Sixty-first Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

Introduced by

(At the request of the State Board of Accountancy)

- 1 A BILL for an Act to amend and reenact sections 43-02.2-02, 43-02.2-04, 43-02.2-04.1,
- 2 43-02.2-06, subsection 1 of section 43-02.2-09, section 43-02.2-10, subsections 1 and 3 of
- 3 section 43-02.2-11, and subsections 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, and 7 of section 43-02.2-12 of the North
- 4 Dakota Century Code, relating to certified public accountants and the practice of public
- 5 accountancy.

6 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

7 SECTION 1. AMENDMENT. Section 43-02.2-02 of the North Dakota Century Code is 8 amended and reenacted as follows:

43-02.2-02. Definitions. As used in this chapter, unless the context requires 9

- 10 otherwise:
- 11 1. "Board" means the state board of accountancy.
- 12 2. "Certificate" means a certificate as "certified public accountant" issued under 13 section 43-02.2-04 or provisions of prior law, or a corresponding certificate as 14 certified public accountant issued after examination under the law of any other 15 state.
- 16 3. "Client" means a person or entity that agrees with a licensee to receive any 17 professional service other than an employer-employee relationship.
- 18 "Firm" means a sole proprietorship, a corporation, a partnership, or any 4. 19 combination thereof, or any other entity permitted by law.
- 20 5. "Licensee" means the holder of a certificate, license, or permit issued under this 21 chapter or prior law.
- 22 "NASBA national qualification appraisal service" means the section of the national 6. 23 association of state boards of accountancy that either reviews the CPA licensure 24
 - requirements of its member jurisdictions to determine which CPA licensure

1			requirements are substantially equivalent to the licensure requirements of the
2			Uniform Accountancy Act or evaluates the credentials of individuals who are
3			licensed in jurisdictions that are not substantially equivalent to determine their
4			individual substantial equivalency.
5		<u>7.</u>	"Permit" means a permit to practice public accountancy issued under section
6			43-02.2-06 or 43-02.2-07, prior law, or corresponding provisions of the laws of
7			other states.
8	7.	• <u>8.</u>	"Practice of" or "practicing" public accountancy means the performance or the
9			offering to perform by a person or firm holding out to the public as a licensee, for a
10			client or potential client, services involving the use of accounting or auditing skills
11			including the issuance of reports on financial statements, but not including
12			management advisory, financial advisory, or consulting services, bookkeeping
13			services, or the preparation of tax returns or the furnishing of advice on tax matters
14			unless provided by a firm with a permit issued under section 43-02.2-06 or
15			43-02.2-07 of certified public accountants or licensed public accountants.
16		<u>9.</u>	"Practice privilege" means the privilege for a person to practice public accountancy
17			described in, and subject to the conditions contained in, subsection 1 of section
18			<u>43-02.2-04.1.</u>
19	8.	<u>10.</u>	"Practice review" means a study, appraisal, or review of one or more aspects of the
20			professional work of a firm in the practice of public accountancy, by a person or
21			persons who hold certificates and are in the practice of public accounting and who
22			are not affiliated with the person or firm being reviewed.
23		<u>11.</u>	"Principal place of business" means the office location designed by the licensee for
24			purposes of substantial equivalence and reciprocity.
25	9.	<u>12.</u>	"Professional" means arising out of or related to the specialized knowledge or skills
26			associated with certified public accountants or licensed public accountants.
27	10.	<u>13.</u>	"Report", when used with reference to financial statements, means an opinion,
28			report, or other form of language that states or implies assurance as to the
29			reliability of any financial statements and that also includes or is accompanied by
30			any statement or implication that the person or firm issuing it has special
31			knowledge or competence in accounting or auditing. A statement or implication of

1		special knowledge or competence may arise from use by the issuer of the report of
2		names or titles indicating that the issuer is an accountant, auditor, or is in the
3		business of accounting, or from the language of the report. "Report" includes any
4		form of language that disclaims an opinion when the form of language is
5		conventionally understood to imply any positive assurance as to the reliability of
6		the financial statements referred to or special competence on the part of the
7		person or firm issuing such language. "Report" includes any other form of
8		language that is conventionally understood to imply such assurance or such
9		special knowledge or competence.
10	11. <u>14.</u>	"Rule" means any rule, regulation, or other written directive of general application
11		duly adopted by the board.
12	12. <u>15.</u>	"State" means any state of the United States, the District of Columbia, the
13		Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin Islands, and Guam, and
14		the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands.

- 15 <u>13.</u> <u>16.</u> "Substantial equivalency," <u>as used in section 43-02.2-04, pertaining to certification</u>
 by reciprocity, and in section 43-02.2-04.1, pertaining to the practice privilege, is a
- 17 determination by the board or its designee that another jurisdiction's education,
- 18 examination, and experience requirements are comparable to or exceed that of the
- 19 Uniform Accountancy Act, or that an individual's education, examination, and
- 20 experience qualifications are comparable to or exceed that of the Uniform
- 21 Accountancy Act. In ascertaining substantial equivalency as used in this chapter
- 22 the board shall take into account the qualifications without regard to the sequence
- 23 in which experience, education, or examination requirements were attained.
- SECTION 2. AMENDMENT. Section 43-02.2-04 of the North Dakota Century Code is
 amended and reenacted as follows:
- 26

43-02.2-04. Certified public accountants.

- The board shall grant the certificate of "certified public accountant" to any person of
 good moral character who meets the requirements of this section.
- For the purposes of this chapter, good moral character means the lack of a history
 of dishonest or felonious acts. The board may refuse to grant a certificate on the
 grounds of failure to satisfy this requirement only if there is a substantial

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1		connectio	n between the lack of good moral character of the applicant and the
2		professior	nal responsibilities of a licensee and if the finding by the board of lack of
3		good mora	al character is supported by clear and convincing evidence. When an
4		applicant	is found to be unqualified for a certificate because of a lack of good moral
5		character,	the board shall furnish the applicant a statement containing the findings
6		of the boa	rd, a complete record of the evidence upon which the determination was
7		based, an	d a notice of the applicant's right of appeal.
8	3.	The board	I shall grant or renew certificates to persons who make application and
9		demonstra	ate that their qualifications are in accordance with the following
10		<u>subdivisio</u>	ns of this subsection.
11		<u>a.</u> The l	board shall issue a certificate to a holder of a certificate, license, or
12		perm	it issued by another state, provided that that state extends similar
13		recip	rocity to the certificate holders of this state, and upon a showing that:
14		a. The t	the applicant passed the examination required for issuance of the
15		certif	icate with grades that would have been passing grades at the time in this
16		state	; is eligible under the substantial equivalency standard set out in
17		<u>subs</u>	ection 1 of section 43-02.2-04.1. An application under this section may
18		<u>be m</u>	ade through the NASBA qualification appraisal service.
19		b. The a	applicant With regard to applicants that do not qualify for reciprocity
20		unde	r the substantial equivalency standard set out in subdivision a of
21		<u>subs</u>	ection 3, the board shall issue a certificate to a holder of a certificate,
22		licen	se, or permit issued by another state upon a showing that:
23		(1)	Meets all current requirements in this state for issuance of a certificate,
24			at the time application is made; or The applicant passed the uniform
25			CPA examinations;
26		(2)	At the time of the issuance of the applicant's certificate in the other
27			state, met all such requirements then applicable in this state; and The
28			applicant had four years of experience of the type described in
29			subsection 14 or meets comparable requirements prescribed by the
30			board by rule, after passing the examination upon which the applicant's

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1			certificate was based and within ten years immediately preceding the
2			application; and
3	<u>3.</u>	<u>lf th</u>	ne applicant's certificate, license, or permit was issued more than four years
4		pric	or to the application for issuance of an initial certificate under this section, that
5		<u>the</u>	applicant has fulfilled the requirements of continuing professional education
6		that	t would have been applicable under subsection 15.
7		C.	The applicant has paid <u>shall pay</u> the applicable fees <u>fee</u> .
8		<u>d.</u>	An individual who establishes his or her principal place of business in this
9			state must obtain a certificate under this section.
10	4.	The	e board shall issue a certificate to a holder of a recognized accounting
11		des	ignation from a jurisdiction or organization outside of the United States,
12		pro	vided such jurisdiction or organization extends similar reciprocity to the
13		cert	tificate holders of this state, and upon a showing to the board's satisfaction that
14		the	applicant:
15		a.	Meets the good moral character requirement of subsection 2;
16		b.	Meets the substantial equivalent of the education requirements of
17			subsection 5 and the experience requirements of subsection 14 at the time of
18			application, or at the time of the issuance of the designation by the other
19			jurisdiction or organization met the education and experience requirements
20			then applicable in this state;
21		C.	Has completed examinations generally equivalent to those prescribed under
22			subsection 6;
23		d.	Has satisfactorily completed any additional examinations that the board
24			prescribes; and
25		e.	Has paid the applicable fees.
26	5.	The	education requirement for a certificate is as follows:
27		a.	Through December 31, 1999, a baccalaureate degree or its equivalent
28			conferred by a college or university acceptable to the board, and an
29			accounting concentration or equivalent as determined by board rule to be
30			appropriate, or four years of public accounting experience on one's own
31			account or in the office of a public accountant in active practice, or in an

- accounting or auditing position with the government of the United States or a
 state.
- 3 b. After December 31, 1999, at least one hundred fifty semester hours of college 4 education including a baccalaureate or higher degree or its equivalent 5 conferred by a college or university acceptable to the board, the total 6 educational program to include an accounting concentration or equivalent as 7 determined by board rule to be appropriate. An individual who on 8 December 31, 1999, meets the requirements of subdivision a may obtain a 9 certificate under subdivision a if the individual passes the examination in 10 accordance with board rules before December 31, 2004.
- 11 6. The examination required to be passed as a condition for the granting of a 12 certificate must test the applicant's knowledge of the subjects of accounting and 13 auditing. A grade of seventy five percent is required in each subject to constitute a 14 passing grade. The time for holding the examination must be fixed by the board 15 and may be changed from time to time. The board may prescribe by rule the 16 methods of applying for and conducting the examination, including methods for 17 grading papers and determining a passing grade required of an applicant for a 18 certificate provided that the board to the extent possible sees to it that the grading 19 of the examination and the passing grade requirements are uniform with those 20 applicable in all other states. The board may use all or any part of the uniform 21 certified public accountant examination and advisory grading service of the 22 American institute of certified public accountants and may contract with third 23 parties to perform administrative services with respect to the examination it deems 24 appropriate to assist it in performing its duties. The board may permit a candidate 25 to take the examination if the board is satisfied that the candidate will complete the 26 educational requirements of this section within six months after the candidate's 27 application to take the examination.
- An applicant must pass the examination provided for in subsection 6, as specified
 by rule, in order to qualify for a certificate.

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1	8.	An applicant must be given credit for any and all sections of an examination
2		passed in another state if such credit would have been given under then applicable
3		requirements, if the applicant had taken the examination in this state.
4	9.	The board may in particular cases waive or defer any of the requirements of
5		subsections 7 and 8 regarding the circumstances under which the examination
6		must be passed, upon a showing that, by reason of circumstances beyond the
7		applicant's control, the applicant was unable to meet the requirement.
8	10.	The board may charge, or provide for a third party administering the examination to
9		charge, each applicant a fee, in an amount prescribed by the board by rule, for
10		examination or reexamination.
11	11.	A certificate of certified public accountant must be renewed each year, with
12		renewal subject to payment of fees and any other requirements prescribed by the
13		board.
14	12.	The board may require examination of other related subjects as specified by rule.
15	13.	Applicants for initial issuance or renewal of certificates under this section shall list
16		in the applications all states and jurisdictions in which they have applied for or hold
17		certificates or permits or other recognized accounting designation, and each holder
18		of or applicant for a certificate under this section shall notify the board in writing,
19		within thirty days after its occurrence, of any issuance, denial, revocation, or
20		suspension of a certificate or permit or other recognized accounting designation by
21		another state or jurisdiction.
22	14.	After December 31, 2000, an applicant for initial issuance of a certificate under this
23		section shall show that the applicant has had one year of experience. This
24		experience must include providing any type of service or advice involving the use
25		of accounting, attest, management advisory, financial advisory, tax, or consulting
26		skills. This experience must be verified and must meet any other requirements
27		prescribed by the board by rule. This experience is acceptable if it was gained
28		through employment in government, industry, academia, or public accounting.
29		This experience requirement does not apply to those who received a certificate
30		from this state prior to January 1, 2000.

1	15.	The board may require by rule, as a condition for granting and renewal of
2		certificates under this section, that applicants show completion of continuing
3		education meeting requirements of board rule. The continuing education rules may
4		include provisions for exceptions and must include reasonable provision for an
5		applicant who cannot meet the continuing education requirements due to
6		circumstances beyond the applicant's reasonable control.
7	16.	As an alternative to the requirements of subsection 3, the board shall issue a
8		certificate to an individual who holds a certificate from another state, who
9		establishes the individual's principal place of business within this state and has
10		submitted the applicable application and fees, provided that the individual or the
11		other state has attained substantial equivalency.
12	SEC	CTION 3. AMENDMENT. Section 43-02.2-04.1 of the North Dakota Century Code
13	is amended	and reenacted as follows:
14	43-0	02.2-04.1. Substantial equivalency.
15	1.	An individual whose principal place of business is not in this state shall have all the
16		privileges of certificate holders and licensees of this state without the need to
17		obtain a certificate or permit under section 43-02.2-04, if the individual holds a valid
18		certificate license as a CPA from any state that has attained substantial
19		equivalency the NASBA national qualification appraisal service has verified to be in
20		substantial equivalence with the CPA licensure requirements of the Uniform
21		Accountancy Act, or if the individual's CPA qualifications are deemed to meet
22		substantial equivalency license is not from any state which the NASBA national
23		qualification appraisal service has verified to be in substantial equivalence with the
24		CPA licensure requirements of the Uniform Accountancy Act, that the individual
25		has obtained from the NASBA national qualification appraisal service verification
26		that such individual's CPA qualifications are substantially equivalent to the CPA
27		licensure requirements of the Uniform Accountancy Act. An individual who passed
28		the uniform CPA examination and holds a valid license issued by any other state
29		prior to January 1, 2012, may be exempt from the education requirement in the
30		Uniform Accountancy Act for purposes of this section.

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1	<u>2.</u>	Notwithstanding any other provision of law, an individual who offers or renders		
2		professional services, whether in person, or by mail, telephone or electronic		
3		means, under this section shall be granted practice privileges in this state and may		
4		use the title "CPA' or "Certified Public Accountant" and no notice, fee, or other		
5		submission shall be provided by any such individual. Such an individual shall be		
6		subject to the requirements of subsection 3.		
7	<u>3.</u>	Individuals intending to enter the state under this provision shall submit the		
8		applicable application and fees prior to entry. Any individual licensee of another		
9		state exercising the privilege afforded under this section and the firm which		
10		employs that licensee hereby simultaneously consents consent, as a condition of		
11		the grant of this privilege:		
12		a. To the personal and subject matter jurisdiction and disciplinary authority of the		
13		board;		
14		b. To comply with this chapter and the board's rules;and		
15		c. That in the event the license from the state of the individual's principal place		
16		of business is no longer valid, the individual will cease offering or rendering		
17		professional services in this state individually and on behalf of a firm; and		
18		d. To the appointment of the state board which issued the person's certificate		
19		license as the person's agent upon whom process may be served in any		
20		action or proceeding by this board against the licensee.		
21	2. <u>4.</u>	A licensee of this state offering or rendering services or using the licensee's CPA		
22		title in another state is subject to disciplinary action in this state for an act		
23		committed in another state for which the licensee would be subject to discipline in		
24		the other state. The board shall investigate any complaint made by the board of		
25		accountancy of another state.		
26	SEC	CTION 4. AMENDMENT. Subsections 1 and 5 of section 43-02.2-06 of the North		
27	7 Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:			
28	43-0	02.2-06. Permits to practice - Firms.		
29	1.	A firm must hold a firm permit issued by the board, in order to practice public		
30		accounting or to use the titles "CPAs", "LPAs", "CPA firm", "LPA firm", or similar		
31		titles. The board shall grant or renew permits to practice public accountancy to		

1		firms	that I	make application and demonstrate their qualifications in accordance with		
2		this s	ectio	n. The board shall grant or renew permits to practice as a CPA or LPA		
3		<u>firm t</u>	firm to applicants that demonstrate their qualifications therefor in accordance with			
4		<u>this s</u>	subse	ction.		
5	<u>a.</u>	<u>The f</u>	follow	ing must hold a permit issued under this subsection:		
6			<u>(1)</u>	Any firm with an office in this state practicing public accountancy as		
7				defined in subsection 8 of section 43-02.2-02; or		
8			<u>(2)</u>	Any firm with an office in this state that uses the title "CPA," "LPA,"		
9				"CPA firm," or "LPA firm," or similar titles.		
10		<u>b.</u>	<u>A firm</u>	which is not subject to the requirements of subdivision a of		
11			subse	ection 1 may perform professional services within the practice of public		
12			<u>ассо</u>	intancy while using the title "CPA" or "CPA firm" in this state without a		
13			permi	t issued under this subsection only if:		
14			<u>(1)</u>	It performs such services through an individual with practice privileges		
15				under subsection 1 of section 43-02.2-04.1, and		
16			<u>(2)</u>	It can lawfully do so in the state where said individuals with practice		
17				privileges have their principal place of business.		
18	5.	The b	board	shall may charge a fee for each application for initial issuance or		
19		renev	wal of	a permit under this section in an amount prescribed by the board by		
20		rule.				
21	SEC	CTION	5. A	MENDMENT. Subsection 1 of section 43-02.2-09 of the North Dakota		
22	2 Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:					
23	1.	The b	board	may revoke any certificate, license, practice privilege, or permit issued		
24		unde	r this	chapter or corresponding provisions of prior law; suspend any such		
25		certif	icate,	license, practice privilege, or permit or refuse to renew any such		
26		certif	icate,	license, or permit for a period of not more than five years; reprimand,		
27		cens	ure, o	r limit the scope of practice of any licensee; or holder of a practice		
28		privile	ege; i	mpose an administrative fine not exceeding one thousand dollars; or		
29		place	e any	licensee on probation, all with or without terms, conditions, and		
30		limita	tions,	for any one or more of the following reasons:		
31		a.	Frauc	or deceit in obtaining a certificate, license, or permit;		

1	b.	Cancellation, revocation, suspension, or refusal to renew a certificate, license,		
2		practice privilege, or permit in any other state or jurisdiction for any cause;		
3	С.	Failure, on the part of a holder of a certificate, license, or permit, to maintain		
4		compliance with the requirements for issuance or renewal of such certificate,		
5		license, practice privilege, or permit or to report changes to the board under		
6		section 43-02.2-04, 43-02.2-06, or 43-02.2-07;		
7	d.	Revocation or suspension of the right to practice before any state or federal		
8		agency;		
9	e.	Dishonesty, fraud, or gross negligence in the performance of services as a		
10		licensee or in the filing or failure to file the licensee's own income tax returns;		
11	f.	Violation of any provision of this chapter or rule adopted by the board under		
12		this chapter;		
13	g.	Violation of any rule of conduct adopted by the board under section		
14		43-02.2-03;		
15	h.	Conviction of a felony, or of any crime an element of which is dishonesty or		
16		fraud, under the laws of the United States, of this state, or of any other state if		
17		the acts involved would have constituted a crime under the laws of this state;		
18	i.	Performance of any fraudulent act while holding a certificate, license, practice		
19		privilege, or permit issued under this chapter or prior law;		
20	j.	Any conduct reflecting adversely upon the licensee's fitness to perform		
21		services while a licensee; and		
22	k.	Making any false or misleading statement or verification, in support of an		
23		application for a certificate, license, or permit filed by another.		
24	SECTIO	N 6. AMENDMENT. Section 43-02.2-10 of the North Dakota Century Code is		
25	5 amended and reenacted as follows:			
26	6 43-02.2-10. Enforcement procedures - Investigations. If this chapter authorizes the			
27	board to revoke, deny, or suspend the certificate, license, practice privilege, or permit of any			
28	licensee or holder of a practice privilege, the licensee has a right to a hearing before the board			
29	on such contemplated disciplinary action and has a right to appeal to the courts from the			
30	decision of the b	board on the hearing. All of the provisions of chapter 28-32 relating to		
31	proceedings bef	ore an administrative agency are applicable to and govern the notice of		

1 hearing, the hearing, and the right of appeal from the board's decision. During the investigation 2 of any complaint or other information suggesting violations of this chapter, the report of the 3 investigating officer, the complaint, if any, the testimony and documents submitted in support of 4 the complaint or gathered in the investigation, and the fact of the pending investigation must be 5 treated as confidential information and may not be disclosed to any person except law 6 enforcement authorities and, to the extent deemed necessary in order to conduct the 7 investigation, the subject of the investigation, persons whose complaints are being investigated, 8 and witnesses questioned in the course of the investigation. 9 SECTION 7. AMENDMENT. Subsections 1 and 3 of section 43-02.2-11 of the North 10 Dakota Century Code are amended and reenacted as follows: 11 1. If the board has suspended, refused to renew, or revoked a certificate, license, 12 practice privilege, or a permit, the board may modify the suspension or reissue the 13 certificate, license, practice privilege, or permit upon application in writing by the 14 person or firm affected and for good cause shown and payment of a fee 15 established by the board. 16 Before reissuing or terminating the suspension of a certificate, license, practice 3. 17 privilege, or permit under this section, the board may require the applicant to show 18 successful completion of specified continuing education and may make the 19 reinstatement conditional and subject to specified conditions, including satisfactory 20 completion of a practice review conducted as specified by the board. 21 **SECTION 8. AMENDMENT.** Subsections 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, and 7 of section 43-02.2-12 of 22 the North Dakota Century Code are amended and reenacted as follows: 23 1. A person or firm that is not a licensee or otherwise authorized to practice in this 24 state under subsection 1 of section 43-02.2-04.1 or subdivision b of subsection 1 of 25 section 43-02.2-06 may not practice or offer to practice public accountancy or issue 26 a report on financial statements of any other person, firm, organization, or 27 governmental unit. Individual licensees may not practice public accountancy 28 unless they do so within a firm that holds a permit issued under this chapter or is 29 otherwise exempt from the firm permit requirement. These prohibitions do not 30 apply to an officer, partner, or employee of any firm or organization affixing the 31 person's name or signature to any statement or report in reference to the financial

1 affairs of such firm or organization with any wording designating the position, title, 2 or office that the signer holds therein, does not prohibit any act of a public official or 3 employee in the performance of duties as such, and does not prohibit the 4 performance by any persons of other services involving the use of accounting 5 skills, including the preparation of tax returns, management advisory services, and 6 the preparation of financial statements without the issuance of reports thereon. 7 This prohibition does not apply to transactions between manufacturing and sales 8 organizations and their customers when accounting services accompany the sale 9 of products provided that such accounting services are incidental and that any 10 financial report made is clearly titled "unaudited financial report".

- A person not holding a valid certificate <u>or practice privilege</u> issued under this
 chapter may not use or assume the title or designation "certified public
 accountant", or the abbreviation "CPA" or any other title, designation, words,
 letters, abbreviation, sign, card, or device tending to indicate that the person is a
 certified public accountant.
- 163. A firm may not practice public accountancy or assume or use the title or17designation "certified public accountant", or the abbreviation "CPA", or any other18title, designation, words, letters, abbreviation, sign, card, or device tending to19indicate that the firm is a certified public accountant firm unless the firm holds a20valid permit issued under this chapter or is otherwise exempt from the firm permit21requirement.
- 5. A firm may not practice public accountancy, or assume or use the title or
 designation "licensed public accountant", the abbreviation "LPA", or any other title,
 designation, words, letters, abbreviation, sign, card, or device tending to indicate
 that the firm is a licensed public accountant firm unless the firm holds a valid permit
 issued under this chapter or is otherwise exempt from the firm permit requirement.
- A person or firm not holding a valid certificate, license, <u>practice privilege</u>, or permit
 issued under this chapter <u>or otherwise exempt from the firm permit requirement</u>
 may not assume or use the title or designation "certified accountant", "chartered
 accountant", "enrolled accountant", "licensed accountant", "public accountant",
 "registered accountant", "accredited accountant", or any other title or designation

1		likely to be confused with the titles "certified public accountant" or "licensed public
2		accountant", or use any of the abbreviations "CA", "LA", "PA", "RA", "AA", or
3		similar abbreviation likely to be confused with the abbreviations "CPA" or "LPA".
4	7.	A person or firm not holding a valid certificate, license, practice privilege, or permit
5		issued under this chapter or otherwise exempt from such requirement may not
6		assume or use any title or designation that includes the words "accountant",
7		"auditor", or "accounting", or other terms in any manner that implies such person or
8		firm holds such a certificate, license, or permit or has special competence as an
9		accountant or auditor. This subsection does not prohibit any officer, partner, or
10		employee of any firm or organization from affixing the person's name or signature
11		to any reference to the financial affairs of such firm or organization with any
12		wording designating the position, title, or office that the person holds and does not
13		prohibit any act of a public official or employee in the performance of duties.