Fifty-ninth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

# HOUSE BILL NO. 1088

Introduced by

Judiciary Committee

(At the request of the Attorney General)

- 1 A BILL for an Act to amend and reenact subsections 4 and 5 of section 19-03.1-37, sections
- 2 20.1-13.1-01 and 20.1-13.1-03, subsection 2 of section 20.1-13.1-05, subsections 2 and 4 of
- 3 section 20.1-13.1-08, subsections 3, 4, and 6 of section 20.1-13.1-10, sections 20.1-15-01 and
- 4 20.1-15-03, subsection 2 of section 20.1-15-05, subsections 2 and 4 of section 20.1-15-08,
- 5 subsections 5, 6, and 8 of section 20.1-15-11, section 20.1-15-15, subsection 2 of section

6 28-32-01, subsection 2 of section 39-06.2-10.3, subsections 2 and 4 of section 39-06.2-10.6,

7 sections 39-20-01 and 39-20-02, subsection 2 of section 39-20-03.1, subsections 2 and 4 of

8 section 39-20-05, subsections 5, 6, and 8 of section 39-20-07, sections 39-20-13, 39-20-14,

- 9 39-24.1-01 and 39-24.1-03, and subsections 3, 4, and 6 of section 39-24.1-08 of the North
- 10 Dakota Century Code, relating to the state toxicologist and the state crime laboratory.

# 11 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

SECTION 1. AMENDMENT. Subsections 4 and 5 of section 19-03.1-37 of the North
Dakota Century Code are amended and reenacted as follows:

- In all prosecutions under this chapter, chapter 19-03.2, or chapter 19-03.4 involving
  the analysis of a substance or sample thereof, a certified copy of the analytical
  report signed by the state toxicologist, or the toxicologist's designee, or the director
  of the state crime laboratory, or the director's designee, must be accepted as prima
  facie evidence of the results of the analytical findings.
- 5. Notwithstanding any statute or rule to the contrary, a defendant who has been
  found to be indigent by the court in the criminal proceeding at issue may subpoena
  the state toxicologist or the director or an employee of the state crime laboratory,
  or any employee of either, to testify at the preliminary hearing and trial of the issue
  at no cost to the defendant. If the state toxicologist, the director or an employee of
  the state crime laboratory, or any employee of either, is subpoenaed to testify by a

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defendant who is not indigent and the defendant does not call the witness to establish relevant evidence, the court shall order the defendant to pay costs to the witness as provided in section 31-01-16.

SECTION 2. AMENDMENT. Section 20.1-13.1-01 of the North Dakota Century Code
is amended and reenacted as follows:

6 20.1-13.1-01. Implied consent to determine alcoholic and drug content of blood. 7 Any person who operates a motorboat or vessel in this state is deemed to have given consent, 8 and shall consent, subject to this chapter, to a chemical test, or tests, of the blood, breath, 9 saliva, or urine for the purpose of determining the alcoholic, other drug, or combination thereof, 10 content of the blood. As used in this chapter, "operates" means to be in motion, en route, but 11 not at anchor or aground; "vessel" means any watercraft used or designed to be used for 12 navigation on the water such as a boat operated by machinery, either permanently or 13 temporarily affixed, a sailboat other than a sailboard, an inflatable manually propelled boat, a 14 canoe, kayak, or rowboat, but does not include an inner tube, air mattress, or other water toy; 15 "drug" means any drug or substance or combination of drugs or substances which renders a 16 person incapable of safely operating a motorboat or vessel; and "chemical test" means any test 17 or tests to determine the alcoholic, or other drug, or combination thereof, content of the blood, 18 breath, saliva, or urine, approved by the director of the state toxicologist crime laboratory or the 19 director's designee under this chapter. The chemical test must be administered at the direction 20 of a game warden or a law enforcement officer only after placing the person, except persons 21 mentioned in section 20.1-13.1-04, under arrest and informing that person that the person is or 22 will be charged with the offense of operating a motorboat or vessel while under the influence of 23 intoxicating liquor, drugs, or a combination thereof. For the purposes of this chapter, the taking 24 into custody of a minor under section 27-20-13 satisfies the requirement of an arrest. The 25 game warden or law enforcement officer shall also inform the person charged that refusal of the 26 person to submit to the chemical test determined appropriate will result in that person being 27 prohibited from operating a motorboat or vessel for up to three years. The game warden or law 28 enforcement officer shall determine the chemical test to be used. When a minor is taken into 29 custody for violating section 20.1-13-07, the game warden or law enforcement officer shall 30 diligently attempt to contact the minor's parent or legal guardian to explain the cause for the 31 custody and the implied consent chemical testing requirements. Neither the game warden or

law enforcement officer's efforts to contact, nor any consultation with, a parent or legal guardian
 may be permitted to interfere with the administration of chemical testing requirements under this
 chapter.

SECTION 3. AMENDMENT. Section 20.1-13.1-03 of the North Dakota Century Code
is amended and reenacted as follows:

6 20.1-13.1-03. Persons qualified to administer chemical test and opportunity for 7 additional test. Only an individual medically gualified to draw blood, acting at the request of a 8 game warden or a law enforcement officer, may withdraw blood for the purpose of determining 9 the alcoholic, drug, or combination thereof, content of the blood. The director of the state 10 toxicologist crime laboratory or the director's designee shall determine the qualifications or 11 credentials for being medically qualified to draw blood and shall issue a list of approved 12 designations, including medical doctor and registered nurse. This limitation does not apply to 13 the taking of a breath, saliva, or urine specimen. The person tested may have an individual of 14 that person's own choosing, who is medically qualified to draw blood, administer a chemical test 15 in addition to any administered at the direction of a game warden or a law enforcement officer 16 with all costs of the additional chemical test to be the responsibility of the person charged. The 17 failure or inability to obtain an additional chemical test by a person does not preclude the 18 admission of the chemical test taken at the direction of a game warden or a law enforcement 19 officer. Upon the request of the person who is tested, a copy of the operational checklist and 20 test record of a breath sample test or analytical report of a blood, urine, or saliva sample test 21 taken at the direction of the game warden or law enforcement officer must be made available to 22 that person by the department or law enforcement agency that administered the chemical test.

23 SECTION 4. AMENDMENT. Subsection 2 of section 20.1-13.1-05 of the North Dakota
 24 Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

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2. If a chemical test administered under section 20.1-13.1-01 or 20.1-13.1-04 was by
saliva or urine sample or by drawing blood as provided in section 20.1-13.1-03 and
the person tested does not reside in an area in which the game warden or law
enforcement officer has jurisdiction, the game warden or law enforcement officer
shall, on receiving the analysis of the saliva, urine, or blood from the <u>director of the</u>
state toxicologist crime laboratory or the director's designee and if the analysis
shows that person had an alcohol, other drug, or a combination thereof

1	concentration of at least ten one-hundredths of one percent by weight, either
2	proceed in accordance with subsection 1 during that person's reappearance within
3	the game warden's or officer's jurisdiction or notify a game warden or law
4	enforcement agency having jurisdiction where the person resides. On that
5	notification, that game warden or law enforcement agency shall immediately issue
6	a statement of intent to prohibit the person from operating a motorboat or vessel.
7	The issuance of a statement of intent to prohibit the person from operating a
8	motorboat or vessel serves as the director's official notification to the person of the
9	director's intent to prohibit the person from operating a motorboat or vessel in this
10	state.

SECTION 5. AMENDMENT. Subsections 2 and 4 of section 20.1-13.1-08 of the North
 Dakota Century Code are amended and reenacted as follows:

13 2. If the issue to be determined by the hearing concerns the prohibition from 14 operating a motorboat or vessel for operating a motorboat or vessel while having 15 an alcohol, other drug, or a combination thereof concentration of at least ten 16 one-hundredths of one percent by weight, the hearing must be before a hearing 17 officer assigned by the director and at a time and place designated by the director. 18 The hearing must be recorded and its scope may cover only the issues of whether 19 the arresting warden or officer had probable cause to believe the person had been 20 operating a motorboat or vessel in violation of section 20.1-13-07; whether the 21 person was placed under arrest; whether the person was tested in accordance with 22 section 20.1-13.1-01 or 20.1-13.1-04 and, if applicable, section 20.1-13.1-03; and 23 whether the chemical test results show the person had an alcohol, other drug, or a 24 combination thereof concentration of at least ten one-hundredths of one percent by 25 weight. For purposes of this section, a copy of a certified copy of an analytical 26 report of a blood, urine, or saliva sample from the director of the state toxicologist 27 crime laboratory or the director's designee, or a certified copy of the checklist and 28 test records from a certified breath test operator establish prima facie the alcohol, 29 other drug, or a combination thereof concentration shown therein. Whether the 30 person was informed that that person may be prohibited from operating a 31 motorboat or vessel based on the results of the chemical test is not an issue.

1 4. At a hearing under this section, the regularly kept records of the director may be 2 introduced. Those records establish prima facie their contents without further 3 foundation. For purposes of this chapter, the following are deemed regularly kept 4 records of the director: any copy of a certified copy of an analytical report of a 5 blood, urine, or saliva sample received by the director from the director of the state 6 toxicologist crime laboratory or the director's designee or a game warden or a law 7 enforcement officer, a certified copy of the checklist and test records received by 8 the director from a certified breath test operator, and any copy of a certified copy of 9 a certificate of the director of the state toxicologist crime laboratory or the director's 10 designee relating to approved methods, devices, operators, materials, and 11 checklists used for testing for alcohol, other drug, or a combination thereof 12 concentration received by the director from the director of the state toxicologist 13 crime laboratory or the director's designee, or the recorder, unless the board of 14 county commissioners has designated a different official to maintain the certificate. 15 SECTION 6. AMENDMENT. Subsections 3, 4, and 6 of section 20.1-13.1-10 of the 16 North Dakota Century Code are amended and reenacted as follows: 17 3. The results of the chemical test must be received in evidence when it is shown that 18 the sample was properly obtained and the test was fairly administered, and if the 19 test is shown to have been performed according to methods and with devices 20 approved by the director of the state toxicologist crime laboratory or the director's 21 designee, and by an individual possessing a certificate of gualification to administer 22 the test issued by the director of the state toxicologist crime laboratory or the 23 director's designee. The director of the state toxicologist crime laboratory or the 24 director's designee is authorized to approve satisfactory devices and methods of 25 chemical tests and determine the qualifications of individuals to conduct such tests, 26 and shall issue a certificate to every qualified operator. An operator shall exhibit 27 the certificate upon demand of the person requested to take the chemical test. 28 The director of the state toxicologist crime laboratory or the director's designee 4. 29 may appoint, train, certify, and supervise field inspectors of breath testing 30 equipment and its operation, and the inspectors shall report the findings of any 31 inspection to the director of the state toxicologist crime laboratory or the director's

- 1designeefor appropriate action. Upon approval of the methods or devices, or both,2required to perform the tests and the persons qualified to administer them, the3director of the state toxicologist crime laboratory or the director's designee shall4prepare and file written record of the approval with the director and the recorder in5each county, unless the board of county commissioners designates a different6official, and shall include in the record:
- a. An annual register of the specific testing devices currently approved, including
  serial number, location, and the date and results of last inspection.
- 9 b. An annual register of currently qualified and certified operators of the devices,
  10 stating the date of certification and its expiration.
- c. The operational checklist and forms prescribing the methods currently
   approved by the <u>director of the</u> state toxicologist crime laboratory or the
   <u>director's designee</u> in using the devices during the administration of the tests.
- 14 The material filed under this section may be supplemented when the <u>director of the</u> 15 state <del>toxicologist</del> <u>crime laboratory or the director's designee</u> determines it to be 16 necessary, and any supplemental material has the same force and effect as the 17 material that it supplements.
- A certified copy of the analytical report of a blood, urine, or saliva test issued by the
   <u>director of the</u> state toxicologist crime laboratory or the director's designee must be
   accepted as prima facie evidence of the results of a chemical test performed under
   this chapter.
- SECTION 7. AMENDMENT. Section 20.1-15-01 of the North Dakota Century Code is
  amended and reenacted as follows:

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20.1-15-01. Implied consent to determine alcoholic and drug content of blood.

Any person who is afield with a gun or other firearm or a bow and arrow is deemed to have given consent, and shall consent, subject to this chapter, to a chemical test of the blood, breath, saliva, or urine for the purpose of determining the alcoholic, other drug, or combination thereof, content of the blood. As used in this chapter, "drug" means any drug or substance or combination of drugs or substances which renders a person incapable of safely hunting or being afield with a gun or other firearm or a bow and arrow, and "chemical test" means any test or tests to determine the alcoholic, or other drug, or combination thereof, content of the blood,

1 breath, saliva, or urine, approved by the director of the state toxicologist crime laboratory or the 2 director's designee under this chapter. The chemical test must be administered at the direction 3 of a game warden or a law enforcement officer only after placing the person, except persons 4 mentioned in section 20.1-15-04, under arrest and informing that person that the person is or 5 will be charged with the offense of being afield with a gun or other firearm or a bow and arrow 6 while under the influence of intoxicating liquor, drugs, or a combination thereof. For the 7 purposes of this chapter, the taking into custody of a minor under section 27-20-13 satisfies the 8 requirement of an arrest. The game warden or law enforcement officer shall also inform the 9 person charged that refusal of the person to submit to the chemical test determined appropriate 10 will result in a revocation for up to four years of the person's hunting privileges. The game 11 warden or law enforcement officer shall determine the chemical test to be used. When a minor 12 is taken into custody for violating section 20.1-01-06, the game warden or law enforcement 13 officer shall diligently attempt to contact the minor's parent or legal guardian to explain the 14 cause for the custody and the implied consent chemical testing requirements. Neither the 15 game warden or law enforcement officer's efforts to contact, nor any consultation with, a parent 16 or legal guardian may be permitted to interfere with the administration of chemical testing 17 requirements under this chapter.

SECTION 8. AMENDMENT. Section 20.1-15-03 of the North Dakota Century Code is
amended and reenacted as follows:

20 20.1-15-03. Persons qualified to administer chemical test and opportunity for 21 additional test. Only an individual medically qualified to draw blood, acting at the request of a 22 game warden or a law enforcement officer, may withdraw blood for the purpose of determining 23 the alcoholic, drug, or combination thereof, content of the blood. The director of the state 24 toxicologist crime laboratory or the director's designee shall determine the gualifications or 25 credentials for being medically gualified to draw blood and shall issue a list of approved 26 designations, including medical doctor and registered nurse. This limitation does not apply to 27 the taking of a breath, saliva, or urine specimen. The person tested may have an individual of 28 that person's own choosing, who is medically gualified to draw blood, administer a chemical test 29 in addition to any administered at the direction of a game warden or a law enforcement officer 30 with all costs of the additional chemical test to be the responsibility of the person charged. The 31 failure or inability to obtain an additional chemical test by a person does not preclude the

admission of the chemical test taken at the direction of a game warden or a law enforcement
officer. Upon the request of the person who is tested, a copy of the operational checklist and
test record of a breath sample test or analytical report of a blood, urine, or saliva sample test
taken at the direction of the game warden or law enforcement officer must be made available to
that person by the department or law enforcement agency that administered the chemical test.
SECTION 9. AMENDMENT. Subsection 2 of section 20.1-15-05 of the North Dakota

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**SECTION 9. AMENDMENT.** Subsection 2 of section 20.1-15-05 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

8 2. If a chemical test administered under section 20.1-15-01 or 20.1-15-04 was by 9 saliva or urine sample or by drawing blood as provided in section 20.1-15-03 and 10 the person tested does not reside in an area in which the game warden or law 11 enforcement officer has jurisdiction, the game warden or law enforcement officer 12 shall, on receiving the analysis of the saliva, urine, or blood from the director of the 13 state toxicologist crime laboratory or the director's designee and if the analysis 14 shows that person had an alcohol, other drug, or a combination thereof 15 concentration of at least ten one-hundredths of one percent by weight, either 16 proceed in accordance with subsection 1 during that person's reappearance within 17 the game warden's or officer's jurisdiction or notify a game warden or law 18 enforcement agency having jurisdiction where the person resides. On that 19 notification, that game warden or law enforcement agency shall immediately issue 20 a statement of intent to revoke, suspend, or deny hunting privileges and take 21 possession of the person's hunting license if it is then available and, within 22 twenty-four hours, forward the license to the game warden or law enforcement 23 agency making the arrest or to the director. The issuance of a statement of intent 24 to revoke, suspend, or deny hunting privileges and the taking of possession of the 25 person's hunting license serves as the director's official notification to the person of 26 the director's intent to revoke, suspend, or deny hunting privileges in this state. 27 SECTION 10. AMENDMENT. Subsections 2 and 4 of section 20.1-15-08 of the North

28 Dakota Century Code are amended and reenacted as follows:

If the issue to be determined by the hearing concerns suspension of hunting
 privileges for being afield with a gun or other firearm or a bow and arrow while
 having an alcohol, other drug, or a combination thereof concentration of at least ten

1 one-hundredths of one percent by weight, the hearing must be before a hearing 2 officer assigned by the director and at a time and place designated by the director. 3 The hearing must be recorded and its scope may cover only the issues of whether 4 the arresting warden or officer had reasonable grounds to believe the person had 5 been afield with a gun or other firearm or bow and arrow in violation of section 6 20.1-01-06; whether the person was placed under arrest; whether the person was 7 tested in accordance with section 20.1-15-01 or 20.1-15-04 and, if applicable, 8 section 20.1-15-03; and whether the chemical test results show the person had an 9 alcohol, other drug, or a combination thereof concentration of at least ten 10 one-hundredths of one percent by weight. For purposes of this section, a copy of a 11 certified copy of an analytical report of a blood, urine, or saliva sample from the 12 director of the state toxicologist crime laboratory or the director's designee, or a 13 certified copy of the checklist and test records from a certified breath test operator 14 establish prima facie the alcohol, other drug, or a combination thereof 15 concentration shown therein. Whether the person was informed that the privilege 16 to hunt might be suspended based on the results of the chemical test is not an 17 issue.

18 4. At a hearing under this section, the regularly kept records of the director may be 19 introduced. Those records establish prima facie their contents without further 20 foundation. For purposes of this chapter, the following are deemed regularly kept 21 records of the director: any copy of a certified copy of an analytical report of a 22 blood, urine, or saliva sample received by the director from the director of the state 23 toxicologist crime laboratory or the director's designee or a game warden or a law 24 enforcement officer, a certified copy of the checklist and test records received by 25 the director from a certified breath test operator, and any copy of a certified copy of 26 a certificate of the director of the state toxicologist crime laboratory or the director's 27 designee relating to approved methods, devices, operators, materials, and 28 checklists used for testing for alcohol, other drug, or a combination thereof 29 concentration received by the director from the director of the state toxicologist 30 crime laboratory or the director's designee, or the recorder, unless the board of 31 county commissioners has designated a different official to maintain the certificate.

SECTION 11. AMENDMENT. Subsections 5, 6, and 8 of section 20.1-15-11 of the
 North Dakota Century Code are amended and reenacted are follows:

- 3 5. The results of the chemical test must be received in evidence when it is shown that 4 the sample was properly obtained and the test was fairly administered, and if the 5 test is shown to have been performed according to methods and with devices 6 approved by the director of the state toxicologist crime laboratory or the director's 7 designee, and by an individual possessing a certificate of qualification to administer 8 the test issued by the director of the state toxicologist crime laboratory or the 9 director's designee. The director of the state toxicologist crime laboratory or the director's designee is authorized to approve satisfactory devices and methods of 10 11 chemical tests and determine the qualifications of individuals to conduct such tests, 12 and shall issue a certificate to every qualified operator. An operator shall exhibit 13 the certificate upon demand of the person requested to take the chemical test. 14 The director of the state toxicologist crime laboratory or the director's designee 6. 15 may appoint, train, certify, and supervise field inspectors of breath testing 16 equipment and its operation, and the inspectors shall report the findings of any 17 inspection to the director of the state toxicologist crime laboratory or the director's 18 designee for appropriate action. Upon approval of the methods or devices, or both, 19 required to perform the tests and the persons gualified to administer them, the 20 director of the state toxicologist crime laboratory or the director's designee shall 21 prepare and file written record of the approval with the director and the recorder in 22 each county, unless the board of county commissioners designates a different 23 official, and shall include in the record:
- 24a.An annual register of the specific testing devices currently approved, including25serial number, location, and the date and results of last inspection.
- 26 b. An annual register of currently qualified and certified operators of the devices,
  27 stating the date of certification and its expiration.
- c. The operational checklist and forms prescribing the methods currently
   approved by the <u>director of the</u> state toxicologist crime laboratory or the
   <u>director's designee</u> in using the devices during the administration of the tests.

1 The material filed under this section may be supplemented when the <u>director of the</u> 2 state toxicologist <u>crime laboratory or the director's designee</u> determines it to be 3 necessary, and any supplemental material has the same force and effect as the 4 material that it supplements.

8. A certified copy of the analytical report of a blood, urine, or saliva test issued by the
 <u>director of the</u> state toxicologist crime laboratory or the director's designee must be
 accepted as prima facie evidence of the results of a chemical test performed under
 this chapter.

9 SECTION 12. AMENDMENT. Section 20.1-15-15 of the North Dakota Century Code is
10 amended and reenacted as follows:

11 **20.1-15-15.** Screening tests. Any person who is afield with a gun or other firearm or a 12 bow and arrow is deemed to have given consent to submit to an onsite screening test of the 13 person's breath for the purpose of estimating the alcohol, other drug, or a combination thereof 14 content of the person's blood upon the request of a game warden or a law enforcement officer 15 who has reason to believe and has, through the officer's observations, formulated an opinion 16 that the person's body contains alcohol, other drugs, or a combination thereof. A person may 17 not be required to submit to a screening test of breath while at a hospital as a patient if the 18 medical practitioner in immediate charge of the person's case is not first notified of the proposal 19 to make the requirement or objects to the test on the ground that such would be prejudicial to 20 the proper care or treatment of the patient. The screening test must be performed by a game 21 warden or an enforcement officer certified as a chemical test operator by the director of the 22 state toxicologist crime laboratory or the director's designee and according to methods and with 23 devices approved by the director of the state toxicologist crime laboratory or the director's 24 designee. The results of the screening test must be used only for determining whether a further 25 test is to be given under the provisions of section 20.1-15-01. The officer shall inform the 26 person that refusal of the person to submit to a screening test will result in a revocation for up to 27 four years of that person's hunting privileges. If the person refuses to submit to the screening 28 test, none may be given, but the refusal is sufficient cause to revoke the person's hunting 29 privileges in the same manner as provided in section 20.1-15-06, and a hearing as provided in 30 section 20.1-15-08 and a judicial review as provided in section 20.1-15-09 must be available. 31 However, the director may not revoke a person's hunting privileges for refusing to submit to a

1 screening test requested under this section if the person provides a sufficient breath, blood, or 2 urine sample for a chemical test requested under section 20.1-15-01 for the same incident. 3 This section does not supersede any provisions of sections 20.1-15-01 through 20.1-15-14, nor 4 does any provision of sections 20.1-15-01 through 20.1-15-14 supersede this section except as 5 provided herein. For the purposes of this section, "chemical test operator" means a person 6 certified by the director of the state toxicologist crime laboratory or the director's designee as 7 gualified to perform analysis for alcohol, other drugs, or a combination thereof in a person's 8 blood, breath, saliva, or urine.

9 SECTION 13. AMENDMENT. Subsection 2 of section 28-32-01 of the North Dakota
10 Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

"Administrative agency" or "agency" means each board, bureau, commission,
 department, or other administrative unit of the executive branch of state
 government, including one or more officers, employees, or other persons directly or
 indirectly purporting to act on behalf or under authority of the agency. An
 administrative unit located within or subordinate to an administrative agency must
 be treated as part of that agency to the extent it purports to exercise authority
 subject to this chapter. The term administrative agency does not include:

- 18a.The office of management and budget except with respect to rules made19under section 32-12.2-14, rules relating to conduct on the capitol grounds and20in buildings located on the capitol grounds under section 54-21-18, rules21relating to the classified service as authorized under section 54-44.3-07, and22rules relating to state purchasing practices as required under section2354-44.4-04.
- b. The adjutant general with respect to the division of emergency management.
- 25 c. The council on the arts.
- 26 d. The state auditor.
- e. The department of commerce with respect to the division of economicdevelopment and finance.
- 29 f. The dairy promotion commission.
- 30 g. The education factfinding commission.
- 31 h. The educational technology council.

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1		i.	The board of equalization.
2		j.	The board of higher education.
3		k.	The Indian affairs commission.
4		I.	The industrial commission with respect to the activities of the Bank of North
5			Dakota, North Dakota housing finance agency, North Dakota municipal bond
6			bank, North Dakota mill and elevator association, and North Dakota farm
7			finance agency.
8		m.	The department of corrections and rehabilitation except with respect to the
9			activities of the division of adult services under chapter 54-23.4.
10		n.	The pardon advisory board.
11		0.	The parks and recreation department.
12		p.	The parole board.
13		q.	The state fair association.
14		r.	The attorney general with respect to activities of the state toxicologist and the
15			state crime laboratory.
16		s.	The board of university and school lands except with respect to activities
17			under chapter 47-30.1.
18		t.	The administrative committee on veterans' affairs except with respect to rules
19			relating to the supervision and government of the veterans' home and the
20			implementation of programs or services provided by the veterans' home.
21		u.	The industrial commission with respect to the lignite research fund except as
22			required under section 57-61-01.5.
23		v.	The attorney general with respect to guidelines adopted under section
24			12.1-32-15 for the risk assessment of sexual offenders, the risk level review
25			process, and public disclosure of information under section 12.1-32-15.
26	SEC	CTIO	N 14. AMENDMENT. Subsection 2 of section 39-06.2-10.3 of the North
27	Dakota Cer	ntury	Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
28	2.	lf a	test administered under section 39-06.2-10.2 was by a urine or blood sample
29		and	I the person tested is not a resident of an area in which the law enforcement
30		offic	cer has jurisdiction, the law enforcement officer shall, on receiving the analysis
31		of th	he sample by the <u>director of the</u> state <del>toxicologist</del> crime laboratory or the

1 director's designee showing that person had an alcohol concentration of at least 2 four one-hundredths of one percent by weight, either proceed in accordance with 3 subsection 1 during that person's reappearance within the officer's jurisdiction or 4 notify a law enforcement agency having jurisdiction where the person lives. On 5 that notification, that law enforcement agency shall immediately take possession of 6 the person's North Dakota commercial driver's license or permit and, within 7 twenty-four hours, forward it and a copy of the temporary driver's permit to the 8 halting officer. The law enforcement agency shall also, on taking possession of the 9 person's commercial driver's license, issue to that person a temporary driver's 10 permit according to section 39-06.2-10.8.

SECTION 15. AMENDMENT. Subsections 2 and 4 of section 39-06.2-10.6 of the
 North Dakota Century Code are amended and reenacted as follows:

13 2. If the issue to be determined by the hearing concerns license suspension for 14 operating a commercial motor vehicle while having an alcohol concentration of at 15 least four one-hundredths of one percent by weight, the hearing must be before a 16 hearing officer assigned by the director and at a time and place designated by the 17 director. The hearing must be recorded and its scope may cover only the issues of 18 whether the arresting officer had reasonable grounds to believe the person had 19 been driving or was in actual physical control of a commercial motor vehicle in 20 violation of section 39-06.2-10.1, whether the person was lawfully detained, 21 whether the person was tested in accordance with section 39-06.2-10.2, and 22 whether the test results show the person had an alcohol concentration of at least 23 four one-hundredths of one percent by weight. For purposes of this section, a copy 24 of a certified copy of an analytical report of a blood or urine sample from the office 25 of the director of the state toxicologist crime laboratory or the director's designee, 26 or a certified copy of the checklist and test records from a certified breath test 27 operator establish prima facie the alcohol concentration shown therein. Whether 28 the person was warned that the privilege to drive might be suspended based on 29 the results of the test is not an issue.

30 4. At a hearing under this section, the regularly kept records of the director may be
31 introduced. Those records establish prima facie their contents without further

1 foundation. For purposes of this chapter, the following are deemed regularly kept 2 records of the director: any copy of a certified copy of an analytical report of a 3 blood or urine sample received by the director from the office of the director of the 4 state toxicologist crime laboratory or the director's designee or a law enforcement 5 officer, a certified copy of the checklist and test records received by the director 6 from a certified breath test operator, and any copy of a certified copy of a certificate 7 of the office of the director of the state toxicologist crime laboratory or the director's 8 designee relating to approved methods, devices, operators, materials, and 9 checklists used for testing for alcohol concentration received by the director from 10 the office of the director of the state toxicologist crime laboratory or the director's 11 designee, or the recorder, unless the board of county commissioners has 12 designated a different official to maintain the certificate.

SECTION 16. AMENDMENT. Section 39-20-01 of the North Dakota Century Code is
amended and reenacted as follows:

15 **39-20-01.** Implied consent to determine alcohol and drug content of blood. Any person who operates a motor vehicle on a highway or on public or private areas to which the 16 17 public has a right of access for vehicular use in this state is deemed to have given consent, and 18 shall consent, subject to the provisions of this chapter, to a chemical test, or tests, of the blood, 19 breath, saliva, or urine for the purpose of determining the alcohol, other drug, or combination 20 thereof, content of the blood. As used in this chapter the word "drug" means any drug or 21 substance or combination of drugs or substances which renders a person incapable of safely 22 driving, and the words "chemical test" or "chemical analysis" mean any test to determine the 23 alcohol, or other drug, or combination thereof, content of the blood, breath, saliva, or urine, 24 approved by the director of the state toxicologist crime laboratory or the director's designee 25 under this chapter. The test or tests must be administered at the direction of a law enforcement 26 officer only after placing the person, except persons mentioned in section 39-20-03, under 27 arrest and informing that person that the person is or will be charged with the offense of driving 28 or being in actual physical control of a vehicle upon the public highways while under the 29 influence of intoxicating liquor, drugs, or a combination thereof. For the purposes of this 30 chapter, the taking into custody of a child under section 27-20-13 or a person under twenty-one 31 years of age satisfies the requirement of an arrest. The law enforcement officer shall also

1 inform the person charged that refusal of the person to submit to the test determined 2 appropriate will result in a revocation for up to three years of the person's driving privileges. 3 The law enforcement officer shall determine which of the tests is to be used. When a person 4 under the age of eighteen years is taken into custody for violating section 39-08-01 or an 5 equivalent ordinance, the law enforcement officer shall attempt to contact the person's parent or 6 legal guardian to explain the cause for the custody. Neither the law enforcement officer's 7 efforts to contact, nor any consultation with, a parent or legal guardian may be permitted to 8 interfere with the administration of chemical testing requirements under this chapter. The law 9 enforcement officer shall mail a notice to the parent or legal guardian of the minor within ten 10 days after the test results are received or within ten days after the minor is taken into custody if 11 the minor refuses to submit to testing. The notice must contain a statement of the test 12 performed and the results of that test; or if the minor refuses to submit to the testing, a 13 statement notifying of that fact. The attempt to contact or the contacting or notification of a 14 parent or legal guardian is not a precondition to the admissibility of chemical test results or the 15 finding of a consent to, or refusal of, chemical testing by the person in custody.

SECTION 17. AMENDMENT. Section 39-20-02 of the North Dakota Century Code is
 amended and reenacted as follows:

18 **39-20-02.** Persons qualified to administer test and opportunity for additional test. 19 Only an individual medically qualified to draw blood, acting at the request of a law enforcement 20 officer, may withdraw blood for the purpose of determining the alcohol, drug, or combination 21 thereof, content therein. The director of the state toxicologist crime laboratory or the director's 22 designee shall determine the qualifications or credentials for being medically qualified to draw 23 blood, and shall issue a list of approved designations including medical doctor and registered 24 nurse. This limitation does not apply to the taking of breath, saliva, or urine specimen. The 25 person tested may have an individual of the person's choosing, who is medically qualified to 26 draw blood, administer a chemical test or tests in addition to any administered at the direction of 27 a law enforcement officer with all costs of an additional test or tests to be the sole responsibility 28 of the person charged. The failure or inability to obtain an additional test by a person does not 29 preclude the admission of the test or tests taken at the direction of a law enforcement officer. 30 Upon the request of the person who is tested, a copy of the operational checklist and test 31 record of a breath sample test or analytical report of a blood, urine, or saliva sample test taken

at the direction of the law enforcement officer must be made available to that person by the law
 enforcement agency that administered the test or tests.

- 3 SECTION 18. AMENDMENT. Subsection 2 of section 39-20-03.1 of the North Dakota
  4 Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
- 5 If a test administered under section 39-20-01 or 39-20-03 was by saliva or urine 2. 6 sample or by drawing blood as provided in section 39-20-02 and the person tested 7 is not a resident of an area in which the law enforcement officer has jurisdiction, 8 the law enforcement officer shall, on receiving the analysis of the saliva, urine, or 9 blood from the director of the state toxicologist crime laboratory or the director's 10 designee and if the analysis shows that person had an alcohol concentration of at 11 least eight one-hundredths of one percent by weight or, with respect to a person 12 under twenty-one years of age, an alcohol concentration of at least two 13 one-hundredths of one percent by weight, either proceed in accordance with 14 subsection 1 during that person's reappearance within the officer's jurisdiction or 15 notify a law enforcement agency having jurisdiction where the person lives. On 16 that notification, that law enforcement agency shall immediately take possession of 17 the person's North Dakota operator's license or permit if it is then available and, 18 within twenty-four hours, forward the license and a copy of the temporary 19 operator's permit to the law enforcement agency making the arrest or to the 20 director. The law enforcement agency shall also, on taking possession of the 21 person's operator's license, issue to that person a temporary operator's permit as 22 provided in this section, and shall sign and date the permit as provided in 23 subsection 1. The temporary operator's permit serves as the director's official 24 notification to the person of the director's intent to revoke, suspend, or deny driving 25 privileges in this state.
- SECTION 19. AMENDMENT. Subsections 2 and 4 of section 39-20-05 of the North
   Dakota Century Code are amended and reenacted as follows:
- If the issue to be determined by the hearing concerns license suspension for
   operating a motor vehicle while having an alcohol concentration of at least eight
   one-hundredths of one percent by weight or, with respect to a person under
   twenty-one years of age, an alcohol concentration of at least two one-hundredths

1 of one percent by weight, the hearing must be before a hearing officer assigned by 2 the director and at a time and place designated by the director. The hearing must 3 be recorded and its scope may cover only the issues of whether the arresting 4 officer had reasonable grounds to believe the person had been driving or was in 5 actual physical control of a vehicle in violation of section 39-08-01 or equivalent 6 ordinance or, with respect to a person under twenty-one years of age, the person 7 had been driving or was in actual physical control of a vehicle while having an 8 alcohol concentration of at least two one-hundredths of one percent by weight; 9 whether the person was placed under arrest, unless the person was under 10 twenty-one years of age and the alcohol concentration was less than eight 11 one-hundredths of one percent by weight, then arrest is not required and is not an 12 issue under any provision of this chapter; whether the person was tested in 13 accordance with section 39-20-01 or 39-20-03 and, if applicable, section 39-20-02; 14 and whether the test results show the person had an alcohol concentration of at 15 least eight one-hundredths of one percent by weight or, with respect to a person under twenty-one years of age, an alcohol concentration of at least two 16 17 one-hundredths of one percent by weight. For purposes of this section, a copy of a 18 certified copy of an analytical report of a blood, urine, or saliva sample from the 19 director of the state toxicologist crime laboratory or the director's designee or a 20 certified copy of the checklist and test records from a certified breath test operator 21 establish prima facie the alcohol concentration shown therein. Whether the person 22 was informed that the privilege to drive might be suspended based on the results of 23 the test is not an issue.

24 4. At a hearing under this section, the regularly kept records of the director may be 25 introduced. Those records establish prima facie their contents without further 26 foundation. For purposes of this chapter, the following are deemed regularly kept 27 records of the director: any copy of a certified copy of an analytical report of a 28 blood, urine, or saliva sample received by the director from the director of the state 29 toxicologist crime laboratory or the director's designee or a law enforcement 30 officer, a certified copy of the checklist and test records received by the director 31 from a certified breath test operator, and any copy of a certified copy of a certificate

1of the director of the state toxicologist crime laboratory or the director's designee2relating to approved methods, devices, operators, materials, and checklists used3for testing for alcohol concentration received by the director from the director of the4state toxicologist crime laboratory, the director's designee, or the recorder, unless5the board of county commissioners has designated a different official to maintain6the certificate.

7 SECTION 20. AMENDMENT. Subsections 5, 6, and 8 of section 39-20-07 of the North
8 Dakota Century Code are amended and reenacted as follows:

- 9 5. The results of the chemical analysis must be received in evidence when it is shown 10 that the sample was properly obtained and the test was fairly administered, and if 11 the test is shown to have been performed according to methods and with devices 12 approved by the director of the state toxicologist crime laboratory or the director's 13 designee, and by an individual possessing a certificate of qualification to administer 14 the test issued by the director of the state toxicologist crime laboratory or the 15 director's designee. The director of the state toxicologist crime laboratory or the 16 director's designee is authorized to approve satisfactory devices and methods of 17 chemical analysis and determine the qualifications of individuals to conduct such 18 analysis, and shall issue a certificate to all qualified operators who exhibit the 19 certificate upon demand of the person requested to take the chemical test.
- 20 6. The director of the state toxicologist crime laboratory or the director's designee 21 may appoint, train, certify, and supervise field inspectors of breath testing 22 equipment and its operation, and the inspectors shall report the findings of any 23 inspection to the director of the state toxicologist crime laboratory or the director's 24 designee for appropriate action. Upon approval of the methods or devices, or both, 25 required to perform the tests and the persons gualified to administer them, the 26 director of the state toxicologist crime laboratory or the director's designee shall 27 prepare and file written record of the approval with the director and the recorder in 28 each county, unless the board of county commissioners designates a different 29 official, and shall include in the record:
- a. An annual register of the specific testing devices currently approved, including
  serial number, location, and the date and results of last inspection.

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2		stating the date of certification and its expiration.
3		c. The operational checklist and forms prescribing the methods currently
4		approved by the director of the state toxicologist crime laboratory or the
5		director's designee in using the devices during the administration of the tests.
6		The material filed under this section may be supplemented when the director of the
7		state toxicologist crime laboratory or the director's designee determines it to be
8		necessary, and any supplemental material has the same force and effect as the
9		material that it supplements.
10	8.	A certified copy of the analytical report of a blood, urine, or saliva analysis referred
11		to in subsection 5 and which is issued by the <u>director of the</u> state <del>toxicologist</del> <u>crime</u>
12		laboratory or the director's designee must be accepted as prima facie evidence of
13		the results of a chemical analysis performed under this chapter. The certified copy
14		satisfies the directives of subsection 5.
15	SEC	CTION 21. AMENDMENT. Section 39-20-13 of the North Dakota Century Code is
16	amended a	nd reenacted as follows:
17	39-2	20-13. State toxicologist crime laboratory to examine specimens of fatalities in
18	accidental	deaths involving a motor vehicle - Record use. In cases of death resulting from
19		
19	a motor veh	nicle accident or other unnatural death occurring in a motor vehicle, the county
20		all require that specimens of blood, urine, and vitreous humor be withdrawn from the
	coroner sha	
20	coroner sha body of the	all require that specimens of blood, urine, and vitreous humor be withdrawn from the
20 21	coroner sha body of the coroner's p	all require that specimens of blood, urine, and vitreous humor be withdrawn from the decedent within twenty-four hours after the decedent's death by a coroner,
20 21 22	coroner sha body of the coroner's p collected ar	all require that specimens of blood, urine, and vitreous humor be withdrawn from the decedent within twenty-four hours after the decedent's death by a coroner, hysician, or other qualified person, prior to embalming. The specimens must be
20 21 22 23	coroner sha body of the coroner's p collected an toxicologist	all require that specimens of blood, urine, and vitreous humor be withdrawn from the decedent within twenty-four hours after the decedent's death by a coroner, hysician, or other qualified person, prior to embalming. The specimens must be here preserved by methods and techniques established by the <u>director of the</u> state
20 21 22 23 24	coroner sha body of the coroner's p collected an toxicologist to the <u>direc</u>	all require that specimens of blood, urine, and vitreous humor be withdrawn from the decedent within twenty-four hours after the decedent's death by a coroner, hysician, or other qualified person, prior to embalming. The specimens must be here a preserved by methods and techniques established by the <u>director of the</u> state <u>crime laboratory or the director's designee</u> . The specimens so drawn must be sent
20 21 22 23 24 25	coroner sha body of the coroner's p collected an toxicologist to the <u>direc</u> for alcohol,	all require that specimens of blood, urine, and vitreous humor be withdrawn from the decedent within twenty-four hours after the decedent's death by a coroner, hysician, or other qualified person, prior to embalming. The specimens must be here a preserved by methods and techniques established by the <u>director of the</u> state <u>crime laboratory or the director's designee</u> . The specimens so drawn must be sent tor of the state toxicologist crime laboratory or the director's designee for analysis
20 21 22 23 24 25 26	coroner sha body of the coroner's p collected an toxicologist to the <u>direc</u> for alcohol, <u>crime labor</u>	all require that specimens of blood, urine, and vitreous humor be withdrawn from the decedent within twenty-four hours after the decedent's death by a coroner, hysician, or other qualified person, prior to embalming. The specimens must be not preserved by methods and techniques established by the <u>director of the</u> state <u>crime laboratory or the director's designee</u> . The specimens so drawn must be sent tor of the state toxicologist crime laboratory or the director's designee for analysis carbon monoxide, and other drug content. The <u>director of the</u> state toxicologist
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	coroner sha body of the coroner's p collected an toxicologist to the <u>direc</u> for alcohol, <u>crime labor</u> used for sta	all require that specimens of blood, urine, and vitreous humor be withdrawn from the decedent within twenty-four hours after the decedent's death by a coroner, hysician, or other qualified person, prior to embalming. The specimens must be and preserved by methods and techniques established by the <u>director of the</u> state <u>crime laboratory or the director's designee</u> . The specimens so drawn must be sent tor of the state toxicologist crime laboratory or the director's designee for analysis carbon monoxide, and other drug content. The <u>director of the</u> state toxicologist atory or the director's designee shall keep a record of all such examinations to be
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	coroner sha body of the coroner's p collected an toxicologist to the <u>direc</u> for alcohol, <u>crime labor</u> used for sta national hig	all require that specimens of blood, urine, and vitreous humor be withdrawn from the decedent within twenty-four hours after the decedent's death by a coroner, hysician, or other qualified person, prior to embalming. The specimens must be and preserved by methods and techniques established by the <u>director of the</u> state <u>crime laboratory or the director's designee</u> . The specimens so drawn must be sent tor of the state toxicologist crime laboratory or the director's designee for analysis carbon monoxide, and other drug content. The <u>director of the</u> state toxicologist atory or the director's designee shall keep a record of all such examinations to be atistical purposes. The records must be made available to the director for use by the
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	coroner sha body of the coroner's p collected an toxicologist to the <u>direc</u> for alcohol, <u>crime labor</u> used for sta national hig possession	all require that specimens of blood, urine, and vitreous humor be withdrawn from the decedent within twenty-four hours after the decedent's death by a coroner, hysician, or other qualified person, prior to embalming. The specimens must be and preserved by methods and techniques established by the <u>director of the</u> state <u>crime laboratory or the director's designee</u> . The specimens so drawn must be sent tor of the state toxicologist crime laboratory or the director's designee for analysis carbon monoxide, and other drug content. The <u>director of the</u> state toxicologist atory or the director's designee shall keep a record of all such examinations to be atistical purposes. The records must be made available to the director for use by the phway traffic safety administration in analyzing fatal accidents. The information in the

b. An annual register of currently qualified and certified operators of the devices,

1 results of the examinations referred to in this section must be used only for statistical purposes, 2 except that the results must be released upon the issuance of a subpoena duces tecum by a 3 court of competent jurisdiction in any civil or criminal action. The cumulative results of the 4 examinations, without identifying the individuals involved, must be disseminated to interested 5 state and local officials and made public by the director of the state toxicologist crime laboratory 6 or the director's designee. Any person drawing the specimens and any person making any 7 examination under the terms of this section are immune from all liability, civil or criminal, that 8 might otherwise be incurred or imposed. The individual drawing the specimens must be paid a 9 fee of five dollars by the state toxicologist for each acceptable specimen submitted for analysis 10 under the requirements of this section.

SECTION 22. AMENDMENT. Section 39-20-14 of the North Dakota Century Code is
 amended and reenacted as follows:

13 **39-20-14.** Screening tests. Any person who operates a motor vehicle upon the public 14 highways of this state is deemed to have given consent to submit to an onsite screening test or 15 tests of the person's breath for the purpose of estimating the alcohol content of the person's 16 blood upon the request of a law enforcement officer who has reason to believe that the person 17 committed a moving traffic violation or was involved in a traffic accident as a driver, and in 18 conjunction with the violation or the accident the officer has, through the officer's observations, 19 formulated an opinion that the person's body contains alcohol. A person may not be required to 20 submit to a screening test or tests of breath while at a hospital as a patient if the medical 21 practitioner in immediate charge of the person's case is not first notified of the proposal to make 22 the requirement, or objects to the test or tests on the ground that such would be prejudicial to 23 the proper care or treatment of the patient. The screening test or tests must be performed by 24 an enforcement officer certified as a chemical test operator by the director of the state 25 toxicologist crime laboratory or the director's designee and according to methods and with 26 devices approved by the director of the state toxicologist crime laboratory or the director's 27 designee. The results of such screening test must be used only for determining whether or not 28 a further test shall be given under the provisions of section 39-20-01. The officer shall inform 29 the person that refusal of the person to submit to a screening test will result in a revocation for 30 up to three years of that person's driving privileges. If such person refuses to submit to such 31 screening test or tests, none may be given, but such refusal is sufficient cause to revoke such

1 person's license or permit to drive in the same manner as provided in section 39-20-04, and a 2 hearing as provided in section 39-20-05 and a judicial review as provided in section 39-20-06 3 must be available. However, the director must not revoke a person's driving privileges for 4 refusing to submit to a screening test requested under this section if the person provides a 5 sufficient breath, blood, or urine sample for a chemical test requested under section 39-20-01 6 for the same incident. No provisions of this section may supersede any provisions of chapter 7 39-20, nor may any provision of chapter 39-20 be construed to supersede this section except 8 as provided herein. For the purposes of this section, "chemical test operator" means a person 9 certified by the director of the state toxicologist crime laboratory or the director's designee as 10 qualified to perform analysis for alcohol in a person's blood, breath, saliva, or urine.

SECTION 23. AMENDMENT. Section 39-24.1-01 of the North Dakota Century Code is
 amended and reenacted as follows:

13 **39-24.1-01.** Implied consent to determine alcohol and drug content of blood. A 14 person who operates a snowmobile on any public land or private land with public access is 15 deemed to have given consent, and shall consent, subject to this chapter, to a chemical test, or 16 tests, of the blood, breath, saliva, or urine for the purpose of determining the alcohol, other 17 drug, or combination thereof, content of the blood. As used in this chapter, the definitions in 18 section 39-24-01 apply, and in addition, "chemical test" means any test or tests to determine 19 the alcohol, or other drug, or combination thereof, content of the blood, breath, saliva, or urine, 20 approved by the director of the state toxicologist crime laboratory or the director's designee 21 under this chapter; and "drug" means any drug or substance or combination of drugs or 22 substances which renders a person incapable of safely operating a snowmobile. The chemical 23 test must be administered at the direction of a law enforcement officer only after placing the 24 person, except persons mentioned in section 39-24.1-04, under arrest and informing that 25 person that the person is or will be charged with the offense of operating a snowmobile while 26 under the influence of intoxicating liquor, drugs, or a combination thereof. For the purposes of 27 this chapter, the taking into custody of a minor under section 27-20-13 satisfies the requirement 28 of an arrest. The law enforcement officer shall also inform the person charged that refusal of 29 the person to submit to the chemical test determined appropriate will result in that person being 30 prohibited from operating a snowmobile for up to three years. The law enforcement officer shall 31 determine the chemical test to be used. When a minor is taken into custody for violating

subdivision c of subsection 5 of section 39-24-09, the law enforcement officer shall diligently
attempt to contact the minor's parent or legal guardian to explain the cause for the custody and
the implied consent chemical testing requirements. Neither the law enforcement officer's efforts
to contact, nor any consultation with, a parent or legal guardian may be permitted to interfere
with the administration of chemical testing requirements under this chapter.

6 SECTION 24. AMENDMENT. Section 39-24.1-03 of the North Dakota Century Code is
7 amended and reenacted as follows:

8 39-24.1-03. Persons qualified to administer chemical test and opportunity for 9 additional test. Only an individual medically gualified to draw blood, acting at the request of a 10 law enforcement officer, may withdraw blood for the purpose of determining the alcohol, drug, 11 or combination thereof, content of the blood. The director of the state toxicologist crime 12 laboratory or the director's designee shall determine the qualifications or credentials for being 13 medically qualified to draw blood, and shall issue a list of approved designations including 14 medical doctor and registered nurse. This limitation does not apply to the taking of a breath, 15 saliva, or urine specimen. The person tested may have an individual of that person's own 16 choosing, who is medically qualified to draw blood, administer a chemical test in addition to any 17 administered at the direction of a law enforcement officer with all costs of the additional 18 chemical test to be the responsibility of the person charged. The failure or inability to obtain an 19 additional chemical test by a person does not preclude the admission of the chemical test taken 20 at the direction of a law enforcement officer. Upon the request of the person who is tested, a 21 copy of the operational checklist and test record of a breath sample test or analytical report of a 22 blood, urine, or saliva sample test taken at the direction of the law enforcement officer must be 23 made available to that person by the law enforcement agency that administered the chemical 24 test.

SECTION 25. AMENDMENT. Subsections 3, 4, and 6 of section 39-24.1-08 of the
North Dakota Century Code are amended and reenacted as follows:

3. The results of the chemical test must be received in evidence when it is shown that
the sample was properly obtained and the test was fairly administered, and if the
test is shown to have been performed according to methods and with devices
approved by the <u>director of the</u> state toxicologist crime laboratory or the director's
designee, and by an individual possessing a certificate of gualification to administer

1		the test issued by the director of the state toxicologist crime laboratory or the
2		director's designee. The director of the state toxicologist crime laboratory or the
3		director's designee is authorized to approve satisfactory devices and methods of
4		chemical tests and determine the qualifications of individuals to conduct such tests,
5		and shall issue a certificate to every qualified operator. An operator shall exhibit
6		the certificate upon demand of the person requested to take the chemical test.
7	4.	The director of the state toxicologist crime laboratory or the director's designee
8		may appoint, train, certify, and supervise field inspectors of breath testing
9		equipment and its operation, and the inspectors shall report the findings of any
10		inspection to the director of the state toxicologist crime laboratory or the director's
11		designee for appropriate action. Upon approval of the methods or devices, or both,
12		required to perform the tests and the persons qualified to administer them, the
13		director of the state toxicologist crime laboratory or the director's designee shall
14		prepare and file written record of the approval with the director and the recorder in
15		each county, unless the board of county commissioners designates a different
16		official, and shall include in the record:
17		a. An annual register of the specific testing devices currently approved, including
18		serial number, location, and the date and results of last inspection.
19		b. An annual register of currently qualified and certified operators of the devices,
20		stating the date of certification and its expiration.
21		c. The operational checklist and forms prescribing the methods currently
22		approved by the director of the state toxicologist crime laboratory or the
23		director's designee in using the devices during the administration of the tests.
24		The material filed under this subsection may be supplemented when the director of
25		the state toxicologist crime laboratory or the director's designee determines it to be
26		necessary, and any supplemental material has the same force and effect as the
27		material that it supplements.
28	6.	A certified copy of the analytical report of a blood, urine, or saliva test issued by the
29		director of the state toxicologist crime laboratory or the director's designee must be
30		accepted as prima facie evidence of the results of a chemical test performed under
31		this chapter.