Fifty-seventh Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

## HOUSE BILL NO. 1232

Introduced by

Representatives Devlin, Price, Weisz

Senators Fischer, Kilzer, Lee

1 A BILL for an Act to amend and reenact subdivision a of subsection 1 of section 14-02.1-03.1,

2 subsection 9 of section 14-02.5-01, subdivision a of subsection 1 of section 14-03-17, sections

3 14-04-04, 14-05-22, 14-05-23, 14-05-25, and 14-06-02, subsection 4 of section 14-07-15,

4 subsection 4 of section 14-07.1-02, section 14-07.1-02.1, subsection 2 of section 14-07.1-03,

5 sections 14-07.1-05.1, 14-09-04, 14-09-05, 14-09-06, 14-09-06.1, 14-09-06.2, 14-09-06.3,

6 14-09-06.4, 14-09-06.6, 14-09-07, and 14-09-08.12, subsection 1 of section 14-09-08.18,

7 sections 14-09-24, 14-09-28, 14-09.1-01, 14-09.1-02, 14-09.1-06, 14-09.1-08, and 14-10-05,

8 subsection 1 of section 14-15.1-02, subsection 3 of section 14-17-14, section 14-17-17,

9 subsection 1 of section 14-17-24, subdivision a of subsection 2 of section 15-10-19.1, section

10 27-05-29, subdivision f of subsection 1 of section 27-05.2-03, subsection 3 of section 32-28-02,

11 and subdivision h of subsection 1 of section 50-09-08.2 of the North Dakota Century Code,

12 relating to the use of the terms custody, visitation, custodial parent, and noncustodial parent.

## 13 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

SECTION 1. AMENDMENT. Subdivision a of subsection 1 of section 14-02.1-03.1 of
 the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

16a.The attending physician has secured the written consent of the minor woman17and both parents, if living, or the surviving parent if one parent is deceased, or18the custodial parent of primary residence if the parents are separated or19divorced, or the legal guardian or guardians if the minor is subject to20guardianship;

SECTION 2. AMENDMENT. Subsection 9 of section 14-02.5-01 of the 1999
 Supplement to the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

9. "Familial status" means one or more minors being domiciled with a parent or
another person having legal custody parental responsibility of the minor or minors;

13

14

15

1	or the designee of the parent or other person having such custody parental
2	responsibility with the written permission of the parent or other person. The
3	protections afforded against discrimination on the basis of familial status apply to
4	any person who is pregnant or is in the process of securing legal custody parental
5	responsibility of any minor.

6 **SECTION 3. AMENDMENT.** Subdivision a of subsection 1 of section 14-03-17 of the 7 1999 Supplement to the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

- 8 a. An affidavit by each of the applicants showing that each is over the age of 9 eighteen years. In addition, each applicant shall exhibit to the register of 10 deeds, or designated official, a birth certificate or other satisfactory evidence 11 of age. If either applicant is under the age of eighteen years, the register of 12 deeds, or designated official, shall require the written consent of:
  - (1) Either parent of the minor applicant, if the parents are living together;
  - (2) The parent having the legal custody of <u>or parental responsibility for</u> the minor applicant, if the parents are not living together;
- 16(3)The surviving parent, if one of the parents of the minor applicant is17deceased; or
- 18(4)The guardian, or person under whose care and government the minor19applicant is, if both parents of the minor applicant are deceased, or if a20person other than a parent has legal and actual custody of or parental21responsibility for the minor applicant.

SECTION 4. AMENDMENT. Section 14-04-04 of the North Dakota Century Code is
 amended and reenacted as follows:

14-04-04. Custody of Parental responsibility for children. The court shall award the custody of parental responsibility for the children of a marriage annulled on the ground of fraud or force to the innocent parent and also may provide for their education and maintenance out of the property of the guilty party.

SECTION 5. AMENDMENT. Section 14-05-22 of the North Dakota Century Code is
 amended and reenacted as follows:

30 14-05-22. Custody of children <u>Allocation of parental responsibility</u> - <del>Visitation</del>
 31 rights <u>Parenting time</u> - Costs.

- 1 In an action for divorce, the court, before or after judgment, may give such direction 1. 2 for the <del>custody</del> allocation of parental responsibility, care, and education of the 3 children of the marriage as may seem necessary or proper, and may vacate or 4 modify the same at any time. Any award or change of <del>custody</del> parental 5 responsibility must be made in accordance with the provisions of chapter 14-09. 6 2. After making an award of custody allocation of parental responsibility, the court 7 shall, upon request of the noncustodial parent of alternate residence, shall grant 8 such rights of visitation as will enable the child and the noncustodial parent of 9 alternate residence to maintain a parent-child relationship that will be beneficial to 10 the child, unless the court finds, after a hearing, that visitation parenting time is 11 likely to endanger the child's physical or emotional health.
- 12 3. If the court finds that a parent has perpetrated domestic violence and that parent 13 does not have custody has not been allocated parental responsibility, and there 14 exists one incident of domestic violence which resulted in serious bodily injury or 15 involved the use of a dangerous weapon or there exists a pattern of domestic 16 violence within a reasonable time proximate to the proceeding, the court shall allow 17 only supervised child visitation parenting time with that parent unless there is a 18 showing by clear and convincing evidence that unsupervised visitation parenting 19 time would not endanger the child's physical or emotional health.
- 20 4. If any court finds that a parent has sexually abused the parent's child, the court 21 shall prohibit all visitation parenting time and contact between the abusive parent 22 and the child until the court finds that the abusive parent has successfully 23 completed a treatment program designed for such sexual abusers, and that 24 supervised visitation is in the child's best interest. Contact between the abusive 25 parent and the child may be allowed only in a therapeutic setting, facilitated by a 26 therapist as part of a sexual abuse treatment program, and only when the therapist 27 for the abusive parent and the therapist for the abused child agree that it serves a 28 therapeutic purpose and is in the best interests of the child.
- In any custody allocation of parental responsibility or visitation parenting time
  proceeding in which a parent is found to have perpetrated domestic violence, and
  there exists one incident of domestic violence which resulted in serious bodily

1	injury or involved the use of a dangerous weapon or there exists a pattern of
2	domestic violence within a reasonable time proximate to the proceeding, all court
3	costs, attorneys' fees, evaluation fees, and expert witness fees must be paid by the
4	perpetrator of the domestic violence unless those costs would place an undue
5	financial hardship on that parent.

6 SECTION 6. AMENDMENT. Section 14-05-23 of the North Dakota Century Code is
7 amended and reenacted as follows:

8 14-05-23. Temporary support, attorney fees, and <del>custody</del> parental responsibility. 9 During any time in which an action for divorce is pending, the court, upon application of a party. 10 may issue an order requiring a party to pay such support as may be necessary for the support 11 of a party and minor children of the parties and for the payment of attorney fees. The court in 12 the order may award <del>custody</del> parental responsibility of minor children to a party. The order may 13 be issued and served in accordance with the North Dakota Rules of Court. The court may 14 include in the order a provision for domestic violence protection provided the party has 15 submitted a verified application for the order which is sufficient to meet the criteria defined in 16 subsection 2 of section 14-07.1-01. A violation of the protection provision of the order is subject 17 to the penalties established in section 14-07.1-06 and the arrest procedures authorized in 18 section 14-07.1-11.

SECTION 7. AMENDMENT. Section 14-05-25 of the North Dakota Century Code is
 amended and reenacted as follows:

21 **14-05-25.** Security for alimony - Disposition of homestead. The court may require 22 either party to give reasonable security for providing maintenance or making any payments 23 required under the provisions of this chapter and may enforce the same by appointment of a 24 receiver or by any other remedy applicable to the case. When either the husband or the wife 25 has a separate estate sufficient to give a proper support, the court in its discretion may withhold 26 any allowance to that person out of the separate property of the other spouse. The court, in 27 rendering the decree of divorce, may assign the homestead or such part thereof as to the court 28 may seem just, to the innocent party, either absolutely or for a limited period, according to the 29 facts in the case and in consonance with the law relating to homesteads. The disposition of the 30 homestead by the court, and all orders and decrees touching the alimony and maintenance of 31 either party to a marriage and for the custody parental responsibility, education, and support of

	Fifty-seven Legislative	
1	the childrer	n are subject to revision on appeal in all particulars, including those which are stated
2	to be in the	discretion of the court.
3	SE	CTION 8. AMENDMENT. Section 14-06-02 of the North Dakota Century Code is
4	amended a	nd reenacted as follows:
5	14-	06-02. Temporary support, attorney fees, and <del>custody</del> <u>allocation of parental</u>
6	responsib	ility. During any time in which an action for separation is pending, the court, upon
7	application	of a party, may issue an order requiring a party to pay such support as may be
8	necessary	for the support of a party and any minor children of the parties and for the payment
9	of attorney	fees. The court in the order may award custody parental responsibility of any minor
10	children to	any party. The order may be issued and served in accordance with the North
11	Dakota Rul	es of Court.
12	SE	CTION 9. AMENDMENT. Subsection 4 of section 14-07-15 of the North Dakota
13	Century Co	de is amended and reenacted as follows:
14	4.	The fact, if it is a fact, that either parent may have secured a divorce awarding the
15		custody of or parental responsibility for the child, in no manner relieves either
16		parent from the requirements and penalty of this section, except that compliance
17		with the terms of a child support order by a parent is an affirmative defense to a
18		charge under this section made against that parent.
19	SE	CTION 10. AMENDMENT. Subsection 4 of section 14-07.1-02 of the North Dakota
20	Century Co	de is amended and reenacted as follows:
21	4.	Upon a showing of actual or imminent domestic violence, the court may enter a
22		protection order after due notice and full hearing. The relief provided by the court
23		may include any or all of the following:

- a. Restraining any party from threatening, molesting, injuring, harassing, or
  having contact with any other person.
- b. Excluding either the respondent or any person with whom the respondent
  lives from the dwelling they share, from the residence of another person
  against whom the domestic violence is occurring, or from a domestic violence
  care facility, if this exclusion is necessary to the physical or mental well-being
  of the applicant or others.

1	С.	Awarding temporary custody parental responsibility or establishing temporary
2		visitation rights parenting time with regard to minor children.
3	d.	Recommending or requiring that either or both parties undergo counseling
4		with a domestic violence program or other agency that provides professional
5		services that the court deems appropriate. The court may request a report
6		from the designated agency within a time period established by the court.
7		The costs of the court-ordered initial counseling assessment and subsequent
8		reports must be borne by the parties or, if indigent, by the respondent's county
9		of residence.
10	e.	Requiring a party to pay such support as may be necessary for the support of
11		a party and any minor children of the parties and reasonable attorneys' fees
12		and costs.
13	f.	Awarding temporary use of personal property, including motor vehicles, to
14		either party.
15	g.	Requiring the respondent to surrender for safekeeping any firearm or other
16		specified dangerous weapon, as defined in section 12.1-01-04, in the
17		respondent's immediate possession or control or subject to the respondent's
18		immediate control, if the court has probable cause to believe that the
19		respondent is likely to use, display, or threaten to use the firearm or other
20		dangerous weapon in any further acts of violence. If so ordered, the
21		respondent shall surrender the firearm or other dangerous weapon to the
22		sheriff, or the sheriff's designee, of the county in which the respondent resides
23		or to the chief of police, or the chief's designee, of the city in which the
24		respondent resides.
25	SECTIO	N 11. AMENDMENT. Section 14-07.1-02.1 of the 1999 Supplement to the
26	North Dakota Ce	entury Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
27	14-07.1-	02.1. Allegation of domestic violence - Effect. If the court finds that a
28	party's allegation	n of domestic violence in a domestic violence protection order proceeding,
29	divorce proceed	ing, <del>child custody</del> <u>allocation of parental responsibility</u> proceeding, <del>child</del>
30	visitation parent	ing time proceeding, separation proceeding, or termination of parental rights
31	proceeding is fa	lse and not made in good faith, the court shall order the party making the false

- 1 allegation to pay court costs and reasonable attorney's fees incurred by the other party in
- 2 responding to the allegation.

3	SECTI	ION 12.	AMENDMENT. Subsection 2 of section 14-07.1-03 of the North Dakota
4	Century Code	is ame	nded and reenacted as follows:
5	2. A	n ex pa	arte temporary protection order may include:
6	a	. Res	straining any party from having contact with or committing acts of domestic
7		viol	ence on another person.
8	b	. Exc	luding the respondent or any person with whom the respondent lives from
9		the	dwelling they share, from the residence of another person, or from a
10		don	nestic violence shelter care facility.
11	C.	. Awa	arding temporary <del>custody</del> <u>parental responsibility</u> or establishing temporary
12		visi	tation rights parenting time with regard to minor children.
13	d	. Rec	quiring the respondent to surrender for safekeeping any firearm or other
14		spe	cified dangerous weapon, as defined in section 12.1-01-04, in the
15		res	condent's immediate possession or control or subject to the respondent's
16		imn	nediate control, if the court has probable cause to believe that the
17		res	condent is likely to use, display, or threaten to use the firearm or other
18		dan	gerous weapon in any further acts of violence. If so ordered, the
19		res	condent shall surrender the firearm or other dangerous weapon to the
20		she	riff, or the sheriff's designee, of the county in which the respondent resides
21		or t	he chief of police, or the chief's designee, of the city in which the
22		res	condent resides.
23	SECTI	ION 13.	AMENDMENT. Section 14-07.1-05.1 of the North Dakota Century Code

23 SECTION 13. AMENDMENT. Section 14-07.1-05.1 of the North Dakota Century Code
 24 is amended and reenacted as follows:

14-07.1-05.1. Appointment of guardian ad litem for minor. The court, upon the request of either party or upon its own motion, may appoint a guardian ad litem in an action for a protection order to represent a minor concerning <del>custody</del> the allocation of parental <u>responsibility</u>, support, or <del>visitation</del> parenting time if either party or the court has reason for special concern as to the immediate future of the minor. The guardian ad litem may be appointed at the time of a temporary protection order or at any time before the full hearing. The role of the guardian ad litem consists of investigation and making a recommendation and report

1 to the court. At no time may the involvement of the guardian ad litem alter the requirements set 2 forth in section 14-07.1-03. The appointment of the guardian ad litem expires immediately after 3 the full hearing unless the court retains the right, upon specific finding of need, to continue the 4 appointment of a guardian ad litem to participate in visitation parenting time. The guardian ad 5 litem shall have access to records before the court except as otherwise provided by law. The 6 court may direct either or both parties to pay the guardian ad litem fees established by the 7 court. If neither party is able to pay the fees, the court, after notice to the state's attorney of the 8 county of venue, may direct the fees to be paid, in whole or in part, by the county of venue. The 9 court may direct either or both parties to reimburse the county, in whole or in part, for the 10 payment.

SECTION 14. AMENDMENT. Section 14-09-04 of the North Dakota Century Code is
 amended and reenacted as follows:

13 14-09-04. Custody of Parental responsibility for legitimate child. The father and
14 mother of a legitimate unmarried minor child are entitled equally to its custody parental
15 responsibility, services, and earnings, and neither can transfer such custody parental
16 responsibility, services, and earnings to any other person, without the written consent of the
17 other, except in case of death, desertion, or abandonment.

SECTION 15. AMENDMENT. Section 14-09-05 of the North Dakota Century Code is
 amended and reenacted as follows:

14-09-05. Custody of illegitimate child. When maternity and paternity of an
illegitimate child are positively established, the custody rights allocation of parental
responsibility must be equal as between mother and father and must serve the best interests of
the child. The custodial parent of primary residence is entitled to the child's services and
earnings.

SECTION 16. AMENDMENT. Section 14-09-06 of the North Dakota Century Code is
 amended and reenacted as follows:

14-09-06. Priority of custody parental responsibility of father and mother. The
husband and father and wife and mother have equal rights with regard to the care, custody
parental responsibility, education, and control of the children of the marriage, while such
husband and wife live separate and apart from each other, and when they so live in a state of
separation without being divorced, the district court or judge thereof, upon application of either,

1 may grant a writ of habeas corpus to inquire into the custody parental responsibility of any 2 minor unmarried child of the marriage, and may award the custody of such parental 3 responsibility for the child to either for such time and under such regulations as the case may 4 require. The decision of the court or judge must be guided by the rules provided by law for 5 awarding the <del>custody of</del> parental responsibility for a minor or the appointment of a general 6 quardian. 7 SECTION 17. AMENDMENT. Section 14-09-06.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is 8 amended and reenacted as follows: 9 14-09-06.1. Awarding custody parental responsibility - Best interests and welfare 10 of child. An order for custody of allocating parental responsibility for an unmarried minor child 11 entered pursuant to this chapter must award the custody of parental responsibility for the child 12 to a person, agency, organization, or institution as will, in the opinion of the judge, promote the 13 best interests and welfare of the child. Between the mother and father, whether natural or 14 adoptive, there is no presumption as to who will better promote the best interests and welfare of 15 the child. 16 SECTION 18. AMENDMENT. Section 14-09-06.2 of the North Dakota Century Code is 17 amended and reenacted as follows: 18 14-09-06.2. Best interests and welfare of child - Court consideration - Factors. 19 For the purpose of <del>custody</del> allocating parental responsibility, the best interests and 1. 20 welfare of the child is determined by the court's consideration and evaluation of all 21 factors affecting the best interests and welfare of the child. These factors include 22 all of the following when applicable: 23 The love, affection, and other emotional ties existing between the parents and a. 24 child. 25 b. The capacity and disposition of the parents to give the child love, affection, 26 and guidance and to continue the education of the child. 27 C. The disposition of the parents to provide the child with food, clothing, medical 28 care, or other remedial care recognized and permitted under the laws of this 29 state in lieu of medical care, and other material needs. 30 d. The length of time the child has lived in a stable satisfactory environment and 31 the desirability of maintaining continuity.

	Legislative	Asse	mbly
1		e.	The permanence, as a family unit, of the existing or proposed custodial home.
2		f.	The moral fitness of the parents.
3		g.	The mental and physical health of the parents.
4		h.	The home, school, and community record of the child.
5		i.	The reasonable preference of the child, if the court deems the child to be of
6			sufficient intelligence, understanding, and experience to express a preference.
7		j.	Evidence of domestic violence. In awarding custody allocating parental
8			responsibility or granting rights of visitation parenting time, the court shall
9			consider evidence of domestic violence. If the court finds credible evidence
10			that domestic violence has occurred, and there exists one incident of
11			domestic violence which resulted in serious bodily injury or involved the use of
12			a dangerous weapon or there exists a pattern of domestic violence within a
13			reasonable time proximate to the proceeding, this combination creates a
14			rebuttable presumption that a parent who has perpetrated domestic violence
15			may not be awarded sole or joint custody of a child parental responsibility.
16			This presumption may be overcome only by clear and convincing evidence
17			that the best interests of the child require that parent's participation as a
18			custodial parent of primary residence. The court shall cite specific findings of
19			fact to show that the <del>custody</del> <u>parental responsibility</u> or <del>visitation</del> <u>parenting</u>
20			time arrangement best protects the child and the parent or other family or
21			household member who is the victim of domestic violence. If necessary to
22			protect the welfare of the child, <del>custody</del> parental responsibility may be
23			awarded to a suitable third person, provided that the person would not allow
24			access to a violent parent except as ordered by the court. If the court awards
25			custody parental responsibility to a third person, the court shall give priority to
26			the child's nearest suitable adult relative. The fact that the abused parent
27			suffers from the effects of the abuse may not be grounds for denying that
28			parent custody parental responsibility. As used in this subdivision, "domestic
29			violence" means domestic violence as defined in section 14-07.1-01. A court
30			may consider, but is not bound by, a finding of domestic violence in another
31			proceeding under chapter 14-07.1.

1		k.	The interaction and interrelationship, or the potential for interaction and
2			interrelationship, of the child with any person who resides in, is present, or
3			frequents the household of a parent and who may significantly affect the
4			child's best interests. The court shall consider that person's history of
5			inflicting, or tendency to inflict, physical harm, bodily injury, assault, or the fear
6			of physical harm, bodily injury, or assault, on other persons.
7		I.	The making of false allegations not made in good faith, by one parent against
8			the other, of harm to a child as defined in section 50-25.1-02.
9		m.	Any other factors considered by the court to be relevant to a particular child
10			custody parental responsibility dispute.
11	2.	In a	ny proceeding under this chapter, the court, at any stage of the proceedings
12		afte	r final judgment, may make orders about what security is to be given for the
13		care	e, custody parental responsibility, and support of the unmarried minor children
14		of th	ne marriage as from the circumstances of the parties and the nature of the case
15		is e	quitable.
16	SE	СТЮ	<b>N 19. AMENDMENT.</b> Section 14-09-06.3 of the North Dakota Century Code is
17	amended a	and re	enacted as follows:
	11	00-06	3.3. Custody Parental responsibility investigations and reports - Costs.
18	14-	05-00	
18 19	14-		ontested <del>custody</del> <u>parental responsibility</u> proceedings the court may, upon the
		In c	ontested <del>custody</del> <u>parental responsibility</u> proceedings the court may, upon the uest of either party, or, upon its own motion, order an investigation and report
19		In c requ	
19 20		In ca requ con	uest of either party, or, upon its own motion, order an investigation and report
19 20 21		In ca requ cona pers	uest of either party, or, upon its own motion, order an investigation and report cerning custodial arrangements for the child. The court shall designate a
19 20 21 22		In ca requ con pers desi	uest of either party, or, upon its own motion, order an investigation and report cerning custodial arrangements for the child. The court shall designate a son or agency responsible for making the investigation and report, which
19 20 21 22 23		In concepts	uest of either party, or, upon its own motion, order an investigation and report cerning custodial arrangements for the child. The court shall designate a son or agency responsible for making the investigation and report, which ignees may include the county social service board, public health officer, school
19 20 21 22 23 24		In concepts concepts designed office make	uest of either party, or, upon its own motion, order an investigation and report cerning custodial arrangements for the child. The court shall designate a son or agency responsible for making the investigation and report, which ignees may include the county social service board, public health officer, school sials, and any other public agency or private practitioner it deems qualified to
19 20 21 22 23 24 25	1.	In concepts concepts designed office make The	uest of either party, or, upon its own motion, order an investigation and report cerning custodial arrangements for the child. The court shall designate a son or agency responsible for making the investigation and report, which ignees may include the county social service board, public health officer, school cials, and any other public agency or private practitioner it deems qualified to ke the investigation.
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	1.	In con- required person descionate officionate mate The and	uest of either party, or, upon its own motion, order an investigation and report cerning custodial arrangements for the child. The court shall designate a son or agency responsible for making the investigation and report, which ignees may include the county social service board, public health officer, school cials, and any other public agency or private practitioner it deems qualified to the investigation.
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	1.	In con- required person desi offic make The and the	uest of either party, or, upon its own motion, order an investigation and report cerning custodial arrangements for the child. The court shall designate a son or agency responsible for making the investigation and report, which ignees may include the county social service board, public health officer, school cials, and any other public agency or private practitioner it deems qualified to the investigation. Investigator may consult any person who may have information about the child any potential <del>custody</del> <u>parental responsibility</u> arrangements, and upon order of
<ol> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> <li>22</li> <li>23</li> <li>24</li> <li>25</li> <li>26</li> <li>27</li> <li>28</li> </ol>	1. 2.	In con- required person descired office make The and the The	uest of either party, or, upon its own motion, order an investigation and report cerning custodial arrangements for the child. The court shall designate a son or agency responsible for making the investigation and report, which ignees may include the county social service board, public health officer, school cials, and any other public agency or private practitioner it deems qualified to the investigation. Investigator may consult any person who may have information about the child any potential <del>custody</del> <u>parental responsibility</u> arrangements, and upon order of court may refer the child to any professional personnel for diagnosis.

reports underlying the investigator's report and the names and addresses of all
persons whom the investigator has consulted. A party may call the investigator
and any person whom the investigator has consulted for cross-examination at the
hearing. A party may not waive the party's right of cross-examination before the
hearing.

6 7

8

 The court shall enter an order for the costs of any such investigation against either or both parties, except that if the parties are indigent the expenses must be borne by the county.

9 SECTION 20. AMENDMENT. Section 14-09-06.4 of the North Dakota Century Code is
10 amended and reenacted as follows:

11 14-09-06.4. Appointment of guardian ad litem for children in custody allocation of 12 parental responsibility, support, and visitation parenting time proceedings. In any action 13 for an annulment, divorce, legal separation, or other action affecting marriage, where either 14 party has reason for special concern as to the future of the minor children, and in actions 15 affecting the marriage relationship where the custody of such children is contested, either party 16 to the action may petition the court for the appointment of a guardian ad litem to represent the 17 children concerning custody allocation of parental responsibility, support, and visitation 18 parenting time. The court, in its discretion, may appoint a guardian ad litem on its own motion. 19 If appointed, a guardian ad litem shall serve as an advocate of the children's best interests. 20 The court may direct either or both parties to pay the guardian ad litem fee established by the 21 court. If neither of the parties are able to pay the fee, the court may direct the fee to be paid, in 22 whole or in part, by the county of venue. The court may direct either or both parties to 23 reimburse the county, in whole or in part, for such payment. 24 SECTION 21. AMENDMENT. Section 14-09-06.6 of the North Dakota Century Code is 25 amended and reenacted as follows: 26 14-09-06.6. Limitations on postjudgment custody or allocation of parental 27 responsibility modifications. 28 Unless agreed to in writing by the parties, no motion to modify a custody or 1. 29 parental responsibility order may be made earlier than two years after the date of 30 entry of an order establishing custody or parental responsibility, except in

31 accordance with subsection 3.

1	2.	Unless agreed to in writing by the parties, if a motion for modification has been
2		disposed of upon its merits, no subsequent motion may be filed within two years of
3		disposition of the prior motion, except in accordance with subsection 3.
4	3.	The time limitation in subsections 1 and 2 does not apply if the court finds:
5		a. The persistent and willful denial or interference with visitation parenting time;
6		b. The child's present environment may endanger the child's physical or
7		emotional health or impair the child's emotional development; or
8		c. The primary physical care of the child has changed to the other parent for
9		longer than six months.
10	4.	A party seeking modification of a custody or parental responsibility order shall
11		serve and file moving papers and supporting affidavits and shall give notice to the
12		other party to the proceeding who may serve and file a response and opposing
13		affidavits. The court shall consider the motion on briefs and without oral argument
14		or evidentiary hearing and shall deny the motion unless the court finds the moving
15		party has established a prima facie case justifying a modification. If a prima facie
16		case is established, the court shall set a date for an evidentiary hearing.
17	5.	The court may not modify a prior custody or parental responsibility order within the
18		two-year period following the date of entry of an order establishing custody or
19		parental responsibility unless the court finds the modification is necessary to serve
20		the best interest of the child and:
21		a. The persistent and willful denial or interference with visitation parenting time;
22		b. The child's present environment may endanger the child's physical or
23		emotional health or impair the child's emotional development; or
24		c. The primary physical care of the child has changed to the other parent for
25		longer than six months.
26	6.	The court may modify a prior custody or parental responsibility order after the
27		two-year period following the date of entry of an order establishing custody or
28		parental responsibility if the court finds:
29		a. On the basis of facts that have arisen since the prior order or which were
30		unknown to the court at the time of the prior order, a material change has
31		occurred in the circumstances of the child or the parties; and

1		b. The modification is necessary to serve the best interest of the child.
2	7.	The court may modify a prior custody or parental responsibility order at any time if
3		the court finds a stipulated agreement by the parties to modify the custody or
4		parental responsibility is in the best interest of the child.
5	8.	Upon a motion to modify custody or parental responsibility under this section, the
6		burden of proof is on the moving party.
7	SEC	CTION 22. AMENDMENT. Section 14-09-07 of the North Dakota Century Code is
8	amended a	nd reenacted as follows:
9	14-0	09-07. Residence of child. A parent entitled to the custody of a child of primary
10	<u>residence</u> n	nay not change the residence of the child to another state except upon order of the
11	court or with	h the consent of the <del>noncustodial</del> parent <u>of alternate residence</u> , if the <del>noncustodial</del>
12	parent <u>of al</u>	ternate residence has been given visitation parenting time rights by the decree. A
13	court order	is not required if the noncustodial parent of alternate residence:
14	1.	Has not exercised visitation parenting time rights for a period of one year; or
15	2.	Has moved to another state and is more than fifty miles [80.47 kilometers] from the
16		residence of the <del>custodial</del> parent of primary residence.
17	SEC	CTION 23. AMENDMENT. Section 14-09-08.12 of the North Dakota Century Code
18	is amended	and reenacted as follows:
19	14-0	09-08.12. Authorization to insurer. The signature of the custodial parent of
20	primary res	idence of the insured dependent, the obligee, or the obligee's assignee is a valid
21	authorizatio	on to the insurer for purposes of processing an insurance reimbursement payment to
22	the provide	r of the medical services, for the release of information concerning the insured
23	dependent	or coverage available to the insured dependent, and otherwise for purposes of
24	verifying co	verage and payment for the insured dependent, in the same manner and to the
25	same exten	t as the signature of the insured.
26	SEC	CTION 24. AMENDMENT. Subsection 1 of section 14-09-08.18 of the North Dakota
27	Century Co	de is amended and reenacted as follows:
28	1.	A payment for services rendered by a medical provider to an obligor's dependent
29		which is directed to the obligor in the form of reimbursements from health
30		insurance must be paid to the medical provider, custodial parent of primary
31		residence, or public authority when the reimbursement is not owed to the obligor.

1	SECTIO	N 25. AMENDMENT. Section 14-09-24 of the 1999 Supplement to the North
2	Dakota Century	Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
3	14-09-24	<ol><li>Interference with visitation parenting time - Attorney's fees -</li></ol>
4	Enforcement re	emedies and tools. In any proceeding in which child visitation parenting time
5	is properly in dis	spute between the parents of a child, the court shall award the noncustodial
6	parent <u>of alterna</u>	ate residence reasonable attorney's fees and costs if the court determines there
7	has been willful	and persistent denial of <del>visitation</del> <u>parenting time</u> rights by the <del>custodial</del> parent
8	of primary resid	ence with respect to the child. The court may use any remedy that is available
9	to enforce a chil	d support order and which is appropriate to enforce visitation parenting time.
10	SECTIO	N 26. AMENDMENT. Section 14-09-28 of the 1999 Supplement to the North
11	Dakota Century	Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
12	14-09-28	<ol><li>Parental <del>custody</del> <u>responsibility</u> and <del>visitation</del> <u>parenting time</u> rights and</li></ol>
13	duties.	
14	1. Ead	ch parent of a child has the following <del>custody</del> parental responsibility and
15	visi	tation parenting time rights and duties:
16	a.	Right to access and obtain copies of the child's educational, medical, dental,
17		religious, insurance, and other records or information.
18	b.	Right to attend educational conferences concerning the child. This right does
19		not require any school to hold a separate conference with each parent.
20	С.	Right to reasonable access to the child by written, telephonic, and electronic
21		means.
22	d.	Duty to inform the other parent as soon as reasonably possible of a serious
23		accident or serious illness for which the child receives health care treatment.
24		The parent shall provide to the other parent a description of the serious
25		accident or serious illness, the time of the serious accident or serious illness,
26		and the name and location of the treating health care provider.
27	e.	Duty to immediately inform the other parent of a change in residential
28		telephone number and address.
29	f.	Duty to keep the other parent informed of the name and address of the school
30		the child attends.

The court shall include in an order establishing or modifying visitation parenting
 time the rights and duties listed in this section; however, the court may restrict or
 exclude any right or duty listed in this section if the order states the reason in
 support of the restriction or exclusion. The court shall consider any domestic
 violence protection orders relating to the parties when determining whether to
 restrict or exclude any right or duty listed in this section.

SECTION 27. AMENDMENT. Section 14-09.1-01 of the North Dakota Century Code is
 amended and reenacted as follows:

9 14-09.1-01. Purpose. The purpose of this chapter is, through mediation, to enable the
10 parties in contested child custody allocation of parental responsibility, support, or visitation
11 parenting time proceedings to resolve the dispute voluntarily.

SECTION 28. AMENDMENT. Section 14-09.1-02 of the North Dakota Century Code is
 amended and reenacted as follows:

14 14-09.1-02. Mediation authorized - Exception. In any proceeding involving an order, 15 modification of an order, or enforcement of an order for the custody allocation of parental 16 responsibility, support, or visitation parenting time of a child in which the custody allocation of 17 parental responsibility or visitation parenting time issue is contested, the court may order 18 mediation at the parties' own expense. The court may not order mediation if the custody 19 allocation of parental responsibility, support, or visitation parenting time issue involves or may 20 involve physical or sexual abuse of any party or the child of any party to the proceeding.

21 SECTION 29. AMENDMENT. Section 14-09.1-06 of the North Dakota Century Code is 22 amended and reenacted as follows:

14-09.1-06. Confidentiality. Any communication, verbal or written, in a mediation
proceeding under this chapter is confidential and inadmissible as evidence in any proceeding.
A mediator appointed under this chapter may not be a witness and the notes and work product
of the mediator are not subject to discovery or subpoena in the proceeding in which the
contested child custody allocation of parental responsibility, support, or visitation parenting time
is at issue.

SECTION 30. AMENDMENT. Section 14-09.1-08 of the North Dakota Century Code is
 amended and reenacted as follows:

1 14-09.1-08. Failure to agree. The mediator may report to the court at any time that the
parties are unable to reach an agreement. The mediator may recommend to the court that a
full hearing on the custody allocation of parental responsibility, support, or visitation parenting
time issue be held within thirty days. The mediator may not make a substantive
recommendation to the court concerning the contested issue of custody parental responsibility,
support, or visitation parenting time.

7

8

**SECTION 31. AMENDMENT.** Section 14-10-05 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

9 14-10-05. Assignment of children prohibited - Penalty. No person, other than the 10 parents, may assume the permanent care and custody of parental responsibility for a child, 11 unless authorized so to do by an order or decree of a court having jurisdiction, except that a 12 parent, upon giving written notice to the department of human services, may place that person's 13 own child in the home of the child's grandparent, uncle, or aunt for adoption or guardianship by 14 the person receiving the child. The child must be considered abandoned if proceedings for the 15 adoption or guardianship of the child are not initiated by such relative within one year following 16 the date of notice of placement. No parent may assign or otherwise transfer the parent's rights 17 or duties with respect to the care and <del>custody of</del> parental responsibility for the parent's child. 18 Any such transfer or assignment, written or otherwise, is void. This section does not affect the 19 right of the parent to consent in writing to the legal adoption of the parent's child, but such 20 written consent does not operate to transfer any right in the child in the absence of a decree by 21 a court having jurisdiction. Any person who violates the provisions of this section is guilty of a 22 class A misdemeanor.

23 SECTION 32. AMENDMENT. Subsection 1 of section 14-15.1-02 of the North Dakota
 24 Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

A birth parent or identified adoptive parent may file with the court a petition to
 relinquish parental rights with respect to a minor child to the identified adoptive
 parent. The written consent of any birth parent to the adoption must accompany
 the petition. The written consent of the identified adoptive parent to assume
 <del>custody</del> <u>parental responsibility</u> must be filed with the petition. The petition and all
 documents must be served upon the department, nonpetitioning birth parents, and
 identified adoptive parent.

1	SECTION 33. AMENDMENT. Subsection 3 of section 14-17-14 of the 1999
2	Supplement to the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
3	3. The judgment or order may contain any other provision directed against the
4	appropriate party to the proceeding, concerning the duty of support, the <del>custody</del>
5	allocation of parental responsibility and guardianship of the child, visitation
6	parenting time privileges with the child, the furnishing of bond or other security for
7	the payment of the judgment, or any other matter in the best interest of the child.
8	The judgment or order may direct the father to pay the reasonable expenses of the
9	mother's pregnancy and confinement.
10	SECTION 34. AMENDMENT. Section 14-17-17 of the 1999 Supplement to the North
11	Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
12	14-17-17. Modification of judgment or order. The court has continuing jurisdiction to
13	modify a judgment or order for future support and, subject to section 14-09-06.6, custody
14	parental responsibility and rights of visitation parenting time for the child.
15	SECTION 35. AMENDMENT. Subsection 1 of section 14-17-24 of the North Dakota
16	Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
17	1. If a mother relinquishes or proposes to relinquish for adoption a child who does not
18	have (a) a presumed father under subsection 1 of section 14-17-04, (b) a father
19	whose relationship to the child has been determined by the court, or (c) a father as
20	to whom the child is a legitimate child under prior law of this state or under the law
21	of another jurisdiction, or if a child otherwise becomes the subject of an adoption
22	proceeding, the agency or person to whom the child has been or is to be
23	relinquished, or the mother or the person having <del>custody of</del> parental responsibility
24	for the child, shall file a petition in the district court to terminate the parental rights
25	of the father, unless the father's relationship to the child has been previously
26	terminated or determined by a court not to exist.
27	SECTION 36. AMENDMENT. Subdivision a of subsection 2 of section 15-10-19.1 of
28	the 1999 Supplement to the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
29	a. A person less than eighteen years of age whose guardian, <del>custodial</del> parent <u>of</u>
30	primary residence, or parents are legal residents of this state and have
31	resided in this state for twelve months, or a dependent child whose custodial

1	parent of primary residence moved into the state with the intent to establish
2	legal residency for a period of years within the last twelve months immediately
3	prior to the beginning of the academic term;

SECTION 37. AMENDMENT. Section 27-05-29 of the North Dakota Century Code is
 amended and reenacted as follows:

6 27-05-29. District judges may assign additional duties to juvenile supervisors -7 Authority of supreme court. A district judge may authorize any juvenile supervisor, appointed 8 by the judge in his the judge's capacity as judge of the juvenile court, to assume, and direct the 9 supervisor to carry out, additional duties as provided in this section. The supreme court may promulgate rules concerning additional powers, duties, and responsibilities for iuvenile 10 11 supervisors. Subject to such rules, a district judge may authorize and direct his the judge's 12 supervisor to conduct hearings on such domestic relations matters as child custody parental 13 responsibility changes, support allowances, and other similar matters, provided that no 14 authorization or direction may be given to a juvenile supervisor to preside over a proceeding for 15 divorce, separation, or annulment of a marriage.

SECTION 38. AMENDMENT. Subdivision f of subsection 1 of section 27-05.2-03 of
 the 1999 Supplement to the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

18f.For filing a motion or an answer to a motion to modify an order for alimony,19property division, child support, or child custody parental responsibility, thirty20dollars. The clerk shall deposit this fee with the state treasurer for deposit in21the general fund of the state treasury.

SECTION 39. AMENDMENT. Subsection 3 of section 32-28-02 of the 1999
 Supplement to the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

24 3. If the person whose name is to be changed is a minor, the court shall consider the 25 appointment of a guardian ad litem, and notice of the intended application must be 26 published in the official newspaper of the county in which the minor resides and, if 27 different, the official newspaper of the county in which each of the minor's parents 28 reside. If the minor has a noncustodial parent of alternate residence, a copy of the 29 notice must be deposited in a post office in this state, postage prepaid, not later 30 than ten days after the publication of the notice, and directed to the noncustodial 31 parent's last reasonably ascertained post-office address of the parent of alternate

1	residence. An affidavit of mailing of the notice prepared in accordance with the
2	North Dakota Rules of Civil Procedure must be filed with the court.
3	SECTION 40. AMENDMENT. Subdivision h of subsection 1 of section 50-09-08.2 of
4	the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
5	h. Enter into agreements with financial institutions doing business in the state,
6	and with the assistance, or through the agency, of the secretary, with financial
7	institutions doing business in two or more states:
8	(1) To develop and operate, in coordination with those financial institutions,
9	a data match system, using automated data exchanges to the
10	maximum extent feasible, in which each such financial institution is
11	required to provide in each calendar quarter the name, record address,
12	social security number or other taxpayer identification number, and
13	other identifying information for each noncustodial parent of alternate
14	residence who maintains an account at such financial institution and
15	who owes past-due support, as identified by the state agency by name
16	and social security number or other taxpayer number; and
17	(2) Under which such financial institution, in response to a notice of lien or
18	an execution, will encumber or surrender, as the case may be, assets
19	held by such institution on behalf of any noncustodial parent of
20	alternate residence who is subject to a lien for unpaid child support;