## FIRST ENGROSSMENT

Sixty-second Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

## **ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 2245**

Introduced by

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Senators Dever, Schneider, Triplett

Representatives N. Johnson, Maragos, S. Meyer

- 1 A BILL for an Act to amend and reenact subdivision b of subsection 2 of section 52-04-07 and
- 2 subsection 1 of section 52-06-02 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to eligibility for
- 3 unemployment compensation benefits; and to declare an emergency.

## 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

5	SECTION 1. AMENDMENT. Subdivision b of subsection 2 of section 52-04-07 of the North
6	Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
7	b. With benefits paid to an individual who either:
8	(1) Left the employment of the base-period employer voluntarily without good

- cause or with good cause not involving fault on the part of the base-period employer; <del>or</del>
- 11
   (2) Who wasWas discharged from employment by the base-period employer for

   12
   misconduct: or
- 13(3)Was separated from employment with the base-period employer for reasons14directly attributable to domestic violence or sexual assault.

SECTION 2. AMENDMENT. Subsection 1 of section 52-06-02 of the North Dakota Century
 Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

- For the week in which the individual has left the individual's most recent employment
   voluntarily without good cause attributable to the employer, and thereafter until such
   time as the individual:
- 20a.Can demonstrate that the individual has earned remuneration for personal21services in employment from and after the date of the unemployment22compensation claim filing, equivalent to at least eight times the individual's23weekly benefit amount as determined under section 52-06-04; and

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1 2  b. Has not left the individual's most recent employment under disqualifying circumstances.

3 A temporary employee of a temporary help firm is deemed to have left 4 employment voluntarily if the employee does not contact the temporary help firm for 5 reassignment before filing for benefits. Failure to contact the temporary help firm is not 6 deemed a voluntary leaving of employment unless the claimant was advised of the 7 obligation to contact the temporary help firm upon completion of an assignment and 8 advised that unemployment benefits may be denied for failure to contact the 9 temporary help firm. As used in this subsection, "temporary employee" means an 10 employee assigned to work for a client of a temporary help firm; and "temporary help 11 firm" means a firm that hires that firm's own employees and assigns these employees 12 to a client to support or supplement the client's workforce in a work situation such as 13 employee absence, temporary skill shortage, seasonal workload, a special 14 assignment, and a special project.

15 This subsection does not apply if job service North Dakota determines that the 16 individual in an active claim filing status accepted work which the individual could have 17 refused with good cause under section 52-06-36 and terminated such employment 18 with the same good cause and within the first ten weeks after starting work.

19 This subsection does not apply if the individual left employment or remains away 20 from employment following illness or injury upon a physician's written notice or order: 21 no benefits may be paid under this exception unless the employee has notified the 22 employer of the physician's requirement and has offered service for suitable work to 23 the employer upon the individual's capability of returning to employment. This 24 exception does not apply unless the individual's capability of returning to employment 25 and offer of service for suitable work to the employer occurs within sixty days of the 26 last day of work. However, the cost of any benefits paid under this exception may not 27 be charged against the account of the employer, other than a reimbursing employer, 28 from whom the individual became separated as a result of the illness or injury. Job 29 service North Dakota may request and designate a licensed physician to provide a 30 second opinion regarding the claimant's qualification; however, no individual may be 31 charged fees of any kind for the cost of such second opinion.

1 This subsection does not apply if the individual left the most recent employment 2 because of an injury or illness caused or aggravated by the employment; no benefits 3 may be paid under this exception unless the individual leaves employment upon a 4 physician's written notice or order, the individual has notified the employer of the 5 physician's requirement, and there is no reasonable alternative but to leave 6 employment.

For the purpose of this subsection, an individual who left the most recent
employment in anticipation of discharge or layoff must be deemed to have left
employment voluntarily and without good cause attributable to the employer.

For the purpose of this subsection, "most recent employment" means
employment with any employer for whom the claimant last worked and voluntarily quit
without good cause attributable to the employer or with any employer, in insured work,
for whom the claimant last worked and earned wages equal to or exceeding eight
times the individual's weekly benefit amount.

15 This subsection does not apply if the individual leaves work which is two hundred 16 road miles [321.87 kilometers] or more, as measured on a one-way basis, from the 17 individual's home to accept work which is less than two hundred road miles [321.87 18 kilometers] from the individual's home provided the work is a bona fide job offer with a 19 reasonable expectation of continued employment.

This subsection does not apply if the individual voluntarily leaves most recent employment to accept a bona fide job offer with a base-period employer who laid off the individual and with whom the individual has a demonstrated job attachment. For the purposes of this exception, "demonstrated job attachment" requires earnings in each of six months during the five calendar quarters before the calendar quarter in which the individual files the claim for benefits.

26This subsection does not apply if the reason for separation from the individual's27employment is directly attributable to domestic violence or sexual assault that is28verified by documentation that substantiates the individual's reason for separation29from the most recent employment and such continued employment would jeopardize30the safety of the individual or of the individual's spouse, parent, or minor child. For

31 purposes of this subsection, documentation includes a court order, protection order,

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- 2 <u>indicating domestic violence or sexual assault; or a written affidavit provided by a</u>
- 3 <u>social worker, member of the clergy, shelter worker, attorney, or other professional</u>
- 4 who has assisted the applicant in dealing with the domestic violence or sexual assault.
- 5 **SECTION 3. EMERGENCY.** This Act is declared to be an emergency measure.