Fifty-seventh Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

SECOND ENGROSSMENT with House Amendments

REENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 2299

Introduced by

Senators G. Nelson, Krauter

Representatives Belter, Boucher

1 A BILL for an Act to create and enact a new subdivision to subsection 7 of section 57-60-01 of 2 the North Dakota Century Code, relating to coal conversion facility gross receipts; to amend 3 and reenact sections 49-06-02 and 57-39.2-02.1, subsection 44 of section 57-39.2-04, section 4 57-39.2-26.1, subsection 9 of section 57-40.2-01, section 57-40.2-02.1, subdivision b of 5 subsection 3 of section 57-60-01, and sections 57-60-02, 57-60-14, 57-61-01, 57-61-01.7, and 6 57-62-02 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to sales and use taxes on coal, the coal 7 severance tax, allocation of coal development funds, the privilege tax on coal conversion 8 facilities, allocation of the privilege tax on coal conversion facilities, and the expiration date for 9 certain severance tax reductions; to repeal section 57-61-01.8 of the North Dakota Century 10 Code, relating to a coal severance tax reduction for coal burned in small boilers; to provide a 11 continuing appropriation; and to provide an effective date.

12 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

SECTION 1. AMENDMENT. Section 49-06-02 of the North Dakota Century Code is
amended and reenacted as follows:

49-06-02. Value of property for ratemaking purposes - Determination. The value of the property of a public utility, as determined by the commission for ratemaking purposes, is the money honestly and prudently invested therein by the utility including construction work in progress for new facilities that use lignite mined in this state to generate electricity, as well as additions or modifications to existing lignite facilities, less accrued depreciation. The commission shall allow a public utility for those new or existing facilities utilizing lignite mined in this state as its primary fuel:

To recover its research and development costs incurred to develop lignite more
 cleanly, efficiently, or economically, including a reasonable rate of return on capital
 expenditures; and

1	2.	To recover its incremental costs of complying with federal environmental laws,						
2		including a reasonable rate of return on capital expenditures. The commission						
3		may allow these costs to be recovered by an environmental surcharge that may be						
4		added to existing rates-; and						
5	<u>3.</u>	To recover all costs resulting from a coal severance tax pursuant to chapter 57-61						
6		and all costs resulting from a coal conversion tax pursuant to chapter 57-60. The						
7		commission shall allow the inclusion of these costs in the base rates and the						
8		inclusion in the automatic adjustment clause of any of these costs not in base						
9		rates.						
10	SEC	TION 2. AMENDMENT. Section 57-39.2-02.1 of the North Dakota Century Code						
11	is amended	and reenacted as follows:						
12	57-3	9.2-02.1. (Effective through June 30, 2001) Sales tax imposed.						
13	1.	Except as otherwise expressly provided in subsections 2 and 3 for sales of mobile						
14		homes used for residential or business purposes; for sales of farm machinery, farm						
15		machinery repair parts, and irrigation equipment used exclusively for agricultural						
16		purposes; and for sales of coal, and except as otherwise expressly provided in this						
17		chapter, there is imposed a tax of five percent upon the gross receipts of retailers						
18		from all sales at retail including the leasing or renting of tangible personal property						
19		as provided in this section, within this state of the following to consumers or users:						
20		a. Tangible personal property, consisting of goods, wares, or merchandise,						
21		except mobile homes used for residential or business purposes and farm						
22		machinery, farm machinery repair parts, and irrigation equipment used						
23		exclusively for agricultural purposes.						
24		b. The furnishing or service of communication services or steam other than						
25		steam used for processing agricultural products.						
26		c. Tickets or admissions to places of amusement or entertainment or athletic						
27		events, including amounts charged for participation in an amusement,						
28		entertainment, or athletic activity, and including the furnishing of bingo cards						
29		and the playing of any machine for amusement or entertainment in response						
30		to the use of a coin. The tax imposed by this section applies only to eighty						

1			percent of the gross receipts collected from coin-operated amusement				
2			devices.				
3		d.	Magazines and other periodicals.				
4		e.	e. The leasing or renting of a hotel or motel room or tourist court				
5			accommodations.				
6		f.	The leasing or renting of tangible personal property the transfer of title to				
7			which has not been subjected to a retail sales tax under this chapter or a use				
8			tax under chapter 57-40.2.				
9		g.	Coal used for heating buildings in this state and coal used in agricultural				
10			processing or sugar beet refining plants located within this state or adjacent				
11			states.				
12	2.	The	re is imposed a tax of three percent upon the gross receipts of retailers from all				
13		sale	s at retail of mobile homes used for residential or business purposes, except				
14		as p	rovided in subsection 35 of section 57-39.2-04, and of new farm machinery				
15		and	new irrigation equipment used exclusively for agricultural purposes, including				
16		the I	the leasing or renting of new farm machinery and new irrigation equipment used				
17		excl	exclusively for agricultural purposes within this state to consumers or users. There				
18		is im	is imposed a tax of one and one-half percent upon the gross receipts of retailers				
19		from all sales at retail of used farm machinery, farm machinery repair parts, and					
20		used irrigation equipment used exclusively for agricultural purposes, including the					
21		leasing or renting of used farm machinery and used irrigation equipment used					
22		exclusively for agricultural purposes within this state to consumers or users. For					
23		purp	ooses of this subsection, "used" means:				
24		a.	Tax under this chapter has been paid on a previous sale;				
25		b.	Originally purchased outside this state and previously owned by a farmer; or				
26		C.	Has been under lease or rental for three years or more.				
27	3.	The	re is imposed a tax of seventy-five cents per ton of two thousand pounds				
28		[907.18 kilograms] on all sales at retail of coal, except for coal used for heating					
29		buildings in this state and coal used in agricultural processing or sugar beet					
30		refin	ing plants located within this state or adjacent states.				

- In the case of a contract for the construction of highways, roads, streets, bridges,
 and buildings for which the bid was submitted prior to December 9, 1986, the
 contractor receiving the award is liable only for the sales or use tax at the rate of
 tax in effect on the date the bid was submitted.
- 5 (Effective after June 30, 2001) Sales tax imposed.
- 6 Except as otherwise expressly provided in subsections subsection 2 and 3 for 1. 7 sales of mobile homes used for residential or business purposes; for sales of farm 8 machinery, farm machinery repair parts, and irrigation equipment used exclusively 9 for agricultural purposes; and for sales of coal, and except as otherwise expressly 10 provided in this chapter, there is imposed a tax of five percent upon the gross 11 receipts of retailers from all sales at retail including the leasing or renting of 12 tangible personal property as provided in this section, within this state of the 13 following to consumers or users:
- 14 a. Tangible personal property, consisting of goods, wares, or merchandise,
 15 except mobile homes used for residential or business purposes and farm
 16 machinery, farm machinery repair parts, and irrigation equipment used
 17 exclusively for agricultural purposes.
- b. The furnishing or service of communication services or steam other than
 steam used for processing agricultural products.
- 20c.Tickets or admissions to places of amusement or entertainment or athletic21events, including amounts charged for participation in an amusement,22entertainment, or athletic activity, and including the furnishing of bingo cards23and the playing of any machine for amusement or entertainment in response24to the use of a coin. The tax imposed by this section applies only to eighty25percent of the gross receipts collected from coin-operated amusement26devices.
- 27 d. Magazines and other periodicals.
- 28 e. The leasing or renting of a hotel or motel room or tourist court29 accommodations.

1		f. The leasing or renting of tangible personal property the transfer of title to		
2		which has not been subjected to a retail sales tax under this chapter or a use		
3		tax under chapter 57-40.2.		
4		g. Coal mined in this state and used for heating buildings in this state and,		
5		except for coal used in agricultural processing or sugar beet refining plants		
6		located within this state or adjacent states.		
7	2.	There is imposed a tax of three percent upon the gross receipts of retailers from all		
8		sales at retail of mobile homes used for residential or business purposes, except		
9		as provided in subsection 35 of section 57-39.2-04, and of farm machinery, farm		
10		machinery repair parts, and irrigation equipment used exclusively for agricultural		
11		purposes, including the leasing or renting of farm machinery and irrigation		
12		equipment used exclusively for agricultural purposes within this state to consumers		
13		or users.		
14	3.	There is imposed a tax of seventy five cents per ton of two thousand pounds		
15		[907.18 kilograms] on all sales at retail of coal, except for coal used for heating		
16		buildings in this state and coal used in agricultural processing or sugar beet		
17		refining plants located within this state or adjacent states.		
18	4.	In the case of a contract for the construction of highways, roads, streets, bridges,		
19		and buildings for which the bid was submitted prior to December 9, 1986, the		
20		contractor receiving the award is liable only for the sales or use tax at the rate of		
21		tax in effect on the date the bid was submitted.		
22	SEC	TION 3. AMENDMENT. Subsection 44 of section 57-39.2-04 of the North Dakota		
23	Century Co	de is amended and reenacted as follows:		
24	44.	Gross receipts from all sales of coal used in agricultural processing or sugar beet		
25		refining plants located within this state or adjacent states which are exempted from		
26		the tax imposed by chapter 57-61.		
27	SEC	TION 4. AMENDMENT. Section 57-39.2-26.1 of the North Dakota Century Code		
28	is amended	and reenacted as follows:		
29	57-3	9.2-26.1. Allocation of revenues among political subdivisions and coal		
30	developme	nt fund. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a portion of sales, use, and		
31	1 motor vehicle excise tax collections, excluding collections allocated under subsection 3, equal			

1 to forty percent of an amount determined by multiplying the quotient of one percent divided by 2 the general sales tax rate, that was in effect when the taxes were collected, times the net sales, 3 use, and motor vehicle excise tax collections under chapters 57-39.2, 57-40.2, and 57-40.3 4 must be deposited by the state treasurer in the state aid distribution fund. The state tax 5 commissioner shall certify to the state treasurer the portion of sales, use, and motor vehicle 6 excise tax net revenues that must be deposited in the state aid distribution fund as determined 7 under this section. Revenues deposited in the state aid distribution fund are provided as a 8 standing and continuing appropriation and must be allocated as follows: 9 Fifty-three and seven-tenths percent of the revenues must be allocated to counties 1. 10 in the first month after each quarterly period as provided in this subsection. 11 Ten and four-tenths percent of the amount must be allocated among counties a. 12 with a population of one hundred thousand or more, based upon the 13 proportion each such county's population bears to the total population of all 14 such counties. 15 b. Eighteen percent of the amount must be allocated among counties with a 16 population of forty thousand or more but fewer than one hundred thousand. 17 based upon the proportion each such county's population bears to the total 18 population of all such counties. 19 Twelve percent of the amount must be allocated among counties with a C. 20 population of twenty thousand or more but fewer than forty thousand, based 21 upon the proportion each such county's population bears to the total 22 population of all such counties. 23 d. Fourteen percent of the amount must be allocated among counties with a 24 population of ten thousand or more but fewer than twenty thousand, based 25 upon the proportion each such county's population bears to the total 26 population of all such counties. 27 e. Twenty-three and two-tenths percent of the amount must be allocated among 28 counties with a population of five thousand or more but fewer than ten 29 thousand, based upon the proportion each such county's population bears to 30 the total population of all such counties.

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- 1f.Eighteen and three-tenths percent of the amount must be allocated among2counties with a population of two thousand five hundred or more but fewer3than five thousand, based upon the proportion each such county's population4bears to the total population of all such counties.
- 5 g. Four and one-tenth percent of the amount must be allocated among counties 6 with a population of fewer than two thousand five hundred, based upon the 7 proportion each such county's population bears to the total population of all 8 such counties.
- 9 A county shall deposit all revenues received under this subsection in the county 10 general fund. Each county shall reserve a portion of its allocation under this 11 subsection for further distribution to, or expenditure on behalf of, townships, rural 12 fire protection districts, rural ambulance districts, soil conservation districts, county 13 recreation service districts, county hospital districts, the Garrison diversion 14 conservancy district, the southwest water authority, and other taxing districts within 15 the county, excluding school districts, cities, and taxing districts within cities. The 16 share of the county allocation under this subsection to be distributed to a township 17 must be equal to the percentage of the county share of state aid distribution fund 18 allocations that township received during calendar year 1996. The governing 19 boards of the county and township may agree to a different distribution.
- Forty-six and three-tenths percent of the revenues must be allocated to cities in the
 first month after each quarterly period as provided in this subsection.
- a. Fifty-three and nine-tenths percent of the amount must be allocated among
 cities with a population of twenty thousand or more, based upon the
 proportion each such city's population bears to the total population of all such
 cities.
- b. Sixteen percent of the amount must be allocated among cities with a
 population of ten thousand or more but fewer than twenty thousand, based
 upon the proportion each such city's population bears to the total population
 of all such cities.
- 30 c. Four and nine-tenths percent of the amount must be allocated among cities
 31 with a population of five thousand or more but fewer than ten thousand,

1			based upon the proportion each such city's population bears to the total			
2			population of all such cities.			
3		d.	Thirteen and one-tenth percent of the amount must be allocated among cities			
4			with a population of one thousand or more but fewer than five thousand,			
5			based upon the proportion each such city's population bears to the total			
6			population of all such cities.			
7		e.	Six and four-tenths percent of the amount must be allocated among cities with			
8			a population of five hundred or more but fewer than one thousand, based			
9			upon the proportion each such city's population bears to the total population			
10			of all such cities.			
11		f.	Three and five-tenths percent of the amount must be allocated among cities			
12			with a population of two hundred or more but fewer than five hundred, based			
13			upon the proportion each such city's population bears to the total population			
14			of all such cities.			
15		g.	Two and two-tenths percent of the amount must be allocated among cities			
16			with a population of fewer than two hundred, based upon the proportion each			
17			such city's population bears to the total population of all such cities.			
18		A cit	A city shall deposit all revenues received under this subsection in the city general			
19		fund	fund. Each city shall reserve a portion of its allocation under this subsection for			
20		furth	further distribution to, or expenditure on behalf of, park districts and other taxing			
21		distr	icts within the city, excluding school districts. The share of the city allocation			
22		unde	er this subsection to be distributed to a park district must be equal to the			
23		perc	centage of the city share of state aid distribution fund allocations that park			
24		distr	ict received during calendar year 1996, up to a maximum of thirty percent.			
25		The	governing boards of the city and park district may agree to a different			
26		distr	ibution.			
27	3.	Not:	withstanding any other provision of law, the sales and use tax collections on			
28		coal imposed by subsection 3 of section 57 39.2 02.1 and subsection 3 of section				
29		57-40.2-02.1 must be deposited in the coal development fund established under				
30		sect	ion 57-61-10 and distributed under section 57-62-02.			

1	SECTION 5. AMENDMENT. Subsection 9 of section 57-40.2-01 of the North Dakota
2	Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

- 9. "Use" means the exercise by any person of any right or power over tangible
 personal property incident to the ownership or possession of that property,
 including the storage, use, or consumption of that property in this state, except that
 it does not include processing, or the sale of that property in the regular course of
 business. "Use" also means the severing of sand, or gravel, or coal from the soil
 of this state for use within or outside this state.
- 9 SECTION 6. AMENDMENT. Section 57-40.2-02.1 of the North Dakota Century Code
 10 is amended and reenacted as follows:

11 57-40.2-02.1. (Effective through June 30, 2001) Use tax imposed.

- 12 1. Except as otherwise expressly provided in subsections 2 and 3 for purchases of 13 mobile homes used for residential or business purposes, for purchases of farm 14 machinery, farm machinery repair parts, and irrigation equipment used exclusively 15 for agricultural purposes, and for purchases of coal used for heating buildings in 16 this state and used in agricultural processing or sugar beet refining plants located 17 within this state or adjacent states, an excise tax is imposed on the storage, use, 18 or consumption in this state of tangible personal property purchased at retail for 19 storage, use, or consumption in this state, at the rate of five percent of the 20 purchase price of the property. Except as limited by section 57-40.2-11, an excise 21 tax is imposed on the storage, use, or consumption in this state of tangible 22 personal property not originally purchased for storage, use, or consumption in this 23 state at the rate of five percent of the fair market value of the property at the time it 24 was brought into this state.
- An excise tax is imposed on the storage, use, or consumption in this state of
 mobile homes used for residential or business purposes, except as provided in
 subsection 19 of section 57-40.2-04, and of new farm machinery and new irrigation
 equipment used exclusively for agricultural purposes purchased at retail for
 storage, use, or consumption in this state at the rate of three percent of the
 purchase price thereof. Except as limited by section 57-40.2-11, and except as
 provided in subsection 35 of section 57-39.2-04, an excise tax is imposed on the

1 storage, use, or consumption in this state of mobile homes used for residential or 2 business purposes and of new farm machinery and new irrigation equipment used 3 exclusively for agricultural purposes not originally purchased for storage, use, or 4 consumption in this state at the rate of three percent of the fair market value of 5 mobile homes used for residential or business purposes and of new farm 6 machinery and new irrigation equipment used exclusively for agricultural purposes 7 at the time it was brought into this state. An excise tax is imposed on the storage, 8 use, or consumption in this state of used farm machinery, farm machinery repair 9 parts, and used irrigation equipment used exclusively for agricultural purposes 10 purchased at retail for storage, use, or consumption in this state at the rate of one 11 and one-half percent of the purchase price thereof. Except as limited by section 12 57-40.2-11, an excise tax is imposed on the storage, use, or consumption in this 13 state of used farm machinery, farm machinery repair parts, and used irrigation 14 equipment used exclusively for agricultural purposes not originally purchased for 15 storage, use, or consumption in this state at the rate of one and one-half percent of 16 the fair market value of the used farm machinery, farm machinery repair parts, and 17 used irrigation equipment used exclusively for agricultural purposes at the time it 18 was brought into this state. For purposes of this subsection, "used" means: 19

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Tax under this chapter has been paid on a previous sale; a.

- b. Originally purchased outside this state and previously owned by a farmer; or
 - Has been under lease or rental for three years or more. c.
- 22 3. An excise tax is imposed on the storage, use, or consumption in this state of coal 23 at the rate of seventy-five cents per ton of two thousand pounds [907.18] 24 kilograms], except for coal used for heating buildings in this state and coal used in 25 agricultural processing or sugar beet refining plants located within this state or 26 adjacent states.
- 27 4. An excise tax is imposed on the storage, use, or consumption in this state of 28 natural gas consumed by a final user at the rate of four percent from January 1, 29 1993, through December 31, 1993; three percent from January 1, 1994, through 30 December 31, 1994; and two percent after December 31, 1994, if sales tax has not 31 been applied as provided by section 57-39.2-03.6.

In the case of a contract awarded for the construction of highways, roads, streets,
 bridges, and buildings prior to December 1, 1986, the contractor receiving the
 award shall be liable only for the sales or use tax at the rate of tax in effect on the
 date of contract.

5 (Effective after June 30, 2001) Use tax imposed.

- 6 1. Except as otherwise expressly provided in subsections subsection 2 and 3 for 7 purchases of mobile homes used for residential or business purposes, for 8 purchases of farm machinery, farm machinery repair parts, and irrigation 9 equipment used exclusively for agricultural purposes, and for purchases of coal 10 used for heating buildings in this state and used in agricultural processing or sugar 11 beet refining plants located within this state or adjacent states, an excise tax is 12 imposed on the storage, use, or consumption in this state of tangible personal 13 property purchased at retail for storage, use, or consumption in this state, at the 14 rate of five percent of the purchase price of the property. Except as limited by 15 section 57-40.2-11, an excise tax is imposed on the storage, use, or consumption 16 in this state of tangible personal property not originally purchased for storage, use, 17 or consumption in this state at the rate of five percent of the fair market value of 18 the property at the time it was brought into this state.
- 19 An excise tax is imposed on the storage, use, or consumption in this state of 2. 20 mobile homes used for residential or business purposes, except as provided in 21 subsection 19 of section 57-40.2-04, and of farm machinery, farm machinery repair 22 parts, and irrigation equipment used exclusively for agricultural purposes 23 purchased at retail for storage, use, or consumption in this state at the rate of three 24 percent of the purchase price thereof. Except as limited by section 57-40.2-11, 25 and except as provided in subsection 35 of section 57-39.2-04, an excise tax is 26 imposed on the storage, use, or consumption in this state of mobile homes used 27 for residential or business purposes and of farm machinery, farm machinery repair 28 parts, and irrigation equipment used exclusively for agricultural purposes not 29 originally purchased for storage, use, or consumption in this state at the rate of 30 three percent of the fair market value of mobile homes used for residential or 31 business purposes and of farm machinery, farm machinery repair parts, and

1		irrigation equipment used exclusively for agricultural purposes at the time it was				
2		brought into this state.				
3	3.	An excise tax is imposed on the storage, use, or consumption in this state of coal				
4		at the rate of seventy-five cents per ton of two thousand pounds [907.18				
5		kilograms], except for coal used for heating buildings in this state and coal used in				
6		agricultural processing or sugar beet refining plants located within this state or				
7		adjacent states.				
8	4.	An excise tax is imposed on the storage, use, or consumption in this state of				
9		natural gas consumed by a final user at the rate of four percent from January 1,				
10		1993, through December 31, 1993; three percent from January 1, 1994, through				
11		December 31, 1994; and two percent after December 31, 1994, if sales tax has no				
12		been applied as provided by section 57-39.2-03.6.				
13	5. <u>4.</u>	In the case of a contract awarded for the construction of highways, roads, streets,				
14		bridges, and buildings prior to December 1, 1986, the contractor receiving the				
15		award shall be liable only for the sales or use tax at the rate of tax in effect on the				
16		date of contract.				
17	SEC	SECTION 7. AMENDMENT. Subdivision b of subsection 3 of section 57-60-01 of the				
18	North Dako	a Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:				
19		b. An electrical generating plant, with all additions thereto, which processes or				
20		converts coal from its natural form into electrical power and which has at leas				
21		one single electrical energy generation unit with a capacity of one hundred				
22		twenty thousand ten thousand kilowatts or more; or				
23	SEC	TION 8. A new subdivision to subsection 7 of section 57-60-01 of the North Dakota				
24	Century Co	de is created and enacted as follows:				
25		Prior to January 1, 2010, any revenue received by the operator of a coal				
26		gasification plant to the extent the quotient of the gross receipts realized by				
27		the operator divided by the synthetic natural gas produced and sold during a				
28		month, in units of one thousand cubic feet [28316.85 units] of synthetic gas,				
29		exceeds the ceiling price. For calendar years 2001 and 2002, ceiling price				
30		means \$4.25 for each thousand cubic feet [28316.85 liters] of synthetic				
31		natural gas produced and sold; and the ceiling price for 2003 is \$4.35; for				

1 2 2004, \$4.45; for 2005, \$4.55; for 2006, \$4.65; for 2007, \$4.75; for 2008, \$4.86; and for 2009, \$4.97;

3 SECTION 9. AMENDMENT. Section 57-60-02 of the North Dakota Century Code is
4 amended and reenacted as follows:

5 **57-60-02.** Imposition of taxes. There is hereby imposed upon the operator of each 6 coal conversion facility a tax paid monthly for the privilege of producing products of such coal 7 conversion facility. The rate of the tax must be computed as follows:

8 1. For all coal conversion facilities, except as otherwise provided in this section, the 9 tax is measured by the gross receipts derived from such facility for the preceding 10 month and is in the amount of two and one-half four and one-tenth percent of such 11 gross receipts. For purposes of this subsection, "gross receipts" of a coal 12 gasification plant do not include any amount that is received by the operator of the 13 plant for production of synthetic natural gas in excess of one hundred ten million 14 cubic feet per day. Gross receipts derived from the sale of a capital asset are not subject to the tax imposed by this subsection. 15

16 2. For electrical generating plants, the tax is at a rate of twenty five sixty-five 17 one-hundredths of one mill times sixty percent of the installed capacity of each unit 18 times the number of hours in the taxable period. All electrical generating plants 19 that begin construction after June 30, 1991, are exempt from sixty five eighty-five 20 percent of the tax imposed by this subsection for five years from the date of the 21 first taxable production from the plant. The board of county commissioners may, 22 by resolution, grant to the operator of an electrical generating plant located within 23 the county which begins construction after June 30, 1991, partial or complete 24 exemption from the remaining thirty five fifteen percent of the tax imposed by this 25 subsection for a period not exceeding five years from the date of the first taxable 26 production from the plant. Notwithstanding section 57-60-14, any tax collected 27 from a plant subject to the exemption provided by this subsection must be 28 allocated entirely to the county for allocation as provided in section 57-60-15. If a 29 unit is incapable of generating electricity for eighteen consecutive months, the tax 30 on that unit for taxable periods beginning after the eighteenth month must be 31 reduced by the ratio that the cost of repair of the unit bears to the original cost of

- the unit. This reduced rate remains in effect until the unit is capable of generating
 electricity.
- 3. For electrical generating plants, in addition to the tax imposed by subsection 2,
 there is a tax at the rate of twenty-five one-hundredths of one mill on each kilowatt
 hour of electricity produced for the purpose of sale. For all electrical generating
 plants that begin construction after June 30, 1991, the production from the plants is
 exempt from the tax imposed by this subsection for five years from the date of the
 first taxable production from the plant.
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 4. For coal gasification plants, the tax is the greater of either the amount provided in
 10 subsection 1 or seven thirteen and one-half cents on each one thousand cubic feet
 11 [28316.85 liters] of synthetic natural gas produced for the purpose of sale but not
 12 including any amount of synthetic natural gas in excess of one hundred ten million
 13 cubic feet per day.
- 14 5. For all coal conversion facilities, other than electrical generating plants, the a. 15 production from the facilities is exempt from sixty five eighty-five percent of 16 the tax imposed by this section for a period of five years from the date of first 17 taxable production from the facility or for a period of five years from April 20, 18 1987, whichever is later. The operator of each facility applying for exemption 19 under this subsection shall certify to the tax commissioner the date of first 20 taxable production of the facility.
- 21 The board of county commissioners may, by resolution, grant to the operator b. 22 of a coal conversion facility, other than an electrical generating plant, located 23 within the county a partial or complete exemption from the remaining 24 thirty-five fifteen percent of tax imposed by this section for a period not 25 exceeding five years from the date of the first taxable production from the 26 facility. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 57-60-14, any tax collected 27 which is based upon the production of a facility subject to the exemption 28 provided by this subsection must be allocated entirely to the county for 29 allocation as provided in section 57-60-15.
- 30 6. For coal beneficiation plants, the tax is twenty cents on each ton of two thousand
 31 pounds [907.18 kilograms] of beneficiated coal produced for the purpose of sale,

1		or one and one-quarter percent of the gross receipts derived from such facility for
2		the preceding month, whichever amount is greater. Any amount of beneficiated
3		coal produced in excess of eighty percent of the design capacity of the coal
4		beneficiation plant is exempt from such tax.
5	SEC	CTION 10. AMENDMENT. Section 57-60-14 of the North Dakota Century Code is
6	amended a	nd reenacted as follows:
7	57-6	60-14. Allocation of revenue - Continuing appropriation.
8	<u>1.</u>	The state treasurer shall no less than quarterly allocate all moneys received from
9		all coal conversion facilities in each county pursuant to the provisions of this
10		chapter and moneys received for those taxes for which a credit is allowed pursuant
11		to section 57-60-06, notwithstanding the provisions of section 57-33.1-08,
12		thirty five fifteen percent to the county and sixty-five eighty-five percent to the state
13		general fund, except moneys received from the tax imposed by subsection 3 of
14		section 57-60-02 and through December 31, 2009, the first \$41,666.67 each
15		month from the tax imposed by subsections 1 and 4 of section 57-60-02, which
16		must be deposited in the state general fund.
17	<u>2.</u>	Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the allocation under this section to
18		each county may not be less in each calendar year than the amount certified to the
19		state treasurer for each county under this section in the immediately preceding
20		calendar year, except that through December 31, 2009, the portion of the revenue
21		allocation to each county which is attributable to a coal gasification coal conversion
22		facility must exclude consideration of calendar year 2001, and be based on
23		calendar year 2000 or the appropriate year after 2001, whichever is greater. For a
24		county that has received less in a calendar year than the amount certified to the
25		state treasurer for that county in the immediately preceding calendar year, not later
26		than January tenth of the following year, the county auditor shall calculate the
27		amount that is due under this subsection and submit a statement of the amount to
28		the state treasurer. The state treasurer shall verify the stated amount and make
29		the required payment under this subsection to the county, from collections
30		received under section 57-60-02, not later than March first of the following year.
31		The funds needed to make the distribution to counties under this subsection are

1		appropriated on a continuing basis for making these payments. Money received				
2	by a county under this subsection must be distributed pursuant to section					
3		<u>57-60-15.</u>				
4	<u>3.</u>	3. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, for a county in which is located a coal				
5		conversion facility that was not a coal conversion facility under this chapter before				
6		the effective date of section 7 of this Act, that county must receive for calendar				
7		year 2002 at least as much under this section as was received by that county and				
8		taxing districts in that county in property taxes for that facility for taxable year 2001.				
9		For years after 2002, subsection 2 applies to allocations to that county under this				
10		section, except that for a county described in this subsection, amounts received for				
11		any calendar year must be allocated by the county in the same manner property				
12		taxes for the facility were allocated for taxable year 2001.				
13	SEC	CTION 11. AMENDMENT. Section 57-61-01 of the North Dakota Century Code is				
14	amended a	nd reenacted as follows:				
15	57-0	61-01. Severance tax upon coal - Imposition - In lieu of sales and use taxes -				
16	Payment to	o the tax commissioner. There is hereby imposed upon all coal severed for sale or				
17	for industrial purposes by coal mines within the state a tax of seventy-five thirty-seven and					
18	one-half cents per ton of two thousand pounds [907.18 kilograms]. Such severance tax is in					
19	lieu of any sales or use taxes imposed by law. Each coal mine owner or operator shall remit					
20	such tax for each month, within twenty-five days after the end of each month, to the state tax					
21	commissioner upon such reports and forms as the tax commissioner deems necessary.					
22	SEC	CTION 12. AMENDMENT. Section 57-61-01.7 of the North Dakota Century Code is				
23	amended and reenacted as follows:					
24	57-61-01.7. Severance tax reduction for coal mined for out-of-state shipment. For					
25	coal subjec	t to taxes under this chapter which is shipped out of state after June 30, 1995, and				
26	before July	-1, 2000 <u>2001</u> :				
27	1.	The coal is exempt from fifty percent of the taxes imposed under section 57-61-01.				
28	2.	The coal is subject to fifteen thirty percent of the taxes imposed under section				
29		57-61-01 and the entire revenue under this subsection must be deposited in the				
30		coal development trust fund for use as provided in subsection 1 of section				

- 1 57-62-02 and allocation to the lignite research fund as provided in subsection 2 of 2 section 57-61-01.5.
- 3 3. 2. In addition to the taxes under subsection 2 1, the coal may be subject to up to
 thirty-five seventy percent of the severance taxes imposed under section 57-61-01
 at the option of the county in which the coal is mined. The board of county
 commissioners, by resolution, may grant to the operator of a mine from which the
 coal is shipped out of state a partial or complete exemption from this portion of the
 severance tax. Any tax revenue from full or partial taxation under this subsection
 must be allocated to the county under subsection 2 of section 57-62-02.
- 10 4. 11

 4. <u>3.</u> Taxes imposed under section 57-61-01.5 apply to coal subject to this section and must be allocated as provided in section 57-61-01.5.

SECTION 13. AMENDMENT. Section 57-62-02 of the North Dakota Century Code is
 amended and reenacted as follows:

57-62-02. Allocation of moneys in coal development fund. Moneys deposited in
 the coal development fund shall be apportioned monthly by the state treasurer as follows:

16 1. Fifteen Thirty percent must be deposited in a permanent trust fund in the state 17 treasury, to be known as the coal development trust fund, pursuant to section 21 of 18 article X of the Constitution of North Dakota. Those funds held in trust and 19 administered by the board of university and school lands on March 5, 1981, 20 pursuant to section 12, chapter 563, 1975 Session Laws; section 12, chapter 560, 21 1977 Session Laws; or section 13, chapter 626, 1979 Session Laws must also be 22 deposited in the trust fund created pursuant to this subsection. The fund must be 23 held in trust and administered by the board of university and school lands for loans 24 to coal impacted counties, cities, and school districts as provided in section 25 57-62-03 and for loans to school districts pursuant to chapter 15-60. The board of 26 university and school lands may invest such funds as are not loaned out as 27 provided in this chapter and may consult with the state investment board as 28 provided by law. The income, including interest payments on loans, from the trust 29 must be used first to replace uncollectible loans made from the fund and the 30 balance must be deposited in the state's general fund. Loan principal payments 31 must be redeposited in the trust fund. The trust fund must be perpetual and held in

1		trust as a replacement for depleted natural resources subject to the provisions of						
2		this chapter and chapter 15-60.						
3	2.	Thir	Thirty five Seventy percent must be allocated to the coal-producing counties and					
4		mus	t be di	stributed among such counties in such proportion as the number of tons				
5		[met	ric ton	s] of coal severed at each mining operation bears to the total number of				
6		tons	[metri	c tons] of coal severed in the state during such monthly period.				
7		Allo	cations	s under subdivisions a and b must be apportioned by the state treasurer				
8		as fo	ollows:					
9		a.	If the	tipple of the currently active coal mining operation in a county is not				
10			within	fifteen miles [24.14 kilometers] of another county in which no coal is				
11			mined	d, the revenue apportioned according to this subdivision must be				
12			alloca	ated as follows:				
13			(1)	Thirty percent must be paid by the state treasurer to the incorporated				
14				cities of the county based upon the population of each incorporated city				
15				according to the last official regular or special federal census or the				
16				census taken in accordance with the provisions of chapter 40-02 in				
17				case of a city incorporated subsequent to such census.				
18			(2)	Forty percent must be paid to the county treasurer who shall deposit it				
19				in the county general fund to be used for general governmental				
20				purposes.				
21			(3)	Thirty percent must be apportioned by the state treasurer to school				
22				districts within the county on the average daily membership basis, as				
23				certified to the state treasurer by the county superintendent of schools.				
24		b.	If the	tipple of a currently active coal mining operation in a county is within				
25			fifteer	n miles [24.14 kilometers] of another county in which no coal is mined,				
26			the re	evenue from the production not exceeding the production limitation in a				
27			calen	dar year which is apportioned from that coal mining operation according				
28		to this subsection must be allocated, subject to the definitions of terms and						
29			the re	equirements in paragraph 4, as provided in this subdivision. For				
30			purpo	ses of this subdivision, the production limitation is three million eight				
31			hundr	red thousand tons [3447302.02 metric tons] through calendar year 1995,				

1	three million six hundred thousand tons [3265865.07 metric tons] in calendar						
2	years 1996 and 1997, and three million four hundred thousand tons						
3	[3084428.12 metric tons] in calendar years after 1997. Revenue from						
4	production exceeding the production limitation in a calendar year from that						
5	coal mining operation must be allocated only within the coal-producing county						
6	under subdivision a. Allocations under this subdivision must be made as						
7	follows:						
8	(1) Thirty percent must be paid by the state treasurer to the incorporated						
9	cities of the coal-producing county and to any city of a						
10	non-coal-producing county when any portion of the city lies within						
11	fifteen miles [24.14 kilometers] of the tipple of the currently active coal						
12	mining operation in the coal-producing county, based upon the						
13	population of each incorporated city according to the last official regular						
14	or special federal census or the census taken in accordance with the						
15	provisions of chapter 40-02 in case of a city incorporated subsequent to						
16	such census.						
17	(2) Forty percent must be divided by the state treasurer between the						
18	general fund of the coal-producing county and the general fund of any						
19	non-coal-producing county when any portion of the latter county lies						
20	within fifteen miles [24.14 kilometers] of the tipple of the currently active						
21	coal mining operation in the coal-producing county. The						
22	non-coal-producing county portion must be based upon the ratio which						
23	the assessed valuation of all quarter sections of land in that county, any						
24	portion of which lies within fifteen miles [24.14 kilometers] of the tipple						
25	of the currently active coal mining operation, bears to the combined						
26	assessed valuations of all land in the coal-producing county and the						
27	quarter sections of land in the non-coal-producing county within fifteen						
28	miles [24.14 kilometers] of the tipple of the currently active coal mining						
29	operation. The county director of tax equalization of the coal-producing						
30	county shall certify to the state treasurer the number of quarter sections						
31	of land in the non-coal-producing counties which lie at least in part						

1		within	fifteen miles [24.14 kilometers] of the tipple of the currently active
2		coal m	nining operation and their assessed valuations.
3	(3)	Thirty	percent must be apportioned by the state treasurer to school
4		distric	ts within the coal-producing county and to school districts in
5		adjoin	ing non-coal-producing counties when a portion of those school
6		distric	ts' land includes any of the quarter sections of land certified by
7		the dir	rector of tax equalization to the state treasurer to be eligible to
8		share	county funds as provided for in paragraph 2. The county
9		superi	ntendent of the non-coal-producing counties shall certify to the
10		state t	reasurer the number of students actually residing on these
11		quarte	er sections lying outside the coal-producing county and each
12		schoo	I district in non-coal-producing counties shall receive a portion of
13		the mo	oney under this paragraph based upon the ratio of the number of
14		childre	en residing on quarter sections of that school district within the
15		fifteen	-mile [24.14-kilometer] radius of the tipple of a currently active
16		coal m	nining operation to the total number of schoolchildren from the
17		coal-p	roducing county combined with all the schoolchildren certified to
18		be livi	ng on quarter sections within fifteen miles [24.14 kilometers] of
19		the tip	ple of the currently active coal mining operation in the
20		coal-p	roducing county.
21	(4)	For th	e purposes of this subsection:
22		(a)	The terms "currently active coal mining operation in a county",
23			"currently active coal mining operation in the coal-producing
24			county", and "currently active coal mining operation" mean a coal
25			mining operation that produced more than one hundred fifty
26			thousand tons [136077.71 metric tons] of coal in a
27			coal-producing county during the prior quarterly period.
28		(b)	The term "coal-producing county" means a county in which more
29			than one hundred fifty thousand tons [136077.71 metric tons] of
30			coal were mined in the prior quarterly period.

1		(c)	The term "another county in which no coal is mined" means a		
2			county in which not more than seventy-five thousand tons		
3			[68038.86 metric tons] of coal were mined in the prior quarterly		
4			period.		
5		(d)	The terms "non-coal-producing county" and "non-coal-producing		
6			counties" mean any county in which not more than seventy-five		
7			thousand tons [68038.86 metric tons] of coal were mined in the		
8			prior quarterly period.		
9		(e)	In computing each amount to be paid as provided in paragraph 1,		
10			2, or 3 for coal severance tax revenue from coal mined during a		
11			monthly period, the state treasurer shall deduct from the		
12			allocation the amount of coal severance tax revenue, if any, that		
13			the governmental body in the non-coal-producing county		
14			received from the coal mined in the non-coal-producing county		
15			during the same monthly period.		
16	3. Fifty pere	ent sha	Il be deposited in the state's general fund, except that after		
17	June 30,	1997, t l	ne revenue allocated to the state general fund under this		
18	subsectio	n whic ł	is attributable to severance taxes on new coal production from		
19	clean coa	I demo	nstration projects must be deposited in the lignite research fund		
20	for partial	funding	g of the state share of the clean coal demonstration project		
21	generatin	g the n	ew coal production.		
22	SECTION 14.	REPE	AL. Section 57-61-01.8 of the North Dakota Century Code is		
23	repealed.				
24	SECTION 15.	EFFEC	CTIVE DATE. Section 7 of this Act is effective for taxable events		
25	occurring after December 31, 2001, and the remainder of this Act is effective for taxable events				

26 occurring after June 30, 2001.