

HOUSE BILL NO. 1353

Introduced by

Representatives Carlisle, Meier, Thoreson

Senators Dever, Klein, Robinson

1 A BILL for an Act to create and enact three new subsections to section 19-03.1-01 and two new
2 sections to chapter 19-03.4 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to the definitions, prima
3 facie proof of intent, and the retail or over-the-counter sale of methamphetamine precursor
4 drugs; to amend and reenact section 19-03.1-01 and subsection 13 of section 19-03.4-01 of the
5 North Dakota Century Code, relating to definitions used in the Uniform Controlled Substance
6 Act and the definition of drug paraphernalia; and to provide a penalty.

7 **BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:**

8 **SECTION 1. AMENDMENT.** Section 19-03.1-01 of the North Dakota Century Code is
9 amended and reenacted as follows:

10 **19-03.1-01. Definitions.** As used in this chapter and in chapters 19-03.2 and 19-03.4,
11 unless the context otherwise requires:

- 12 1. "Administer" means to apply a controlled substance, whether by injection,
13 inhalation, ingestion, or any other means, directly to the body of a patient or
14 research subject by:
- 15 a. A practitioner or, in the practitioner's presence, by the practitioner's authorized
16 agent; or
- 17 b. The patient or research subject at the direction and in the presence of the
18 practitioner.
- 19 2. "Agent" means an authorized person who acts on behalf of or at the direction of a
20 manufacturer, distributor, or dispenser. It does not include a common or contract
21 carrier, public warehouseman, or employee of the carrier or warehouseman.
- 22 3. "Anabolic steroids" means any drug or hormonal substance, chemically and
23 pharmacologically related to testosterone, other than estrogens, progestins, and
24 corticosteroids.

4. "Board" means the state board of pharmacy.
5. "Bureau" means the drug enforcement administration in the United States department of justice or its successor agency.
6. "Controlled substance" means a drug, substance, or immediate precursor in schedules I through V as set out in this chapter.
7. "Counterfeit substance" means a controlled substance which, or the container or labeling of which, without authorization, bears the trademark, trade name, or other identifying mark, imprint, number or device, or any likeness thereof, of a manufacturer, distributor, or dispenser other than the person who in fact manufactured, distributed, or dispensed the substance.
8. "Deliver" or "delivery" means the actual, constructive, or attempted transfer from one person to another of a controlled substance whether or not there is an agency relationship.
9. "Dispense" means to deliver a controlled substance to an ultimate user or research subject by or pursuant to the lawful order of a practitioner, including the prescribing, administering, packaging, labeling, or compounding necessary to prepare the substance for that delivery.
10. "Dispenser" means a practitioner who dispenses.
11. "Distribute" means to deliver other than by administering or dispensing a controlled substance.
12. "Distributor" means a person who distributes.
13. "Drug" means:
 - a. Substances recognized as drugs in the official United States pharmacopeia, national formulary, or the official homeopathic pharmacopeia of the United States, or any supplement to any of them;
 - b. Substances intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment, or prevention of disease in individuals or animals;
 - c. Substances, other than food, intended to affect the structure or any function of the body of individuals or animals; and

d. Substances intended for use as a component of any article specified in subdivision a, b, or c. The term does not include devices or their components, parts, or accessories.

14. "Hashish" means the resin extracted from any part of the plant cannabis with or without its adhering plant parts, whether growing or not, and every compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of the resin.

15. "Immediate precursor" means a substance:

a. That the board has found to be and by rule designates as being the principal compound commonly used or produced primarily for use in the manufacture of a controlled substance;

b. That is an immediate chemical intermediary used or likely to be used in the manufacture of the controlled substance; and

c. The control of which is necessary to prevent, curtail, or limit the manufacture of the controlled substance.

16. "Manufacture" means the production, preparation, propagation, compounding, conversion, or processing of a controlled substance, either directly or indirectly by extraction from substances of natural origin, or independently by means of chemical synthesis, or by a combination of extraction and chemical synthesis and includes any packaging or repackaging of the substance or labeling or relabeling of its container. The term does not include the preparation or compounding of a controlled substance by an individual for the individual's own use or the preparation, compounding, packaging, or labeling of a controlled substance:

a. By a practitioner as an incident to the practitioner's administering or dispensing of a controlled substance in the course of the practitioner's professional practice; or

b. By a practitioner, or by the practitioner's authorized agent under the practitioner's supervision, for the purpose of, or as an incident to, research, teaching, or chemical analysis and not for sale.

17. "Marijuana" means all parts of the plant cannabis whether growing or not; the seeds thereof; the resinous product of the combustion of the plant cannabis; and every compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of the plant

or its seeds. The term does not include the mature stalks of the plant, fiber produced from the stalks, oil or cake made from the seeds of the plant, any other compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of mature stalks, fiber, oil, or cake, or the sterilized seed of the plant which is incapable of germination.

18. "Narcotic drug" means any of the following, whether produced directly or indirectly by extraction from substances of vegetable origin, or independently by means of chemical synthesis, or by a combination of extraction and chemical synthesis:
- a. Opium and opiate and any salt, compound, derivative, or preparation of opium or opiate.
 - b. Any salt, compound, isomer, derivative, or preparation thereof which is chemically equivalent or identical with any of the substances referred to in subdivision a, but not including the isoquinoline alkaloids of opium.
 - c. Opium poppy and poppy straw.
 - d. Coca leaves and any salt, compound, derivative, or preparation of coca leaves, any salt, compound, isomer, derivative, or preparation thereof which is chemically equivalent or identical with any of these substances, but not including decocainized coca leaves or extractions of coca leaves which do not contain cocaine or ecgonine.
19. "Opiate" means any substance having an addiction-forming or addiction-sustaining liability similar to morphine or being capable of conversion into a drug having addiction-forming or addiction-sustaining liability. The term does not include, unless specifically designated as controlled under section 19-03.1-02, the dextrorotatory isomer of 3-methoxy-n-methylmorphinan and its salts (dextromethorphan). The term includes its racemic and levorotatory forms.
20. "Opium poppy" means the plant of the species *papaver somniferum* L., except its seeds.
21. "Person" means individual, corporation, limited liability company, government or governmental subdivision or agency, business trust, estate, trust, partnership or association, or any other legal entity.

- 1 22. "Poppy straw" means all parts, except the seeds, of the opium poppy, after
2 mowing.
- 3 23. "Practitioner" means:
- 4 a. A physician, dentist, veterinarian, pharmacist, scientific investigator, or other
5 person licensed, registered, or otherwise permitted by the jurisdiction in which
6 the individual is practicing to distribute, dispense, conduct research with
7 respect to or to administer a controlled substance in the course of
8 professional practice or research.
- 9 b. A pharmacy, hospital, or other institution licensed, registered, or otherwise
10 permitted to distribute, dispense, conduct research with respect to or to
11 administer a controlled substance in the course of professional practice or
12 research in this state.
- 13 24. "Production" includes the manufacturing, planting, cultivating, growing, or
14 harvesting of a controlled substance.
- 15 25. "State" when applied to a part of the United States includes any state, district,
16 commonwealth, territory, insular possession thereof, and any area subject to the
17 legal authority of the United States of America.
- 18 26. "Ultimate user" means an individual who lawfully possesses a controlled substance
19 for the individual's own use or for the use of a member of the individual's
20 household or for administering to an animal owned by the individual or by a
21 member of the individual's household.

22 **SECTION 2.** Three new subsections to section 19-03.1-01 of the North Dakota Century
23 Code are created and enacted as follows:

24 "Methamphetamine precursor drug" means a drug or product containing
25 ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, phenylpropanolamine, or any of their salts, optical
26 isomers, or salts of optical isomers;

27 "Over-the-counter sale" means a retail sale of a drug or product other than a
28 controlled, or imitation controlled, substance;

1 "Sale" includes barter, exchange, or gift, or offer therefor, and each such
2 transaction made by a person, whether as principal, proprietor, agent, servant, or
3 employee;

4 **SECTION 3. AMENDMENT.** Subsection 13 of section 19-03.4-01 of the North Dakota
5 Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

- 6 13. Ingredients or components to be used or intended or designed to be used in
7 manufacturing, producing, processing, preparing, testing, or analyzing a controlled
8 substance, whether or not otherwise lawfully obtained, including anhydrous
9 ammonia, nonprescription medications, methamphetamine precursor drugs, or
10 lawfully dispensed controlled substances.

11 **SECTION 4.** A new section to chapter 19-03.4 of the North Dakota Century Code is
12 created and enacted as follows:

13 **Prima facie proof of intent.** Possession of more than twenty-four grams of a
14 methamphetamine precursor drug or combination of methamphetamine precursor drugs is
15 prima facie evidence of intent to violate sections 19-03.4-03 and 19-03.4-04. This subsection
16 does not apply to a practitioner as defined in subsection 23 of section 19-03.1-01 or to a
17 product possessed in the course of a legitimate and lawful business.

18 **SECTION 5.** A new section to chapter 19-03.4 of the North Dakota Century Code is
19 created and enacted as follows:

20 **Retail or over-the-counter sale of methamphetamine precursor drugs - Penalty.**

- 21 1. The retail sale of methamphetamine precursor drugs is limited to:
22 a. Sales in packages containing not more than a total of three grams of one or
23 more methamphetamine precursor drugs, calculated in terms of ephedrine
24 base, pseudoephedrine base, and phenylpropanolamine base; and
25 b. For nonliquid products, sales in blister packs, each blister containing not more
26 than two dosage units, or when the use of blister packs is technically
27 infeasible, sales in unit dose packets or pouches.
28 2. A person may not deliver in a single over-the-counter sale more than two packages
29 of a methamphetamine precursor drug or a combination of methamphetamine
30 precursor drugs.

- 1 3. A person may not deliver in an over-the-counter sale a methamphetamine
2 precursor drug to a person under the age of eighteen years.
- 3 4. It is a prima facie case of a violation of subsection 3 if the person making the sale
4 did not require and obtain proof of age from the purchaser, unless from the
5 purchaser's outward appearance the person would reasonably presume the
6 purchaser to be twenty-five years of age or older. "Proof of age" means a
7 document issued by a governmental agency which:
 - 8 a. Contains a description of the person or a photograph of the person, or both,
9 and gives the person's date of birth; and
 - 10 b. Includes a passport, military identification card, or driver's license.
- 11 5. It is an affirmative defense to a violation of subsection 3 if:
 - 12 a. The person making the sale required and obtained proof of age from the
13 purchaser;
 - 14 b. The purchaser falsely represented the purchaser's proof of age by use of a
15 false, forged, or altered document;
 - 16 c. The appearance of the purchaser was such that an ordinary and prudent
17 person would believe the purchaser to be at least eighteen years of age; and
 - 18 d. The sale was made in good faith and in reliance upon the appearance and
19 representation of proof of age of the purchaser.
- 20 6. This section does not apply to pediatric products labeled pursuant to federal
21 regulation primarily intended for administration to children under twelve years of
22 age according to label instructions or to a product that the state board of pharmacy,
23 upon application of a manufacturer, exempts from this section because the product
24 has been formulated in such a way as to effectively prevent the conversion of the
25 active ingredient into methamphetamine, or its salts or precursors.
- 26 7. A person who willfully violates subsection 1 is guilty of a class A misdemeanor. A
27 person who willfully violates subsection 2 or 3 is guilty of an infraction.
- 28 8. A person who is the owner, operator, or manager of the retail outlet or who is the
29 supervisor of the employee or agent committing a violation of this section of the
30 outlet where methamphetamine precursor drugs are available for sale is not
31 subject to the penalties of this section if the person:

- 1 a. Did not have prior knowledge of, participate in, or direct the employee or
2 agent to commit, the violation of this section; and
- 3 b. Documents that the employee or agent, at the time of initial employment and
4 each calendar year thereafter, participated in a training program approved by
5 the attorney general providing the employee or agent with information
6 regarding the state and federal regulations governing the sale, possession,
7 and packaging of such drugs.
- 8 The approval of the training program by the attorney general is not subject to
9 chapter 28-32.