Fifty-eighth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

HOUSE BILL NO. 1439

Introduced by

Representative Weiler

Senator Nething

1 A BILL for an Act to amend and reenact sections 39-06-32 and 39-06-35, subsection 7 of

2 section 39-06.1-10, sections 39-08-01, 39-08-01.3, 39-20-03.1, and 39-20-03.2, subsection 1 of

3 section 39-20-04.1, subsections 2 and 5 of section 39-20-05, and sections 39-20-07 and

4 39-20-09 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to the level of alcohol concentration

5 prohibited for motor vehicle operators and consequences for driving while under the influence.

6 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

SECTION 1. AMENDMENT. Section 39-06-32 of the North Dakota Century Code is
amended and reenacted as follows:

39-06-32. Authority to suspend licenses. The director may suspend the license of
an operator, after hearing, upon proof by a fair preponderance of the evidence, that any of the
following apply to the licensee:

- Commission of an offense for which mandatory revocation of license is required
 upon conviction.
- 14 2. Incompetence to drive a motor vehicle.
- 15 3. Unlawful or fraudulent use of an operator's license.
- 16 4. Refusal to submit to an implied consent chemical test on an Indian reservation or in 17 another state. For purposes of this subsection, the specific requirements for 18 establishing a refusal used on the Indian reservation or in the other state may not 19 be considered, and photostatic copies of the records of the other jurisdiction's 20 drivers licensing authority are sufficient evidence of the refusal whether or not 21 those copies are certified. The suspension must be for the same length of time as 22 the revocation in section 39-20-04. If the refusal arose out of an arrest or stop of a 23 person while operating a commercial motor vehicle, the period of suspension must 24 be the same as the period of revocation provided in section 39-06.2-10.

1 5. Failure, as shown by the certificate of the court, to pay a fine or serve any other 2 sentence as ordered by a court upon conviction for any criminal traffic offense. 3 6. Failure, as shown by the certificate of the court, to appear in court or post and 4 forfeit bond after signing a promise to appear, if signing is required by law, in 5 violation of section 39-06.1-04, willful violation of a written promise to appear in 6 court, in violation of section 39-07-08, or violation of equivalent ordinances or laws 7 in another jurisdiction. Upon resolution by the operator of the underlying cause for 8 a suspension under this subsection, as shown by the certificate of the court, the 9 director shall record the suspension separately on the driving record. This 10 separate record is not available to the public.

- 11 7. An administrative decision on an Indian reservation or in another state that the 12 licensee's privilege to drive on that Indian reservation or in that state is suspended 13 or revoked because of a violation of that Indian reservation's or state's law 14 forbidding motor vehicle operation with an alcohol concentration of at least ten 15 eight one-hundredths of one percent by weight or, with respect to a person under 16 twenty-one years of age, an alcohol concentration of at least two one-hundredths 17 of one percent by weight, or because of a violation of that Indian reservation's or 18 state's law forbidding the driving or being in actual physical control of a commercial 19 motor vehicle while having an alcohol concentration of at least four one-hundredths 20 of one percent by weight. The specific requirements for establishing the violation 21 on the Indian reservation or in the other state may not be considered and certified 22 copies of the records of the Indian reservation's or other state's drivers licensing 23 authority are sufficient evidence of the violation. The suspension must be for the 24 same duration as the suspension in section 39-20-04.1, if the violation does not 25 involve a commercial motor vehicle. If the violation involves a commercial motor 26 vehicle, the period of suspension must be the same as the period of suspension 27 provided in section 39-06.2-10.
- Conviction of an offense under this title and it appears from the director's records
 that the offense contributed to causing an accident which resulted in death or
 serious personal injury or serious property damage. No suspension may be

1 2 imposed if the person has been sanctioned for the same offense under section 39-06-31.

3 SECTION 2. AMENDMENT. Section 39-06-35 of the North Dakota Century Code is
4 amended and reenacted as follows:

5 **39-06-35.** Period of suspension. When the period of suspension imposed under this 6 title ceases, the operator's license or driving privilege that has been suspended may not be 7 returned or reinstated, and remains under suspension, until the operator pays to the director a 8 reinstatement fee of fifty dollars, or twenty-five dollars if the suspension was the result of a 9 suspension under subsection 4, 5, or 7 of section 39-06-03 or subsection 2 of section 39-06-32, 10 or one hundred dollars if the suspension was the result of a violation under section 39-08-01 or 11 chapter 39-20, and, if applicable, until compliance with subsection 3.1 of section 39-06.1-10. 12 Upon payment of the reinstatement fee and any surcharge the license must be returned to the 13 operator. A reinstatement fee is not required for a license to be returned to the operator if the 14 return of the license is due to the findings of a hearing, reexamination of hearing, or court or 15 judicial review under chapter 39-06, 39-06.1, or 39-20. If a license was suspended as a result 16 of a violation of section 39-08-01 or chapter 39-20, the operator shall pay a surcharge of one 17 hundred dollars for deposit in a special fund subject to legislative appropriation for use to 18 purchase law enforcement equipment. 19 SECTION 3. AMENDMENT. Subsection 7 of section 39-06.1-10 of the North Dakota 20 Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows: 21 The period of suspension imposed for a violation of section 39-08-01 or equivalent 7. 22 ordinance is: 23 Ninety-one Three hundred sixty-five days if the operator's record shows the a. 24 person has not violated section 39-08-01 or equivalent ordinance within the 25 five years preceding the last violation. The director shall reduce the 26 suspension to one hundred twenty days upon proof of an evaluation by an 27 appropriate licensed addiction treatment program and compliance with any 28 recommended treatment in the evaluation. 29 b. Three hundred sixty five days Three years if the operator's record shows the 30 person has once violated section 39-08-01 or equivalent ordinance within the 31 five years preceding the last violation. The director shall reduce the

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1			suspension to five hundred forty-seven days upon proof of an evaluation by
2			an appropriate licensed addiction treatment program and compliance with any
3			recommended treatment in the evaluation.
4		C.	Two Five years if the operator's record shows the person has at least twice
5			violated section 39-08-01 or equivalent ordinance within the five years
6			preceding the last violation.
7	SE	СТІО	N 4. AMENDMENT. Section 39-08-01 of the North Dakota Century Code is
8	amended a	and re	enacted as follows:
9	39-	08-01	. (Effective through July 31, 2003) Persons under the influence of
10	intoxicatin	ng liq	uor or any other drugs or substances not to operate vehicle - Penalty.
11	1.	A p	erson may not drive or be in actual physical control of any vehicle upon a
12		high	nway or upon public or private areas to which the public has a right of access
13		for	vehicular use in this state if any of the following apply:
14		a.	That person has an alcohol concentration of at least ten one-hundredths of
15			one percent by weight at the time of the performance of a chemical test within
16			two hours after the driving or being in actual physical control of a vehicle.
17		b.	That person is under the influence of intoxicating liquor.
18		C.	That person is under the influence of any drug or substance or combination of
19			drugs or substances to a degree which renders that person incapable of
20			safely driving.
21		d.	That person is under the combined influence of alcohol and any other drugs
22			or substances to a degree which renders that person incapable of safely
23			driving.
24		The	fact that any person charged with violating this section is or has been legally
25		enti	tled to use alcohol or other drugs or substances is not a defense against any
26		cha	rge for violating this section, unless a drug which predominately caused
27		imp	airment was used only as directed or cautioned by a practitioner who legally
28		pres	scribed or dispensed the drug to that person.
29	2.	A p	erson violating this section or equivalent ordinance is guilty of a class B
30		mis	demeanor for the first or second offense in a five-year period, of a class A
31		mis	demeanor for a third offense in a five-year period, of a class A misdemeanor for

1 the fourth offense in a seven-year period, and of a class C felony for a fifth or 2 subsequent offense in a seven-year period. The minimum penalty for violating this 3 section is as provided in subsection 4. The court shall take judicial notice of the 4 fact that an offense would be a subsequent offense if indicated by the records of 5 the director or may make a subsequent offense finding based on other evidence. 6 Upon conviction, the court may order the motor vehicle number plates of the motor 3. 7 vehicle owned and operated by the offender at the time of the offense to be 8 impounded for the duration of the period of suspension or revocation of the 9 offender's driving privilege by the licensing authority. The impounded number 10 plates must be sent to the director who must retain them for the period of 11 suspension or revocation, subject to their disposition by the court.

- 4. A person convicted of violating this section, or an equivalent ordinance, must be
 sentenced in accordance with this subsection. For purposes of this subsection,
 unless the context otherwise requires, "drug court program" means a district
 court-supervised treatment program approved by the supreme court which
 combines judicial supervision with alcohol and drug testing and chemical addiction
 treatment in a licensed treatment program. The supreme court may adopt rules,
 including rules of procedure, for drug courts and the drug court program.
- a. For a first offense, the sentence must include both a fine of at least two
 hundred fifty dollars and an order for addiction evaluation by an appropriate
 licensed addiction treatment program.
- b. For a second offense within five years, the sentence must include at least five
 days' imprisonment or placement in a minimum security facility, of which
 forty-eight hours must be served consecutively, or thirty days' community
 service; a fine of at least five hundred dollars; and an order for addiction
 evaluation by an appropriate licensed addiction treatment program.
- c. For a third offense within five years, the sentence must include at least sixty
 days' imprisonment or placement in a minimum security facility, of which
 forty-eight hours must be served consecutively; a fine of one thousand dollars;
 and an order for addiction evaluation by an appropriate licensed addiction
 treatment program.

- 1d.For a fourth or subsequent offense within seven years, the sentence must2include one hundred eighty days' imprisonment or placement in a minimum3security facility, of which forty-eight hours must be served consecutively; a4fine of one thousand dollars; and an order for addiction evaluation by an5appropriate licensed treatment program.
- 6 The execution or imposition of sentence under this section may not be e. 7 suspended or deferred under subsection 3 or 4 of section 12.1-32-02 for an 8 offense subject to subdivision a or b. If the offense is subject to subdivision c 9 or d, the district court may suspend a sentence, except for ten days' 10 imprisonment, under subsection 3 or 4 of section 12.1-32-02 on the condition 11 that the defendant first undergo and complete an evaluation for alcohol and 12 substance abuse treatment and rehabilitation. If the defendant is found to be 13 in need of alcohol and substance abuse treatment and rehabilitation, the 14 district court may order the defendant placed under the supervision and 15 management of the department of corrections and rehabilitation and is subject 16 to the conditions of probation under section 12.1-32-07. The district court 17 shall require the defendant to complete alcohol and substance abuse 18 treatment and rehabilitation under the direction of the drug court program as a 19 condition of probation in accordance with rules adopted by the supreme court. 20 If the district court finds that a defendant has failed to undergo an evaluation 21 or complete treatment or has violated any condition of probation, the district 22 court shall revoke the defendant's probation and shall sentence the defendant 23 in accordance with this subsection.
- 24f.For purposes of this section, conviction of an offense under a law or25ordinance of another state which is equivalent to this section must be26considered a prior offense if such offense was committed within the time27limitations specified in this subsection.
- 28g.If the penalty mandated by this section includes imprisonment or placement29upon conviction of a violation of this section or equivalent ordinance, and if an30addiction evaluation has indicated that the defendant needs treatment, the31court may order the defendant to undergo treatment at an appropriate

1		licensed addiction treatment program and the time spent by the defendant in	
2		the treatment must be credited as a portion of a sentence of imprisonment or	
3		placement under this section.	
4	5.	As used in subdivision b of subsection 4, the term "imprisonment" includes house	
5		arrest. As a condition of house arrest, a defendant may not consume alcoholic	
6		beverages. The house arrest must include a program of electronic home detention	า
7		in which the defendant is tested at least twice daily for the consumption of alcohol.	
8		The defendant shall defray all costs associated with the electronic home detention.	
9		This subsection does not apply to individuals committed to or under the supervision	n
10		and management of the department of corrections and rehabilitation.	
11	(Eff	ective after July 31, 2003) Persons under the influence of intoxicating liquor o	r
12	any other o	rugs or substances not to operate vehicle - Penalty.	
13	1.	A person may not drive or be in actual physical control of any vehicle upon a	
14		highway or upon public or private areas to which the public has a right of access	
15		for vehicular use in this state if any of the following apply:	
16		a. That person has an alcohol concentration of at least ten eight one-hundredthe	5
17		of one percent by weight at the time of the performance of a chemical test	
18		within two hours after the driving or being in actual physical control of a	
19		vehicle.	
20		b. That person is under the influence of intoxicating liquor.	
21		c. That person is under the influence of any drug or substance or combination of	f
22		drugs or substances to a degree which renders that person incapable of	
23		safely driving.	
24		d. That person is under the combined influence of alcohol and any other drugs	
25		or substances to a degree which renders that person incapable of safely	
26		driving.	
27		The fact that any person charged with violating this section is or has been legally	
28		entitled to use alcohol or other drugs or substances is not a defense against any	
29		charge for violating this section, unless a drug which predominately caused	
30		impairment was used only as directed or cautioned by a practitioner who legally	
31		prescribed or dispensed the drug to that person.	

- 1 2. A person violating this section or equivalent ordinance is guilty of a class B A 2 misdemeanor for the first or second offense in a five-year period, of a class A 3 misdemeanor C felony for a third or subsequent offense in a five-year period, of a 4 class A misdemeanor for the fourth offense in a seven-year period, and of a 5 class C felony for a fifth or subsequent offense in a seven year period. The 6 minimum penalty for violating this section is as provided in subsection 4. The court 7 shall take judicial notice of the fact that an offense would be a subsequent offense 8 if indicated by the records of the director or may make a subsequent offense 9 finding based on other evidence.
- Upon conviction, the court may order the motor vehicle number plates of the motor
 vehicle owned and operated by the offender at the time of the offense to be
 impounded for the duration of the period of suspension or revocation of the
 offender's driving privilege by the licensing authority. The impounded number
 plates must be sent to the director who must retain them for the period of
 suspension or revocation, subject to their disposition by the court.
- 4. A person convicted of violating this section, or an equivalent ordinance, must besentenced in accordance with this subsection.
- 18a.For a first offense, the sentence must include both at least ten days'19imprisonment or placement in a minimum security facility of which all except20twenty-four consecutive hours may be suspended, forty hours' community21service, a fine of at least two three hundred fifty dollars, and an order for22addiction evaluation by an appropriate licensed addiction treatment program.
- b. For a second offense within five years, the sentence must include <u>thirty days'</u>
 <u>community service</u>, at least five <u>ninety</u> days' imprisonment or placement in a
 minimum security facility, of which <u>all except five days may be suspended and</u>
 forty-eight hours must be served consecutively, or thirty days' community
 service; a fine of at least five <u>six</u> hundred dollars; and an order for addiction
 evaluation by an appropriate licensed addiction treatment program.
- c. For a third offense within five years, the sentence must include <u>thirty days'</u>
 <u>community service</u>, at least sixty <u>one hundred twenty</u> days' imprisonment or
 placement in a minimum security facility, <u>all</u> of which <u>except for thirty days</u>

1		may be suspended and forty-eight hours must be served consecutively;, a
2		fine of one thousand dollars; and an order for addiction evaluation by an
3		appropriate licensed addiction treatment program. However, if the third or
4		subsequent offense is for a blood alcohol content greater or equal to
5		seventeen one-hundredths of one percent by weight but less than twenty
6		one-hundredths of one percent by weight, the fine must be at least two
7		thousand dollars. If the blood alcohol content is equal to or greater than
8		twenty one-hundredths of one percent by weight but less than twenty-five
9		one-hundredths of one percent by weight, the fine must be at least three
10		thousand dollars. If the blood alcohol content is equal to or greater than
11		twenty-five one-hundredths of one percent by weight, the fine must be at least
12		four thousand dollars.
13	d.	For a fourth or subsequent offense within seven years, the sentence must
14		include one hundred eighty days' imprisonment or placement in a minimum
15		security facility, of which forty eight hours must be served consecutively and a
16		fine of one thousand dollars.
16 17	e.	f ine of one thousand dollars. The <u>Unless specifically provided for in this section, the</u> execution or imposition
	e.	
17	e.	The Unless specifically provided for in this section, the execution or imposition
17 18	e. f. <u>e.</u>	The Unless specifically provided for in this section, the execution or imposition of sentence under this section may not be suspended or deferred under
17 18 19		The Unless specifically provided for in this section, the execution or imposition of sentence under this section may not be suspended or deferred under subsection 3 or 4 of section 12.1-32-02.
17 18 19 20		The Unless specifically provided for in this section, the execution or imposition of sentence under this section may not be suspended or deferred under subsection 3 or 4 of section 12.1-32-02. For purposes of this section, conviction of an offense under a law or
17 18 19 20 21		The Unless specifically provided for in this section, the execution or imposition of sentence under this section may not be suspended or deferred under subsection 3 or 4 of section 12.1-32-02. For purposes of this section, conviction of an offense under a law or ordinance of another state which is equivalent to this section must be
17 18 19 20 21 22		The Unless specifically provided for in this section, the execution or imposition of sentence under this section may not be suspended or deferred under subsection 3 or 4 of section 12.1-32-02. For purposes of this section, conviction of an offense under a law or ordinance of another state which is equivalent to this section must be considered a prior offense if such offense was committed within the time
17 18 19 20 21 22 23	f. <u>e.</u>	The Unless specifically provided for in this section, the execution or imposition of sentence under this section may not be suspended or deferred under subsection 3 or 4 of section 12.1-32-02. For purposes of this section, conviction of an offense under a law or ordinance of another state which is equivalent to this section must be considered a prior offense if such offense was committed within the time limitations specified in this subsection.
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	f. <u>e.</u>	The Unless specifically provided for in this section, the execution or imposition of sentence under this section may not be suspended or deferred under subsection 3 or 4 of section 12.1-32-02. For purposes of this section, conviction of an offense under a law or ordinance of another state which is equivalent to this section must be considered a prior offense if such offense was committed within the time limitations specified in this subsection. If the penalty mandated by this section includes imprisonment or placement
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	f. <u>e.</u>	The Unless specifically provided for in this section, the execution or imposition of sentence under this section may not be suspended or deferred under subsection 3 or 4 of section 12.1-32-02. For purposes of this section, conviction of an offense under a law or ordinance of another state which is equivalent to this section must be considered a prior offense if such offense was committed within the time limitations specified in this subsection. If the penalty mandated by this section includes imprisonment or placement upon conviction of a violation of this section or equivalent ordinance, and if an
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	f. <u>e.</u>	The Unless specifically provided for in this section, the execution or imposition of sentence under this section may not be suspended or deferred under subsection 3 or 4 of section 12.1-32-02. For purposes of this section, conviction of an offense under a law or ordinance of another state which is equivalent to this section must be considered a prior offense if such offense was committed within the time limitations specified in this subsection. If the penalty mandated by this section includes imprisonment or placement upon conviction of a violation of this section or equivalent ordinance, and if an addiction evaluation has indicated that the defendant needs treatment, the
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	f. <u>e.</u>	The Unless specifically provided for in this section, the execution or imposition of sentence under this section may not be suspended or deferred under subsection 3 or 4 of section 12.1-32-02. For purposes of this section, conviction of an offense under a law or ordinance of another state which is equivalent to this section must be considered a prior offense if such offense was committed within the time limitations specified in this subsection. If the penalty mandated by this section or equivalent ordinance, and if an addiction evaluation has indicated that the defendant needs treatment, the court may shall order the defendant to undergo treatment at an appropriate
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	f. <u>e.</u>	The Unless specifically provided for in this section, the execution or imposition of sentence under this section may not be suspended or deferred under subsection 3 or 4 of section 12.1-32-02. For purposes of this section, conviction of an offense under a law or ordinance of another state which is equivalent to this section must be considered a prior offense if such offense was committed within the time limitations specified in this subsection. If the penalty mandated by this section includes imprisonment or placement upon conviction of a violation of this section or equivalent ordinance, and if an addiction evaluation has indicated that the defendant needs treatment, the court may shall order the defendant to undergo treatment at an appropriate licensed addiction treatment program and the time spent by the defendant in

1 5. As used in subdivision b of subsection 4, the The term "imprisonment" includes 2 house arrest after serving the mandatory sentence. As a condition of house arrest, 3 a defendant may not consume alcoholic beverages. The house arrest must 4 include a program of electronic home detention in which the defendant is tested at 5 least twice daily for the consumption of alcohol. The defendant shall defray all 6 costs associated with the electronic home detention. This subsection does not 7 apply to individuals committed to or under the supervision and management of the 8 department of corrections and rehabilitation.

9 SECTION 5. AMENDMENT. Section 39-08-01.3 of the North Dakota Century Code is
10 amended and reenacted as follows:

11 39-08-01.3. Alcohol-related traffic offenses - Ignition interlock devices and the 12 seizure, forfeiture, and sale of motor vehicles. A motor vehicle owned and operated by a 13 person upon a highway or upon public or private areas to which the public has a right of access 14 for vehicular use may be seized, forfeited, and sold or otherwise disposed of pursuant to an 15 order of the court at the time of sentencing if the person is in violation of section 39-08-01 or an 16 equivalent ordinance and has been convicted of violating section 39-08-01 or an equivalent 17 ordinance at least one other time within the five years preceding the violation. The motor 18 vehicle shall be seized, forfeited, and sold or otherwise disposed of if the person is in violation 19 of section 39-08-01 and the violation is during a period the person's license was suspended for 20 a violation of section 39-08-01. Any money collected by the state under this section shall be 21 deposited in a special fund subject to legislative appropriation for alcohol and drug treatment, 22 rehabilitation, prevention, and education programs. The court may also require that an ignition 23 interlock device be installed for a first offense under section 39-08-01 and shall require that an 24 ignition interlock device be installed for a second or subsequent offense in all of the person's 25 vehicle vehicles for a period of time that the court deems appropriate after the conclusion of the 26 suspension or revocation.

SECTION 6. AMENDMENT. Section 39-20-03.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is
 amended and reenacted as follows:

39-20-03.1. Action following test result for a resident operator. If a person submits
to a test under section 39-20-01, 39-20-02, or 39-20-03 and the test shows that person to have
an alcohol concentration of at least ten <u>eight</u> one-hundredths of one percent by weight or, with

respect to a person under twenty-one years of age, an alcohol concentration of at least two
one-hundredths of one percent by weight at the time of the performance of a chemical test
within two hours after the driving or being in actual physical control of a vehicle, the following
procedures apply:

5 The law enforcement officer shall immediately take possession of the person's 1. 6 operator's license if it is then available and shall immediately issue to that person a 7 temporary operator's permit if the person then has valid operating privileges, 8 extending driving privileges for the next twenty-five days, or until earlier terminated 9 by the decision of a hearing officer under section 39-20-05. The law enforcement 10 officer shall sign and note the date on the temporary operator's permit. The 11 temporary operator's permit serves as the director's official notification to the 12 person of the director's intent to revoke, suspend, or deny driving privileges in this 13 state.

14 If a test administered under section 39-20-01 or 39-20-03 was by saliva or urine 2. 15 sample or by drawing blood as provided in section 39-20-02 and the person tested 16 is not a resident of an area in which the law enforcement officer has jurisdiction. 17 the law enforcement officer shall, on receiving the analysis of the saliva, urine, or 18 blood from the state toxicologist and if the analysis shows that person had an 19 alcohol concentration of at least ten eight one-hundredths of one percent by weight 20 or, with respect to a person under twenty-one years of age, an alcohol 21 concentration of at least two one-hundredths of one percent by weight, either 22 proceed in accordance with subsection 1 during that person's reappearance within 23 the officer's jurisdiction or notify a law enforcement agency having jurisdiction 24 where the person lives. On that notification, that law enforcement agency shall 25 immediately take possession of the person's North Dakota operator's license or 26 permit if it is then available and, within twenty-four hours, forward the license and a 27 copy of the temporary operator's permit to the law enforcement agency making the 28 arrest or to the director. The law enforcement agency shall also, on taking 29 possession of the person's operator's license, issue to that person a temporary 30 operator's permit as provided in this section, and shall sign and date the permit as 31 provided in subsection 1. The temporary operator's permit serves as the director's

official notification to the person of the director's intent to revoke, suspend, or deny
 driving privileges in this state.

3 3. The law enforcement officer, within five days of the issuance of the temporary 4 operator's permit, shall forward to the director a certified written report in the form 5 required by the director and the person's operator's license taken under 6 subsection 1 or 2. If the person was issued a temporary operator's permit because 7 of the results of a test, the report must show that the officer had reasonable 8 grounds to believe the person had been driving or was in actual physical control of 9 a motor vehicle while in violation of section 39-08-01, or equivalent ordinance, that 10 the person was lawfully arrested, that the person was tested for alcohol 11 concentration under this chapter, and that the results of the test show that the 12 person had an alcohol concentration of at least ten eight one-hundredths of one 13 percent by weight or, with respect to a person under twenty-one years of age, an 14 alcohol concentration of at least two one-hundredths of one percent by weight. In 15 addition to the operator's license and report, the law enforcement officer shall 16 forward to the director a certified copy of the operational checklist and test records 17 of a breath test and a copy of the certified copy of the analytical report for a blood, 18 saliva, or urine test for all tests administered at the direction of the officer.

SECTION 7. AMENDMENT. Section 39-20-03.2 of the North Dakota Century Code is
 amended and reenacted as follows:

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39-20-03.2. Action following test result or on refusing test by nonresident

operator. If a person licensed in another state refuses in this state to submit to a test provided
under section 39-20-01 or 39-20-14, or who submits to a test under section 39-20-01, 39-20-02,
or 39-20-03 and the test results show the person to have an alcohol concentration of at least
ten eight one-hundredths of one percent by weight or, with respect to a person under
twenty-one years of age, an alcohol concentration of at least two one-hundredths of one
percent by weight at the time of performance of a test within two hours after driving or being in
physical control of a motor vehicle, the following procedures apply:

Without taking possession of the person's out-of-state operator's license, the law
 enforcement officer shall issue to the person a notification of the test results and a
 temporary operator's permit extending nonresident operating privileges in this state

- for twenty-five days from the date of issuance or until earlier terminated by the
 decision of a hearing officer under section 39-20-05. The temporary permit must
 be signed and dated by the officer and serves as the director's official notification
 to the person of the director's intent to revoke, suspend, or deny driving privileges
 in this state, and of the hearing procedures under this chapter.
- 6 2. If the test was administered by saliva or urine sample or by drawing blood, the law 7 enforcement officer, on reviewing the alcohol concentration analysis showing the 8 person had an alcohol concentration of at least ten eight one-hundredths of one 9 percent by weight or, with respect to a person under twenty-one years of age, an 10 alcohol concentration of at least two one-hundredths of one percent by weight, 11 shall mail or issue to the person a notification of the test results, a temporary 12 operator's permit extending nonresident operating privileges in this state for 13 twenty-five days from the date of mailing or issuance or until earlier terminated by 14 the decision of a hearing officer under section 39-20-05, and notice of the intent to 15 revoke, suspend, or deny driving privileges in this state, together with the notice 16 provided under section 39-06.1-07 of the procedures available under this chapter. 17 The temporary operator's permit must be signed and dated by the officer.
- 18 3. The law enforcement officer, within five days of issuing the temporary operator's 19 permit, shall forward to the director a certified written report in the form required by 20 the director and a certified copy of the operational checklist and test records of a 21 breath test and a copy of the certified copy of the analytical report for a blood, 22 saliva, or urine test for all tests administered at the direction of the officer. If the 23 person was issued a temporary operator's permit because of the person's refusal 24 to submit to a test under sections 39-20-01 and 39-20-14, the report must include 25 information as provided in section 39-20-04. If the person was issued a temporary 26 operator's permit because of the results of a test, the report must show that the 27 officer had reasonable grounds to believe the person had been driving or was in 28 actual physical control of a motor vehicle while in violation of section 39-08-01, or 29 equivalent ordinance, that the person was lawfully arrested, that the person was 30 tested for alcohol concentration under this chapter, and that the results of the test 31 show that the person had an alcohol concentration of at least ten eight

one-hundredths of one percent by weight or, with respect to a person under
 twenty-one years of age, an alcohol concentration of at least two one-hundredths
 of one percent by weight.

SECTION 8. AMENDMENT. Subsection 1 of section 39-20-04.1 of the North Dakota
Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

- 6 1. After the receipt of a person's operator's license, if taken under section 39-20-03.1 7 or 39-20-03.2, and the certified report of a law enforcement officer and if no written 8 request for hearing has been received from the arrested person under section 9 39-20-05, or if that hearing is requested and the findings, conclusion, and decision 10 from the hearing confirm that the law enforcement officer had reasonable grounds 11 to arrest the person and test results show that the arrested person was driving or in 12 physical control of a vehicle while having an alcohol concentration of at least ten 13 eight one-hundredths of one percent by weight or, with respect to a person under 14 twenty-one years of age, an alcohol concentration of at least two one-hundredths 15 of one percent by weight at the time of the performance of a test within two hours 16 after driving or being in physical control of a motor vehicle, the director shall 17 suspend the person's operator's license as follows:
- 18 For ninety-one three hundred sixty-five days if the person's driving record a. 19 shows that, within the five years preceding the date of the arrest, the person 20 has not previously violated section 39-08-01 or equivalent ordinance or the 21 person's operator's license has not previously been suspended or revoked 22 under this chapter. The director shall reduce the suspension to one hundred 23 twenty days upon proof of an evaluation by an appropriate licensed addiction 24 treatment program and compliance with the recommended treatment in the 25 evaluation.
- 26b.For three hundred sixty five days three years if the person's driving record27shows that, within the five years preceding the date of the arrest, the person28has once previously violated section 39-08-01 or equivalent ordinance or the29person's operator's license has once previously been suspended or revoked30under this chapter. The director shall reduce the suspension to five hundred31forty-seven days upon proof of an evaluation by an appropriate licensed

1	addiction treatment program and compliance with the recommended
2	treatment in the evaluation.

c. For two five years if the person's driving record shows that within the five
years preceding the date of the arrest, the person's operator's license has at
least twice previously been suspended, revoked, or issuance denied under
this chapter, or for a violation of section 39-08-01 or equivalent ordinance, or
any combination thereof, and the suspensions, revocations, or denials
resulted from at least two separate arrests.

9 SECTION 9. AMENDMENT. Subsections 2 and 5 of section 39-20-05 of the North
10 Dakota Century Code are amended and reenacted as follows:

11 2. If the issue to be determined by the hearing concerns license suspension for 12 operating a motor vehicle while having an alcohol concentration of at least ten 13 eight one-hundredths of one percent by weight or, with respect to a person under 14 twenty-one years of age, an alcohol concentration of at least two one-hundredths 15 of one percent by weight, the hearing must be before a hearing officer assigned by 16 the director and at a time and place designated by the director. The hearing must 17 be recorded and its scope may cover only the issues of whether the arresting 18 officer had reasonable grounds to believe the person had been driving or was in 19 actual physical control of a vehicle in violation of section 39-08-01 or equivalent 20 ordinance or, with respect to a person under twenty-one years of age, the person 21 had been driving or was in actual physical control of a vehicle while having an 22 alcohol concentration of at least two one-hundredths of one percent by weight; 23 whether the person was placed under arrest, unless the person was under 24 twenty-one years of age and the alcohol concentration was less than ten eight 25 one-hundredths of one percent by weight, then arrest is not required and is not an 26 issue under any provision of this chapter; whether the person was tested in 27 accordance with section 39-20-01 or 39-20-03 and, if applicable, section 39-20-02; 28 and whether the test results show the person had an alcohol concentration of at 29 least ten eight one-hundredths of one percent by weight or, with respect to a 30 person under twenty-one years of age, an alcohol concentration of at least two 31 one-hundredths of one percent by weight. For purposes of this section, a copy of a

- certified copy of an analytical report of a blood, urine, or saliva sample from the
 state toxicologist or a certified copy of the checklist and test records from a certified
 breath test operator establish prima facie the alcohol concentration shown therein.
 Whether the person was informed that the privilege to drive might be suspended
 based on the results of the test is not an issue.
- 6 5. At the close of the hearing, the hearing officer shall notify the person of the hearing 7 officer's findings of fact, conclusions of law, and decision based on the findings and 8 conclusions and shall immediately deliver to the person a copy of the decision. If 9 the hearing officer does not find in favor of the person, the copy of the decision 10 serves as the director's official notification to the person of the revocation, 11 suspension, or denial of driving privileges in this state. If the hearing officer finds, 12 based on a preponderance of the evidence, that the person refused a test under 13 section 39-20-01 or 39-20-14 or that the person had an alcohol concentration of at 14 least ten eight one-hundredths of one percent by weight or, with respect to a 15 person under twenty-one years of age, an alcohol concentration of at least two 16 one-hundredths of one percent by weight, the hearing officer shall immediately 17 take possession of the person's temporary operator's permit issued under this 18 chapter. If the hearing officer does not find against the person, the hearing officer 19 shall sign, date, and mark on the person's permit an extension of driving privileges 20 for the next twenty days and shall return the permit to the person. The hearing 21 officer shall report the findings, conclusions, and decisions to the director within ten 22 days of the conclusion of the hearing. If the hearing officer has determined in favor 23 of the person, the director shall return the person's operator's license by regular 24 mail to the address on file with the director under section 39-06-20.

25 SECTION 10. AMENDMENT. Section 39-20-07 of the North Dakota Century Code is
 26 amended and reenacted as follows:

39-20-07. Interpretation of chemical tests. Upon the trial of any civil or criminal
action or proceeding arising out of acts alleged to have been committed by any person while
driving or in actual physical control of a motor vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating
liquor, drugs, or a combination thereof, evidence of the amount of alcohol, drugs, or a

1 combination thereof in the person's blood at the time of the act alleged as shown by a chemical 2 analysis of the blood, breath, saliva, or urine is admissible. For the purpose of this section: 3 1. A person having, at that time, an alcohol concentration of not more than five 4 one-hundredths of one percent by weight is presumed not to be under the 5 influence of intoxicating liquor. This presumption has no application to the 6 administration of chapter 39-06.2. 7 2. Evidence that there was at that time more than five one-hundredths of one percent 8 by weight alcohol concentration in a person is relevant evidence, but it is not to be 9 given prima facie effect in indicating whether the person was under the influence of 10 intoxicating liquor. 11 3. A person having an alcohol concentration of at least ten eight one-hundredths of 12 one percent by weight or, with respect to a person under twenty-one years of age, 13 an alcohol concentration of at least two one-hundredths of one percent by weight 14 at the time of the performance of a chemical test within two hours after driving or 15 being in physical control of a vehicle is under the influence of intoxicating liquor at 16 the time of driving or being in physical control of a vehicle. 17 4. Alcohol concentration is based upon grams of alcohol per one hundred milliliters of 18 blood or grams of alcohol per two hundred ten liters of alveolar air or grams of 19 alcohol per sixty-seven milliliters of urine. 20 5. The results of the chemical analysis must be received in evidence when it is shown 21 that the sample was properly obtained and the test was fairly administered, and if 22 the test is shown to have been performed according to methods and with devices 23 approved by the state toxicologist, and by an individual possessing a certificate of 24 gualification to administer the test issued by the state toxicologist. The state 25 toxicologist is authorized to approve satisfactory devices and methods of chemical 26 analysis and determine the qualifications of individuals to conduct such analysis, 27 and shall issue a certificate to all qualified operators who exhibit the certificate 28 upon demand of the person requested to take the chemical test. 29 6. The state toxicologist may appoint, train, certify, and supervise field inspectors of breath testing equipment and its operation, and the inspectors shall report the 30 31 findings of any inspection to the state toxicologist for appropriate action. Upon

1		approval of the methods or devices, or both, required to perform the tests and the	
2		persons qualified to administer them, the state toxicologist shall prepare and file	
3		written record of the approval with the director and the recorder in each county,	
4		unless the board of county commissioners designates a different official, and shall	
5		include in the record:	
6		a. An annual register of the specific testing devices currently approved, including	
7		serial number, location, and the date and results of last inspection.	
8		b. An annual register of currently qualified and certified operators of the devices,	
9		stating the date of certification and its expiration.	
10		c. The operational checklist and forms prescribing the methods currently	
11		approved by the state toxicologist in using the devices during the	
12		administration of the tests.	
13		The material filed under this section may be supplemented when the state	
14		toxicologist determines it to be necessary, and any supplemental material has the	
15		same force and effect as the material that it supplements.	
16	7.	Copies of the records referred to in subsections 5 and 6, certified by the recorder,	
17		or designated official, must be admitted as prima facie evidence of the matters	
18		stated in the records.	
19	8.	A certified copy of the analytical report of a blood, urine, or saliva analysis referred	
20		to in subsection 5 and which is issued by the state toxicologist must be accepted	
21		as prima facie evidence of the results of a chemical analysis performed under this	
22		chapter. The certified copy satisfies the directives of subsection 5.	
23	9.	Notwithstanding any statute or rule to the contrary, a defendant who has been	
24		found to be indigent by the court in the criminal proceeding at issue may subpoena,	
25		without cost to the defendant, the person who conducted the chemical analysis	
26		referred to in this section to testify at the trial on the issue of the amount of alcohol,	
27		drugs, or a combination thereof in the defendant's blood, breath, saliva, or urine at	
28		the time of the alleged act. If the state toxicologist, the director of the forensic	
29		sciences division of the state department of health, or any employee of either, is	
30		subpoenaed to testify by a defendant who is not indigent and the defendant does	

1		not call the witness to establish relevant evidence, the court shall order the
2		defendant to pay costs to the witness as provided in section 31-01-16.
3	10.	A signed statement from the individual medically qualified to draw the blood
4		sample for testing as set forth in subsection 5 is prima facie evidence that the
5		blood sample was properly drawn and no further foundation for the admission of
6		this evidence may be required.
7	SEC	CTION 11. AMENDMENT. Section 39-20-09 of the North Dakota Century Code is
8	amended a	nd reenacted as follows:
9	39-2	20-09. Effect of evidence of chemical test. This chapter does not limit the
10	introduction	of any other competent evidence bearing on the question of whether the person
11	was under t	he influence of intoxicating liquor, drugs, or a combination thereof, but, if the test
12	results show	w an alcohol concentration of at least ten eight one-hundredths of one percent or,
13	with respec	t to a person under twenty-one years of age, an alcohol concentration of at least two
14	one-hundre	dths of one percent by weight, the purpose of such evidence must be limited to the
15	issues of pr	obable cause, whether an arrest was made prior to the administering of the test,
16	and the vali	dity of the test results.