Fifty-sixth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

HOUSE BILL NO. 1268

Introduced by

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3.

invalid unless:

Representative Keiser

1	A BILL for an Act to create and enact a new subsection to section 47-02-27.4 of the North				
2	Dakota Century Code, relating to exclusions from the statutory rule against perpetuities; and to				
3	amend and reenact sections 47-02-27.1 and 47-02-27.2 of the North Dakota Century Code,				
4	relating to t	he ru	le against perpetuities and contingent property interests.		
5	BE IT ENA	CTE	BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:		
6	SEC	CTIO	N 1. AMENDMENT. Section 47-02-27.1 of the 1997 Supplement to the North		
7	Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:				
8	47-02-27.1. Statutory rule against perpetuities - Invalidity of certain contingent				
9	property interests, general powers of appointment, special powers of appointment, and				
10	general testamentary powers of appointment.				
11	1.	A co	ontingent property interest is invalid unless:		
12		a.	When the interest is created, it is certain to vest or terminate no later than		
13			twenty-one years after the death of an individual then alive; or		
14		b.	The interest either vests or terminates within ninety years after its creation.		
15	2.	A ge	eneral power of appointment not presently exercisable because of a condition		
16		pred	cedent is invalid unless:		
17		a.	When the power is created, the condition precedent is certain to be satisfied		
18			or to become impossible to satisfy no later than twenty-one years after the		
19			death of an individual then alive; or		
20		b.	The condition precedent either is satisfied or becomes impossible to satisfy		

A special power of appointment or a general testamentary power of appointment is

within ninety years after its creation.

- a. When the power is created, it is certain to be irrevocably exercised or
 otherwise to terminate no later than twenty-one years after the death of an
 individual then alive; or
 - b. The power is irrevocably exercised or otherwise terminates within ninety years after its creation.
- 4. In determining whether a contingent property interest or a power of appointment is valid under subdivision a of subsection 1, subdivision a of subsection 2, or subdivision a of subsection 3, the possibility that a child will be born to an individual after the individual's death is disregarded.
- 5. If, in measuring a period from the creation of a trust or other property arrangement, language in a governing instrument seeks to disallow the vesting or termination of any interest or trust beyond, seeks to postpone the vesting or termination of any interest or trust until, or seeks to operate in effect in any similar fashion upon, the later of (a) the expiration of a period of time not exceeding twenty one years after the death of the survivor of specified lives in being at the creation of the trust or other property arrangement or (b) the expiration of a period of time that exceeds or might exceed twenty one years after the death of the survivor of lives in being at the creation of the trust or other property arrangement, that language is inoperative to the extent it produces a period of time that exceeds twenty one years after the death of the survivor of the specified lives.
- **SECTION 2. AMENDMENT.** Section 47-02-27.2 of the 1997 Supplement to the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

47-02-27.2. When contingent property interest or power of appointment created.

- Except as provided in subsections 2 and 3 of this section and in subsection 1 of section 47-02-27.5, the time of creation of a contingent property interest or a power of appointment is determined under general principles of property law.
- 2. For purposes of sections 47-02-27.1 through 47-02-27.5, if there is a person who alone can exercise a power created by a governing instrument to become an unqualified beneficial owner of a contingent property interest or a property interest subject to a power of appointment described in subsection 2 or 3 of section

1		47-02-27.1, the contingent property interest or power of appointment is created
2		when the power to become the unqualified beneficial owner terminates.
3	3.	For purposes of sections 47-02-27.1 through 47-02-27.5, a contingent property
4		interest or a power of appointment arising from a transfer of property to a
5		previously funded trust or other existing property arrangement is created when the
6		contingent property interest or power of appointment in the original contribution
7		was created.
8	SEC	CTION 3. A new subsection to section 47-02-27.4 of the 1997 Supplement to the
9	North Dako	ta Century Code is created and enacted as follows:
10		An irrevocable trust regardless of when or how the trust was created or when the
11		trust became irrevocable.