11.0665.03000

Sixty-second Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

FIRST ENGROSSMENT with Senate Amendments ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 1450

Introduced by

Representatives Ruby, Karls, Kasper

Senators Larsen, Nodland, Sitte

- 1 A BILL for an Act to create and enact a new section to chapter 12.1-17 of the North Dakota
- 2 Century Code, relating to the application of sections in chapter 12.1-17 to certain medical
- 3 procedures; and to amend and reenact sections 12.1-01-04 and 12.1-16-06 of the North Dakota
- 4 Century Code, relating to the definition of human being and the application of sections in
- 5 chapter 12.1-16 to certain medical procedures.

6 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

- 7 **SECTION 1. AMENDMENT.** Section 12.1-01-04 of the North Dakota Century Code is
- 8 amended and reenacted as follows:
- 9 12.1-01-04. General definitions.
- As used in this title, unless a different meaning plainly is required:
- 1. "Act" or "action" means a bodily movement, whether voluntary or involuntary.
- 12 2. "Acted", "acts", and "actions" include, where relevant, "omitted to act" and "omissions to act".
- 14 3. "Actor" includes, where relevant, a person guilty of an omission.
- 15 4. "Bodily injury" means any impairment of physical condition, including physical pain.
- 16 5. "Court" means any of the following courts: the supreme court, a district court, and where relevant, a municipal court.
- 18 6. "Dangerous weapon" means, but is not limited to, any switchblade or gravity knife,
 19 machete, scimitar, stiletto, sword, or dagger; any billy, blackjack, sap, bludgeon,
 20 cudgel, metal knuckles, or sand club; any slungshot; any bow and arrow, crossbow, or
 21 spear; any weapon which will expel, or is readily capable of expelling, a projectile by
 22 the action of a spring, compressed air, or compressed gas including any such weapon,
- loaded or unloaded, commonly referred to as a BB gun, air rifle, or CO₂ gun; and any

- projector of a bomb or any object containing or capable of producing and emitting any noxious liquid, gas, or substance.
- "Destructive device" means any explosive, incendiary or poison gas bomb, grenade,
 mine, rocket, missile, or similar device.
- 8. "Explosive" means gunpowders, powders used for blasting, all forms of high
 explosives, blasting materials, fuses (other than electric circuit breakers), detonators
 and other detonating agents, smokeless powders, and any chemical compounds,
 mechanical mixture, or other ingredients in such proportions, quantities, or packing
 that ignition by fire, by friction, by concussion, by percussion, or by detonation of the
 compound, or material, or any part thereof may cause an explosion.
- 11 9. Repealed by S.L. 1975, ch. 116, § 33.
- 12 10. "Firearm" means any weapon which will expel, or is readily capable of expelling, a
 13 projectile by the action of an explosive and includes any such weapon, loaded or
 14 unloaded, commonly referred to as a pistol, revolver, rifle, gun, machine gun, shotgun,
 15 bazooka, or cannon.
- 16 11. "Force" means physical action.
- 17 12. "Government" means:

18

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

- a. The government of this state or any political subdivision of this state;
- b. Any agency, subdivision, or department of the foregoing, including the executive,
 legislative, and judicial branches;
 - c. Any corporation or other entity established by law to carry on any governmental function; and
 - d. Any commission, corporation, or agency established by statute, compact, or contract between or among governments for the execution of intergovernmental programs.
 - 13. "Governmental function" includes any activity which one or more public servants are legally authorized to undertake on behalf of government.
- 14. "Harm" means loss, disadvantage, or injury to the person affected, and includes loss,
 disadvantage, or injury to any other person in whose welfare the person affected is
 interested.

1 15. "Human being" means an individual member of the species homo sapiens at every 2 stage of development. 3 <u>16.</u> "Included offense" means an offense: 4 Which is established by proof of the same or less than all the facts required to 5 establish commission of the offense charged; 6 b. Which consists of criminal facilitation of or an attempt or solicitation to commit the 7 offense charged; or 8 Which differed from the offense charged only in that it constitutes a less serious C. 9 harm or risk of harm to the same person, property, or public interest, or because 10 a lesser degree of culpability suffices to establish its commission. 11 16.17. "Includes" should be read as if the phrase "but is not limited to" were also set forth. 12 17.18. "Law enforcement officer" or "peace officer" means a public servant authorized by law 13 or by a government agency or branch to enforce the law and to conduct or engage in 14 investigations or prosecutions for violations of law. 15 18.19. "Local" means of or pertaining to any political subdivision of the state. 16 19.20. Repealed by S.L. 1975, ch. 116, § 33. 17 20.21. "Offense" means conduct for which a term of imprisonment or a fine is authorized by 18 statute after conviction. 19 "Official action" includes a decision, opinion, recommendation, vote, or other exercise 21.22. 20 of discretion by any government agency. 21 22.23. "Official proceeding" means a proceeding heard or which may be heard before any 22 government agency or branch or public servant authorized to take evidence under 23 oath, including any referee, hearing examiner, commissioner, notary, or other person 24 taking testimony or a deposition in connection with any such proceeding. 25 23.24. "Omission" means a failure to act. 26 24.25. As used in this title and in sections outside this title which define offenses, "person" 27 includes, where relevant, a corporation, limited liability company, partnership, 28 unincorporated association, or other legal entity. When used to designate a party 29 whose property may be the subject of action constituting an offense, the word "person" 30 includes a government which may lawfully own property in this state. Person includes 31 all human beings.

1 25.26. "Political subdivision" as used in this title and in any statute outside this title which 2 defines an offense means a county, city, school district, township, and any other local 3 governmental entity created by law. 4 26.27. "Property" includes both real and personal property. 5 27.28. "Public servant" as used in this title and in any statute outside this title which defines 6 an offense means any officer or employee of government, including law enforcement 7 officers, whether elected or appointed, and any person participating in the 8 performance of a governmental function, but the term does not include witnesses. 9 28.29. "Risk assessment" means an initial phase with a secondary process approved by the 10 department of human services for the evaluation of the likelihood that a person who 11 committed an offense will commit another similar offense. The initial phase is an 12 assessment tool that is administered by a trained probation and parole officer. A 13 predetermined score on the initial phase initiates the secondary process that includes 14 a clinical interview, psychological testing, and verification through collateral information 15 or psychophysiological testing, or both. The department of human services shall 16 perform the secondary process of the risk assessment. 17 29.30. "Serious bodily injury" means bodily injury that creates a substantial risk of death or 18 which causes serious permanent disfigurement, unconsciousness, extreme pain, 19 permanent loss or impairment of the function of any bodily member or organ, a bone 20 fracture, or impediment of air flow or blood flow to the brain or lungs. 21 30.31. "Signature" includes any name, mark, or sign written or affixed with intent to 22 authenticate any instrument or writing. 23 31.32. "Substantial bodily injury" means a substantial temporary disfigurement, loss, or 24 impairment of the function of any bodily member or organ. 25 32.33. "Thing of value" or "thing of pecuniary value" means a thing of value in the form of 26 money, tangible or intangible property, commercial interests, or anything else the 27 primary significance of which is economic gain to the recipient. 28 "Writing" includes printing, typewriting, and copying. 33.34. 29 Words used in the singular include the plural, and the plural the singular. Words in the 30 masculine gender include the feminine and neuter genders. Words used in the present tense 31 include the future tense, but exclude the past tense.

1	SECTION 2. AMENDMENT. Section 12.1-16-06 of the North Dakota Century Code is				
2	amended and reenacted as follows:				
3	12.1-16-06. Construction.				
4	<u>1.</u>	Sec	tions 12.1-16-04 through 12.1-16-06 do not preclude the use of medications or		
5		proc	edures necessary to relieve a person's pain or discomfort if the use of the		
6		med	lications or procedures is not intentionally or knowingly prescribed or administered		
7		to ca	ause the death of thata person. In addition, sections 12.1-16-04 through		
8		12.1	-16-06 do not preclude the withholding or withdrawal of life-prolonging treatment		
9		purs	suant to state or federal law.		
0	<u>2.</u>	Sec	tions 12.1-16-01 through 12.1-16-03 do not apply to:		
11		<u>a.</u>	Medical treatment for life-threatening conditions provided to a person by a		
2			physician licensed to practice medicine under chapter 43-17 which results in the		
3			accidental or unintentional injury or death of another person.		
4		<u>b.</u>	Medical treatment for life-threatening conditions in pregnancy.		
5		<u>C.</u>	The screening, collecting, preparing, transferring, or cryopreserving of a human		
6			being created through in vitro fertilization for the purpose of being transferred to a		
7			human uterus.		
8		<u>d.</u>	The disposal or destruction of a fertilized human ovum, zygote, or embryo,		
9			created through in vitro fertilization, which has been subject to medical testing		
20			and analysis, and in the reasonable judgment of a medical professional, if		
21			transferred to a human uterus, would not produce a live birth.		
22		<u>e.</u>	The disposal or destruction of a fertilized human ovum, zygote, or embryo,		
23			created through in vitro fertilization which has not progressed in development for		
24			thirty-six hours in culture.		
25		<u>f.</u>	Contraception administered before a clinically diagnosable pregnancy of a		
26			woman.		
27		<u>g.</u>	The termination of a pregnancy that resulted from gross sexual imposition, sexual		
28			imposition, sexual abuse of a ward, or incest, as those offenses are defined in		
29			<u>chapter 12.1-20.</u>		

1	<u>3.</u>	<u>Sec</u>	tions 12.1-16-01 through 12.1-16-03 apply only to the principal actor, other than		
2		the	pregnant woman, with respect to criminal conduct upon a person who has not yet		
3		<u>bee</u>	<u>n born.</u>		
4	SEC	CTION 3. A new section to chapter 12.1-17 of the North Dakota Century Code is created			
5	and ena	nacted as follows:			
6	Cor	nstruction.			
7	<u>1.</u>	Sections 12.1-17-01 through 12.1-17-03 do not apply to:			
8		<u>a.</u>	Medical treatment for life-threatening conditions provided to a person by a		
9			physician licensed to practice medicine under chapter 43-17 which results in the		
10			accidental or unintentional injury or death of another person.		
11		<u>b.</u>	Medical treatment for life-threatening conditions in pregnancy.		
12		<u>C.</u>	The screening, collecting, preparing, transferring, or cryopreserving of a human		
13			being created through in vitro fertilization for the purpose of being transferred to a		
14			human uterus.		
15		<u>d.</u>	The disposal or destruction of a fertilized human ovum, zygote, or embryo,		
16			created through in vitro fertilization, which has been subject to medical testing		
17			and analysis, and in the reasonable judgment of a medical professional, if		
18			transferred to a human uterus, would not produce a live birth.		
19		<u>e.</u>	The disposal or destruction of a fertilized human ovum, zygote, or embryo,		
20			created through in vitro fertilization which has not progressed in development for		
21			thirty-six hours in culture.		
22		<u>f.</u>	Contraception administered before a clinically diagnosable pregnancy of a		
23			woman.		
24		<u>g.</u>	The termination of a pregnancy that resulted from gross sexual imposition, sexual		
25			imposition, sexual abuse of a ward, or incest, as those offenses are defined in		
26			<u>chapter 12.1-20.</u>		
27	<u>2.</u>	Sec	tions 12.1-17-01 through 12.1-17-03 apply only to the principal actor, other than		
28		the	pregnant woman, with respect to criminal conduct upon a person who has not yet		
29		bee	n born.		