Sixty-first Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

HOUSE BILL NO.

Introduced by

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Representative Delmore

- 1 A BILL for an Act to create and enact a new section to chapter to 30.1-31 of the North Dakota
- 2 Century Code, relating to beneficiary deeds.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

- 4 **SECTION 1.** A new section to chapter 30.1-31 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and enacted as follows:
- 6 **Beneficiary deed Form Definitions.**
 - 1. As used in this section, the following definitions apply:
 - <u>a.</u> "Beneficiary deed" means a deed authorized by this section.
 - <u>b.</u> "Grantee beneficiary" or "grantee" means the person to whom an owner grants an interest in the real property that is the subject of the beneficiary deed.
 - <u>c.</u> "Owner" means a person who executes a beneficiary deed as provided in this section.
 - 2. A deed that conveys an interest in real property, including any debt secured by a lien on real property, to a grantee beneficiary designated by the owner and that expressly states that the deed is effective on the death of the owner transfers the deceased owner's interest to the grantee beneficiary designated by name in the beneficiary deed effective on the death of the owner, subject to all conveyances, assignments, contracts, mortgages, deed of trust, liens, security pledges, and other encumbrances made by the owner or to which the owner was subject during the owner's lifetime.
 - 3. A beneficiary deed may designate multiple grantees who take title as joint tenants with right of survivorship, tenants in common, or any other tenancy that is valid under the laws of this state.

- 4. A beneficiary deed may designate a successor grantee beneficiary. If the beneficiary deed designates a successor grantee beneficiary, the deed must state the condition on which the interest of the successor grantee beneficiary would vest.
- 4. If real property is owned by persons as joint tenants with the right of survivorship, a deed that conveys an interest in the real property to a grantee beneficiary designated by all of the then owner transfers the interest to the designated grantee beneficiary effective on the death of the last surviving owner. If a beneficiary deed is executed by fewer than all of the owners of real property owned as joint tenants with right of survivorship, the beneficiary deed is valid if the last surviving owner is one of the persons who executes the beneficiary deed. If the last surviving owner did not execute the beneficiary deed, the transfer lapses and the deed is void. An estate in joint tenancy with right of survivorship is not affected by the execution of a beneficiary deed that is executed by fewer that all of the owners of the real property, and the rights of a surviving joint tenant with right of survivorship prevail over a grantee beneficiary named in a beneficiary deed.
- 6. A beneficiary deed is valid only if the deed is executed and recorded, as provided by law, in the office of the county clerk and recorder of the county in which the property is located, before the death of the owner or the last surviving owner. A beneficiary deed may be used to transfer an interest in real property to the trustee of a trust even if the trust is revocable.
- 7. A beneficiary deed may be revoked at any time by the owner or, if there is more than one owner, by any of the owners who executed the beneficiary deed. To be effective the revocation must be executed and recorded, as provided by law, in the office of the county clerk and recorder of the county in which the real property is located, before the death of the owner who executes the revocation. If the real property is owned as joint tenants with right of survivorship and if the revocation is not executed by all the owners, the revocation is not effective unless executed by the last surviving owner.
- 8. If an individual who is a recipient of Medicaid conveys an interest in real property by means of a beneficiary deed, the department of public health and human

1		services may assert a clam against the property that is the subject of a beneficiary				
2		deed to the extent of medical assistance granted by the department.				
3	9. If an owner executes and records more than one beneficiary deed concerning the					
4		same real property, the last beneficiary deed that is recorded before the owner's				
5		death is the effective beneficiary deed.				
6	<u>10.</u>	This section does not prohibit other methods of conveying property that are				
7 permitted by law and that have the effect of postponing enjoyr		permitted by law and that have the effect of postponing enjoyment of interest in				
8		real property until the death of the owner. This section does not invalidate any				
9		deed otherwise effective by law to convey title to the interests and estates provided				
10		in the deed that is not recorded until after the death of the owner.				
11	<u>11.</u>	The signature, consent, or agreement of, or notice to, a grantee beneficiary of a				
12		beneficiary deed is not required for any purpose during the lifetime of the owner.				
13	<u>12.</u>	A beneficiary deed that is executed, acknowledged, and recorded in accordance				
14		with this section is not revoked by the provisions of a will.				
15	<u>13.</u>	The death of an owner of real property must, for the purposes of this section, by				
16		proved by affidavit or certificate of death.				
17	<u>14.</u>	A beneficiary deed is sufficient if it complies with other applicable law and if it is in				
18		substantially the following form:				
19	Beneficiary Deed					
20	I (we) (owner) hereby convey to (grantee beneficiary)					
21	effective on my (our) death of the following described real property:					
22	(Legal Description)					
23	If a grantee beneficiary predecreases the owner, the conveyance to the grantee					
24	beneficiary must either (choose one):					
25	[] Become void.					
26	[] Become part of the estate of the grantee beneficiary.					
27						
28	(Dated)					
29						
30	(Signature of grantor(s))					
31	(acknowledgment)					

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1	(14) An instrument revoking a beneficiary deed is sufficient if it complies with other					
2	applicable laws and is in substantially the following form:					
3	Revocation of Beneficiary Deed					
4	The undersigned hereby revokes the beneficiary deed recorded on (date)					
5	in docket or book	at page	, or instrument number			
6	records of	County, Montana, con	cerning the following described real	property:		
7		(Legal	description)			
8	Dated:					
9						
10	Signature					