability company has incurred an event under
26		subsection 1 of section 10-32-109, subject only to sections 10-32-116 and
27		10-32-124, that obligates the limited liability company to wind up its affairs and to
28		terminate its existence as a legal entity.
29	14.	"Dissolution avoidance consent" means the consent of all remaining members:

1		a.	Given	, as provided in subdivision e of subsection 1 of section 10-32-109, after
2			the oc	ccurrence of any event that terminates the continued membership of a
3			memb	per in the limited liability company; and
4		b.	That t	he limited liability company must be continued as a legal entity without
5			dissol	ution.
6	15.	"Dist	tributio	n" means a direct or indirect transfer of money or other property, other
7		than	its ow	n membership interests, with or without consideration, or an incurrence
8		or is	suance	e of indebtedness, by a limited liability company to any of its members in
9		resp	ect of	membership interests. A distribution may be in the form of an interim
10		distr	ibution	or a termination distribution, or as consideration for the purchase,
11		rede	mptior	n, or other acquisition of its membership interests, or otherwise.
12	16.	"Dor	nestic	corporation" means a corporation other than a foreign corporation
13		orga	nized	for profit and incorporated under or governed by chapter 10-19.1.
14	17.	"File	d with	the secretary of state" means that a signed original of a document
15		toge	ther w	ith the fees provided in section 10-32-150, has been delivered to the
16		secr	etary c	of state and has been determined by the secretary of state to conform to
17		law.	The s	ecretary of state shall endorse on the original the word "Filed" and the
18		mon	th, day	r, and year of filing, and record the document in the office of the
19		secr	etary c	o f state. :
20		<u>a.</u>	That e	either of the following has been delivered to the secretary of state and
21			<u>has b</u>	een determined by the secretary of state to conform to law:
22			<u>(1)</u>	A signed original or a legible facsimile copy of a signed original of a
23				request for reserved name; or
24			<u>(2)</u>	A signed original of all other documents, meeting the applicable
25				requirements of this chapter, together with the fees provided in section
26				<u>10-33-141.</u>
27		<u>b.</u>	<u>That t</u>	he secretary of state shall then:
28			<u>(1)</u>	Endorse on the original the word "filed" and the month, day, and year;
29				and
30			<u>(2)</u>	Record the document in the office of the secretary of state.
31	18.	"Fina	ancial	rights" means a member's rights:

Fifty-fifth

Legislative	Assembly
-------------	----------

	•	
1		a. To share in profits and losses as provided in section 10-32-36;
2		b. To share in distributions as provided in section 10-32-60;
3		c. To receive interim distributions as provided in section 10-32-61; and
4		d. To receive termination distributions as provided in subdivision c of
5		subsection 1 of section 10-32-131.
6	19.	"Foreign corporation" means a corporation organized for profit that is incorporated
7		under laws other than the laws of this state for a purpose or purposes for which a
8		corporation may be incorporated under chapter 10-19.1.
9	20.	"Foreign limited liability company" means a limited liability company organized for
10		profit which is organized under laws other than the laws of this state for a purpose
11		or purposes for which a limited liability company may be organized under this
12		chapter.
13	21.	"Good faith" means honesty in fact in the conduct of the act or transaction
14		concerned.
15	22.	"Governance rights" means all of a member's rights as a member in the limited
16		liability company other than financial rights and the right to assign financial rights.
17	23.	"Governing board" means:
18		a. The board of governors in the case of a limited liability company; and
19		b. The board of directors in the case of a corporation.
20	24.	"Governor" means an individual serving on the board of governors.
21	25.	"Intentionally" means that the person referred to either has a purpose to do or fail
22		to do the act or cause the result specified or believes that the act or failure to act, if
23		successful, will cause that result. A person "intentionally" violates a statute $if:$
24		a. If the person intentionally does the act or causes the result prohibited by the
25		statute , ; or if
26		b. If the person intentionally fails to do the act or cause the result required by the
27		statute, even though the person may not know of the existence or
28		constitutionality of the statute or the scope or meaning of the terms used in
29		the statute.

1	26.	"Knows" or has "knowledge" means the person has actual knowledge of a fact. A
2		person does not "know" or have "knowledge" of a fact merely because the person
3		has reason to know of the fact.
4	27.	"Legal representative" means a person empowered to act for another person,
5		including an agent, manager, officer, partner, or associate of an organization; a
6		trustee of a trust; a personal representative; an executor of a will; an administrator
7		of an estate; a trustee in bankruptcy; and a receiver, guardian, custodian, or
8		conservator of the person or estate of a person.
9	28.	"Limited liability company" means a limited liability company, other than a foreign
10		limited liability company, organized under this chapter.
11	29.	"Manager" means a person<u>:</u>
12		a. An individual who is eighteen years of age or more and who is elected,
13		appointed, or otherwise designated as a manager by the board of governors;
14		and any other person
15		b. <u>An individual</u> considered elected as a manager pursuant to section 10-32-92.
16	30.	"Member" means a person reflected in the required records of a limited liability
17		company as the owner of some governance rights of a membership interest of the
18		limited liability company.
19	31.	"Membership interest" means a:
20		a. A member's interest in a limited liability company consisting of a member's
21		financial rights , a :
22		<u>b.</u> <u>A</u> member's right to assign financial rights as provided in section 10-32-31, $\frac{1}{2}$;
23		<u>c.</u> <u>A</u> member's governance rights; and $\frac{1}{2}$
24		d. <u>A</u> member's right to assign governance rights as provided in section
25		10-32-32.
26	32.	"Notice" is given by a member of a limited liability company to the limited liability
27		company or a manager of a limited liability company when in writing and mailed or
28		delivered to the limited liability company or the manager at the registered office or
29		principal executive office of the limited liability company.
30		a. In all other cases, notice is given to a person:

1		(1)	When mailed to the person at an address designated by th e person or
2			at the last known address of the person;
3		(2)	When handed to the person; or
4		(3)	When left at the office of the person with a clerk or other person in
5			charge of the office; or
6			(a) If there is no one in charge, when left in a conspicuous place in
7			the office; or
8			(b) If the office is closed or the person to be notified has no office,
9			when left at the dwelling house or usual place of abode of the
10			person with some person of suitable age and discretion who is
11			residing there.
12		b. Notice	by mail is given when deposited in the United States mail with
13		sufficie	ent postage affixed.
14		c. Notice	is considered received when it is given.
15	33.	"Operating	agreement" means rules, resolutions, or other provisions, regardless
16		how design	ated, that:
17		a. Relate	to the management of the business or the regulation of the affairs of
18		the lim	ited liability company; and
19		b. Have	been made expressly part of the operating agreement by the action,
20		taken	from time to time under section 10-32-69, by the board of governors or
21		the me	embers.
22	34.	"Organizati	on" means a, whether domestic or foreign <u>, a</u> limited liability company,
23		corporation	, partnership, limited partnership, limited liability partnership, joint
24		venture, as	sociation, business trust, estate, trust, enterprise, and any other legal or
25		commercia	l entity.
26	35.	"Owners" n	neans:
27		a. Memb	ers in the case of a limited liability company; and
28		b. Share	holders in the case of a corporation.
29	36.	"Ownership	o interests" means:
30		a. Memb	ership interests in the case of a limited liability company; and
31		b. Share	s in the case of a corporation.

1	37.	"Parent" of a specified limited liability company means a limited liability company or
2		corporation that directly or indirectly owns more than fifty percent of the voting
3		power of the membership interests entitled to vote for governors of the specified
4		limited liability company.
5	38.	"Pertains" means a contribution "pertains":
6		a. To a particular series when the contribution is made in return for a
7		membership interest in that particular series.
8		b. To a particular class when the class has no series and the contribution is
9		made in return for a membership interest in the class.
10		A contribution that pertains to a series does not pertain to the class of which the
11		series is a part.
12	39.	"Principal executive office" means:
13		a. If the limited liability company has an elected or appointed president, an office
14		where the elected or appointed president of the limited liability company has
15		an office- <u>; or</u>
16		b. If the limited liability company has no elected or appointed president,
17		"principal executive office" means the registered office of the limited liability
18		company.
19	40.	"Registered office" means the place in this state designated in the articles of
20		organization as the registered office of the limited liability company.
21	41.	"Related organization" of a specified limited liability company means a parent or
22		subsidiary of the specified limited liability company or another subsidiary of a
23		parent of the specified limited liability company means an organization that
24		controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with another organization
25		with control existing if an organization:
26		a. Owns, directly or indirectly, at least fifty percent of the shares, membership
27		interests, or other ownership interests of another organization;
28		b. Has the right, directly or indirectly, to elect, appoint, or remove fifty percent or
29		more of the voting members of the governing body of another organization; or

1		<u>C.</u>	Has the power, directly or indirectly, to direct or cause the direction of the
2			management and policies of another organization, whether through the
3			ownership of voting interests, by contract, or otherwise.
4	42.	"Rec	quired records" are those records required to be maintained under section
5		10-3	32-51.
6	43.	"Sec	curity" has the meaning given it in subsection 13 of section 10-04-02.
7	44.	"Ser	ies" means a category of membership interests, within a class of membership
8		inter	ests, that has some of the same rights and preferences as other membership
9		inter	ests within the same class, but that differ in one or more rights and
10		prefe	erences from another category of membership interests within that class.
11	45.	"Sigi	ned" means that the signature of a person has been placed on a document, as
12		prov	ided in subsection 39 of section 41-01-11, and, with respect to a document
13		requ	iired:
14		<u>a.</u>	$\underline{\text{Required}}$ by this chapter to be filed with the secretary of state, means that the
15			document has been signed by a person authorized to do so by this chapter,
16			the articles of organization or operating agreement or a resolution approved
17			by the affirmative vote of the required proportion or number of governors or
18			the required proportion of the voting power of membership interests present
19			and entitled to vote. A signature on a document not; and
20		<u>b.</u>	Not required by this chapter to be filed with the secretary of state, the
21			signature may be a facsimile affixed, engraved, printed, placed, stamped with
22			indelible ink, or in any other manner reproduced on the document.
23	46.	"Sub	osidiary" of a specified limited liability company means:
24		a.	A limited liability company having more than fifty percent of the voting power
25			of its membership interests entitled to vote for governors owned directly or
26			indirectly by the specified limited liability company; or
27		b.	A corporation having more than fifty percent of the voting power of its shares
28			entitled to vote for directors owned directly or indirectly by the specified
29			limited liability company.
30	47.	"Suc	ccessor organization" means an organization that, pursuant to a business
31		cont	inuation agreement or an order of the court under subsection 6 of section

	-	-		
1		10-32-119, continues the business of the dissolved and terminated limited liability		
2		company.		
3	48.	"Surviving organization" means the foreign or domestic limited liability company or		
4		domestic or foreign corporation resulting from a merger.		
5	49.	"Termination" means the end of a limited liability company's existence as a legal		
6		entity and occurs when a notice of termination is:		
7		a. Filed with the secretary of state under section 10-32-117 together with the		
8		fees provided in section 10-32-150; or		
9		b. Is considered filed with the secretary of state under subdivision c of		
10		subsection 2 of section 10-32-106 together with the fees provided in section		
11		10-32-150.		
12	50.	"Vote" includes authorization by written action.		
13	51.	"Winding up" means the period triggered by dissolution during which the limited		
14		liability company ceases to carry on its business, except to the extent necessary		
15		for concluding its affairs, and disposes of its assets under section 10-32-131.		
16	52.	"Written action" means a written document signed by all of the persons required to		
17		take the action described. The term also means the counterparts of a written		
18		document signed by any of the persons taking the action described. Each		
19		counterpart constitutes the action of the persons signing it, and all the		
20		counterparts, taken together, constitute one written action by all of the persons		
21		signing them.		
22	SEC	CTION 100. AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-06 of the North Dakota Century Code is		
23	amended a	nd reenacted as follows:		
24	10-3	32-06. Two-member requirement. A Unless otherwise provided in the articles of		
25	organizatio	n, a limited liability company must have two or more members at the time of its		
26	formation.	A Unless a one-member limited liability company is authorized in the articles of		
27	organization, a limited liability company must be dissolved under subdivision e of subsection 1			
28	of section 1	0-32-109 whenever the limited liability company ceases to have at least two		
29	members u	nless the remaining member admits a new member within ninety days of the		
30	termination	of the continued membership of the former member.		

1	SEC		N 101.	AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-07 of the North Dakota Century Code is
2	amended a	nd ree	enacte	d as follows:
3	10-3	32-07	. Artic	cles of organization.
4	1.	The	article	s of organization must contain:
5		a.	The n	ame of the limited liability company;
6		b.	The a	ddress of the principal executive office;
7		C.	The a	ddress of the registered office of the limited liability company and the
8			name	of its registered agent at that address;
9		d.	The n	ame and address of each organizer;
10		e.	<u>The e</u>	ffective date of organization:
11			<u>(1)</u>	If a later date than that on which the certificate
12				of organization is issued by the secretary of state; and
13			<u>(2)</u>	Which may not be later than ninety days after the date on which the
14				certificate of organization is issued;
15		<u>f.</u>	A stat	ement stating in years that the limited period of existence for the limited
16			liabilit	y company must be a period of thirty years or less from the date the
17			article	es of organization are filed with the secretary of state, unless the articles
18			of org	anization expressly authorize a shorter or longer period of duration;
19	f.	<u>g.</u>	A stat	ement as to whether upon the occurrence of any event under
20			subdi	vision e of subsection 1 of section 10-32-109 that terminates the
21			contir	nued membership of a member in the limited liability company, the
22			remai	ning members will have the power to avoid dissolution by giving
23			disso	lution avoidance consent; and
24	g.	<u>h.</u>	A stat	rement as to whether the members have the power to enter into a
25			busin	ess continuation agreement- <u>; and</u>
26		<u>i.</u>	<u>A stat</u>	ement as to whether fewer than two members shall be permitted.
27	2.	The	follow	ing provisions govern a limited liability company unless modified in the
28		artic	les of	organization or a member central agreement under section 10-32-50:
29		a.	A limi	ted liability company has general business purposes (as provided in
30			sectio	on 10-32-04) ;

	3		
1		b.	A limited liability company has certain powers (as provided in section
2			10-32-23) ;
3		c.	The power to adopt, amend, or repeal the operating agreement is vested in
4			the board of governors (<u>as provided in</u> section 10-32-68);
5		d.	A limited liability company must allow cumulative voting for governors (as
6			provided in section 10-32-76) ;
7		e.	The affirmative vote of a majority of governors present is required for an
8			action of the board of governors (as provided in section 10-32-83);
9		f.	A written action by the board of governors taken without a meeting must be
10			signed by all governors (as provided in section 10-32-84);
11		g.	The board may accept contributions, make contribution agreements, and
12			make contribution allowance agreements (as provided in subsection 1 of
13			section 10-32-56 and sections 10-32-58 and 10-32-59);
14		h.	All membership interests are ordinary membership interests entitled to vote
15			and are of one class with no series (<u>as provided in</u> subdivisions a and b of
16			subsection 5 of section 10-32-56) ;
17		i.	All membership interests have equal rights and preferences in all matters not
18			otherwise provided for by the board of governors (as provided in
19			subdivision b of subsection 5 of section 10-32-56) ;
20		j.	The restatement of value of previous contributions is to be determined
21			according to a specified process (as provided in subsections 3 and 4 of
22			section 10-32-57) ;
23		k.	A member has certain preemptive rights, unless otherwise provided by the
24			board of governors (<u>as provided in</u> section 10-32-37);
25		I.	The affirmative vote of the owners of a majority of the voting power of the
26			membership interests present and entitled to vote at a duly held meeting is
27			required for an action of the members, except where this chapter requires the
28			affirmative vote of a majority of the voting power of all membership interests
29			entitled to vote (as provided in subsection 1 of section 10-32-43);

1		m.	The voting power of each membership interest is in proportion to the value
2			reflected in the required records of the contributions of the members (\underline{as}
3			provided in section 10-32-45) ;
4		n.	Members share in distributions in proportion to the value reflected in the
5			required records of the contributions of members (as provided in section
6			10-32-60) ;
7		0.	Members share profits and losses in proportion to the value reflected in the
8			required records of the contributions of members (as provided in section
9			10-32-36) ;
10		p.	A written action by the members taken without a meeting must be signed by
11			all members (<u>as provided in</u> section 10-32-43);
12		q.	Members have no right to receive distributions in kind and the limited liability
13			company has only limited rights to make distributions in kind (as provided in
14			section 10-32-62) ;
15		r.	A member is not subject to expulsion (as provided in subsection 2 of section
16			10-32-30) ;
17		S.	Unanimous consent is required for the transfer of governance rights to a
18			person not already a member (as provided in subsection 2 of section
19			10-32-32) ; and
20		t.	Unanimous consent is required to avoid dissolution (as provided in
21			subdivision e of subsection 1 of section 10-32-109).; and
22		<u>u.</u>	A limited liability company dissolves upon an occurrence of an event that
23			terminates the continued membership of any member as provided in
24			subsection 1 of section 10-32-109.
25	3.	The	e following provisions govern a limited liability company unless modified either in
26		the	articles of organization, a member central agreement under section 10-32-50,
27		or i	n the operating agreement:
28		a.	Governors serve for an indefinite term that expires at the next regular meeting
29			of members (as provided in section 10-32-72);
30		b.	The compensation of governors is fixed by the board of governors (\underline{as}
31			provided in section 10-32-74);

1	C.	A certain method must be used for removal of governors (as provided in
2		section 10-32-78) ;
3	d.	A certain method must be used for filling board of governor vacancies (as
4		provided in section 10-32-79) ;
5	e.	If the board of governors fails to select a place for a board meeting, it must be
6		held at the principal executive office (as provided in subsection 1 of section
7		10-32-80) ;
8	f.	A governor may call a board of governors meeting, and the The notice of the
9		a board of governors meeting need not state the purpose of the meeting (as
10		provided in subsection 3 of section 10-32-80);
11	g.	A majority of the board of governors is a quorum for a board meeting $($ <u>as</u>
12		provided in section 10-32-82) ;
13	h.	A committee consists of one or more individuals, who need not be governors,
14		appointed by affirmative vote of a majority of the governors present (as
15		provided in subsection 2 of section 10-32-85);
16	i.	The board may establish a special litigation committee (as provided in
17		section 10-32-85) ;
18	j.	The president and treasurer have specified duties, until the board of
19		governors determines otherwise (as provided in section 10-32-89);
20	k.	Managers may delegate some or all of their duties and powers, if not
21		prohibited by the board of governors from doing so (as provided in section
22		10-32-95) ;
23	I.	Regular meetings of members need not be held, unless demanded by a
24		member under certain conditions (as provided in section 10-32-38);
25	m.	In all instances where a specific minimum notice period has not otherwise
26		been fixed by law, not less than ten days' notice is required for a meeting of
27		members (as provided in subsection 2 of section 10-32-40);
28	n.	For a quorum at a members' meeting there is required a majority of the voting
29		power of the membership interests entitled to vote at the meeting (<u>as</u>
30		provided in section 10-32-44);

1		0.	The board of governors may fix a date up to fifty days before the date of a
2			members' meeting as the date for the determination of the members entitled
3			to notice of and entitled to vote at the meeting (as provided in subsection 1 of
4			section 10-32-45) ;
5		p.	Indemnification of certain persons is required (as provided in section
6			10-32-99) ;
7		q.	The board of governors may authorize, and the limited liability company may
8			make, distributions not prohibited, limited, or restricted by an agreement (\underline{as}
9			provided in subsection 1 of section 10-32-64; and
10		r.	Members have no right to interim distributions except as provided through the
11			operating agreement or an act of the board of governors (as provided in
12			section 10-32-61) .
13	4.	The	following provisions relating to the management of the business or the
14		regu	lation of the affairs of a limited liability company may be included either in the
15		artic	les of organization, a member central agreement under section 10-32-50, or,
16		exce	ept for naming persons to serve as the first board of governors, fixing a greater
17		than	majority governor or member vote, establishing the rights and priorities for
18		distr	ibutions and the rights to share in profits and losses, or giving or prescribing
19		the I	manner of giving voting rights to persons other than members otherwise than
20		purs	suant to the articles of organization, or eliminating or limiting a governor's
21		pers	onal liability, in the operating agreement:
22		a.	The persons to serve as the first board of governors may be named in the
23			articles of organization (as provided in subsection 1 of section 10-32-69);
24		b.	A manner for increasing or decreasing the number of governors may be
25			provided (<u>as provided in</u> section 10-32-70) ;
26		C.	Additional qualifications for governors may be imposed (as provided in
27			section 10-32-71) ;
28		d.	Governors may be classified (<u>as provided in</u> section 10-32-75);
29		e.	The day or date, time, and place of board of governors meetings may be fixed
30			(as provided in subsection 1 of section 10-32-80);

1	f.	Absent governors may be permitted to give written consent or opposition to a
2		proposal (<u>as provided in</u> section 10-32-81) ;
3	g.	A larger than majority vote may be required for board of governor action (as
4		provided in section 10-32-83) ;
5	h.	Authority to sign and deliver certain documents may be delegated to a
6		manager or agent of the limited liability company other than the president (<u>as</u>
7		provided in section 10-32-89) ;
8	i.	Additional managers may be designated (as provided in section 10-32-90)
9		<u>10-32-88;</u>
10	j.	Additional powers, rights, duties, and responsibilities may be given to
11		managers (<u>as provided in</u> section 10-32-91) <u>10-32-89;</u>
12	k.	A method for filling vacant offices may be specified (as provided in
13		subsection 3 of section 10-32-94);
14	I.	The day or date, time, and place of regular member meetings may be fixed
15		(as provided in subsection 3 of section 10-32-38);
16	m.	Certain persons may be authorized to call special meetings of members (as
17		provided in subsection 1 of section 10-32-39) ;
18	n.	Notices of member meetings may be required to contain certain information
19		(as provided in subsection 3 of section 10-32-40);
20	0.	A larger than majority vote may be required for member action (as provided in
21		section 10-32-42) ;
22	p.	Voting rights may be granted in or pursuant to the articles of organization to
23		persons who are not members (as provided in subsection 3 of section
24		10-32-45) ;
25	q.	Limited liability company actions giving rise to dissenter rights may be
26		designated (as provided in subdivision d of subsection 1 of section 10-32-55);
27		and
28	r.	A governor's personal liability to the limited liability company or its members
29		for monetary damages for breach of fiduciary duty as a governor may be
30		eliminated or limited in the articles (as provided in subsection 4 of section
31		10-32-86) .

1	5.	The	articles of organization may contain other provisions not inconsistent with law
2		rela	ting to the management of the business or the regulation of the affairs of the
3		limit	ed liability company.
4	6.	It is	not necessary to set forth in the articles of organization any of the limited
5		liabi	lity company powers granted by this chapter.
6	SEC		N 102. AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-10 of the North Dakota Century Code is
7	amended a	nd re	enacted as follows:
8	10-3	32-10	. Limited liability company name.
9	1.	The	limited liability company name:
10		a.	Must be in the English language or in any other language expressed in
11			English letters or characters;
12		b.	Must contain the words "limited liability company", or must contain the
13			abbreviation "L.L.C." or the abbreviation "LLC", either of which abbreviation
14			may be used interchangeably for all purposes authorized by this chapter
15			including real estate matters, contracts, and filings with the secretary of state;
16		C.	May not contain a word or phrase that indicates or implies that it may not be
17			organized under this chapter;
18		<u>d.</u>	May not contain the word "corporation" or "incorporated" and may not contain
19			the abbreviation of either or both of these words;
20	d.	<u>e.</u>	May not contain a word or phrase that indicates or implies that it is organized
21			for a purpose other than a legal business purpose for which a limited liability
22			company may be organized under this chapter; and.
23		e.	May not be the same as, or deceptively similar to, the name of a domestic or
24			foreign limited liability company, corporation, or limited partnership, whether
25			profit or nonprofit, authorized to do business in this state, or a name the right
26			to which is, at the time of organization, reserved in the manner provided in
27			section 10-32-11, or is a fictitious name registered with the office of the
28			secretary of state in the manner provided in chapter 45-11 or is a trade name
29			registered with the office of the secretary of state in the manner provided in
30			chapter 47-25 unless there is filed with the articles of organization one of the
31			following:

1		(1)	The	written consent of the domestic or foreign limited liability company,
2			corp	oration, or limited partnership authorized to do business in this
3			state	having a deceptively similar name or the holder of a reserved
4			nam	e or registered trade name to use the deceptively similar name; or
5		(2)	A ce	rtified copy of a final judgment of a court in this state establishing
6			the p	prior right of the applicant to the use of the name in this state.
7		<u>f. May</u>	/ not be	the same as, or deceptively similar to:
8		<u>(1)</u>	The	name whether foreign and authorized to do business in this state,
9			<u>or do</u>	pmestic, unless there is filed with the articles a document which
10			<u>com</u>	olies with subsection 2 of this section, of:
11			<u>(a)</u>	Another limited liability company;
12			<u>(b)</u>	A corporation;
13			<u>(c)</u>	A limited partnership; or
14			<u>(d)</u>	A limited liability partnership; or
15		<u>(2)</u>	<u>A na</u>	me, the right of which is, at the time of organization, reserved in
16			<u>the r</u>	nanner provided in section 10-19.1-14, 10-32-11, 10-33-11,
17			<u>45-1</u>	0.1-03, or 45-22-05;
18		<u>(3)</u>	<u>A fic</u>	titious name registered in the manner provided in chapter 45-11; or
19		<u>(4)</u>	<u>A tra</u>	de name registered in the manner provided in chapter 47-25.
20	2.	The secr	etary o	f state shall determine whether a limited liability company name is
21		deceptive	ely simi	lar to another name for purposes of this chapter.
22	3.	If the sec	cretary	of state determines that a limited liability company name is
23		deceptive	ely simi	lar to another name for purposes of this chapter, then the limited
24		liability c	ompany	/ name may not be used unless there is filed with the articles:
25		<u>a. The</u>	written	consent of the holder of the rights to the name to which the
26		prop	bosed r	name has been determined to be deceptively similar; or
27		<u>b.</u> <u>A ce</u>	ertified	copy of a judgment of a court in this state establishing the prior
28		<u>righ</u>	t of the	applicant to the use of the name in this state.
29		<u>This sub</u>	section	does not affect the right of a domestic limited liability company
30		existing of	on the e	effective date of this chapter, or a foreign limited liability company
31		authorize	ed to do	business in this state on that date to continue the use of its name.

1	<u>4.</u>	This section and section 10-32-11 do not:
2		a. Abrogate or limit:
3		(1) The law of unfair competition or unfair practices;
4		(2) Chapter 47-25;
5		(3) The laws of the United States with respect to the right to acquire and
6		protect copyrights, trade names, trademarks, service names, service
7		marks; or
8		(4) Any other rights to the exclusive use of names or symbols.
9		b. Derogate the common law or the principles of equity.
10	4. <u>5.</u>	A limited liability company that is merged with another limited liability company or
11		domestic or foreign corporation, or that is organized by the reorganization of one or
12		more limited liability companies or domestic or foreign corporations, or that
13		acquires by sale, lease, or other disposition to or exchange with a limited liability
14		company all or substantially all of the assets of another limited liability company or
15		domestic or foreign corporation including its name, may have the same name as
16		that used in this state by any of the other limited liability companies or domestic or
17		foreign corporations, if the other limited liability company or domestic or foreign
18		corporation was:
19		a. Was organized or incorporated under the laws of, or is this state;
20		b. Is authorized to transact business or conduct activities in, this state;
21		c. Holds a reserved name in the manner provided in section 10-19.1-14,
22		<u>10-32-11, 10-33-11, 45-10.1-03, or 45-22-05;</u>
23		d. Holds a fictitious name registered in the manner provided in chapter 45-11; or
24		e. Holds a trade name registered in the manner provided in chapter 47-25.
25	5. <u>6.</u>	The use of a name by a limited liability company in violation of this section does
26		not affect or vitiate its limited liability company existence, but. However, a court in
27		this state may, upon application of the state or of an interested or affected person,
28		enjoin the limited liability company from doing business under a name assumed in
29		violation of this section, although its articles of organization may have been filed
30		with the secretary of state and a certificate of organization issued.

	•	•
1	<u>7.</u>	A limited liability company whose period of existence has expired or that is
2		involuntarily dissolved by the secretary of state pursuant to section 10-32-149 may
3		reacquire the right to use that name by refiling articles of organization pursuant to
4		section 10-32-20, amending pursuant to section 10-32-130.1, or reinstating
5		pursuant to section 10-32-149, unless the name has been adopted for use or
6		reserved by another person, in which case the filing will be rejected unless the
7		filing is accompanied by a written consent or judgment pursuant to subsection 2. A
8		limited liability company that cannot reacquire the use of its limited liability
9		company name shall adopt a new limited liability company name which complies
10		with the provisions of this section.
11	SE	CTION 103. AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-11 of the North Dakota Century Code is
12	amended a	ind reenacted as follows:
13	10-	32-11. Reserved name.
14	1.	The exclusive right to the use of a limited liability company name otherwise
15		permitted by section 10-32-10 may be reserved by any person.
16	2.	The reservation is made by filing with the secretary of state a request that the
17		name be reserved together with the fees provided in section 10-32-150.
18		a. If the name is available for use by the applicant, the secretary of state shall
19		reserve the name for the exclusive use of the applicant for a period of twelve
20		months.
21		b. The reservation may be renewed for successive twelve-month periods.
22	3.	The right to the exclusive use of a limited liability company name reserved
23		pursuant to this section may be transferred to another person by or on behalf of
24		the applicant for whom the name was reserved by filing with the secretary of state
25		a notice of the transfer and specifying the name and address of the transferee
26		together with the fees provided in section 10-32-150.
27	4.	The right to the exclusive use of a limited liability company name reserved
28		pursuant to this section may be canceled by or on behalf of the applicant for whom
29		the name was reserved by filing with the secretary of state a notice of the
30		cancellation together with the fees provided in section 10-32-150.

1	<u>5.</u>	The secretary of state may accept for filing a legible facsimile copy of the signed	
2		original of any request for reserved name.	
3	<u>6.</u>	The secretary of state may destroy all reserved name requests and index thereof	
4		one year after expiration.	
5	SEC	CTION 104. AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-12 of the North Dakota Century Code is	
6	amended a	nd reenacted as follows:	
7	10-3	32-12. Registered office and agent.	
8	1.	A limited liability company shall continuously maintain a registered office in this	
9		state. A registered office need not be the same as the principal place of business,	
10		or the principal executive office of the limited liability company.	
11	2.	A limited liability company shall designate in its articles of organization appoint and	
12		continuously maintain a registered agent. The registered agent may be an	
13		individual residing in this state, a domestic corporation or a domestic limited liability	
14		company, or a foreign corporation or foreign limited liability company authorized to	
15		transact business in this state. The registered agent must maintain a business	
16		office that is identical with the registered office. Proof of the registered agent's	
17		consent to serve in such capacity must be filed with the secretary of state, together	
18		with the fees provided in section 10-32-150.	
19	SEC	CTION 105. AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-13 of the North Dakota Century Code is	
20	20 amended and reenacted as follows:		
21	10-3	32-13. Change of registered office or agent.	
22	1.	A limited liability company may change its registered office, change its registered	
23		agent, or state a change in the name of its registered agent, by filing with the	
24		secretary of state, along with the fees provided in section 10-32-150, a statement	
25		containing:	
26		a. The name of the limited liability company;	
27		b. If the address of its registered office is to be changed, the new address of its	
28		registered office;	
29		c. If its registered agent is to be designated or changed, the name of its new	
30		registered agent;	

Fifty-fifth

Legislative Assembly

1		d.	If the name of its registered agent is to be changed, the name of its registered
2			agent as changed;
3		e.	A statement that the address of its registered office and the address of the
4			business office of its registered agent, as changed, will be identical; and
5		f.	A statement that the change of registered office or registered agent was
6			authorized by resolution approved by the board of governors.
7	2.	A re	gistered agent of a limited liability company may resign by filing with the
8		seci	retary of state a signed written notice of resignation, including a statement that
9		a się	gned copy of the notice has been given to the limited liability company at its
10		prin	cipal executive office, or to a legal representative of the limited liability
11		com	pany. The appointment of the agent terminates thirty days after the notice is
12		filed	with the secretary of state.
13	3.	If th	e business address or name of a registered agent changes, the agent shall
14		cha	nge the address of the registered office or the name of the registered agent, as
15		the	case may be, of each limited liability company represented by that agent by
16		filing	g with the secretary of state a statement for each limited liability company as
17		requ	uired in subsection 1, except that it need be signed only by the registered
18		age	nt, need not be responsive to subdivision c or f of subsection 1, and must state
19		that	a copy of the statement has been mailed to each of those limited liability
20		com	panies or to the legal representative of each of those limited liability
21		com	ipanies.
22	SEC		N 106. AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-15 of the North Dakota Century Code is
23	amended a	nd re	enacted as follows:
24	10-3	32-15	. Procedure for amendment before contribution. Before any contribution is
25	reflected in	the r	equired records of a limited liability company, the articles of organization may
26	be amende	d pur	suant to section 10-32-67 by the organizers or by the board of governors. The
27	articles of o	organi	zation may also be amended by the board of governors to change or cancel a
28	statement p	oursua	ant to subsection 6 of section 10-32-56 establishing or fixing the rights and

29 preferences of a class or series of membership interests before any contribution pertaining to

30 that class or series is reflected in the required records of the limited liability company by filing

- 1 articles of amendment or a statement of cancellation, as appropriate, with the secretary of
- 2 state.
- 3 SECTION 107. AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-16 of the North Dakota Century Code is
 4 amended and reenacted as follows:

5

10-32-16. Procedure for amendment after contribution.

- After Except as otherwise provided in section 10-32-15, after any contribution has
 been reflected in the required records of a limited liability company, the articles of
 organization may be amended in the manner set forth in this section.
- 9 2. A resolution approved by the affirmative vote of a majority of the governors
- 10 present, or proposed by a member or members owning five percent or more of the
- 11 voting power of the members entitled to vote, that sets forth the proposed
- 12 amendment must be submitted to a vote at the next regular or special meeting of
- 13 the members of which notice has not yet been given but still can be timely given.
- Any number of amendments may be submitted to the members and voted upon at one meeting, but the same or substantially the same amendment proposed by a member or members need not be submitted to the members or be voted upon at more than one meeting during a fifteen-month period. The resolution may amend the articles of organization in their entirety to restate and supersede the original
- 19 articles of organization and all amendments to them.
- Written notice of the members' meeting setting forth the substance of the proposed
 amendment must be given to each member <u>entitled to vote</u> in the manner provided
 in section 10-32-40 for the giving of notice of meetings of members.
- 23 4. The proposed amendment is adopted:
- a. When approved by the affirmative vote of the owners of a majority of the
 voting power of the members present and entitled to vote members required
 by section 10-32-42; or
- b. If the articles of organization provide for a specified proportion equal to or
 larger than the majority necessary to transact a specified type of business at
 a meeting, or if it is proposed to amend the articles to provide for a specified
 proportion equal to or larger than the majority necessary to transact a
 specified type of business at a meeting, the affirmative vote necessary to add

1		the p	rovision to, or to amend an existing provision in, the articles of
2		orgar	ization is the larger of:
3		(1)	The specified proportion or number or, in the absence of a specific
4			provision, the affirmative vote necessary to transact the type of
5			business described in the proposed amendment at a meeting
6			immediately before the effectiveness of the proposed amendment; or
7		(2)	The specified proportion or number that would, upon effectiveness of
8			the proposed amendment, be necessary to transact the specified type
9			of business at a meeting.
10	SEC	CTION 108.	AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-17 of the North Dakota Century Code is
11	amended a	nd reenacte	d as follows:
12	10-3	82-17. Clas	s or series voting on amendments. The owners of the outstanding
13	membershij	o interests o	of a class or series are entitled to vote as a class or series upon a
14	proposed a	mendment,	whether or not entitled to vote on the amendment by the provisions of
15	the articles	of organiza	tion, if the amendment would:
16	1.	Effect an e	exchange, reclassification, or cancellation of all or part of the
17		membersh	ip interests of the class or series;
18	2.	Effect an e	exchange, or create a right of exchange, of all or any part of the
19		membersh	ip interests of another class or series for the membership interests of
20		the class c	or series;
21	3.	Change th	e rights or preferences of the membership interests of the class or
22		series;	
23	4.	Change th	e membership interests of the class or series into the same or a different
24		number of	membership interests of the same or another class or series;
25	5.	Create a n	ew class or series of membership interests having rights and
26		preference	es prior and superior to the membership interests of that class or series,
27		or increase	e the rights and preferences or the number of membership interests, of a
28		class or se	ries having rights and preferences prior or superior to the membership
29		interests o	f that class or series;
30	6.	Divide the	membership interests of the class into series and determine the
31		designatio	n of each series and the variations in the relative rights and preferences

	U			
1		between the membership interests of each series or authorize the board of		
2		governors to do so;		
3	7.	Limit or deny any existing preemptive rights of the membership interests of the		
4		class or series; or		
5	8.	Cancel or otherwise affect distributions on the membership interests of the class or		
6		series.		
7	SEC	CTION 109. AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-19 of the North Dakota Century Code is		
8	amended a	nd reenacted as follows:		
9	10-3	32-19. Effect of amendment.		
10	1.	An amendment does not affect an existing cause of action in favor of or against the		
11		limited liability company, nor a pending suit to which the limited liability company is		
12		a party, nor the existing rights of persons other than members.		
13	2.	If the limited liability company name is changed by the amendment, a suit brought		
14		by or against the limited liability company under its former name does not abate for		
15		that reason.		
16	<u>3.</u>	When effective under section 10-32-21, an amendment restating the articles in		
17		their entirety supersedes the original articles and all amendments to the original		
18		articles.		
19	SEC	CTION 110. AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-22 of the North Dakota Century Code is		
20	amended and reenacted as follows:			
21	10-3	32-22. Amendment of articles of organization in court-supervised		
22	2 reorganization.			
23	1.	Whenever a plan of reorganization of a limited liability company has been		
24		confirmed by decree or order of a court of competent jurisdiction in proceedings for		
25		the reorganization of the limited liability company, pursuant to the provisions of any		
26		applicable statute of the United States relating to reorganization or of limited		
27		liability companies, the articles may be amended, in the manner provided in this		
28		section, in as many respects as may be necessary to carry out the plan and to put		
29		it into effect, so long as the articles as amended contain only provisions which		
30		might be lawfully contained in original articles of organization at the time of making		

	the	amendment. In particular, and without limitation upon any general power of
	am	endment, the articles may be amended for such purpose so as to:
	a.	Change the limited liability company name, period of duration, or
		organizational purposes of the limited liability company.
	b.	Repeal, alter, or amend the operating agreement of the limited liability
		company.
	C.	Change the preferences, limitations, relative rights in respect of all or any part
		of the membership interests of the limited liability company, and classify,
		reclassify, or cancel all or any part thereof.
	d.	Authorize the issuance of bonds, debentures, or other obligations of the
		limited liability company, whether convertible into membership interests of any
		class or bearing warrants or other evidence of optional rights to purchase or
		subscribe for membership interests of any class, and fix the terms and
		conditions thereof.
	e.	Constitute or reconstitute and classify or reclassify the board of governors
		and appoint governors and managers in place of or in addition to all or any of
		the governors or managers then in office.
2.	Am	endments to the articles pursuant to subsection 1 must be made in the
	folle	owing manner:
	a.	Articles of amendment approved by decree or order of the court must be
		executed and verified in duplicate by the person or persons designated or
		appointed by the court for that purpose and must set forth the name of the
		limited liability company, the amendments of the articles approved by the
		court, the date of the decree or order approving the articles of amendment,
		the title of the proceedings in which the decree or order was entered by a
		court having jurisdiction of the proceedings for the reorganization of the
		limited liability company pursuant to the provisions of an applicable statute of
		the United States.
	b.	An original of the articles of amendment must be filed with the secretary of
		state. If the secretary of state finds that the articles of amendment conform to
		law, and that all fees have been paid as provided in section 10-32-150, then
	2.	am a. b. c. d. 2. Am follo a.

1		the articles of amendment must be recorded in the office of the secretary of
2		state.
3	3.	The articles of amendment become effective upon their acceptance by the
4		secretary of state or at any other time within thirty days after their acceptance if the
5		articles of amendment so provide.
6	4.	The articles are deemed to be amended accordingly, without any action by the
7		governors or members of the limited liability company and with the same effect as
8		if the amendment had been adopted by the unanimous action of the governors and
9		members.
10	SEC	CTION 111. AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-23 of the North Dakota Century Code is
11	amended a	nd reenacted as follows:
12	10-3	32-23. Powers <u>General powers</u> .
13	1.	A limited liability company has the powers set forth in this section, subject to any
14		limitations provided in any other statute of this state or in its articles of
15		organization.
16	2.	A limited liability company has a limited duration of thirty years from the date the
17		articles of organization are filed with the secretary of state, unless the articles of
18		organization state a shorter or longer duration.
19	3.	A limited liability company may sue and be sued, and complain, defend, and
20		participate as a party or otherwise in any legal, administrative, or arbitration
21		proceeding in its limited liability company name.
22	4.	A limited liability company may purchase, lease, or otherwise acquire, own, hold,
23		improve, use, and otherwise deal in and with real or personal property, or any
24		interest in property, wherever situated.
25	5.	A limited liability company may sell, convey, mortgage, create a security interest in,
26		encumber, assign, lease, exchange, transfer, or otherwise dispose of all or any
27		part of its real or personal property, or any interest in this property, wherever
28		situated.
29	6.	A limited liability company may purchase, subscribe for, or otherwise acquire, own,
30		hold, vote, use, employ, sell, exchange, mortgage, lend, create a security interest
31		in, or otherwise dispose of and otherwise, use and deal in and with, securities or

1		other interests in, or obligations of, a person or direct or indirect obligations of any
2		domestic or foreign government or instrumentality thereof.
3	7.	A limited liability company may make contracts and incur liabilities, borrow money,
4		and secure any of its obligations by mortgage of or creation of a security interest in
5		or other encumbrance or assignment of all or any of its property, franchises, and
6		income.
7	8.	A limited liability company may invest and reinvest its funds.
8	9.	A limited liability company may take and hold real and personal property, whether
9		or not of a kind sold or otherwise dealt in by the limited liability company, as
10		security for the payment of money loaned, advanced, or invested.
11	10.	A limited liability company may conduct its business, carry on its operations, have
12		offices, and exercise the powers granted by this chapter anywhere in the universe.
13	11.	Except as otherwise prohibited by law, a limited liability company may make
14		donations, irrespective of limited liability company benefit, for:
15		a. The public welfare;
16		b. Social, community, charitable, religious, educational, scientific, civic, literary,
17		and testing for public safety purposes and for similar or related purposes;
18		c. For the The purpose of fostering national or international amateur sports
19		competition; and
20		d. The prevention of cruelty to children and animals.
21	12.	A limited liability company may pay pensions, retirement allowances, and
22		compensation for past services to and for the benefit of, and establish , maintain,
23		continue, and carry out, wholly or partially at the expense of the limited liability
24		company, employee or incentive benefit plans, trusts, and provisions to or for the
25		benefit of , any or all of its and its related organizations' officers, managers,
26		directors, governors, employees, and agents and, in the case of a related
27		organization that is a limited liability company, members who provide services to
28		the limited liability company, and the families, dependents, and beneficiaries of any
29		of them. It may indemnify and purchase and maintain insurance for and on behalf
30		of a fiduciary of any of these employee benefit and incentive plans, trusts, and
31		provisions.

- A limited liability company may participate in any capacity in the promotion,
 organization, ownership, management, and operation of any organization or in any
 transaction, undertaking, or arrangement that the participating limited liability
 company would have power to conduct by itself, whether or not the participation
 involves sharing or delegation of control with or to others.
- A limited liability company may provide for its benefit life insurance and other
 insurance with respect to the services of any or all of its members, managers,
 governors, employees, and agents, or on the life of a member for the purpose of
 acquiring at the death of the member any or all membership interests in the limited
 liability company owned by the member.
- 11 15. A limited liability company may have, alter at its pleasure, and use a limited liability
 12 company seal as provided in section 10-32-24.
- 13 16. A limited liability company may adopt, amend, and repeal an operating agreement
 relating to the management of the business or the regulation of the affairs of the
 limited liability company as provided in section 10-32-68.
- 16 17. A limited liability company may establish committees of the board of governors,
 17 elect or appoint persons to the committees, and define their duties as provided in
 18 section 10-32-85 and fix their compensation.
- A limited liability company may elect or appoint managers, employees, and agents
 of the limited liability company and define their duties and fix their compensation.
- A limited liability company may accept contributions under section 10-32-56 and
 may enter into contribution agreements under section 10-32-58 and contribution
 allowance agreements under section 10-32-59.
- 24 20. A limited liability company may lend money to, guarantee an obligation of, become
 25 a surety for, or otherwise financially assist persons as provided in section
 26 10-32-97.
- 27 21. A limited liability company may make advances as provided in section 10-32-98.
- 28 22. A limited liability company shall indemnify those persons against certain expenses
 29 and liabilities only as provided in section 10-32-99.
- 30 23. A limited liability company may conduct all or part of its business under one or
 31 more trade names.

1	24.	A limited liability company may acquire an ownership interest in another
2		organization.
3	<u>25.</u>	A limited liability company may have and exercise all other powers necessary or
4		convenient to effect any or all of the business purposes for which the limited
5		liability company is organized.
6	SEC	CTION 112. AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-28 of the North Dakota Century Code is
7	amended a	nd reenacted as follows:
8	10-3	32-28. Nature of a membership interest and statement of interest owned.
9	1.	A membership interest is personal property. A member has no interest in specific
10		limited liability company property. All property of the limited liability company is
11		property of the limited liability company itself.
12	2.	At the request of any member, the limited liability company shall state in writing the
13		particular membership interest owned by that member as of the moment the
14		limited liability company makes the statement.
15		a. The statement must describe the member's right to vote, to share in profits
16		and losses, and to share in distributions, restrictions on assignments of
17		financial rights under subsection 3 of section 10-32-31 or governance rights
18		under subsection 6 of section 10-32-32, then in effect, as well as any
19		assignment of the member's rights then in effect other than a security interest.
20		b. The statement is not a certificated security, is not a negotiable instrument,
21		and may not serve as a vehicle by which a transfer of any membership
22		interest may be effected.
23	3.	Notwithstanding any other provision of law, for the purpose of any law relating to
24		security interests, a membership interest, governance rights, and financial rights
25		are each a general intangible, as defined in section 41-09-06, and not a certificated
26		security as defined in subdivision a of subsection 1 of section 41-08-02, an
27		uncertificated security as defined in subdivision b of subsection 1 of section
28		41-08-02, chattel paper as defined in subdivision b of subsection 1 of section
29		41-09-05, an instrument as defined in subdivision i of subsection 1 of section
30		41-09-05, or an account as defined in section 41-09-06.

SECTION 113. AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-31 of the North Dakota Century Code is
 amended and reenacted as follows:

- 3 10-32-31. Assignment of financial rights. 4 Except as provided in subsection 3, a member's financial rights are transferable in 1. 5 whole or in part. 6 An assignment of a member's financial rights entitles the assignee to receive, to 2. 7 the extent assigned, only the share of profits and losses and the distributions to 8 which the assignor would otherwise be entitled. 9 An assignment of a member's financial rights does not dissolve the limited a. 10 liability company and does not entitle or empower the assignee to become a 11 member, to exercise any governance rights, to receive any notices from the 12 limited liability company, or to cause dissolution. 13 The assignment may not allow the assignee to control the member's exercise b. 14 of governance rights. 15 3. A restriction on the assignment of financial rights may be imposed in the articles, in 16 the operating agreement, by a resolution adopted by the members, or by an 17 agreement among or other written action by members or among them and the 18 limited liability company. A restriction is not binding with respect to financial rights 19 reflected in the required records before the adoption of the restriction, unless the 20 owners of those financial rights are parties to the agreement or voted in favor of 21 the restriction.
- 4. Subject to subsection 5, a written restriction on the assignment of financial rights
 that is not manifestly unreasonable under the circumstances and is noted
 conspicuously in the required records may be enforced against the owner of the
 restricted financial rights or a successor or transferee of the owner, including a
 pledgee or a legal representative. Unless noted conspicuously in the required
 records, a restriction, even though permitted by this section, is ineffective against a
 person without knowledge of the restriction.
- 5. With regard to restrictions on the assignment of financial rights, a would-be
 assignee of financial rights is entitled to rely on a statement of membership interest
 issued by the limited liability company under section 10-32-28. A restriction on the

1		assignm	nent of financial rights, which is otherwise valid and in effect at the time of			
2		the issu	ance of a statement of membership interest but which is not reflected in			
3		that statement, is ineffective against an assignee who takes an assignment in				
4		reliance	on the statement.			
5	6.	Notwith	standing any provision of law, articles of organization, member-control			
6		agreem	ent, operating agreement, other agreement, resolution, or action to the			
7		contrary	, a security interest in a member's financial rights may be foreclosed and			
8		otherwis	se enforced, and a secured party may assign a member's financial rights in			
9		accorda	nce with title 41 without the consent or approval of a member whose			
10		financia	I rights are subject to the security interest.			
11	SE	CTION 11	4. AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-32 of the North Dakota Century Code is			
12	amended a	ind reena	cted as follows:			
13	10-3	32-32. As	ssignment of a complete membership interest and of governance			
14	rights cou	pled with	an assignment of financial rights.			
15	1.	A memb	per's governance rights are assignable, in whole or in part, only as provided			
16		in this s	ection.			
17	2.	Subject	to subsection 6, a member may, without the consent of any other member,			
18		assign g	governance rights, in whole or in part, to another person already a member			
19		at the tir	me of the assignment. Any			
20		<u>a. Ex</u>	cept as otherwise provided in the articles of organization, any other			
21		ass	signment of any governance rights is effective only if all the members, other			
22		tha	in the member seeking to make the assignment, approve the assignment			
23		by	unanimous written consent , unless the articles of organization provide for			
24		wri	tten consent by fewer than all members.			
25		<u>b.</u> Su	bject to subsection 6, a member may grant a security interest in a complete			
26		me	mbership interest or governance rights without obtaining the consent			
27		rec	uired by this subsection.			
28		<u>(1)</u>	However, a secured party may not take or assign ownership of			
29			governance rights without first obtaining the consent required by this			
30			subsection.			

1			2) If a secured party has a secured party h	s a security interest in both a member's financial
2			rights and governand	ce rights, including a security interest in a complete
3			membership interest	, this subsection's requirement that the secured
4			party obtain consent	applies only to taking or assigning ownership of
5			the governance right	s and does not apply to taking or assigning
6			ownership of the fina	incial rights.
7	3.	Whe	an assignment of governa	ance rights is effective under subsection 2:
8		a.	the assignment is not a s	ecurity interest, the assignee becomes a member,
9			not already a member; a	nd
10		b.	the assignor does not ret	ain any governance rights, the assignor ceases to
11			e a member, and the write	en consent required under subsection 2, also
12			onstitutes the dissolution	avoidance consent necessary to avoid dissolution
13			at would otherwise ensue	e under subdivision e of subsection 1 of section
14			0-32-109 on account of th	e assignor ceasing to be a member if the consent
15			equired to avoid dissolutio	n is not greater than the consent required under
10				
16			ubsection 2.	
17	4.	Whe		a security interest is effective under subsection 2,
	4.		an assignment other thar	a security interest is effective under subsection 2, r subsection 2 otherwise provides:
17	4.		an assignment other thar the written consent unde	•
17 18	4.	unle	an assignment other thar the written consent unde he assignee is liable in pr	r subsection 2 otherwise provides:
17 18 19	4.	unle	an assignment other thar the written consent unde he assignee is liable in pr f the assignor under secti	r subsection 2 otherwise provides: oportion to the interest assigned for the obligations
17 18 19 20	4.	unle	an assignment other than the written consent unde he assignee is liable in pr f the assignor under secti romises that have been re	r subsection 2 otherwise provides: oportion to the interest assigned for the obligations on 10-32-56, including liability for unperformed
17 18 19 20 21	4.	unle	an assignment other than the written consent unde he assignee is liable in pr f the assignor under secti romises that have been ro nd section 10-32-65 exist	r subsection 2 otherwise provides: oportion to the interest assigned for the obligations on 10-32-56, including liability for unperformed eflected as contributions in the required records,
17 18 19 20 21 22	4.	unle	an assignment other than the written consent under he assignee is liable in pr f the assignor under section romises that have been re nd section 10-32-65 exist t the time the assignee be	r subsection 2 otherwise provides: oportion to the interest assigned for the obligations on 10-32-56, including liability for unperformed eflected as contributions in the required records, ing at the time of transfer, except to the extent that,
17 18 19 20 21 22 23	4.	unle	an assignment other than the written consent under he assignee is liable in pr f the assignor under section romises that have been re and section 10-32-65 exist t the time the assignee be ssignee, and could not be	r subsection 2 otherwise provides: oportion to the interest assigned for the obligations on 10-32-56, including liability for unperformed eflected as contributions in the required records, ing at the time of transfer, except to the extent that, ecame a member, the liability was unknown to the
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	4.	unle a.	an assignment other than the written consent under he assignee is liable in pr f the assignor under section romises that have been ro nd section 10-32-65 exist t the time the assignee be ssignee, and could not be he assignor is not release	r subsection 2 otherwise provides: oportion to the interest assigned for the obligations on 10-32-56, including liability for unperformed eflected as contributions in the required records, ing at the time of transfer, except to the extent that, ecame a member, the liability was unknown to the ascertained from the required records; and
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 	4.	unle a.	an assignment other than the written consent under he assignee is liable in pr f the assignor under section romises that have been ro nd section 10-32-65 exist t the time the assignee be ssignee, and could not be he assignor is not release	r subsection 2 otherwise provides: oportion to the interest assigned for the obligations on 10-32-56, including liability for unperformed effected as contributions in the required records, ing at the time of transfer, except to the extent that, ecame a member, the liability was unknown to the ascertained from the required records; and ed from liability to the limited liability company for
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 	4.	unle a. b.	an assignment other than the written consent under he assignee is liable in pr f the assignor under section romises that have been ro nd section 10-32-65 exist t the time the assignee be ssignee, and could not be he assignor is not release bligations of the assignor 0-32-56 and 10-32-65.	r subsection 2 otherwise provides: oportion to the interest assigned for the obligations on 10-32-56, including liability for unperformed effected as contributions in the required records, ing at the time of transfer, except to the extent that, ecame a member, the liability was unknown to the ascertained from the required records; and ed from liability to the limited liability company for
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 		unle a. b.	an assignment other than the written consent under he assignee is liable in pr f the assignor under section romises that have been ro nd section 10-32-65 exist t the time the assignee be ssignee, and could not be he assignor is not release bligations of the assignor 0-32-56 and 10-32-65.	r subsection 2 otherwise provides: oportion to the interest assigned for the obligations on 10-32-56, including liability for unperformed effected as contributions in the required records, ing at the time of transfer, except to the extent that, ecame a member, the liability was unknown to the ascertained from the required records; and ed from liability to the limited liability company for existing at the time of transfer under sections

1		b. Any assignment of financial rights that accompanied the purported or			
2		attempted assignment of governance rights is void.			
3	6.	Restrictions on the transfer of governance rights may be imposed following the			
4		same procedures and under the same conditions as stated in subsections 3 and 4			
5		of section 10-32-31 for restricting the transfer of financial rights.			
6	7.	Notwithstanding any provision of law, articles of organization, member-control			
7		agreement, operating agreement, other agreement, resolution, or action to the			
8		contrary, a security interest in a member's full membership interest or governance			
9		rights may be foreclosed and otherwise enforced, and a secured party may assign			
10		a member's complete membership interest or governance rights in accordance			
11		with title 41, all without the consent or approval of the member whose full			
12		membership interest or governance rights are the subject of the security interest.			
13	SEC	CTION 115. AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-34 of the North Dakota Century Code is			
14	amended a	nd reenacted as follows:			
15	10-3	32-34. Rights of judgment creditor. On application to a court of competent			
16	jurisdiction by any judgment creditor of a member, the court may charge a member's or an				
17	assignee's	financial rights with payment of the unsatisfied amount of the judgment with interest.			
18	<u>1.</u>	To the extent so charged, the judgment creditor has only the rights of an assignee			
19		of a member's financial rights under section 10-32-31.			
20	<u>2.</u>	This chapter does not deprive any member or assignee of financial rights of the			
21		benefit of any exemption laws applicable to the membership interest.			
22	<u>3.</u>	This section is the sole and exclusive remedy of a judgment creditor with respect			
23		to the judgment debtor's membership interest.			
	SEC	CTION 116. AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-37 of the North Dakota Century Code is			
24					
24 25	amended a	nd reenacted as follows:			
		nd reenacted as follows: 32-37. Preemptive rights.			
25					
25 26	10-3	32-37. Preemptive rights.			
25 26 27	10-3	32-37. Preemptive rights. To the extent allowed by section 9 of article XII of the Constitution of North Dakota,			

1	2.	A pre	eemptive right is the right of a member to make contributions of a certain
2		amou	unt or to make a contribution allowance agreement specifying future
3		contr	ributions of a certain amount before the limited liability company may accept
4		new	contributions from other persons or to make contribution allowance
5		agree	ements with other persons.
6	3.	A me	ember has a preemptive right whenever the limited liability company proposes
7		to ac	cept contributions from other persons, or to make contribution allowance
8		agree	ements with other persons, pertaining to membership interests of the same
9		serie	s or class as the series or class owned by the member.
10	4.	No <u>U</u>	Inless otherwise provided in the articles of organization, no preemptive rights
11		pursu	uant to this section arise as to contributions to be accepted from others or as
12		to co	ntribution allowance agreements to be made with others when the
13		contr	ribution is:
14		a.	To be made in a form other than money;
15		b.	To be made or reflected pursuant to a plan of merger;
16		C.	To be made or reflected pursuant to an employee or incentive benefit plan
17			approved at a meeting by the affirmative vote of the owners of a majority of
18			the voting power of all membership interests entitled to vote;
19		d.	To be made pursuant to a previously made contribution allowance
20			agreement; or
21		e.	To be made or reflected pursuant to a plan of reorganization approved by a
22			court of competent jurisdiction pursuant to a statute of this state or of the
23			United States.
24	5.	The	extent to which each member may make a new contribution, or obtain the right
25		to ma	ake a new contribution under a contribution allowance agreement, by exercise
26		of a p	preemptive right as to any class or series is the ratio that the value of that
27		mem	ber's contributions, as reflected in the required records as pertaining to that
28		class	s or series before the contribution, bears to the total value of all members'
29		contr	ributions reflected in the required records as pertaining to that class or series
30		befor	re the new contribution.

12

13

14

15

16

1	6.	A member may waive a preemptive right in writing. The waiver is binding upon the
2		member whether or not consideration has been given for the waiver. Unless
3		otherwise provided in the waiver, a waiver of preemptive rights is effective only for
4		the proposed contribution or contribution allowance agreement described in the
5		waiver.

- 6
 7. When proposing to accept new contributions, or to make contribution allowance
 7 agreements, with respect to which members have preemptive rights under this
 8 section, the board of governors shall cause notice to be given to each member
 9 entitled to preemptive rights. The notice must be given at least ten days before the
 10 date by which the member must exercise a preemptive right and must contain:
- 11 a. The extent of the member's preemptive right, being:
 - (1) In the case of a preemptive right to make a contribution, the amount of the contribution to be made; and
 - In the case of a preemptive right to make a contribution allowance agreement, the amount of the contribution to be allowed under that contribution allowance agreement;
- b. The method used to determine the extent of the member's preemptive right;
- c. The terms and conditions upon which the member may make a contribution
 or make a contribution allowance agreement; and
- 20d.The time within which and the method by which the member must exercise21the right.
- 8. If a member does not exercise preemptive rights to make a contribution or to make a contribution allowance agreement, then for a period not exceeding one year after the date fixed by the board of governors for the exercise of those preemptive rights and to the extent of the preemptive rights not exercised, the board of governors may accept contributions or make contribution allowance agreements on terms no less favorable to the limited liability company than those offered to the member.
- 9. No If the members of a limited liability company are entitled to cumulative voting in
 the election of governors, no amendment to the articles of organization that has
 the effect of denying, limiting, or modifying the preemptive rights provided in this
 section may be adopted if the votes of a proportion of the voting power sufficient to

1 elect a governor at an election of the entire board of governors under cumulative 2 voting are cast against the amendment. 3 SECTION 117. AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-38 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows: 4 5 10-32-38. Regular meetings of members. 6 1. Regular meetings of members may be held on an annual or other less frequent 7 periodic basis, but need not be held unless required by the articles of organization 8 or operating agreement or by subsection 2. 9 2. If a regular meeting of members has not been held during within the immediately 10 preceding earlier of six months after the fiscal yearend of the corporation or fifteen 11 months, a after its last meeting: 12 A member or members owning five percent or more of the voting power of all a. 13 members entitled to vote may demand a regular meeting of members by 14 written notice of demand given to the president or the secretary of the limited 15 liability company. 16 <u>b.</u> Within thirty days after receipt of the demand by one of those managers, the 17 board of governors shall cause a regular meeting of members to be called 18 and held on notice no later than ninety days after receipt of the demand. 19 If the board of governors fails to cause a regular meeting to be called and C. 20 held as required by this subsection, the member or members making the 21 demand may call the regular meeting by giving notice as required by section 22 10-32-40. 23 All necessary expenses of the notice and the meeting must be paid by the d. 24 limited liability company. 25 3. A regular meeting, if any, must be held on the day or date and at the time and 26 place fixed by, or in a manner authorized by, the articles or operating agreement, 27 except that a meeting called by or at the demand of a member pursuant to 28 subsection 2 must be held in the county where the principal executive office of the 29 limited liability company is located. 30 4. At each regular meeting of members there:

1 There must be an election of qualified successors for governors who serve for a. 2 an indefinite term or whose terms have expired or are due to expire within six 3 months after the date of the meeting. 4 b. No other particular business is required to be transacted at a regular meeting. 5 Any business appropriate for action by the members may be transacted at a C. 6 regular meeting. 7 SECTION 118. AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-39 of the North Dakota Century Code is 8 amended and reenacted as follows: 9 10-32-39. Special meetings of members. 10 1. Special meetings of the members may be called for any purpose or purposes at 11 any time, by: 12 a. The president; 13 Two or more governors; b. 14 A person authorized in the articles or operating agreement to call special C. 15 meetings; or 16 A member or members owning ten percent or more of the voting power of all d. 17 membership interests entitled to vote. 18 2. A member or members owning ten percent or more of the voting power of all 19 membership interests entitled to vote, may demand a special meeting of members 20 by written notice of demand given to the president or secretary of the limited 21 liability company and containing the purposes of the meeting. 22 Within thirty days after receipt of the demand by one of those managers, the a. 23 board of governors shall cause a special meeting of members to be called 24 and held on notice no later than ninety days after receipt of the demand, all at 25 the expense of the limited liability company. 26 If the board of governors fails to cause a special meeting to be called and b. 27 held as required by this subsection, the member or members making the 28 demand may call the meeting by giving notice as required by section 29 10-32-40. 30 All necessary expenses of the notice and the meeting must be paid by the C. 31 limited liability company.

1	3.	Spe	cial m	eetings must be held on the date and at the time and place fixed by the
2		pres	sident,	the board of governors, or a person authorized by the articles or
3		ope	rating	agreement to call a meeting, except that a special meeting called by or
4		at th	ne derr	nand of a member or members pursuant to subsection 2 must be held in
5		the	county	where the principal executive office is located.
6	4.	The	busin	ess transacted at a special meeting is limited to the purposes stated in
7		the	notice	of the meeting. Any business transacted at a special meeting that is not
8		inclu	uded ir	n those stated purposes is voidable by or on behalf of the limited liability
9		com	ipany,	unless all of the members have waived notice of the meeting in
10		acco	ordanc	ce with subsection 4 of section 10-32-40.
11	SE	CTIO	N 119.	Section 10-32-39.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and
12	enacted as	follov	vs:	
13	<u>10-</u>	32-39	.1. Co	ourt-ordered meeting of members.
14	<u>1.</u>	<u>The</u>	distric	t court of the county where the principal executive office of a limited
15		<u>liabi</u>	lity cor	mpany is located may order a meeting to be held:
16		<u>a.</u>	<u>On a</u>	pplication of a member or members holding five percent or more of the
17			voting	g power of all membership interests entitled to vote, if a meeting was not
18			held	within the earlier of six months after the fiscal yearend of the limited
19			liabili	ty company or fifteen months after its last meeting; or
20		<u>b.</u>	<u>On a</u>	pplication of a voting member who signed a demand for a special
21			<u>meet</u>	ing valid under section 10-32-39 or a person entitled to call a special
22			meet	ing if:
23			<u>(1)</u>	Notice of the special meeting was not given within thirty days after the
24				date the demand was delivered to a manager; or
25			<u>(2)</u>	The special meeting was not held in accordance with the notice.
26	<u>2.</u>	The	court	may fix the time and place of the meeting, specify a record date for
27		<u>dete</u>	erminir	ng members entitled to notice of and to vote at the meeting, prescribe the
28		form	n and o	content of the meeting notice, fix the quorum required for specific matters
29		to b	e cons	sidered at the meeting, or direct that the votes represented at the meeting
30		con	stitute	a quorum for action on those matters, and enter other orders necessary
31		to a	ccomp	lish the purposes of the meeting.

1	<u>3.</u>	<u>lf th</u>	e court	t orders a meeting, it may also order the limited liability company to pay
2		<u>the</u>	costs c	of the member, including reasonable attorneys' fees incurred to obtain
3		<u>the</u>	order.	
4	SEC	СТІО	N 120.	AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-40 of the North Dakota Century Code is
5	amended a	ind re	enacte	d as follows:
6	10-3	32-40	. Noti	ce.
7	1.	Exc	ept as	otherwise provided in this chapter, notice of all meetings of members
8		mus	st be gi	ven to every owner of membership interests entitled to vote, except
9		whe	re the	meeting is an adjourned meeting and the date, time, and place of the
10		mee	eting w	ere announced at the time of adjournment. unless:
11		<u>a.</u>	<u>The r</u>	neeting is an adjourned meeting to be held not more than one hundred
12			twent	y days after the date fixed for the original meeting and the date, time,
13			and p	lace of the meeting were announced at the time of the original meeting
14			or an	y adjournment of the original meeting; or
15		<u>b.</u>	The f	ollowing have been mailed by first-class mail to a member at the
16			addre	ess in the limited liability company records and returned nondeliverable:
17			<u>(1)</u>	Two consecutive annual meeting notices and notices of any special
18				meetings held during the period between the two annual meetings; or
19			<u>(2)</u>	All payments of distribution sent during a twelve-month period, provided
20				there were at least two sent during the twelve-month period.
21		<u>C.</u>	<u>An ac</u>	tion or meeting that is taken or held without notice under subdivision b
22			<u>has t</u> l	ne same force and effect as if notice was given. If the member delivers
23			<u>a writ</u>	ten notice of the member's current address to the limited liability
24			<u>comp</u>	any, the notice requirement is reinstated.
25	2.	<u>lf no</u>	otice of	an adjourned meeting is required under subdivision a of subsection 1,
26		ther	n the da	ate for determination of membership interests entitled to notice of and
27		<u>enti</u>	tled to	vote at the adjourned meeting must comply with subsection 1 of section
28		<u>1-0′</u>	19.1-73	3.2, except, if the date of the meeting is set by court order, the court may
29		prov	/ide tha	at the original date of determination will continue in effect or may fix a
30		new	<u>date.</u>	
31	<u>3.</u>	The	notice	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

	U		
1		<u>a.</u>	In all instances where a specific minimum notice period has not otherwise
2			been fixed by law, the notice must be given at least ten days before the date
3			of the meeting, or a shorter time provided in the articles of organization or
4			operating agreement, and not more than fifty days before the date of the
5			meeting- <u>;</u>
6	3.	<u>b.</u>	The notice must contain the date, time, and place of the meeting , and any
7			other information required by this chapter. In the case of a special meeting,
8			the notice must contain a statement of the purposes of the meeting. The
9			notice may also contain any other information required by the articles of
10			organization or operating agreement or considered necessary or desirable by
11			the board of governors or by any other person or persons calling the
12			meeting.:
13		<u>C.</u>	Must contain the information with respect to dissenter's rights required by
14			subsection 2 of section 10-32-55, if applicable;
15		<u>d.</u>	Must inform members if proxies are permitted at the meeting and, if so, state
16			the procedure for appointing proxies;
17		<u>e.</u>	Must contain a statement of the purpose of the meeting, in the case of a
18			special meeting;
19		<u>f.</u>	Must contain any other information:
20			(1) Required by the articles of organization, operating agreement, or this
21			chapter;
22			(2) Considered necessary or desirable by the board of governors; and
23		<u>g.</u>	May contain any other information considered necessary or desirable by the
24			person or persons calling the meeting.
25	4.	A m	nember may waive notice of a meeting of members.
26		<u>a.</u>	A waiver of notice by a member entitled to notice is effective whether:
27			(1) <u>Whether</u> given before, at, or after the meeting , ; and whether
28			(2) <u>Whether</u> given in writing, or by attendance.
29		<u>b.</u>	Attendance by a member at a meeting is a waiver of notice of that meeting,
30			except where the member objects:

1		<u>(1)</u>	Objects at the beginning of the meeting to the transaction of business
2			because the meeting is not lawfully called or convened; or objects
3		<u>(2)</u>	Objects before a vote on an item of business because the item may not
4			lawfully be considered at that meeting and does not participate in the
5			consideration of the item at that meeting.
6	SEC	CTION 121.	Section 10-32-40.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and
7	enacted as	follows:	
8	<u>10-3</u>	32-40.1. Vo	oting rights.
9	<u>1.</u>	The board	of governors may fix a date not more than fifty days, or a shorter time
10		period pro	vided in the articles of organization or operating agreement, before the
11		date of a r	neeting of members as the date for the determination of the owners of
12		membersh	ip interests entitled to notice of and entitled to vote at the meeting.
13		When a da	ate is so fixed, only members on that date are entitled to notice of and
14		permitted	to vote at that meeting of members.
15	<u>2.</u>	<u>A determir</u>	nation of the owners of membership interests entitled to notice and to
16		<u>vote at a r</u>	neeting of members is effective for an adjournment of the meeting unless
17		the board	of governors fixes a new date for determining the right to notice and to
18		vote, whic	h it must do if the meeting is adjourned to a date more than fifty days
19		after the re	ecord date for determining members entitled to notice of the original
20		meeting.	
21	<u>3.</u>	<u>If a court c</u>	orders a meeting adjourned to a date more than one hundred twenty
22		days after	the date fixed for the original meeting:
23		<u>a. It mu</u>	st provide the original record date for notice and voting continues in
24		effect	t; or
25		<u>b.</u> <u>It ma</u>	y fix a new record date for notice and voting.
26	<u>4.</u>	A resolutio	on approved by the affirmative vote of a majority of the governors present
27		may estab	lish a procedure whereby a member may certify in writing to the limited
28		liability cor	mpany that all or a portion of the membership interest registered in the
29		name of th	ne member are held for the account of one or more beneficial owners.
30		Upon rece	ipt by the limited liability company of the writing, the persons specified

1		as beneficial owners, rather than the actual member, are deemed the members for
2		the purposes specified in the writing.
3	<u>5.</u>	Unless otherwise provided in the articles or by the board of governors under
4		subsections 5 and 6 of section 10-32-56, members have voting power in proportion
5		to the value of the contributions of the members as reflected in the required
6		records.
7	<u>6.</u>	The articles of organization may give or prescribe the manner of giving a creditor,
8		securityholder, or other person a right to vote under this section, but no
9		prescription under this subsection may have the effect of transferring from an
10		assignor of financial rights to the assignee the assignor's voting rights.
11	<u>7.</u>	Membership interests owned by two or more members may be voted by any one of
12		them unless the limited liability company receives written notice from any one of
13		them denying the authority of that person to vote those membership interests.
14	<u>8.</u>	Except as provided in subsection 7, an owner of a membership interest entitled to
15		vote may vote any portion of the membership interest in any way the member
16		chooses. If a member votes without designating the proportion voted in a
17		particular way, the member is considered to have voted all of the membership
18		interest in that way.
19	SEC	CTION 122. Section 10-32-40.2 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and
20	enacted as	follows:
21	<u>10-</u> ;	32-40.2. Voting list.
22	<u>1.</u>	After fixing a record date for notice of and voting at a meeting, a limited liability
23		company shall prepare an alphabetical list of the names of its members who are
24		entitled to notice and to vote. The list must show the address and the voting power
25		of each member.
26	<u>2.</u>	The list of members must be available for inspection by a member with voting
27		rights for the purpose of communication with other members concerning the
28		meeting, beginning two business days after the meeting notice is given and
29		continuing through the meeting, at the principal executive office of the limited
30		liability company or at a reasonable place identified in the meeting notice in the city
31		where the meeting will be held.

	5			
1		<u>a.</u>	The list also must be available at the meeting.	
2		<u>b.</u>	A member, a member's agent, or the attorney of the member or member's	
3			agent is entitled on written demand to inspect and to copy the list, at a	
4			reasonable time and at the member's expense, during the period it is	
5			available for inspection and at any time during the meeting or an	
6			adjournment.	
7	<u>3.</u>	<u>lf th</u>	ne limited liability company refuses to allow a member with voting rights, the	
8		me	mber's agent, or the attorney of the member or member's agent to inspect the	
9		list	of members before or at the meeting, the district court of the county where the	
10		prir	ncipal executive office of the limited liability company is located, on application	
11		<u>of t</u>	he member, may:	
12		<u>a.</u>	Order the inspection or copying at the limited liability company's expense;	
13		<u>b.</u>	Postpone the meeting until the inspection or copying is complete; or	
14		<u>C.</u>	Order the limited liability company to pay the member's costs, including	
15			reasonable attorneys' fees, incurred to obtain the order.	
16	<u>4.</u>	<u>Unl</u>	ess a written demand to inspect and copy a membership list has been made	
17		unc	ler subsection 2 before the membership meeting and a limited liability company	
18		imp	properly refuses to comply with the demand, refusal or failure to comply with this	
19		sec	section does not affect the validity of action taken at the meeting.	
20	<u>5.</u>	<u>A n</u>	nember, agent, or attorney who gains access to a membership list under this	
21		sec	tion may not use or give to another for use the membership list for any purpose	
22		oth	er than a proper purpose. Upon application of the limited liability company, the	
23		<u>dist</u>	rict court may issue a protective order or order other relief necessary to enforce	
24		<u>this</u>	subsection.	
25	SEC	стю	N 123. AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-42 of the North Dakota Century Code is	
26	amended a	nd re	eenacted as follows:	
27	10-3	32-42	2. Act of members. Unless this chapter or the articles of organization require	
28	a greater vo	ote o	r voting by class or series:	
29	1.	The	e members shall take action by the affirmative vote of the owners of the greater	
30		<u>of</u> a	a majority of the voting power of the membership interests present and entitled	
31		to v	ote on that item of business except where this chapter or the articles of	

1	organization require a larger proportion or a majority of the voting power of the
2	membership interests with voting rights that would constitute the minimum voting
3	power needed for a quorum for the transaction of business at a meeting. If the
4	articles require a larger proportion than is required by this chapter for a particular
5	action, the articles control.

- 6 2. In any case where a class or series of membership interests is entitled by this
 7 chapter, the articles of organization, the operating agreement, or the terms of the
 8 membership interests to vote as a class or series, the matter being voted upon
 9 must also receive the affirmative vote of the owners of the same proportion of the
 10 membership interests as is required pursuant to subsection 1.
- 113.Unless otherwise provided in the article or operating agreement, members may12take action at a meeting by voice or ballot, action without a meeting pursuant to13section 10-32-43, written ballot pursuant to section 10-32-43.1, or by electronic14communication pursuant to section 10-32-43.2.

15 SECTION 124. AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-43 of the North Dakota Century Code is 16 amended and reenacted as follows:

17

10-32-43. Action without a meeting.

- 18 1. An action required or permitted to be taken at a meeting of the members may be 19 taken without a meeting by written action signed by all of the members entitled to 20 vote on that action. If the articles so provide, any action may be taken by written 21 action signed by the members who own voting power equal to the voting power 22 that would be required to take the same action at a meeting of the members at 23 which all members were present.
- 24 2. The written action is effective when signed by the required members, unless a
 25 different effective time is provided in the written action.
- 3. When written action is permitted to be taken by less than all members, all
 members must be notified immediately of its text and effective date. Failure to
 provide the notice does not invalidate the written action. A member who does not
 sign or consent to the written action has no liability for the action or actions taken
 by the written action.

1	<u>4.</u>	Whe	en this chapter requires or permits a certificate concerning an action to be filed
2		<u>with</u>	the secretary of state, the managers signing the certificate must indicate that
3		the	action was taken under this section.
4	SEC	CTIO	N 125. Section 10-32-43.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and
5	enacted as	follov	vs:
6	<u>10-3</u>	<u>32-43</u>	.1. Action by written ballot.
7	<u>1.</u>	<u>Exc</u>	ept as provided in subsection 5, and unless prohibited or limited by the articles
8		<u>or o</u>	perating agreement, an action that may be taken at a regular or special
9		mee	eting of members may be taken without a meeting if the limited liability
10		<u>com</u>	pany mails or delivers a written ballot to every member entitled to vote on the
11		mat	ter.
12	<u>2.</u>	<u>A w</u>	ritten ballot must set forth each proposed action and provide an opportunity to
13		vote	e for or against each proposed action.
14	<u>3.</u>	<u>App</u>	roval by written ballot under this section is valid only if:
15		<u>a.</u>	The number of votes cast by ballot equals or exceeds the quorum required to
16			be present at a meeting authorizing the action; and
17		<u>b.</u>	The number of approvals equals or exceeds the number of votes that would
18			be required to approve the matter at a meeting at which the total number of
19			votes cast was the same as the number of votes cast by ballot.
20	<u>4.</u>	<u>Soli</u>	citations for votes by written ballot must:
21		<u>a.</u>	Indicate the number of responses needed to meet the quorum requirements;
22		<u>b.</u>	State the percentage of approvals necessary to approve each matter other
23			than election of governors; and
24		<u>C.</u>	Specify the time by which a ballot must be received by the limited liability
25			company in order to be counted.
26	<u>5.</u>	Exc	ept as otherwise provided in the articles or operating agreement, a written
27		ballo	ot may not be revoked.
28	SEC		N 126. Section 10-32-43.2 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and
29	enacted as	follov	VS:
30	10-:	32.43	.2. Electronic communications.

1	<u>1.</u>	A conference among members by any means of communication through which the
2		participants may simultaneously hear each other during the conference constitutes
3		a regular or special meeting of members if the same notice is given of the
4		conference as would be required for a meeting and the membership interests held
5		by the members participating in the conference would be sufficient to constitute a
6		quorum at a meeting. Participation in a conference by this means constitutes
7		presence at the meeting in person or by proxy if all the other requirements of
8		section 10-32-48 are met.
9	<u>2.</u>	A member may participate in a regular or special meeting of members not
10		described in subsection 1 by any means of communication through which the
11		member, other participants, and all participants physically present at the meeting
12		may simultaneously hear each other during the meeting. Participation in a meeting
13		by that means constitutes presence at the meeting in person or by proxy if all the
14		other requirements of section 10-32-48 are met.
15	<u>3.</u>	Waiver of notice of a meeting by means of communication described in
16		subsections 1 and 2 may be given in the manner provided in subsection 4 of
17		section 10-32-40. Participation in a meeting by means of communication
18		described in subsections 1 and 2 is a waiver of notice of that meeting, except
19		where the member objects at the beginning of the meeting to the transaction of
20		business because the meeting is not lawfully called or convened or objects before
21		a vote on an item of business because the item may not lawfully be considered at
22		the meeting and does not participate in the consideration of the item at that
23		meeting.
24	SE	CTION 127. AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-44 of the North Dakota Century Code is
25	amended a	and reenacted as follows:
26	10-3	32-44. Quorum. The
27	<u>1.</u>	A quorum for a meeting of members is the owners of a majority of the voting power
28		of the membership interests entitled to vote at a the meeting are a quorum for the
29		transaction of business, unless a larger or smaller proportion is provided in the
30		articles or operating agreement. In no event may a quorum consist of less than
31		one-third of the membership interests entitled to vote at the meeting. If a quorum

1		is present when a duly called or held meeting is convened, the members present				
2		may continue to transact business until adjournment, even though the withdrawal				
3		of members originally present leaves less than the proportion otherwise required				
4		f or a quorum .				
5	<u>2.</u>	Except as provided in subdivision b, a quorum is necessary for the transaction of				
6		business at a meeting of members.				
7		a. If a quorum is not present, a meeting may be adjourned from time to time for				
8		that reason.				
9		b. If a quorum has been present at a meeting and members have withdrawn				
10		from the meeting so that less than a quorum remains, the members still				
11		present may continue to transact business until adjournment.				
12	SEC	CTION 128. AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-47 of the North Dakota Century Code is				
13	amended a	nd reenacted as follows:				
14	10-3	32-47. Voting by organizations and legal representatives.				
15	1.	Membership interests of a limited liability company reflected in the required records				
16		as being owned by another domestic or foreign organization may be voted by the				
17		president or another legal representative of that organization.				
18	2.	Except as provided in subsection 3, membership interests of a limited liability				
19		company reflected in the required records as being owned by a subsidiary are not				
20		entitled to voted on any matter.				
21	3.	Membership interests of a limited liability company in the name of, or under the				
22		control of, the limited liability company or a subsidiary in a fiduciary capacity are				
23		not entitled to vote on any matter, except to the extent that the settlor or				
24		beneficiary possesses and exercises a right to vote be voted or gives the limited				
25		liability company or, with respect to membership interests in the name of or under				
26		the control of a subsidiary, binding instructions on how to vote the membership				
27		interests.				
28	4.	Subject to section 10-32-35, membership interests under the control of a person in				
29		a capacity as a personal representative, administrator, executor, guardian,				
30		conservator, or the like may be voted by the person, either in person or by proxy,				

- without reflecting in the required records those membership interests in the name
 of the person.
- 5. Subject to section 10-32-35, membership interests reflected in the required records in the name of a trustee in bankruptcy or a receiver may be voted by the trustee or receiver either in person or by proxy. Membership interests under the control of a trustee in bankruptcy or a receiver may be voted by the trustee or receiver without reflecting in the required records the name of the trustee or receiver, if authority to do so is contained in an appropriate order of the court by which the trustee or receiver was appointed.
- Membership interests reflected in the required records in the name of an
 organization not described in subsections 1 through 5 may be voted either in
 person or by proxy by the legal representative of that organization.
- The grant of a security interest in a membership interest does not entitle the
 holders of the security interest to vote except as provided in section 10-32-32.
- 15 SECTION 129. AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-48 of the North Dakota Century Code is
 16 amended and reenacted as follows:

17 **10-32-48. Proxies.**

- A member may cast or authorize the casting of a vote by filing a written
 appointment of a proxy with a manager of the limited liability company at or before
 the meeting at which the appointment is to be effective.
- 21a.A written appointment of a proxy may be signed by the member or authorized22by the member by transmission of a telegram, cablegram, or other means of23electronic transmission. The telegram, cablegram, or other means of24electronic transmission must set forth or be submitted with information from25which it can be determined, provided the limited liability company has no26reason to believe that the telegram, cablegram, or other electronic27transmission was not authorized by the member.
- <u>b.</u> Any reproduction of the writing or transmission may be substituted or used in
 lieu of the original writing or transmission for any purpose for which the
 original transmission could be used, if the copy, facsimile telecommunication,

1		or other reproduction is a complete and legible reproduction of the entire
2		original writing or transmission.
3		c. An appointment of a proxy for membership interests owned jointly by two or
4		more members is valid if signed or otherwise authorized by any one of them,
5		unless the limited liability company receives from any one of those members
6		written notice either denying the authority of that person to appoint a proxy or
7		appointing a different proxy.
8	2.	The appointment of a proxy is valid for eleven months, unless a longer period is
9		expressly provided in the appointment. No appointment is irrevocable and any
10		agreement purporting to grant an irrevocable proxy is void. A member who
11		revokes a proxy is not liable in any way for damages, restitution, or other claim.
12	3.	An appointment may be terminated revoked at will. Termination may be made by
13		filing written notice of the termination of the appointment with a manager of the
14		limited liability company, or by filing a new written appointment of a proxy with a
15		manager of the limited liability company. Termination Appointment of a proxy is
16		revoked by the person appointing the proxy by attending a meeting and voting in
17		person or signing and delivering to the manager or agent authorized to tabulate
18		proxy votes either a writing stating that the appointment of the proxy is revoked or
19		a later appointment. Revocation in either manner revokes all prior proxy
20		appointments and is effective when filed with a manager of the limited liability
21		company.
22	4.	The death or incapacity of a person appointing a proxy does not revoke or affect
23		the right of the limited liability company to accept the authority of the proxy, unless
24		written notice of the death or incapacity is received by a manager of the limited
25		liability company authorized to tabulate votes before the proxy exercises the
26		authority under that appointment.
27	5.	Unless the appointment specifically provides otherwise, if two or more persons are
28		appointed as proxies for a member:
29		a. Any one of them may vote the membership interests on each item of business
30		in accordance with specific instructions contained in the appointment; and

78314.0500

- b. If no specific instructions are contained in the appointment with respect to
 voting the membership interests on a particular item of business, the
 membership interests must be voted as a majority of the proxies determine. If
 the proxies are equally divided, the membership interests must not be voted.
 6. Unless the appointment of a proxy contains a Subject to section 10-32-48.1 and an
 express restriction, limitation, or specific reservation of authority of the proxy
- appearing in the appointment, the limited liability company may accept a vote or
 action taken by a person named in the appointment by the proxy as the action of
 the member. The vote of a proxy is final, binding, and not subject to challenge, but
 the proxy is liable to the member for damages resulting from a failure to exercise
 the proxy or from an exercise of the proxy in violation of the authority granted in
 the appointment.
- If a proxy is given authority by a member to vote on less than all items of business considered at a meeting of members, the member is considered to be present and entitled to vote by the proxy for purposes of subsection 1 of section 10-32-42 only with respect to those items of business for which the proxy has authority to vote. A proxy who is given authority by a member who abstains with respect to an item of business is considered to have authority to vote on the item of business for purposes of this subsection.
- 8. A member may not grant any proxy to any person who is an assignee of any
 member's financial rights and who is not also a member.
- SECTION 130. Section 10-32-48.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and
 enacted as follows:
- 24
 - 10-32-48.1. Acceptance of member act by the limited liability company.
- <u>1.</u> If the name signed on a vote, consent, waiver, or proxy appointment corresponds
 to the record name of a member, the limited liability company, if acting in good
 faith, may accept the vote, consent, waiver, or proxy appointment and give it effect
 as the act of the member.
- 29 2. Unless the articles or operating agreement provide otherwise, if the name signed
 30 on a vote, consent, waiver, or proxy appointment does not correspond to the
 31 record name of a member, the limited liability company, if acting in good faith, may

1		accept the vote, consent waiver, or proxy appointment and give it effect as the act
2		of the member if:
3		a. The member is an organization and the name signed purports to be that of an
4		officer, manager, or agent of the organization;
5		b. The name signed purports to be that of an administrator, guardian, or
6		conservator representing the member and, if the limited liability company
7		requests, evidence of fiduciary status acceptable to the limited liability
8		company has been presented with respect to the vote, consent, waiver, or
9		proxy appointment;
10		c. The name signed purports to be that of a receiver or trustee in bankruptcy of
11		the member, and, if the limited liability company requests, evidence of this
12		status acceptable to the limited liability company has been presented with
13		respect to the vote, consent, waiver, or proxy appointment;
14		d. The name signed purports to be that of a pledgee, beneficial owner, or
15		attorney-in-fact of the member and if the limited liability company requests,
16		evidence acceptable to the limited liability company of the signatory's
17		authority to sign for the member has been presented with respect to the vote,
18		consent, waiver, or proxy appointment; or
19		e. Two or more persons hold the membership interests as cotenants or
20		fiduciaries and the name signed purports to be the name of at least one of the
21		coholders and the person signing appears to be acting on behalf of all the
22		coholders.
23	<u>3.</u>	The limited liability company may reject a vote, consent, waiver, or proxy
24		appointment if the manager or agent authorized to tabulate votes, acting in good
25		faith, has reasonable basis for doubt about the validity of the signature on it or
26		about the signatory's authority to sign for the member.
27	<u>4.</u>	The limited liability company or its manager or agent who accepts or rejects a vote,
28		consent, waiver, or proxy appointment in good faith and in accordance with the
29		standards of this section is not liable in damages to the member for the
30		consequences of the acceptance or rejection.

15.Limited liability company action based on the acceptance or rejection of a vote,2consent, waiver, or proxy appointment under this section is valid unless a court of3competent jurisdiction determines otherwise.

SECTION 131. AMENDMENT. Subsection 1 of section 10-32-50 of the North
Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

- A written agreement among persons who are then members or who have signed
 contribution agreements, relating to the control of any phase of the business and
 affairs of the limited liability company, its liquidation, dissolution, and termination,
 or the relations among members or persons who have signed contribution
 agreements is valid as provided in subsection 2.
- 11a.When this chapter provides that a particular result may or must be obtained12through a provision in the articles of organization, other than a provision13required by subsection 1 of section 10-32-07 to be contained in the articles, or14in the operating agreement, the same result can be accomplished through a15member-control agreement valid under this section or through a procedure16established by a member-control agreement valid under this section.
- b. A member-control agreement may waive, in whole or in part, a member's
 dissenting rights under sections 10-32-54 and 10-32-55, but may not waive
 dissenters' rights under subdivision a of subsection 2 of section 10-32-131.
- 20 c. A member-control agreement may not include an agreement to give transfer
 21 consent.
- d. A member-control agreement may include a business continuation agreement
 only if the articles of organization grant the members the power to enter into
 business continuation agreements and only if entered into after the limited
 liability company has incurred an event of dissolution.

26 **SECTION 132. AMENDMENT.** Section 10-32-51 of the North Dakota Century Code is 27 amended and reenacted as follows:

- 28 **10-32-51. Required records and information.**
- 291. A limited liability company shall keep at its principal executive office, or at another30place or places within the United States determined by the board of governors:

1	a.	A cur	rent lis	t of the full name and last-known business, residence, or mailing
2		addre	ess of e	each member, each governor, and the president;
3	b.	A cur	rent lis	t of the full name and last-known business, residence, or mailing
4		addre	ess of e	each assignee of financial rights other than a secured party and a
5		desci	iption	of the rights assigned;
6	C.	A cop	by of th	e articles of organization and all amendments to the articles;
7	d.	Copie	es of a	ny currently effective written operating agreement;
8	e.	Copie	es of th	he limited liability company's federal, state, and local income tax
9		returr	ns and	reports, if any, for the three most recent years;
10	f.	Finar	ncial st	atements required by section 10-32-52;
11	g.	Reco	rds of	all proceedings of members for the last three years;
12	h.	Reco	rds of	all proceedings of the board of governors for the last three years;
13	i.	Repo	rts ma	de to members generally within the last three years;
14	j.	Mem	ber-co	ntrol agreements described in section 10-32-50;
15	k.	A sta	temen	t of all contributions accepted under subsection 3 of section
16		10-32	2-56 in	cluding for each contribution:
17		(1)	The i	dentity of the member to whom the contribution relates;
18		(2)	The c	lass or series to which the contribution pertains;
19		(3)	The a	mount of cash accepted by the limited liability company or
20			prom	ised to be paid to the limited liability company;
21		(4)	A des	scription of any services rendered to or for the benefit of the limited
22			liabilit	ty company or promised to be rendered to or for the benefit of the
23			limite	d liability company; and
24		(5)	The v	alue accorded under subsection 4 of section 10-32-56 to:
25			(a)	Any other property transferred or promised to be transferred to
26				the limited liability company; and
27			(b)	Any services rendered to or for the benefit of the limited liability
28				company or promised to be rendered to or for the benefit of the
29				limited liability company;
30	I.	A sta	temen	t of all contribution agreements made under section 10-32-58,
31		includ	ding fo	r each contribution agreement:

	-	-	
1		(1)	The identity of the would-be contributor;
2		(2)	The class or series to which the future contribution pertains; and
3		(3)	As to each future contribution to be made, the same information as
4			subdivision k of subsection 1 requires for contributions already
5			accepted;
6		m. A sta	tement of all contribution allowance agreements made under section
7		10-32	2-59, including for each contribution allowance agreement:
8		(1)	The identity of the would-be contributor;
9		(2)	The class or series to which the future contribution would pertain; and
10		(3)	As to each future contribution allowed to be made, the same
11			information as subdivision k of subsection 1 requires for contributions
12			already accepted;
13		n. An ex	xplanation of any restatement of value made under section 10-32-57;
14		o. Any v	written consents obtained from members under this chapter;
15		p. A cop	by of agreements, contracts, or other arrangements or portions of them
16		incor	porated by reference under subsections 6 through 8 of section 10-32-56.
17	2.	A member	r of a limited liability company has an absolute right, upon written
18		demand, t	o examine and copy, in person or by a legal representative, at any
19		reasonable	e time, and the limited liability company shall make available within ten
20		days after	receipt by a manager of the limited liability company of the written
21		<u>demand,</u> a	all documents referred to in subsection 1.
22	3.	A member	of a limited liability company who has been a member for at least six
23		months im	mediately preceding the member's demand or who is the holder of
24		record of a	at least five percent of all membership interests of the limited liability
25		company I	has a right, upon written demand, to examine and copy, in person or by a
26		legal repre	esentative, other limited liability company records at any reasonable time
27		only if the	member demonstrates a proper purpose for the examination. A "proper
28		purpose" i	s one reasonably related to the person's interest as a member of a
29		limited liab	pility company.
30	4.	On applica	ation of the limited liability company, a court in this state may issue a
31		protective	order permitting the limited liability company to withhold portions of the

1 records of proceedings of the board of governors for a reasonable period of time, 2 not to exceed twelve months, in order to prevent premature disclosure of 3 confidential information that would be likely to cause competitive injury to the 4 limited liability company. A protective order may be renewed for successive 5 reasonable periods of time, each not to exceed twelve months and in total not to 6 exceed thirty-six months, for good cause shown. In the event a protective order is 7 issued, the statute of limitations for any action that the member might bring as a 8 result of information withheld automatically extends for the period of delay. If the 9 court does not issue a protective order with respect to any portion of the records of 10 proceedings as requested by the limited liability company, it shall award 11 reasonable expenses, including attorney's fees and disbursements, to the 12 member. This subsection does not limit the right of a court to grant other 13 protective orders or impose other reasonable restrictions on the nature of the 14 limited liability company records that may be copied or examined under 15 subsections 2 and 3 or the use or distribution of the records by the demanding 16 member.

A member who has gained access under this section to any limited liability
company record may not use or furnish to another for use the limited liability
company record or a portion of the contents for any purpose other than a proper
purpose. Upon application of the limited liability company, a court may issue a
protective order or order other relief as may be necessary to enforce the provisions
of this subsection.

Copies of the information referred to in subsection 1 must be furnished at the
 expense of the limited liability company. In all other cases, the limited liability
 company may charge the requesting party a reasonable fee to cover the expenses
 of providing the copy.

The records maintained by a limited liability company may utilize any information
storage technique, including, for example, punched holes, printed or magnetized
spots, or microimages, even though that makes them illegible visually, if the
records can be converted accurately and within a reasonable time, into a form that
is legible visually and whose contents are assembled by related subject matter to

1	permit convenient use by people in the normal course of business. A limited
2	liability company shall convert any of the records referred to in subsections 2 and 3
3	upon the request of a person entitled to inspect them, and the expense of the
4	conversion must be borne by the person who bears the expense of copying
5	pursuant to subsection 6. A copy of the conversion is admissible in evidence, and
6	is acceptable for all other purposes, to the same extent as the existing or original
7	records would be if they were legible visually.

8 **SECTION 133. AMENDMENT.** Section 10-32-52 of the North Dakota Century Code is 9 amended and reenacted as follows:

10 **10-32-52. Financial statements.**

27

- 111.A limited liability company shall, upon written request by a member, furnish12prepare annual financial statements within one hundred eighty days after the close13of the limited liability company's fiscal year, including at least a balance sheet as of14the end of each fiscal year and a statement of income for the fiscal year, prepared15on the basis of accounting methods reasonable in the circumstances. The16financial statements may be consolidated statements of the limited liability17company and one or more of its subsidiaries. In the case of
- 18a.If the statements are audited by a public accountant, each copy must be19accompanied by a report setting forth the opinion of the accountant on the20statements; in other cases;.
- 21b.If the statements are not audited by a public accountant each copy must be22accompanied by a statement of the treasurer or other person in charge of the23limited liability company's financial records stating:
- 24(1)Stating the reasonable belief of the person that the financial statements25were prepared in accordance with accounting methods reasonable in26the circumstances, describing;
 - (2) Describing the basis of presentation; and describing
- 28(3)Describing any respects in which the financial statements were not29prepared on a basis consistent with those prepared for the previous30year.

1 Upon written request by a member, a limited liability company shall furnish its most 2. 2 recent annual financial statements as required under subsection 1 no later than ten 3 business days after receipt of a member's written request. "Furnish" for purposes 4 of this subsection means that the limited liability company shall deliver or mail, 5 postage prepaid, the financial statements to the address specified by the 6 requesting member. 7 SECTION 134. Section 10-32-52.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and 8 enacted as follows: 9 **10-32-52.1. Equitable remedies.** If a limited liability company or a manager or 10 governor of the limited liability company violates this chapter, a court in this state, in an action 11 brought by a member of the limited liability company, may grant equitable relief it considers just 12 and reasonable in the circumstances and award expenses, including attorneys' fees and 13 disbursements, to the member. 14 SECTION 135. AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-53 of the North Dakota Century Code is 15 amended and reenacted as follows: 16 **10-32-53.** Actions by members. No action may be brought in this state for violations 17 of this chapter by a member in the right of a domestic or foreign limited liability company unless 18 the plaintiff is a member at the time of the transaction of which the plaintiff complains, or the 19 plaintiff's membership interests thereafter devolved upon the plaintiff by operation of law from a 20 person who was a member at such time. 21 In any action thereafter instituted in the right of any domestic or foreign limited 1. 22 liability company by the member, the court having jurisdiction, upon final judgment 23 and finding that the action was brought without reasonable cause, may require the 24 plaintiff to pay the parties named as defendant the reasonable expenses, including 25 fees of attorneys, incurred by them in defense of such action. 26 2. In any action now pending or hereafter instituted or maintained in the right of any 27 domestic or foreign limited liability company by the owner of less than five percent 28 of the membership interests, unless the membership interest of such owner has a 29 market value in excess of twenty-five thousand dollars, the limited liability company 30 in whose rights right such action is brought is entitled at any time before final 31 judgment to require the plaintiff to give security for the reasonable expenses,

1 including attorney's fees, that may be incurred by it in connection with such action 2 or may be incurred by other parties named as defendant for which it may become 3 legally liable. 4 Market value must be determined on the date the plaintiff institutes the action a. 5 or, in the case of an intervenor, on the date the intervenor becomes a party to 6 the action. 7 The amount of the security may from time to time be increased or decreased, b. 8 in the discretion of the court, upon showing that the security provided has or 9 may become inadequate or is excessive. 10 The limited liability company has recourse to such security in such amount as C. 11 the court having jurisdiction determines upon the termination of the action, 12 whether or not the court finds the action was brought without reasonable 13 cause. 14 SECTION 136. AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-54 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows: 15 16 10-32-54. Rights of dissenting members. 17 Subject to a member-control agreement under section 10-32-50, a member of a 1. 18 limited liability company may dissent from, and obtain payment for the fair value of 19 the member's membership interests in the event of, any of the following limited 20 liability company actions: 21 An amendment of the articles of organization that materially and adversely a. 22 affects the rights or preferences of the membership interests of the dissenting 23 member in that it: 24 (1) Alters or abolishes a preferential right of the membership interests: 25 (2) Creates, alters, or abolishes a right in respect of the redemption of the 26 membership interests, including a provision respecting a sinking fund 27 for the redemption or repurchase of the membership interests; 28 (3) Alters or abolishes a preemptive right of the owner of the membership 29 interests to make a contribution; 30 (4) Excludes or limits the right of a member to vote on a matter, or to 31 cumulate votes, except as the right may be excluded or limited through

	0		
1			the acceptance of contributions or the making of contribution
2			agreements pertaining to membership interests with similar or different
3			voting rights;
4		(5)	Changes a member's right to resign or retire;
5		(6)	Establishes or changes the conditions for or consequences of
6			expulsion;
7		(7)	Changes the statement required under subdivision $e f$ of subsection 1
8			of section 10-32-07; or
9		(8)	Changes the statement required under subdivision f g of subsection 1
10			of section 10-32-07 . ;
11	b.	. A sa	le, lease, transfer, or other disposition of all or substantially all of the
12		prop	erty and assets of the limited liability company not made in the usual or
13		regu	lar course of its business, but not including a transaction permitted
14		witho	out member approval under section 10-32-108, a disposition in
15		disso	plution described in subsection 4 of section 10-32-113, or a disposition
16		purs	uant to an order of a court, or a disposition for cash on terms requiring
17		that	all or substantially all of the net proceeds of disposition be distributed to
18		the r	nembers in accordance with their respective membership interests within
19		one	year after the date of disposition;
20	C.	A pla	an of merger to which the limited liability company is a party, except as
21		prov	ided in paragraph 1 of subdivision a of subsection 2 of section 10-32-131
22		and	subject to subsection 3 of section 10-32-131;
23	d.	. A pla	an of exchange to which the limited liability company is a party as the
24		orga	nization whose ownership interests will be acquired by the acquiring
25		orga	nization, if the membership interests being acquired are entitled to be
26		vote	d on the plan;
27	e.	. Any	other limited liability company action taken pursuant to a member vote
28		with	respect to which the articles of organization, the operating agreement, or
29		a res	solution approved by the board of governors directs that dissenting
30		mem	bers may obtain payment for their membership interests; or

1			f.	A res	olution of the board of governors under subsection 2 of section
2				10-32	2-131 to implement a business continuation agreement.
3		2.	The	memb	pers of a limited liability company who have a right under this section to
4			obta	ain pay	ment for their membership interests do not have a right at law or in
5			equi	ity to h	ave a limited liability company action described in subsection 1 set aside
6			or re	escind	ed, except when the limited liability company action is fraudulent with
7			rega	ard to t	he complaining member or the limited liability company.
8		SEC		N 137.	AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-55 of the North Dakota Century Code is
9	amenc	led a	nd re	enacte	ed as follows:
10		10-3	32-55	. Proc	cedures for asserting dissenters' rights.
11		1.	For	purpo	ses of this section:
12			a.	"Limi	ted liability company" means a limited liability company whose members
13				have	obtained rights to dissent under subsection 1 of section 10-32-54 and
14				inclu	des any successor by merger.
15			b.	"Fair	value of the membership interests" means the value of the membership
16				intere	ests of a limited liability company immediately before the effective date of
17				the li	mited liability company action referred to in subsection 1 of section
18				10-32	2-54.
19			C.	"Inter	est" means interest beginning five days after the effective date of the
20				limite	d liability company action referred to in subsection 1 of section 10-32-54,
21				up to	and including the date of payment, calculated at the rate provided in
22				sectio	on 28-20-34 for interest on verdicts and judgments.
23			d.	"Men	nber" includes a former member when dissenters' rights exist because:
24				(1)	The membership of that former member has terminated causing
25					dissolution; and
26				(2)	The dissolved limited liability company has then either entered into a
27					winding-up merger under subsection 3 of section 10-32-112 or has
28					disposed of its assets pursuant to a business continuation agreement
29					under subsection 2 of section 10-32-131.
30		2.	lf a	limited	liability company calls a member meeting at which any action described
31			in sı	ubsect	ion 1 of section 10-32-54 is to be voted upon, the notice of the meeting

1		must inform each member of the right to dissent and must include a copy of
2		section 10-32-54 and this section and, if applicable, subsections 2 and 3 of section
3		10-32-131. For members who have assigned some or all of their financial rights,
4		the description must also include the procedures under subsection 8.
5	3.	If the proposed action must be approved by the members, a member who wishes
6		to exercise dissenters' rights must file with the limited liability company before the

- vote on the proposed action a written notice of intent to demand the fair value of
 the membership interests owned by the member and must not vote the
 membership interests in favor of the proposed action.
- 4. After the proposed action has been approved by the board of governors and, if
 necessary, the members, the limited liability company shall send to all members
 who have complied with subsection 3 and to all members entitled to dissent if no
 member vote was required, a notice that contains:
- 14a.The address to which a demand for payment must be sent in order to obtain15payment and the date by which the demand must be received;
- b. A form to be used to certify the date on which the member acquired the
 membership interests and to demand payment; and
- 18 c. A copy of section 10-32-54, this section and, if applicable, subsections 2 and
 19 3 of section 10-32-131.
- In order to receive the fair value of the membership interests, a dissenting member
 must demand payment within thirty days after the notice required by subsection 4
 was given, but the dissenter retains all other rights of a member until the proposed
 action takes effect.
- 6. After the limited liability company action takes effect, or after the limited liability company receives a valid demand for payment, whichever is later, the limited liability company shall remit to each dissenting member who has complied with subsections 3, 4, and 5, the amount the limited liability company estimates to be the fair value of the membership interests, plus interest, accompanied by:
- 29a.The limited liability company's closing balance sheet and statement of income30for a fiscal year ending not more than sixteen months before the effective

1		date of the limited liability company action, together with the latest available
2		interim financial statements;
3		b. An estimate by the limited liability company of the fair value of the
4		membership interests and a brief description of the method used to reach the
5		estimate; and
6		c. A copy of section 10-32-54, this section, and, if applicable, subsections 2 and
7		3 of section 10-32-131.
8	7.	The limited liability company may withhold the remittance described in
9		subsection 6 from a person who was not a member on the date the action
10		dissented from was first announced to the public. If the dissenter has complied
11		with subsections 3, 4, and 5, the limited liability company shall forward to the
12		dissenter the materials described in subsection 6, a statement of the reason for
13		withholding the remittance, and an offer to pay to the dissenter the amount listed in
14		the materials if the dissenter agrees to accept that amount in full satisfaction. The
15		dissenter may decline the offer and demand payment under subsection 8. Failure
16		to do so entitles the dissenter only to the amount offered. If the dissenter makes
17		demand, subsections 9 and 10 apply.
18	8.	If a dissenter believes that the amount remitted under subsections 5, 6, and 7 is
19		less than the fair value of the membership interests plus interest, the dissenter
20		may give written notice to the limited liability company of the dissenter's own
21		estimate of the fair value of the membership interests, plus interest, within thirty
22		days after the limited liability company mails the remittance under subsections 5, 6,
23		and 7, and demand payment of the difference. Otherwise, a dissenter is entitled
24		only to the amount remitted by the limited liability company.
25	9.	If the limited liability company receives a demand under subsection 8, it shall,
26		within sixty days after receiving the demand, either pay to the dissenter the amount
27		demanded or agreed to by the dissenter after discussion with the limited liability
28		company or file in court a petition requesting that the court determine the fair value
29		of the membership interests, plus interest. The petition must be filed in the county
30		in which the registered office of the limited liability company is located, except that
31		a surviving foreign corporation that receives a demand relating to the membership

1 interests of a constituent limited liability company shall file the petition in the county 2 in this state in which the last registered office of the constituent limited liability 3 company was located. The petition must name as parties all dissenters who have 4 demanded payment under subsection 8 and who have not reached agreement 5 with the limited liability company. The limited liability company shall, after filing the 6 petition, serve all parties with a summons and copy of the petition under the rules 7 of civil procedure. Nonresidents of this state may be served by registered or 8 certified mail or by publication as provided by law. Except as otherwise provided, 9 the rules of civil procedure apply to this proceeding. The jurisdiction of the court is 10 plenary and exclusive. The court may appoint appraisers, with powers and 11 authorities the court considers proper, to receive evidence on and recommend the 12 amount of the fair value of the membership interests. The court shall determine 13 whether the member or members in question have fully complied with the 14 requirements of this section and shall determine the fair value of the membership 15 interests, taking into account any and all factors the court finds relevant, computed 16 by any method or combination of methods that the court, in its discretion, sees fit 17 to use, whether or not used by the limited liability company or by a dissenter. The 18 fair value of the membership interests as determined by the court is binding on all 19 members, wherever located. A dissenter is entitled to judgment for the amount by 20 which the fair value of the membership interests as determined by the court, plus 21 interest, exceeds the amount, if any, remitted under subsections 5, 6, and 7, but is 22 not liable to the limited liability company for the amount, if any, by which the 23 amount, if any, remitted to the dissenter under subsection 5 exceeds the fair value 24 of the membership interests as determined by the court, plus interest. 25 10. The court shall determine the costs and expenses of a proceeding under

subsection 9, including the reasonable expenses and compensation of any
appraisers appointed by the court, and shall assess those costs and expenses
against the limited liability company, except that the court may assess part or all of
those costs and expenses against a dissenter whose action in demanding
payment is found to be arbitrary, vexatious, or not in good faith.

1	11.	If the	e cour	t finds that the limited liability company has failed to comply substantially
2		with	this s	ection, the court may assess all fees and expenses of any experts or
3		atto	meys	as the court considers equitable. These fees and expenses may also be
4		asse	essed	against a person who has acted arbitrarily, vexatiously, or not in good
5		faith	in briı	nging the proceeding, and may be awarded to a party injured by those
6		actio	ons.	
7	12.	The	court	may award, in its discretion, fees and expenses to an attorney for the
8		diss	enters	out of the amount awarded to the dissenters, if any.
9	13.	Whe	en an a	assignment of some or all of the financial rights of a membership interest
10		is in	effect	, then as to that membership interest the provisions of subsections 1
11		thro	ugh 12	2 must be followed subject to the following revisions:
12		a.	All rig	hts to be exercised and actions to be taken by a member under
13			subse	ection 2 must be taken by the member and not by any assignee of the
14			mem	ber's financial rights. As between the limited liability company and the
15			assig	nees, the actions taken or omitted by the member bind the assignees.
16		b.	Instea	ad of remitting a payment under subsection 6, the limited liability
17			comp	any shall forward to the dissenter member:
18			(1)	An offer to pay the fair value of the membership interests with that
19				amount to be allocated among and paid to the member and the
20				assignees of financial rights according to the terms of the assignments
21				reflected in the required records; and
22			(2)	A statement of that allocation.
23		C.	If the	dissenter member accepts the amount of the offer made under
24			subdi	ivision b but disputes the allocation, the dissenter shall promptly so notify
25			the lir	mited liability company and promptly after the notification bring an action
26			to de	termine the proper allocation. The suit must be filed in the county in
27			which	the registered office of the limited liability company is located, or in the
28			case	of a surviving foreign corporation that is complying with this section
29			follow	ving a merger or an exchange with a constituent limited liability company
30			the s	uit must be filed in the county in this state in which the last registered
31			office	of the constituent limited liability company was located. The suit must

1			name	e as parties the member, the limited liability company, and all assignees
2			of the	e member's financial rights. Upon being served with the action, the
3			limite	d liability company shall promptly pay into the court the amount offered
4			unde	r subdivision b and shall then be dismissed from the action.
5		d.	If the	dissenter considers the amount offered under subdivision b inadequate,
6			the d	issenter may decline the offer and demand payment under subsection 8.
7			If the	dissenter makes demand, subsections 9 and 10 apply, with the court
8			havir	ng jurisdiction also to determine the correctness of the allocation.
9		e.	If the	member fails to take action under either subdivision c or d, then:
10			(1)	As to the limited liability company, both the member and the assignees
11				of the member's financial rights are limited to the amount and allocation
12				offered under subdivision b; and
13			(2)	The limited liability company discharges its obligation of payment by
14				making payment according to the amount and allocation offered under
15				subdivision b.
16	SEC	TIO	N 138.	AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-56 of the North Dakota Century Code is
17	amended ar	nd re	enacte	ed as follows:
18	10-3	2-56	. Aut	horization, form, and acceptance of contributions.
19	1.	Sub	ject to	any restrictions in the articles of organization and only when authorized
20		by t	he boa	ard of governors, a limited liability company may accept contributions
21		und	er sub	sections 2 and 3, make contribution agreements under section 10-32-58,
22		and	make	contribution allowance agreements under section 10-32-59.
23	2.	Ap	erson i	may make a contribution to a limited liability company by paying money
24		or ti	ansfer	ring the ownership of an interest in property to the limited liability
25		com	npany	for rendering services to or for the benefit of the limited liability company.
26	3.	No	purpor	ted contribution is to be treated or considered as a contribution, unless:
27		a.	The b	poard of governors accepts the contribution on behalf of the limited
28			liabili	ty company and in that acceptance describes the contribution and states
29			the v	alue being accorded to the contribution; and
30		b.	The f	act of contribution and the contribution's accorded value are both
31			reflec	cted in the required records of the limited liability company.

1	4.	The determinations of the board of governors as to the amount or fair value or the
2		fairness to the limited liability company of the contribution accepted or to be
3		accepted by the limited liability company or the terms of payment or performance,
4		including under a contribution agreement in section 10-32-58, and a contribution
5		allowance agreement in section 10-32-59, are presumed to be proper if they are
6		made in good faith and on the basis of accounting methods, or a fair valuation or
7		other method, reasonable in the circumstances. Governors who are present and
8		entitled to vote, and who, intentionally or without reasonable investigation, fail to
9		vote against approving a consideration that is unfair to the limited liability company,
10		or overvalue property or services received or to be received by the limited liability
11		company as a contribution, are jointly and severally liable to the limited liability
12		company for the benefit of the then members who did not consent to and are
13		damaged by the action, to the extent of the damages of those members. A
14		governor against whom a claim is asserted pursuant to this subsection, except in
15		case of knowing participation in a deliberate fraud, is entitled to contribution on an
16		equitable basis from other governors who are liable under this subsection.
17	5.	All the membership interests of a limited liability company must:
18		a. Be of one class, without series, unless the articles of organization establish,
19		or authorize the board of governors to establish, more than one class or
20		series within classes;
21		b. Be ordinary membership interests entitled to vote as provided in section
22		10-32-45, and have equal rights and preferences in all matters not otherwise
23		provided for by the board of governors unless and to the extent that the
24		articles of organization have fixed the relative rights and preferences of
25		different classes and series; and
26		c. Share profits and losses as provided in section 10-32-36 and be entitled to
27		distributions as provided in sections 10-32-60 and 10-32-61 and subdivision c
28		of subsection 1 of section 10-32-131.
29	6.	Subject to any restrictions in the articles of organization, the power granted in
30		subsection 5 may be exercised by a resolution approved by the affirmative vote of
31		a majority of the directors present establishing a class or series, setting forth the

- designation of the class or series, and fixing the relative rights and preferences of
 the class or series <u>established in the articles of organization or by resolution of the</u>
 <u>board of governors.</u>
- 4 7. A statement executed by a manager setting forth the name of the limited liability 5 company and the text of the resolution and certifying the adoption of the resolution 6 and the date of adoption must be filed with the secretary of state together with the 7 fees provided in section 10-32-150 before the acceptance of any contributions for 8 which the resolution creates rights or preferences not set forth in the articles of 9 organization. The resolution is effective when the statement has been filed with 10 the secretary of state unless the statement specifies a later effective date within 11 thirty days of filing the statement with the secretary of state.
- Without limiting the authority granted in this section, a limited liability company may
 have membership interests of a class or series:
- a. Subject to the right of the limited liability company to redeem any of those
 membership interests at the price fixed for their redemption by the articles of
 organization or by the board of governors;
- b. Entitling the members to cumulative, partially cumulative, or noncumulative
 distributions;
- c. Having preference over any class or series of membership interests for the
 payment of distributions of any or all kinds;
- 21d.Convertible into membership interests of any other class or any series of the22same or another class; or
- e. Having full, partial, or no voting rights, except as provided in section 10-32-17.

SECTION 139. AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-58 of the North Dakota Century Code is
 amended and reenacted as follows:

26

10-32-58. Contribution agreements.

- A contribution agreement, whether made before or after the formation of the limited
 liability company, is not enforceable against the would-be contributor unless it is in
 writing and signed by the would-be contributor.
- 30 2. A <u>Unless otherwise provided in the contribution agreement, or unless all of the</u>
 31 would-be contributors and, if in existence, the limited liability company, consent to

- <u>a shorter or longer period, a</u> contribution agreement is irrevocable for a period of
 six months unless the contribution agreement provides for, or unless all other
 would be contributors who are a party to a contribution consent to, an earlier
 revocation.
- 5 A contribution agreement, whether made before or after the formation of a limited 3. 6 liability company, must be paid or performed in full at the time or times, or in the 7 installments, if any, specified in the contribution agreement. In the absence of a 8 provision in the contribution agreement specifying the time at which the 9 contribution is to be paid or performed, the contribution must be paid or performed 10 at the time or times determined by the board of governors, but a call made by the 11 board of governors for payment or performance on contributions must be uniform 12 for all membership interests of the same class or for all membership interests of 13 the same series.
- 14 Unless otherwise provided in the contribution agreement, in the event of default in 4. 15 the payment or performance of an installment or call when due, the limited liability 16 company may proceed to collect the amount due in the same manner as a debt 17 due the limited liability company or, if the amount due remains unpaid for a period 18 of twenty days after written notice of demand for payment has been given to the 19 delinquent would be contributor, the board of governors may declare a forfeiture of 20 the contribution agreement or cancel it in accordance with this subsection. If a 21 would-be contributor does not make a required contribution of property or services, 22 the limited liability company shall require the would-be contributor to contribute 23 cash equal to that portion of the value, as stated in the limited liability company 24 required records, of the contribution that has not been made.
- 5. Upon forfeiture of a contribution agreement <u>If the amount due under a contribution</u>
 agreement remains unpaid for a period of twenty days after the written notice of
 demand for payment has been given to the delinquent would-be contributor, the
 membership interests that were subject to the contribution agreement may be
 offered for sale by the limited liability company for a price in money equaling or
 exceeding the sum of the full balance owed by the delinquent would-be contributor
 plus the expenses incidental to the sale. Any excess of net proceeds realized by

1		the	limitee	Hiability company over the sum of the amount owed by the delinquent		
2		wou	would be contributor plus the expenses incidental to the sale must be paid to the			
3		deli	delinquent would be contributor or to a legal representative. The payment must			
4		not	excee	d the amount of contribution actually made by the delinquent would be		
5		con	tributo	f.		
6		<u>a.</u>	<u>If the</u>	membership interests that were subject to the contribution agreement		
7			<u>are s</u>	old pursuant to this subsection, the limited liability company shall pay to		
8			<u>the d</u>	elinquent would-be contributor or to the delinquent would-be contributor's		
9			repre	esentatives the lesser of:		
10			<u>(1)</u>	The excess of net proceeds realized by the limited liability company		
11				over the sum of the amount owed by the delinquent would-be		
12				contributor plus the expenses incidental to the sales; or		
13			<u>(2)</u>	The amount actually paid by the delinquent would-be contributor.		
14		<u>b.</u>	If the	membership interests that were subject to the contribution agreement		
15			<u>are n</u>	ot sold pursuant to this subsection, the limited liability company may		
16			<u>colle</u>	ct the amount due in the same manner as a debt due to the limited		
17			<u>liabili</u>	ty company or cancel the contribution agreement pursuant to		
18			<u>subs</u>	ection 6.		
19	6.	lf, v	vithin t	wenty days after the limited liability company offers to sell the		
20		mei	mbersł	nip interests that were subject to the defaulted contribution agreement,		
21		no (ərospe	ctive purchaser offers to purchase the membership interests for a money		
22		pric	e suffi	cient to pay the sum of the full balance owed by the delinquent would-be		
23		con	tributo	r plus the expenses incidental to the sale, or if the limited liability		
24		con	npany	has refunded to the would be contributor or a legal representative a		
25		por	tion of	the contribution agreement price actually paid, the contribution		
26		agr	eemen	t may be canceled and the limited liability company may retain the		
27		por	tion of	the contribution agreement price actually paid that does not exceed ten		
28		per	cent of	the contribution agreement price. If the amount due under a		
29		<u>con</u>	tributic	on agreement remains unpaid for a period of twenty days after written		
30		<u>noti</u>	ce of c	lemand for payment has been given to the delinquent would-be		
31		<u>con</u>	tributo	r and the membership interests that were subject to the contribution		

1		agr	eement have not been sold pursuant to subsection 5, the limited liability		
2		<u>cor</u>	company:		
3		<u>a.</u>	May cancel the contribution agreement;		
4		<u>b.</u>	May retain the portion of the contribution agreement price actually paid that		
5			does not exceed ten percent of the contribution agreement; and		
6		<u>C.</u>	Shall refund to the delinquent would-be contributor or the delinquent would-be		
7			contributor's legal representatives that portion of the contribution agreement		
8			price actually paid that exceeds ten percent of the contribution price.		
9	7.	Αw	ould-be contributor's rights under a contribution agreement may not be		
10		ass	signed, in whole or in part, to a person who was not a member at the time of the		
11		ass	signment, unless all the members approve the assignment by unanimous written		
12		cor	nsent.		
13	SE	стю	N 140. AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-64 of the North Dakota Century Code is		
14	amended a	and re	eenacted as follows:		
15	10-	32-64	4. Limitations on distribution.		
16	1.	The	e board of governors may authorize and cause the limited liability company to		
17		ma	ke a distribution only if the board of governors determines, in accordance with		
18		sub	esection 2, that the limited liability company will be able to pay its debts in the		
19		ord	inary course of business after making the distribution and the board of		
20		gov	vernors does not know before the distribution is made that the determination		
21		was	s or has become erroneous , and the <u>.</u>		
22		<u>a.</u>	The limited liability company may make the distribution if it is able to pay its		
23			debts in the ordinary course of business after making the distribution.		
24		<u>b.</u>	The effect of a distribution on the ability of the limited liability company to pay		
25			its debts in the ordinary course of business after making the distribution must		
26			be measured in accordance with subsection 3.		
27		<u>C.</u>	The right of the board of governors to authorize, and the limited liability		
28			company to make, distributions may be prohibited, limited, or restricted by the		
29			articles of organization or operating agreement or an agreement.		
30	2.	A d	etermination that the limited liability company will be able to pay its debts in the		
31		ord	inary course of business after the distribution is presumed to be proper if the		

- determination is made in compliance with the standard of conduct provided in
 section 10-32-86 on the basis of financial information prepared in accordance with
 accounting methods, or a fair valuation or other method, reasonable in the
 circumstances. No liability under section 10-32-66 or 10-32-86 will accrue if the
 requirements of this subsection have been met.
- 6 3. In the case of a distribution made by a limited liability company in connection with 7 a redemption of its membership interests, the effect of the distribution must be 8 measured as of the date on which money or other property is transferred, or 9 indebtedness payable in installments or otherwise is incurred, by the limited liability 10 company, or as of the date on which the member ceases to be a member of the 11 limited liability company, whichever is the earliest. The effect of any other 12 distribution must be measured as of the date of its authorization if payment occurs 13 one hundred twenty days or less following the date of authorization, or as of the 14 date of payment if payment occurs more than one hundred twenty days following 15 the date of authorization. The provisions of chapter 13-02.1 do not apply to 16 distributions made by a limited liability company governed by this chapter.
- Indebtedness of a limited liability company incurred or issued in a distribution in
 accordance with this section to a member who as a result of the transaction is no
 longer a member is on a parity with the indebtedness of the limited liability
 company to its general unsecured creditors, except to the extent subordinated,
 agreed to, or secured by a pledge of any assets of the limited liability company or a
 related organization, or subject to any other agreement between the limited liability
 company and the member.
- A distribution may be made to the owners of a class or series of membershipinterests only if:
- a. All amounts payable to the owners of membership interests having a
 preference for the payment of that kind of distribution, other than those
 owners who give notice to the limited liability company of their agreement to
 waive their rights to that payment, are paid; and
- 30b.The payment of the distribution does not reduce the remaining net assets of31the limited liability company below the aggregate preferential amount payable

1	in the event of liquidation to the owners of membership interests having
2	preferential rights, unless the distribution is made to those members in the
3	order and to the extent of their respective priorities or the owners of
4	membership interests who do not receive distributions in that order give
5	notice to the limited liability company of their agreement to waive their rights
6	to that distribution.

7 A determination that the payment of the distribution described in subsection 5 does 6. 8 not reduce the remaining net assets of the limited liability company below the 9 aggregate preferential amount payable in the event of termination to the owners of 10 membership interests having preferential rights is presumed to be proper if the 11 determination is made in compliance with the standard of conduct provided in 12 section 10-32-86 on the basis of financial information prepared in accordance with 13 accounting methods, or a fair valuation or other method, reasonable in the 14 circumstances. Liability under section 10-32-66 or 10-32-86 will not arise if the 15 requirements of this subsection are met.

- 6. <u>7.</u> If the money or property available for distribution is insufficient to satisfy all
 preferences, the distributions must be made pro rata according to the order of
 priority of preferences by classes and by series within those classes unless those
 owners who do not receive distributions in that order give notice to the limited
 liability company of their agreement to waive their rights to that distribution.
- 21 **SECTION 141. AMENDMENT.** Section 10-32-66 of the North Dakota Century Code is 22 amended and reenacted as follows:

23 **10-32-66.** Liability of governors for illegal distributions.

241.In addition to any other liabilities, a governor who is present at a meeting and fails25to vote against, or who consents in writing to, a distribution made in violation of26subsections 1 or 4 of section 10-32-64 or a restriction contained in the articles of27organization or operating agreement or an agreement, and who fails to comply28with the standard of conduct provided in section 10-32-86, is liable to the limited29liability company, its receiver or any other person winding up its affairs, jointly and30severally with all other governors so liable and to other governors under

1		subsection 3, but only to the extent that the distribution exceeded the amount that
2		properly could have been paid under section 10-32-64.
3	2.	A governor against whom an action is brought under this section with respect to a
4		distribution may implead in that action all members who received the distribution
5		and may compel pro rata contribution from them in that action to the extent
6		provided in subsection 1 of section 10-32-65.
7	3.	A governor against whom an action is brought under this section with respect to a
8		distribution may implead in that action all other governors who voted for or
9		consented in writing to the distribution and may compel pro rata contribution from
10		them in that action.
11	4.	An action may not be commenced under this section more than two years from the
12		date of the distribution.
13	SEC	CTION 142. AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-67 of the North Dakota Century Code is
14	amended a	nd reenacted as follows:
15	10-3	32-67. Organization.
16	1.	If the first board of governors is not named in the articles of organization, the
17		organizers may elect the first board of governors or may act as governors with all
18		of the powers, rights, duties, and liabilities of governors, until governors are elected
19		or until a contribution is accepted, whichever occurs first.
20	2.	After the issuance of the certificate of organization, the organizers or the governors
21		named in the articles of organization shall either hold an organizational meeting at
22		the call of a majority of the organizers or of the governors named in the articles, or
23		take written action, for the purposes of transacting business and taking actions
24		necessary or appropriate to complete the organization of the limited liability
25		company, including, without limitation, amending the articles, electing governors,
26		adopting an operating agreement, electing managers, adopting banking
27		resolutions, authorizing or ratifying the purchase, lease, or other acquisition of
28		suitable space, furniture, furnishings, supplies, and materials, approving a limited
29		liability company seal, adopting a fiscal year for the limited liability company,
30		contracting to receive and accept contributions, and making any appropriate tax
31		elections.

1		a. If a meeting is held, the person or persons calling the meeting shall give at
2		least three days notice of the meeting to each organizer or governor named,
3		stating the date, time, and place of the meeting.
4		b. Organizers and governors may waive notice of an organizational meeting in
5		the same manner that a governor may waive notice of meetings of the board
6		of governors under subsection 5 of section 10-32-80.
7	SEC	CTION 143. AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-68 of the North Dakota Century Code is
8	amended a	nd reenacted as follows:
9	10-3	32-68. Operating agreement.
10	1.	A limited liability company may, but need not, have an operating agreement. The
11		operating agreement may contain any provision relating to the management of the
12		business or the regulation of the affairs of the limited liability company not
13		inconsistent with law or the articles of organization. An act of the board under
14		subsection 2 and of the members under subsection 3 will be considered part of the
15		operating agreement only if the act expressly states that it is intended to constitute
16		or revise the operating agreement.
17	2.	An initial operating agreement may be adopted pursuant to section 10-32-67 by
18		the organizers or by the first board of governors. Unless reserved by the articles of
19		organization to the members, the power to adopt, amend, or repeal the operating
20		agreement is vested in the board of governors. The power of the board of
21		governors is subject to the power of the members, exercisable in the manner
22		provided in subsection 3, to adopt, amend, or repeal the operating agreement
23		adopted, amended, or repealed by the board of governors. After the adoption of
24		the initial operating agreement, the board of governors may not adopt, amend, or
25		repeal an operating agreement provision fixing a quorum for meetings of members,
26		prescribing procedures for removing governors or filling vacancies in the board of
27		governors, or fixing the number of governors or their classifications, qualifications,
28		or terms of office, but may adopt or amend an operating agreement provision to
29		increase the number of governors.
30	3.	If Unless the articles or operating agreement provides otherwise, members owning
31		five percent or more of the voting power of the members entitled to vote may

	pro	pose a	a resolution for action by the members to adopt, amend, or repeal		
	operating agreement provisions adopted, amended, or repealed by the board of				
	governors and the resolution sets must set forth the provision or provisions				
	pro	posed	for adoption, amendment, or repeal, the limitations and procedures for		
	sub	mitting	g, considering, and adopting the resolution are the same as provided in		
	sub	sectio	ns 2 through 4 of section 10-32-16, for amendment of the articles of		
	org	anizati	on. The articles or operating agreement may impose different or		
	ado	ditional	requirements for the members to adopt, amend, or repeal the operating		
	agr	eemer	<u>nt.</u>		
SE	стю	N 144	AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-72 of the North Dakota Century Code is		
amended a	and re	enact	ed as follows:		
10-	32-72	2. Ter	ms.		
<u>1.</u>	<u>Wit</u>	h resp	ect to length of terms:		
	<u>a.</u>	Unle	ss fixed terms are provided for in the articles or operating agreement, a		
		gove	rnor serves for an indefinite term that expires at the next regular meeting		
		of th	e members.		
		<u>(1)</u>	A fixed term of a governor, other than an ex officio governor, must not		
			exceed five years. A governor holds office for the term for which the		
			governor was elected and until a successor is elected and has		
			qualified, or until the earlier death, resignation, removal, or		
			disqualification of the governor.		
		<u>(2)</u>	An ex officio governor serves as long as the governor holds the office		
			or position designated in the articles or operating agreement.		
	<u>b.</u>	<u>Unle</u>	ss the articles or operating agreement provides otherwise, a governor		
		holds	s office until expiration of the term for which the governor was elected or		
		appo	inted and until a successor is elected and has qualified or until the earlier		
		deat	h, resignation, removal, or disqualification of the governor.		
	<u>C.</u>	<u>A de</u>	crease in the number of governors or term of office does not shorten an		
		incur	mbent director's term.		
	amended a 10-	ope gov pro sub sub org add agr SECTIO amended and re 10-32-72 1. Wit a. b.	operating governors proposed submitting subsectio organizati additional agreemen SECTION 144 amended and reenact 10-32-72. Ter 1. $With$ resp a. Unle gove of th (1) (2) b. Unle holds appo deat c. A de		

1		d. Except as provided in the articles or operating agreement, the term of a
2		governor filling a vacancy expires at the end of the unexpired term that the
3		director is filling.
4	<u>2.</u>	The articles or operating agreement may provide for staggering the terms of
5		governors by dividing the total number of governors into groups.
6	SEC	CTION 145. AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-77 of the North Dakota Century Code is
7	amended a	nd reenacted as follows:
8	10-3	32-77. Resignation.
9	<u>1.</u>	A governor may resign at any time by giving written notice to the limited liability
10		company. The resignation is effective without acceptance when the notice is given
11		to the limited liability company, unless a later effective time is specified in the
12		notice.
13	<u>2.</u>	If a resignation is made effective at a later time, the board may fill the pending
14		vacancy before the effective time if the board of governors provides that the
15		successor does not take office until the effective time.
16	SEC	CTION 146. AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-78 of the North Dakota Century Code is
17	amended a	nd reenacted as follows:
18	10-3	32-78. Removal Nonjudicial removal of governors.
19	1.	The provisions of this section apply unless modified by the articles of organization
20		or the operating agreement.
21	2.	A governor may be removed at any time, with or without cause, if:
22		a. The governor was named by the board of governors to fill a vacancy;
23		b. The members have not elected governors in the interval between the time of
24		the appointment to fill a vacancy and the time of the removal; and
25		c. A majority of the remaining governors present affirmatively votes to remove
26		the governor.
27	3.	Any one or all of the governors may be removed at any time, with or without cause,
28		by the affirmative vote of the owners of the proportion of the voting power of the
29		membership interests of the classes or series the governor represents sufficient to
30		elect them. If less than the entire board of governors is to be removed, no one of
31		the governors may be removed if the votes cast against the governor's removal

1		which, if then cumulatively voted at the election of the entire board of governors, or
2		if there be classes of governors at an election of the class of governors of which
3		the governor is a part, would be sufficient to elect the governor. Whenever the
4		members of any class are entitled to elect one or more governors by the provisions
5		of the articles of the organization, the provisions of this section apply, in respect to
6		the removal of a governor or governors so elected, to the vote of the members of
7		that class and not to the vote of the members as a whole.
8	4.	New governors may be elected at a meeting at which governors are removed.
9	SE	CTION 147. Section 10-32-78.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and
10	enacted as	follows:
11	<u>10-</u>	32-78.1. Removal of governors by judicial proceeding.
12	<u>1.</u>	The district court of the county where the principal executive office of a limited
13		liability company is located may remove any governor of the limited liability
14		company from office in a proceeding commenced either by the limited liability
15		company, its members holding at least ten percent of the voting power of any class
16		of membership interests, or the attorney general, if the court finds that:
17		a. The governor engaged in fraudulent, dishonest conduct, or gross abuse of
18		authority or discretion with respect to the limited liability company or a final
19		judgment has been entered finding that the governor has violated section
20		<u>10-33-86; and</u>
21		b. Removal is in the best interest of the limited liability company.
22	<u>2.</u>	The court that removes a governor may bar the governor from serving on the
23		board of governors for a period prescribed by the court.
24	<u>3.</u>	If members or the attorney general commence a proceeding under subsection a,
25		then the limited liability company shall be made a party defendant.
26	SE	CTION 148. AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-79 of the North Dakota Century Code is
27	amended a	ind reenacted as follows:
28	10-	32-79. Vacancies.
29	1.	Unless different rules for filling vacancies are provided for in the articles or
30		operating agreement:

1			a.	Vacancies on the board of governors resulting from the death, resignation,
2				removal, or disqualification of a governor may be filled by the affirmative vote
3				of a majority of the remaining governors, even though less than a quorum;
4				and
5			b.	Vacancies on the board of governors resulting from newly created
6				governorships may be filled by the affirmative vote of a majority of the
7				governors serving at the time of the increase.
8	2	2.	Each	n governor elected under this section to fill a vacancy holds office until a
9			qual	ified successor is elected by the members at the next regular or special
10			mee	ting of the members.
11	3	<u>3.</u>	<u>A va</u>	cancy that will occur at a specific later date may be filled before the vacancy
12			<u>occu</u>	irs but the new governor may not take office until the vacancy occurs.
13	5	SEC	TION	149. AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-80 of the North Dakota Century Code is
14	amende	d ar	nd ree	enacted as follows:
15	1	0-3	2-80.	Board of governors meetings.
16	1		Mee	tings of the board of governors may be held from time to time as provided in
17			the a	articles of organization or operating agreement at any place within or without
18			the s	state that the board of governors may select or by any means described in
19			subs	section 2. If the articles, operating agreement, or board of governors fails to
20			sele	ct a place for a meeting, the meeting must be held at the principal executive
21			office	e, unless the articles or operating agreement provide otherwise.
22	2	2.	A bo	ard of governors meeting may be conducted by:
23			a.	A conference among governors using any means of communication through
24				which the governors may simultaneously hear each other during the
25				conference constitutes a board of governors meeting, if the same notice is
26				given of the conference as would be required by subsection 3 for a meeting,
27				and if the number of governors participating in the conference would be
28				sufficient to constitute is a quorum at a meeting. Participation in a meeting by
29				that this means constitutes personal presence in person at the meeting; or
30			b.	By any means of communication through which the governor, other governors
31				so participating, and all governors physically present at the meeting may

- simultaneously hear each other during the meeting. Participation in a
 meeting by that this means constitutes personal presence in person at the
 meeting.
- Unless the articles of organization or operating agreement provide for a different
 time period, a governor may call a board meeting by giving <u>at least</u> ten days' notice
 or, in the case of organizational meetings under subsection 2 of section 10-32-67,
 <u>at least three days' notice</u> to all governors of the date, time, and place of the
 meeting. The notice need not state the purpose of the meeting unless the articles
 or operating agreement require it.
- If the day or date, time, and place of a board of governors meeting have been
 provided in the articles or operating agreement, or announced at a previous
 meeting of the board of governors, no notice is required. Notice of an adjourned
 meeting need not be given other than by announcement at the meeting at which
 adjournment is taken.
- 5. A governor may waive notice of a meeting of the board of governors. A waiver of
 notice by a governor entitled to notice is effective whether given before, at, or after
 the meeting, and whether given in writing, or by attendance. Attendance by a
 governor at a meeting is a waiver of notice of that meeting, except where the
 governor objects at the beginning of the meeting to the transaction of business
 because the meeting is not lawfully called or convened and does not participate in
 the meeting after the objection.
- SECTION 150. AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-81 of the North Dakota Century Code is
 amended and reenacted as follows:

10-32-81. Absent governors. If the articles of organization or operating agreement so provide, a governor may give advance written consent or opposition to a proposal to be acted on at a board of governors meeting. If the governor is not present at the meeting, consent or opposition to a proposal does not constitute presence for purposes of determining the existence of a quorum, but consent or opposition must be counted as a <u>the</u> vote <u>of a governor</u> <u>present at the meeting</u> in favor of or against the proposal and must be entered in the minutes or other record of action at the meeting, if the proposal acted on at the meeting is substantially the

same or has substantially the same effect as the proposal to which the governor has consented
 or objected.

3 SECTION 151. AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-83 of the North Dakota Century Code is
4 amended and reenacted as follows:

5 **10-32-83.** Act of the board of governors. The board of governors shall take action by the affirmative vote of the greater of a majority of governors present at a duly held meeting at 6 7 the time the action is taken or a majority of the minimum proportion or number of governors that 8 would constitute a quorum for the transaction of business at a meeting, except where this 9 chapter or the articles require the affirmative vote of a larger proportion or number. If the 10 articles require a larger proportion or number than is required by this chapter for a particular 11 action, the articles control. 12 SECTION 152. AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-84 of the North Dakota Century Code is 13 amended and reenacted as follows: 14 10-32-84. Action without a meeting. 15 1. An action required or permitted to be taken at a board of governors meeting may 16 be taken by written action signed by all of the governors. If the articles so provide, 17 any action, other than an action requiring member approval, may be taken by 18 written action signed by the number of governors that would be required to take 19 the same action at a meeting of the board of governors at which all governors were 20 present. 21 2. The written action is effective when signed by the required number of governors, 22 unless a different effective time is provided in the written action. 23 3. When written action is permitted to be taken by less than all governors, all 24 governors must be notified immediately of its text and effective date. Failure to 25 provide the notice does not invalidate the written action. A governor who does not 26 sign or consent to the written action has no liability for the action or actions taken

27 thereby.

28 SECTION 153. AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-85 of the North Dakota Century Code is
 29 amended and reenacted as follows:

30 **10-32-85. Committees.**

1	1.	A resolution approved by the affirmative vote of a majority of the board of
2		governors may establish committees having the authority of the board in the
3		management of the business of the limited liability company only to the extent
4		provided in the resolution. Committees may include a special litigation committee
5		consisting of one or more independent governors or other independent persons to
6		consider legal rights or remedies of the limited liability company and whether those
7		rights and remedies should be pursued. Committees other than special litigation
8		committees are subject at all times to the direction and control of the board of
9		governors.
10	2.	Committee members must be individuals. Unless the articles or operating
11		agreement provide for a different membership or manner of appointment, a
12		committee consists of one or more persons, who need not be governors,
13		appointed by affirmative vote of a majority of the governors present the board.

- Sections 10-32-80 through 10-32-84 apply to committees and members of
 committees to the same extent as those sections apply to the board of governors
 and governors.
- Minutes, if any, of committee meetings must be made available upon request to
 members of the committee and to any governor.
- The establishment of, delegation of authority to, and action by a committee does
 not alone constitute compliance by a governor with the standard of conduct set
 forth in section 10-32-86.
- Committee members are considered to be governors for purposes of sections
 10-32-86, 10-32-87, and 10-32-99.

SECTION 154. AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-86 of the North Dakota Century Code is
 amended and reenacted as follows:

26

10-32-86. Standard of conduct for governors.

A governor shall discharge the duties of the position of governor in good faith, in a
 manner the governor reasonably believes to be in the best interests of the limited
 liability company, and with the care an ordinarily prudent person in a like position
 would exercise under similar circumstances. A person who so performs those

1		duties is not liable by reason of being or having been a governor of the limited
2		liability company.
3	2.	A governor is entitled to rely on information, opinions, reports, or statements,
4		including financial statements and other financial data, in each case prepared or
5		presented by:
6		a. One or more managers or employees of the limited liability company whom
7		the governor reasonably believes to be reliable and competent in the matters
8		presented;
9		b. Counsel, public accountants, or other persons as to matters that the governor
10		reasonably believes are within the person's professional or expert
11		competence; or
12		c. A committee of the board of governors upon which the governor does not
13		serve, duly established in accordance with section 10-32-85, as to matters
14		within its designated authority, if the governor reasonably believes the
15		committee to merit confidence.
16	3.	Subsection 2 does not apply to a governor who has knowledge concerning the
17		matter in question that makes the reliance otherwise permitted by subsection 2
18		unwarranted.
19	4.	A governor who is present at a meeting of the board of governors when an action
20		is approved by the affirmative vote of a majority of the governors present is
21		presumed to have assented to the action approved, unless the governor:
22		a. Objects at the beginning of the meeting to the transaction of business
23		because the meeting is not lawfully called or convened and does not
24		participate in the meeting after the objection, in which case the governor is
25		not considered to be present at the meeting for any purpose of this chapter;
26		b. Votes against the action at the meeting; or
27		c. Is prohibited by section 10-32-87 from voting on the action by the articles; by
28		the operating agreement; as the result of the decision to approve, ratify, or
29		authorize a transaction pursuant to section 10-32-87; or by a conflict of
30		interest policy adopted by the board.

1	5.	A governor's personal liability to the limited liability company or its members for
2		monetary damages for breach of fiduciary duty as a governor may be eliminated or
3		limited in the articles of organization. The articles may not eliminate or limit the
4		liability of a governor:
5		a. For any breach of the governor's duty of loyalty to the limited liability company
6		or its members;
7		b. For acts or omissions not in good faith or that involve intentional misconduct
8		or a knowing violation of law;
9		c. Under section 10-32-66;
10		d. For any transaction from which the governor derived an improper personal
11		benefit; or
12		e. For any act or omission occurring before the date when the provision in the
13		articles of organization eliminating or limiting liability becomes effective.
14	6.	In discharging the duties of the position of governor, a governor may, in
15		considering the best interests of the limited liability company, consider the interests
16		of the limited liability company's employees, customers, suppliers, and creditors,
17		the economy of the state and nation, community and societal considerations, and
18		the long-term as well as short-term interests of the limited liability company and its
19		members including the possibility that these interests may be best served by the
20		continued independence of the limited liability company.
21	SEC	CTION 155. AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-87 of the North Dakota Century Code is
22	amended a	nd reenacted as follows:
23	10-3	2-87. Governor conflicts of interest.
24	1.	A contract or other transaction between a limited liability company and one or more
25		of its governors, or between a limited liability company and an organization in or of
26		which one or more of its governors are governors, directors, managers, officers, or
27		legal representatives or a member of the family of the governor; a director of a
28		related organization or a member of the family of a director of a related
29		organization; or an organization in or of which the limited liability company's
30		governor or a member of the family of the governor is a governor, director,
31		manager, officer, or legal representative or have has a material financial interest, is

1		not void or voidable because the governor or governors or the other organizations			
2		are parties organization is a party or because the governor or governors are is			
3		present at the meeting of the members or the board of governors or a committee at			
4		which the contract or transaction is authorized, approved, or ratified, if at least one			
5		of the requirements of subsection 2 is satisfied.			
6	<u>2.</u>	The contract or transaction described in subsection 1 is not void or voidable if:			
7		a. The contract or transaction was, and the person asserting the validity of the			
8		contract or transaction sustains the burden of establishing that the contract or			
9		transaction was, fair and reasonable as to the limited liability company at the			
10		time it was authorized, approved, or ratified;			
11		b. The material facts as to the contract or transaction and as to the manager's			
12		interest are fully disclosed or known to the members and the contract or			
13		transaction is approved in good faith by the holders of a majority of the			
14		membership interests, but membership interests owned by the interested			
15		governor may not be counted in determining the presence of a quorum and			
16		may not be voted:			
17		(1) The owners of two-thirds of the voting power of membership interests			
18		entitled to vote that are owned by persons other than the interested			
19		governor; or			
20		(2) The unanimous affirmative vote of all members, whether or not entitled			
21		to vote;			
22		c. The material facts as to the contract or transaction and as to the governor's			
23		interest are fully disclosed or known to the board of governors or a committee,			
24		and the board of governors or committee authorizes, approves, or ratifies the			
25		contract or transaction in good faith by a majority of the board of governors or			
26		committee, but the interested governor is not counted in determining the			
27		presence of a quorum and may not vote; or			
28		d. The contract or transaction is a distribution described in subsection 1 of			
29		section 10-32-64 or a merger or exchange described in subsection 1 or 2 of			
30		section 10-32-100.			
31	2. <u>3.</u>	For purposes of this section:			

1	a. A governor does not have a material financial interest in a resolution fixing the						
2		compensation of the governor or fixing the compensation of another governor					
3		as a governor, manager, employee, or agent of the limited liability company,					
4	even though the first governor is also receiving compensation from the limited						
5		liability company; and					
6	b.	A governor has a material financial interest in each organization in which the					
7		governor, or the spouse, parents, children and spouses of children, brothers					
8		and sisters and spouses of brothers and sisters of the governor, or any					
9		combination of them have or a member of the family of the governor, has a					
10		material financial interest. A "member of the family" of the governor is a					
11		spouse, parent, child, child of a spouse, brother, sister, or the spouse of any					
12		of these individuals.					
13	<u>4.</u> <u>Tr</u>	ne procedures described under subdivisions a, b, and c of subsection 2 are not					
14	re	quired if the contract or transaction is between related parties.					
15	SECTIO	ON 156. AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-88 of the North Dakota Century Code is					
16	amended and	reenacted as follows:					
17	10-32-8	38. Managers. A limited liability company must consist of one or more					
18	individuals <u>eig</u> l	nteen years of age or more, and exercising the functions of the offices, however					
19	designated, of	president and treasurer and may have one or more vice presidents and a					
20	secretary, as n	nay be provided in the operating agreement. Any other managers, assistant					
21	managers, and	l agents, as necessary, may be elected or appointed by the board of governors					
22	or chosen in such other manner as may be provided in the operating agreement.						
23	SECTIO	ON 157. AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-89 of the North Dakota Century Code is					
24	amended and	reenacted as follows:					
25	10-32-8	39. Duties of managers and agents. <u>Unless the articles, operating agreement,</u>					
26	or a resolution	adopted by the board of governors and not inconsistent with the articles or					
27	operating agre	ement, provides otherwise, the managers shall have the following duties:					
28	1. U i	nless the articles of organization or the operating agreement provides otherwise,					
29	th	e <u>The</u> president shall:					
30	a.	Have general active management for the business of the limited liability					
31	company;						

1		b.	When present, preside at all meetings of the board of governors and of the
2			members;
3		C.	See that all orders and resolutions of the board of governors are carried into
4			effect;
5		d.	Sign and deliver in the name of the limited liability company any deeds,
6			mortgages, bonds, contracts, or other instruments pertaining to the business
7			of the limited liability company, except in cases in which the authority to sign
8			and deliver is required by law to be exercised by another person or is
9			expressly delegated by the articles or operating agreement or the board of
10			governors to some other manager or agent of the limited liability company;
11		e.	Maintain records of and, whenever necessary, certify all proceedings of the
12			board of governors and members; and
13		f.	Perform other duties prescribed by the board of governors.
14	2.	Unle	ess the articles of organization or the operating agreement provides otherwise,
15		the]	The vice president, if any, or if there is more than one, the vice presidents in
16		the c	order determined by the board of governors shall:
17		<u>a.</u>	In the absence or disability of the president, perform the duties and exercise
18			the powers of the president; and
19		<u>b.</u>	Perform other duties and have other powers as the board of governors may
20			from time to time prescribe.
21	<u>3.</u>	<u>The</u>	treasurer shall:
22		a.	Keep accurate financial records for the limited liability company;
23		b.	Deposit all money, drafts, and checks in the name of and to the credit of the
24			limited liability company in the banks and depositories designated by the
25			board of governors;
26		C.	Endorse for deposit all notes, checks, and drafts received by the limited
27			liability company as ordered by the board of governors, making proper
28			vouchers for them;
29		d.	Disburse limited liability company funds and issue checks and drafts in the
30			name of the limited liability company, as ordered by the board of governors;

Fifty-fifth

Legislative Assembly

1	e. Give to the president and the board of governors, whenever requested, an							
2	account of all transactions by the treasurer and of the financial condition of							
3		the limited liability company; and						
4		f. Perform other duties prescribed by the board of governors or by the						
5		president.						
6	3. <u>4.</u>	The secretary, if any, shall:						
7		a. Attend all meetings of the board of governors, all meetings of the members,						
8		and, when required, all meetings of standing committees;						
9		b. Record all proceedings of the meetings;						
10		c. Give, or cause to be given, notice of all meetings of the members and						
11		meetings of the board of governors; and						
12		d. Perform other duties prescribed by the board of governors.						
13	<u>5.</u>	Any other managers and agents of the limited liability company, as between						
14	themselves and the limited liability company, have the authority and shall perform							
15	the duties in the management of the limited liability company as may be provided							
16	in the articles of organization or the operating agreement, or as may be determined							
17	by resolution of the board not inconsistent with the articles of organization or the							
18	8 operating agreement.							
19	19 SECTION 158. AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-91 of the North Dakota Century Code is							
20	amended a	nd reenacted as follows:						
21	1 10-32-91. Multiple managerial positions. Any number of managerial positions or							
22	2 functions of those positions may be held or exercised by the same person individual. If a							
23	document must be signed by persons individuals holding different positions or functions and a							
24	24 person an individual holds or exercises more than one of those positions or functions, that							
25	5 person individual may sign the document in more than one capacity, but only if the document							
26	6 indicates each capacity in which the person individual signs.							
27	SEC	CTION 159. AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-92 of the North Dakota Century Code is						
28	amended a	nd reenacted as follows:						
29	10-32-92. Managers deemed elected. In the absence of an election or appointment							
	_							

30 of managers by the board of governors, the person individual or persons individuals exercising

1 the functions of the principal managers of the limited liability company are deemed to have

2 been elected to those offices.

3 SECTION 160. AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-93 of the North Dakota Century Code is
4 amended and reenacted as follows:

5 **10-32-93. Contract rights.** The election or appointment of a person <u>an individual</u> as a 6 manager or agent does not, of itself, create contract rights. However, a limited liability 7 company may enter into a contract with a manager or agent. The resignation or removal of the 8 manager or agent is without prejudice to any contractual rights or obligations.

- 9 SECTION 161. AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-94 of the North Dakota Century Code is
 10 amended and reenacted as follows:
- 11 **10-32-94.** Resignation, removal, and vacancy.
- A manager may resign at any time by giving written notice to the limited liability
 company. The resignation is effective without acceptance when the notice is given
 to the limited liability company, unless a later effective date is specified in the
 notice.
- A Except as otherwise provided in the articles or operating agreement, a manager
 may be removed at any time, with or without cause, by a resolution approved by
- the affirmative vote of a majority of the governors present, subject to the provisions
 of a member-control agreement. <u>The removal is without prejudice to any</u>
 contractual rights of the officer.
- 213.A vacancy in an office because of death, resignation, removal, er disqualification22or other cause, may, or in the case of the president or treasurer, must be filled for23the unexpired portion of the term in the manner provided in the articles or24operating agreement, or determined by the board of governors, or pursuant to
- 25 section 10-32-92.
- SECTION 162. AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-95 of the North Dakota Century Code is
 amended and reenacted as follows:
- 10-32-95. Delegation. Unless prohibited by the articles or operating agreement or by
 a resolution approved by the affirmative vote of a majority of the governors present adopted by
 the board of governors, a manager elected or appointed by the board of governors may,
- 31 without the approval of the board, delegate some or all of the duties and powers of an office to

other persons individuals. A manager who delegates the duties or powers of an office remains
 subject to the standard of conduct for a manager with respect to the discharge of all duties and
 powers so delegated.

SECTION 163. AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-96 of the North Dakota Century Code is
amended and reenacted as follows:

6 **10-32-96. Standard of conduct <u>for managers</u>.** A manager shall discharge the duties 7 of an office in good faith, in a manner the manager reasonably believes to be in the best 8 interests of the limited liability company, and with the care an ordinarily prudent person in a like 9 position would exercise under similar circumstances. A person <u>An individual</u> exercising the 10 principal functions of an office or to whom some or all of the duties and powers of an office are 11 delegated pursuant to section 10-32-95 is considered a manager for purposes of this section 12 and sections 10-32-53 and 10-32-99.

SECTION 164. AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-97 of the North Dakota Century Code is
 amended and reenacted as follows:

15

10-32-97. Loans, guarantees, and suretyship.

- 16 1. A limited liability company may lend money to, guarantee an obligation of, become 17 a surety for, or otherwise financially assist a person, if the transaction, or a class of 18 transactions to which the transaction belongs, is approved by the affirmative vote 19 of a majority of the governors present and:
- 20 a. Is in the usual and regular course of business of the limited liability company;
- 21 Is with, or for the benefit of, a related organization, an organization in which b. 22 the limited liability company has a financial interest, an organization with 23 which the limited liability company has a business relationship in the usual 24 and regular course of its business, or an organization to which the limited 25 liability company has the power to make donations any of which relationships 26 constitute consideration sufficient to make the loan, guaranty, suretyship, or 27 other financial assistance so approved enforceable against the limited liability 28 company;
- c. Is with, or for the benefit of, a member who provides services to the limited
 liability company, or a manager or other employee of the limited liability
 company or a subsidiary, including a member, manager, or employee who is

1 a governor of the limited liability company or a subsidiary, and may 2 reasonably be expected, in the judgment of the board of governors, to benefit 3 the limited liability company; or 4 d. Has Whether or not separate consideration has been promised to the limited 5 liability company, has been approved by the owners of two-thirds of the voting 6 power of persons other than the interested person or persons. 7 2. A loan, guarantee, surety contract, or other financial assistance under subsection 1 8 may be with or without interest and may be unsecured or may be secured in any 9 manner, including, without limitation, a grant of a security interest in a member's 10 financial rights in the limited liability company. 11 3. This section does not grant any authority to act as a bank or to carry on the 12 business of banking. 13 **SECTION 165.** AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-99 of the North Dakota Century Code is 14 amended and reenacted as follows: 15 10-32-99. Indemnification. 16 For purposes of this section: 1. 17 "Limited liability company" includes a domestic or foreign limited liability a. 18 company that was the predecessor of the limited liability company referred to 19 in this section in a merger or other transaction in which the predecessor's 20 existence ceased upon consummation of the transaction. 21 b. "Official capacity" means: 22 (1) With respect to a governor, the position of governor in a limited liability 23 company; 24 (2) With respect to a person other than a governor, the elective or 25 appointive office or position held by a manager, member of a 26 committee of the board of governors, the employment relationship 27 undertaken by an employee, agent of the limited liability company, or 28 the scope of the services provided by members of the limited liability 29 company who provide services to the limited liability company; and 30 (3) With respect to a governor, manager, member, employee, or agent of 31 the limited liability company who, while a governor, manager, member,

2 request of the limited liability company or whose duties in that positio 3 involve or involved service as a governor, director, manager, officer, 4 member, partner, trustee, employee, or agent of another organization 5 or employee benefit plan, the position of that person as a governor, 6 director, manager, officer, member, partner, trustee, employee, or 7 agent, as the case may be, of the other organization or employee 8 benefit plan. 9 c. "Proceeding" means a threatened, pending, or completed civil, criminal, 10 administrative, arbitration, or investigative proceeding, including a proceeding 11 by or in the right of the limited liability company. 12 d. "Special legal counsel" means counsel who has not represented the limited 13 liability company or a related organization, or a governor, manager, member 14 of a committee of the board of governors, employee, or agent whose 15 indemnification is in issue. 16 2. Subject to the provisions of subsection 5, a limited liability company shall indem 17 a person made or threatened to be made a party to a proceeding by reason of the 18 former or present official capacity of the person against judgments, penalties,	ıg
4 member, partner, trustee, employee, or agent of another organization 5 or employee benefit plan, the position of that person as a governor, 6 director, manager, officer, member, partner, trustee, employee, or 7 agent, as the case may be, of the other organization or employee 8 benefit plan. 9 c. "Proceeding" means a threatened, pending, or completed civil, criminal, 10 administrative, arbitration, or investigative proceeding, including a proceeding 11 by or in the right of the limited liability company. 12 d. "Special legal counsel" means counsel who has not represented the limited 13 liability company or a related organization, or a governor, manager, member 14 of a committee of the board of governors, employee, or agent whose 15 indemnification is in issue. 16 2. Subject to the provisions of subsection 5, a limited liability company shall indem 17 a person made or threatened to be made a party to a proceeding by reason of the 18 former or present official capacity of the person against judgments, penalties, 19 fines, including, without limitation, excise taxes assessed against the person with 20 respect to an employee benefit plan, settlements, and reasonable expenses,	ıg
5 or employee benefit plan, the position of that person as a governor, 6 director, manager, officer, member, partner, trustee, employee, or 7 agent, as the case may be, of the other organization or employee 8 benefit plan. 9 c. "Proceeding" means a threatened, pending, or completed civil, criminal, 10 administrative, arbitration, or investigative proceeding, including a proceeding 11 by or in the right of the limited liability company. 12 d. "Special legal counsel" means counsel who has not represented the limited 13 liability company or a related organization, or a governor, manager, member 14 of a committee of the board of governors, employee, or agent whose 15 indemnification is in issue. 16 2. Subject to the provisions of subsection 5, a limited liability company shall indemni 17 a person made or threatened to be made a party to a proceeding by reason of the 18 former or present official capacity of the person against judgments, penalties, 19 fines, including, without limitation, excise taxes assessed against the person with 20 respect to an employee benefit plan, settlements, and reasonable expenses,	ıg
 director, manager, officer, member, partner, trustee, employee, or agent, as the case may be, of the other organization or employee benefit plan. c. "Proceeding" means a threatened, pending, or completed civil, criminal, administrative, arbitration, or investigative proceeding, including a proceeding by or in the right of the limited liability company. d. "Special legal counsel" means counsel who has not represented the limited liability company or a related organization, or a governor, manager, member of a committee of the board of governors, employee, or agent whose indemnification is in issue. Subject to the provisions of subsection 5, a limited liability company shall indemnification a person made or threatened to be made a party to a proceeding by reason of the former or present official capacity of the person against judgments, penalties, fines, including, without limitation, excise taxes assessed against the person with 	
 agent, as the case may be, of the other organization or employee benefit plan. c. "Proceeding" means a threatened, pending, or completed civil, criminal, administrative, arbitration, or investigative proceeding, including a proceeding by or in the right of the limited liability company. d. "Special legal counsel" means counsel who has not represented the limited liability company or a related organization, or a governor, manager, member of a committee of the board of governors, employee, or agent whose indemnification is in issue. Subject to the provisions of subsection 5, a limited liability company shall indemr a person made or threatened to be made a party to a proceeding by reason of the former or present official capacity of the person against judgments, penalties, fines, including, without limitation, excise taxes assessed against the person with 	
 benefit plan. c. "Proceeding" means a threatened, pending, or completed civil, criminal, administrative, arbitration, or investigative proceeding, including a proceeding by or in the right of the limited liability company. d. "Special legal counsel" means counsel who has not represented the limited liability company or a related organization, or a governor, manager, member of a committee of the board of governors, employee, or agent whose indemnification is in issue. Subject to the provisions of subsection 5, a limited liability company shall indemnification a person made or threatened to be made a party to a proceeding by reason of the former or present official capacity of the person against judgments, penalties, fines, including, without limitation, excise taxes assessed against the person with respect to an employee benefit plan, settlements, and reasonable expenses, 	
 c. "Proceeding" means a threatened, pending, or completed civil, criminal, administrative, arbitration, or investigative proceeding, including a proceeding by or in the right of the limited liability company. d. "Special legal counsel" means counsel who has not represented the limited liability company or a related organization, or a governor, manager, member of a committee of the board of governors, employee, or agent whose indemnification is in issue. Subject to the provisions of subsection 5, a limited liability company shall indemnification a person made or threatened to be made a party to a proceeding by reason of the former or present official capacity of the person against judgments, penalties, fines, including, without limitation, excise taxes assessed against the person with respect to an employee benefit plan, settlements, and reasonable expenses, 	
 administrative, arbitration, or investigative proceeding, including a proceeding by or in the right of the limited liability company. d. "Special legal counsel" means counsel who has not represented the limited liability company or a related organization, or a governor, manager, member of a committee of the board of governors, employee, or agent whose indemnification is in issue. 2. Subject to the provisions of subsection 5, a limited liability company shall indem a person made or threatened to be made a party to a proceeding by reason of the former or present official capacity of the person against judgments, penalties, fines, including, without limitation, excise taxes assessed against the person with 	
11by or in the right of the limited liability company.12d. "Special legal counsel" means counsel who has not represented the limited13liability company or a related organization, or a governor, manager, member14of a committee of the board of governors, employee, or agent whose15indemnification is in issue.162.2.Subject to the provisions of subsection 5, a limited liability company shall indemnification a person made or threatened to be made a party to a proceeding by reason of the18former or present official capacity of the person against judgments, penalties,19fines, including, without limitation, excise taxes assessed against the person with20respect to an employee benefit plan, settlements, and reasonable expenses,	
 d. "Special legal counsel" means counsel who has not represented the limited liability company or a related organization, or a governor, manager, member of a committee of the board of governors, employee, or agent whose indemnification is in issue. 2. Subject to the provisions of subsection 5, a limited liability company shall indemnification a person made or threatened to be made a party to a proceeding by reason of the former or present official capacity of the person against judgments, penalties, fines, including, without limitation, excise taxes assessed against the person with respect to an employee benefit plan, settlements, and reasonable expenses, 	
 liability company or a related organization, or a governor, manager, member of a committee of the board of governors, employee, or agent whose indemnification is in issue. Subject to the provisions of subsection 5, a limited liability company shall indemnification a person made or threatened to be made a party to a proceeding by reason of the former or present official capacity of the person against judgments, penalties, fines, including, without limitation, excise taxes assessed against the person with respect to an employee benefit plan, settlements, and reasonable expenses, 	
 of a committee of the board of governors, employee, or agent whose indemnification is in issue. Subject to the provisions of subsection 5, a limited liability company shall indemnification a person made or threatened to be made a party to a proceeding by reason of the former or present official capacity of the person against judgments, penalties, fines, including, without limitation, excise taxes assessed against the person with respect to an employee benefit plan, settlements, and reasonable expenses, 	•
 indemnification is in issue. Subject to the provisions of subsection 5, a limited liability company shall indemnation a person made or threatened to be made a party to a proceeding by reason of the former or present official capacity of the person against judgments, penalties, fines, including, without limitation, excise taxes assessed against the person with respect to an employee benefit plan, settlements, and reasonable expenses, 	
 Subject to the provisions of subsection 5, a limited liability company shall indeminate a person made or threatened to be made a party to a proceeding by reason of the former or present official capacity of the person against judgments, penalties, fines, including, without limitation, excise taxes assessed against the person with respect to an employee benefit plan, settlements, and reasonable expenses, 	
17a person made or threatened to be made a party to a proceeding by reason of th18former or present official capacity of the person against judgments, penalties,19fines, including, without limitation, excise taxes assessed against the person with20respect to an employee benefit plan, settlements, and reasonable expenses,	
 former or present official capacity of the person against judgments, penalties, fines, including, without limitation, excise taxes assessed against the person with respect to an employee benefit plan, settlements, and reasonable expenses, 	ify
 fines, including, without limitation, excise taxes assessed against the person with respect to an employee benefit plan, settlements, and reasonable expenses, 	Э
20 respect to an employee benefit plan, settlements, and reasonable expenses,	
21 including attorney's fees and disbursements, incurred by the person in connection	
	۱
22 with the proceeding, if, with respect to the acts or omissions of the person	
23 complained of in the proceeding, the person:	
24 a. Has not been indemnified by another organization or employee benefit plan	
25 for the same judgments, penalties, fines, including, without limitation, excise	
26 taxes assessed against the person with respect to an employee benefit plan	,
27 settlements, and reasonable expenses, including attorney's fees and	
28 disbursements, incurred by the person in connection with the proceeding w	
29 respect to the same acts or omissions;	h
30b. Acted in good faith;	h

1	C.	Received no improper personal benefit and section 10-32-87, if applicable,
2		has been satisfied;

- 3 d. In the case of a criminal proceeding, had no reasonable cause to believe the
 4 conduct was unlawful; and
- 5 In the case of acts or omissions occurring in the official capacity described in e. 6 paragraph 1 or 2 of subdivision b of subsection 1, reasonably believed that 7 the conduct was in the best interests of the limited liability company, or in the 8 case of acts or omissions occurring in the official capacity described in 9 paragraph 3 of subdivision b of subsection 1, reasonably believed that the 10 conduct was not opposed to the best interests of the limited liability company. 11 If the person's acts or omissions complained of in the proceeding relate to 12 conduct as a director, officer, trustee, employee, or agent of an employee 13 benefit plan, the conduct is not considered to be opposed to the best interests 14 of the limited liability company if the person reasonably believed that the 15 conduct was in the best interests of the participants or beneficiaries of the 16 employee benefit plan.
- The termination of a proceeding by judgment, order, settlement, conviction, or
 upon a plea of nolo contendere or its equivalent does not, of itself, establish that
 the person did not meet the criteria set forth in subsection 2.
- Subject to the provisions of subsection 5, if a person is made or threatened to be
 made a party to a proceeding, the person is entitled, upon written request to the
 limited liability company, to payment or reimbursement by the limited liability
 company of reasonable expenses, including attorney's fees and disbursements,
 incurred by the person in advance of the final disposition of the proceeding:
- a. Upon receipt by the limited liability company of a written affirmation by the
 person of a good faith belief that the criteria for indemnification set forth in
 subsection 2 have been satisfied and a written undertaking by the person to
 repay all amounts so paid or reimbursed by the limited liability company, if it is
 ultimately determined that the criteria for indemnification have not been
 satisfied; and

1		b. After a determination that the facts then known to those making the
2		determination would not preclude indemnification under this section.
3		The written undertaking required by subdivision a is an unlimited general obligation
4		of the person making it, but need not be secured and must be accepted without
5		reference to financial ability to make the repayment.
6	5.	The articles of organization or operating agreement either may prohibit
7		indemnification or advances of expenses otherwise required by this section or may
8		impose conditions on indemnification or advances of expenses in addition to the
9		conditions contained in subsections 2 through 4 including, without limitation,
10		monetary limits on indemnification or advances of expenses, if the conditions apply
11		equally to all persons or to all persons within a given class. A prohibition or limit on
12		indemnification or advances may not apply to or affect the right of a person to
13		indemnification or advances of expenses with respect to any acts or omissions of
14		the person occurring before the effective date of a provision in the articles of
15		organization or the date of adoption of a provision in the operating agreement
16		establishing the prohibition or limit on indemnification or advances.
17	6.	This section does not require, or limit the ability of, a limited liability company to
18		reimburse expenses, including attorney's fees and disbursements, incurred by a
19		person in connection with an appearance as a witness in a proceeding at a time
20		when the person has not been made or threatened to be made a party to a
21		proceeding.
22	7.	All indemnification determinations must be made:
23		a. By the board of governors by a majority of a quorum. Governors who are, at
24		the time, parties to the proceeding are not counted for determining either a
25		majority or the presence of a quorum;
26		b. If a quorum under subdivision a cannot be obtained, by a majority of a
27		committee of the board of governors, consisting solely of two or more
28		governors not at the time parties to the proceeding, duly designated to act in
29		the matter by a majority of the full board of governors including governors
30		who are parties;

- 1c.If a determination is not made under subdivision a or b, by special legal2counsel, selected either by a majority of the board of governors or a3committee by vote pursuant to subdivision a or b or, if the requisite quorum of4the full board of governors cannot be obtained and the committee cannot be5established, by a majority of the full board of governors including governors6who are parties;
- 7 d. If a determination is not made under subdivisions a through c, by the
 8 members, excluding the votes of membership interests held by parties other
 9 than the members who are a party to the proceeding; or
- 10 If an adverse determination is made under subdivisions a through d or under e. 11 subsection 8, or if no determination is made under subdivisions a through d or 12 under subsection 8 within sixty days after the termination of a proceeding or 13 after a later to occur of the termination of a proceeding; or a written request 14 for indemnification to the limited liability company; or a written request for an 15 advance of expenses, as the case may be, by a court in this state, which may 16 be the same court in which the proceeding involving the person's liability took 17 place, upon application of the person and any notice the court requires. The 18 person seeking indemnification or payment or reimbursement of expenses 19 pursuant to this clause has the burden of establishing that the person is 20 entitled to indemnification or payment or reimbursement of expenses.
- 21 8. With respect to a person who is not, and was not at the time of the acts or 22 omissions complained of in the proceedings, a governor, manager, or person 23 possessing, directly or indirectly, the power to direct or cause the direction of the 24 management or policies of the limited liability company, the determination whether 25 indemnification of this person is required because the criteria set forth in 26 subsections 2 and 3 have been satisfied and whether this person is entitled to 27 payment or reimbursement of expenses in advance of the final disposition of a 28 proceeding as provided in subsection 4 may be made by an annually appointed 29 committee of the board of governors, having at least one member who is a 30 governor. The committee shall report at least annually to the board of governors 31 concerning its actions.

1	9.	A limited liability company may purchase and maintain insurance on behalf of a
2		person in that person's official capacity against any liability asserted against and
3		incurred by the person in or arising from that capacity, whether or not the limited
4		liability company would have been required to indemnify the person against the
5		liability under the provisions of this section.
6	10.	A limited liability company that indemnifies or advances expenses to a person in
7		accordance with this section in connection with a proceeding by or on behalf of the
8		limited liability company shall report to the members in writing the amount of the
9		indemnification or advance and to whom and on whose behalf it was paid not later
10		than the next meeting of members as part of the annual financial statements
11		furnished to members pursuant to section 10-32-52 covering the period when the
12		indemnification or advance was paid or accrued under the accounting method of
13		the limited liability company reflected in the financial statements.
14	11.	Nothing in this section may be construed to limit the power of the limited liability
15		company to indemnify other persons by contract or otherwise.
16	SEC	TION 166. AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-100 of the North Dakota Century Code
17	is amended	and reenacted as follows:
18	10-3	2-100. Merger - Exchange - Transfer.
19	1.	With or without a business purpose, a limited liability company may merge:
20		a. With another limited liability company or a domestic corporation pursuant to a
21		plan of merger approved in the manner provided in sections 10-32-101
22		through 10-32-106; and
23		b. With any foreign corporation or foreign limited liability company pursuant to a
24		plan of merger approved in the manner provided in section 10-32-107.
25	2.	With respect to an exchange:
26		<u>a.</u> A limited liability company may acquire all of the ownership interests of one or
27		more classes or series of another limited liability company or domestic
28		corporation pursuant to a plan of exchange approved in the manner provided
29		in sections 10-32-101 through 10-32-106.
30	3.	b. A domestic corporation may acquire all of the ownership interests of one or
31		more classes or series of a limited liability company pursuant to a plan of

1			exch	ange approved in the manner provided in sections 10-32-101 through
2			10-3	2-106.
3	4.	<u>C.</u>	A for	eign corporation or foreign limited liability company may acquire all of the
4			owne	ership interests of one or more classes or series of a limited liability
5			com	pany pursuant to a plan of exchange approved in the manner provided in
6			secti	on 10-32-107.
7	5. <u>3.</u>	A li	mited I	iability company may sell, lease, transfer, or otherwise dispose of all or
8		sub	ostantia	ally all of its property and assets in the manner provided in section
9		10-	32-108	3.
10	6. <u>4.</u>	A li	mited I	iability company may participate in a merger only as permitted by this
11		sec	tion.	
12	SE	СТІО	N 167	AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-101 of the North Dakota Century Code
13	is amende	d and	l reena	cted as follows:
14	10-	-32-10	01. Pla	an of merger or exchange.
15	1.	Ар	lan of	merger or exchange must contain:
16		a.	The	name of the limited liability company and of each other constituent
17			orga	nization proposing to merge or participate in an exchange, and:
18			(1)	In the case of a merger, the name of the surviving organization, which
19				may be the limited liability company or the other constituent
20				organization; or
21			(2)	In the case of an exchange, the name of the acquiring organization;
22		b.	The	terms and conditions of the proposed merger;
23		C.	The	manner and basis for converting or exchanging ownership interests:
24			(1)	In the case of a merger, the manner and basis of converting the
25				ownership interests of the constituent organizations into securities of
26				the surviving organization or of any other organization or, in whole or in
27				part, into money or other property; or
28			(2)	In the case of an exchange, the manner and basis of exchanging the
29				ownership interests to be acquired for securities of the acquiring
30				organization or any other organization or, in whole or in part, for money
31				or other property;

1		d. In the case of a merger, a statement of any amendments to the articles of			
2		organization or articles of incorporation, as the case may be, of the surviving			
3		organization proposed as part of the merger; and			
4		e. Any other provisions with respect to the proposed merger that are considered			
5		necessary or desirable.			
6	2.	The procedure authorized by this section does not limit the power of a limited			
7		liability company to acquire all or part of the ownership interests of one or more			
8		classes or series of any other organization through a negotiated agreement with			
9		the owners or otherwise.			
10	SE	CTION 168. AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-102 of the North Dakota Century Code			
11	is amended	and reenacted as follows:			
12	10-	10-32-102. Plan approval.			
13	1.	A resolution containing the plan of merger must be approved by the affirmative			
14		vote of a majority of the board members present at a meeting of the governing			
15		board of each constituent organization and must then be submitted at a regular or			
16		special meeting to the members owners of each constituent organization at a			
17		regular or a special meeting in the case of a plan of merger; and the constituent			
18		organization whose ownership interests will be acquired by the acquiring			
19		constituent organization in the exchange, in the case of an exchange. Written			
20		notice must be given to every owner of that constituent organization, whether or			
21		not entitled to vote at the meeting, not less than fourteen days nor more than sixty			
22		days before the meeting, in the manner provided in section 10-19.1-98 for notice of			
23		meetings of shareholders in the case of a domestic corporation and in the manner			
24		provided in section 10-32-40 for notice of meetings of members in the case of a			
25		limited liability company. The written notice must state that a purpose of the			
26		meeting is to consider the proposed plan of merger or exchange. A copy or short			
27		description of the plan of merger or exchange must be included in or enclosed with			
28		the notice.			
29	2.	At the meeting a vote of the owners must be taken on the proposed plan. The plan			
30		of merger is adopted when approved by the affirmative vote of the owners of a			
31		majority of the voting power of all ownership interests entitled to vote. Except as			

78314.0500

provided in subsection 3, a class or series of ownership interests of the <u>constituent</u>
organization is entitled to vote as a class or series if any provision of the plan
would, if contained in a proposed amendment to the articles of organization or
articles of incorporation, as the case may be, entitle the class or series of
ownership interests to vote as a class or series and, in the case of an exchange, if
the class or series is included in the exchange.

7 3. A class or series of ownership interests of the constituent organization is not 8 entitled to vote as a class or series solely because the plan of merger or exchange 9 effects a cancellation of the ownership interests of the class or series if the plan of 10 merger or exchange effects a cancellation of all ownership interests of the 11 constituent organization of all classes and series that are existing immediately 12 before the merger or exchange and owners of ownership interests of that class or 13 series are entitled to obtain payment for the fair value of their ownership interests 14 under section 10-19.1-87 or 10-32-55, as the case may be, in the event of the 15 merger or exchange.

16 4. Notwithstanding subsections 1 and 2, submission of a plan of merger to a vote at a
17 meeting of shareholders of a surviving corporation is not required if:

18 a. The articles of the corporation will not be amended in the transaction;

- 19b.Each holder of shares of the corporation that were outstanding immediately20before the effective date time of the transaction will hold the same number of21shares with identical rights immediately after that date time;
- 22 The number of voting power of the outstanding shares of the corporation c. 23 entitled to vote immediately after the merger, plus the number of voting power 24 of the outstanding shares of the corporation entitled to vote issuable on 25 conversion of securities other than shares or on the exercise of rights to 26 purchase securities issued by virtue of the terms of in the transaction, will not 27 exceed by more than twenty percent, the number of voting power of the 28 outstanding shares of the corporation entitled to vote immediately before the 29 transaction; and
- 30d.The number of participating shares of the corporation immediately after the31merger, plus the number of participating shares of the corporation issuable on

1	conversion, or on the exercise of rights to purchase, securities issued in the					
2	transaction, will not exceed by more than twenty percent, the number of					
3	participating shares of the corporation immediately before the transaction.					
4	"Participating shares" are outstanding shares of the corporation that entitle					
5	their holders to participate without limitation in distributions by the corporation.					
6	SEC	FION 169 .	AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-103 of the North Dakota Century Code			
7	is amended and reenacted as follows:					
8	10-32-103. Articles of merger - Certificate.					
9	1.	Upon receiving the approval required by section 10-32-102, articles of merger				
10		must be prepared that contain:				
11	;	a. The	blan of merger; and			
12		b. Fore	ach constituent organization either:			
13		(1)	A statement that the plan has been approved by a vote of the			
14			shareholders pursuant to subsection 2 of section 10-19.1-98 or the			
15			members pursuant to subsection 2 or 3 of section 10-32-102; or			
16		(2)	A statement that a vote of the shareholders is not required by virtue of			
17			subsection 3 of section 10-19.1-98 or that a vote of the members is not			
18			required by virtue of subsection 4 of section 10-32-102.			
19	2.	The articles of merger must be signed on behalf of each constituent organization				
20	;	and filed with the secretary of state, together with the fees provided in section				
21		10-32-150.				
22	3.	The secretary of state shall issue a certificate of merger to the surviving constituent				
23		organizati	on, or its legal representative. The certificate must contain the effective			
24		date of me	erger.			
25	SECTION 170. AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-104 of the North Dakota Century Code					
26	is amended and reenacted as follows:					
27	10-32	2-104. Me	rger of subsidiary into parent.			
28	1.	A parent c	wning at least ninety percent of the outstanding ownership interests of			
29		each class	s and series of a subsidiary may merge the subsidiary into itself without a			
30	vote of the owners of either constituent organization. directly, or indirectly through					
31		related co	rporations or limited liability companies:			

	-		
1		<u>a.</u>	May merge the subsidiary into itself; or into any other subsidiary at least
2			ninety percent of the outstanding ownership interest of each class and series
3			of which is owned by the parent directly, or indirectly through related
4			corporations or limited liability companies, without a vote of the owners of
5			itself or any subsidiary; or
6		<u>b.</u>	May merge itself, or itself and one or more subsidiaries, into one of the
7			subsidiaries under this section.
8	<u>2.</u>	A r	esolution approved by the affirmative vote of a majority of the directors or
9		ma	magers governors of the parent present must set forth a plan of merger that
10		cor	ntains:
11		a.	The name of the subsidiary and or subsidiaries, the name of the parent, and
12			the name of the surviving constituent organization; and
13		b.	The manner and basis of converting the ownership interests of the subsidiary
14			into ownership interests of the parent or of another organization or, in whole
15			or in part, into money or other property-;
16		<u>C.</u>	If the parent is a constituent organization but is not the surviving constituent
17			organization in the merger, a provision for the pro rata issuance of ownership
18			interests of the surviving constituent organization to the owners of ownership
19			interests of the parent for ownership interests of the parent; and
20		<u>d.</u>	If the surviving constituent organization is a subsidiary, a statement of any
21			amendments to the articles of the surviving constituent organization that will
22			be part of the merger.
23	<u>3.</u>	<u>lf t</u>	he parent is a constituent organization but is not the surviving constituent
24		org	anization in a merger, the resolution is not effective unless it is also approved
25		by	the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the voting power of all
26		<u>ow</u>	nership interests of the parent entitled to vote at a regular or special meeting
27		hel	d in accordance with section 10-19.1-98 if the parent is a corporation or in
28		aco	cordance with the laws under which it is incorporated or organized if the parent
29		<u>is a</u>	a foreign corporation or foreign limited liability company.
30	2. <u>4.</u>	Ac	copy of the plan of merger must be mailed to each member owner, other than
31		the	parent, of the each subsidiary that is a constituent organization to the merger.

	-	
1	3. <u>5.</u>	Articles of merger must be prepared that contain:
2		a. The plan of merger;
3		b. The number of outstanding ownership interests of each class and series of
4		the each subsidiary and the number of ownership interests of each class and
5		series owned by the parent directly or indirectly, through related constituent
6		organizations; and
7		c. The date a copy of the plan of merger was mailed to the owners, other than
8		the parent, of the <u>each</u> subsidiary <u>that is a constituent organization in the</u>
9		merger, and
10		d. A statement that the plan of merger has been approved by the parent under
11		this section.
12	4. <u>6.</u>	Within thirty days after a copy of the plan of merger is mailed to the owners of the
13		each subsidiary that is a constituent organization to the merger, or upon waiver of
14		the mailing by the holders owners of all outstanding ownership interests, the
15		articles of merger must be signed on behalf of the parent and filed with the
16		secretary of state, together with the fees provided in section 10-32-150.
17	5. <u>7.</u>	The secretary of state shall issue a certificate of merger to the parent or its legal
18		representative. The certificate must contain the effective date of merger.
19	<u>8.</u>	If all of the ownership interests of one or more domestic subsidiaries that are a
20		constituent organization to a merger under this section are not owned by the
21		parent directly, or indirectly through related constituent organizations, immediately
22		before the merger, the owners of each domestic subsidiary have dissenter's rights
23		under section 10-19.1-87 or under section 10-32-54, without regard to
24		subsection 3 of section 10-19.1-87 and section 10-19.1-88 or to subsection 2 of
25		section 10-32-54 or section 10-22-55. If the parent is a constituent organization
26		but is not the surviving constituent organization in the merger, and the articles of
27		incorporation or articles of organization of the surviving constituent organization
28		immediately after the merger differ from the articles of incorporation or articles of
29		organization of the parent immediately before the merger in a manner that would
30		entitle an owner of the parent to dissenter's rights under subsection 1 of section
31		10-19.1-87 or under subdivision a of subsection 1 of section 10-32-54 if the articles

	-	
1		of incorporation or articles of organization of the surviving constituent organization
2		constitute an amendment to the articles of incorporation or articles of organization
3		of the parent, that owner of the parent has dissenter's rights as provided under
4		sections 10-19.1-87 and 10-19.1-88 or under sections 10-32-54 and 10-32-55.
5		Except as provided in this subsection, sections 10-19.1-87 and 10-19.1-88 and
6		sections 10-32-54 and 10-32-55 do not apply to any merger affected under this
7		section.
8	<u>9.</u>	A merger among a parent and one or more subsidiaries or among two or more
9		subsidiaries of a parent may be accomplished under sections 10-32-101 through
10		10-32-103 instead of this section, in which case this section does not apply.
11	SE	CTION 171. AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-105 of the North Dakota Century Code
12	is amended	and reenacted as follows:
13	10-	32-105. Abandonment of plan of merger.
14	1.	After a plan of merger has been approved by the owners entitled to vote on the
15		approval of the plan as provided in section 10-32-102, and before the effective
16		date of the plan, it may be abandoned:
17		a. If the owners of ownership interests of each of the constituent organizations
18		entitled to vote on the approval of the plan as provided in section 10-32-102
19		have approved the abandonment at a meeting by the affirmative vote of the
20		owners of a majority of the voting power of the ownership interests entitled to
21		vote and, if the owners of a constituent organization are not entitled to vote on
22		the approval of the plan under section 10-32-102, the governing board of that
23		constituent organization has approved the abandonment by the affirmative
24		vote of a majority of the board members present;
25		b. If the plan itself provides for abandonment and all conditions for abandonment
26		set forth in the plan are met; or
27		c. Pursuant to subsection 2.
28	2.	If articles of merger have not been filed with the secretary of state and the plan is
29		to be abandoned, or if a plan of exchange is to be abandoned, a resolution
30		abandoning the plan of merger or exchange may be approved by the affirmative

1			vote	of a majority of the board members present, subject to the contract rights of
2			any	other person under the plan.
3		3.	lf ar	ticles of merger have been filed with the secretary of state, but have not yet
4			beco	ome effective, the constituent organizations, in the case of abandonment under
5			subo	division a of subsection 1, the constituent organizations or any one of them, in
6			the	case of abandonment under subdivision b of subsection 1, or the abandoning
7			orga	anization in the case of abandonment under subsection 2, shall file with the
8			secr	etary of state together with the fees provided in section 10-32-150, articles of
9			abai	ndonment that contain:
10			a.	The names of the constituent organizations;
11			b.	The provision of this section under which the plan is abandoned; and
12			c.	If the plan is abandoned under subsection 2, the text of the resolution
13				approved by the affirmative vote of a majority of the board members present
14				abandoning the plan.
15		<u>4.</u>	<u>lf th</u>	e certificate of merger has been issued, the governing board shall surrender
16			the o	certificate to the secretary of state upon filing the articles of abandonment.
17		SEC	TION	N 172. AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-106 of the North Dakota Century Code
18	is ame	nded	and	reenacted as follows:
19		10-3	32-10	6. Effective date of merger or exchange and effect.
20		1.	Αm	erger is effective when the articles of merger are filed with the secretary of
21			state	e or on a later date specified in the articles of merger. An exchange is effective
22			on tl	he date specified in the plan of exchange.
23		2.	Whe	en a merger becomes effective:
24			a.	The constituent organizations become a single entity constituent organization,
25				the surviving limited liability company or corporation, as the case may be
26				constituent organization;
27			b.	The separate existence of all constituent organizations except the surviving
28				constituent organization ceases;
29			c.	As to any limited liability company that was a constituent organization and is
30				not the surviving constituent organization, the articles of merger serve as the
31				articles of termination and, unless previously filed, the notice of dissolution;

1	d.	As to	rights, privileges, immunities, powers, duties, and liabilities:
2		(1)	If the surviving organization is a limited liability company, the surviving
3			limited liability company has all the rights, privileges, immunities, and
4			powers, and is subject to all the duties and liabilities of a limited liability
5			company organized under this chapter; and
6		(2)	If the surviving organization is a domestic corporation, the surviving
7			domestic corporation has all the rights, privileges, immunities, and
8			powers, and is subject to all the duties and liabilities of a domestic
9			corporation;
10	e.	The s	surviving constituent organization, whether a limited liability company or
11		a dor	mestic or foreign corporation, possesses all the rights, privileges,
12		immu	unities, and franchises, of a public as well as of a private nature, of each
13		of the	e constituent organizations.
14		<u>(1)</u>	All property, real, personal, and mixed, and all debts due on any
15			account, including subscriptions to shares and contribution
16			agreements, as the case may be, and all other choses in action, and
17			every other interest of or belonging to or due to each of the constituent
18			organizations vests in the surviving constituent organization without any
19			further act or deed.
20		<u>(2)</u>	Confirmatory deeds, assignments, or similar instruments to accomplish
21			that vesting may be signed and delivered at any time in the name of a
22			constituent organization by its current officers or managers, as the case
23			may be, or, if the organization no longer exists, by its last officers or
24			managers, as the case may be.
25		<u>(3)</u>	The title to any real estate or any interest in real estate vested in any of
26			the constituent organizations does not revert nor in any way become
27			impaired by reason of the merger;
28	f.	The s	surviving <u>constituent</u> organization is responsible and liable for all the
29		liabili	ities and obligations of each of the constituent organizations.
30		<u>(1)</u>	A claim of or against or a pending proceeding by or against a
31			constituent organization may be prosecuted as if the merger had not

1					taken place, or the surviving organization may be substituted in the
2					place of the constituent organization.
3				<u>(2)</u>	Neither the rights of creditors nor any liens upon the property of a
4					constituent organization are impaired by the merger; and
5			g.	The a	articles of organization or articles of incorporation, as the case may be, of
6				the su	urviving organization are considered to be amended to the extent that
7				chan	ges in its articles, if any, are contained in the plan of merger.
8		3.	Whe	en a m	erger becomes effective, the ownership interests to be converted or
9			exch	nangeo	d under the terms of the plan cease to exist in the case of a merger, or
10			are	consid	ered to be exchanged in the case of an exchange. The owners of those
11			own	ership	interests are entitled only to the securities, money, or other property into
12			whic	ch thos	e ownership interests have been converted or for which those
13			own	ership	interests have been exchanged in accordance with the plan, subject to
14			any	disser	nters' rights under section 10-19.1-87 or 10-32-54, as the case may be.
15		SEC		N 173.	AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-107 of the North Dakota Century Code
16	is amen	nded	and	reenad	cted as follows:
17		10-3	2-10	7. Me	rger or exchange with foreign organization limited liability
18	compa	ny o	r for	eign c	orporation.
19		1.	A lin	nited li	ability company may merge with or participate in an exchange with a
20			forei	ign coi	poration or a foreign limited liability company by following the
21			proc	edure	s set forth in this section, if:
22			a.	With	respect to a merger, the merger is permitted by the laws of the state
23				unde	r which the foreign corporation or foreign limited liability company is
24				incor	porated or organized; and
25			b.	With	respect to an exchange, the <u>constituent</u> organization whose ownership
26				intere	ests will be acquired is either a limited liability company or a domestic
27				corpo	pration, whether or not the exchange is permitted by the laws of the state
28				unde	r which the foreign corporation or foreign limited liability company is
29				incor	porated or organized.
30		2.	Eacl	h limite	ed liability company shall comply with the provisions of this section and
31			sect	ions 1	0-32-100 through 10-32-106 with respect to the merger or exchange of

1		owne	ership interests of organizations and each foreign corporation or foreign limited
2		liabili	ity company shall comply with the applicable provisions of the laws under
3		whicl	h it was incorporated or organized or by which it is governed.
4	3.	If the	surviving organization in a merger will be a domestic limited liability
5		comp	pany, it shall comply with all the provisions of this chapter.
6	4.	If the	surviving organization in a merger will be a foreign corporation or foreign
7		limite	ed liability company and will transact business in this state, it shall comply, as
8		the c	ase may be, with the provisions of chapter 10-22 with respect to foreign
9		corpo	prations or with the provisions of this chapter with respect to foreign limited
10		liabili	ity companies. In every case the surviving foreign corporation or foreign
11		limite	ed liability company shall file with the secretary of state:
12		a.	An agreement that it may be served with process in this state in a proceeding
13			for the enforcement of an obligation of a constituent organization and in a
14			proceeding for the enforcement of the rights of a dissenting owner of an
15			ownership interest of a constituent organization against the surviving foreign
16			corporation or foreign limited liability company;
17		b.	An irrevocable appointment of the secretary of state as its agent to accept
18			service of process in any proceeding, and an address to which process may
19			be forwarded; and
20		c.	An agreement that it will promptly pay to the dissenting owners of an
21			ownership interests of each constituent domestic limited liability company and
22			constituent domestic corporation the amount, if any, to which they are entitled
23			under section 10-19.1-88 or 10-32-55, as the case may be.
24	SEC	CTION	174. AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-108 of the North Dakota Century Code
25	is amended	d and r	eenacted as follows:
26	10-3	32-108	3. Transfer of assets - When permitted.
27	1.	A lim	ited liability company may, by affirmative vote of a majority of the governors
28		prese	ent, may sell, lease, transfer, or otherwise dispose of all or substantially all of
29		its pr	operty and assets in the usual and regular course of its business and grant a
30		morte	gage of or security interest in and otherwise encumber and assign for
31		purpo	oses of security all or substantially all of its property and assets whether or not

7

8

1	in the usual and regular course of its business, upon those terms and conditions
2	and for those considerations, which may be money, securities, or other
3	instruments for the payment of money or other property, as the board of governors
4	considers expedient, in which case no and without member approval is required:

- 5 <u>a.</u> Sell, lease, transfer, or otherwise dispose of all or substantially all of its
 6 property and assets in the usual and regular course of its business;
 - b. Grant a security interest in all or substantially all of its property and assets whether or not in the usual and regular course of its business; or
- 9c.Transfer any or all of its property to a corporation all of the shares of which10are owned by a limited liability company.
- 11 2. A limited liability company, by affirmative vote of a majority of the governors 12 present, may sell, lease, transfer, or otherwise dispose of all or substantially all of 13 its property and assets, including its goodwill, not in the usual and regular course 14 of its business, upon those terms and conditions and for those considerations, 15 which may be money, securities, or other instruments for the payment of money or 16 other property, as the board of governors considers expedient, when approved at a 17 regular or special meeting of the members by the affirmative vote of the owners of 18 a majority of the voting power of the interests entitled to vote. Written notice of the 19 meeting must be given to all members whether or not they are entitled to vote at 20 the meeting. The written notice must state that a purpose of the meeting is to 21 consider the sale, lease, transfer, or other disposition of all or substantially all of 22 the property and assets of the limited liability company.
- Confirmatory deeds, assignments, or similar instruments to evidence a sale, lease,
 transfer, or other disposition may be signed and delivered at any time in the name
 of the transferor by its current managers or authorized agents, or, if the limited
 liability company no longer exists, by its last managers.
- 4. The transferee is liable for the debts, obligations, and liabilities of the transferor
 only to the extent provided in the contract or agreement between the transferee
 and the transferor or to the extent provided by this chapter or other statutes of this
 state.

1	SECTION	175. AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-109 of the North Dakota Century Code
2	is amended and re	eenacted as follows:
3	10-32-109	Methods of dissolution.
4	1. A limi	ted liability company dissolves upon the occurrence of any of the following
5	event	s:
6	a.	When the period fixed in the articles of organization for the duration of the
7	I	imited liability company expires;
8	b. I	By order of a court pursuant to sections 10-32-119 and 10-32-122;
9	c. I	By action of the organizers pursuant to section 10-32-110;
10	d. I	By action of the members pursuant to section 10-32-111; or
11	e	Jpon Except as otherwise provided in the articles of organization, upon the
12	(occurrence of an event that terminates the continued membership of a
13	I	nember in the limited liability company, including:
14	(1) Death of any member;
15	(2) Retirement of any member;
16	(3) Resignation of any member;
17	(4) Redemption of a member's complete membership interest;
18	(5) Assignment of a member's governance rights under section 10-32-32
19		which leaves the assignor with no governance rights;
20	(6) A buyout of a member's membership interest under section 10-32-119
21		that leaves that member with no governance rights;
22	(7) Expulsion of any member;
23	(8) Bankruptcy of any member;
24	(9) Dissolution of any member;
25	(1	0) A merger in which the limited liability company is not the surviving
26		organization;
27	(1	1) An exchange in which the limited liability company is not the acquiring
28		organization; or
29	(1	2) The occurrence of any other event that terminates the continued
30		membership of a member in the limited liability company, but the limited
31		liability company is not dissolved and is not required to be wound up by

1			rease	on of any event that terminates the continued membership of a
2			mem	iber if:
3			(a)	Either there are at least two remaining members or a new
4				member is admitted as provided in section 10-32-06; and
5			(b)	The existence and business of the limited liability company is
6				continued either by the consent of all remaining members under
7				a right to consent stated in the articles of organization and the
8				consent is obtained no later than ninety days after the
9				termination of the continued membership, or under a separate
10				right to continue stated in the articles of organization; or
11		<u>f.</u>	When term	inated by the secretary of state pursuant to section 10-32-149.
12	2.	A liı	mited liability	company dissolved by one of the dissolution events specified in
13		sub	section 1 mu	ist be wound up and terminated under the following dissolution
14		prov	visions:	
15		a.	When a lim	ited liability company is dissolved under subdivision a of
16			subsection	1 by reason of the expiration of its limited period of duration, the
17			limited liab	ility company must be wound up and terminated under sections
18			10-32-112	through 10-32-115 and sections 10-32-117, 10-32-118, and
19			10-32-131;	
20		b.	When a lim	ited liability company is dissolved under subdivision b of
21			subsection	1 by reason of a court order, the limited liability company must be
22			wound up a	and terminated under sections 10-32-119 through 10-32-126;
23		C.	When a lim	ited liability company is dissolved under subdivision c of
24			subsection	1 by its organizers, the limited liability company must be wound up
25			and termina	ated under section 10-32-110 and sections 10-32-112 through
26			10-32-118;	
27		d.	When a lim	ited liability company is dissolved under subdivision d of
28			subsection	1 by its members, the limited liability company must be wound up
29			and termina	ated under sections 10-32-111 through 10-32-118 and section
30			10-32-131;	and

1			e.	When a limited liability company is dissolved under subdivision e of
2				subsection 1 by reason of a termination of the continued membership of a
3				member, the limited liability company must be wound up and terminated
4				under sections 10-32-112 through 10-32-115 and sections 10-32-117,
5				10-32-118, and 10-32-131.
6	3.	.	Notw	vithstanding any provision of law, articles of organization, member-control
7		i	agre	ement, operating agreement, other agreement, resolution, or action to the
8		(conti	rary, a limited liability company is not dissolved and is not required to be
9		,	wour	nd up upon the granting of a security interest in a member's membership
10		i	inter	est, governance rights or financial rights, or upon the foreclosure or other
11		(enfo	rcement of a security interest in a member's financial rights, or upon the
12		;	secu	red party's assignment, acceptance, or retention of a member's financial rights
13		i	in ac	cordance with title 41.
14	S	EC	TION	176. AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-110 of the North Dakota Century Code
15	is amend	ed a	and r	reenacted as follows:
16	10	0-32	2-110	D. Voluntary dissolution and termination by organizers. A limited liability
17	company	tha	t has	s not accepted contributions may be dissolved and terminated by the
18	organizer	rs in	the	manner set forth in this section.
19	1.		A ma	ajority of the organizers or governors shall sign articles of dissolution and
20		t	term	ination containing:
21		i	a.	The name of the limited liability company;
22		I	b.	The date of organization;
23		(c.	A statement that contributions have not been accepted; and
24		(d.	A statement that no debts remain unpaid.
25	2.		The	articles of dissolution and termination must be filed with the secretary of state
26		t	toget	ther with the fees provided in section 10-32-150.
27	3.	. '	Whe	n the articles of dissolution and termination have been filed with the secretary
28		(of sta	ate, the limited liability company is terminated.
29	4.		The	secretary of state shall issue to the terminated limited liability company or its
30		I	legal	representative a certificate of termination that contains:
31		i	a.	The name of the limited liability company;

1		b.	The date the articles of dissolution and termination were filed with the
2			secretary of state; and
3		C.	A statement that the limited liability company is terminated.
4	SEC	CTIO	N 177. AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-113 of the North Dakota Century Code
5	is amended	l and	reenacted as follows:
6	10-3	32-11	3. Procedure in winding up.
7	1.	lf th	e business of the limited liability company is wound up and terminated by
8		mer	ging the dissolved limited liability company into a successor organization:
9		a.	The procedures stated in sections 10-32-100 through 10-32-107 must be
10			followed;
11		b.	Sections 10-32-114 through 10-32-116 and sections 10-32-128 and
12			10-32-129 do not apply; and
13		C.	Once the merger is effective, a creditor or claimant of the terminated limited
14			liability company, and all those claiming through or under the creditor or
15			claimant, are barred from suing the terminated limited liability company on
16			that claim or otherwise realizing upon or enforcing it against the terminated
17			limited liability company, but the creditor, claimant, and those claiming under
18			the creditor and claimant, may, if not otherwise barred by law, assert their
19			claims against the surviving organization of the merger.
20	2.	lf th	e business of the limited liability company is to be wound up and terminated
21		othe	er than by merging the dissolved limited liability company into a successor
22		orga	anization, the procedures stated in subsections 3 through 5 must be followed.
23	3.	Whe	en a notice of dissolution has been filed with the secretary of state, the board of
24		gov	ernors, or the managers acting under the direction of the board of governors,
25		sha	Il proceed as soon as possible:
26		a.	To give notice to creditors and claimants under section 10-32-114 or to
27			proceed under section 10-32-115;
28		b.	Subject to any business continuation agreement, to collect or make provision
29			for the collection of all known debts due or owing to the limited liability
30			company, including unperformed contribution agreements; and

Fifty-fifth

Legislative Assembly

- 1 Except as provided in sections 10-32-114, 10-32-115, and 10-32-128, to pay C. 2 or make provision for the payment of all known debts, obligations, and 3 liabilities of the limited liability company according to their priorities under 4 section 10-32-131. 5 4. Notwithstanding section 10-32-108, when a notice of dissolution has been filed 6 with the secretary of state, the governors may sell, lease, transfer, or otherwise 7 dispose of all or substantially all of the property and assets of a dissolved limited 8 liability company without a vote of the members. 9 5. All tangible or intangible property, including money, remaining after the discharge 10 of, or after making adequate provision for the discharge of, the debts, obligations, 11 and liabilities of the limited liability company must be distributed to the members in 12 accordance with section 10-32-131. 13 SECTION 178. AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-114 of the North Dakota Century Code
- 14 is amended and reenacted as follows:
- 15

16

10-32-114. Winding-up procedure for limited liability companies that give notice to creditors and claimants.

- 17 When a notice of dissolution has been filed with the secretary of state, and the 1. 18 business of the limited liability company is not to be wound up and terminated by 19 merging the dissolved limited liability company into a successor organization under 20 subsection 3 of section 10-32-112, then the limited liability company may give 21 notice of the filing to each creditor of and claimant against the limited liability 22 company known or unknown, present or future, and contingent or noncontingent. 23 If notice to creditors and claimants is given, it must be given by publishing the 1. 24 notice once each week for four successive weeks in an official newspaper as 25 defined in chapter 46-06 in the county or counties where the registered office and 26 the principal executive office of the limited liability company are located and by 27 giving written notice to known creditors and claimants pursuant to subsection 32 of
- 28 section 10-32-02.
- 29 2. The notice to creditors and claimants must contain:
- a. A statement that the limited liability company has dissolved and is in the
 process of winding up its affairs;

1		b.	A statement that the limited liability company has filed with the secretary of
2			state a notice of dissolution;
3		C.	The date of filing the notice of dissolution;
4		d.	The address of the office to which written claims against the limited liability
5			company must be presented; and
6		e.	The date by which all claims must be received, which must be the later of
7			ninety days after published notice or, with respect to a particular known
8			creditor or claimant, ninety days after the date on which written notice was
9			given to that creditor or claimant. Published notice is considered given on the
10			date of first publication for the purpose of determining this date.
11	3.	If the	e business of the limited liability company is being continued under a business
12		cont	tinuation agreement, the notice to creditors may also contain all of the
13		follo	wing:
14		a.	A statement that the business of the dissolved limited liability company is
15			being continued by a successor organization;
16		b.	The name and address of the successor organization;
17		C.	An undertaking by the successor organization to assume all the liabilities of
18			the dissolved limited liability company; and
19		d.	A statement that creditors of the dissolved limited liability company do not
20			need to file claims against the limited liability company in order to preserve
21			their rights to enforce those claims against the successor organization.
22		Neit	her the existence of a business continuation agreement nor the giving of the
23		info	rmation described in this subsection affects a creditor's or claimant's right to
24		proc	ceed against the dissolved limited liability company.
25	4.	With	n respect to a limited liability company that gives notice to creditors and
26		<u>clair</u>	nants:
27		a.	A The limited liability company that gives notice to creditors and claimants
28			has thirty days from the receipt of each claim filed according to the
29			procedures set forth by the limited liability company on or before the date set
30			forth in the notice to accept or reject the claim by giving written notice to the

1			person submitting it. A claim not expressly rejected in this manner is
2			considered accepted.
3		b.	A creditor or claimant to whom notice is given and whose claim is rejected by
4			the limited liability company has sixty days from the date of rejection, or one
5			hundred eighty days from the date the limited liability company filed with the
6			secretary of state the notice of dissolution, whichever is longer, to pursue any
7			other remedies with respect to the claim.
8		C.	A creditor or claimant to whom notice is given who fails to file a claim
9			according to the procedures set forth by the limited liability company on or
10			before the date set forth in the notice is barred from suing the dissolved
11			limited liability company on that claim or otherwise realizing upon or enforcing
12			it against the dissolved limited liability company, except as provided in section
13			10-32-128. If the dissolved limited liability company gave the additional
14			information referred to in subsection 3, nothing in this section bars the creditor
15			or claimant from seeking to enforce its rights against the successor
16			organization.
17		d.	A creditor or claimant whose claim is rejected by the limited liability company
18			under subdivision b is barred from suing on that claim or otherwise realizing
19			upon or enforcing it whether against the dissolved limited liability company or
20			any successor organization, if the creditor or claimant does not initiate legal,
21			administrative, or arbitration proceedings with respect to the claim within the
22			time provided in subdivision b.
23	5.	Artic	cles of termination for a limited liability company dissolving under this section
24		that	has given notice to creditors and claimants under this section must be filed
25		with	the secretary of state along with the fees provided in section 10-32-150 after:
26		a.	The ninety-day period in subdivision e of subsection 2 has expired and the
27			payment of claims of all creditors and claimants filing a claim within that
28			period has been made or provided for; or
29		b.	The longest of the periods described in subdivision b of subsection 4 has
30			expired and there are no pending legal, administrative, or arbitration

1			proceedings by or against the limited liability company commenced within the
2			time provided in subdivision b of subsection 4.
3	6.	The	articles of termination for a limited liability company that has given notice to
4		cred	litors and claimants under this section must state:
5		a.	The last date on which the notice was given and that the payment of all
6			creditors and claimants filing a claim within the ninety-day period in
7			subdivision e of subsection 2 has been made or provided for, or the date on
8			which the longest of the periods described in subdivision b of subsection 4
9			expired;
10		b.	That the remaining property, assets, and claims of the limited liability
11			company have been distributed in accordance with section 10-32-131, or that
12			adequate provision has been made for that distribution; and
13		C.	That there are no pending legal, administrative, or arbitration proceedings by
14			or against the limited liability company commenced within the time provided in
15			subdivision b of subsection 4 or that adequate provision has been made for
16			the satisfaction of any judgment, order, or decree that may be entered against
17			it in a pending proceeding.
18	SEC		N 179. AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-115 of the North Dakota Century Code
19	is amended	l and	reenacted as follows:
20	10-3	32-11	5. Winding-up procedure for limited liability companies that do not give
21	notice to c	redite	ors and claimants. When a notice of intent to dissolve has been filed with the
22	secretary of	fstate	e and the limited liability company elected not to give notice to creditors and
23	claimants in	<u>the</u> i	manner provided in section 10-32-114:
24	1.	Artic	cles of termination for a limited liability company whose business is not to be
25		wou	nd up and terminated by merging the dissolved limited liability company into a
26		suco	cessor organization under subsection 3 of section 10-32-112 and that has not
27		give	n notice to creditors and claimants in the manner provided in section
28		10-3	32-114 must be filed with the secretary of state after:
29		a.	The payment of claims of all known creditors and claimants has been made
30			or provided for; or

Fifty-fifth

Legislative Assembly

1		b. At least two years have elapsed from the date of filing the notice of
2		dissolution.
3	2.	The articles of termination for a limited liability company that has not given notice
4		to creditors and claimants in the manner provided under section 10-32-114 must
5		state:
6		a. If articles of termination are being filed pursuant to subdivision a of
7		subsection 1 that all known debts, obligations, and liabilities of the limited
8		liability company have been paid and discharged or that adequate provision
9		has been made for payment or discharge;
10		b. That the remaining property, assets, and claims of the limited liability
11		company have been distributed in accordance with section 10-32-131 or that
12		adequate provision has been made for that distribution; and
13		c. That there are no pending legal, administrative, or arbitration proceedings by
14		or against the limited liability company or that adequate provision has been
15		made for the satisfaction of any judgment, order, or decree that may be
16		entered against it in a pending proceeding.
17	3.	If the limited liability company has paid or provided for all known creditors or
18		claimants at the time articles of termination are filed, a creditor or claimant who
19		does not file a claim or pursue a remedy in a legal, administrative, or arbitration
20		proceeding within two years after the date of filing the notice of dissolution is
21		barred from suing on that claim or otherwise realizing upon or enforcing it.
22	4.	If the limited liability company has not paid or provided for all known creditors and
23		claimants at the time articles of termination are filed, a person who does not file a
24		claim or pursue a remedy in a legal, administrative, or arbitration proceeding withir
25		two years after the date of filing the notice of dissolution is barred from suing on
26		that claim or otherwise realizing upon or enforcing it, except as provided in section
27		10-32-128.
28	SEC	CTION 180. AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-117 of the North Dakota Century Code
29	is amended	and reenacted as follows:
30	10-3	32-117. Filing of article of termination - Effective date of termination and
31	certificate	- Certificate of termination.

1 1. An original of the articles of termination must be filed with the secretary of state. If 2 the secretary of state finds the articles of termination conform to the filing 3 requirements of the chapter and all fees have been paid under section 10-32-150, 4 the secretary of state shall issue a certificate of termination. 5 When the articles of termination have been filed with the secretary of state, the <u>2.</u> 6 limited liability company is terminated. 7 2. 3. The secretary of state shall issue to the dissolved limited liability company or its 8 legal representative a certificate of termination that contains: 9 The name of the limited liability company: a. 10 The date the articles of termination were filed with the secretary of state; and b. 11 A statement that the limited liability company is terminated. C. 12 **SECTION 181. AMENDMENT.** Section 10-32-119 of the North Dakota Century Code 13 is amended and reenacted as follows: 14 10-32-119. Judicial intervention and equitable remedies, dissolution, and termination. 15 16 1. A court may grant any equitable relief it considers just and reasonable in the 17 circumstances or may dissolve, wind up, and terminate a limited liability company: 18 In a supervised voluntary winding up and termination pursuant to section a. 19 10-32-118; 20 b. In an action by a member when it is established that: 21 (1) The governors or the persons having the authority otherwise vested in 22 the board of governors are deadlocked in the management of the 23 affairs of the limited liability company and the members are unable to 24 break the deadlock; 25 (2) The governors or those in control of the limited liability company have 26 acted fraudulently, illegally, or in a manner unfairly prejudicial toward 27 one or more members in their capacities as members, or governors, of 28 any limited liability company or as managers, or employees of a closely 29 held limited liability company; 30 (3) The members of the limited liability company are so divided in voting 31 power that, for a period that includes the time when two consecutive

1		regular meetings were held, they have failed to elect successors to
2		governors whose terms have expired or would have expired upon the
3		election and qualification of their successors;
4		(4) The limited liability company assets are being misapplied or wasted; or
5		(5) An event of dissolution has occurred under subdivision a, d, or e of
6		subsection 1 of section 10-32-109 but the limited liability company is
7		not acting to wind up its affairs;
8		c. In an action by a creditor when:
9		(1) The claim of the creditor has been reduced to judgment and an
10		execution on the judgment has been returned unsatisfied; or
11		(2) The limited liability company has admitted in writing that the claim of
12		the creditor is due and owing and it is established that the limited
13		liability company is unable to pay its debts in the ordinary course of
14		business; or
15		d. In an action by the attorney general to dissolve the limited liability company in
16		accordance with section 10-32-122 when it is established that a decree of
17		termination is appropriate.
18	2.	In determining whether to order relief under this section and in determining what
19		particular relief to order, the court shall take into consideration the financial
20		condition of the limited liability company but may not refuse to order any particular
21		form of relief solely on the grounds that the limited liability company has
22		accumulated or current operating profits.
23	3.	In determining whether to order relief under this section and in determining what
24		particular relief to order, the court shall take into consideration the duty that all
25		members in a closely held limited liability company owe one another to act in an
26		honest, fair, and reasonable manner in the operation of the limited liability
27		company and the reasonable expectations of the members as they exist at the
28		inception and develop during the course of the members' relationship with the
29		limited liability company and with each other.
30	4.	For purposes of this section, any written agreements, including employment
31		agreements and buy-sell agreements between or among one or more members

	-	-
1		and the limited liability company are presumed to reflect the parties reasonable
2		expectations concerning matters dealt with in the agreements.
3	<u>5.</u>	In determining what relief to order, the court shall take into account that any relief
4		that results in the termination of a member's membership interest will cause
5		dissolution of the limited liability company. If the court orders relief that results in
6		dissolution of the limited liability company, the court shall make appropriate orders
7		providing for the winding up and termination of the dissolved limited liability
8		company.
9	5. <u>6.</u>	In deciding whether to order winding up through liquidation, the court shall
10		consider whether lesser relief suggested by one or more parties, or provided in a
11		business continuation agreement, such as any form of equitable relief, or a buyout
12		or partial liquidation coupled with the continuation of the business of the dissolved
13		limited liability company through a successor organization, would be adequate to
14		permanently relieve the circumstances established under subdivision b or c of
15		subsection 1. Lesser relief may be ordered in any case where it would be
16		appropriate under all the facts and circumstances of the case.
17	6. <u>7.</u>	If the court finds that a party to a proceeding brought under this section has acted
18		arbitrarily, vexatiously, or otherwise not in good faith, it may in its discretion award
19		reasonable expenses, including attorneys' fees and disbursements, to any of the
20		other parties.
21	7. <u>8.</u>	Proceedings under this section must be brought in a court within the county in
22		which the registered office of the limited liability company is located. It is not
23		necessary to make members parties to the action or proceeding unless relief is
24		sought against them personally.
25	SE	CTION 182. AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-121 of the North Dakota Century Code
26	is amende	d and reenacted as follows:
27	10-	32-121. Qualifications of receivers and powers.
28	1.	A receiver must be an individual or a domestic or foreign organization authorized
29		to transact business or conduct activities in this state. A receiver shall give bond
30		as directed by the court with the sureties required by the court.

1	2.	A re	ceiver may sue and defend in all courts as receiver of the limited liability
2		com	pany. The court appointing the receiver has exclusive jurisdiction of the
3		limit	ed liability company and its property.
4	SEC		183. AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-122 of the North Dakota Century Code
5	is amended	and	reenacted as follows:
6	10-3	32-12	2. Action by attorney general.
7	1.	A lin	nited liability company may be involuntarily dissolved, wound up, and
8		term	inated by a decree of a court in this state in an action filed by the attorney
9		gene	eral when it is established that:
10		a.	The articles of organization were procured through fraud;
11		b.	The limited liability company was organized for a purpose not permitted by
12			section 10-32-04;
13		C.	The limited liability company failed to comply with the requirements essential
14			to organization under this chapter;
15		d.	The limited liability company has failed for thirty days to appoint and maintain
16			a registered agent in this state; or
17		e.	The limited liability company has failed for thirty days after change of the
18			registered office or registered agent to file in the office of the secretary of
19			state a statement of such change; or
20		<u>f.</u>	The limited liability company has acted, or failed to act, in a manner that
21			constitutes surrender or abandonment of the limited liability company
22			privileges or enterprise.
23	2.	An a	action must not be commenced under this section until thirty days after notice
24		to th	e limited liability company by the attorney general of the reason for the filing of
25		the a	action. If the reason for filing the action is an act that the limited liability
26		com	pany has done, or omitted to do, and the act or omission may be corrected by
27		an a	mendment of the articles of organization or the operating agreement or by
28		perf	ormance of or abstention from the act, the attorney general shall give the
29		limit	ed liability company thirty additional days in which to effect the correction
30		befo	re filing the action.

1	SEC	CTION 184. AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-127 of the North Dakota Century Code			
2	is amended and reenacted as follows:				
3	10-3	10-32-127. Deposit with state treasurer administrator of abandoned property of			
4	amount du	e certain members persons. Upon termination of a limited liability company, the			
5	portion of th	he assets distributable to a member person who is unknown or cannot be found, or			
6	who is unde	er disability, if there is no person legally competent to receive the distributive portion			
7	<u>it</u> , must be i	reduced to money and deposited with the state treasurer administrator of			
8	abandoned	property for disposition pursuant to chapter 47-30.1. The amount deposited is			
9	appropriate	d to the state treasurer administrator of abandoned property and must be paid over			
10	to the mem	ber person or a legal representative, upon proof satisfactory to the state treasurer			
11	administrate	or of abandoned property of a right to payment.			
12	SEC	CTION 185. Section 10-32-130.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and			
13	enacted as	follows:			
14	<u>10-3</u>	32-130.1. Extension after duration expired.			
15	<u>1.</u>	A limited liability company whose period of duration as provided in the articles has			
16		expired and which has continued to do business despite that expiration may			
17		reinstate its articles and extend the period of duration within one year after the date			
18		of expiration by filing an amendment to the articles as set forth in this section.			
19	<u>2.</u>	An amendment to the articles must be approved by the board of governors and			
20		must include:			
21		a. The date the period of duration expired under the articles;			
22		b. The date to which the period of duration is extended; and			
23		c. A statement that the limited liability company has been in continuous			
24		operation since before the date of expiration of its original period of duration.			
25	<u>3.</u>	The amendment to the articles must be presented, after notice, at a meeting of the			
26		members. The amendment is adopted when approved by the members pursuant			
27		to section 10-32-16.			
28	<u>4.</u>	Articles of amendment, together with any fees and delinquent filings and reports,			
29		conforming to section 10-32-18 must be filed with the secretary of state.			
30	SEC	CTION 186. Section 10-32-130.2 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and			
31	enacted as	follows:			

1	<u>10-3</u>	2-130.2. Effect of extension. Filing with the secretary of state of articles of
2	amendment	t extending the period of duration of a limited liability company:
3	<u>1.</u>	Relates back to the date of expiration of the original period of duration of the
4		limited liability company as provided in the articles;
5	<u>2.</u>	Validates contracts or other acts within the authority of the articles, and the limited
6		liability company is liable for those contracts or acts; and
7	<u>3.</u>	Restores to the limited liability company all the assets and rights of the limited
8		liability company to the extent they were held by the limited liability company
9		before expiration of its original period of duration, except those sold or otherwise
10		distributed after that time.
11	SEC	CTION 187. AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-135 of the North Dakota Century Code
12	is amended	and reenacted as follows:
13	10-3	2-135. Foreign limited liability company - Governing law.
14	1.	Subject to the constitution of this state, the laws of the jurisdiction under which a
15		foreign limited liability company is organized govern its organization and internal
16		affairs and the liability of its members. A foreign limited liability company may not
17		be denied a certificate of authority to transact business in this state by reason of
18		any difference between those laws and the laws of this state.
19	2.	A foreign limited liability company holding a valid certificate of authority in this state
20		has no greater rights and privileges than a domestic limited liability company. The
21		certificate of authority does not authorize the foreign limited liability company to
22		exercise any of its powers or purposes that a domestic limited liability company is
23		forbidden by law to exercise in this state.
24	SEC	CTION 188. AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-136 of the North Dakota Century Code
25	is amended	and reenacted as follows:
26	10-3	2-136. Foreign limited liability company - Name. A foreign limited liability
27	company m	ay apply for a certificate of authority under any name that would be available to a
28	domestic lin	nited liability company, whether or not the name is the name under which it is
29	authorized i	n its jurisdiction of organization. A trade name must be registered as provided in
30	chapter 47-2	25 when applying for the certificate of authority under a name other than the name
31	as authorize	ed in the jurisdiction of origin.

1	SEC	CTION 189. AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-137 of the North Dakota Century Code
2	is amended	and reenacted as follows:
3	10-3	32-137. Foreign limited liability company - Admission of foreign limited
4	liability co	mpany - Transacting business and obtaining <u>- Obtaining</u> licenses and permits.
5	No <u>A</u> foreig	n limited liability company may transact not:
6	<u>1.</u>	Transact business in this state or obtain any license or permit required by this state
7		until it has procured a certificate of authority from the secretary of state. No foreign
8		limited liability company may transact
9	<u>2.</u>	Transact in this state any business that is prohibited to a domestic limited liability
10		company organized under this chapter. A foreign limited liability company may not
11		be
12	<u>3.</u>	Be denied a certificate of authority because the laws of the state or country where
13		the limited liability company is organized differ from the laws of this state. Nothing
14		in this chapter authorizes this state to regulate the organization or internal affairs of
15		a foreign limited liability company.
16	SEC	CTION 190. AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-138 of the North Dakota Century Code
17	is amended	and reenacted as follows:
18	10-3	32-138. Foreign limited liability company - Application for certificate of
19	authority.	
20	1.	An applicant for the certificate shall file with the secretary of state a certificate of
21		status from the filing office in the jurisdiction in which the foreign limited liability
22		company is organized and an application executed by an authorized person and
23		setting forth:
24		a. The name of the foreign limited liability company and, if different, the name
25		under which it proposes to transact business in this state;
26		b. The jurisdiction of its organization;
27		c. The name and business address of the proposed registered agent in this
28		state, which agent must be an individual resident of this state, a domestic
29		corporation, or a foreign corporation having a place of business in, and

1	(d. The address of the principal executive proposed registered office of the
2		foreign limited liability company in this state; and
3	(e. The date the foreign limited liability company expires in the jurisdiction of its
4		organization;
5	<u>1</u>	f. The purpose the foreign limited liability company proposes to pursue in
6		transacting its business in this state;
7	9	g. The names and addresses of the governors and managers of the foreign
8		limited liability company; and
9	Ī	h. Any additional information deemed appropriate by the secretary of state to
10		determine whether the foreign limited liability company is entitled to a
11		certificate of authority to transact business in this state.
12	2.	The application must be accompanied by payment of the fees provided in section
13		10-32-150 together with a certificate of good standing or a certificate of existence
14	(duly authenticated by the organizing officer of the state or country where the
15	I	imited liability company is organized and the consent of the designated registered
16	ä	agent for service of process to serve in that capacity.
17	SECT	FION 191. AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-139 of the North Dakota Century Code
18	is amended a	and reenacted as follows:
19	10-32	P-139. Foreign limited liability company - Issuance of certificate of authority.
20	If the secreta	ry of state finds that an application for a certificate of authority conforms to law and
21	all fees have	been paid, the secretary shall:
22	1. I	Endorse on the application the word "filed" and the date of the filing;
23	2.	File the application, the certificate of good standing or certificate of existence, and
24	t	the consent of the registered agent; and
25	3.	Issue to the limited liability company or its representative, a certificate of authority
26	t	to transact business in this state.
27	SECT	FION 192. AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-140 of the North Dakota Century Code
28	is amended a	and reenacted as follows:
29	10-32	2-140. Foreign limited liability company - Amendments to the certificate of
30	authority. If	any statement in the application for a certificate of authority by a foreign limited
31	liability comp	any was false when made or any arrangements or other facts described have

1 changed, making the application inaccurate in any respect, the foreign limited liability company 2 shall promptly file with the secretary of state an application for an amended certificate of 3 authority executed by an authorized person correcting the statement and in the case of a 4 change in its name, a certificate to that effect authenticated by the proper officer of the state or 5 country under the laws of which the foreign limited liability company is organized. In the case 6 of a termination or merger, a foreign limited liability company that is not the surviving 7 organization need not file an application for an amended certificate of authority but shall 8 promptly file with the secretary of state a certificate to that effect authenticated by the proper 9 officer of the state or country under the laws of which the foreign limited liability company is 10 organized. 11 SECTION 193. AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-141 of the North Dakota Century Code 12 is amended and reenacted as follows: 13 10-32-141. Foreign limited liability company - Registered agent and certain 14 **reports.** A foreign limited liability company authorized to transact business in this state shall: 15 1. Appoint and continuously maintain a registered agent in the same manner as 16 provided in section 10-32-12; or and 17 2. File a report upon any change in the name or business address of its the 18 registered agent office or upon any change in the name of its registered agent in 19 the same manner as provided in subsection 3 of section 10-32-13. 20 **SECTION 194. AMENDMENT.** Section 10-32-142 of the North Dakota Century Code 21 is amended and reenacted as follows: 22 10-32-142. Foreign limited liability company - Merger of foreign limited liability 23 company authorized to transact business in this state. Whenever a foreign limited liability 24 company authorized to transact business in this state is a party to a statutory merger permitted 25 by the laws of the state or country under which it is organized, and the limited liability company 26 is not the surviving organization, the surviving organization shall, within thirty days after the 27 merger becomes effective, file with the secretary of state a certified statement of merger duly 28 authenticated by the proper officer of the state or country where the statutory merger was 29 effected. It is not necessary for any Any foreign organization, which is the surviving 30 organization in a merger and which will continue to transact business in this state, to shall 31 procure either a new or amended certificate of authority to transact business in this state unless

1	the name of the organization is changed thereby or unless the organization desires to pursue in			
2	this state purposes other than those which it is authorized to transact in this state.			
3	SEC		N 195. AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-143 of the North Dakota Century Code	
4	is amended	l and	reenacted as follows:	
5	10-3	32-14	3. Foreign limited liability company - Certificate of withdrawal.	
6	1.	A fo	reign limited liability company authorized to transact business in this state may	
7		with	draw from this state upon procuring from the secretary of state a certificate of	
8		with	drawal. In order to procure the certificate, the foreign limited liability company	
9		shal	Il file with the secretary of state an application for withdrawal, together with the	
10		fees	provided in section 10-32-150, which must set forth:	
11		a.	The name of the limited liability company and the state or country under the	
12			laws of which it is organized;	
13		b.	That the limited liability company is not transacting business in this state;	
14		C.	That the limited liability company surrenders its authority to transact business	
15			in this state;	
16		d.	That the limited liability company revokes the authority of its registered agent	
17			in this state to accept service of process and consents to that service of	
18			process on the limited liability company by service upon the secretary of state	
19			in any action, suit, or proceeding based upon any cause of action arising in	
20			this state during the time the limited liability company was authorized to	
21			transact business in this state; and	
22		e.	A post-office address to which a person may mail a copy of any process	
23			against the limited liability company.	
24	2.	The	filing with the secretary of state of a certificate of termination, or a certificate of	
25		mer	ger if the limited liability company is not the surviving organization, from the	
26		prop	per officer of the state or country under the laws of which the limited liability	
27		com	pany is organized constitutes a valid application of withdrawal and the	
28		auth	nority of the limited liability company to transact business in this state shall	
29		cea	se upon filing of the certificate.	
30	SEC		N 196. AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-144 of the North Dakota Century Code	
31	31 is amended and reenacted as follows:			

1	10-3	32-144	4. Foreign limited liability company - Revocation of certificate of
2	authority.		
3	1.	The	certificate of authority of a foreign limited liability company to transact
4		busir	ness in this state may be revoked by the secretary of state upon the
5		occu	irrence of either of these events:
6		a.	The foreign limited liability company has failed to appoint and maintain a
7			registered agent as required by this chapter, file a report upon any change in
8			the name or business address of the registered agent, or file in the office of
9			the secretary of state any amendment to its application for a certificate of
10			authority as specified in section 10-32-140; or
11		b.	A misrepresentation has been made of any material matter in any application,
12			report, affidavit, or other document submitted by the foreign limited liability
13			company pursuant to this chapter.
14	2.	No c	ertificate of authority of a foreign limited liability company may be revoked by
15		the s	secretary of state unless:
16		a.	The secretary has given the foreign limited liability company not less than
17			sixty days' notice by mail addressed to its registered office in this state or, if
18			the foreign limited liability company fails to appoint and maintain a registered
19			agent in this state, addressed to its principal executive office; and
20		b.	During the sixty-day period, the foreign limited liability company has failed to
21			file the report of change regarding the registered agent, to file any
22			amendment, or to correct the misrepresentation.
23	3.	Upor	n the expiration of sixty days after the mailing of the notice, the authority of the
24		forei	gn limited liability company to transact business in this state ceases. The
25		secre	etary of state shall issue a certificate of revocation and shall mail the certificate
26		to the	e principal executive office of the foreign limited liability company.
27	SEC	CTION	197. AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-145 of the North Dakota Century Code
28	is amended	l and r	reenacted as follows:
29	10-3	32-145	5. <u>Foreign limited liability company -</u> Transaction of business without
30	0 certificate of authority.		

- A foreign limited liability company transacting business in this state may not
 maintain any action, suit, or proceeding in any court of this state until it possesses
 a certificate of authority.
- 2. The failure of a foreign limited liability company to obtain a certificate of authority
 does not impair the validity of any contract or act of the foreign limited liability
 company or prevent the foreign limited liability company from defending any action,
 suit, or proceeding in any court of this state.
- 8 3. A foreign limited liability company, by transacting business in this state without a
 9 certificate of authority, appoints the secretary of state as its agent upon whom any
 10 notice, process, or demand may be served.
- 11 4. A foreign limited liability company that transacts business in this state without a 12 valid certificate of authority is liable to the state for the years or parts of years 13 during which it transacted business in this state without the certificate in an amount 14 equal to all fees that would have been imposed by this chapter upon that limited 15 liability company had it duly obtained the certificate, filed all reports required by this 16 chapter, and paid all penalties imposed by this chapter. The attorney general shall 17 bring proceedings to recover all amounts due this state under the provisions of this 18 section.
- 5. A foreign limited liability company that transacts business in this state without a
 valid certificate of authority is subject to a civil penalty, payable to the state, not to
 exceed five thousand dollars. Each governor or, in the absence of governors,
 each member or agent who authorizes, directs, or participates in the transaction of
 business in this state on behalf of a foreign limited liability company that does not
 have a certificate is subject to a civil penalty, payable to the state, not to exceed
 one thousand dollars.
- 6. The civil penalties set forth in subsection 5 may be recovered in an action brought within the district court of Burleigh County by the attorney general. Upon a finding by the court that a foreign limited liability company or any of its members, governors, or agents have transacted business in this state in violation of this chapter, the court shall issue, in addition to the imposition of a civil penalty, an injunction restraining the further transaction of the business of the foreign limited

	-		-
1		liab	ility company and the further exercise of any limited liability company's rights
2		and	privileges in this state. The foreign limited liability company must be enjoined
3		fror	n transacting business in this state until all civil penalties plus any interest and
4		cou	rt costs that the court may assess have been paid and until the foreign limited
5		liab	ility company has otherwise complied with the provisions of this chapter.
6	7.	Am	nember of a foreign limited liability company is not liable for the debts and
7		obli	gations of the limited liability company solely by reason of the company's
8		hav	ing transacted business in this state without a valid certificate of authority.
9	SEC	стю	N 198. AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-146 of the North Dakota Century Code
10	is amended	d and	reenacted as follows:
11	10-3	32-14	Foreign limited liability company - Transactions not constituting
12	transacting	g bus	siness.
13	1.	The	e following activities of a foreign limited liability company, among others, do not
14		con	stitute transacting business within the meaning of this chapter:
15		a.	Maintaining, defending, or settling any proceeding;
16		b.	Holding meetings of its members or carrying on any other activities
17			concerning its internal affairs;
18		c.	Maintaining bank accounts;
19		d.	Maintaining offices or agencies for the transfer, exchange, and registration of
20			the foreign limited liability company's own securities or maintaining trustees or
21			depositories with respect to those securities;
22		e.	Selling through independent contractors;
23		f.	Soliciting or obtaining orders, whether by mail or through employees or
24			agents or otherwise, if the orders require acceptance outside this state before
25			they become contracts;
26		g.	Creating or acquiring indebtedness, mortgages, and security interests in real
27			or personal property;
28		h.	Securing or collecting debts or enforcing mortgages and security interests in
29			property securing the debts;
30		i.	Holding, protecting, renting, maintaining, and operating real or personal
31			property in this state so acquired;

		. Colling on the other states the second state in this state to prove any on
1		j. Selling or transferring title to property in this state to any person; or
2		k. Conducting an isolated transaction that is completed within thirty days and
3		that is not one in the course of repeated transactions of a like manner.
4	2.	The term "transacting business" as used in this section has no effect on personal
5		jurisdiction under the North Dakota Rules of Civil Procedure.
6	3.	For purposes of this section, any foreign limited liability company that owns
7		income-producing real or tangible personal property in this state, other than
8		property exempted under subsection 1, will be considered transacting business in
9		this state.
10	4.	The list of activities in subsection 1 is not exhaustive. This section does not apply
11		in determining the contracts or activities that may subject a foreign limited liability
12		company to service of process or taxation in this state or to regulation under any
13		other law of this state.
14	SEC	TION 199. AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-147 of the North Dakota Century Code
15	is amended	and reenacted as follows:
16	10-3	2-147. Foreign limited liability company - Action by attorney general. The
17	attorney ge	neral may bring an action to restrain a foreign limited liability company from
18	transacting	business in this state in violation of this chapter.
19	SEC	TION 200. AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-148 of the North Dakota Century Code
20	is amended	and reenacted as follows:
21	10-3	2-148. Service of process on a foreign limited liability company. Service of
22	process on	a foreign limited liability company must be as provided in section 10-32-132. When
23	the certifica	te of authority of a foreign limited liability company is suspended or revoked, the
24	secretary of	state is an agent of the foreign limited liability company for service of process,
25	<u>notice, or de</u>	emand.
26	SEC	TION 201. AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-149 of the North Dakota Century Code
27	is amended	and reenacted as follows:
28	10-3	2-149. <u>Secretary of state -</u> Annual report of limited liability company and
29	foreign lim	ited liability company.

1 Each limited liability company, and each foreign limited liability company 1. 2 authorized to transact business in this state, shall file, within the time prescribed by 3 subsection 3, an annual report setting forth: 4 a. The name of the limited liability company or foreign limited liability company 5 and the state or country under the laws of which it is organized. 6 The address of the registered office of the limited liability company or foreign b. 7 limited liability company in this state, the name of its registered agent in this 8 state at that address, and the address of its principal executive office. 9 A brief statement of the character of the business in which the limited liability c. 10 company or foreign limited liability company is actually engaged in this state. 11 d. The names and respective addresses of the managers and governors of the 12 limited liability company or foreign limited liability company or the name or 13 names and respective address or addresses of at least two the managing 14 member or members of the limited liability company or foreign limited liability 15 company. 16 2. The annual report must be submitted on forms prescribed by the secretary of state. 17 The information provided must be given as of the date of the execution of the 18 report. The annual report must be signed as prescribed in subsection 46 of 19 section 10-32-02, or if the articles, operating agreement, or a resolution approved by the affirmative vote of the required proportion or number of the governors or 20 21 members entitled to vote. If the limited liability company or foreign limited liability 22 company is in the hands of a receiver or trustee, it must be signed on behalf of the 23 limited liability company or foreign limited liability company by the receiver or 24 trustee. The secretary of state may destroy all annual reports provided for in this 25 section after they have been on file for six years. 26 3. The annual report of a limited liability company or foreign limited liability company 27 must be delivered to the secretary of state before November sixteenth of each 28 year, except that the first annual report of a limited liability company or foreign 29 limited liability company must be delivered before November sixteenth of the year 30 following the calendar year in which the certificate of organization or certificate of 31 authority was issued by the secretary of state.

1		<u>a.</u>	An annual report in a sealed envelope postmarked by the United States	
2			postal service before November sixteenth, or an annual report in a sealed	
3			packet with a verified shipment date by any other carrier service before	
4			November sixteenth, is in compliance with this requirement.	
5		<u>b.</u>	The secretary of state must file the report if the report conforms to the	
6			requirements of subsection 2.	
7			(1) If the report does not conform, it must be returned to the limited liability	,
8			company or foreign limited liability company for any necessary	
9			corrections.	
10			(2) If the report is filed before the deadlines prescribed in this subsection,	
11			penalties for the failure to file a report within the time provided do not	
12			apply , if a the report is corrected to conform to the requirements of	
13			subsection 2 and returned to the secretary of state within thirty days	
14			after the annual report was returned by the secretary of state for	
15			correction.	
16		<u>C.</u>	The secretary of state may extend the annual filing date of any limited liability	/
17			company or foreign limited liability company, if a written application for an	
18			extension is delivered before November sixteenth.	
19	4.	Eac	ch limited liability company or foreign limited liability company that fails or	
20		refu	uses to file its annual report for any year within the time prescribed by	
21		sub	esection 3 must pay an additional fee of fifty dollars. A limited liability company	
22		that	t fails to file its annual report, along with the statutory filing and penalty fees,	
23		with	nin six months after November fifteenth, ceases to exist and is considered	
24		inve	oluntarily terminated by operation of law. The secretary of state shall revoke	
25		the	certificate of authority to transact business of any foreign limited liability	
26		con	npany which fails to file its annual report, along with the statutory filing and	
27		pen	nalty fees within six months after November fifteenth. The secretary of state's	
28		dete	ermination that a certificate of authority must be revoked under this section is	
29		fina	H.	
30	5.	Afte	er the date established under subsection 3, the secretary of state shall notify	
31		any	limited liability company or foreign limited liability company failing to file its	

1			ann	ual report that its certificate of organization or certificate of authority is not in	
2			good standing and that it may be terminated or revoked pursuant to subsection 4		
3			<u>5</u> .		
4			<u>a.</u>	The secretary of state must mail notice of termination or revocation to the last	
5				registered agent at the last registered office of record.	
6			<u>b.</u>	If the limited liability company or foreign limited liability company files its	
7				annual report after the notice is mailed, together with the annual report filing	
8				fee and late filing penalty fee as prescribed by section 10-32-150 and the late	
9				filing penalty fee as prescribed by subsection 4, the secretary of state will	
10				restore its certificate of organization or certificate of authority to good	
11				standing.	
12	6.	<u>5.</u>	A lin	nited liability company that does not file its annual report, along with the	
13			statu	utory filing and penalty fees, within six months after the date established in	
14			subs	section 3, ceases to exist and is considered involuntarily terminated by	
15			opei	ration of law.	
16			<u>a.</u>	The secretary of state shall note the termination of the limited liability	
17				company's certificate of organization on the records of the secretary of state	
18				and shall give notice of the action to the terminated limited liability company.	
19			<u>b.</u>	Notice by the secretary of state must be mailed to the foreign limited liability	
20				company's last registered agent at the last registered office of record.	
21	7.	<u>6.</u>	A fo	reign limited liability company that does not file its annual report, along with the	
22			statutory filing and penalty fees, within six months after the date established by		
23			subsection 3, forfeits its authority to transact business in North Dakota this state.		
24			<u>a.</u>	The secretary of state shall note the revocation of the foreign limited liability	
25				company's certificate of authority on the records of the secretary of state and	
26				shall give notice of the action to the foreign limited liability company.	
27			<u>b.</u>	Notice by the secretary of state must be mailed to the foreign limited liability	
28				company's last registered agent at the last registered office of record.	
29			<u>C.</u>	The secretary of state's decision that a certificate of authority must be	
30				revoked under this subsection is final.	

1	8.	7.	A limited liability company that was terminated for failure to file an annual report, or
2	0.		a foreign limited liability company whose authority was forfeited by failure to file an
3			annual report, may be reinstated by filing a past-due report, together with the
4			statutory filing and penalty fees for an annual report and a one hundred twenty-five
5			dollar fee reinstatement fee as prescribed in section 10-32-150. The fees must be
6			paid and the report filed within one year following November fifteenth for the
7			past-due report the involuntary dissolution or revocation. Reinstatement under this
8			section subsection does not affect the rights or liability for the time from the
9			termination or revocation to the reinstatement.
10			TION 202. AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-150 of the North Dakota Century Code
11			and reenacted as follows:
12			2-150. <u>Secretary of state -</u> Fees and charges.
13			The secretary of state shall charge and collect for:
14			a. Filing articles of organization and issuing a certificate of organization, one
15			hundred twenty-five dollars.
16			b. Filing articles of amendment, fifty dollars.
17			c. Filing restated articles of organization, one hundred twenty-five dollars.
18			d. Filing articles of merger and issuing a certificate of merger, fifty dollars.
19			e. Filing abandonment of merger or exchange, fifty dollars.
20			f. Filing an application to reserve a name, ten dollars.
21			g. Filing a notice of transfer of a reserved name, ten dollars.
22			h. Filing a cancellation of reserved name, ten dollars.
23			i. Filing a consent to use of name, ten dollars.
24			j. Filing a statement of change of address of registered office or change of
25			registered agent or both, ten dollars.
26			k. Filing a statement of change of address of registered office by registered
27			agent, ten dollars for each limited liability company affected by such change.
28			I. Filing a registered agent's consent to serve in such capacity, ten dollars.
29			m. Filing a resignation as registered agent, ten dollars.
30			n. Filing a resolution for the establishment of a class or series of membership
31			interest, fifty dollars.

0			, ,
1		0.	Filing a notice of dissolution, ten dollars.
2		p.	Filing a statement of revocation of voluntary dissolution proceedings, ten
3			dollars.
4		q.	Filing articles of dissolution and termination, twenty dollars.
5		r.	Filing an application of a foreign limited liability company for a certificate of
6			authority to transact business in this state and issuing a certificate of
7			authority, one hundred twenty-five dollars.
8		S.	Filing an amendment to the certificate of authority by a foreign limited liability
9			company, fifty dollars.
10		t.	Filing a certificate of fact stating a merger of a foreign limited liability company
11			holding a certificate of authority to transact business in this state, twenty
12			dollars.
13		u.	Filing an application for withdrawal of a foreign limited liability company and
14			issuing a certificate of withdrawal, twenty dollars.
15		۷.	Filing an annual report of a limited liability company or foreign limited liability
16			company, fifty dollars; any other statement or report of either, ten dollars.
17			The secretary of state shall charge and collect additional fees for late filing of
18			the annual report as follows:
19			(1) After the date prescribed in subsection 3 of section 10-32-149, fifty
20			dollars; and
21			(2) After the termination of the limited liability company, or the revocation of
22			the certificate of authority of a foreign limited liability company, the
23			reinstatement fee of one hundred twenty-five dollars.
24		w.	Filing any process, notice, or demand for service, twenty twenty-five dollars.
25		<u>X.</u>	Filing any other statement or report of a limited liability company or foreign
26			limited liability company, ten dollars.
27	2.	The	e secretary of state shall charge and collect for:
28		a.	Furnishing a copy of any document, instrument, or paper relating to a limited
29			liability company or a foreign limited liability company, one dollar for every
30			four pages, or fraction thereof.

1		b.	A cer	tificate certifying a copy or reciting facts related to a limited liability
2			comp	any or a foreign limited liability company, twenty dollars.
3		C.	Each	page of any document or form sent by electronic transmission, one
4			dollar	
5	SEC		N 203.	AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-152 of the North Dakota Century Code
6	is amended	land	reenad	cted as follows:
7	10-3	32-15	2. <u>Sec</u>	cretary of state - Powers - Enforcement - Appeal.
8	1.	The	secret	ary of state has the power and authority reasonably necessary to
9		effic	iently a	administer this chapter and to perform the duties imposed thereby.
10	2.	The	secret	ary of state may propound to any limited liability company, domestic or
11		forei	ign, su	bject to the provisions of this chapter and to any manager or governor
12		ther	eof, su	ch interrogatories as may be reasonably necessary and proper to
13		asce	ertain v	whether such limited liability company has complied with all provisions of
14		this	chapte	er applicable to such limited liability company.
15		a.	Such	interrogatories must be answered within thirty days after mailing, or
16			within	such additional time as must be fixed by the secretary of state. The
17			answ	ers to such interrogatories must be full and complete and must be made
18			in wri	ting and under oath.
19		b.	If suc	h interrogatories be directed:
20			(1)	To an individual, they must be answered by that individual; or
21			(2)	To a limited liability company, they must be answered by the president,
22				vice president, secretary, or assistant secretary of the limited liability
23				company.
24		C.	The s	ecretary of state need not file any document to which such
25			interro	ogatories relate until such interrogatories have been answered, and not
26			then i	f the answers disclose that such document is not in conformity with the
27			provis	sions of this chapter.
28		d.	The s	secretary of state shall certify to the attorney general, for such action as
29			the at	torney general may deem appropriate, all interrogatories and answers
30			there	to, which disclose a violation of any of the provisions of this chapter.

1		e.	Each manager or governor of a limited liability company, domestic or foreign,
2			who fails or refuses within the time provided by subdivision a of subsection 2
3			to answer truthfully and fully all interrogatories propounded to that person by
4			the secretary of state is guilty of an infraction.
5		f.	Interrogatories propounded by the secretary of state and the answers thereto
6			are not open to public inspection. The secretary of state may not disclose
7			any facts or information obtained from such interrogatories or answers except
8			insofar as may be permitted by law or insofar as is required for evidence in
9			any criminal proceedings or other action by this state.
10	3.	If the	e secretary of state rejects any document required by this chapter to be
11		аррі	roved by the secretary of state before the same may be filed, then the
12		secr	retary of state shall , within ten days after receipt of the document, give written
13		notio	ce of the rejection to the person who delivered the document, specifying the
14		reas	sons for rejection.
15		a.	From such rejection such person may appeal to the district court of the county
16			in which the registered office of such limited liability company is, or is
17			proposed to be, situated by filing with the clerk of such court a petition setting
18			forth a copy of the document sought to be filed and a copy of the written
19			rejection of the document by the secretary of state.
20		b.	The matter must be tried de novo by the court. The court shall either sustain
21			the action of the secretary of state or direct the secretary of state to take such
22			action as the court may deem proper.
23	4.	If the	e secretary of state revokes the certificate of authority to transact business in
24		this	state of any foreign limited liability company, pursuant to the provisions of
25		sect	ion 10-32-144, such foreign limited liability company may appeal to district
26		cour	rt of the county where the registered office of such limited liability company in
27		this	state is situated by filing with the clerk of such court a petition setting forth a
28		copy	y of its certificate of authority to transact business in this state and a copy of
29		the i	notice of revocation given by the secretary of state. The matter must be tried
30		de n	ovo by the court. The court shall either sustain the action of the secretary of

78314.0500

	Logiolativo	A GOOTHORY
1		state or direct the secretary of state to take such action as the court may deem
2		proper.
3	5.	Appeals from all final orders and judgments entered by the district court under this
4		section in review of any ruling or decision of the secretary of state may be taken as
5		in other civil actions.
6	SEC	CTION 204. AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-153 of the North Dakota Century Code
7	is amended	and reenacted as follows:
8	10-3	32-153. Secretary of state - Certificates and certified copies to be received in
9	evidence.	
10	1.	All certificates issued by the secretary of state and all copies of documents filed in
11		accordance with this chapter, when certified by the secretary of state, must be
12		taken and received in all courts, public offices, and official bodies as prima facie
13		evidence of the facts therein stated.
14	2.	A certificate by the secretary of state under the great seal of this state, as to the
15		existence or nonexistence of the facts relating to limited liability companies which
16		would not appear from a certified copy of any of the foregoing documents or
17		certificates, must be taken and received in all courts, public offices, and official
18		bodies as prima facie evidence of the existence or nonexistence of the facts stated
19		therein.
20	SEC	CTION 205. AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-154 of the North Dakota Century Code
21	is amended	and reenacted as follows:
22	10-3	32-154. Secretary of state - Forms to be furnished by the secretary of state.
23	All reports r	required by this chapter to be filed in the office of the secretary of state must be
24	made on fo	rms which must be prescribed and furnished by the secretary of state. Forms for all
25	other docur	ments to be filed in the office of the secretary of state must may be furnished by the
26	secretary o	f state upon request. However, the use of such documents, unless otherwise
27	specifically	required by law, is not mandatory.
28	SEC	CTION 206. AMENDMENT. Section 10-32-155 of the North Dakota Century Code
29	is amended	and reenacted as follows:
30	10-3	32-155. <u>Miscellaneous -</u> Foreign trade zones.
31	1.	As used in this section, unless the context otherwise requires:

78314.0500

1		a.	"Act o	of Con	gress" means the Act of Congress approved June 18, 1934,
2			entitle	ed an a	act to provide for the establishment, operation and maintenance of
3			foreig	n trad	e zones and ports of entry of the United States, to expedite and
4			enco	urage	foreign commerce and for other purposes, as amended, and
5			comn	nonly l	known as the Foreign Trade Zone Act of 1934.
6		b.	"Priva	ate org	anization" means a limited liability company authorized under this
7			chapt	ter or o	corporation authorized under chapter 10-19.1, one of the purposes
8			of wh	ich is t	to establish, operate, and maintain a foreign trade zone by itself or
9			in cor	njuncti	on with a public corporation.
10		C.	"Publ	ic corp	poration" means:
11			(1)	This	state;
12			(2)	Any p	political subdivision of this state;
13			(3)	Any r	nunicipality of this state;
14			(4)	Any p	public agency:
15				(a)	Of this state;
16				(b)	Of any political subdivision of this state; or
17				(c)	Any municipality of this state; or
18			(5)	Any o	other corporate instrumentality of this state.
19	2.	Any	privat	e orga	nization or public organization has the power to apply to the
20		prop	oer aut	horitie	s of the United States for a grant of the privilege of establishing,
21		ope	rating,	and m	naintaining foreign trade zones and foreign trade subzones and to
22		do a	all thing	gs nec	essary and proper to carry into effect the establishment, operation,
23		and	mainte	enance	e of such zones, all in accordance with the Act of Congress and
24		othe	er appli	icable	laws and rules.
25	SEC	TION	N 207.	Secti	on 10-32-156 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and
26	enacted as	follov	vs:		
27	<u>10-3</u>	<u> 32-15</u>	<u>6. Mis</u>	scella	neous - Audit reports and audit of limited liability companies
28	receiving s	tate	subsid	dies fo	or production of alcohol or methanol for combination with
29	gasoline.	Any li	mited	liability	company that produces agricultural ethyl alcohol or methanol
30	within this s	tate a	and wh	nich re	ceives a production subsidy from the state, whether in the form of
31	reduced tax	es or	other	wise, s	shall submit an annual audit report, prepared by a certified public

1	accour	ntant	base	<u>d on a</u>	n audit of all records and accounts of the limited liability company, to the
2	legislative audit and fiscal review committee. The audit must be submitted within ninety days of				
3	the clo	se of	the I	imited	liability company's taxable year. Upon request of the legislative audit
4	and fis	cal re	eview	comm	nittee, the state auditor shall conduct an audit of the records and
5	accour	<u>nts of</u>	any	limited	liability company required to submit an annual report under this section.
6		SEC		N 208.	AMENDMENT. Section 45-10.1-01 of the North Dakota Century Code
7	is ame	nded	and	reenad	cted as follows:
8		45-1	0.1-0	01. (10	D1) Definitions. As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise
9	require	es:			
10		1.	<u>"Ado</u>	dress"	means:
11			<u>a.</u>	In the	case of a registered office or principal executive office, the mailing
12				addre	ess, including the zip code, of the actual office location which may not be
13				only a	a post-office box; and
14			<u>b.</u>	<u>In all</u>	other cases, the mailing address, including a zip code.
15		<u>2.</u>	"Ce	rtificate	e of limited partnership" means the certificate referred to in section
16			45-1	0.1-08	3, and the certificate as amended or restated.
17	2.	<u>3.</u>	"Coi	ntributi	on" means any cash, property, services rendered, or a promissory note
18			or o	ther bi	nding obligation to contribute cash or property or to perform services,
19			whic	ch a pa	artner contributes to a limited partnership in his capacity as a partner.
20	3.	<u>4.</u>	"Eve	ent of v	vithdrawal of a general partner" means an event that causes a person to
21			ceas	se to b	e a general partner as provided in section 45-10.1-26.
22		<u>5.</u>	<u>"File</u>	ed with	the secretary of state" means:
23			<u>a.</u>	That	either:
24				<u>(1)</u>	A signed original or a legible facsimile copy of a signed original of a
25					request for reserved name; or
26				<u>(2)</u>	A signed original of all other documents meeting the applicable
27					requirements of this chapter together with the fees provided in section
28					45-10.1-15 has been delivered to the secretary of state and has been
29					determined by the secretary of state to conform to law.
30			<u>b.</u>	That	the secretary of state shall then:

1		<u>(1</u>) Endo	rse on the original the word "filed" and the month, day, and year;
2			and	
3		<u>(2</u>) Reco	rd the document in the office of the secretary of state.
4	4. 6.		-	partnership" means a partnership formed under the laws of any
5		-		this state and having as partners one or more general partners
6		and on	e or more	limited partners.
7	5. <u>7.</u>	"Genera	al partner	" means a person who has been admitted to a limited partnership
8		as a ge	neral par	tner in accordance with the partnership agreement and named in
9		the cert	tificate of	limited partnership as a general partner.
10	6. <u>8.</u>	"Limited	d partner"	means a person who has been admitted to a limited partnership
11		as a lin	nited partr	ner in accordance with the partnership agreement.
12	7. <u>9.</u>	"Limited	d partners	ship" and "domestic limited partnership" means a partnership
13		formed	by two oi	more persons under the laws of this state and having one or
14		more g	eneral pa	rtners and one or more limited partners.
15	<u>10.</u>	<u>"Notice</u>	".	
16		<u>a. Is</u>	given to a	a limited partnership or to a partner of the limited partnership when
17		in	writing ar	nd mailed or delivered to the limited partnership or the partner at
18		the	e register	ed office or principal executive office of the limited partnership.
19		<u>b. In</u>	all other	cases, is given to a person:
20		<u>(1</u>) <u>Wher</u>	n mailed to the person at an address designated by the person or
21			at the	e last known address of the person;
22		<u>(2</u>) Wher	handed to the person; or
23		<u>(3</u>) <u>Wher</u>	n left at the office of the person with a clerk or other person in
24			charg	<u>e of the office; or</u>
25			<u>(a)</u>	If there is no one in charge, when left in a conspicuous place in
26				the office; or
27			<u>(b)</u>	If the office is closed or the person to be notified has no office,
28				when left at the dwelling house or usual place of abode of the
29				person with some person of suitable age and discretion residing
30				there.

1			c. Is given when deposited in the United States mail with sufficient postage
2			affixed.
3			d. Is deemed received when it is given.
4	8.	<u>11.</u>	"Partner" means a general or limited partner.
5	9.	<u>12.</u>	"Partnership agreement" means any valid agreement, written or oral, of the
6			partners as to the affairs of a limited partnership and the conduct of its business.
7	10.	<u>13.</u>	"Partnership interest" means a partner's share of the profits and losses of a limited
8			partnership and the right to receive distributions of partnership assets.
9		11.	"Person" means a natural person, partnership, limited partnership, trust, estate,
10			association, corporation, or limited liability company.
11		<u>14.</u>	"Principal executive office" means:
12			a. An office from which the limited partnership conducts business; or
13			b. If the limited partnership has no office from which it conducts business, then
14			the registered office of the limited partnership.
15		<u>15.</u>	"Signed" means that the signature of a person has been placed on a document, as
16			provided in subsection 39 of section 41-01-11, and:
17			a. With respect to a document required by this chapter to be filed with the
18			secretary of state, means that the document has been signed by a person
19			authorized to do so by this chapter or by a resolution approved by the
20			affirmative vote of the required proportion or number of partners; and
21			b. With respect to a document that is not required by this chapter to be filed with
22			the secretary of state, means that the signature may be a facsimile affixed,
23			engraved, printed, placed, stamped with indelible ink, or in any other manner
24			reproduced on the document.
25	12.	<u>16.</u>	"State" means a state, territory, or possession of the United States, the District of
26			Columbia, or the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico.
27		SE	CTION 209. AMENDMENT. Section 45-10.1-02 of the North Dakota Century Code
28	is am	endeo	and reenacted as follows:
29		45-	10.1-02. (102) Name Limited partnership name.
30		<u>1.</u>	The name of each limited partnership as set forth in its certificate of limited
31			partnership:

Fifty-fifth

Legislative Assembly

	-		-	
1		<u>a.</u>	Must be in the English language or in another language expressed in English	
2			letters or characters.	
3	1.	<u>b.</u>	Must contain without abbreviation the words "limited partnership"- or the	
4			abbreviation "L.P." or "LP", either of which abbreviation may be used	
5			interchangeably for all purposes authorized by this chapter including real	
6			estate matters, contracts, and filings with the secretary of state;	
7	2.	<u>C.</u>	May not contain the name of a limited partner unless:	
8		a.	(1) It is also the name of a general partner, the corporate name of a	
9			corporate general partner or the limited liability company name of a	
10			limited liability company general partner; or	
11		b.	(2) The business of the limited partnership had been carried on under that	
12			name before the admission of that limited partner.	
13		<u>d.</u>	May not contain a word or phrase that indicates or implies it may not be	
14			organized under this chapter.	
15		<u>e.</u>	May not contain a word or phrase indicating or implying it is organized for a	
16			purpose other than a legal business purpose for which a limited partnership	
17			may be organized under this chapter.	
18	3.	<u>f.</u>	May not contain any \underline{a} word or phrase indicating or implying that it is	
19			organized other than for a purpose stated in its certificate of limited	
20			partnership.	
21	4.	<u>g.</u>	May not contain the word "corporation", "company", or "incorporated", "limited	
22			liability company", "limited liability partnership", or any abbreviation of those	
23			words.	
24	5.	Ma	y not be the same as or deceptively similar to the name of any corporation,	
25		limi	ited liability company, or limited partnership organized under the laws of this	
26		stat	te or licensed or registered as a foreign corporation, foreign limited liability	
27		con	npany, or limited partnership in this state, or a trade name or fictitious name	
28		cer	tificate on file with the secretary of state, unless there is filed with the certificate	
29		of l i	imited partnership a written consent of the holder of the similar name to use the	
30		nar	ne proposed by the limited partnership.	
31		<u>h.</u>	May not be the same as, or deceptively similar to:	

1		<u>(1)</u>	The name, whether foreign and authorized to do business in this state,
2			or domestic, unless there is filed with the articles a document in
3			compliance with subsection 2 of this section, of:
4			(a) Another limited partnership;
5			(b) <u>A corporation;</u>
6			(c) A limited liability company; or
7			(d) A limited liability partnership; or
8		<u>(2)</u>	A name the right to which is, at the time of organization, reserved in the
9			manner provided in section 10-19.1-14, 10-32-11, 10-33-11,
10			<u>45-10.1-03, or 45-22-05;</u>
11		<u>(3)</u>	A fictitious name registered in the manner provided in chapter 45-11; or
12		<u>(4)</u>	A trade name registered in the manner provided in chapter 47-25.
13	<u>2.</u>	The secre	tary of state shall determine whether a limited partnership name is
14		deceptive	ly similar to another name for purposes of this chapter.
15	<u>3.</u>	If the seci	etary of state determines a limited partnership name is deceptively
16		similar to	another name for purposes of this chapter, then the limited partnership
17		name ma	y not be used unless there is filed with the articles:
18		<u>a.</u> <u>The</u>	written consent of the holder of the registered trade name or the holder of
19		<u>the r</u>	ights to the name to which the proposed name has been determined to
20		<u>be d</u>	eceptively similar; or
21		<u>b.</u> <u>A ce</u>	rtified copy of a judgment of a court in this state establishing the prior
22		right	of the applicant to the use of the name in this state.
23	<u>4.</u>	Subsection	n 3 does not affect the right of a domestic limited partnership existing on
24		the effecti	ve date of this chapter, or a foreign limited partnership authorized to do
25		business	in this state on that date to continue the use of its name.
26	<u>5.</u>	This secti	on and section 45-10.1-03 do not:
27		<u>a.</u> <u>Abro</u>	gate or limit:
28		<u>(1)</u>	The law of unfair competition or unfair practices;
29		<u>(2)</u>	<u>Chapter 47-25;</u>

1			<u>(3)</u>	The laws of the United States with respect to the right to acquire and
2				protect copyrights, trade names, trademarks, service names, service
3				marks; or
4			<u>(4)</u>	Any other rights to the exclusive use of names or symbols; or
5		<u>b.</u>	Dero	gate the common law or the principles of equity.
6	<u>6.</u>	<u>A lii</u>	mited	partnership that is merged with another domestic or foreign organization,
7		<u>or t</u>	hat is o	organized by the reorganization of one or more domestic or foreign
8		org	anizati	ons, or that acquires by sale, lease, or other disposition to or exchange
9		<u>with</u>	n a dor	nestic organization all or substantially all of the assets of another
10		<u>dor</u>	nestic	or foreign organization including its name, may include in its name the
11		nar	ne of a	iny of the other organizations, if the other organization:
12		<u>a.</u>	Was	incorporated, organized, formed, or registered under the laws of this
13			state	1
14		<u>b.</u>	<u>ls au</u>	thorized to transact business or conduct activities in this state;
15		<u>C.</u>	<u>Hold</u>	s a reserved name in the manner provided in section 10-19.1-14,
16			<u>10-3</u>	2-11, 10-33-11, 45-10.1-03, or 45-22-05;
17		<u>d.</u>	<u>Hold</u>	s a fictitious name registered in the manner provided in chapter 45-11; or
18		<u>e.</u>	<u>Hold</u>	s a trade name registered in the manner provided in chapter 47-25.
19	<u>7.</u>	<u>The</u>	e use c	f a name by a limited partnership in violation of this section does not
20		affe	ect or v	itiate its limited partnership existence. However, a court in this state
21		ma	y, upoi	n application of the state or of an interested or affected person, enjoin the
22		<u>limi</u>	ted pa	rtnership from doing business under a name assumed in violation of this
23		sec	tion, a	Ithough its certificate of limited partnership may have been filed with the
24		<u>sec</u>	retary	of state.
25	SEC	стю	N 210	AMENDMENT. Section 45-10.1-03 of the North Dakota Century Code
26	is amended	d and	reena	cted as follows:
27	45-	10.1-	03. (1	03) Reservation of Reserved name.
28	1.	The	e exclu	sive right to the use of a limited partnership name otherwise permitted by
29		<u>sec</u>	tion 48	5-10.1-02 may be reserved by :
30		a.	Any -	person intending to organize a limited partnership under this chapter and
31			to ac	lopt that name.

1		b.	Any domestic limited partnership or any foreign limited partnership registered
2			in this state which, in either case, intends to adopt that name.
3		c.	Any foreign limited partnership intending to register in this state and adopt
4			that name.
5		d.	Any person intending to organize a foreign limited partnership and intending
6			to have it register in this state and adopt that name any person.
7	2.	The	reservation must be made by filing with the secretary of state an application,
8		exee	cuted by the applicant, to reserve a specified name. If the secretary of state
9		finde	s that the name is available for use by a domestic or foreign limited
10		part	nership, the secretary of state shall reserve the name for the exclusive use of
11		the a	applicant for a period of one hundred twenty days a request that the name be
12		rese	erved, together with the fees provided in section 45-10.1-15:
13		<u>a.</u>	If the name is available for use by the applicant, the secretary of state shall
14			reserve the name for the exclusive use of the applicant for a period of twelve
15			months.
16		<u>b.</u>	The reservation may be renewed for successive twelve-month periods.
17	<u>3.</u>	The	right to the exclusive use of a reserved limited partnership name reserved
18		purs	suant to this section may be transferred to any other <u>another</u> person by <u>or on</u>
19		beha	alf of the applicant for whom the name was reserved by filing in the office of the
20		secr	retary of state a notice of the transfer, executed by the applicant for whom the
21		nam	ne was reserved and specifying the name and address of the transferee,
22		toge	ether with fees provided in section 45-10.1-15.
23	<u>4.</u>	<u>The</u>	right to the exclusive use of a limited partnership name reserved pursuant to
24		<u>this</u>	section may be canceled by or on behalf of the applicant for whom the name
25		was	reserved by filing with the secretary of state a notice of cancellation, together
26		<u>with</u>	the fees provided in section 45-10.1-15.
27	<u>5.</u>	The	secretary of state may accept for filing a legible facsimile copy of the signed
28		<u>orig</u> i	inal of any request for reserved name.
29	<u>6.</u>	<u>The</u>	secretary of state may destroy all reserved name requests and index thereof
30		one	year after expiration.

- SECTION 211. AMENDMENT. Section 45-10.1-04 of the North Dakota Century Code
 is amended and reenacted as follows:
- 45-10.1-04. (104) Specified <u>Registered</u> office and <u>- Registered</u> agent. Each limited
 partnership shall continuously maintain in this state:
- An office, which may but need not be a place of its business in this state, at which
 shall be kept the records required by section 45-10.1-05 to be maintained. <u>A</u>
 limited partnership shall continuously maintain a registered office in this state. <u>A</u>
 registered office need not be the same as the principal place of business or the
 principal executive office of the limited partnership.
- 102. An agent for service of process on the limited partnership, which agent must be an11individual resident of this state, a domestic corporation, a domestic limited liability12company, a foreign corporation, or a foreign limited liability company authorized to13do business in this state. The limited partnership shall appoint and continuously
- 14 <u>maintain a registered agent who may be:</u>
- 15 <u>a.</u> <u>An individual residing in this state;</u>
- 16 <u>b.</u> <u>A domestic corporation;</u>
- 17 <u>c.</u> <u>A domestic limited liability company; or</u>
- 18d.A foreign corporation or foreign limited liability company authorized to transact19business in this state.
- 20 <u>3.</u> The registered agent shall maintain a business office identical to its registered
 21 <u>office.</u>
- SECTION 212. AMENDMENT. Section 45-10.1-07.1 of the 1995 Supplement to the
 North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

45-10.1-07.1. Registration of general partner. A general partner must be registered
separately with the secretary of state at the time of filing a certificate of limited partnership or
the registration of foreign limited partnership whenever that general partner is either a domestic
or foreign:

- 28 1. Corporation;
- 29 2. Limited liability company;
- 30 3. <u>Limited liability partnership;</u>
- 31 <u>4.</u> Limited partnership;

1	4.	<u>5.</u>	Gen	eral partnership using a fictitious name; or
2	5.	<u>6.</u>	Any	other organization that has a registration responsibility with the secretary of
3			state	Э.
4		SEC		N 213. AMENDMENT. Section 45-10.1-08 of the North Dakota Century Code
5	is ame	ndec	and	reenacted as follows:
6		45- ⁻	10.1-0	08. (201) Certificate of limited partnership.
7		1.	In o	rder to form a limited partnership, a certificate of limited partnership must be
8			exe	cuted and filed in the office of the secretary of state. The certificate must set
9			forth	1:
10			a.	The name of the limited partnership.
11			b.	The general character of its business.
12			C.	The address of the office and the name and address of the agent for service
13				of process required to be maintained by section 45-10.1-04.
14			d.	The name and address of the principal place of business of each general
15				partner.
16			e.	The latest date upon which the limited partnership is to dissolve.
17			f.	Any other matters the general partners determine to include therein.
18		2.	A lin	nited partnership is formed at the time of the filing of the certificate of limited
19			part	nership in the office of the secretary of state or at any later time specified in the
20			cert	ificate of limited partnership if, in either case, there has been substantial
21			com	pliance with the requirements of this section.
22		SEC		N 214. AMENDMENT. Section 45-10.1-51 of the North Dakota Century Code
23	is ame	ndec	and	reenacted as follows:
24		45- ⁻	10.1-	51. (901) Foreign limited partnership - Law governing. Subject to the
25	Consti	tutior	n of N	orth Dakota, the laws of the state under which a foreign limited partnership is
26	organi	zed g	goveri	n its organization and internal affairs and the liability of its limited partners, and
27	a forei	gn lir	nited	partnership may not be denied registration by reason of any difference
28	betwee	en th	ose la	aws and the laws of this state.
29		SEC		N 215. AMENDMENT. Section 45-10.1-52 of the North Dakota Century Code
30	is ame	endec	and	reenacted as follows:

1	45-1	10.1-52. (902) Foreign limited partnership - Registration. Before transacting									
2	business in	this state, a foreign limited partnership shall register with the secretary of state. In									
3	order to register, a foreign limited partnership shall submit to the secretary of state, on forms										
4	prescribed and furnished by the secretary of state, an application for registration as a foreign										
5	limited part	nership, signed and sworn to by a general partner and setting forth all of the									
6	following:										
7	1.	The name of the foreign limited partnership and, if different, the name under which									
8		it proposes to register and transact business in this state.									
9	2.	The state and date of its formation.									
10	3.	The general character of the business it proposes to transact in this state.									
11	4.	The name and address of any agent for service of process on the foreign limited									
12		partnership whom the foreign limited partnership elects to appoint; the agent must									
13		be an individual resident of this state, a domestic corporation, a domestic limited									
14		liability company, a foreign corporation, or a foreign limited liability company having									
15		a place of business in, and authorized to do business in, this state.									
16	5.	A statement that the secretary of state is appointed the agent of the foreign limited									
17		partnership for service of process if the agent's authority has been revoked or if the									
18		agent cannot be found or served with the exercise of reasonable diligence.									
19	6.	The address of the principal office of the foreign limited partnership.									
20	7.	The name and address of the principal place of business of each general partner.									
21	8.	The address of the office at which is kept a list of the names and addresses of the									
22		limited partners and their capital contributions, together with an undertaking by the									
23		foreign limited partnership to keep those records until the foreign limited									
24		partnership's registration in this state is canceled or withdrawn.									
25	The applica	ation must be accompanied by a certificate of identification, existence, and status of									
26	a foreign lin	nited partnership, duly certified by the proper officer of the state or country under the									
27	laws of whi	ch it is organized.									
28	SEC	CTION 216. AMENDMENT. Section 45-10.1-53 of the North Dakota Century Code									
29	is amended	and reenacted as follows:									

1	45-	10.1-53. (903) Foreign limited partnership - Filing of registration. If the
2	secretary o	f state finds that an application for registration conforms to law and all requisite fees
3	have been	paid, the secretary of state shall:
4	1.	Endorse on the application the word "Filed", and the month, day, and year of the
5		filing.
6	2.	File the application in the office of the secretary of state.
7	SE	CTION 217. AMENDMENT. Section 45-10.1-54 of the North Dakota Century Code
8	is amended	d and reenacted as follows:
9	45-	10.1-54. (904) Foreign limited partnership - Name. A foreign limited partnership
10	may registe	er with the secretary of state under any name, whether or not it is the name under
11	which it is r	registered in its state of organization, that includes without abbreviation the words
12	"limited par	tnership" and that could be registered by a domestic limited partnership.
13	SE	CTION 218. AMENDMENT. Section 45-10.1-55 of the North Dakota Century Code
14	is amended	d and reenacted as follows:
15	45-	10.1-55. (905) Foreign limited partnership - Changes and amendments.
16	<u>1.</u>	If any statement in the application for registration of a foreign limited partnership
17		was false when made or any arrangements or other facts described have changed,
18		making the application inaccurate in any respect, the foreign limited partnership
19		shall promptly file in the office of the secretary of state a certificate, signed and
20		sworn to by a general partner, correcting the statement.
21	<u>2.</u>	A foreign limited partnership that amends its name and is the owner of a
22		trademark, or uses a fictitious name registered with the secretary of state, or is a
23		general partner of another limited partnership on file with the secretary of state,
24		must effect a change of name in each of such registrations simultaneously with the
25		filing of the certificate amending the registration of foreign limited partnership.
26	<u>3.</u>	A foreign limited partnership must file a certificate of amendment, signed and
27		sworn to by a general partner, whenever a general partner that is a corporation
28		files an amendment changing its corporate name, or when it files an application for
29		an amended certificate of authority. This certificate of amendment must be filed
30		simultaneously with the amendment to the articles of incorporation or application
31		for amended certificate of authority.

1	<u>4.</u>	A foreign limited partnership must notify the secretary of state in writing whenever							
2		a general partner changes the address of its principal place of business. A							
3		corporate annual report filed by the secretary of state that reflects a change of							
4		address of a general partner may serve as such notice. This notice is not subject							
5		to the amendment fee prescribed in 45-10.1-15.							
6	SEC	CTION 219. AMENDMENT. Section 45-10.1-56 of the North Dakota Century Code							
7	is amended	and reenacted as follows:							
8	45- 1	10.1-56. (906) Foreign limited partnership - Cancellation of registration. A							
9	foreign limit	ed partnership may cancel its registration by filing with the secretary of state a							
10	certificate of cancellation signed and sworn to by a general partner. A cancellation does not								
11	terminate th	ne authority of the secretary of state to accept service of process on the foreign							
12	limited partr	nership with respect to claims for relief arising out of the transactions of business in							
13	this state.								
14	SEC	CTION 220. AMENDMENT. Section 45-10.1-57 of the North Dakota Century Code							
15	is amended	and reenacted as follows:							
16	45- 1	0.1-57. (907) Foreign limited partnership - Transaction of business without							
17	registratio	n.							
18	1.	A foreign limited partnership transacting business in this state may not maintain							
19		any action or proceeding in any court of this state until it has registered in this							
20		state.							
21	2.	The failure of a foreign limited partnership to register in this state does not impair							
22		the validity of any contract or act of the foreign limited partnership or prevent the							
23		foreign limited partnership from defending any action or proceeding in any court of							
24		this state.							
25	3.	A limited partner of a foreign limited partnership is not liable as a general partner of							
26		the foreign limited partnership solely by reason of having transacted business in							
27		this state without registration.							
28	4.	A foreign limited partnership, by transacting business in this state without							
29		registration, appoints the secretary of state as its agent for service of process with							
30		respect to claims for relief arising out of the transaction of business in this state.							

1	5.	With	Without excluding other activities which may constitute transacting business in this				
2		stat	state, a foreign limited partnership shall not be considered to be transacting				
3		bus	iness in this state, for the purposes of this chapter only, by reason of carrying				
4		on i	n this state any one or more of the following activities:				
5		a.	Maintaining or defending any action or suit or any administrative or arbitration				
6			proceeding, or effecting the settlement thereof or the settlement of claims or				
7			disputes.				
8		b.	Holding meetings of its partners or carrying on other activities concerning its				
9			internal affairs.				
10		C.	Maintaining bank accounts.				
11		d.	Maintaining offices or agencies for the transfer, exchange, and registration of				
12			its securities, or appointing and maintaining trustees or depositaries with				
13			relation to its securities.				
14		e.	Effecting sales through independent contractors.				
15		f.	Soliciting or procuring orders, whether by mail or through employees or				
16			agents or otherwise, where such orders require acceptance without this state				
17			before becoming binding contracts.				
18		g.	Creating evidences of debt, mortgages, or liens on real or personal property.				
19		h.	Securing or collecting debts or enforcing any rights in property securing the				
20			same.				
21		i.	Transacting any business in interstate commerce.				
22		j.	Conducting an isolated transaction completed within a period of thirty days				
23			and not in the course of a number of repeated transactions of like nature.				
24		This	s subsection does not establish a standard for activities which may or may not				
25		sub	ject a foreign limited partnership to taxation or service of process.				
26	SEC		N 221. AMENDMENT. Section 45-10.1-58 of the North Dakota Century Code				
27	is amended	d and	reenacted as follows:				
28	45-1	10.1-	58. (908) Foreign limited partnership - Action by secretary of state. The				
29	secretary o	f stat	e may revoke the registration of a foreign limited partnership for transacting				
30	business in this state in violation of sections 45-10.1-52 through 45-10.1-58, or that has failed						
31	to file a renewal statement as required by section 45-10.1-14. The secretary of state may not						

1	revoke the i	registration of a foreign limited partnership unless the secretary of state has given						
2	the foreign limited partnership not less than sixty days' notice by mail addressed to its							
3	registered office in this state and the principal office of record, and the foreign limited							
4	partnership	has failed to remedy the deficiency prior to revocation.						
5	SEC	CTION 222. AMENDMENT. Section 45-20-01 of the 1995 Supplement to the North						
6	Dakota Cer	tury Code is amended and reenacted as follows:						
7	45-2	20-01. (801) (Effective January 1, 1996) Events causing dissolution and						
8	winding up	of partnership business. A partnership is dissolved, and its business must be						
9	wound up, o	only upon the occurrence of any of the following events:						
10	1.	In a partnership at will, the partnership's having notice from a partner, other than a						
11		partner who is dissociated under subsections 2 through 10 of section 45-18-01, of						
12		that partner's express will to withdraw as a partner, or on a later date specified by						
13		the partner.						
14	2.	In a partnership for a definite term or particular undertaking:						
15		a. The expiration of <u>Within</u> ninety days after a partner's dissociation by death or						
16		otherwise under subsections 6 through 10 of section 45-18-01 or wrongful						
17		dissociation under subsection 2 of section 45-18-02, unless before that time a						
18		majority in interest of the remaining partners, including partners who have						
19		rightfully dissociated pursuant to subdivision a of subsection 2 of section						
20		45-18-02, agree to continue the partnership the express will of at least half of						
21		the remaining partners to wind up the partnership business, for which purpose						
22		a partner's rightful dissociation under paragraph 1 of subdivision b of						
23		subsection 2 of section 45-18-02 constitutes the expression of that partner's						
24		will to wind up the partnership business;						
25		b. The express will of all of the partners to wind up the partnership business; or						
26		c. The expiration of the term or the completion of the undertaking.						
27	3.	An event agreed to in the partnership agreement resulting in the winding up of the						
28		partnership business.						
29	4.	An event that makes it unlawful for all or substantially all of the business of the						
30		partnership to be continued, but a cure of illegality within ninety days after notice to						

1		the	partnership of the event is effective retroactively to the date of the event for					
2		pur	ourposes of this section.					
3	5.	On	application by a partner, a judicial determination that:					
4		a.	The economic purpose of the partnership is likely to be unreasonably					
5			frustrated;					
6		b.	Another partner has engaged in conduct relating to the partnership business					
7			which makes it not reasonably practicable to carry on the business in					
8			partnership with that partner; or					
9		C.	It is not otherwise reasonably practicable to carry on the partnership business					
10			in conformity with the partnership agreement.					
11	6.	On	application by a transferee of a partner's transferable interest, a judicial					
12		dete	ermination that it is equitable to wind up the partnership business:					
13		a.	After the expiration of the term or completion of the undertaking, if the					
14			partnership was for a definite term or particular undertaking at the time of the					
15			transfer or entry of the charging order that gave rise to the transfer; or					
16		b.	At any time, if the partnership was a partnership at will at the time of the					
17			transfer or entry of the charging order that gave rise to the transfer.					
18	SE	CTIO	N 223. AMENDMENT. Section 45-22-01 of the 1995 Supplement to the North					
19	Dakota Ce	entury	Code is amended and reenacted as follows:					
20	45-	-22-01	. Definitions. In this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires:					
21	1.	"Ad	dress" means mailing address. In the case of a registered office or principal					
22		ехе	cutive office, the term means the office address, which may not be a post-office					
23		box	<u>:</u>					
24		<u>a.</u>	In the case of a registered office or principal executive office, the mailing					
25			address, including the zip code, of the actual office location which may not be					
26			only a post-office box; and					
27		<u>b.</u>	In all other cases, the mailing address, including a zip code.					
28	2.	"Do	mestic limited liability partnership" means a general partnership that is					
29		orga	anized under the laws of this state with a registration or a renewal registration					
30		in e	in effect and which is not a foreign limited liability partnership.					

1	3.	"Filec	"Filed with the secretary of state" means that a signed original of a document,						
2		toget	together with the fees provided in section 45-22-23, has been delivered to the						
3		secre	secretary of state and has been determined by the secretary of state to conform to						
4		law :							
5		<u>a.</u>	That of	either:					
6		-	<u>(1)</u>	A signed original or a legible facsimile copy of a signed original of a					
7				request for reserved name; or					
8			<u>(2)</u>	A signed original of all other documents meeting the applicable					
9				requirements of this chapter, together with the fees provided in section					
10				45-22-23, has been delivered to the secretary of state and has been					
11				determined by the secretary of state to conform to law.					
12		<u>b.</u>	That	the secretary of state shall then:					
13			<u>(1)</u>	Endorse on the original the word "filed" and the month, day, and year;					
14				and					
15			<u>(2)</u>	Record the document in the office of the secretary of state.					
16	4.	"Fore	eign lii	mited liability partnership" means a limited liability partnership:					
17		a.	a. Which is organized under laws other than the laws of this state for a purpose						
18			or purposes for which a limited liability partnership may be organized under						
19		1	this chapter;						
20		b. Y	b. With a registration or renewal registration in effect; and						
21		с.	c. Which continuously maintains its limited liability partnership status In good						
22		5	standing in its jurisdiction of origin during all periods of registration and						
23		ł	renev	val registration.					
24	5.	"Gen	"General partnership" means an association of two or more persons to carry on as						
25		coow	coowners of a business for profit formed under North Dakota law, predecessor law,						
26		or co	mpar	able law of another jurisdiction.					
27	6.	<u>"Juris</u>	sdictio	on of origin" refers to the jurisdiction in which the limited liability					
28		partn	ershi	o status of the foreign limited liability partnership was created.					
29	<u>7.</u>	"Limited liability partnership" and "partnership" mean either:							
30		a. ,	A <u>me</u>	ans a domestic limited liability partnership ; or					
31		b. ,	A fore	eign limited liability partnership.					

1	7	÷ <u>8.</u>	"Ma	Managing partners <u>partner</u> " means <u>one of</u> the partners charged with the						
2			mar	nanagement in this state of the limited liability partnership or foreign limited liability						
3			part	artnership and if no partners are so specifically designated, then all partners.						
4	8	. <u>9.</u>	"No	tice" is	<u>.</u>					
5			<u>a.</u>	<u>Is</u> giv	en to a	a limited liability partnership or to a partner of the partnership when				
6				in wr	in writing and mailed or delivered to the partnership or the partner at the					
7				regis	tered c	ffice or principal executive office of the partnership .; and				
8		a.	<u>b.</u>	In all	other	cases, "notice" is given to a person:				
9				(1)	Wher	n mailed to the person at an address designated by the person or				
10					at the	e last known address of the person; or				
11				(2)	Wher	handed to the person; or				
12				(3)	Wher	h left at the office of the person with a clerk or other person in				
13					charg	e of the office; or				
14					(a)	If there is no one in charge, when left in a conspicuous place in				
15						the office; or				
16					(b)	If the office is closed or the person to be notified has no office,				
17						when left at the dwelling house or usual place of abode of the				
18						person with some person of suitable age and discretion then				
19						residing therein.				
20		b.	<u>C.</u>	Notic	e by m	ail is Is given when deposited in the United States mail with				
21				suffic	cient po	ostage affixed.				
22		c.	<u>d.</u>	Notic	xe is <u>Is</u>	deemed received when it is given.				
23	9.	<u>10.</u>	"Ori	ginally	regist	ered" and "original registration" refers to the jurisdiction in which				
24			the-	limitee	Hiabilit	y partnership status of the foreign limited liability partnership was				
25			crea	ated de	ocumei	nt establishing the limited liability partnership status of the foreign				
26			<u>limit</u>	ted lial	oility pa	artnership in its jurisdiction of origin.				
27	10	<u>11.</u>	"Pri	ncipal	execut	ive office" means an :				
28			<u>a.</u>	<u>An</u> o	ffice wl	nere from which the limited liability partnership conducts				
29				busir	ness . ; c	<u>or</u>				
30			<u>b.</u>	If the	limited	I liability partnership has no office from which it conducts				
31				busir	ness, th	en the term means the registered office of the partnership.				

1	11. <u>12.</u>	"Register" means the act of filing with the secretary of state which causes:
2		a. A domestic limited liability partnership to be created; or
3		b. A foreign limited liability partnership to be authorized to transact business in
4		this state.
5	12. <u>13.</u>	"Registered office" means the place in this state designated as the registered
6		office of the limited liability partnership.
7	13. <u>14.</u>	"Registration" means the document which, when filed with the secretary of state,
8		causes:
9		a. A domestic limited liability partnership to be created; or
10		b. A foreign limited liability partnership to be authorized to do business in this
11		state.
12	14. <u>15.</u>	"Renewal registration" means the document by which the status of a domestic
13		limited liability partnership or a foreign limited liability partnership is extended for
14		an additional one-year period.
15	15. <u>16.</u>	"Signed" means that the signature of a person has been placed on a document, as
16		provided in subsection 39 of section 41-01-11 , and, with:
17		a. With respect to a document required by this chapter to be filed with the
18		secretary of state, means that the document has been signed by a person
19		authorized to do so by this chapter, or by or pursuant to an agreement among
20		the partners, or by a resolution approved by the affirmative vote of the
21		required proportion or number of partners. A signature on: and
22		b. With respect to a document not required by this chapter to be filed with the
23		secretary of state the signature may be a facsimile affixed, engraved, printed,
24		placed, stamped with indelible ink, or in any other manner reproduced on the
25		document.
26	SE	CTION 224. AMENDMENT. Section 45-22-03 of the 1995 Supplement to the North
27	Dakota Ce	ntury Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
28	45-	22-03. Registration.
29	1.	In determining whether the underlying general partnership necessary for
30		registration as a domestic limited liability partnership has been formed, the rules
31		set forth in section 45-14-01 apply.

1	2.	A lin	A limited liability partnership or foreign limited liability partnership must have in						
2		effe	ct and	filed with the secretary of state a registration that complies with this					
3		sect	section.						
4		a.	For o	ne year from its date of filing, the registration of:					
5			(1)	A domestic limited liability partnership establishes its status as a					
6				domestic limited liability partnership; and					
7			(2)	A foreign limited liability partnership authorizes it to transact business in					
8				this state.					
9			Unles	s a renewal registration is properly filed with the secretary of state, the					
10			regist	ration is subject to revocation by the secretary of state as provided in					
11			sectio	on 45-22-16.					
12		b.	The li	mited liability partnership or foreign limited liability partnership may file a					
13			renew	al registration that complies with this section no earlier than sixty days					
14			before	e the expiration of the one-year period.					
15			(1)	A limited liability partnership registration may be renewed for					
16				successive one-year periods.					
17			(2)	A proper renewal registration extends the registration of a limited					
18				liability partnership or foreign limited liability partnership for another					
19				one-year period, measured from the end of the previous one-year					
20				period.					
21			(3)	Unless a renewal registration is properly filed with the secretary of					
22				state, the registration shall be subject to revocation by the secretary of					
23				state as provided in section 45-22-16.					
24	3.	A re	gistrati	ion or renewal registration must contain:					
25		a.	With I	respect to a domestic limited liability partnership:					
26			(1)	The name of the domestic limited liability partnership.					
27			(2)	The nature of the business to be transacted in this state.					
28			(3)	The address of the principal executive office of the domestic limited					
29				liability partnership.					
30			(4)	The address of the registered office of the domestic limited liability					
31				partnership and the name of its registered agent at that address.					

1		(5)	The name and address of each managing partner.
2		(6)	An acknowledgment that the status of limited liability partnership will
3			automatically expire, unless the partnership files a proper renewal
4			registration.
5		(7)	An acknowledgment that other jurisdictions, including other jurisdictions
6			that have limited liability partnership statutes, may not provide any
7			limited liability shield or may not provide as broad a limited liability
8			shield as does this chapter.
9	b.	With	respect to a foreign limited liability partnership:
10		(1)	The name of the foreign limited liability partnership and, if different, the
11			name under which it proposes to transact business in this state.
12		(2)	The jurisdiction of its original registration.
13		(3)	The date on which the foreign limited liability partnership expires in the
14			jurisdiction of its origin.
15		(4)	The nature of the business to be transacted in this state.
16		(5)	The address of the principal executive office of the foreign limited
17			liability partnership.
18		(6)	The address of the registered office of the foreign limited liability
19			partnership and the name of its registered agent at that address.
20		(7)	The name and address of each managing partner.
21		(8)	An acknowledgment that the status of limited liability partnership in this
22			state will automatically expire:
23			(a) Unless the foreign limited liability partnership files a proper
24			renewal registration; and
25			(b) Unless the foreign limited liability partnership continuously
26			maintains its limited liability partnership status in its jurisdiction of
27			origin.
28	C.	The r	egistration must be accompanied by payment of the fees provided in
29		sectio	on 45-22-22 together with a certificate of good standing or certificate of
30		existe	ence authenticated by the registering officer of the state or country where
31		the fo	reign limited liability partnership is originally registered and the consent

1				of the	e desig	nated	registered agent for service of process to serve in that			
2				capa	city.					
3	4	4.	An c	n original of the registration or renewal registration must be filed with the						
4			seci	retary	of stat	e.				
5			a.	If the	secre	tary of	state finds that the registration or renewal registration			
6				confo	orms to	o law a	and that the fees provided in section 45-22-22 have been			
7				paid,	the se	ecretar	y of state shall endorse on the original the word "filed" and			
8				the d	lay, mo	onth, a	nd year of the filing and shall file the original in the office of			
9				the s	ecreta	ry of s	tate.			
10			b.	If any	/ state	ment i	n the registration or renewal registration was false when			
11				made	e or be	come	s inaccurate after the registration or renewal registration is			
12				filed,	makin	g the	registration or renewal registration false or inaccurate in any			
13				respe	ect:					
14				(1)	The I	imited	liability partnership or foreign limited liability partnership			
15					shall	file pr	omptly with the secretary of state an amended or corrected			
16					regis	tration	or renewal registration or reflect the changes on its next			
17					renev	wal reg	<u>gistration;</u> and			
18				(2)	With	respe	ct to foreign limited liability partnerships:			
19					(a)	In th	e case of a change in its name, a certificate to that effect			
20						auth	enticated by the proper officer of the state or country under			
21						the la	aws of which the foreign limited liability partnership is			
22						origii	nally registered; or			
23					(b)	In th	e case of a termination or merger:			
24						[1]	A foreign limited liability partnership that is not the			
25							surviving organization need not file an amended			
26							registration but, within thirty days after the merger or			
27							termination becomes effective, shall file with the secretary			
28							of state a certificate to that effect authenticated by the			
29							proper officer of the state or country under the laws of			
30							which the foreign limited liability partnership is originally			
31							registered.			

1			[2] It is not necessary for any foreign limited liability
2			partnership, which is the surviving organization in a
3			merger, to procure either a new or amended registration
4			unless the name of the foreign limited liability partnership
5			is changed or unless the foreign limited liability partnership
6			desires to pursue in this state purposes other than those
7			which it is authorized to transact in this state.
8	C.	With	respect to renewals:
9		(1)	A renewal registration received by the secretary of state in a sealed
10			envelope postmarked by the United States postal service on or before
11			the lapse, or a renewal registration in a sealed packet with a verified
12			shipment date by any other carrier service on or before the lapse, and
13			properly addressed to the secretary of state is deemed to be in
14			compliance with the requirement for timely delivery. When a lapse falls
15			on a Saturday, Sunday, or other holiday as defined in section 1-03-01,
16			a postmark or verified shipment date on the next business day is in
17			compliance with this requirement.
18		(2)	The secretary of state must file the renewal registration if the renewal
19			registration conforms to the requirements of this section.
20		(3)	If the renewal registration does not conform, the registration must be
21			returned to the limited liability partnership or foreign limited liability
22			partnership for any necessary corrections. If the corrected renewal
23			registration is filed after the lapse date, but within thirty days after it is
24			returned for correction, the penalties for failure to file the renewal
25			registration within the time required do not apply.
26		(4)	Each limited liability partnership or foreign limited liability partnership
27			that fails or refuses to file its renewal registration on or before the lapse
28			date of a registration, must pay an additional late renewal fee as
29			provided in section 45-22-22.
30	d.	The	secretary of state may destroy any registrations and renewal registrations
31		whic	h have been on file for seven years.

1	5.	Αm	anaging partner must be separately registered with the secretary of state at the			
2		time	of the registration of a limited liability partnership whenever that managing			
3		part	ner is either a domestic or foreign:			
4		a.	Corporation;			
5		b.	Limited liability company;			
6		C.	Limited partnership;			
7		d.	Limited liability partnership; or			
8		e.	General partnership using a fictitious name.			
9	6.	With	n respect to a domestic limited liability partnership:			
10		a.	A general partnership's decision to file a registration is an ordinary matter that			
11			may be decided by a majority of the partners.			
12		b.	The decision to withdraw or not renew a registration may be undertaken only			
13			with the consent of all of the partners.			
14	7.	A ge	eneral partnership that registers as a limited liability partnership is not deemed			
15		to h	ave dissolved as a result of the registration.			
16	<u>8.</u>	<u>lf a</u>	limited liability partnership or foreign limited liability partnership dissolves			
17		<u>with</u>	out winding up its business or changes its jurisdiction of origin, a partnership			
18		<u>whic</u>	ch is a successor to such limited liability partnership or foreign limited liability			
19		part	partnership and which intends to be a limited liability partnership or foreign limited			
20		<u>liabi</u>	liability partnership shall not be required to file a new registration or renewal and			
21		<u>shal</u>	I be deemed to have filed any documents required or permitted under this			
22		<u>sect</u>	ion which were filed by the predecessor partnership.			
23	SEC		N 225. AMENDMENT. Section 45-22-04 of the 1995 Supplement to the North			
24	Dakota Cer	ntury	Code is amended and reenacted as follows:			
25	45-2	22-04	. Limited liability partnership - Name.			
26	1.	The	name of a limited liability partnership:			
27		a.	Must be in the English language or in any other language, expressed in			
28			English letters or characters.			
29		b.	Must contain the words "limited liability partnership" or either the abbreviation			
30			"L.L.P." or the abbreviation "LLP", either of which abbreviations can be used			
31			interchangeably for all purposes authorized by this chapter, including real			

1		estat	e matte	rs, contracts, and filings with the secretary of state, or any other
2		word	s or abb	previations as may be authorized or required under the laws of
3		the ju	urisdictio	on of original registration.
4	C.	May	not con	tain a word or phrase that indicates or implies that it may not be
5		form	ed unde	er this chapter.
6	<u>d.</u>	Мау	not con	tain a word or phrase that indicates or implies that it is formed for
7		a pu	rpose ot	her than one or more business purposes for which a partnership
8		may	be form	ed under North Dakota law.
9	d.	May	not be t	he same as, or deceptively similar to, the name of a domestic or
10		forei	gn corp e	pration, limited liability company, limited partnership or limited
11		liabili	i ty partn	ership, whether for profit or nonprofit, authorized to do business
12		i n thi	s state,	or a name the right to which is, at the time of formation, reserved
13		in the	: manne	er provided in section 45-22-05 or is a fictitious name registered
14		with -	the offic	e of the secretary of state in the manner provided in chapter
15		45-1	1 or is a	trade name registered with the office of the secretary of state in
16		the n	nanner	provided in chapter 47-25, unless there is filed with the
17		regis	tration:	
18		(1)	The w	ritten consent of the domestic or foreign corporation, limited
19			liability	company, limited partnership, limited liability partnership or
20			partne	rship authorized to do business in the state having a deceptively
21			simila	r name or the holder of a reserved name or registered trade name
22			to use	the deceptively similar name; or
23		(2)	A cert	ified copy of a judgment of a court in this state establishing the
24			prior r	ight of the applicant to the use of the name in this state.
25	<u>e.</u>	May	not be t	he same as, or deceptively similar to:
26		<u>(1)</u>	<u>The na</u>	ame, whether foreign and authorized to do business in this state,
27			<u>or don</u>	nestic, unless there is filed with the registration a document which
28			<u>compl</u>	ies with subsection 2 of this section, or:
29			<u>(a)</u>	Another limited liability partnership;
30			<u>(b)</u>	A corporation;
31			(c)	A limited liability company; or

1			,	(d) A limited pertagraphic, or
1			(\mathbf{O})	(d) <u>A limited partnership; or</u>
2			<u>(2)</u>	A name, the right to which is at the time of registration reserved in the
3				manner provided in section 10-19.1-14, 10-32-11, 10-33-11,
4				<u>45-10.1-03, or 45-22-05;</u>
5			<u>(3)</u>	A fictitious name registered in the manner provided in chapter 45-11; or
6			<u>(4)</u>	A trade name registered in the manner provided in chapter 47-25.
7		<u>f.</u>	Need	not be filed as provided in chapter 45-11 except when transacting
8			<u>busir</u>	ness under a name other than the name as registered under this chapter.
9	2.	The	secre	tary of state shall determine whether a name is "deceptively similar"
10		dece	eptive	ly similar to another name for purposes of this section.
11	3.	<u>lf th</u>	e secr	etary of state determines that a limited liability partnership name is
12		dece	eptive	ly similar to another name for purposes of this chapter, then the limited
13		<u>liabi</u>	lity pa	rtnership name may not be used unless there is filed with the
14		regi	stratio	<u>n:</u>
15		<u>a.</u>	<u>The</u>	written consent of the holder of the rights to the name to which the
16			prop	osed name has been determined to be deceptively similar; or
17		<u>b.</u>	<u>A ce</u>	rtified copy of a judgment of a court in this state establishing the prior
18			right	of the applicant to the use of the name in this state.
19	<u>4.</u>	This	sectio	on and section 45-22-05 do not:
20		a.	Abro	gate or limit:
21			(1)	The law of unfair competition or unfair practices;
22			(2)	Chapter 47-25;
23			(3)	The laws of the United States with respect to the right to acquire and
24				protect copyrights, trade names, trademarks, service names, and
25				service marks; or
26			(4)	Any other rights to the exclusive use of names or symbols.
27		b.	Dero	gate the common law or principles of equity.
28	<u>5.</u>	<u>A lin</u>	nited I	ability partnership that is merged with another domestic or foreign
29		orga	anizati	on, that is registered by the reorganization of one or more domestic or
30		fore	ign org	ganizations, or that acquires by sale, lease, or other disposition to or
31		<u>exc</u> ł	nange	with a domestic organization all or substantially all of the assets of

1		<u>anot</u>	another domestic or foreign organization including its name, may have the same					
2		nam	name as that used in this state by any of the other organizations, if the other					
3		<u>orga</u>	organization:					
4		<u>a.</u>	Was incorporated, organized, formed, or registered under the laws of this					
5			state;					
6		<u>b.</u>	Is authorized to transact business or conduct activities in this state;					
7		<u>C.</u>	Holds a reserved name in the manner provided in section 10-19.1-14,					
8			<u>10-32-11, 10-33-11, 45-10.1-03, or 45-22-05;</u>					
9		<u>d.</u>	Holds a fictitious name registered in the manner provided in chapter 45-11; or					
10		<u>e.</u>	Holds a trade name registered in the manner provided in chapter 47-25.					
11	4. <u>6.</u>	The	use of a name by a limited liability partnership in violation of this section does					
12		not a	affect or vitiate its limited liability partnership existence. However, a court of					
13		this	state may, upon application of the state or of an interested or affected person,					
14		enjo	enjoin the limited liability partnership from doing business under a name assumed					
15		in vi	in violation of this section, even though its registration may have been filed with the					
16		secr	etary of state.					
17	5. <u>7.</u>	With	respect to foreign limited liability partnerships:					
18		a.	A foreign limited liability partnership may register under any name that would					
19			be available to a domestic limited liability partnership, whether or not the					
20			name is the same under which it is authorized in its jurisdiction of original					
21			registration.					
22		b.	A fictitious name certificate must be filed as provided in chapter 45-11 only					
23			when registering under a name other than the name as authorized in the					
24			jurisdiction of original registration.					
25	SEC		226. AMENDMENT. Section 45-22-05 of the 1995 Supplement to the North					
26	Dakota Cer	ntury (Code is amended and reenacted as follows:					
27	45-2	22-05.	. Reserved name.					
28	1.	The	exclusive right to the use of a limited liability partnership or foreign limited					
29		liabil	lity partnership name otherwise permitted by section 45-22-04 may be					
30		rese	rved by any person.					

1	:	2.	The reservation is made by filing with the secretary of state a request that the				
2			name be reserved together with the fees provided in section 45-22-22.				
3			a. If the name is available for use by the applicant, the secretary of state shall				
4			reserve the name for the exclusive use of the applicant for a period of twelve				
5			months.				
6			b. The reservation may be renewed for successive twelve-month periods.				
7	:	3.	The right to the exclusive use of limited liability partnership or foreign limited				
8			liability partnership name reserved pursuant to this section may be transferred to				
9			another person by or on behalf of the applicant for whom the name was reserved				
10			by filing with the secretary of state a notice of the transfer and specifying the name				
11			and address of the transferee together with the fees provided in section 45-22-22.				
12		4.	The right to the exclusive use of a limited liability partnership or foreign limited				
13			liability partnership name reserved pursuant to this section may be canceled by or				
14			on behalf of the applicant for whom the name was reserved by filing with the				
15			secretary of state a notice of cancellation together with the fees provided in section				
16			45-22-22.				
17	÷	<u>5.</u>	The secretary of state may accept for filing a legible facsimile copy of the signed				
18			original of any request for reserved name.				
19		<u>6.</u>	The secretary of state may destroy all reserved name requests and index thereof				
20			one year after expiration.				
21	:	SEC	TION 227. AMENDMENT. Section 45-22-06 of the 1995 Supplement to the North				
22	Dakota	Cen	tury Code is amended and reenacted as follows:				
23		45-2	2-06. Failure to use required name. If a person purports to enter into a contract				
24	or other	und	ertaking on behalf of a limited liability partnership and with intent to defraud does				
25	not disclose to the other party that part of the limited liability partnership's name that complies						
26	with subsection 1 of section 45-22-04, then that person is personally liable on the contract or						
27	underta	undertaking, unless that person can show in making the contract or accepting the undertaking					
28	that the other party had knowledge or notice that the partnership was a limited liability						
29	partners	ship,	or did not rely on the partnership being an ordinary general partnership. Any				
30	partner of a limited liability partnership who with intent to defraud consents to a person not						

1 making the disclosure described in this section is also personally liable on the contract or

2 undertaking, unless that partner can make the showing described in this section.

- 3 SECTION 228. AMENDMENT. Section 45-22-07 of the 1995 Supplement to the North
 4 Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
- 5 **45**-

45-22-07. Unauthorized assumption of limited liability partnership powers -

6 Liability. A person who assumes to act as a limited liability partnership without a knowing that

7 <u>no</u> registration or renewal registration is in effect is jointly and severally liable for all debts and

8 liabilities incurred or arising as a result.

9 SECTION 229. AMENDMENT. Section 45-22-08 of the 1995 Supplement to the North
10 Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

11 45-22-08. Limited liability partnership shield. A partner of a limited liability 12 partnership is not, merely on account of this status, personally liable for anything chargeable to 13 the partnership under sections 45-15-05 and 45-15-06, or for any other debts or obligations of 14 the limited liability partnership, if the charge, debt, or obligation arose or accrued while the 15 partnership had a registration or renewal registration in effect. A registration or renewal 16 registration remains in effect until revoked by the secretary of state pursuant to section 17 45-22-16. This section does not limit or impair the right of the limited liability partnership or its 18 partners to make claims against any particular partner on the grounds that the particular 19 partner: 20 1. Has has, in its capacity as a partner, breached a duty to the limited liability 21 partnership or to the other partners; or 22 2. Is obligated to contribute so that partners share losses of capital according to 23 section 45-16-01 and share the liabilities stated in subsections 2 and 3 of section 24 45-20-07. 25 SECTION 230. AMENDMENT. Section 45-22-11 of the 1995 Supplement to the North 26 Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows: 27 45-22-11. Registered office and agent.

- A limited liability partnership <u>or foreign limited liability partnership shall</u>
 continuously shall maintain a registered office in this state. A registered office
 need not be the same as the principal place of business or the principal executive
- 31 office of the limited liability partnership or foreign limited liability partnership.

1	2.	A limited liability partnership or foreign limited liability partnership shall designate				
2		appoint and continuously maintain a registered agent in its registration who may				
3		<u>be</u> .				
4		a. The registered agent may be an <u>An</u> individual residing in this state, a;				
5		<u>b.</u> <u>A</u> domestic corporation, a domestic limited liability company, or a domestic				
6		limited liability partnership,; or a				
7		<u>c.</u> <u>A</u> foreign corporation, foreign limited liability company, or foreign limited				
, 8		<u>iability partnership authorized to transact business in this state.</u>				
9		b. The registered agent must maintain a business office that is identical with the				
10		registered office.				
11	e. <u>3.</u>	Proof of the registered agent's consent to serve in that capacity must be filed with				
12		the secretary of state, together with the fees provided in section 45-22-22.				
13		CTION 231. AMENDMENT. Section 45-22-12 of the 1995 Supplement to the North				
14		entury Code is amended and reenacted as follows:				
15	45-	-22-12. Change of registered office or agent.				
16	1.	A limited liability partnership or foreign limited liability partnership may change its				
17		registered office, change its registered agent, or state a change in the name of its				
18		registered agent, by filing with the secretary of state, along with the fees provided				
19		in section 45-22-22, a statement containing:				
20		a. The name of the limited liability partnership or foreign limited liability				
21		partnership.				
22		b. If the address of its registered office is to be changed, the new address of its				
23		registered office.				
24		c. If its registered agent is to be designated or changed, the name of its new				
25		registered agent.				
26		d. If the name of its registered agent is to be changed, the name of its registered				
27		agent as changed.				
28		e. A statement that the address of its registered office and the address of the				
29		business office of its registered agent, as changed, will be identical.				
30		f. A statement that the change of registered office or registered agent was				
31		authorized by resolution of the partnership.				

1	2.	A registere	ed agent may resign by filing with the secretary of state a written notice				
2		of resignat	tion, including a statement that a signed copy of the notice has been				
3		given to th	given to the limited liability partnership or foreign limited liability partnership at its				
4		principal e	principal executive office, or to a legal representative of the limited liability				
5		partnershi	partnership or foreign limited liability partnership. The appointment of the agent				
6		terminates	s thirty days after the notice is filed with the secretary of state.				
7	3.	If the busi	ness address or name of a registered agent changes, the agent shall				
8		change the	e address of the registered office or name of the registered agent, as the				
9		case may	be, of each limited liability partnership <u>or foreign limited liability</u>				
10		partnershi	${f p}$ represented by that agent by filing with the secretary of state a				
11		statement	for each limited liability partnership or foreign limited liability partnership				
12		as require	d in subsection 1, except that it need be signed only by the registered				
13		agent, nee	ed not be responsive to subdivision c or f of subsection 1, and must state				
14		that a copy	y of the statement has been mailed to each of those limited liability				
15		partnershi	ps or foreign limited liability partnerships or to the legal representative of				
16		each of the	ose limited liability partnerships or foreign limited liability partnerships.				
17	<u>4.</u>	The fee pr	escribed in section 45-22-22 for the change of registered office must be				
18		refunded v	when, in the opinion of the secretary of state, the change of address of				
19		registered	office results from rezoning or postal reassignment.				
20	SEC	TION 232.	AMENDMENT. Section 45-22-13 of the 1995 Supplement to the North				
21	Dakota Cer	itury Code i	s amended and reenacted as follows:				
22	45-2	22-13. Volu	untary withdrawal of status.				
23	1.	A partners	hip may end its status as a limited liability partnership or foreign limited				
24		liability par	rtnership at any time by filing a withdrawal statement with the secretary				
25		of state.					
26	2.	The withd	rawal statement must contain:				
27		a. With	respect to a domestic limited liability partnership:				
28		(1)	The name of the domestic limited liability partnership.				
29		(2)	A statement that the domestic limited liability partnership is withdrawing				
30			its current registration.				

1		(3)	An acknowledgment by the domestic limited liability partnership that the
2			withdrawal ends its limited liability partnership status.
3		b. With	respect to a foreign limited liability partnership:
4		(1)	The name of the foreign limited liability partnership.
5		(2)	The jurisdiction of its original registration origin.
6		(3)	A statement that the foreign limited liability partnership is not
7			transacting business in this state as a foreign limited liability
8			partnership.
9		(4)	A statement that the foreign limited liability partnership surrenders its
10			authority to transact business in this state as a foreign limited liability
11			partnership and is withdrawing its current registration.
12		(5)	An acknowledgment by the foreign limited liability partnership that the
13			withdrawal ends its foreign limited liability partnership status in this
14			state.
15		(6)	A statement that the foreign limited liability partnership revokes the
16			authority of its registered agent in this state to accept service of
17			process and consents that service of process based upon any cause of
18			action arising in this state during the time the foreign limited liability
19			partnership was authorized to transact business in this state may be
20			made on the foreign limited liability partnership by service upon the
21			secretary of state.
22		(7)	A post-office address to which a person may mail a copy of any
23			process against the foreign limited liability partnership.
24	3.	The withd	rawal statement may state a delayed withdrawal date, if that date is
25		before the	expiration date of the current registration. If the withdrawal statement
26		does not s	state an effective date, then the statement is effective when filed.
27	4.	If the forei	gn limited liability partnership is not the surviving organization in a
28		merger or	termination, then the filing with the secretary of state of a certificate to
29		that effect	authenticated by the proper officer of the state or country under the laws
30		of which th	he foreign limited liability partnership is originally registered constitutes a
31		valid witho	drawal statement.

1		SEC		N 233.	AMENDMENT. Section 45-22-14 of the 1995 Supplement to the North
2	Dakota	Cen	tury (Code i	s amended and reenacted as follows:
3		45-2	2-14	. Filin	g after dissolution.
4		1.	A di	ssolve	d limited liability partnership or a foreign limited liability partnership that
5			<u>is wi</u>	inding	up its affairs may continue its status as a limited liability partnership or
6			forei	ign lim	ited liability partnership through termination either by:
7			a.	Conti	nuing to file annual renewal registrations until termination; or
8			b.	Filing	a final renewal registration that, in addition to providing the information
9				requii	red by subsection 3 of section 45-22-03:
10				(1)	States that the partnership is dissolved and is winding up its affairs.
11				(2)	Identifies the cause of the dissolution.
12				(3)	States that the renewal registration is the final renewal registration and
13					will remain in effect until termination.
14		2.	A fin	al ren	ewal registration that complies with subdivision b of subsection 1 must
15			not	contair	n the statement required in:
16			a.	Parag	graph 6 of subdivision a of subsection 3 of section 45-22-03 in the case
17				of a d	lomestic limited liability partnership; or
18			b.	Parag	graph 8 of subdivision b of subsection 3 of section 45-22-03 in the case
19				of a f	oreign limited liability partnership.
20		3.	Whe	en the	dissolved limited liability partnership or foreign limited liability partnership
21			has	wound	d up its affairs, it shall file with the secretary of state a termination notice,
22			toge	ther w	ith the fees provided in section 45-22-22. The termination notice must:
23			a.	Conta	ain:
24				(1)	The name of the limited liability partnership or foreign limited liability
25					partnership.
26				(2)	A statement that the limited liability partnership or foreign limited liability
27					partnership has dissolved and wound up its affairs.
28				(3)	A statement that the limited liability partnership or foreign limited liability
29					partnership is terminated.

1		b.	Be s	igned by one former managing partner who has not wrongfully dissolved
2			the p	partnership or, in the case of a foreign limited liability partnership, by a
3			man	aging partner.
4	SE	СТЮ	N 234	. AMENDMENT. Section 45-22-16 of the 1995 Supplement to the North
5	Dakota Ce	entury	Code	is amended and reenacted as follows:
6	45	-22-10	6. Rev	vocation of registration.
7	1.	The	e regis	tration of a limited liability partnership or foreign limited liability
8		par	tnersh	ip may be revoked by the secretary of state upon the occurrence of any
9		of t	hese e	events:
10		a.	The	limited liability partnership or foreign limited liability partnership has
11			faile	d:
12			(1)	To appoint and maintain a registered agent as required by this chapter;
13			(2)	To file a report upon any change in the name or business address of
14				the registered agent;
15			(3)	To file any required amendment to its registration; or
16			(4)	To file a renewal registration as provided in subsection 2 of section
17				45-22-04.
18		b.	A <u>Ar</u>	n intentional misrepresentation or mistake has been made in any material
19			matt	er in any registration, report, affidavit, or other document submitted by the
20			limite	ed liability partnership or foreign limited liability partnership pursuant to
21			this	chapter.
22	2.	The	e secre	etary of state may not revoke the registration of a limited liability
23		par	tnersh	ip or foreign limited liability partnership unless:
24		a.	The	secretary of state has given the limited liability partnership or foreign
25			limite	ed liability partnership at least sixty days' notice of the reason for the
26			pend	ding revocation by mail addressed to its registered office or, if the limited
27			liabil	ity partnership or foreign limited liability partnership fails to appoint and
28			mair	ntain a registered agent in this state, then addressed to its principal
29			exec	cutive office; and
30		b.	Duri	ng the sixty-day period, the limited liability partnership or foreign limited
31			<u>liabil</u>	ity partnership has failed:

1		(1)	To appoint and maintain a registered agent as required by this chapter;
2		(2)	To file the report of change regarding the name or business address of
3			the registered agent;
4		(3)	To file the required amendment to its registration;
5		(4)	To file a renewal registration as provided in subsection 2 of section
6			45-22-04; or
7		(5)	To correct the misrepresentation or mistake.
8	3.	Upon the	expiration of the sixty-day period without the limited liability partnership
9		or foreign	limited liability partnership having cured the reason for the pending
10		revocatior	n set forth in the notice, the registration is revoked. The secretary of state
11		shall note	the revocation in the records of the secretary of state and shall give
12		notice of t	he revocation to the limited liability partnership or foreign limited liability
13		partnershi	p. Notice by the secretary of state must be mailed to the last registered
14		agent at tl	ne last registered office of record. If the limited liability partnership or
15		foreign lin	nited liability partnership failed to appoint and maintain a registered office
16		in this sta	te, then to its principal executive office.
17	SEC	CTION 235.	AMENDMENT. Section 45-22-17 of the 1995 Supplement to the North
18	Dakota Cer	ntury Code	is amended and reenacted as follows:
19	45-2	22-17. Ser	vice of process on a limited liability partnership <u>or foreign limited</u>
20	<u>liability pa</u>	<u>rtnership</u> .	
21	1.	A process	, notice, or demand required or permitted by law to be served on a
22		limited lial	bility partnership or foreign limited liability partnership may be served
23		either on t	the registered agent of the limited liability partnership or on any
24		responsib	le person found at the registered office of the limited liability partnership
25		or on the	secretary of state as provided in this section.
26	2.	If neither t	the registered agent nor a responsible person can be found at the
27		registered	office and if a responsible person affiliated with the limited liability
28		partnershi	p <u>or foreign limited liability partnership</u> cannot be found at the principal
29		place of b	usiness in this state, the secretary of state is the agent of the limited
30		liability pa	rtnership or foreign limited liability partnership on whom the process,
31		notice, or	demand may be served.

1		a.	The return of the sheriff, or affidavit of a person not a party, that no registered	
2			agent or responsible person may be found at either the registered office or at	
3			the principal place of business of the limited liability partnership in this state is	
4			conclusive evidence that the limited liability partnership or foreign limited	
5			liability partnership has no registered agent or responsible person at its	
6			registered office or at its principal place of business in this state.	
7		b.	Service on the secretary of state of any process, notice, or demand is	
8			deemed personal service on the limited liability partnership or foreign limited	
9			liability partnership and may be made by filing with the secretary of state one	
10			original and two copies of the process, notice, or demand together with the	
11			fees provided in section 45-22-22.	
12		C.	The secretary of state immediately shall forward, by certified mail addressed	
13			to the limited liability partnership or foreign limited liability partnership at its	
14			registered office or at its principal place of business in this state, a copy of the	
15			process, notice, or demand.	
16		d.	Service on the secretary of state is returnable in not less than thirty days,	
17			notwithstanding a shorter period specified in the process, notice, or demand.	
18	3.	The	secretary of state shall maintain a record of every process, notice, and	
19		dem	and served on the secretary of state under this section, including the date of	
20		serv	rice and the action taken with reference to it.	
21	4.	This	section does not limit the right of a person to serve process, notice, or	
22		dem	and required or permitted by law to be served on a limited liability partnership	
23		<u>or fo</u>	preign limited liability partnership in any other manner permitted by law.	
24	SEC		N 236. AMENDMENT. Section 45-22-18 of the 1995 Supplement to the North	
25	Dakota Cen	tury (Code is amended and reenacted as follows:	
26	45-2	2-18	. Foreign limited liability partnership governing law. The laws of the	
27	jurisdiction under which a foreign limited liability partnership is originally registered govern its			
28	organization and its, internal affairs, and the liability of partners for the debts, obligations, and			
29	liabilities of or chargeable to the partnership or another partner or partners. A foreign limited			
30	liability partnership may not be denied registration to transact business in this state by reason			
31	of any difference between those laws and the laws of this state. A foreign limited liability			

1 partnership holding a valid registration in this state has the same, but no greater, rights and 2 privileges as a domestic limited liability partnership. The registration does not authorize the 3 foreign limited liability partnership to exercise any of its powers for purposes that a domestic 4 limited liability partnership is forbidden by law to exercise in this state. 5 SECTION 237. AMENDMENT. Section 45-22-20 of the 1995 Supplement to the North 6 Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows: 7 45-22-20. Transaction of business by a foreign limited liability partnership 8 without registration. 9 A foreign limited liability partnership transacting business in this state may not 1. 10 maintain any cause of action in any court of this state until the partnership has 11 registered with the secretary of state. 12 2. The failure of a foreign limited liability partnership to register with the secretary of 13 state does not impair the validity of any contract or act of the foreign limited liability 14 partnership or prevent the foreign limited liability partnership from defending any 15 claim for relief in any court of this state. 16 A foreign limited liability partnership, by transacting business in this state without 3. 17 having registered with the secretary of state, appoints the secretary of state as its 18 agent upon whom any notice, process, or demand may be served. 19 4. All persons who assume to act as a foreign limited liability partnership without 20 registration are jointly and severally liable for all debts and liabilities incurred or 21 arising in this state as a result. 22 SECTION 238. AMENDMENT. Section 45-22-22 of the 1995 Supplement to the North 23 Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows: 24 45-22-22. Fees and charges. 25 1. The secretary of state shall charge and collect for: 26 Filing a registration as a domestic limited liability partnership, twenty-five a. 27 dollars. When there are more than two managing partners, an additional 28 three dollars must be paid for each additional managing partner not to exceed 29 two hundred fifty dollars. 30 b. Filing a renewal registration, twenty-five dollars.

Fifty-fifth

Legislative Assembly

1		C.	Late filing of a renewal registration after the lapse of a registration, twenty
2			dollars. This fee is in addition to the renewal registration fee.
3		d.	Filing a statement of correction, or amended registration, twenty-five dollars.
4		e.	Filing an application to reserve a name, ten dollars.
5		f.	Filing a notice of transfer of a reserved name, ten dollars.
6		g.	Filing a cancellation of reserved name, ten dollars.
7		h.	Filing a consent to use of name, ten dollars.
8		i.	Filing a statement of change of address of registered office or change of
9			registered agent or both, ten dollars.
10		j.	Filing a statement of change of address of registered office by registered
11			agent, ten dollars for each limited liability partnership or foreign limited liability
12			partnership affected by such change.
13		k.	Filing a registered agent's consent to serve in such capacity, ten dollars.
14		I.	Filing a resignation as registered agent, ten dollars.
15		m.	Filing a notice of withdrawal, ten dollars.
16		n.	Filing a certificate of fact stating a merger of a foreign limited liability
17			partnership registered with the secretary of state, fifty dollars.
18		0.	Filing any other statement of a limited liability partnership, ten dollars.
19		p.	Filing any process, notice, or demand for service, twenty-five dollars.
20		<u>q.</u>	Filing a registration as a foreign limited liability partnership, fifty dollars.
21	2.	The	secretary of state shall charge and collect for:
22		a.	Furnishing a copy of any document, instrument, or paper relating to a limited
23			liability partnership or foreign limited liability partnership, one dollar for every
24			four pages, or fraction thereof.
25		b.	A certificate certifying a copy or reciting facts related to a limited liability
26			partnership or foreign limited liability partnership, twenty dollars.
27		C.	Each page of any document or form sent by electronic transmission, one
28			dollar.
29	SEC		N 239. AMENDMENT. Section 45-22-23 of the 1995 Supplement to the North
30	Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:		
~ .			

1	1.	The se	ecretary of state shall administer this chapter.
2	2.	The se	ecretary of state may propound to any limited liability partnership or foreign
3		limited	liability partnership subject to this chapter and to any partner, any
4		interro	gatory reasonably necessary and proper to ascertain whether the
5		partne	rship has complied with this chapter.
6		a. A	ny interrogatory must be answered within thirty days after mailing, or within
7		ar	ny additional time fixed by the secretary of state. The answers to the
8		in	terrogatory must be full and complete and be made in writing and under
9		08	ath.
10		b. If	an interrogatory is directed:
11		(1) To an individual, it must be answered by that individual; or
12		(2	2) To a limited liability partnership or foreign limited liability partnership, it
13			must be answered by a managing partner.
14		c. Tl	he secretary of state need not file any document to which an interrogatory
15		re	elates until the interrogatory has been answered, and not then if the answers
16		di	isclose that such document is not in conformity with this chapter.
17		d. Ti	he secretary of state shall certify to the attorney general, for any action the
18		at	ttorney general determines appropriate, any interrogatory and answers
19		w	hich disclose a violation of this chapter.
20		e. Ea	ach managing partner of a limited liability partnership or foreign limited
21		lia	ability partnership who fails or refuses within the time provided by this
22		se	ection to answer truthfully and fully every interrogatory propounded to that
23		pe	erson by the secretary of state is guilty of an infraction.
24		f. A	ny interrogatory propounded by the secretary of state and the answers are
25		no	ot open to public inspection under section 44-04-18. The secretary of state
26		m	ay not disclose any facts or information obtained from an interrogatory
27		e>	xcept insofar as may be permitted by law or insofar as is required for
28		e\	vidence in any criminal proceedings or other action by this state.
29	3.	If the s	secretary of state rejects any document required by this chapter to be
30		approv	red by the secretary of state before the document may be filed, the secretary
31		of state	e, within ten days after receipt of the document, shall give written notice of

1 the rejection to the person who delivered the document, specifying the reasons for 2 rejection. That person may appeal to the district court of the county in which the 3 registered office of the limited liability partnership or foreign limited liability 4 partnership is, or is proposed to be, situated by filing with the clerk of such court a 5 petition setting forth a copy of the document sought to be filed and a copy of the 6 written rejection of the document by the secretary of state. The court shall try the 7 matter de novo. The court shall either sustain the action of the secretary of state 8 or direct the secretary of state to take any action the court determines proper. 9 If the secretary of state revokes the registration of any foreign limited liability 4.

partnership, pursuant to section 45-22-16, the partnership may appeal to district
 court of the county where the registered office of the partnership in this state is
 situated by filing with the clerk of such court a petition setting forth a copy of its
 registration and a copy of the notice of revocation given by the secretary of state.
 The court shall try the matter de novo. The court shall either sustain the action of
 the secretary of state or direct the secretary of state to take any action the court
 determines proper.

SECTION 240. AMENDMENT. Section 45-22-24 of the 1995 Supplement to the North
Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

19

45-22-24. Certificates and certified copies to be received in evidence.

- All copies of documents filed in accordance with this chapter, when certified by the
 secretary of state, must be taken and received in all courts, public offices, and
 official bodies as prima facie evidence of the facts stated.
- 23 2. A certificate by the secretary of state under the great seal of this state, as to the
 24 existence or nonexistence of the facts relating to limited liability partnerships <u>or</u>
 25 foreign limited liability partnerships which would not appear from a certified copy of
- 26 any of the foregoing documents or certificates, must be taken and received in all
- 27 courts, public offices, and official bodies as prima facie evidence of the existence28 or nonexistence of the facts stated.

SECTION 241. AMENDMENT. Section 45-22-25 of the 1995 Supplement to the North
 Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

45-22-25. Forms to be furnished by the secretary of state. All renewal registrations
must be made on forms prescribed and furnished by the secretary of state. Upon request, the
secretary of state shall may furnish forms for all other documents to be filed in the office of the
secretary of state. However, the use of these documents, unless otherwise specifically
required by law, is not mandatory.

6 SECTION 242. AMENDMENT. Section 45-22-26 of the 1995 Supplement to the North
7 Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

8 45-22-26. Audit reports and audit of limited liability partnerships receiving state 9 subsidies for production of alcohol or methanol for combination with gasoline. Any 10 limited liability partnership or foreign limited liability partnership that produces agricultural ethyl 11 alcohol or methanol within this state and which receives a production subsidy from the state, 12 whether in the form of reduced taxes or otherwise, shall submit an annual audit report, 13 prepared by a certified public accountant based on an audit of all records and accounts of the 14 limited liability partnership or foreign limited liability partnership, to the legislative audit and 15 fiscal review committee. The audit must be submitted within ninety days of the close of the 16 taxable year of the limited liability partnership or foreign limited liability partnership. Upon 17 request of the legislative audit and fiscal review committee, the state auditor shall conduct an 18 audit of the records and accounts of any limited liability partnership or foreign limited liability 19 partnership required to submit an annual report under this section. 20 SECTION 243. AMENDMENT. Section 45-22-27 of the 1995 Supplement to the North 21 Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows: 22 45-22-27. Foreign trade zones. 23 As used in this section, unless the context otherwise requires: 1. 24 "Act of Congress" means the Act of Congress approved June 18, 1934, a. 25 entitled an act to provide for the establishment, operation, and maintenance

- 26of foreign trade zones and ports of entry of the United States, to expedite and27encourage foreign commerce and for other purposes, as amended, and28commonly known as the Foreign Trade Zone Act of 1934 [48 Stat. 998; 1929U.S.C. 81a et seq.], as amended.
- 30b. "Private limited liability partnership" means a limited liability partnership or31foreign limited liability partnership, one of the purposes of which is to

Fifty-fifth

Legislative Assembly

1		establish, operate, and maintain a foreign trade zone by itself or in				
2		conjunction with a public corporation.				
3		c. "Public corporation" means this state, any political subdivision of this state,				
4		any public agency of this state or any political subdivision of this state, or any				
5		corporate instrumentality of this state.				
6	2.	Any private limited liability partnership or public corporation may apply to the				
7		proper authorities of the United States for a grant of the privilege of establishing,				
8		operating, and maintaining foreign trade zones and foreign trade subzones and to				
9		do all things necessary and proper to carry into effect the establishment, operation,				
10		and maintenance of such zones, in accordance with the Act of Congress and other				
11		applicable laws and rules.				
12	SEC	TION 244. AMENDMENT. Section 57-38-07.1 of the North Dakota Century Code				
13	is amended and reenacted as follows:					
14	57-38-07.1. Taxation of two or more member limited liability companies. For					
15	purposes of this chapter, a limited liability company having two or more members that is formed					
16	under either the laws of this state or under similar laws of another state, and that is considered					
17	to be a partnership for federal income tax purposes, is considered to be a partnership and the					
18	members must be considered to be partners. A limited liability company having two or more					
19	members that is not treated as a partnership for federal income tax purposes must be treated					
20	as a corporation for state tax purposes.					
21	SECTION 245. Section 57-38-07.2 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and					
22	enacted as follows:					
23	57-38-07.2. Taxation of single-member limited liability companies. For purposes					
24	of this chapter, a limited liability company having a single member that is formed under either					
25	the laws of this state or under similar laws of another state and that is considered to be a					
26	corporation for federal income tax purposes, is considered to be a corporation for state tax					
27	purposes. A	purposes. A limited liability company having a single member that is not treated as a				
28	corporation f	corporation for federal income tax purposes is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner				
29	for state tax purposes.					
30	SEC	TION 246. AMENDMENT. Section 57-38.1-17.2 of the North Dakota Century				
31	Code is amended and reenacted as follows:					

57-38.1-17.2. Taxation of two or more member limited liability companies. For purposes of this chapter, a limited liability company <u>having two or more members</u> that is formed under either the laws of this state or under similar laws of another state, and that is considered to be a partnership for federal income tax purposes, is considered to be a partnership and the members must be considered to be partners. A limited liability company <u>having two or more</u> <u>members</u> that is not treated as a partnership for federal income tax purposes must be treated as a corporation for state tax purposes.

8 **SECTION 247.** Section 57-38.1-17.3 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and 9 enacted as follows:

10 57-38.1-17.3. Taxation of single-member limited liability companies. For purposes

11 of this chapter, a limited liability company having a single member that is formed under either

12 the laws of this state or under similar laws of another state and that is considered to be a

13 corporation for federal income tax purposes, is considered to be a corporation for state tax

14 purposes. A limited liability company having a single member that is not treated as a

15 corporation for federal income tax purposes is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner

16 for state tax purposes.

17 SECTION 248. REPEAL. Sections 10-19.1-54, 10-19.1-73.1, 10-19.1-77, 10-19.1-78,

18 10-19.1-79, 10-19.1-80, chapters 10-22, 10-23, sections 10-32-41, 10-32-45, 10-32-46,

19 10-32-90, and 10-32-151 of the North Dakota Century Code are repealed.