Sixty-first Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

# HOUSE BILL NO. 1314

### Introduced by

Representatives Berg, Hofstad, Kempenich, Schatz, Weiler

Senator Wardner

1 A BILL for an Act to amend and reenact sections 57-02-01, 57-02-27, and 57-02-27.1 of the

2 North Dakota Century Code, relating to revision of statutory references to assessed valuation;

3 to provide for legislative council revision of statutory references to taxable, assessed, and true

4 and full value and to replace references to mills with references to percentages of assessed

5 valuation; and to provide an effective date.

# 6 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

SECTION 1. AMENDMENT. Section 57-02-01 of the North Dakota Century Code is
amended and reenacted as follows:

9 57-02-01. Definitions. As used in this title, unless the context or subject matter
10 otherwise requires:

11 "Agricultural property" means platted or unplatted lands used for raising agricultural 1. 12 crops or grazing farm animals, except lands platted and assessed as agricultural 13 property prior to March 30, 1981, shall continue to be assessed as agricultural 14 property until put to a use other than raising agricultural crops or grazing farm 15 animals. Agricultural property includes land on which a greenhouse or other 16 building is located if the land is used for a nursery or other purpose associated with 17 the operation of the greenhouse. The time limitations contained in this section may 18 not be construed to prevent property that was assessed as other than agricultural 19 property from being assessed as agricultural property if the property otherwise 20 gualifies under this subsection. Property platted on or after March 30, 1981, is not 21 agricultural property when any four of the following conditions exist:

- 22 a. The land is platted by the owner.
- b. Public improvements, including sewer, water, or streets, are in place.

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1		c. Topsoil is removed or topography is disturbed to the extent that the property
2		cannot be used to raise crops or graze farm animals.
3		d. Property is zoned other than agricultural.
4		e. Property has assumed an urban atmosphere because of adjacent residential
5		or commercial development on three or more sides.
6		f. The parcel is less than ten acres [4.05 hectares] and not contiguous to
7		agricultural property.
8		g. The property sells for more than four times the county average true and full
9		assessed agricultural value.
10	2.	"Air carrier transportation property" means the operative property of each airline
11		whose property is assessed for taxation purposes pursuant to chapters 57-06 and
12		57-32.
13	3.	"Assessed valuation" means fifty percent of the true and full value of property the
14		value determined by considering the earning or productive capacity, if any, the
15		market value, if any, and all other matters that affect the actual value of the
16		property to be assessed. This must include, for purposes of arriving at the
17		assessed valuation of property used for agricultural purposes, farm rentals, soil
18		capability, soil productivity, and soils analysis. However, for purposes of section 15
19		of article X of the Constitution of North Dakota, "assessed valuation" means fifty
20		percent of the amount determined for all other purposes.
21	4.	"Centrally assessed property" means all property which is assessed by the state
22		board of equalization under chapters 57-05, 57-06, and 57-32.
23	5.	"Commercial property" means all property, or portions of property, not included in
24		the classes of property defined in subsections 1, 4, 11, and 12.
25	6.	"Credits" means and includes every claim and demand for money or other valuable
26		thing, and every annuity or sum of money receivable at stated periods, due or to
27		become due, and all claims and demands secured by deeds or mortgages, due or
28		to become due.
29	7.	"Governing body" means a board of county commissioners, city council, board of
30		city commissioners, school board, or board of education, or the similarly
31		constituted and acting board of any other municipality.

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1 8. "Money" or "moneys" means gold and silver coin, treasury notes, bank notes, and 2 every deposit which any person owning the same or holding in trust and residing in 3 this state is entitled to withdraw as money or on demand. 4 9. "Municipality" or "taxing district" means a county, city, township, school district, 5 water conservation and flood control district, Garrison Diversion Conservancy 6 District, county park district, joint county park district, irrigation district, park district, 7 rural fire protection district, or any other subdivision of the state empowered to levy 8 taxes. 9 10. "Person" includes a firm, corporation, or limited liability company. 10 11. "Railroad property" means the operating property, including franchises, of each 11 railroad operated in this state, including any electric or other street or interurban 12 railway. 13 12. "Residential property" means all property, or portions of property, used by an 14 individual or group of individuals as a dwelling, including property upon which a 15 mobile home is located but not including hotel and motel accommodations required 16 to be licensed under chapter 23-09 nor structures providing living accommodations 17 for four or more separate family units nor any tract of land upon which four or more 18 mobile homes are located. 19 13. "Taxable valuation" signifies the valuation remaining after deducting exemptions 20 and making other reductions from the original assessed valuation, and is the 21 valuation upon which the rate of levy finally is computed and against which the 22 taxes finally are extended. 23 <del>14.</del> "Tract", "lot", "piece or parcel of real property", or "piece or parcel of land" means 24 any contiguous quantity of land in the possession of, owned by or recorded as the 25 property of, the same claimant, person, or company. 26 <del>15.</del> "True and full value" means the value determined by considering the earning or 27 productive capacity, if any, the market value, if any, and all other matters that affect 28 the actual value of the property to be assessed. This shall include, for purposes of 29 arriving at the true and full value of property used for agricultural purposes, farm 30 rentals, soil capability, soil productivity, and soils analysis.

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1	<del>16.</del> <u>14.</u>	"Unencumbered cash" means the total cash on hand in any fund, less the amount			
2		belonging to the fund in closed banks and less the amount of outstanding warrants,			
3		bills, accounts, and contracts which are chargeable against the fund.			
4	<del>17.</del> <u>15.</u>	There shall be a presumption that a unit of land is not a farm unless such unit			
5		contains a minimum of ten acres [4.05 hectares], and the taxing authority, in			
6		determining whether such presumption shall apply, shall consider such things as			
7		the present use, the adaptability to use, and how similar type properties in the			
8		immediate area are classified for tax purposes.			
9	SE	CTION 2. AMENDMENT. Section 57-02-27 of the North Dakota Century Code is			
10	10 amended and reenacted as follows:				
11	57-	02-27. Property to be valued at a percentage of assessed value - Classification			
12	of propert	y - Limitation on valuation of annexed agricultural lands. All property subject to			
13	3 ad valorem taxation based on the value thereof must be valued as follows:				
14	<del>1.</del>	All residential property to be valued at nine percent of assessed value. If any			
15		property is used for both residential and nonresidential purposes, the valuation			
16		must be prorated accordingly.			
17	<del>2.</del>	All agricultural property to be valued at ten percent of assessed value as			
18		determined pursuant to section 57-02-27.2.			
19	<del>3.</del>	All commercial property to be valued at ten percent of assessed value.			
20	<del>4.</del>	All centrally assessed property to be valued at ten percent of assessed value			
21		except as provided in section 57-06-14.1 must be valued for that purpose at its			
22		assessed valuation, except residential property, for which the assessed valuation			
23		as determined through the assessment and equalization process must be reduced			
24		by ten percent for purposes of taxation.			
25	The resulting amounts must be known as the taxable valuation. In determining the assessed				
26	value of real and personal property, except agricultural property, the assessor may not adopt a				
27	lower or different standard of value because the same is to serve as a basis of taxation, nor				
28	may the assessor adopt as a criterion of value the price at which said property would sell at				
29	auction, or at forced sale, or in the aggregate with all the property in the town or district, but the				
30	assessor shall value each article or description by itself, and at such sum or price as the				
31	assessor b	elieves the same to be fairly worth in money. In assessing any tract or lot of real			

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1 property, there must be determined the value of the land, exclusive of improvements, and the 2 value of all taxable improvements and structures thereon, and the aggregate value of the 3 property, including all taxable structures and other improvements, excluding the value of crops 4 growing upon cultivated lands. In valuing any real property upon which there is a coal or other 5 mine, or stone or other quarry, the same must be valued at such a price as such property, 6 including the mine or quarry, would sell for at a fair voluntary sale for cash. Agricultural lands 7 within the corporate limits of a city which are not platted constitute agricultural property and 8 must be so classified and valued for ad valorem property tax purposes until such lands are put 9 to another use. Agricultural lands, whether within the corporate limits of a city or not, which 10 were platted and assessed as agricultural property prior to March 30, 1981, must be assessed 11 as agricultural property for ad valorem property tax purposes until put to another use. Such 12 valuation must be uniform with the valuation of adjoining unannexed agricultural land. 13 SECTION 3. AMENDMENT. Section 57-02-27.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is 14 amended and reenacted as follows: 15 57-02-27.1. Property to be valued at true and full value assessed valuation.

16 Beginning with the year 1981 2010, all assessors and boards of equalization shall place the 17 values of all items of taxable property at the true and full value assessed valuation of the 18 property except as otherwise specifically provided by law, and the amount of taxes that may be 19 levied on such property for the year 1981 and each year thereafter must be limited as provided 20 in this chapter. For the purposes of sections 57-02-27, 57-02-27.1, 57-02-27.2, and 57-55-04, 21 the term "true and full value" has the same meaning as provided in subsection 15 of section 57-02-01, except that "true and full value" of agricultural lands must be as determined pursuant 22 23 to section 57-02-27.2. 24 The governing body of the city may establish valuations that recognize the supply of 25 vacant lots available for sale.

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## SECTION 4. LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL STATUTORY REVISIONS FOR

CONFORMITY. The Legislative Council shall replace statutory references to "true and full"
value or valuation with references to "assessed" value or valuation, as appropriate, in
conformity with the changes in this Act. The legislative council shall replace references to mills,
in relation to property tax levies, with equivalent references to percentages of assessed
valuation and shall express those percentages in numerical form, rather than in words.

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- 1 SECTION 5. EFFECTIVE DATE. This Act is effective for taxable years beginning after
- 2 December 31, 2009.