Fifty-ninth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

HOUSE BILL NO. 1346

Introduced by

Representatives Thoreson, Horter, Kingsbury

Senators Flakoll, Klein, O'Connell

1 A BILL for an Act to amend and reenact section 19-03.4-08 of the North Dakota Century Code,

2 relating to retail sale of a methamphetamine precursor drug; and to provide a penalty.

3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

4 **SECTION 1. AMENDMENT.** Section 19-03.4-08 of the North Dakota Century Code is 5 amended and reenacted as follows:

6 **19-03.4-08.** Retail or over-the-counter sale of methamphetamine precursor

7 drugs - Penalty.

8	1.	The	retail sale of nonliquid methamphetamine precursor drugs is limited to:
9		a.	Sales in packages containing not more than a total of three two grams of one
10			or more methamphetamine precursor drugs, calculated in terms of ephedrine
11			HCI and pseudoephedrine HCI; and
12		b.	Sales in blister packs, each blister containing not more than two dosage units,
13			or when the use of blister packs is technically infeasible, sales in unit dose
14			packets or pouches.
15	2.	A pe	erson may not deliver in a single over-the-counter sale more than two packages
16		of a	methamphetamine precursor drug or a combination of methamphetamine
17		prec	cursor drugs.
18	3.	Whe	en offering a methamphetamine precursor drug for retail sale, a person shall do
19		<u>at le</u>	east one of the following:
20		<u>a.</u>	Maintain continuous video surveillance of the portion of the premises where
21			the methamphetamine precursor drug is displayed for sale and place signs or
22			placards giving notice to the public of the surveillance;
23		<u>b.</u>	Place the methamphetamine precursor drug behind a counter or other barrier
24			accessible only to the person making the sale of the drug;

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1		c. Place the methamphetamine precursor drug in the line of sight of the person
2		making the sale of the drug:
3		d. Display only one package of any brand or type of a methamphetamine
4		precursor drug for purchase in an area accessible to the public; or
5		e. Require, obtain, and make a written record of the identification of the person
6		purchasing the methamphetamine precursor drug. The identification must
7		consist of a document issued by a government agency as described in
8		subdivisions a and b of subsection 5.
9	<u>4.</u>	A person may not deliver in an over-the-counter sale a methamphetamine
10		precursor drug to a person under the age of eighteen years.
11	4. <u>5.</u>	It is a prima facie case of a violation of subsection $\frac{3}{4}$ if the person making the sale
12		did not require and obtain proof of age from the purchaser, unless from the
13		purchaser's outward appearance the person would reasonably presume the
14		purchaser to be twenty-five years of age or older. "Proof of age" means a
15		document issued by a governmental agency which:
16		a. Contains a description of the person or a photograph of the person, or both,
17		and gives the person's date of birth; and
18		b. Includes a passport, military identification card, or driver's license.
19	5. <u>6.</u>	It is an affirmative defense to a violation of subsection $3 4$ if:
20		a. The person making the sale required and obtained proof of age from the
21		purchaser;
22		b. The purchaser falsely represented the purchaser's proof of age by use of a
23		false, forged, or altered document;
24		c. The appearance of the purchaser was such that an ordinary and prudent
25		person would believe the purchaser to be at least eighteen years of age; and
26		d. The sale was made in good faith and in reliance upon the appearance and
27		representation of proof of age of the purchaser.
28	6. <u>7.</u>	This section does not apply to pediatric products labeled pursuant to federal
29		regulation primarily intended for administration to children under twelve years of
30		age according to label instructions or to a product that the state board of pharmacy,
31		upon application of a manufacturer, exempts from this section because the product

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1		has been formulated in such a way as to effectively prevent the conversion of the
2		active ingredient into methamphetamine, or its salts or precursors.
3	7. <u>8.</u>	A person who willfully violates subsection 1 is guilty of a class A misdemeanor. A
4		person who willfully violates subsection 2 or, 3, or 4 is guilty of an infraction.
5	8. <u>9.</u>	A person who is the owner, operator, or manager of the retail outlet or who is the
6		supervisor of the employee or agent committing a violation of this section of the
7		outlet where methamphetamine precursor drugs are available for sale is not
8		subject to the penalties of this section if the person:
9		a. Did not have prior knowledge of, participate in, or direct the employee or
10		agent to commit, the violation of this section; and
11		b. Documents that the employee or agent, at the time of initial employment and
12		each calendar year thereafter, participated in a training program approved by
13		the attorney general providing the employee or agent with information
14		regarding the state and federal regulations governing the sale, possession,
15		and packaging of such drugs.
16		The approval of the training program by the attorney general is not subject to
17		chapter 28-32.
18	9. <u>10.</u>	A political subdivision, including a home rule city or county, may not enact any
19		ordinance relating to the sale by a retail distributor of over-the-counter products
20		containing ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, or phenylpropanolamine. Any existing
21		ordinance is void.