Fifty-sixth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 2174

Introduced by

Judiciary Committee

(At the request of the Commission on Uniform State Laws)

- 1 A BILL for an Act to amend and reenact sections 30.1-03-03, 30.1-09-08, subsection 3 of
- 2 section 30.1-10-03, subsection 2 of section 30.1-10-04, subsection 2 of section 30.1-18-03, and
- 3 subsection 1 of section 30.1-19-03 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to the Uniform
- 4 Probate Code.

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BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

- SECTION 1. AMENDMENT. Section 30.1-03-03 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
 - **30.1-03-03. (1-403) Pleadings When parties bound by others Notice.** In formal proceedings involving trusts or estates of decedents, minors, protected persons, or incapacitated persons, and in judicially supervised settlements, the following apply:
 - 1. Interests to be affected shall <u>must</u> be described in pleadings which that give reasonable information to owners by name or class, by reference to the instrument creating the interests; or in other another appropriate manner.
 - 2. Persons are A person is bound by orders an order binding others another in the following cases:
 - a. Orders An order binding the sole holder or all coholders of a power of revocation or a presently exercisable general power of appointment, including one in the form of a power of amendment, bind other persons binds another person to the extent their that person's interests, as objects, takers in default, or otherwise, are subject to the power.
 - b. To the extent there is no conflict of interest between them or among persons represented, orders an order binding a conservator bind binds the person whose estate the conservator controls; orders an order binding a guardian bind binds the ward if no conservator of the ward's estate has been

appointed; erders an order binding a trustee bind beneficiaries binds a beneficiary of the trust in proceedings to probate a will establishing or adding to a trust, to review the acts or accounts of a prior former fiduciary and in proceedings involving creditors or other third parties; and orders an order binding a personal representative bind persons binds a person interested in the undistributed assets of a decedent's estate in actions or proceedings by or against the estate. If there is no conflict of interest and no conservator or guardian has been appointed, a parent may represent that parent's minor ehild; and an order binding a sole holder or all coholders of a general testamentary power of appointment binds other persons to the extent their interests as objects, takers in default, or otherwise are subject to the power.

An Unless otherwise represented, a minor or an incapacitated, unborn, or

- c. An <u>Unless otherwise represented</u>, a minor or an incapacitated, unborn, or unascertained person who is not otherwise represented is bound by an order to the extent the person's interest is adequately represented by another party having a substantially identical interest in the proceeding.
- 3. <u>If no conservator or guardian has been appointed, a parent may represent a minor child.</u>
- 4. Notice is required as follows:
 - a. Notice as <u>The notice</u> prescribed by section 30.1-03-01 shall <u>must</u> be given to every interested person or to one who can bind an interested person as described in subdivision a or b of subsection 2. Notice may be given both to a person and to another who may bind that person.
 - b. Notice is given to unborn or unascertained persons who are not represented under subdivision a or b of subsection 2 by giving notice to all known persons whose interests in the proceedings are substantially identical to those of the unborn or unascertained persons.
- 4. <u>5.</u> At any point in a proceeding, a court may appoint a guardian ad litem to represent the interest of a minor, an incapacitated, unborn, or unascertained person, or a person whose identity or address is unknown, if the court determines that representation of the interest otherwise would be inadequate. If not precluded by conflict of interests, a guardian ad litem may be appointed to represent several

1		per	sons or interests. The court shall set out state its reasons for appointing a	
2		gua	rdian ad litem as a part of the record of the proceeding.	
3	SE	СТІО	N 2. AMENDMENT. Section 30.1-09-08 of the North Dakota Century Code is	
4	amended a	and re	enacted as follows:	
5	30.	1-09-	08. (2-606) Nonademption of specific devises - Unpaid proceeds of sale,	
6	condemna	ition,	or insurance - Sale by conservator.	
7	1.	A specific devisee has the right to the specifically devised property in the testator's		
8		estate at the testator's death and to:		
9		a.	Any balance of the purchase price, together with any security interest, owing	
10			from owed by a purchaser to at the testator at testator's death by reason of	
11			sale of the property by the testator.	
12		b.	Any amount of a condemnation award for the taking of the property unpaid at	
13			death.	
14		C.	Any proceeds unpaid at death on fire or casualty insurance on or other	
15			recovery for injury to the property.	
16		d.	Property Any property owned by the testator at death and acquired as a result	
17			of foreclosure, or obtained in lieu of foreclosure, of the security interest for a	
18			specifically devised obligation.	
19	2.	If sp	pecifically devised property is sold er, mortgaged, or otherwise encumbered by	
20		a co	onservator or by an agent acting within the authority of a durable power of	
21		attorney for an incapacitated principal person, or if a condemnation award,		
22		insurance proceeds, or recovery for injury to the property are is paid to a		
23		conservator or to an agent acting within the authority of a durable power of		
24		attorney for an incapacitated principal person, the specific devisee has the right to		
25		a general pecuniary devise equal to the net sale price, the amount of the unpaid		
26		loan, the condemnation award, the insurance proceeds, or the recovery. This		
27		subsection does not apply if, after the sale, mortgage encumbrance,		
28	condemnation, casualty, or recovery, it was adjudicated that the testator's			
29		inca	apacity ceased and the testator survived the adjudication by at least one year.	
30		The	right of a specific devisee under this subsection is reduced by any right the	

devisee has under subsection 1.

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guardian.

SECTION 3. AMENDMENT. Subsection 3 of section 30.1-10-03 of the 1997 Supplement to the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows: The intentional and felonious killing of the decedent: a. Revokes any revocable disposition or appointment of property made by the decedent to the killer in a governing instrument, provision in a governing instrument conferring a general or nongeneral power of appointment on the killer, and nomination of the killer in a governing instrument, nominating or appointing the killer to serve in any fiduciary or representative capacity, including a personal representative, executor, trustee, or agent. b. Severs the interests of the decedent and killer in property held by them at the time of the killing as joint tenants with the right of survivorship, transforming the interests of the decedent and killer into equal tenancies in common. **SECTION 4. AMENDMENT.** Subsection 2 of section 30.1-10-04 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows: Except as provided by the express terms of a governing instrument, a court order, 2. or a contract relating to the division of the marital estate made between the divorced individuals before or after the marriage, divorce, or annulment, the divorce or annulment of a marriage: Revokes any revocable disposition or appointment of property made by a a. divorced individual to the individual's former spouse in a governing instrument and any disposition or appointment created by law or in a governing instrument to a relative of the divorced individual's former spouse, provision in a governing instrument conferring a general or special power of appointment on the divorced individual's former spouse or on a relative of the divorced individual's former spouse, and nomination in a governing instrument, nominating a divorced individual's former spouse or a relative of the divorced individual's former spouse to serve in any fiduciary or representative capacity,

including a personal representative, executor, trustee, conservator, agent, or

 Severs the interests of the former spouses in property held by them at the time of the divorce or annulment as joint tenants with the right of survivorship, transforming the interests of former spouses into equal tenancies in common.

SECTION 5. AMENDMENT. Subsection 2 of section 30.1-18-03 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

- A personal representative shall may not be surcharged for acts of administration or distribution if the conduct in question was authorized at the time. Subject to other obligations of administration, an informally probated will is authority authorizes a personal representative to administer and distribute the estate according to its terms. An order of appointment of a personal representative, whether issued in informal or formal proceedings, is authority to authorizes the personal representative to distribute apparently intestate assets to the heirs of the decedent if, at the time of distribution, the personal representative is not aware of a pending testacy proceeding, a proceeding to vacate an order entered in an earlier testacy proceeding, a formal proceeding questioning his appointment or fitness to continue, or a supervised administration proceeding. Nothing in this This section affects does not affect the duty of the personal representative to administer and distribute the estate in accordance with the rights of claimants whose claims have been allowed, the surviving spouse, any minor and dependent children, and any pretermitted child of the decedent as described elsewhere in this title.
- **SECTION 6. AMENDMENT.** Subsection 1 of section 30.1-19-03 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
 - 1. All claims against a decedent's estate which arose before the death of the decedent, including claims of the state and or any political subdivision thereof, whether due or to become due, absolute or contingent, liquidated or unliquidated, founded on contract, tort, or other legal basis, if not barred earlier by other statute of limitations, are barred against the estate, the personal representative, and the heirs and devisees of the decedent, and nonprobate transferees unless presented as follows:
 - a. Within three months after the date of the first publication and mailing of notice to creditors if notice is given in compliance with section 30.1-19-01; provided,

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- 1 claims barred by the nonclaim statute at the decedent's domicile before the 2 first publication for claims in this state are also barred in this state.
- b. Within three years after the decedent's death, if notice to creditors has notbeen published and mailed.