Fifty-eighth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota In Regular Session Commencing Tuesday, January 7, 2003

HOUSE BILL NO. 1061
(Industry, Business and Labor Committee)
(At the request of the Insurance Commissioner)

AN ACT to create and enact subsection 6 of section 26.1-45-01 and section 26.1-45-14 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to long-term care insurance; and to amend and reenact subsections 3, 4, and 5 of section 26.1-45-01, section 26.1-45-05.1, subdivision b of subsection 2 of section 26.1-45-07, and sections 26.1-45-09 and 26.1-45-11 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to long-term care insurance.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

SECTION 1. AMENDMENT. Subsections 3, 4, and 5 of section 26.1-45-01 of the North Dakota Century Code are amended and reenacted as follows:

- 3. "Group long-term care insurance" means a long-term care insurance policy that is delivered or issued for delivery in this state to:
 - a. One or more employers or labor organizations, or to a trust or to the trustees of a fund established by one or more employers or labor organizations, or a combination thereof, for employees or former employees or both a combination thereof, or for members or former members or both a combination thereof, of the labor organizations.
 - b. Any professional, trade, or occupational association for its members or former or retired members, or combination thereof, if the association:
 - (1) Is composed of individuals all of whom are or were actively engaged in the same profession, trade, or occupation; and
 - (2) Has been maintained in good faith for purposes other than obtaining insurance.
 - c. An association, a trust, or the trustee of a fund established, created, or maintained for the benefit of members of one or more associations meeting the requirements of section 26.1-45-02.
 - d. A group other than a group described in subdivision a, b, or c if the commissioner finds that:
 - (1) The issuance of the group policy is not contrary to the best interest of the public;
 - (2) The issuance of the group policy would result in economies of acquisition or administration; and
 - (3) The benefits are reasonable in relation to the premiums charged.
- 4. "Long-term care insurance" means any insurance policy or rider primarily advertised, marketed, offered, or designed to provide coverage for not less than ene year twelve consecutive months for each covered person on an expense incurred, indemnity, prepaid, or other basis, for one or more necessary or medically necessary diagnostic, preventive, therapeutic, rehabilitative, maintenance, or personal care services provided in a setting other than an acute care unit of a hospital. The term includes group and individual annuities and life insurance policies or riders, whether issued by insurers, fraternal benefit

societies, nonprofit health service corporations, prepaid health plans, health maintenance organizations, or any similar entity, which provide directly or which supplement long-term care insurance. The term also includes home health care type insurance policies or riders which provide directly or which supplement long-term care insurance; and include a policy or rider which provides for payment of benefits based upon cognitive impairment or the loss of functional capacity. The term includes qualified long-term care insurance contracts. The term includes long-term care insurance products issued by insurers; fraternal benefit societies; nonprofit health, hospital, and medical service corporations; prepaid health plans; health maintenance organizations; or a similar organization to the extent that the organization is otherwise authorized to issue life or health insurance. The term does not include any insurance policy that is offered primarily to provide basic medicare supplement coverage, basic hospital expense coverage, basic medical-surgical expenses coverage, hospital confinement indemnity coverage, major medical expense coverage, disability income or related asset-protection coverage, accident only coverage, specified disease or specified accident coverage, or limited benefit health coverage. With regard to life insurance, this term does not include life insurance policies which accelerate the death benefit specifically for one or more of the qualifying events of terminal illness, medical conditions requiring extraordinary medical intervention, or permanent institutional confinement, and which provide the option of a lump sum payment for those benefits and in which neither the benefits nor the eligibility for the benefits is conditioned upon the receipt of long-term care. Notwithstanding any other provision contained herein, any product advertised, marketed, or offered as a long-term care insurance is subject to the provisions of this chapter.

5. "Policy" means any policy, contract, subscriber agreement, rider, or endorsement delivered or issued for delivery in this state by an insurer, fraternal benefit society, nonprofit health, hospital, or medical service corporation, prepaid health plan, health maintenance organization, or any similar entity.

SECTION 2. Subsection 6 of section 26.1-45-01 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and enacted as follows:

- 6. a. "Qualified long-term care insurance contract" or "federally tax-qualified long-term care insurance contract" means an individual or group insurance contract that meets the requirements of section 7702B(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, as follows:
 - (1) The only insurance protection provided under the contract is coverage of qualified long-term care services. A contract satisfies the requirements of this paragraph even if payments are made on a per diem or other periodic basis without regard to the period in which the expenses are incurred;
 - (2) The contract does not pay or reimburse expenses incurred for services or items to the extent that the expenses are reimbursable under title XVIII of the Social Security Act, as amended, or would be so reimbursable but for the application of a deductible or coinsurance amount. The requirements of this paragraph do not apply to expenses that are reimbursable under title XVIII of the Social Security Act only as a secondary payor. A contract satisfies the requirements of this paragraph even if payments are made on a per diem or other periodic basis without regard to the period in which the expenses are incurred;
 - (3) The contract is guaranteed renewable, within the meaning of section 7702B(b)(1)(c) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended;
 - (4) The contract does not provide for a cash surrender value or other money that can be paid, assigned, pledged as collateral for a loan, or borrowed except as provided in paragraph 5:

- (5) All refunds of premiums and all policyholder dividends or similar amounts under the contract are to be applied as a reduction in future premiums or to increase future benefits, except that a refund on the event of death of the insured or a complete surrender or cancellation of the contract cannot exceed the aggregate premiums paid under the contract; and
- (6) The contract meets the consumer protection provisions set forth in section 7702B(g) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.
- b. "Qualified long-term care insurance contract" or "federally tax-qualified long-term care insurance contract" also means the portion of a life insurance contract that provides long-term care insurance coverage by rider or as part of the contract and that satisfies the requirements of sections 7702B(b) and (e) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

SECTION 3. AMENDMENT. Section 26.1-45-05.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

26.1-45-05.1. Incontestability and rescission of long-term care insurance policy or certificate. After six months from the effective date of the

- <u>If a policy or certificate has been in force for less than six months</u>, an insurer may not contest or rescind a long-term care insurance policy or certificate or deny a an otherwise valid long-term care insurance claim on the basis of representations made by an insured on the application for insurance except upon a showing by the insurer that the insured knowingly and intentionally misrepresented relevant facts on the application form of misrepresentation that is material to the acceptance for coverage.
- 2. If a policy or certificate has been in force for at least six months but less than two years, an insurer may not rescind a long-term care insurance policy or certificate or deny an otherwise valid long-term care insurance claim except upon a showing of misrepresentation that is both material to the acceptance for coverage and that pertains to the condition for which benefits are sought.
- 3. If a policy or certificate has been in force for two years, the policy or certificate may be contested only upon a showing that the insured knowingly and intentionally misrepresented relevant facts relating to the insured's health. The policy or certificate may not be contested based upon misrepresentation alone.
- 4. A long-term care insurance policy or certificate may not be field issued based on medical or health status. For purposes of this section, "field issued" means a policy or certificate issued by an agent or a third-party administrator pursuant to the underwriting authority granted to the agent or third-party administrator by an insurer.
- 5. If an insurer has paid benefits under the long-term care insurance policy or certificate, the benefit payments may not be recovered by the insurer in the event that the policy or certificate is rescinded.
- 6. In the event of the death of the insured, this section does not apply to the remaining death benefit of a life insurance policy that accelerates benefits for long-term care. In this situation, the remaining death benefits under these policies are governed by section 26.1-33-05. In all other situations, this section applies to life insurance policies that accelerate benefits for long-term care.

SECTION 4. AMENDMENT. Subdivision b of subsection 2 of section 26.1-45-07 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

b. A long-term care insurance policy or rider which conditions eligibility of noninstitutional benefits on the prior receipt of institutional care may not require a prior institutional stay of more than ten thirty days.

SECTION 5. AMENDMENT. Section 26.1-45-09 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

26.1-45-09. Right to return policy - Outline of coverage required - Contents of certificate - Summary of policy provisions - Report of benefits status.

- 1. Long-term care insurance applicants have the right to return the policy or certificate within thirty days of the date of its delivery or within thirty days of its effective date, whichever occurs later, and to have the premium refunded if, after examination of the policy or certificate, the applicant is not satisfied for any reason. Long-term care insurance policies and certificates must have a notice prominently printed on the first page or attached thereto stating in substance that the applicant has the right to return the policy or certificate within thirty days of the date of its delivery or within thirty days of its effective date, whichever occurs later, and to have the premium refunded if, after examination of the policy or certificate, other than a certificate issued pursuant to a policy issued to a group defined in subdivision a of subsection 3 of section 26.1-45-01, the applicant is not satisfied for any reason.
- a. An outline of coverage must be delivered to a prospective applicant for long-term care insurance at the time of initial solicitation through means that prominently direct the attention of the recipient to the document and its purpose.
 - (1) The commissioner shall prescribe a standard format including style, arrangement, overall appearance, and the content of an outline of coverage.
 - (2) In the case of insurance producer solicitations, an insurance producer must deliver the outline of coverage prior to the presentation of an application or enrollment form.
 - (3) In the case of direct response solicitations, the outline of coverage must be presented in conjunction with any application or enrollment form.
 - (4) In the case of a policy issued to a group defined in subdivision a of subsection 3 of section 26.1-45-01, an outline of coverage is not required to be delivered, provided that the information described in paragraphs 1 through 7 of subdivision b is contained in other materials relating to enrollment. Upon request, these other materials must be made available to the commissioner.
 - b. The outline of coverage must include:
 - (1) A description of the principal benefits and coverage provided in the policy.
 - (2) A statement of the principal exclusions, reductions, and limitations contained in the policy.
 - (3) A statement of the terms under which the policy or certificate, or both, may be continued in force or discontinued, including any reservation in the policy of a right to change premium. Continuation or conversion provisions of group coverage must be specifically described.
 - (4) A statement that the outline of coverage is a summary only, not a contract of insurance, and that the policy or group master policy contains the governing contractual provisions.

- (5) A description of the terms under which the policy or certificate may be returned and premium refunded.
- (6) A brief description of the relationship of cost of care and benefits.
- (7) A statement that discloses to the policyholder or certificate holder whether the policy is intended to be a federally tax-qualified long-term care insurance contract under 7702B(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.
- 3. A certificate issued pursuant to a group long-term care insurance policy which policy is delivered or issued for delivery in this state must include:
 - A description of the principal benefits and coverage provided in the policy.
 - b. A statement of the principal exclusions, reductions, and limitations contained in the policy.
 - A statement that the group master policy determines governing contractual provisions.
- 4. If an application for a long-term care insurance contract or certificate is approved and issued, the issuer, directly or through an authorized representative, shall deliver the contract or certificate of insurance to the applicant no later than thirty days after the date of approval.
- 5. At the time of policy delivery, a policy summary must be delivered for an individual life insurance policy which provides long-term care benefits within the policy or by rider. In the case of direct response solicitations, the insurer shall deliver the policy summary upon the applicant's request, but regardless of request shall make such delivery no later than at the time of policy delivery. In addition to complying with all applicable requirements, the summary must also include:
 - a. An explanation of how the long-term care benefit interacts with other components of the policy, including deductions from death benefits;
 - b. An illustration on the amount of benefits, the length of benefit, and the guaranteed lifetime benefits, if any, for each covered person;
 - c. Any exclusions, reductions, and limitations on benefits of long-term care; and
 - d. A statement as to whether a long-term care inflation protection option is available under this policy;
 - e. If applicable to the policy type, the summary shall also include:
 - (1) A disclosure of the effects of exercising other rights under the policy;
 - (2) A disclosure of guarantees relating to long-term care costs of insurance charges; and
 - (3) Current and projected maximum lifetime benefits.
 - f. The provisions of the policy summary listed above may be incorporated into a basic illustration or into a life insurance policy summary delivered to the consumer.
- 5. 6. Any time a long-term care benefit, funded through a life insurance vehicle by the acceleration of the death benefit, is in benefit payment status a monthly report must be provided to the policyholder. Such report must include:
 - a. Any long-term care benefits paid out during the month;

- b. An explanation of any changes in the policy, e.g., death benefits or cash values, due to long-term care benefits being paid out; and
- c. The amount of long-term care benefits existing or remaining.
- 7. If a claim under a long-term care insurance contract is denied, the issuer shall, within sixty days of the date of a written request by the policyholder or certificate holder, or a representative thereof:
 - a. Provide a written explanation of the reasons for the denial; and
 - b. Make available all information directly related to the denial.

SECTION 6. AMENDMENT. Section 26.1-45-11 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

26.1-45-11. Rulemaking authority. The commissioner may adopt reasonable rules to promote premium adequacy, protect the policyholder in the event of substantial rate increases, and to establish minimum standards for correcting abusive marketing practices, replacement forms, insurance producer testing, penalties, and reporting practices for long-term care insurance.

SECTION 7. Section 26.1-45-14 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and enacted as follows:

26.1-45-14. Nonforfeiture benefits.

- 1. Except as provided in subsection 2, a long-term care insurance policy may not be delivered or issued for delivery in this state unless the policyholder or certificate holder has been offered the option of purchasing a policy or certificate, including a nonforfeiture benefit. The offer of a nonforfeiture benefit may be in the form of a rider that is attached to the policy. In the event the policyholder or certificate holder declines the nonforfeiture benefits, the insurer shall provide a contingent benefit upon lapse that is available for a specific period of time following a substantial increase in premium rates.
- When a group long-term care insurance policy is issued, the offer required in subsection 1 must be made to the group policyholder. However, if the policy is issued as group long-term care insurance as defined in subdivision d of subsection 3 of section 26.1-45-01, other than to a continuing care retirement community or other similar entity, the offering must be made to each proposed certificate holder.
- 3. The commissioner shall adopt rules specifying the type of nonforfeiture benefits to be offered as part of long-term care insurance policies and certificates, the standards for nonforfeiture benefits, and the rules regarding contingent benefit upon lapse, including a determining of the specific period of time during which a contingent benefit upon lapse will be available and the substantial premium rate increase that triggers a contingent benefit upon lapse as described in subsection 1.

Sp	Speaker of the House				President of the Senate			
Ch	Chief Clerk of the House					Secretary of the Senate		
This certifies the Assembly of No	at the with orth Dakota	in bill or a and is	iginated in known on	the Ho	use of Repre ords of that b	sentatives of tody as House	the Fifty-eighth Le Bill No. 1061.	
House Vote:	Yeas	81	Nays	8	Absent	5		
Senate Vote:	Yeas	46	Nays	0	Absent	1		
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Received by the	e Governo	r at	M.	on			, 2003.	
Approved at	N	l. on					, 2003.	
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Filed in this office this day of							, 2003,	
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