Fifty-ninth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

SENATE BILL NO. 2171

Introduced by

Senators Holmberg, Brown, Fischer, J. Lee

Representative Svedjan

1 A BILL for an Act to provide for licensure of acupuncturists by the state board of medical

2 examiners.

3 **BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:**

SECTION 1. Acupuncture - Definitions. As used in this Act, unless the context
otherwise requires:

- 6 1. "Acupressure" means the application of pressure to acupuncture points.
- 7 2. "Acupuncture needle" means a needle designed exclusively for acupuncture
 8 purposes.
- 9 3. "Acupuncture points" means specific anatomically described locations as defined
 10 by the recognized acupuncture reference texts and as otherwise established by the
 11 board.
- 124. "Acupuncture practice" means a comprehensive system of health care using13oriental medical theory and its unique methods of diagnosis and treatment. Its14treatment techniques include the insertion of acupuncture needles through the skin15and the use of other biophysical methods of acupuncture point stimulation,16including the use of heat, cupping, dermal friction, acupressure, oriental massage
- techniques, electrical stimulation, herbal supplemental therapies, dietary guidelines
 and counseling, breathing techniques, and exercise based on oriental medical
 principles.
- 20 5. "Board" means the state board of medical examiners.
- Breathing techniques" means oriental breathing exercises taught to a patient as
 part of a treatment plan.
- 7. "Cupping" means a therapy in which a jar-shaped instrument is attached to the skin
 and negative pressure is created by using suction.

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- 8. "Dermal friction" means rubbing on the surface of the skin, using topical ointments
 with a smooth-surfaced instrument without a cutting edge that can be sterilized or,
 if disposable, a one-time only use product.
- 9. "Electrical stimulation" means a method of stimulating acupuncture points by an
 electrical current of .001 milliamp to 100 milliamps, or other current as approved by
 the board. Electrical stimulation may be used by attachment of a device to an
 acupuncture needle or may be used transcutaneously without penetrating the skin.
- 8 10. "Herbal therapies" are the use of herbs and patent herbal remedies as
 9 supplements as part of the treatment plan of the patient.
- 10 11. "Needle sickness" is a temporary state of nausea and dizziness that is a potential
 11 side effect to needle insertion and from which full recovery occurs when the
 12 needles are removed.
- 12. "Oriental medicine" means a system of healing arts that perceives the circulation
 and balance of energy in the body as being fundamental to the well-being of the
 individual. It implements the theory through specialized methods of analyzing the
 energy status of the body and treating the body with acupuncture and other related
 modalities for the purpose of strengthening the body, improving energy balance,
 maintaining or restoring health, improving physiological function, and reducing
 pain.

20 SECTION 2. Acupuncture - Licensure - Rules - Fees - Exemptions. The board shall 21 regulate and license the practice of acupuncture. The board, after collaborating and consulting 22 with affected parties, including acupuncturists who have been certified by a nationally 23 recognized entity, shall adopt rules governing the conduct, permits, annual fees not to exceed 24 one hundred fifty dollars, gualifications, activities, continuing education, discipline, and 25 supervision of acupuncturists, as well as exceptions to these requirements. The rules may 26 require that a licensee be certified by the national certification commission for acupuncture and 27 oriental medicine or another nationally recognized entity. The rules may provide for a transition 28 period; however, after July 31, 2007, any individual who practices acupuncture in this state 29 without a license issued by the board is practicing without a license in violation of section 30 43-17-34. This Act does not apply to any individual who is licensed under chapter 43-17 or who 31 is exempt from regulation under chapter 43-17 pursuant to section 43-17-02. Unless an

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individual holds a valid acupuncture license issued by the board, that individual may not use or
assume the title or designation "licensed acupuncturist" or the abbreviation "L. Ac." or any
other title, designation, words, letters, abbreviation, sign, card, or device tending to indicate that
the individual is a licensed acupuncturist.

SECTION 3. Acupuncture - Duties. An acupuncturist shall:
1. Maintain a patient record for each patient treated, including a copy of a signed
informed consent; evidence of a patient interview concerning the patient's medical
history and current physical condition; evidence of a traditional acupuncture
examination and diagnosis; record of the treatment, including points treated; and
evidence of evaluation and instructions given to the patient.

- Before treatment, ask whether the patient has been examined by a physician or
 other medical professional with regard to the patient's illness or injury and review
 the diagnosis as reported. If the patient indicates there has been no such
 examination and the patient exhibits indications of a potentially serious disorder,
 the acupuncturist shall advise the patient to consult a physician.
- Before treatment, obtain a signed informed consent from the patient. The informed
 consent must include the acupuncturist's qualification, including education; an
 outline of the state's scope of practice for acupuncturists; and side effects, which
 may include some pain in the treatment area, minor bruising, infection, needle
 sickness, and broken needles.
- Ensure that all nondisposable acupunture needles and equipment that breaks the
 skin is sterilized after each use.