Sixty-first Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

HOUSE BILL NO.

Introduced by

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Representative Gruchalla

- 1 A BILL for an Act to create and enact a new section to chapter 39-12 of the North Dakota
- 2 Century Code, relating to weight records; and to provide a penalty.

## 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

**SECTION 1.** A new section to chapter 39-12 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and enacted as follows:

## Weight records - Penalty.

1.

A person who weighs goods before or after unloading or a person who loads or unloads goods on the basis of liquid volume measure shall keep a written record of the origin, weight, and composition of each shipment, the date of loading or receipt, the name and address of the shipper, the total number of axles on the vehicle or combination of vehicles, the registration number of the power unit or some other means of identification by which the shipment was transported. The record must be retained for fourteen days and must be open to inspection and copying by a law enforcement officer upon demand. A search warrant is not required to inspect or copy the record. This subsection does not apply to a person weighing goods who is not involved in the shipping, receiving, and transporting of those goods, or to a person weighing raw and unfinished farm products transported in a single-unit vehicle with not more than three axles or in a trailer towed by a farm tractor when transportation is the first, continuous transportation of unprocessed or raw farm products from the place of production or onsite storage to any other location with fifty miles of the place of production or on-farm storage site. A record maintained under this subsection if inspected and copied within the fourteen days is relevant evidence that a vehicle has exceeded a gross weight limit imposed by this chapter.

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- 2. A document, including a bill of lading, freight bill, weight certification, or other similar document, evidencing the receipt of goods issued by the person consigning the goods for shipment or a person engaged in the business of transporting or forwarding goods which states a gross weight of the vehicle or the weight of the load when combined with the empty weight of the vehicle that is in excess of the prescribed maximum weight limitations permitted by this chapter is relevant evidence that the weight of the vehicle and load is unlawful. This section does not apply to the first, continuous transportation of unprocessed or raw farm products from the place of production or on-farm storage site to any other location within fifty miles of the place of production or on-farm storage site when the maximum weight limitation under subsection 1 of section 39-12-05.3 is not exceeded by more than ten percent. This subsection does not limit the introduction of other competent evidence baring upon the question of whether there is a violation of maximum weight limitations permitted under this chapter.
- 3. A person that fails to keep, maintain, or open for inspection and copying documents as required by subsection 1 is guilty of a class A misdemeanor. An individual who does not accurately record the information required to be contained in those documents is guilty of a class A misdemeanor.