Sixtieth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

## HOUSE BILL NO. 1092

Introduced by

**Judiciary Committee** 

(At the request of the Supreme Court)

- 1 A BILL for an Act to create and enact sections 27-20-32.3, 27-20-48.2, 27-20-48.3, and
- 2 27-20-48.4 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to active efforts in juvenile proceedings
- 3 regarding Indian children and legal guardianships for children; to amend and reenact section
- 4 12-46-14, subsection 1 of section 15.1-29-14, sections 27-20-02 and 27-20-06, subsection 1 of
- 5 section 27-20-10, sections 27-20-12, 27-20-13, 27-20-14, 27-20-15, 27-20-17, 27-20-19,

6 27-20-20, 27-20-24, 27-20-26, 27-20-28, 27-20-30, 27-20-31, 27-20-32.1, subsection 4 of

- 7 section 27-20-34, subsections 2 and 3 of section 27-20-36, subsection 3 of section 27-20-37,
- 8 subsection 1 of section 27-20-40, subsection 1 of section 27-20-42, section 27-20-44,
- 9 subsection 2 of section 27-20-45, and sections 27-20-48, 27-20-48.1, 27-20-50, 27-20-54,
- 10 27-20-59, and 54-12-01.3 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to proceedings under the
- 11 Uniform Juvenile Court Act and references to juvenile supervisor; and to repeal sections
- 12 27-05-29, 27-20-01, and 27-20-35 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to assigned
- 13 duties of juvenile supervisors and Uniform Juvenile Court Act proceedings.

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA: 14

15 **SECTION 1. AMENDMENT.** Section 12-46-14 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows: 16

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12-46-14. Transportation of persons committed to North Dakota youth

correctional center. The director of juvenile supervisor court, or other officer or person 18

19 designated by the court at the time commitment is ordered, shall conduct to the North Dakota

20 youth correctional center all persons committed to it. Such person shall receive the amount of

21 mileage allowed in section 11-15-25.

22 SECTION 2. AMENDMENT. Subsection 1 of section 15.1-29-14 of the North Dakota 23 Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

1	1.	a.	xcept as provide	d in subdivision b, for purposes of applying this chapter, a
2			udent's school d	istrict of residence is the district in which the student's
3			ustodial parent o	r legal guardian resides:
4			) At the time	that a state court, tribal court, <u>director of</u> juvenile <del>supervisor</del>
5			<u>court</u> , or the	e division of juvenile services issues an order requiring the
6			student to s	tay for a prescribed period at a state-licensed foster home
7			or at a state	-licensed child care home or facility;
8			2) At the time a	a county or state social service agency places the student,
9			with the cor	sent of the student's parent or legal guardian, at a
10			state-license	ed foster home or at a state-licensed child care home or
11			facility;	
12			B) At the time	the student is initially placed in a state-operated institution,
13			even if the s	student is later placed at a state-licensed foster home or at a
14			state-license	ed child care home or facility; or
15			) At the time t	the student is placed voluntarily, by a parent or legal
16			guardian, in	a state-operated institution or in a state-licensed child care
17			home, facili	y, or program, located outside the student's school district
18			of residence	e, including those defined in sections 25-01.2-01 and
19			50-11-00.1.	
20		b.	determination re	garding the student's school district of residence made
21			nder subdivision	a is valid until the September fifteenth following the
22			etermination. Or	that date and each September fifteenth thereafter, the
23			acing agency or	the entity funding the student's placement shall determine
24			e district in whic	h the student's custodial parent or legal guardian resides
25			nd shall notify the	e district that it is deemed to be the student's district of
26			esidence for purp	oses of this chapter. If, however, the student is placed in
27			ccordance with p	aragraph 4 of subdivision a and the placement is privately
28			inded, the admin	istrator of the facility or program in which the student is
29			aced shall deter	mine the student's school district of residence and provide
30			e notification rec	uired by this subdivision.

1	SEC	стю	N 3. A	MENDMENT. Section 27-20-02 of the North Dakota Century Code is
2	amended a	nd re	enacte	ed as follows:
3	27-2	20-02	. Defi	nitions. As used in this chapter:
4	1.	"Aba	andon	" means:
5		a.	As to	a parent of a child not in the custody of that parent, failure by the
6			nonc	ustodial parent significantly without justifiable cause:
7			(1)	To communicate with the child; or
8			(2)	To provide for the care and support of the child as required by law; or
9		b.	As to	a parent of a child in that parent's custody:
10			(1)	To leave the child for an indefinite period without making firm and
11				agreed plans, with the child's immediate caregiver, for the parent's
12				resumption of physical custody;
13			(2)	Following the child's birth or treatment at a hospital, to fail to arrange for
14				the child's discharge within ten days after the child no longer requires
15				hospital care; or
16			(3)	To willfully fail to furnish food, shelter, clothing, or medical attention
17				reasonably sufficient to meet the child's needs.
18	2.	"Ab	andon	ed infant" means a child who has been abandoned before reaching the
19		age	of one	e year.
20	3.	"Ag	gravat	ed circumstances" means circumstances in which a parent:
21		a.	Aban	dons, tortures, chronically abuses, or sexually abuses a child;
22		b.	Fails	to make substantial, meaningful efforts to secure treatment for the
23			parer	nt's addiction, mental illness, behavior disorder, or any combination of
24			those	e conditions for a period equal to the lesser of:
25			(1)	One year; or
26			(2)	One-half of the child's lifetime, measured in days, as of the date a
27				petition alleging aggravated circumstances is filed;
28		C.	Enga	ges in conduct prohibited under sections 12.1-20-01 through 12.1-20-08
29			or ch	apter 12.1-27.2, in which a child is the victim or intended victim;

1		d.	Engages in conduct that constitutes one of the following crimes, or of an		
2			offer	nse under the laws of another jurisdiction which requires proof of	
3			subs	stantially similar elements:	
4			(1)	A violation of section 12.1-16-01, 12.1-16-02, or 12.1-16-03, or	
5				subdivision a of subsection 1 of section 14-09-22 in which the victim is	
6				another child of the parent;	
7			(2)	Aiding, abetting, attempting, conspiring, or soliciting a violation of	
8				section 12.1-16-01, 12.1-16-02, or 12.1-16-03 in which the victim is a	
9				child of the parent; or	
10			(3)	A violation of section 12.1-17-02 in which the victim is a child of the	
11				parent and has suffered serious bodily injury;	
12		e.	Enga	ages or attempts to engage in conduct, prohibited under sections	
13			12.1	-17-01 through 12.1-17-04, in which a child is the victim or intended	
14			victir	n; <del>or</del>	
15		f.	Has	been incarcerated under a sentence for which the latest release date is:	
16			(1)	In the case of a child age nine or older, after the child's majority; or	
17			(2)	In the case of a child, after the child is twice the child's current age,	
18				measured in days;	
19		<u>g.</u>	<u>Allov</u>	vs the child to be subjected to prenatal exposure to chronic and severe	
20			use	of alcohol or any controlled substance as defined in chapter 19-03.1 in a	
21			man	ner not lawfully prescribed by a practitioner; or	
22		<u>h.</u>	Allov	vs the child to be present in an environment subjecting the child to	
23			<u>expc</u>	sure to a controlled substance, chemical substance, or drug	
24			para	phernalia as prohibited by section 19-03.1-22.2.	
25	4.	"Ch	ild" m	eans an individual who is:	
26		a.	Und	er the age of eighteen years and is <del>neither</del> not married and cohabiting	
27			with	spouse nor in the military service of the United States; or	
28		b.	Und	er the age of twenty years with respect to a delinquent act committed	
29			while	e under the age of eighteen years.	

- 5. "Custodian" means a person, other than a parent or legal guardian, who stands
   in loco parentis to the child or a person to whom legal custody of the child has
   been given by order of a court.
- 6. "Delinquent act" means an act designated a crime under the law, including local
  ordinances or resolutions of this state, or of another state if the act occurred in that
  state, or under federal law, and the crime does not fall under subdivision c of
  subsection 18 and is not a traffic offense as defined in subsection 17 19.
- 8 7. "Delinquent child" means a child who has committed a delinquent act and is in
  9 need of treatment or rehabilitation.
- 10 8. "Deprived child" means a child who:
- 11a.Is without proper parental care or control, subsistence, education as required12by law, or other care or control necessary for the child's physical, mental, or13emotional health, or morals, and the deprivation is not due primarily to the14lack of financial means of the child's parents, guardian, or other custodian;
- 15 b. Has been placed for care or adoption in violation of law;
- 16 c. Has been abandoned by the child's parents, guardian, or other custodian;
- d. Is without proper parental care, control, or education as required by law, or
  other care and control necessary for the child's well-being because of the
  physical, mental, emotional, or other illness or disability of the child's parent or
  parents, and that such lack of care is not due to a willful act of commission or
  act of omission by the child's parents, and care is requested by a parent;
- e. Is in need of treatment and whose parents, guardian, or other custodian have
  refused to participate in treatment as ordered by the juvenile court;
- 24f.Was subject to prenatal exposure to chronic and severe use of alcohol or any25controlled substance as defined in chapter 19-03.1 in a manner not lawfully26prescribed by a practitioner; or
- 27g.Is present in an environment subjecting the child to exposure to a controlled28substance, chemical substance, or drug paraphernalia as prohibited by29section 19-03.1-22.2.
- 30 9. "Detention" means a physically secure facility with locked doors and does not
  31 include shelter care, attendant care, or home detention.

1	10.	"Director" means the director of juvenile court or the director's designee.						
2	<u>11.</u>	"Fit and willing relative or other appropriate individual" means a relative or other						
3		ndividual who has been determined, after consideration of an assessment that						
4		includes a criminal history record investigation under chapter 50-11.3, to be a						
5		qualified person under chapter 30.1-27, and who consents in writing to act as a						
6		legal guardian.						
7	<del>11.</del> <u>12.</u>	"Home" when used in the phrase "to return home" means the abode of the child's						
8		parent with whom the child formerly resided.						
9	<del>12.</del> <u>13.</u>	"Juvenile court" means the district court of this state.						
10	<u>14.</u>	"Juvenile drug court" means a program established in a judicial district consisting						
11		of intervention and assessment of juveniles involved in forms of substance abuse;						
12		frequent drug testing; intense judicial and probation supervision; individual, group,						
13		and family counseling; substance abuse treatment; educational opportunities; and						
14		use of sanctions and incentives.						
15	<del>13.</del> <u>15.</u>	"Permanency hearing" means a hearing, conducted with respect to a child who is						
16		in foster care, to determine the permanency plan for the child which includes:						
17		a. Whether and, if applicable, when the child will be returned to the parent;						
18		b. Whether and, if applicable, when the child will be placed for adoption and the						
19		state will file a petition for termination of parental rights;						
20		c. Whether and, if applicable, when a fit and willing relative or other appropriate						
21		individual will be appointed as a legal guardian;						
22		d. In cases in which a compelling reason has been shown that it would not be in						
23		the child's best interests to return home, to have parental rights terminated, to						
24		be placed for adoption, to be placed with a fit and willing relative, or to be						
25		placed with a legal guardian, whether and, if applicable, when the child will be						
26		placed in another planned permanent living arrangement;						
27		e. In the case of a child who has been placed in foster care outside the state in						
28		which the home of the parents is located, or if the parents maintain separate						
29		homes, outside the state in which the home of the parent who was the child's						
30		primary caregiver is located, whether the out-of-state placements have been						
31		considered. If the child is currently in an out-of-state placement, the court						

1				shall determine whether the placement continues to be appropriate and in the					
2				child's best interests; and					
3			f.	In the case of a child who has attained age sixteen, the services needed to					
4				assist the child to make the transition from foster care to independent living.					
5	<del>14.</del>	<u>16.</u>	"Pro	ptective supervision" means supervision ordered by the court of children found					
6			to b	e deprived or unruly.					
7	<del>15.</del>	<u>17.</u>	"Re	lative" means:					
8			a.	The child's grandparent, great-grandparent, sibling, half-sibling, aunt,					
9				great-aunt, uncle, great-uncle, nephew, niece, or first cousin;					
10			b.	An individual with a relationship to the child, derived through a current or					
11				former spouse of the child's parent, similar to a relationship described in					
12				subdivision a;					
13			C.	An individual recognized in the child's community as having a relationship with					
14				the child similar to a relationship described in subdivision a; or					
15			d.	The child's stepparent.					
16	<del>16.</del>	<u>18.</u>	"Sh	elter care" means temporary care of a child in physically unrestricted facilities.					
17		<del>17.</del>	<del>"Tra</del>	"Traffic offense" means a violation of a law or local ordinance or resolution					
18			<del>gov</del>	governing the operation of a vehicle upon the highways of this state, or the					
19			wate	waterways within or adjoining this state, by a child who has been issued a valid					
20			ope	rator's license or permit if one is required, other than manslaughter resulting					
21			fron	n the operation of a motor vehicle in violation of section 12.1-16-02; negligent					
22			hom	nicide in violation of section 12.1-16-03; and driving or being in actual physical					
23			con	trol of a vehicle in violation of section 39-08-01, or an equivalent ordinance.					
24	<del>18.</del>	<u>19.</u>	"Un	ruly child" means a child who:					
25			a.	Is habitually and without justification truant from school;					
26			b.	Is habitually disobedient of the reasonable and lawful commands of the child's					
27				parent, guardian, or other custodian and is ungovernable or who is willfully in					
28				a situation dangerous or injurious to the health, safety, or morals of the child					
29				or others;					

1			c.	Has committed an offense applicable only to a child, except for an offense
2				committed by a minor fourteen years of age or older under subsection 2 of
3				section 12.1-31-03 or an equivalent local ordinance or resolution;
4			d.	Has committed a noncriminal traffic offense without ever having been issued
5				an operator's license or permit if one was required;
6			e.	Has committed an offense in violation of section 39-08-18 or 5-01-08; or
7			<del>f.</del>	Is under the age of fourteen years and has purchased, possessed, smoked,
8				or used tobacco or tobacco-related products in violation of subsection 2 of
9				section 12.1-31-03; and
10		<del>g.</del>	<u>e.</u>	In any of the foregoing instances is in need of treatment or rehabilitation.
11	<del>19.</del>	<u>20.</u>	"Wil	Ifully" has the meaning provided in section 12.1-02-02.
12		SEC		<b>4. AMENDMENT.</b> Section 27-20-06 of the North Dakota Century Code is
13	amen	ded a	nd re	enacted as follows:
14		27-2	20-06	. Powers and duties of <del>juvenile supervisors</del> director of juvenile court.
15		1.	For	the purpose of carrying out the objectives and purposes of this chapter and
16			subj	ect to the limitations of this chapter or imposed by the court, a <del>juvenile</del>
17			supe	ervisor <u>director</u> shall:
18			a.	Make investigations, reports, and recommendations to the juvenile court.
19			b.	Receive and examine complaints and charges of delinquency, or unruly
20				conduct, or deprivation of a child for the purpose of considering the
21				commencement of proceedings under this chapter.
22			C.	Supervise and assist a child placed on probation or in the juvenile
23				supervisor's protection, supervision, or care by order of the court or other
24				authority of law for delinquency or unruly conduct, or both.
25			d.	Make appropriate referrals to other private or public agencies of the
26				community if their assistance appears to be needed or desirable.
27			e.	Take into custody and detain Issue a temporary custody order concerning a
28				child who is under the juvenile supervisor's referred to the director's
29				supervision or care as a delinquent, unruly, or deprived child if the juvenile
30				supervisor has reasonable cause to believe that the child's health or safety is
31				in imminent danger, or that the child may abscond or be removed from the

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		jurisdiction of the court, or when ordered by the court pursuant to this chapter.
		Except as provided by this chapter, a juvenile supervisor director does not
		have the powers of a law enforcement officer. The juvenile supervisor may
		not conduct accusatory proceedings under this chapter against a child who is
		or may be under the juvenile supervisor's care or supervision.
	f.	Administer oaths.
	g.	Take acknowledgments of instruments for the purpose of this chapter.
	h.	Make such temporary order not to exceed ninety-six hours for the custody and
		control of a child alleged to be deprived as may be deemed appropriate. The
		order must be reduced to writing within twenty-four hours, excluding holidays
		and weekends.
	i.	Perform all other functions designated by this chapter or under section
		27-05-30 or by order of the court pursuant thereto, including, if qualified, those
		of a referee.
	j.	Perform such functions relating to domestic relations matters as directed by
		the juvenile supervisor's appointing district judge, acting in accordance with
		section 27-05-29. Issue an order to a law enforcement authority to transport a
		child to and from a specified location.
2.	Any	$\prime$ of the foregoing functions may be performed in another state if authorized by
	the	court of this state and permitted by the laws of the other state.
SEC	СТЮ	N 5. AMENDMENT. Subsection 1 of section 27-20-10 of the North Dakota
Century Co	de is	amended and reenacted as follows:
1.	Bef	ore a petition is filed, the <u>director of</u> juvenile <del>supervisor</del> <u>court</u> or other officer of
	the	court designated by it, subject to its direction, may give counsel and advice to
	the	parties and impose conditions for the conduct and control of the child with a
	viev	w to an informal adjustment if it appears:
	a.	The admitted facts bring the case within the jurisdiction of the court;
	b.	Counsel, advice, and conditions, if any, for the conduct and control of the child
		without an adjudication would be in the best interest of the public and the
		child; and
	SEC Century Co	g. h. i. j. 2. Any the SECTIO Century Code is 1. Bef the the view a.

1 The child and the child's parents, guardian, or other custodian consent thereto C. 2 with knowledge that consent is not obligatory. 3 SECTION 6. AMENDMENT. Section 27-20-12 of the North Dakota Century Code is 4 amended and reenacted as follows: 5 27-20-12. Transfer to another juvenile court within the state. 6 1. If the child resides in a county of the state and the proceeding is commenced in a 7 court of another county, the court, on motion of a party or on its own motion made 8 prior to final disposition and in consultation with the court in the other county, may 9 transfer the proceeding to the county of the child's residence for further action. 10 Like transfer may be made if the residence of the child changes pending the 11 proceeding. The proceeding must be transferred if the child has been adjudicated 12 delinquent or unruly and other proceedings involving the child are pending in the 13 juvenile court of the county of the child's residence. 14 Certified copies of all legal and social documents and records pertaining to the 2. case on file with the clerk of the court must accompany the transfer. 15 16 SECTION 7. AMENDMENT. Section 27-20-13 of the North Dakota Century Code is 17 amended and reenacted as follows: 18 27-20-13. Taking into custody. 19 A child may be taken into custody: 1. 20 Pursuant to an order of the court under this chapter; a. 21 Pursuant to the laws of arrest: b. By a law enforcement officer or a juvenile supervisor if there are reasonable 22 c. 23 grounds to believe: 24 (1)That the child is suffering from illness or injury or is in immediate danger 25 from the child's surroundings, and that the child's removal is necessary; 26 or 27 (2) That the child has run away from the child's parents, guardian, or other 28 custodian; or 29 By order of the juvenile supervisor director made pursuant to subdivision h of d. 30 subsection 1 of section 27-20-06.

- Legislative Assembly 1 2. The taking of a child into custody is not an arrest, except for the purpose of 2 determining its validity under the Constitution of North Dakota or the Constitution of 3 the United States. 4 A law enforcement officer may transport a child to and from detention. 3. 5 SECTION 8. AMENDMENT. Section 27-20-14 of the North Dakota Century Code is 6 amended and reenacted as follows: 7 27-20-14. Detention of child - Juvenile drug court exception. 8 A child taken into custody may not be detained or placed in shelter care prior to the 1. 9 hearing on the petition unless the child's detention or care is required to protect the 10 person or property of others or of the child or because the child may abscond or be 11 removed from the jurisdiction of the court or because the child has no parent, 12 guardian, or custodian or other person able to provide supervision and care for the 13 child and return the child to the court when required, or an order for the child's 14 detention or shelter care has been made by the court pursuant to this chapter. 15 2. If a child is participating in a juvenile drug court program, the drug court may order 16 the child detained. The child may be detained twice during the child's participation 17 in the program but the total period of detention under this subsection may not 18 exceed four days in a one-year period. 19 SECTION 9. AMENDMENT. Section 27-20-15 of the North Dakota Century Code is 20 amended and reenacted as follows: 21 27-20-15. Release or delivery to court. 22 A person taking a child into custody, with all reasonable speed and without first 1. 23 taking the child elsewhere, shall: 24 Release the child to the child's parent, guardian, custodian, or other a. 25 responsible adult able and willing to assume custody of the child, upon that 26 individual's promise to bring the child before the court when requested by the 27 court, unless the child's detention or shelter care is warranted or required 28 under section 27-20-14; or 29 Bring the child before the court or deliver the child to a detention or shelter b.
- 30 care facility designated by the court or to a medical facility if the child is 31 believed to suffer from a serious physical condition or illness which requires

1		prompt treatment. The person taking the child into custody shall promptly
2		give written notice thereof, together with a statement of the reason for taking
3		the child into custody, to a parent, guardian, or other custodian and to the
4		court. Any temporary detention or questioning of the child necessary to
5		comply with this subsection must conform to the procedures and conditions
6		prescribed by this chapter and rules of court.
7	2.	If a parent, guardian, or other custodian, when requested, fails to bring the child
8		before the court as provided in subsection 1, the court may issue its warrant
9		directing that the child be taken into custody and brought before the court.
10	<u>3.</u>	If a child is ordered detained by a juvenile drug court, notice under this section is
11		not required.
12	SEC	CTION 10. AMENDMENT. Section 27-20-17 of the North Dakota Century Code is
13	amended a	nd reenacted as follows:
14	27-2	20-17. Release from detention or shelter care - Hearing - Conditions of release.
15	1.	If a child is brought before the court or delivered to a detention or shelter care
16		facility designated by the court, the juvenile supervisor director, the intake officer,
17		or other authorized officer of the court shall immediately make an investigation and
18		release the child unless it appears that the child's detention or shelter care is
19		warranted or required under section 27-20-14.
20	2.	If the child is not released, a judge or referee shall hold a detention or shelter care
21		hearing promptly and not later than ninety-six hours after the child is placed in
22		detention or shelter care to determine whether there is probable cause to believe
23		the child has committed the delinquent or unruly acts alleged, or the child is
24		deprived and whether the child's detention or shelter care is required under section
25		27-20-14. A hearing is not required if the child has been ordered detained by a
26		juvenile drug court. Reasonable notice thereof, either oral or written, stating the
27		time, place, and purpose of the detention or shelter care hearing must be given to
28		the child and, if they can be found, to the child's parents, guardian, or other
29		custodian. Prior to the commencement of the hearing, the court shall inform the
30		parties of their right to counsel and to appointed counsel if they are needy persons,

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- and of the child's right to remain silent with respect to any allegations of
   delinquency or unruly conduct.
- 3 3. If continued shelter care is required, the judge or referee may order that the child
  4 be kept in shelter care for no more than sixty days from the date of the shelter care
  5 hearing.
- 6 4. As a condition to the child's release from shelter care, the court may order a 7 parent, guardian, custodian, or any other member of the household in which the 8 child resides to vacate the child's residence if probable cause exists to believe that 9 the parent, guardian, custodian, or other member of the household has committed 10 a sexual offense with or against the child, pursuant to sections 12.1-20-03 through 11 12.1-20-07 or section 12.1-20-11, and the presence of the alleged sexual offender 12 in the child's residence presents a danger to the child's life or physical, emotional, 13 or mental health. The court may order that the parent, guardian, or custodian not 14 allow contact with an identified person if the court determines the order is in the 15 best interests of the child.
- If the child is not released and a parent, guardian, or custodian has not been
  notified of the hearing, did not appear or waive appearance at the hearing, and files
  an affidavit showing these facts, the court shall rehear the matter without
  unnecessary delay and order the child's release, unless it appears from the
  hearing that the child's detention or shelter care is required under section
  27-20-14.
- SECTION 11. AMENDMENT. Section 27-20-19 of the North Dakota Century Code is
   amended and reenacted as follows:

24 27-20-19. Petition - Preliminary determination. A petition alleging delinquency or
25 <u>unruliness</u> under this chapter may not be filed unless must be reviewed by the juvenile
26 supervisor director, the court, or other person authorized by the court has determined and
27 endorsed upon the petition that to determine whether the filing of the petition is in the best
28 interest of the public and the child.

SECTION 12. AMENDMENT. Section 27-20-20 of the North Dakota Century Code is
 amended and reenacted as follows:

1	27-2	20-20. Petition - Who may make prepare and file - Review. Subject to section							
2	<del>27-20-19 t</del> r	e <u>A</u> petition may be made prepared and filed by the state's attorney. A petition may							
3	also be prepared by any other person, including a law enforcement officer, who has knowledge								
4	of the facts	alleged or is informed and believes that they are true. A petition prepared by any							
5	person othe	er than a state's attorney may not be filed unless the director, the court, or other							
6	person auth	norized by the court has determined the filing of the petition is in the best interest of							
7	<u>the public a</u>	and the child.							
8	SEC	CTION 13. AMENDMENT. Section 27-20-24 of the North Dakota Century Code is							
9	amended a	nd reenacted as follows:							
10	27-2	20-24. Conduct of hearings.							
11	1.	Hearings under this chapter must be conducted by the court without a jury, in an							
12		informal but orderly manner, and separately from other proceedings not included in							
13		section 27-20-03.							
14	2.	If the hearing has not been held within the time limit, or any extension thereof,							
15		required by subsection 1 of section 27-20-22, the petition must be dismissed.							
16	3.	The state's attorney upon request of the court shall present the evidence in support							
17		of any allegations of the petition not admitted and otherwise conduct the							
18		proceedings on behalf of the state.							
19	4.	The Except for informal adjustments under section 27-20-10, the proceedings must							
20		be recorded by stenographic notes or by electronic, mechanical, or other							
21		appropriate means.							
22	5.	Hearings are open to the public if the purpose of the hearing is to declare a person							
23		in contempt of court or to consider a petition alleging an offense identified under							
24		subdivision b of subsection 1 of section 27-20-34 or subsection 2 of section							
25		27-20-34. The general public must be excluded from other hearings under this							
26		chapter. In hearings from which the general public is excluded, only the parties,							
27		their counsel, witnesses, victims, and other persons accompanying a party for that							
28		person's assistance, and any other persons as the court finds have a proper							
29		interest in the proceedings or in the work of the court may be admitted by the court.							
30		The court may temporarily exclude the child or other person from the hearing							
31		except while allegations of that child's delinquency or unruly conduct are being							

- Legislative Assembly 1 heard if, after being warned by the court that disruptive conduct will cause removal 2 from the courtroom, the child or other person persists in conduct that justifies 3 removal from the courtroom. 4 SECTION 14. AMENDMENT. Section 27-20-26 of the North Dakota Century Code is 5 amended and reenacted as follows: 6 27-20-26. Right to counsel - Exceptions. 7 1. Except as otherwise provided under in this chapter section, a party who is indigent 8 and unable to employ legal counsel is entitled to representation by legal counsel at 9 public expense at custodial, post-petition, and informal adjustment stages of 10 proceedings under this chapter and, if as a needy person the party is unable to 11 employ counsel, to have the court provide counsel for the party. During the 12 informal adjustment stage of a proceeding only the child, if determined to be 13 indigent, is entitled to counsel at public expense. In proceedings regarding 14 allegations of unruliness or delinquency, a child's parent, legal guardian, or custodian, if determined to be indigent, is entitled to counsel at public expense only 15 16 during the dispositional stage of the proceedings. If a party appears without 17 counsel the court shall ascertain whether the party knows of the party's right to the 18 party may be represented by counsel and to be provided with that the party is 19 entitled to counsel by the court if the party is a needy person at public expense if 20 indigent. The court may continue the proceeding to enable a party to obtain 21 counsel and shall provide, subject to this section, counsel must be provided for an 22 unrepresented needy person indigent party upon the person's party's request. 23 Counsel must be provided for a child not represented by the child's parent, 24 guardian, or custodian at custodial, post-petition, and informal adjustment stages of 25 proceedings under this chapter. If the interests of two or more parties conflict,
- 26 separate counsel must be provided for each of them.
- A needy person <u>An indigent party</u> is one who at the time of requesting counsel is
   unable, without undue financial hardship, to provide for full payment of legal
   counsel and all other necessary expenses for representation. A child is not to be
   considered needy indigent under this section if the child's parents or parent can,
   without undue financial hardship, provide full payment for legal counsel and other

expenses of representation. Any parent entitled to the custody of a child involved
in a proceeding under this chapter is, unless undue financial hardship would
ensue, responsible for providing legal counsel and for paying other necessary
expenses of representation for the parent's child. The court may enforce
performance of this duty by appropriate order. As used in this subsection, the
word "parent" includes adoptive parents.

7 SECTION 15. AMENDMENT. Section 27-20-28 of the North Dakota Century Code is
8 amended and reenacted as follows:

9

#### 27-20-28. Investigation and report.

- 10 1. If the allegations of a petition are admitted by a party or notice of a hearing under 11 section 27-20-34 has been given, the court, prior to the hearing on need for 12 treatment or rehabilitation and disposition, may direct that a social study and report 13 in writing to the court be made by the juvenile supervisor director or other person 14 designated by the court, concerning the child, the child's family and environment, 15 and other matters relevant to disposition of the case. If the allegations of the 16 petition are not admitted and notice of a hearing under section 27-20-34 has not 17 been given, the court may not direct the making of the study and report until after 18 the court has heard the petition upon notice of hearing given pursuant to this 19 chapter and the court has found that the child committed a delinquent act or is an 20 unruly or deprived child.
- 2. During the pendency of any proceeding the court may:
- <u>a.</u> <u>May</u> order the child to be examined at a suitable place by a physician,
   psychologist, or certified addiction counselor <del>and may also</del>;
- 24b.May order the child tested by appropriate forensic methods to determine25whether the child has been exposed to a controlled substance or other26substance considered injurious to the child's health; or
- 27 <u>c.</u> <u>May</u> order medical or surgical treatment of a child who is suffering from a
   28 serious physical condition or illness, or alcohol or drug abuse, which in the
   29 opinion of a licensed physician requires prompt treatment, even if the parent,
   30 guardian, or other custodian has not been given notice of a hearing, is not

1		av	ailable, or with	nout good cause informs the court of that person's refusal to
2		со	nsent to the tr	eatment.
3	SECTIO	ON 10	6. AMENDME	<b>NT.</b> Section 27-20-30 of the North Dakota Century Code is
4	amended and	reena	cted as follow	s:
5	27-20-3	30. D	isposition of	deprived child.
6	1. If t	the cl	nild is found to	be a deprived child, the court may make any of the following
7	or	ders	of disposition I	pest suited to the protection and physical, mental, and moral
8	We	elfare	of the child:	
9	a.	Pe	ermit the child	to <del>remain</del> reside with the child's parents, guardian, or other
10		cu	stodian, subje	ct to conditions and limitations as the court prescribes,
11		ind	luding superv	ision as directed by the court for the protection of the child.
12	b.	Su	bject to condi	tions and limitations as the court prescribes, transfer
13		tei	mporary legal	custody to any of the following:
14		(1)	Any indivi	dual who, after study by the juvenile supervisor or other
15			<del>person or</del>	agency designated by the court, is found by the court to be
16			qualified to	p receive and care for the child.
17		<del>(2</del>	An agency	or other private organization licensed or otherwise
18			authorized	by law to receive and provide care for the child.
19	(	<del>3)</del> (2	) The direct	or of the county social service board or other public agency
20			authorized	by law to receive and provide care for the child.
21		<del>(4</del>	An individ	ual in another state with or without supervision by an
22			appropriat	e officer under section 27-20-40.
23	С.	W	thout making	any of the orders otherwise provided in this section, transfer
24		cu	stody of the cl	nild to the juvenile court of another state if authorized by and
25		in	accordance w	ith section 27-20-39 if the child is or is about to become a
26		re	sident of that s	state.
27	d.	Re	equire the pare	ents, guardian, or other custodian to participate in treatment.
28	e.	Ap	point a fit and	willing relative or other appropriate individual as the child's
29		leę	gal guardian.	
30	f.	In	cases in whicl	n a compelling reason has been shown that it would not be in
31		the	e child's best i	nterests to return home, to have parental rights terminated, to

1		be placed for adoption, to be placed with a fit and willing relative, or to be
2		placed with a legal guardian, establish, by order, some other planned
3		permanent living arrangement.
4	2.	Unless a child found to be deprived is found also to be delinquent or unruly and not
5		amenable to treatment, the child may not be committed to or confined in an
6		institution or other facility designed or operated for the benefit of delinquent
7		children.
8	SEC	CTION 17. AMENDMENT. Section 27-20-31 of the North Dakota Century Code is
9	amended a	nd reenacted as follows:
10	27-2	20-31. Disposition of delinquent child. If the child is found to be a delinquent
11	child, the co	ourt may make any of the following orders of disposition best suited to the child's
12	treatment, r	ehabilitation, and welfare:
13	1.	Any order authorized by section 27-20-30 for the disposition of a deprived child;
14	2.	Placing the child on probation under the supervision of the juvenile supervisor
15		director, probation officer, or other appropriate officer of the court or of the court of
16		another state as provided in section 27-20-41 or the director of the county social
17		service board under conditions and limitations the court prescribes;
18	3.	Ordering the child to pay a fine if the delinquent act committed by the child
19		constitutes manslaughter resulting from the operation of a motor vehicle in violation
20		of section 12.1-16-02; negligent homicide in violation of section 12.1-16-03; or
21		driving or being in actual physical control of a vehicle in violation of section
22		39-08-01, or an equivalent ordinance. The court may suspend the imposition of a
23		fine imposed pursuant to this subsection upon such terms and conditions as the
24		court may determine. Fines collected pursuant to this subsection must be paid into
25		the county treasury for disposition pursuant to section 29-27-02.1;
26	4.	Placing the child in an institution, camp, or other facility for delinquent children
27		operated under the direction of the court or other local public authority;
28	<del>5.</del>	Committing the child to the division of juvenile services or to another state
29		department to which commitment of delinquent or unruly children may be made.
30		When necessary, the commitment order may provide that the child initially be
31		placed in a secure facility;

1	<del>6.</del>	<u>5.</u>	Ord	ering t	he child to make monetary restitution to the victim of the offense or to			
2			com	plete a	a specified number of hours of community service as determined by the			
3			cou	court, or both;				
4	<del>7.</del>	<u>6.</u>	Ord	ering t	he periodic testing for the use of illicit drugs or alcohol pursuant to rules			
5			or p	olicies	adopted by the supreme court; or			
6	<del>8.</del>	<u>7.</u>	Und	ler sec	tion 27-20-31.1, order the driver's license or permit of the child to be			
7			deliv	vered (	to the juvenile supervisor, probation officer, or other appropriate officer of			
8			the	court a	and to inform the director of the department of transportation of the child's			
9			sus	ensio	n of driving privileges and the duration of the suspension of privileges.			
10			Ord	ering t	he child's participation in a juvenile drug court program.			
11		SE		N 18.	AMENDMENT. Section 27-20-32.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is			
12	amended and reenacted as follows:							
13	27-20-32.1. Court order required for removal of child. An order of disposition or							
14	4 other adjudication in a proceeding under this chapter, in those cases in which a child is							
15	remov	ed fr	om th	e hom	e of a relative by birth, marriage, or adoption parent, custodian, or			
16	6 guardian for the reason that continuation in such home would be contrary to the welfare of such							
17	7 child, must specifically state that a continuation of the child in the home of the relative parent,							
18	custod	lian,	or gua	ardian	would be contrary to the welfare of the child.			
19	9 SECTION 19. Section 27-20-32.3 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and							
20	enacte	ed as	follov	VS:				
21		<u>27-</u> 2	20-32	.3. De	efinitions - Active efforts regarding Indian child - When required.			
22		<u>1.</u>	<u>As ι</u>	used ir	n this section:			
23			<u>a.</u>	"Activ	ve efforts" includes:			
24				<u>(1)</u>	A request to the Indian child's tribe to convene traditional and			
25					customary support and resolution actions or services:			
26				<u>(2)</u>	Identification and participation of tribally designated representatives at			
27					the earliest point;			
28				<u>(3)</u>	Consultation with extended family members to identify family structure			
29					and family support services that may be provided by extended family			
30					members;			

1		<u>(4)</u>	Frequent visitation in the Indian child's home and the homes of the
2			child's extended family members;
3		<u>(5)</u>	Exhaustion of all tribally appropriate family preservation alternatives; or
4		(6)	Identification and provision of information to the child's family
5			concerning community resources that may be able to offer housing,
6			financial, and transportation assistance and actively assisting the family
7			in accessing the community resources.
8	<u>b.</u>	"Exte	ended family member" means a relationship defined by the law or custom
9		of th	e Indian child's tribe or, in the absence of such law or custom, means a
10			on who has reached the age of eighteen and who is the Indian child's
11		gran	dparent, aunt or uncle, brother or sister, brother-in-law or sister-in-law,
12		niec	e or nephew, first or second cousin, or stepparent.
13	<u>C.</u>	<u>"Indi</u>	an" means any person who is a member of an Indian tribe, or who is an
14		Alas	ka native and a member of a regional corporation as defined in 43 U.S.C.
15		<u>1606</u>	<u>).</u>
16	<u>d.</u>	<u>"Indi</u>	an child" means any unmarried person who is under the age of eighteen
17		and	is either a member of an Indian tribe or is eligible for membership in an
18		India	an tribe and is the biological child of a member of an Indian tribe.
19	<u>e.</u>	<u>"Indi</u>	an child's tribe" means the Indian tribe in which an Indian child is a
20		mem	nber or eligible for membership or, in the case of an Indian child who is a
21		merr	nber of or eligible for membership in more than one tribe, the Indian tribe
22		with	which the Indian child has the more significant contacts.
23	<u>f.</u>	<u>"Indi</u>	an custodian" means any Indian person who has legal custody of an
24		India	an child under tribal law or custom or under state law or to whom
25		temp	porary physical care, custody, and control has been transferred by the
26		pare	nt of the child.
27	<u>g.</u>	<u>"Indi</u>	an tribe" means an Indian tribe, band, nation, or other organized Indian
28		grou	p or community of Indians recognized as eligible for services provided to
29		India	ans by the United States secretary of the interior because of their status
30		<u>as Ir</u>	ndians, including any Alaska native village as defined in 43 U.S.C.
31		<u>1602</u>	<u>2(c).</u>

1		h. "Parent" means any biological parent or parents of an Indian child or any
2		Indian person who has lawfully adopted an Indian child, including adoptions
3		under tribal law or custom. "Parent" does not include the unwed father if
4		paternity has not been acknowledged or established.
5		i. "Termination of parental rights" means any action resulting in the termination
6		of the parent-child relationship. It does not include a placement based upon
7		an act by an Indian child which, if committed by an adult, would be deemed a
8		crime or a placement upon award of custody to one of the child's parents in a
9		divorce proceeding.
10	<u>2.</u>	Before removal of an Indian child from the custody of a parent or Indian custodian
11		for purposes of involuntary foster care placement or the termination of parental
12		rights over an Indian child, the court must find that active efforts have been made
13		to provide remedial services and rehabilitative services designed to prevent the
14		breakup of the Indian family and that these efforts have proved unsuccessful. The
15		court may not order the removal unless evidence of active efforts shows there has
16		been a vigorous and concerted level of casework beyond the level that would
17		constitute reasonable efforts under section 27-20-32.2. Reasonable efforts must
18		not be construed to be active efforts. Active efforts must be made in a manner that
19		takes into account the prevailing social and cultural values, conditions, and way of
20		life of the Indian child's tribe. Active efforts must utilize the available resources of
21		the Indian child's extended family, tribe, tribal and other relevant social service
22		agencies, and individual Indian caregivers.
23	<u>3.</u>	The court may order the removal of the Indian child for involuntary foster case
24		placement if the court determines, by clear and convincing evidence, that
25		continued custody of the child by the parent or Indian custodian is likely to result in
26		serious emotional or physical damage to the child.
27	<u>4.</u>	The court may order the termination of parental rights over the Indian child if the
28		court determines, by evidence beyond a reasonable doubt, that continued custody
29		of the child by the parent or Indian custodian is likely to result in serious emotional
30		or physical damage to the child.

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1	<u>5.</u>	In considering whether to involuntarily place an Indian child in foster care or to
2		terminate the parental rights of the parent of an Indian child, the court shall require
3		that a qualified expert witness with specific knowledge of the child's Indian tribe
4		testify regarding that tribe's family organization and child-rearing practices and
5		regarding whether the tribe's culture, customs, and laws would support placement
6		of the child in foster care or termination of parental rights on the grounds that
7		continued custody of the child by the parent or Indian custodian is likely to result in
8		serious emotional or physical damage to the child.
9	SEC	CTION 20. AMENDMENT. Subsection 4 of section 27-20-34 of the North Dakota
10	Century Co	de is amended and reenacted as follows:
11	4.	The transfer terminates the jurisdiction of the juvenile court over the child with
12		respect to the delinquent acts alleged in the petition. In addition, any Any transfer
13		under subdivision b or c of subsection 1 operates to terminate the juvenile court's
14		jurisdiction over the child with respect to any future offense if the child is ultimately
15		convicted of the offense giving rise to the transfer.
16	SEC	CTION 21. AMENDMENT. Subsections 2 and 3 of section 27-20-36 of the North
17	Dakota Cer	ntury Code are amended and reenacted as follows:
18	2.	An order of disposition committing a delinquent or unruly child to the division of
19		juvenile services continues in force for not more than two years twelve months,
20		excluding any period of time the child is on parole from an institution, or until the
21		child is sooner discharged by an institution.
22		a. The court which made the order may extend its duration for additional
23		two-year twelve-month periods subject to like discharge, if:
24		(1) A hearing is held upon motion of the division, or on the court's own
25		motion, prior to the expiration of the order;

- (2) Reasonable notice of the hearing and an opportunity to be heard are given to the child and the parent, guardian, or other custodian; and
- (3) The court finds that the extension is necessary for the treatment or rehabilitation of the child.
- 30b.A permanency hearing must be conducted within thirty days after a court31determines that aggravated circumstances of the type described in

1		subdi	ivisions a, c, d, or e of subsection 3 of section 27-20-02 exist, or within
2		twelv	e months after a child, subject to an order of disposition under this
3		subse	ection, is considered to have entered foster care, or is continued in foster
4		care	following a previous permanency hearing. The permanency hearing may
5		be co	onducted:
6		(1)	By the division of juvenile services as a placement hearing under
7			chapter 27-21; or
8		(2)	By the court, if the court requires, or if it appears that an appropriate
9			permanency plan could not be carried out without exceeding the
10			authority of the division of juvenile services.
11	3.	Except as	provided in subsection 2, an order of disposition pursuant to which a
12		child is pla	aced in foster care may not continue in force for more than twelve months
13		after the c	hild is considered to have entered foster care. Before the extension of
14		any court	order limited under this subsection, a permanency hearing must be
15		conducted	I. Any other order of disposition may not continue in force for more than
16		<del>two years</del>	twelve months.
17	SEC	CTION 22.	AMENDMENT. Subsection 3 of section 27-20-37 of the North Dakota
18	Century Co	de is amen	ded and reenacted as follows:
19	3.	Any party	to the proceeding, the <u>director of</u> juvenile <del>supervisor</del> <u>court</u> or other
20		person ha	ving supervision or legal custody of or an interest in the child may
21		petition the	e court for the relief provided in this section. The petition must set forth
22		in concise	language the grounds upon which the relief is requested.
23	SEC	CTION 23.	AMENDMENT. Subsection 1 of section 27-20-40 of the North Dakota
24	Century Co	de is ameno	ded and reenacted as follows:
25	1.	lf a juvenil	e court of another state which has adopted the Uniform Juvenile Court
26		Act, or a s	ubstantially similar Act which includes provisions corresponding to
27		sections 2	7-20-39 and 27-20-40, requests a juvenile court of this state to accept
28		jurisdictior	n of a child found by the requesting court to have committed a delinquent
29		act or to b	e an unruly or deprived child, and the court of this state finds, after
30		investigati	on that the child is, or is about to become, a resident of the county in
31		which the	court presides, it shall promptly and not later than fourteen days after

1		rece	eiving t	he request issue its acceptance in writing to the requesting court and
2		dire	ct its <u>d</u>	<u>irector of</u> juvenile <del>supervisor</del> <u>court</u> or other person designated by it to
3		take	e physi	cal custody of the child from the requesting court and bring the child
4		befo	ore the	court of this state or make other appropriate provisions for the child's
5		app	earand	ce before the court.
6	SEC		N 24.	AMENDMENT. Subsection 1 of section 27-20-42 of the North Dakota
7	Century Co	de is	amen	ded and reenacted as follows:
8	1.	Upo	n rece	iving a request of a juvenile court of another state which has adopted the
9		Unif	orm Ju	uvenile Court Act, or a substantially similar Act which includes provisions
10		corr	espon	ding to sections 27-20-41 and 27-20-42 to provide supervision of a child
11		und	er the	jurisdiction of that court, a court of this state may issue its written
12		acce	eptanc	e to the requesting court and designate its director of juvenile supervisor
13		<u>cou</u>	<u>rt</u> , proł	pation officer, or other appropriate officer who is to provide supervision,
14		stati	ing the	probable cost per day therefor.
15	SEC		N 25.	AMENDMENT. Section 27-20-44 of the North Dakota Century Code is
16	amended a	nd re	enacte	ed as follows:
17	27-2	20-44	. Terr	nination of parental rights.
18	1.	The	court	by order may terminate the parental rights of a parent with respect to the
19		pare	ent's cl	nild if:
20		a.	The p	parent has abandoned the child;
21		b.	The o	child is subjected to aggravated circumstances as defined under
22			<u>subs</u>	ection 3 of section 27-20-02;
23		<u>C.</u>	The o	child is a deprived child and the court finds:
24			(1)	The conditions and causes of the deprivation are likely to continue or
25				will not be remedied and that by reason thereof the child is suffering or
26				will probably suffer serious physical, mental, moral, or emotional harm;
27				<u>or</u>
28			(2)	The child has been in foster care, in the care, custody, and control of
29				the department, or a county social service board, or, in cases arising
30				out of an adjudication by the juvenile court that a child is an unruly child,

1				the d	ivision of juvenile services, for at least four hundred fifty out of the
2				previ	ous six hundred sixty nights; or
3			<del>(3)</del>	A cou	art of competent jurisdiction has convicted the child's parent of one
4				of the	e following crimes, or of an offense under the laws of another
5				<del>jurisc</del>	liction which requires proof of substantially similar elements:
6				<del>(a)</del>	A violation of section 12.1-16-01, 12.1-16-02, or 12.1-16-03 in
7					which the victim is another child of the parent;
8				<del>(b)</del>	Aiding, abetting, attempting, conspiring, or soliciting a violation of
9					section 12.1-16-01, 12.1-16-02, or 12.1-16-03 in which the victim
10					is a child of the parent; or
11				<del>(c)</del>	A violation of section 12.1-17-02 in which the victim is a child of
12					the parent and has suffered serious bodily injury; or
13	<del>c.</del>	<u>d.</u>	The \	written	consent of the parent acknowledged before the court has been
14			given	).	
15	2.	If the	e cour	t does	not make an order of termination of parental rights, it may grant an
16		orde	er unde	er sect	ion 27-20-30 if the court finds from clear and convincing evidence
17		that	the ch	nild is a	a deprived child.
18	SE		N 26.	AMEN	<b>IDMENT.</b> Subsection 2 of section 27-20-45 of the North Dakota
19	Century Co	ode is	amen	ded ar	nd reenacted as follows:
20	2.	lf bo	oth of t	he nat	ural parents of the child are not named in the petition either as
21		petit	tioner	or as r	espondent, the court shall cause inquiry to be made of the
22		petit	tioner	and ot	her appropriate persons in an effort to identify an unnamed parent.
23		The	inquir	y mus	t include, to the extent necessary and appropriate, all of the
24		follo	wing:		
25		a.	Whet	her ar	ly man is presumed to be the father of the child under the Uniform
26			Pare	ntage	Act chapter 14-20.
27		b.	Whet	her th	e natural mother of the child was cohabiting with a man at the time
28			of co	ncepti	on or birth of the child.
29		C.	Whet	her th	e natural mother of the child has received from any man support
30			paym	nents c	or promises of support with respect to the child or in connection
31			with I	ner pre	egnancy.

1	d. V	Vhether any person has formally or informally acknowledged or declared that
2	р	erson's possible parentage of the child.
3	e. V	Vhether any person claims any right to custody of the child.
4	SECTION 2	27. AMENDMENT. Section 27-20-48 of the North Dakota Century Code is
5	amended and reen	acted as follows:
6	27-20-48.	Guardian ad litem. The court at any stage of a proceeding under this
7	chapter, on applica	ation of a party or on its own motion, shall appoint a lay guardian ad litem for
8	a child who is a pa	rty to the proceeding if the child has no parent, guardian, or custodian
9	appearing on the c	hild's behalf or their interests conflict with the child's or in any other case in
10	which the interests	of the child require a guardian. A party to the proceeding or that party's
11	employee or repres	sentative may not be appointed.
12	SECTION 2	28. AMENDMENT. Section 27-20-48.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is
13	amended and reen	acted as follows:
14	27-20-48.1	. Appointment of legal guardian.
15	<del>1.</del> In a pr	<del>roceeding under chapter 30.1-27, the</del> <u>The</u> court may <del>:</del>
16	<del>a.</del> ¥	Vithout terminating parental rights, appoint a fit and willing relative or other
17	a	ppropriate individual as the child's legal guardian if the court has determined
18	ŧ	nat a lawful basis exists for terminating parental rights, but the child is
19	H	nlikely to be placed for adoption; or
20	<del>b.</del> A	ppoint a fit and willing relative or other appropriate individual as the child's
21	łe	egal guardian if the child has not been placed for adoption within twelve
22	A	nonths after a termination of all parental rights.
23	<del>2.</del> An ind	lividual appointed as a legal guardian has:
24	<del>a.</del> If	there is a parent with remaining parental rights, the rights of a legal
25	e	ustodian; and
26	<del>b.</del> If	there is no parent with remaining parental rights, the rights of a legal
27	e	ustodian and the authority to consent to the child's adoption, marriage,
28	е	nlistment in the armed forces of the United States, and surgical and other
29	f	nedical treatment establish a guardianship as a dispositional alternative if a
30	C	hild has been adjudicated as deprived, unruly, or delinquent.

SECTION 29. Section 27-20-48.2 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and
 enacted as follows:

3	<u>27-2</u>	20-48.2. Powers and duties of guardian of child. A guardian of a child has the				
4	powers and	I responsibilities of a legal custodian if there is a parent with remaining parental				
5	rights. If there is no parent with remaining parental rights, the guardian has the rights of a legal					
6	custodian and the authority to consent to the child's adoption, marriage, enlistment in the armed					
7	forces of the	e United States, and surgical and other medical treatment. A guardian is not liable				
8	to third pers	sons by reason of the parental relationship for acts of the child. In particular, and				
9	without qua	lifying the foregoing, a guardian has the following powers and duties:				
10	<u>1.</u>	The guardian must take reasonable care of the child's personal effects and				
11		commence protective proceedings if necessary to protect other property of the				
12		child.				
13	<u>2.</u>	The guardian may receive money payable for the support of the ward to the child's				
14		parent, guardian, or custodian under the terms of any statutory benefit or insurance				
15		system, or any private contract, devise, trust, conservatorship, or custodianship.				
16		The guardian also may receive money or property of the child paid or delivered by				
17		virtue of section 30.1-26-03. Any sums so received must be applied to the child's				
18		current needs for support, care, and education. The guardian must exercise due				
19		care to conserve any excess for the child's future needs unless a conservator has				
20		been appointed for the estate of the child, in which case excess must be paid over				
21		at least annually to the conservator. Sums so received by the guardian are not to				
22		be used for compensation for the guardian's services except as approved by order				
23		of court or as determined by a duly appointed conservator other than the guardian.				
24		A guardian may institute proceedings to compel the performance by any person of				
25		a duty to support the child or to pay sums for the welfare of the child.				
26	<u>3.</u>	The guardian is empowered to facilitate the child's education, social, or other				
27		activities and to authorize medical or other professional care, treatment, or advice.				
28		A guardian is not liable by reason of this consent for injury to the child resulting				
29		from the negligence or acts of third persons unless it would have been illegal for a				
30		parent to have consented. A guardian may consent to the marriage or adoption of				
31		the child.				

1	<u>4.</u>	A guardian shall file an annual report with the court informing the court of the
2		status or condition of the child and provide a copy of the report to the child. The
3		report must include changes that have occurred since the previous reporting period
4		and an accounting of the child's estate. The guardian shall report whether the child
5		has resided in an institution, whether the child continues to require guardianship,
6		and whether any powers of the guardian should be increased or limited. The filing
7		of a report and its acceptance by the court or clerk of district court does not
8		constitute an adjudication or a determination of the merits of the report nor does
9		the filing of the report constitute the court's approval of the report. The office of
10		state court administrator shall provide printed forms that may be used to fulfill
11		reporting requirements.
12	SE	CTION 30. Section 27-20-48.3 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and
13	enacted as	follows:
14	<u>27-</u>	20-48.3. Termination of appointment of guardian - General. A guardian's
15	authority a	nd responsibility terminates upon the death, resignation, or removal of the guardian,
16	or upon the	e child's death, adoption, marriage, or attainment of majority, but termination does not
17	affect the g	uardian's liability for prior acts nor the guardian's obligation to account for funds and
18	assets of th	ne child.
19	SE	CTION 31. Section 27-20-48.4 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and
20	enacted as	follows:
21	<u>27-</u>	20-48.4. Resignation or removal proceedings.
22	<u>1.</u>	A guardian may petition for permission to resign. A petition for permission to
23		resign may include a request for appointment of a successor guardian.
24		Resignation of a guardian does not terminate the guardianship until it has been
25		approved by the court.
26	<u>2.</u>	Any party to the proceeding in which the child's status was adjudicated, the
26 27	<u>2.</u>	
	<u>2.</u>	Any party to the proceeding in which the child's status was adjudicated, the
27	<u>2.</u>	Any party to the proceeding in which the child's status was adjudicated, the director, or the child, if fourteen or more years of age, may petition for removal of a

1	<u>3.</u>	After notice and hearing on a petition for removal or for permission to resign, the
2		court may terminate the guardianship and make any further order that may be
3		appropriate.
4	<u>4.</u>	If, at any time in the proceeding, the court determines that the interests of the child
5		are, or may be, inadequately represented, it may appoint an attorney to represent
6		the child, giving consideration to the preference of the child if the child is fourteen
7		or more years of age.
8	SE	CTION 32. AMENDMENT. Section 27-20-50 of the North Dakota Century Code is
9	amended a	nd reenacted as follows:
10	27-2	20-50. Protective order. On At any stage of the proceedings, upon application of a
11	party or on	the court's own motion, the court may make an order restraining or otherwise
12	controlling	the conduct of a person if:
13	1.	An order of disposition of a delinquent, unruly, or deprived child has been or is
14		about to be made in a proceeding under this chapter;
15	<del>2.</del>	The court finds that the conduct:
16		a. Is or may be detrimental or harmful to the child; and or
17		b. Will tend to defeat the execution of the an order of disposition; and
18	<del>3.</del> <u>2.</u>	Due notice of the application or motion and the grounds therefor and an
19		opportunity to be heard <del>thereon</del> have been given to the person against whom the
20		order is directed.
21	SE	CTION 33. AMENDMENT. Section 27-20-54 of the North Dakota Century Code is
22	amended a	nd reenacted as follows:
23	27-2	20-54. Destruction of juvenile court records.
24	1.	All Except as otherwise required under section 25-03.3-04, all juvenile court
25		records must be maintained retained and disposed of pursuant to rules and
26		procedures policies established by the North Dakota supreme court.
27	2.	Upon the final destruction of a file or record, the proceeding must be treated as if it
28		never occurred. The juvenile court shall notify each agency named in the file or
29		record of the destruction. All index references, except those which may be made
30		by the director of the department of transportation, must be deleted, and upon.
31		Each agency, except the director of the department of transportation, upon

1 notification of the destruction of a file or record, shall destroy all files, records, and 2 references to the child's apprehension, detention, and referral to the juvenile court 3 and any record of disposition made by the juvenile court. Upon inquiry in any 4 matter the child, the court, law enforcement officers, and representatives of 5 agencies, except the director of the department of transportation, shall properly 6 reply that no record exists with respect to the child. The juvenile court shall notify 7 each agency or official therein named. Each law enforcement agency and law 8 enforcement officer except the director of the department of transportation, upon 9 receipt of a copy of the order, shall destroy all files, records, and references to the 10 child pertaining to the child's apprehension, detention, and referral to the juvenile 11 court and any record of disposition made by the juvenile court.

SECTION 34. AMENDMENT. Section 27-20-59 of the North Dakota Century Code is
 amended and reenacted as follows:

27-20-59. Short title. This chapter may be cited as the Uniform Juvenile Court Act.
 SECTION 35. AMENDMENT. Section 54-12-01.3 of the North Dakota Century Code is

16 amended and reenacted as follows:

17 54-12-01.3. Judicial officers - Legal defense - Indemnification. The attorney 18 general shall appear and defend any supreme court justice, supreme court surrogate justice, 19 district court judge, district court surrogate judge, judicial referee, or director of juvenile 20 supervisor court of this state in any action founded upon an act or omission arising out of 21 performance of an official duty. If the attorney general determines that the attorney general or 22 an assistant attorney general is unable to defend the judicial officer, the attorney general shall 23 employ a special assistant attorney general to represent the judicial officer. The state shall 24 indemnify the supreme court justice, supreme court surrogate justice, district court judge, 25 district court surrogate judge, judicial referee, or director of juvenile supervisor court of this 26 state for all reasonable costs, including attorney's fees, incurred by or awarded against the 27 judicial officer in the action.

# 28 SECTION 36. REPEAL. Sections 27-05-29, 27-20-01, and 27-20-35 of the North 29 Dakota Century Code are repealed.