Fifty-sixth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

HOUSE BILL NO. 1240

Introduced by

Representative Byerly

- 1 A BILL for an Act to amend and reenact subsections 20 and 22 of section 57-02-08 of the North
- 2 Dakota Century Code, relating to property tax exemptions for disabled and blind persons; and
- 3 to provide an effective date.

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4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

SECTION 1. AMENDMENT. Subsections 20 and 22 of section 57-02-08 of the 1997 Supplement to the North Dakota Century Code are amended and reenacted as follows:

- 20. Fixtures, buildings, and improvements up to the amount of valuation specified of a homestead under section 47-18-01, when owned and occupied as a homestead, as hereinafter defined, by by a person, and the person's spouse if married, whose income from all sources, or if the person is deceased the income from all sources of the unremarried surviving spouse, in the taxable year prior to the year for which the exemption is claimed did not exceed the maximum amount of income under section 57-02-08.1 to receive a homestead credit. The exemption under this subsection applies for any of the following persons, or the unremarried spouse if such person is deceased:
 - a. A paraplegic disabled veteran of the United States armed forces whose disability is armed forces service-connected or any veteran who has been awarded specially adapted housing by the veterans' administration, or the unremarried surviving spouse if such veteran is deceased. For purposes of this subdivision, income of a person or person's spouse does not include any compensation or pension for service-connected disability from the United States government.
 - A disabled veteran of the United States armed forces who was discharged under honorable conditions or who has been retired from the armed forces of

the United States with an armed forces service-connected disability of fifty percent or greater, or the unremarried surviving spouse if the veteran is deceased, if the income of the veteran and the spouse, or if the veteran is deceased the income of the unremarried surviving spouse, in the calendar year prior to the year for which the exemption is claimed did not exceed the maximum amount of income provided in section 57-02-08.1 for receiving a homestead credit under that section exclusive of. For purposes of this subdivision, income of a person or person's spouse does not include any compensation or pension for service-connected disability from the United States government.

c. Any permanently and totally disabled person who is permanently confined to use of a wheelchair, or, if deceased, the unremarried surviving spouse of a permanently and totally disabled person. If the spouse of a permanently and totally disabled person owns the homestead or if it is jointly owned by them, the same reduction in assessed valuation applies as long as both reside thereon. The provisions of this subdivision do not reduce the liability for special assessments levied upon the homestead. The phrase "permanently confined to use of a wheelchair" means that the person cannot walk with the assistance of crutches or any other device and will never be able to do so and that a physician selected by the local governing board has so certified.

Any person claiming an exemption under this subsection for the first time shall file with the county auditor an affidavit showing the facts herein required and a description of the property and, in addition, a. A disabled veteran claiming exemption under subdivision a or b shall also file with the affidavit a certificate from the United States veterans' administration, or its successors, certifying to the amount and service connection of the disability; the. The affidavit and certificate must be open for public inspection. Any person shall thereafter furnish to the assessor or other assessment officials when requested to do so any information which is believed will support the claim for exemption for any subsequent year.

For purposes of this subsection, "homestead" has the meaning provided in section 47-18-01 except that it also applies to any person who otherwise qualifies

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- under the provisions of this subsection whether or not the person is the head of a family. The board of county commissioners is hereby authorized to may cancel the unpaid taxes for any year in which the veteran person has held title to the exempt property.
- 22. All or any part of fixtures, buildings, and improvements upon any nonfarmland up to a taxable the valuation of five thousand dollars a homestead under section 47-18-01, owned and occupied as a home homestead by a blind person. The exemption under this subsection does not apply to a person, and the person's spouse if married, whose income from all sources in the taxable year prior to the year for which the exemption is claimed exceeded the maximum amount of income under section 57-02-08.1 to receive a homestead credit. Residential homes owned by the spouse of a blind person, or jointly owned by a blind person and spouse, shall also be exempt within the limits of this subsection as long as the blind person resides in the home. For purposes of this subsection, a blind person shall be defined as means one who is totally blind, has visual acuity of not more than 20/200 in the better eye with correction, or whose vision is limited in field so that the widest diameter subtends an angle no greater than twenty degrees. The exemption provided by this subsection extends to the entire building classified as residential, and owned and occupied as a residence by a person who qualifies for the exemption as long as the building contains no more than two apartments or rental units which are leased.

SECTION 2. EFFECTIVE DATE. This Act is effective for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1998.