Sixty-first Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

## SENATE BILL NO. 2377

Introduced by

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Senators Dotzenrod, Triplett

- 1 A BILL for an Act to amend and reenact subdivision b of subsection 2 of section 57-62-02 of the
- 2 North Dakota Century Code, relating to allocation of money in the coal development fund.

## BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

- **SECTION 1. AMENDMENT.** Subdivision b of subsection 2 of section 57-62-02 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
  - b. If the tipple of a currently active coal mining operation in a county is within fifteen miles [24.14 kilometers] of another county in which no coal is mined, the revenue from the production not exceeding the production limitation in a calendar year which is apportioned from that coal mining operation according to this subsection must be allocated, subject to the definitions of terms and the requirements in paragraph 4, as provided in this subdivision. For purposes of this subdivision, the production limitation is three million eight hundred thousand tons [3447302.02 metric tons] through calendar year 1995, three million six hundred thousand tons [3265865.07 metric tons] in calendar years 1996 and 1997, and three million four hundred thousand tons [3084428.12 metric tons] in calendar years after 1997. Revenue from production exceeding the production limitation in a calendar year from that coal mining operation must be allocated only within the coal-producing county under subdivision a. Allocations under this subdivision must be made as follows:
    - (1) Thirty percent must be paid by the state treasurer to the incorporated cities of the coal-producing county and to any city of a non-coal-producing county when any portion of the city lies within fifteen miles [24.14 kilometers] of the tipple of the currently active coal

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mining operation in the coal-producing county, based upon the
population of each incorporated city according to the last official regular
or special federal census or the census taken in accordance with the
provisions of chapter 40-02 in case of a city incorporated subsequent to
such census.

Forty percent must be divided by the state treasurer between the

- general fund of the coal-producing county and the general fund of any non-coal-producing county when any portion of the latter county lies within fifteen miles [24.14 kilometers] of the tipple of the currently active coal mining operation in the coal-producing county. The non-coal-producing county portion must be based upon the ratio which the assessed valuation of all quarter sections of land in that county, any portion of which lies within fifteen miles [24.14 kilometers] of the tipple of the currently active coal mining operation, bears to the combined assessed valuations of all land in the coal-producing county and the quarter sections of land in the non-coal-producing county within fifteen miles [24.14 kilometers] of the tipple of the currently active coal mining operation. The county director of tax equalization of the coal-producing county shall certify to the state treasurer the number of quarter sections of land in the non-coal-producing counties which lie at least in part within fifteen miles [24.14 kilometers] of the tipple of the currently active coal mining operation and their assessed valuations.
- (3) Thirty percent must be apportioned by the state treasurer to school districts within the coal-producing county and to school districts in adjoining non-coal-producing counties when a portion of those school districts' land includes any of the quarter sections of land certified by the director of tax equalization to the state treasurer to be eligible to share county funds as provided for in paragraph 2. The county superintendent of the non-coal-producing counties shall certify to the state treasurer the number of students actually residing on these quarter sections lying outside the coal-producing county and each

1 school district in non-coal-producing counties shall receive a portion of 2 the money under this paragraph based upon the ratio of the number of 3 children residing on quarter sections of that school district within the 4 fifteen-mile [24.14-kilometer] radius of the tipple of a currently active 5 coal mining operation to the total number of schoolchildren from the 6 coal-producing county combined with all the schoolchildren certified to 7 be living on guarter sections within fifteen miles [24.14 kilometers] of 8 the tipple of the currently active coal mining operation in the 9 coal-producing county. 10 (4) For the purposes of this subsection subdivision: 11 The terms "currently active coal mining operation in a county", (a) 12 "currently active coal mining operation in the coal-producing 13 county", and "currently active coal mining operation" mean a coal 14 mining operation that produced more than one hundred fifty 15 thousand tons [136077.71 metric tons] of coal in a coal-producing 16 county during the prior quarterly period. 17 (b) The term "coal-producing county" means a county in which more 18 than one hundred fifty thousand tons [136077.71 metric tons] of 19 coal were mined in the prior quarterly period. 20 (c) The term "another county in which no coal is mined" means a 21 county in which not more than seventy-five thousand tons 22 [68038.86 metric tons] of coal were mined in the prior quarterly 23 period. 24 (d) The terms "non-coal-producing county" and "non-coal-producing 25 counties" mean any county in which not more than seventy-five 26 thousand tons [68038.86 metric tons] of coal were mined in the 27 prior quarterly period. 28 (e) In computing each amount to be paid as provided in paragraph 1, 29 2, or 3 for coal severance tax revenue from coal mined during a 30 monthly period, the state treasurer shall deduct from the 31 allocation the amount of coal severance tax revenue, if any, that

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1	the governmental body in the non-coal-producing county received
2	from the coal mined in the non-coal-producing county during the
3	same monthly period.