## **FISCAL NOTE**

## Requested by Legislative Council

01/03/2005

Bill/Resolution No.: HB 1125

1A. **State fiscal effect:** Identify the state fiscal effect and the fiscal effect on agency appropriations compared to funding levels and appropriations anticipated under current law.

	2003-2005 Biennium		2005-2007 Biennium		2007-200	9 Biennium
	General Fund	Other Funds	General Fund	Other Funds	General Fund	Other Funds
Revenues Expenditures Appropriations						

1B. County,	city, and so	chool district	fiscal effect:	Identify the fiscal effect on the appropriate political subdivision.					
2003-2005 Biennium 2005-			-2007 Bienı	nium	2007-2009 Biennium				
		School			School			School	
Counties	Cities	Districts	Counties	Cities	Districts	Counties	Cities	Districts	

2. **Narrative:** Identify the aspects of the measure which cause fiscal impact and include any comments relevant to your analysis.

WORKFORCE SAFETY & INSURANCE 2005 LEGISLATION SUMMARY OF ACTUARIAL INFORMATION

BILL DESCRIPTION: Minimum Premiums, Discounts, and Medical Assessments

BILL NO: HB 1125

SUMMARY OF ACTUARIAL INFORMATION: Workforce Safety & Insurance (WSI), together with its actuary, Glenn Evans of Pacific Actuarial Consultants, has reviewed the legislation proposed in this bill in conformance with Section 54-03-25 of the North Dakota Century Code.

The proposed legislation allows changes to the minimum premium to be considered as part of the rate-making process; removes the mandated 5% discount for successful participation in a Risk Management Program with the intent of providing for a range of discounts dependent upon the individual success of those participating; provides for a waiver of the \$250 medical assessment for employers who report claims by the end of the next business day following the date of injury; increases the medical assessment up to \$350 for failure to report a known workplace injury within 14 days; and simplifies the calculation of premium for employers carrying optional coverage on their children.

FISCAL IMPACT: No significant quantifiable impact is anticipated. Implementation and participation in safety programs is an effective way to reduce overall claims frequency and reduce overall claims costs. Revamping the criteria and discount ranges of the existing safety discount programs to include additional incentives for improvements in timely claims reporting, reductions in claim frequency, and reductions in claim severity may serve to reduce overall claims costs. To the extent these programs are successful; the reduced costs will be reflected in future premium levels. The waiver of the \$250 medical assessment provides an incentive for employers who report claims promptly. Studies indicate that as reporting lag time increases, claims costs rise. Based on an industry study, claims reported during the second week cost 18% more than those reported in week one; claims reported during weeks three and four cost

approximately 30% more than those reported in week one; and the cost differential continues to increase with the increase in report lag. To the extent reporting lag time is reduced and results in reductions of overall claims costs, it will be reflected in future premium levels.

DATE: January 5, 2005

- State fiscal effect detail: For information shown under state fiscal effect in 1A, please:
  A. Revenues: Explain the revenue amounts. Provide detail, when appropriate, for each revenue type and fund affected and any amounts included in the executive budget.
  - B. **Expenditures:** Explain the expenditure amounts. Provide detail, when appropriate, for each agency, line item, and fund affected and the number of FTE positions affected.
  - C. **Appropriations:** Explain the appropriation amounts. Provide detail, when appropriate, of the effect on the biennial appropriation for each agency and fund affected and any amounts included in the executive budget. Indicate the relationship between the amounts shown for expenditures and appropriations.

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