Fifty-seventh Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

## HOUSE BILL NO. 1297

Introduced by

Representatives Porter, R. Kelsch

Senator Cook

1 A BILL for an Act to create and enact a new section to chapter 23-20.3 of the North Dakota

2 Century Code, relating to liability of property owners for hazardous waste on their property; and

3 to amend and reenact section 23-31-01 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to the

4 recovery of costs of environmental emergencies.

## 5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

6 **SECTION 1.** A new section to chapter 23-20.3 of the North Dakota Century Code is 7 created and enacted as follows:

## 8 Limited liability for subsequent owners of property.

9 Notwithstanding any other provision of law and except as expressly provided by 1. 10 federal law, a person who acquires property is not liable for any existing hazardous 11 waste or substance on the property if (a) the person acquired the property after the 12 disposal or placement of the hazardous waste or substance on, in, or at the 13 property, and at the time the person acquired the property that person did not know 14 and had no reason to know that any hazardous waste or substance was disposed 15 of on, in, or at the property, (b) the person is a governmental entity that acquired 16 the property by escheat, by tax sale, or through any other involuntary transfer or 17 acquisition, or through the exercise of eminent domain authority by purchase or 18 condemnation, or (c) the person acquired the property by inheritance or bequest 19 and that person did not know and had no reason to know that any hazardous 20 waste or substance was disposed of on, in, or at the property. 21 To establish that the person had no reason to know, the person must have 2. 22 undertaken, at the time of acquisition, all appropriate inquiry into the previous 23 ownership and uses of the property consistent with good commercial or customary 24 practice in an effort to minimize liability. For purposes of this requirement, a court

Fifty-seventh Legislative Assembly

1		<u>sha</u>	all take into account any specialized knowledge or experience on the part of the
2		per	son, the relationship of the purchase price to the value of the property as
3		unc	contaminated, commonly known or reasonably ascertainable information about
4		<u>the</u>	property, the obviousness of the presence or likely presence of contamination
5		<u>at t</u>	he property, and the ability to detect the contamination by appropriate
6		ins	pection.
7	<u>3.</u>	<u>A p</u>	erson who has acquired real property may establish a rebuttable presumption
8		<u>tha</u>	t that person has made all appropriate inquiry if that person establishes that,
9		imr	nediately before or at the time of acquisition, that person performed an
10		inve	estigation of the property, conducted by an environmental professional, to
11		<u>det</u>	ermine or discover the obviousness of the presence or likely presence of a
12		rele	ease or threatened release of hazardous waste or substances on the property
13		anc	which consists of a review of each of the following sources of information
14		<u>cor</u>	cerning the previous ownership and uses of the property:
15		<u>a.</u>	Recorded chain of title documents regarding the property, including all deeds,
16			easements, leases, restrictions, and covenants for a period of fifty years.
17		<u>b.</u>	Aerial photographs that may reflect prior uses of the property and which are
18			reasonably obtainable through state or local governmental agencies.
19		<u>C.</u>	Determination of the existence of recorded environmental cleanup liens
20			against the property that have arisen pursuant to federal, state, or local
21			statutes.
22		<u>d.</u>	Reasonably obtainable federal, state, and local governmental records of sites
23			or facilities where there has been a release of hazardous waste or substances
24			and which are likely to cause or contribute to a release or threatened release
25			of hazardous waste or substances on the property, including investigation
26			reports for the sites or facilities; reasonably obtainable federal, state, and local
27			governmental environmental records of activities likely to cause or contribute
28			to a release or a threatened release of hazardous waste or substances on the
29			property, including landfill and other disposal location records, underground
30			storage tank records, hazardous waste handler and generator records, and
31			spill recording records; and such other reasonably obtainable federal, state,

Fifty-seventh Legislative Assembly

1		and local governmental environmental records that report incidents or			
2		activities that are likely to cause or contribute to a release or threatened			
3		release of hazardous wastes or substances on the property.			
4		e. A visual site inspection of the property and all facilities and improvements on			
5		the property, and a visual inspection of immediately adjacent properties from			
6		the property, including investigation of any chemical use, storage, treatment,			
7		and disposal practices on the property.			
8	<u>4.</u>	The presumption does not arise unless the person has maintained a compilation of			
9		the information reviewed in the course of the investigation. However, if the			
10		investigation discloses the presence or likely presence of a release or threatened			
11		release of hazardous waste or substances on the property to be acquired, the			
12		presumption does not arise with respect to the release or threatened release			
13		unless the person has taken reasonable steps, in accordance with current			
14		technology available, existing regulations, and generally acceptable engineering			
15		practices, as may be necessary to confirm the absence of the release or			
16		threatened release. This section does not diminish the liability of any previous			
17		owner or operator of the property who would otherwise be liable under this chapter			
18		and nothing in this section affects the liability under this chapter of a person who,			
19		by any act or omission, caused or contributed to the release or threatened release			
20		of a hazardous waste or substance that is the subject of the action relating to the			
21		property.			
22	<u>5.</u>	As used in this section, environmental professional means an individual, or entity			
23		managed or controlled by an individual, who, through academic training,			
24		occupational experience, and reputation, such as engineers, environmental			
25		consultants, and attorneys, can objectively conduct one or more aspects of an			
26		environmental investigation.			
27	27 SECTION 2. AMENDMENT. Section 23-31-01 of the 1999 Supplement to the North				
28	28 Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:				
29	29 <b>23-31-01. Environmental emergency cost recovery.</b> The Except as provided in				
30	section 1 of this Act, the state department of health may recover from the parties responsible for				
31	an environmental emergency the reasonable and necessary state costs incurred in				

Fifty-seventh Legislative Assembly

- 1 assessment, removal, corrective action, or monitoring as a result of an environmental
- 2 emergency in violation of chapters 23-20.1, 23-20.3, 23-25, 23-29, 61-28, or 61-28.1. As used
- 3 in this chapter, "environmental emergency" means a release into the environment of a
- 4 substance requiring an immediate response to protect public health or welfare or the
- 5 environment from an imminent and substantial endangerment and which is in violation of
- 6 chapters 23-20.1, 23-20.3, 23-25, 23-29, 61-28, or 61-28.1, and "reasonable and necessary
- 7 costs" means those costs incurred by the department as a result of the failure of the parties
- 8 responsible for the environmental emergency to implement appropriate assessment and
- 9 corrective action after receipt of written notice from the department. If assessment, removal,
- 10 monitoring, or corrective action must be initiated prior to identification of the responsible parties,
- 11 the department may assess those prior costs to the responsible parties at the time they are
- 12 identified.