Sixty-second Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

SENATE BILL NO. 2365

Introduced by

Senator Dotzenrod

Representatives Hawken, Mock, Mueller, Wall

1 A BILL for an Act to create and enact eight new sections to chapter 36-21.1 of the North Dakota

2 Century Code, relating to the humane treatment of animals; to amend and reenact sections-

3 36-21.1-01, 36-21.1-02, 36-21.1-03, 36-21.1-03.1, 36-21.1-04, 36-21.1-05, 36-21.1-06,

4 36-21.1-07, 36-21.1-08, 36-21.1-09, 36-21.1-10, 36-21.1-11, 36-21.1-12, 36-21.1-13,

5 36-21.1-14, and 36-21.1-15 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to the humane

6 treatment of animals; and to provide a penalty for an Act to provide for a legislative management

7 study of the laws relating to the humane treatment of animals.

8 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

9 **SECTION 1. AMENDMENT.** Section 36-21.1-01 of the North Dakota Century Code is 10 amended and reenacted as follows: 11 36-21.1-01. Definitions. 12 In this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires: 13 "Abandoned animal" means an animal that is or reasonably appears to have been 14 deserted by its owner or keeper. The term may include an animal that is running loose-15 on property other than that of its owner or the owner's agent if the animal bears no-16 identification indicating the owner or the owner's agent and the owner or owner's agent 17 is not known to the sheriff, police officer, licensed veterinarian, or investigator taking-18 custody of the animal under this chapter. 19 "Adequate care" means normal and prudent attention to the needs of an animal, 2 20 including wholesome food, clean water, shelter, and health care, as necessary to-21 maintain good health in a specific species of animal. 22 "Animal" includes every living animal except the human race. 3 23 "Commissioner" means the agriculture commissioner.

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1	5. "Cruelty" or "torture" means any act, omission, or neglect whereby unnecessary or
2	unjustifiable pain, suffering, or death is caused or permitted. The term does not
3	include:
4	a. Any activity that requires a license or permit under chapter 20.1-03;
5	b. Any activity that is usual and customary practice in production agriculture;
6	c. Any scientific research conducted at a public or private facility or laboratory by or-
7	under the direction of a qualified researcher;
8	d. Any show, fair, competition, performance, or parade;
9	e. A rodeo;
10	f. A wagon or buggy ride;
11	g. Trail or pleasure riding; or
12	h. Any activity that involves the training or teaching of animals.
13	6. "Investigator" means any person approved by the board to determine whether there
14	has been a violation of this chapter., "neglect an animal" means to deprive an animal
15	that is owned by or in a person's custody or control of:
16	<u>—_1. Necessary food, water, or shelter;</u>
17	<u> 2. Adequate facilities;</u>
18	<u>— 3. Adequate sanitation; or</u>
19	<u>4.</u> Other care generally accepted to be reasonable, given the species, breed, physical
20	condition, and type of animal.
21	
22	amended and reenacted as follows:
23	
24	Prohibitions.
25	
26	injure, maim, mutilate, or kill any animal, or cruelly work any animal when unfit for
27	labor.
28	
29	necessary food, water, or shelter.
30	
31	care.

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1	<u> 4. </u>	No person may abandon any animal.
2	5.	A person shall reclaim an animal within forty-eight hours of the agreed-upon time for
3		termination of a boarding contract and pay all charges for boarding the animal.
4	6.	No person may allow any maimed, sick, infirm, or disabled animal of which the person-
5		is the owner, or of which the person has custody, to lie in any street, road, or other
6		public place for more than three hours after notice.
7	7	No person may willfully instigate, or in any way further, any act of cruelty to any animal
8		or animals, or any act tending to produce such cruelty.
9	8.	No person may cage any animal for public display purposes unless the display cage is
10		constructed of solid material on three sides to protect the caged animal from the
11		elements, and unless the horizontal dimension of each side of the cage is at least four-
12		times the length of the caged animal. This subsection does not apply to the North
13		Dakota state fair association, to agricultural fair associations, to any agricultural
14		display of caged animals by any political subdivision, or to district, regional, or national
15		educational livestock or poultry exhibitions. Zoos which have been approved by the
16		health district or the governing body of the political subdivision which has jurisdiction
17		over the zoos are exempt from this subsection.
18	<u>— Арс</u>	erson may not:
19	<u> <u> </u></u>	Willfully neglect an animal;
20	<u> <u> </u></u>	Unjustifiably injure or kill an animal:
21	<u> <u> </u></u>	Engage in any act or omission that causes an animal unjustifiable pain, suffering, or
22		death;
23	<u> <u>4. </u></u>	Knowingly permit an act or an omission to continue if doing so causes an animal
24		<u>unjustifiable pain or suffering;</u>
25	<u> <u>5. </u></u>	Knowingly have permitted an act or an omission to continue if doing so caused an
26		animal's death;
27	<u> <u>6. </u></u>	Instigate an act or omission if that act would cause an animal unjustifiable pain,
28		suffering, or death;
29	<u> </u>	Confine an animal in an enclosure if the animal is denied adequate ventilation; or
30	<u> <u> </u></u>	Willfully abandon or desert an animal.

1			
2	and enacted as follows:		
3	<u>Caging of animals - Public display.</u>		
4	<u>— 1. A person may not cage an animal for public display unless:</u>		
5	<u>a. The cage is constructed of solid material on three sides and affords the animal</u>		
6	protection from the elements; and		
7	<u>b.</u> The horizontal dimensions of the cage are at least equal to four times the length		
8	of the caged animal.		
9	<u>2. This section does not apply to:</u>		
10	<u>a. The North Dakota state fair association;</u>		
11	<u>b.</u> <u>An agricultural fair association;</u>		
12	<u> </u>		
13	<u>d.</u> <u>A district, regional, or national educational livestock or poultry exhibition; and</u>		
14	<u>e. A zoo that is approved by the political subdivision having jurisdiction.</u>		
15			
16	amended and reenacted as follows:		
17			
18	NoA person may carry, not commercially transport an animal or cause an animal to be-		
19	carried, any live animals upon any vehicle or otherwise, without providing suitable racks, cars,		
20	crates, or cages, or other proper carrying container, nor may a person carry an animal, or cause-		
21	an animal to be carried, in any other cruel mannercommercially transported unless that animal		
22	is crated, caged, or otherwise suitably confined in a manner that does not cause the animal		
23	unjustifiable pain, suffering, or death.		
24	SECTION 5. AMENDMENT. Section 36-21.1-03.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is		
25	amended and reenacted as follows:		
26			
27	NoA person may not leave a dog or catan animal unattended in a stationary or parked-		
28	motor vehicle in a manner that endangers the animal's health or, safety. Any person who		
29	violates this section is guilty of an infraction, or well-being. A law enforcement officer may use		
30	reasonable means to remove an animal from a vehicle if the animal has been left in the vehicle		
31	in violation of this section.		

1	SECTION 6. AMENDMENT. Section 36-21.1-04 of the North Dakota Century Code is
2	amended and reenacted as follows:
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4	
5	animal, directly or indirectly, or expose anyan animal to a known poisonous substance or
6	noxious drug, whether mixed with meat or other food or not, which may be eaten by any
7	domestic animaldirectly or indirectly.
8	
9	amended and reenacted as follows:
10	
11	
12	knowingand knows that the animal to have anyhas an infectious or contagious disease, or to
13	haveknows the animal recently has been exposed theretoto an infectious or contagious
14	disease, may not knowingly permit suchthe animal to run at large or come into contact with
15	another:
16	<u>1. Another animal,: or with another</u>
17	<u>2. Another person, without the that person's knowledge and permission.</u>
18	
19	amended and reenacted as follows:
20	
21	<u>veterinarian</u> .
22	
23	and care for any animal unjustifiably exposed to cold or inclement weather or not
24	properly fed and watered. Any sheriff or police officer may use reasonable means to
25	enter a motor vehicle and remove an animal that has been left in the vehicle in
26	violation of section 36-21.1-03.1.
27	2. A sheriff, police officer, licensed veterinarian, or investigator may care for the animal
28	until it is redeemed by the owner or authorized agent of the owner and when
29	necessary may deliver the animal to another person or facility to be sheltered, cared
30	for, and furnished suitable food and drink.

	1	
1	3.	If the owner or the owner's agent is known, the individual must be immediately-
2		notified. If the owner or the owner's agent is unknown, notice must be given by
3		publication in the manner prescribed by law. The notice must inform the owner or the
4		owner's agent that the animal may be sold, or otherwise disposed of, pursuant to court
5		order if the animal is not redeemed within five days from the date of the notice.
6	<u> 4. </u>	The sheriff, police officer, licensed veterinarian, investigator, or whoever has custody-
7		of the animal has a lien on the animal and that lien is superior to any other claim or
8		lien, for the animal's care and keeping, the reasonable value of the food and drink
9		furnished, and the expenses of notifying the owner or the owner's agent. If the lien is
10		not discharged and satisfied by the owner or the owner's agent within five days after
11		receipt of the notice, the person holding the claim may apply to the district court for an-
12		order to sell the animal and discharge the lien.
13	5.	Upon order of the court, the animal may be sold at a public market to pay the charges-
14		for its keeping, and the title to the animal passes by the sale.
15	6.	The court may award costs and reasonable attorney's fees to the person bringing the
16		action to enforce the lien, arrange for the adoption of the animal, or arrange for the
17		destruction and disposal of the animal if no market exists for the animal or if the animal
18		is a companion animal.
19	7	If the animal is sold, the lienholder is entitled to the proceeds of the sale to the extent-
20		of the lien and the remainder, if any, must be paid over to the owner or the owner's-
21		agent, if known. If the owner or the owner's agent is not known, the remainder must be
22		deposited in the county general fund. If no purchaser is found, the animal, at the
23		discretion of the commissioner, may be offered for adoption or disposed of consistent
24		with the law.
25	8.	Before the animal is returned to its owner, the court shall determine whether the owner
26		or the owner's agent can provide adequate care for the animal. The court has ten days-
27		within which to make this determination. The owner shall pay the cost of taking the
28		animal into custody before the animal is released to the owner or the owner's agent.
29	<u>— A la</u>	w enforcement officer or a licensed veterinarian may take custody and control of an
30	<u>animal i</u>	f there is reasonable cause to believe that the animal has been subjected to an activity
31	<u>prohibite</u>	ed by this chapter.

1	SECTION 9. A new section to chapter 36-21.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is created	
2	and enacted as follows:	
3	<u>Seizure of animal - Warrant - Court order.</u>	
4	<u>— 1. A law enforcement officer may seize an animal, without a warrant or court order, if:</u>	
5	<u>a. (1) There is reasonable cause to believe that the animal has been subjected to</u>	
6	an activity prohibited by this chapter; and	
7	(2) During the time normally required to obtain a warrant or a court order, the	
8	animal would be subjected to extreme suffering; or	
9	<u> </u>	
10	<u>— 2. A law enforcement officer seizing an animal without a warrant or court order, in</u>	
11	accordance with subsection 1, shall show cause for the action thereafter. If the court	
12	finds sufficient cause, the court shall issue an order ratifying the seizure of the animal.	
13	If the court finds insufficient cause, the court shall order the return of the animal to its	
14	owner or order any other appropriate remedy.	
15		
16	created and enacted as follows:	
16 17	created and enacted as follows: <u>Notification of owner.</u>	
17	<u>Notification of owner.</u>	
17 18	 <u>Notification of owner.</u> <u>1.</u> If the owner of an animal seized under section 9 of this Act is known to the law. 	
17 18 19	 <u>Notification of owner.</u> <u>1.</u> If the owner of an animal seized under section 9 of this Act is known to the law enforcement officer or to a veterinarian, the law enforcement officer or veterinarian. 	
17 18 19 20	 <u>Notification of owner.</u> <u>1.</u> If the owner of an animal seized under section 9 of this Act is known to the law enforcement officer or to a veterinarian, the law enforcement officer or veterinarian shall immediately notify the animal's owner. 	
17 18 19 20 21	 <u>Notification of owner.</u> <u>1.</u> If the owner of an animal seized under section 9 of this Act is known to the law enforcement officer or to a veterinarian, the law enforcement officer or veterinarian shall immediately notify the animal's owner. <u>2.</u> If the owner of an animal seized under section 9 of this Act is not known to the law. 	
17 18 19 20 21 22	 <u>Notification of owner.</u> <u>1.</u> If the owner of an animal seized under section 9 of this Act is known to the law enforcement officer or to a veterinarian, the law enforcement officer or veterinarian shall immediately notify the animal's owner. <u>2.</u> If the owner of an animal seized under section 9 of this Act is not known to the law enforcement officer or veterinarian, the law enforcement officer or veterinarian. 	
17 18 19 20 21 22 23	 Notification of owner. <u>1.</u> If the owner of an animal seized under section 9 of this Act is known to the law enforcement officer or to a veterinarian, the law enforcement officer or veterinarian shall immediately notify the animal's owner. <u>2.</u> If the owner of an animal seized under section 9 of this Act is not known to the law enforcement officer or to a veterinarian, the law enforcement officer or veterinarian shall immediately notify the animal's owner. 	
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	 Notification of owner. 1. If the owner of an animal seized under section 9 of this Act is known to the law enforcement officer or to a veterinarian, the law enforcement officer or veterinarian shall immediately notify the animal's owner. 2. If the owner of an animal seized under section 9 of this Act is not known to the law enforcement officer or veterinarian, the law enforcement officer or veterinarian shall immediately notify the animal's owner. 2. If the owner of an animal seized under section 9 of this Act is not known to the law enforcement officer or veterinarian shall publish a notice in the manner required by law and indicate that the animal may be sold or otherwise disposed of pursuant to a court order if the animal is not claimed. 	
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 	 Notification of owner. <u>1.</u> If the owner of an animal seized under section 9 of this Act is known to the law enforcement officer or to a veterinarian, the law enforcement officer or veterinarian shall immediately notify the animal's owner. <u>2.</u> If the owner of an animal seized under section 9 of this Act is not known to the law enforcement officer or to a veterinarian, the law enforcement officer or veterinarian shall publish a notice in the manner required by law and indicate that the animal may be sold or otherwise disposed of pursuant to a court order if the animal is not claimed within five days from the date of the notice. 	
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 	 Notification of owner. <u>1.</u> If the owner of an animal seized under section 9 of this Act is known to the law enforcement officer or to a veterinarian, the law enforcement officer or veterinarian shall immediately notify the animal's owner. <u>2.</u> If the owner of an animal seized under section 9 of this Act is not known to the law enforcement officer or to a veterinarian, the law enforcement officer or veterinarian shall publish a notice in the manner required by law and indicate that the animal may be sold or otherwise disposed of pursuant to a court order if the animal is not claimed within five days from the date of the notice. SECTION 11. A new section to chapter 36-21.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is- 	
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 	 Notification of owner. If the owner of an animal seized under section 9 of this Act is known to the law enforcement officer or to a veterinarian, the law enforcement officer or veterinarian shall immediately notify the animal's owner. If the owner of an animal seized under section 9 of this Act is not known to the law enforcement officer or to a veterinarian, the law enforcement officer or veterinarian shall publish a notice in the manner required by law and indicate that the animal may be sold or otherwise disposed of pursuant to a court order if the animal is not claimed within five days from the date of the notice. SECTION 11. A new section to chapter 36-21.1 of the North Dakota Century Code iscreated and enacted as follows: 	
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 	 Notification of owner. If the owner of an animal seized under section 9 of this Act is known to the law enforcement officer or to a veterinarian, the law enforcement officer or veterinarian shall immediately notify the animal's owner. If the owner of an animal seized under section 9 of this Act is not known to the law enforcement officer or to a veterinarian, the law enforcement officer or veterinarian shall immediately notify the animal's owner. If the owner of an animal seized under section 9 of this Act is not known to the law enforcement officer or veterinarian. shall publish a notice in the manner required by law and indicate that the animal may be sold or otherwise disposed of pursuant to a court order if the animal is not claimed within five days from the date of the notice. SECTION 11. A new section to chapter 36-21.1 of the North Dakota Century Code iscreated and enacted as follows:	

1	and shelter, and for any expenses incurred in notifying the animal's owner. This lien is superior	
2	to any other claim or lien.	
3	- SECTION 12. A new section to chapter 36-21.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is	
4	created and enacted as follows:	
5		
6	<u><u><u> </u></u></u>	
7	any expenses incurred as a result of its seizure. Title to the animal passes to the	
8	purchaser at the time of the sale.	
9	<u>2. A court may award costs and reasonable attorney's fees to the person bringing the</u>	
10	action to enforce the lien, arrange for adoption of the animal, or arrange for destruction	
11	and disposal of the animal if no market exists for the animal or if it is a companion	
12	animal.	
13	<u>3. If the animal is sold, the lienholder is entitled to the proceeds of the sale, to the extent</u>	
14	of the lien. Any remaining amount must be paid to the owner, if known. If the owner is	
15	not known, the remainder must be deposited in the county general fund.	
16	4. If a purchaser is not found for the animal, the agriculture commissioner shall determine	
17	whether the animal is to be offered for adoption or destroyed and disposed of in	
18	accordance with law.	
19	SECTION 13. A new section to chapter 36-21.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is	
20	created and enacted as follows:	
21		
22	— If the owner of an animal seized under section 9 of this Act asks the court to return the	
23	animal, the court shall require the owner to demonstrate to the satisfaction of the court, within	
24	ten days, that the owner can and will continue to care for the animal in a manner that is not in	
25	violation of this chapter. Before the court returns the animal to its owner, the owner shall pay all	
26	costs associated with the animal's seizure.	
27		
28	created and enacted as follows:	
29	Conviction - Prohibition or restriction of ownership.	
30		

1	<u><u>1.</u> Prohibit or restrict a person found guilty of violating this chapter from owning or having</u>
2	custody of an animal during the term of sentence, including any period of probation;
3	and
4	<u>2. Require that a person found guilty of violating this chapter:</u>
5	<u>a.</u> Immediately deliver any animal owned by or in the custody of the person to a
6	designated shelter or other entity for adoption or destruction and lawful disposal;
7	<u>Of</u>
8	<u><u>b.</u> <u>Demonstrate to the court that the person no longer has ownership or custody of</u></u>
9	<u>an animal.</u>
10	SECTION 15. AMENDMENT. Section 36-21.1-07 of the North Dakota Century Code is-
11	amended and reenacted as follows:
12	
13	fights - Prohibition - Penalty.
14	
15	bearbaiting, or the pitting of one animal against another, or any other similar-
16	cruelty, such as bear fighting, kangaroo boxing, or similar activity, to animals; nor
17	may a <u>.</u>
18	<u><u>b.</u> <u>A person may not receive money for the admission of any personanother</u> to any</u>
19	place used, or about to be used, for any such<u>a</u> purpose, nor may a <u>prohibited by</u>
20	this subsection.
21	<u>c. A person that owns, manages, or occupies property may not willfully permit</u>
22	anyoneanother person to enter or use, that property for any such purpose,
23	premises of which that person is the owner, agent, or occupant; nor may a-
24	prohibited by this subsection.
25	<u>d. A person may not use, train, or possess a dog or otheran animal for theany</u>
26	purpose of maltreating any domestic animalprohibited by this subsection.
27	<u>e.</u> Any person who violates violating this subsection is guilty of a class C felony.
28	
29	or witness the activitiesany activity prohibited by subsection 1. Any person who-
30	violatesviolating this subsection is guilty of a class A misdemeanor.

1	
2	amended and reenacted as follows:
3	
4	
5	or advertising device, or display in any store, shop, carnival, or other public place, publicly a
6	chick, duckling, gosling, or rabbit which has been dyed or otherwise artificially colored.
7	SECTION 17. AMENDMENT. Section 36-21.1-09 of the North Dakota Century Code is
8	amended and reenacted as follows:
9	
10	cattle as raffle prizes - Gifts of animals.
11	1. No <u>A person may sell, not offer for sale or sell to an individual</u> , raffle, offer, or give <u>use</u>
12	as a prize, premium, or use as an advertising device, chicks, ducklings, or goslings-
13	younger than four weeks of age in quantities of less than twelve birds to an individual
14	person. Persons engaging. This subsection does not apply to a person engaged in the
15	business of selling chicks, ducklings, or goslings for agricultural or wildlife purposes
16	are exempt from the provisions of this section, but only when selling for such
17	purposes, provided the activities are conducted as a part of that business.
18	
19	may raffle live beef or dairy cattle, bison, sheep, horses, and pigs, provided each raffle
20	ticket contains a statement that the person who wins the animal may convert that prize
21	to a cash prize. The animal to be raffled may be donated to or purchased by the
22	organization. The donor or seller of the animal shall determine the market value of the
23	animal. If the person who wins the animal desires a cash prize instead of the animal,
24	the organization shall pay the player a cash prize that must equal the lesser of the
25	market value of the animal or the maximum single cash prize amount allowed under-
26	section 53-06.1-10.1.
27	
28	subsections 1 and 2, as:
29	a. A prize for, or as an inducement to enter any contest, game, or other competition;
30	b. An inducement to enter a place of amusement; or

1	c. An incentive to enter into any business agreement where the offer was for the
2	purpose of attracting trade.
3	4. The provisions of subsection 3 do <u>Subsection 3 does</u> not apply to a person or
4	organization that gives away an animal:
5	a. As a project for the promotion of In order to promote the equine and livestock
6	industry of North Dakota;
7	b. As a project for the promotion of In order to promote the conservation of animals
8	and wildlife in North Dakota; or
9	
10	- SECTION 18. AMENDMENT. Section 36-21.1-10 of the North Dakota Century Code is-
11	amended and reenacted as follows:
12	
13	— EveryA person who sells, offers for sale or sells to the public, raffles, offers, or givesor uses
14	as a prize, premium, or advertising device, chicks, ducklings, or goslings to the public, shall
15	provide and operate brooders or other heating devices necessary to maintain the chicks,
16	ducklings, or goslings in good health, and shall keep adequate food and water available to the
17	birds at all times.
18	SECTION 19. AMENDMENT. Section 36-21.1-11 of the North Dakota Century Code is-
19	amended and reenacted as follows:
20	
21	- AnyA person knowingly and willfully violating any rule adopted by the board or violating any
22	provision of this chapter for which a specific penalty is not provided is guilty of a class:
23	<u> </u>
24	<u>2. A class C felony for a second or subsequent offense within five years.</u>
25	SECTION 20. AMENDMENT. Section 36-21.1-12 of the North Dakota Century Code is-
26	amended and reenacted as follows:
27	
28	importation - Restriction.
29	<u><u>1.</u> The state board shall adopt rules to effectuate this chapter. The board by ruleof animal</u>
30	health may restrict the importation into thethis state, and restrict the sale or other
31	distribution within the state, of allany domestic animals or animalsor wild by nature-

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which <u>animal if</u> the board may have <u>has</u> reason to believe that the animal may be a
threat to the health and well-being of the human or animal population of thethis state,
or both, unless<u>.</u>
<u>2. Notwithstanding subsection 1, the state board of animal health may not restrict the</u>
importation or sale of a domestic or wild animal if the importation or sale is for bona
fide scientific or educational purposes. The board shall establish reasonable-
qualifications for approved investigators and the commissioner shall maintain a current
listing of all approved investigators. Employees of the commissioner may be assigned
as investigators. The commissioner may by injunctive procedure without bond or other
undertaking proceed against any person or persons for a continuous violation of any-
provision of this chapter. No liability may accrue to the board, the commissioner, or
any authorized representative in proceeding against any person or persons pursuant
to this section.
SECTION 21. A new section to chapter 36-21.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is
created and enacted as follows:
<u>Investigators - Assignment - Qualifications.</u>
<u>1. The state board of animal health may establish qualifications for and authorize</u>
individuals other than law enforcement officers to investigate violations of this chapter.
<u>2. The state board of animal health shall maintain a list of all authorized investigators.</u>
<u>— 3. The commissioner may assign employees of the department of agriculture to serve as</u>
investigators.
<u>4. The agriculture commissioner may by injunctive procedure, without bond or other</u>
undertaking, proceed against any person for violating this chapter.
SECTION 22. AMENDMENT. Section 36-21.1-13 of the North Dakota Century Code is-
amended and reenacted as follows:
take custody of and care for anyand control an abandoned animal found abandoned.
The. An individual takingthat takes custody and control of an animal under this section
shall takemake a reasonable stepseffort to determine the ownership of the abandoned

1	<u> </u>	A sheriff, policelaw enforcement officer, licensed veterinarian, or investigator who
2		takes custody and control of an animal under this section may care for the animal until
3		the animal is redeemed by the owner or the owner's agent or may deliver the animal to
4		another person or facility to be sheltered, cared for, and furnished suitable food and
5		drinkfor the provision of care and shelter.
6	3.	Notice must be given by publication The person taking custody and control of an
7		animal under this section shall publish notice in the official newspaper of the
8		jurisdiction. The notice must provide indicating that the animal is in the custody and
9		control of another and that it may be sold, placed for adoption, or otherwise disposed
10		of if the animal is not redeemed within five days from the date of the notice.
11	<u> 4. </u>	a. The person having custody and control of the animal has a lien on the animal for
12		the animal's care and keeping, the reasonable value of the food and drink-
13		furnished, animal's care and shelter and the for any expenses of notifying the
14		owner or the owner's agentincurred in publishing the notice required by this
15		section. The lien is superior to any other claim or lien.
16		b. If the lien is not discharged and satisfied by the owner or the owner's agentof the
17		animal within five days after publication of the notice, the person holding the
18		claim may sell the animal and discharge the lien.
19	5.	The court may award reasonable attorney's fees to the person bringing the action to
20		enforce the lien and may award costs, which includeincluding the costs of arranging
21		for the adoption of the animal or the costs of theits destruction and disposal of the
22		animal.
23	6.	If the animal is sold, the lienholder is entitled to the proceeds of the sale to the extent
24		of the lien and the remainder, if any, must be deposited in the county general fund.
25	<u> </u>	For purposes of this section, an abandoned animal includes an animal that is:
26		a. Left in the care and custody of another person and not reclaimed within
27		forty-eight hours of an agreed-upon time;
28		b. Left at a location without evidence that a person will return to provide care for it;-
29		<u>O</u>
30		<u> </u>
31		<u>(2) Without identification;</u>

1	(3) On public property or on private property without the consent of the property
2	owner; and
3	(4) Unaccompanied by its owner or by a person having custody and control.
4	
5	amended and reenacted as follows:
6	
7	
8	other person who has or had custody and control of an animal under this chapter and who is
9	actingis immune from any civil or criminal liability for acts taken or omitted while attempting to
10	comply with this chapter, provided the person acted in an official or professional capacity and
11	makingmade a good-faith effort to comply with this chapter is immune from any civil or criminal
12	liability for acts taken or omitted while attempting to comply with this chapter.
13	SECTION 24. AMENDMENT. Section 36-21.1-15 of the North Dakota Century Code is
14	amended and reenacted as follows:
15	
16	<u>—_1. This chapter does not prohibit:</u>
17	<u>a. The humane destruction of an animal for just cause;</u>
18	<u>b.</u> The use of practices in the production of livestock which are commonly accepted
19	in this state:
20	<u> </u>
21	<u> </u>
22	<u>e. Livestock exhibitions;</u>
23	<u> </u>
24	g. Lawful fishing, hunting, and trapping;
25	h. Lawful wildlife management practices;
26	<u>i.</u> Research or educational activities that involve the use of animals;
27	<u>j. The provision of medical services by a veterinarian;</u>
28	<u>k.</u> <u>The lawful control of rodents and predators; or</u>
29	<u>I. Lawful animal damage control activities.</u>
30	<u>2. This chapter does not apply to estrays covered under chapter 36-22.</u>

1 SECTION 1. LEGISLATIVE MANAGEMENT STUDY - HUMANE TREATMENT OF 2 **ANIMALS.** During the 2011-12 interim, the legislative management shall consider studying laws 3 pertaining to the humane treatment of animals for the purpose of reviewing their content and 4 their applicability to domestic or companion animals and to animals in production agriculture, 5 and recommending necessary policy changes to laws that are found to be irrelevant, 6 inconsistent, illogically arranged, not reflective of current practices or needs, or unclear in their 7 intent and direction. The legislative management shall report its findings and recommendations, 8 together with any legislation required to implement the recommendations, to the sixty-third 9 legislative assembly.