90568.0300

## FIRST ENGROSSMENT with Senate Amendments

Sixty-first Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 1204

Introduced by

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Representatives Keiser, Klemin, Weisz

Senator J. Lee

- 1 A BILL for an Act to create and enact subsection 15 to section 26.1-36-05, a new section to
- 2 chapter 26.1-36, and a new section to chapter 54-52.1 of the North Dakota Century Code,
- 3 relating to health insurance coverage for medical services related to intoxication; to amend and
- 4 reenact subsection 2 of section 26.1-36-04 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to
- 5 individual health insurance coverage of injuries caused by intoxication or the use of narcotics or
- 6 incurred in the commission of a crime; and to provide a statement of legislative intent.

## 7 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

- **SECTION 1. AMENDMENT.** Subsection 2 of section 26.1-36-04 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
  - Except as provided in subsection 3, no an accident and health insurance policy
    delivered or issued for delivery to any person in this state may not contain
    provisions respecting the matters described in this subsection unless the
    provisions in the policy are not less favorable in any respect to the insured or the
    beneficiary.
    - A provision that if the insured is injured or contracts sickness after having changed occupation to one classified by the insurer as more hazardous than that stated in the policy or while doing for compensation anything pertaining to an occupation so classified, the insurer will pay only such portion of the indemnities provided in the policy as the premium paid would have purchased at the rates and within the limits fixed by the insurer for the more hazardous occupation. If the insured changes occupation to one classified by the insurer as less hazardous than that stated in the policy, the insurer, upon receipt of proof of the change of occupation, will reduce the premium rate accordingly, and will return the excess pro rata unearned premium from the date of

change of occupation or from the policy anniversary date immediately preceding receipt of proof, whichever is the more recent. The provision must provide that the classification of occupational risk and the premium rates will be such as have been last filed by the insurer prior to before the occurrence of the loss for which the insurer is liable or prior to before date of proof of change in occupation with the state official having supervision of insurance in the state where the insured resided at the time the policy was issued; but if the filing was not required, then the classification of occupational risk and the premium rates will be those last made effective by the insurer in such state prior to before the occurrence of the loss or prior to before the date of proof of change in occupation.

- b. A provision that if the age of the insured has been misstated, all amounts payable under the policy will be such as the premium paid would have purchased at the correct age.
- c. A provision that if an accident or health or accident and health policy or policies previously issued by the insurer to the insured are in force concurrently therewith, making the aggregate indemnity for the type of coverage or coverages, in excess of the maximum limit of indemnity or indemnities, the excess insurance is void and all premiums paid for the excess will be returned to the insured or to the insured's estate. In lieu of this type of provision, the policy may provide that insurance effective at any one time on the insured under the policy and a like policy or policies in the insurer is limited to the one such policy elected by the insured, the insured's beneficiary, or the insured's estate, as the case may be, and the insurer will return all premiums paid for all other such policies.
- d. A provision that upon the payment of a claim under the policy, any premium then due and unpaid or covered by any note or written order may be deducted therefrom from the payment.
- e. Subject to chapter 26.1-36.4, a provision that the insurer may cancel the policy at any time by written notice delivered to the insured, or mailed to the insured's last address as shown by the records of the insurer, stating when,

not less than five days thereafter, the cancellation is effective; and after the policy has been continued beyond its original term the insured may cancel the policy at any time by written notice delivered or mailed to the insurer, effective upon receipt or on such later date as may be specified in the notice. The provision must provide that in the event of cancellation, the insurer will return promptly the unearned portion of any premium paid, and, if the insured cancels, the earned premium will be computed by the use of the short-rate table last filed in the state where the insured resided when the policy was issued. The provision must provide that if the insurer cancels, the earned premium shall be computed pro rata. The provision must provide that cancellation is without prejudice to any claim originating prior to the effective date of cancellation.

- f. A provision that any provision of the policy which, on its effective date, is in conflict with the statutes of the state in which the insured resides on such date is amended to conform to the minimum requirements of such statutes.
- g. A provision that the insurer is not liable for any loss to which a contributing cause was the insured's commission of or attempt to commit a felony or to which a contributing cause was the insured's being engaged in an illegal occupation.
- h. A provision that the insurer is not liable for any loss sustained or contracted in consequence of the insured's being intoxicated or under the influence of any narcotic unless administered on the advice of a physician.
- A provision that after the loss-of-time benefit of the policy has been payable for ninety days, such benefit will be adjusted, as provided below under this subdivision, if the total amount of unadjusted loss-of-time benefits provided in all valid loss-of-time coverage upon the insured should exceed a percentage of the insured's earned income as provided in the policy; provided, however, that if the information contained in the application discloses that the total amount of loss-of-time benefits under the policy and under all other valid loss-of-time coverage expected to be effective upon the insured in accordance with the application for this policy exceeded an alternative

percentage of the insured's earned income as provided in the policy, at the
time of the application, such higher percentage will be used in place of the
original percentage provided.

(1) The provision must provide that the adjusted loss-of-time benefit under
the policy for any month will be only such proportion of the loss-of-time
benefit otherwise payable under the policy as (1) (a) the product of the
insured's earned income and the original percent, or, if higher, the

- the policy for any month will be only such proportion of the loss-of-time benefit otherwise payable under the policy as (1) (a) the product of the insured's earned income and the original percent, or, if higher, the alternative percentage, bears to (2) (b) the total amount of loss-of-time benefits payable for such month under the policy and all other valid loss-of-time coverage on the insured, without giving effect to the "overinsurance provision" in this or any other coverage, less in both (1) (a) and (2) (b) any amount of loss-of-time benefits payable under other valid loss-of-time coverage which does not contain an "overinsurance provision".
- (2) The provision must provide that in making the computation, all benefits and earnings will be converted to a consistent basis weekly if the loss-of-time benefit of the policy is payable weekly, or monthly if the benefit is payable monthly, or otherwise, based upon the time period. If the numerator of the foregoing ratio is zero or is negative, no benefit is payable.
- (3) The provision must provide that in no event does the provision operate to reduce the total combined amount of loss-of-time benefits for such month payable under the policy and all other valid loss-of-time coverage below the lesser of three hundred dollars and the total combined amount of loss-of-time benefits determined without giving effect to any "overinsurance provision", nor operate to increase the amount of benefits payable under the policy above the amount which would have been paid in the absence of the provision, nor take into account or operate to reduce any benefit other than the loss-of-time benefit.
- (4) The provision must provide that:

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Legislative Assembly <del>(1)</del> (a) "Earned income", except when otherwise specified, means the greater of the monthly earnings of the insured at the time disability commences and the insured's average monthly earnings for a period of two years immediately preceding the commencement of the disability, and does not include any investment income or any other income not derived from the insured's vocational activities. <del>(2)</del> (b) "Overinsurance provision" includes this type of provision and any other provision with respect to any loss-of-time coverage which may have the effect of reducing an insurer's liability if the total amount of loss-of-time benefits under all coverage exceeds a 12 stated relationship to the insured's earnings. 13 (5)This type of provision may be included only in a policy which that 14 provides a loss-of-time benefit which may be payable for at least 15 fifty-two weeks, which is issued on the basis of selective underwriting of 16 each individual application, and for which the application includes a 17 question designed to elicit information necessary either to determine

1	statute or any workforce safety and insurance or employer's liability
2	statute, benefits provided by labor-management trusteed plans or union
3	welfare plans or by employer or employee benefit organizations, or by
4	salary continuance or pension programs, and any other coverage the
5	inclusion of which may be approved.
6	SECTION 2. Subsection 15 to section 26.1-36-05 of the North Dakota Century Code is
7	created and enacted as follows:
8	15. A provision that except as otherwise provided under this subsection, the insurer is
9	not liable for any loss to which a contributing cause was the insured's commission
10	of or attempt to commit a crime or to which a contributing cause was the insured's
11	engagement in an illegal occupation. However, under this subsection the insurer
12	is liable for a loss to the extent the crime committed was a misdemeanor violation
13	of section 39-08-01.
14	SECTION 3. A new section to chapter 26.1-36 of the North Dakota Century Code is
15	created and enacted as follows:
16	Medical services related to intoxication. An insurance company, nonprofit health
17	service corporation, or health maintenance organization may not deliver, issue, execute, or
18	renew any major medical expense policy on a group, individual, blanket, franchise, or
19	association basis unless the policy, contract, or evidence of coverage provides benefits, of the
20	same type offered under the policy or contract for illnesses, for health services to any individual
21	covered under the policy or contract for injury or illness resulting from any loss sustained or
22	contracted in the consequence of the insured's being intoxicated or under the influence of any
23	narcotic. The coverage required under this section may be subject to limitations under
24	subdivision g of subsection 2 of section 26.1-36-04 or subsection 15 of section 26.1-36-05.
25	SECTION 4. A new section to chapter 54-52.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is
26	created and enacted as follows:
27	Insurance to cover medical services related to intoxication. The board shall
28	provide medical benefits coverage under a contract for insurance pursuant to section
29	54-52.1-04 or under a self-insurance plan pursuant to section 54-52-04.2 for medical services
30	related to intoxication in the same manner as provided for under subsection 15 of section
31	26.1-36-05 and section 3 of this Act.

- 1 **SECTION 5. LEGISLATIVE INTENT.** This Act is not a mandate of health insurance
- 2 coverage of services under section 54-03-28.