Fifty-eighth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

Introduced by

- 1 A BILL for an Act to provide for a criminal justice information sharing board; to amend and
- 2 reenact sections 12-60-16.2, 12-60-16.9, 12-60-18, and 62.1-04-03 of the North Dakota
- 3 Century Code, relating to the collection of criminal information and to the fees for criminal
- 4 history checks and concealed weapons permits; and to provide for a continuing appropriation.

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BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA: 6 SECTION 1. Criminal justice information sharing board - Membership - Duties 7 and powers. The governor, in collaboration with the supreme court, shall establish a criminal 8 justice information sharing board. The chief justice of the supreme court or the chief justice's 9 designee, the attorney general or the attorney general's designee, and the director of the state 10 information technology department as the designee of the governor comprise the board. The 11 director of the state information technology department shall provide staff support to the board. 12 The board shall set policy relating to the collection, storage, and sharing of criminal justice 13 information and the systems necessary to perform those functions. The board shall provide 14 operational oversight for criminal justice information sharing activities and shall provide 15 oversight of criminal justice information sharing budgets. The board may appoint an executive 16 committee and an advisory committee that would serve in an advisory capacity to the board. 17 SECTION 2. AMENDMENT. Section 12-60-16.2 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows: 18 19 12-60-16.2. Criminal history record information - Reportable events. Except as 20 otherwise provided in sections 12-60-16.1 through 12-60-16.10, each criminal justice agency 21 shall report to the bureau the information described in this section for each felony and 22 reportable offense so designated pursuant to section 12-60-16.4. The bureau may require the 23 criminal justice agency to provide the information in a manner that the bureau determines to be

the most efficient or accurate means of collection. The following criminal justice agencies shall
perform the duties indicated:

- 3 Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, each criminal justice agency that 1. 4 makes an arrest for a reportable offense shall, with respect to that offense and the 5 person arrested, furnish to the bureau the fingerprints, charges, and descriptions of 6 the person arrested. If the arrest is made by a criminal justice agency that is a 7 state law enforcement agency, then, on request of the arresting agency, a sheriff or 8 jail administrator shall take the fingerprints. The arresting agency shall then furnish 9 the required information to the bureau. If a decision is made not to refer the arrest 10 for prosecution, the criminal justice agency making that decision shall report the 11 decision to the bureau. A criminal justice agency may make agreements with other 12 criminal justice agencies for the purpose of furnishing to the bureau information 13 required under this subsection.
- The prosecuting attorney shall notify the bureau of all charges filed, including all
 those added after the filing of a criminal court case, and whether charges were not
 filed in criminal cases for which the bureau has a record of an arrest.
- After the court pronounces sentence for a reportable offense, and if the person being sentenced has not been fingerprinted with respect to that case, the prosecuting attorney shall ask the court to order a law enforcement agency to fingerprint that person. If the court determines that the person being so sentenced has not previously been fingerprinted for the same case, the court shall order the fingerprints taken. The law enforcement agency shall forward the fingerprints to the bureau.
- 4. The prosecuting attorney having jurisdiction over a reportable offense shall furnish
 the bureau all final dispositions of criminal cases for which the bureau has a record
 of an arrest or a record of fingerprints reported under subsection 3. For each
 charge, this information must include at least the following:
- a. Judgments of not guilty, judgments of guilty including the sentence
 pronounced by the court, discharges, and dismissals in the trial court;
- 30b.Reviewing court orders filed with the clerk of the court which reverse or31remand a reported conviction or which vacate or modify a sentence; and

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1	C.	Judgments terminating or revoking a sentence to probation and any
2		resentencing after such a revocation.

3 5. The North Dakota state penitentiary, pardon clerk, parole board, and local 4 correctional facility administrators shall furnish the bureau with all information 5 concerning the receipt, escape, death, release, pardon, conditional pardon, 6 reprieve, parole, commutation of sentence, or discharge of an individual who has 7 been sentenced to that agency's custody for any reportable offense which is 8 required to be collected, maintained, or disseminated by the bureau. In the case of 9 an escape from custody or death while in custody, information concerning the 10 receipt and escape or death must also be furnished.

SECTION 3. AMENDMENT. Section 12-60-16.9 of the North Dakota Century Code is
 amended and reenacted as follows:

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12-60-16.9. Criminal history record information - Fee for record check -

14 **Continuing appropriation.** The bureau shall impose a fee of twenty twenty-five dollars for 15 each record check. The bureau shall waive the fee for any criminal justice agency or court, and 16 shall impose a fee of three dollars for each record check for a nonprofit organization that is 17 organized and operated in this state exclusively for charitable purposes for the exclusive benefit 18 of minors. Eighty percent of all fees collected under this section must be deposited in the 19 criminal justice information sharing fund. The funds deposited into the criminal justice 20 information sharing fund are appropriated to the information technology department on a 21 continuing basis for the purpose of funding criminal justice information sharing activities. The 22 remaining twenty percent of the fees collected under this section must be credited to the 23 attorney general's operating fund. 24 SECTION 4. AMENDMENT. Section 12-60-18 of the North Dakota Century Code is 25 amended and reenacted as follows: 26 12-60-18. Money collected paid into deposited in general fund - Exception. All 27 Except as provided in section 12-60-16.9, all moneys collected or received, including all 28 rewards for the apprehension or conviction of any criminal earned or collected by the 29 superintendent, the chief of the bureau, his assistants, or any employee of his office the

30 <u>bureau</u>, shall be paid into <u>must be deposited in</u> the general fund of the state.

- SECTION 5. AMENDMENT. Section 62.1-04-03 of the North Dakota Century Code is
 amended and reenacted as follows:
- 3 62.1-04-03. License to carry a firearm or dangerous weapon concealed -

4 <u>Continuing appropriation</u>.

- 5 1. The chief of the bureau of criminal investigation shall issue a license to carry a 6 firearm or dangerous weapon concealed upon review of an application submitted 7 to the chief if the following criteria are met:
- 8 a. The applicant has a valid reason for carrying the firearm or dangerous
 9 weapon concealed, including self-protection, protection of others, or
 10 work-related needs.
- b. The applicant is not a person specified in section 62.1-02-01.
- 12 C. The applicant has the written approval for the issuance of such a license from 13 the sheriff of the applicant's county of residence, and, if the city has one, the 14 chief of police or a designee of the city in which the applicant resides. The 15 approval by the sheriff may not be given until the applicant has successfully 16 completed a background investigation in that county and has attended a 17 testing procedure conducted pursuant to rules adopted by the attorney 18 general. The testing procedure for approval of a concealed weapons license 19 must include an open book test to be given from a manual that sets forth 20 weapon safety rules and the deadly force law of North Dakota, including 21 judicial decisions and attorney general opinions, and a proficiency test 22 consisting of a course of fire to be designated by the criminal justice training 23 and statistics division of the attorney general's office. The purpose of the 24 proficiency test is only to ensure a minimal level of competency in the loading 25 and unloading of the firearm or dangerous weapon, use of safety devices and 26 basic firearm or dangerous weapon functioning, and minimal accuracy. A 27 weapons instructor certified by the attorney general shall conduct the testing 28 procedure. The attorney general shall develop rules that ensure that this 29 testing will be conducted periodically. The local agency conducting the testing 30 may assess a charge of up to fifty dollars for conducting this testing. The

1		testing procedure is not required for a renewal of a concealed weapons
2		license.
3		d. The applicant satisfactorily completes the bureau of criminal investigation
4		application form and has successfully passed a background investigation or
5		criminal records check conducted by that agency.
6		e. The applicant is not prohibited under federal law from owning, possessing, or
7		having a firearm under that person's control.
8	2.	The sheriff is required to process the application within thirty days after the
9		completion of the testing portion unless the application is for renewal of a license
10		and in such case the application must be processed within thirty days after its
11		receipt by the sheriff, the chief of police is required to process the application within
12		ten working days of its receipt by the agency, and the bureau of criminal
13		investigation is required to process the application and make a determination within
14		thirty days of receipt from the forwarding agency.
15	3.	The license fee for a concealed weapons license is twenty-five dollars. Ten dollars
16		of this fee must be credited to the state general fund and deposited in the criminal
17		justice information sharing fund. The funds deposited into the criminal justice
18		information sharing fund are appropriated to the information technology department
19		on a continuing basis for the purpose of funding criminal justice information sharing
20		activities. The remaining fifteen dollars of this fee must be credited to the attorney
21		general's operating fund up to a total of seventy-five thousand dollars each
22		biennium. Any collections from fifteen dollars of this fee in excess of the
23		seventy-five thousand dollars credited to the attorney general's operating fund
24		each biennium must be credited to the state general fund. The license fee must be
25		paid before the license is issued by the director of the bureau of criminal
26		investigation.
27	4.	The chief of the bureau of criminal investigation shall prescribe the form of the
28		application and license, which must include the name, address, description, a
29		photograph, and the signature of the individual. The application form must require
30		sufficient information to properly conduct a background investigation and be
31		accompanied by two sets of classifiable fingerprints. The two sets of classifiable

- 1 fingerprints are not required for a renewal of a concealed weapons license. The 2 license is valid for three years. The license must be prepared in triplicate, and the 3 original must be delivered to the licensee, the duplicate must be sent by mail, 4 within seven days after issuance, to the sheriff of the county in which the applicant 5 resides, and the triplicate must be preserved for six years by the chief. In those 6 cases in which the licensee resides in a city, an additional copy of the license must 7 be made and sent by mail, within seven days after issuance, to the chief of police 8 of the city in which the applicant resides. The individual shall notify the chief of the 9 bureau of criminal investigation of any change of address or any other material fact 10 which would affect the restrictions on or the need for the license.
- 5. The chief of the bureau of criminal investigation may deny an application or revoke
 or cancel such a license after it has been granted for any material misstatement by
 an applicant in an application for the license or any violation of this title.
- 14 6. The applicant may appeal a denial or revocation of this license to the district court15 of the applicant's county of residence.
- 16 7. The attorney general may adopt rules to carry out this title.