FIRST ENGROSSMENT

Sixty-second Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 2280

Introduced by

Senators Luick, Miller, Uglem, Wanzek

Representatives Schmidt, Wall

- 1 A BILL for an Act to create and enact a new subsection to section 61-21-02 and a new section
- 2 to chapter 61-32 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to subsurface drainage of water; to
- 3 provide a penalty; and to declare an emergency.

4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

- 5 **SECTION 1.** A new subsection to section 61-21-02 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and enacted as follows:
- 7 The installation of artificial subsurface drainage systems.
- 8 **SECTION 2.** A new section to chapter 61-32 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and enacted as follows:
- 10 Permit to drain subsurface waters required Permit form Penalty.
- 11 <u>Installation of an artificial subsurface drainage system comprising eighty acres [32.37</u>
- 12 <u>hectares</u>] of land area or more requires a permit. The state engineer shall develop an
- 13 application form for a permit for subsurface drainage of water. A person seeking to construct an
- 14 artificial subsurface drainage system must submit an application to the water resource district
- 15 within which is found a majority of the land area for consideration and approval. Water resource
- districts may attach any necessary conditions to an approved permit, but may not deny an
- 17 application unless the water resource district determines the application is of statewide
- 18 <u>significance or the proposed drainage will flood or adversely affect downstream landowners</u>
- 19 <u>within one mile [1.61 kilometers] of the proposed subsurface drainage. Water resource districts</u>
- 20 <u>must forward copies of all approved permits to the state engineer. Water resource districts shall</u>
- 21 <u>determine if the application proposes drainage of statewide significance. If so, the application</u>
- 22 must be referred to the state engineer for consideration and approval, and the state engineer
- shall make a determination within thirty days. The permit applicant shall provide a thirty-day
- 24 <u>notice to downstream property owners within one mile [1.61 kilometers] of the proposed</u>

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- 1 <u>subsurface drainage</u>. If an investigation by a water resource district or a downstream landowner
- 2 <u>within one mile [1.61 kilometers] shows that the proposed drainage will flood or adversely affect</u>
- 3 <u>lands of downstream landowners within one mile [1.61 kilometers], the water resource district</u>
- 4 <u>may require flowage easements before issuing a permit. If an artificial subsurface drainage</u>
- 5 system drains into an assessment drain, natural watercourse, or pond, slough, or lake, a
- 6 flowage easement is not required. Flowage easements must be filed for record in the office of
- 7 the recorder of the county or counties in which the lands are situated. A person that installs an
- 8 <u>artificial subsurface drainage system without first securing a permit to do so, as provided in this</u>
- 9 section, is liable for all damage sustained by a person caused by the draining, and is guilty of an
- 10 infraction.
- 11 **SECTION 3. EMERGENCY.** This Act is declared to be an emergency measure.

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