Fifty-seventh Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

SENATE BILL NO. 2076

Introduced by

Judiciary Committee

(At the request of the Commission on Uniform State Laws)

1 A BILL for an Act to create and enact a new chapter to title 14 of the North Dakota Century

2 Code, relating to the uniform interstate enforcement of domestic violence protection orders act;

3 to amend and reenact section 14-07.1-06 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to

4 penalties for violation of a protection order; to repeal section 14-07.1-02.2 of the North Dakota

5 Century Code, relating to foreign domestic violence protection orders; to provide a penalty; and

6 to provide for application.

7 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

8 SECTION 1. AMENDMENT. Section 14-07.1-06 of the 1999 Supplement to the North
9 Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

10 14-07.1-06. Penalty for violation of a protection order. Whenever a protection order
11 is granted under section 14-07.1-02 or 14-07.1-03 and the respondent or person to be

12 restrained has been served a copy of the order, a violation of the order is a class A

13 misdemeanor and also constitutes contempt of court. A second or subsequent violation of a

14 protection order is a class C felony. Violation of a foreign protection order entitled to full faith

15 and credit recognition under section 14-07.1-02.2 is a class A misdemeanor. A second or

16 subsequent violation of such an order is a class C felony.

SECTION 2. A new chapter to title 14 of the North Dakota Century Code is created andenacted as follows:

- 19 **Definitions.** In this chapter:
- 20 <u>1.</u> "Foreign protection order" means a protection order issued by a tribunal of another
 21 <u>state.</u>
- 22 <u>2.</u> <u>"Issuing state" means the state whose tribunal issues a protection order.</u>

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1	<u>3.</u>	"Mutual foreign protection order" means a foreign protection order that includes
2		provisions issued in favor of both the protected individual seeking enforcement of
3		the order and the respondent.
4	<u>4.</u>	"Protected individual" means an individual protected by a protection order.
5	<u>5.</u>	"Protection order" means an injunction or other order, issued by a tribunal under
6		the domestic violence or family violence laws of the issuing state, to prevent an
7		individual from engaging in violent or threatening acts against, harassment of,
8		contact or communication with, or physical proximity to another individual.
9	<u>6.</u>	"Respondent" means the individual against whom enforcement of a protection
10		order is sought.
11	<u>7.</u>	"State" means a state of the United States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico,
12		the United States Virgin Islands, or any territory or insular possession subject to
13		the jurisdiction of the United States. The term includes an Indian tribe or band that
14		has jurisdiction to issue protection orders.
15	<u>8.</u>	"Tribunal" means a court, agency, or other entity authorized by law to issue or
16		modify a protection order.
17	Juc	dicial enforcement of order
18	<u>1.</u>	A tribunal of this state shall enforce the terms of a valid foreign protection order,
19		including terms that provide relief that a tribunal of this state would lack power to
20		provide but for this section. A tribunal of this state shall enforce a valid foreign
21		protection order issued by a tribunal, whether the order was obtained by
22		independent action or in another proceeding, if it is an order issued in response to
23		a complaint, petition, or motion filed by or on behalf of an individual seeking
24		protection. A tribunal of this state may not enforce an order issued by a tribunal
25		that does not recognize the standing of a protected individual to seek enforcement
26		of the order.
27	<u>2.</u>	A tribunal of this state shall enforce the provisions of a valid foreign protection
28		order which governs custody and visitation. The custody and visitation provisions
29		of the order must have been issued in accordance with the jurisdictional
30		requirements governing the issuance of custody and visitation orders in the issuing
31		state.

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1	<u>3.</u>	A tribunal of this state may not enforce under this chapter an order or provision of
2		an order with respect to support.
3	<u>4.</u>	A protection order is valid if it:
4		a. Identifies the protected individual and the respondent;
5		b. Is currently in effect;
6		c. Was issued by a tribunal that had jurisdiction over the parties and matter
7		under the law of the issuing state; and
8		d. Was issued after the respondent was provided with reasonable notice and
9		had an opportunity to be heard before the tribunal issued the order or, in the
10		case of an order ex parte, the respondent was given notice and afforded an
11		opportunity to be heard within a reasonable time after the issuing of the order,
12		consistent with the rights of the respondent to due process.
13	<u>5.</u>	A person authorized under the law of this state to seek enforcement of a foreign
14		protection order establishes a prima facie case for its validity by presenting an
15		order valid on its face.
16	<u>6.</u>	Absence of any of the criteria for validity of a foreign protection order is an
17		affirmative defense in an action seeking enforcement of the order.
18	<u>7.</u>	A tribunal of this state may enforce the provisions of a mutual foreign protection
19		order which favor a respondent only if:
20		a. The respondent filed a written pleading seeking a protection order from the
21		tribunal of the issuing state; and
22		b. The tribunal of the issuing state made specific findings in favor of the
23		respondent.
24	Nor	njudicial enforcement of order.
25	<u>1.</u>	A law enforcement officer of this state, upon determining that there is probable
26		cause to believe that a valid foreign protection order exists and that the order has
27		been violated, shall enforce the order as if it were the order of a tribunal of this
28		state. Presentation of a protection order that identifies both the protected individual
29		and the respondent and, on its face, is currently in effect constitutes probable
30		cause to believe that a valid foreign protection order exists. For the purposes of
31		this section, the protection order may be inscribed on a tangible medium or may

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1		have been stored in an electronic or other medium if it is retrievable in perceivable
2		form. Presentation of a certified copy of a protection order is not required for
3		enforcement.
4	<u>2.</u>	If the protection order is not presented, the officer may consider other information
5		in determining whether there is probable cause to believe that a valid foreign
6		protection order exists.
7	<u>3.</u>	If a law enforcement officer of this state determines that an otherwise valid foreign
8		protection order cannot be enforced because the respondent has not been notified
9		or served with the order, the officer shall inform the respondent of the order and
10		make a reasonable effort to serve the order upon the respondent. After informing
11		the respondent and serving the order, the officer shall allow the respondent a
12		reasonable opportunity to comply with the order before enforcing the order.
13	<u>4.</u>	Registration or filing of an order in this state is not required for the enforcement of a
14		valid foreign protection order under this chapter.
15	Reç	gistration of order.
16	<u>1.</u>	Any individual may register a foreign protection order in this state. To register a
17		foreign protection order, an individual shall present a certified copy of the order to
18		any clerk of district court in this state.
19	<u>2.</u>	Upon receipt of a protection order, the clerk of district court shall register the order
20		in accordance with this section. After the order is registered, the clerk of district
21		court shall furnish to the individual registering the order a certified copy of the
22		registered order.
23	<u>3.</u>	The clerk of district court shall register an order upon presentation of a copy of a
24		protection order which has been certified by the issuing state. A registered foreign
25		protection order which is inaccurate or is not currently in effect shall be corrected or
26		removed from the registry in accordance with the law of this state.
27	<u>4.</u>	An individual registering a foreign protection order shall file an affidavit by the
28		protected individual that, to the best of the individual's knowledge, the order is

1	<u>5.</u>	A foreign protection order registered under this chapter may be entered in any
2		existing state or federal registries of protection orders, in accordance with state or
3		federal law.
4	<u>6.</u>	A fee may not be charged for the registration of a foreign protection order or the
5		correction or removal of a foreign protection order.
6	Imn	nunity. This state or a local governmental agency, or a law enforcement officer,
7	prosecuting	attorney, clerk of district court, or any state or local governmental official acting in

8 an official capacity, is immune from civil and criminal liability for an act or omission arising out of

9 the registration or enforcement of a foreign protection order or the detention or arrest of an

10 alleged violator of a foreign protection order if the act or omission is done in good faith in an

11 effort to comply with this chapter.

12 **Other remedies.** Pursuant of remedies under this chapter does not preclude a

13 protected individual from pursuing other legal or equitable remedies against the respondent.

Penalty. <u>Violation of a protection order under this chapter is a class A misdemeanor. A</u>
 second or subsequent violation of such an order is a class A felony.

SECTION 3. REPEAL. Section 14-07.1-02.2 of the North Dakota Century Code is
repealed.

SECTION 4. APPLICATION. Section 2 of this Act applies to any protection order issued before, on, or after August 1, 2001, including any continuing action for enforcement of a foreign protection order commenced before August 1, 2001. A request for enforcement of a foreign protection order brought after July 31, 2001, for violations of a foreign protection order occurring before August 1, 2001, is governed by the provisions of section 2 of this Act.