Sixty-third Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

#### **HOUSE BILL NO. 1026**

Introduced by

Legislative Management

(Agriculture Committee)

- 1 A BILL for an Act to create and enact chapters 4.1-72, 4.1-73, 4.1-74, 4.1-75, 4.1-83, and 4.1-88
- 2 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to the North Dakota stockmen's association,
- 3 livestock branding, estrays, registered livestock, and the licensing of livestock dealers and wool
- 4 dealers; to repeal chapters 36-04, 36-09, 36-13, and 36-22 of the North Dakota Century Code,
- 5 relating to livestock branding, estrays, and the licensing of livestock dealers and wool dealers;
- 6 to provide a penalty; to provide for a legislative management study; and to provide a continuing
- 7 appropriation.

## 8 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

- 9 **SECTION 1.** Chapter 4.1-72 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and enacted as follows:
- 11 <u>4.1-72-01. North Dakota stockmen's association Statutory authority.</u>
- 12 <u>1. The North Dakota stockmen's association is a livestock association organized under</u>
- the laws of this state and registered as a market agency under the Packers and
- 14 <u>Stockyards Act, 1921 [7 U.S.C. 181 et seq.]:</u>
- 15 <u>a. For the protection of the livestock industry of this state; and</u>
- 16 <u>b.</u> <u>To secure uniformity of inspection and cooperation with the United States</u>
- 17 <u>department of agriculture.</u>
- 18 <u>2. The association shall inspect all cattle, horses, and mules, which are shipped or</u>
- consigned to any livestock auction market, buying station, or packing plant, in this
- 20 <u>state, and all those that are shipped or consigned to a livestock auction market, buying</u>
- 21 <u>station, or packing plant, located outside this state, if brand inspection services are</u>
- 22 provided in accordance with section 4.1-73-24, for the purpose of determining or
- verifying ownership and for any other purpose established by law.

1	<u>4.1-</u>	72-02. Discrimination - Prohibited.					
2	The North Dakota stockmen's association may not discriminate between members of the						
3	association and persons who are not members of the association with respect to fees,						
4	recordin	gs, complaints, requests for assistance, or any other duties assigned under this					
5	chapter.						
6	<u>4.1-</u>	72-03. Office for recording brands - Chief brand inspector - Employment.					
7	<u>The</u>	North Dakota stockmen's association shall:					
8	<u>1.</u>	Maintain an office for recording brands; and					
9	<u>2.</u>	Employ an individual to serve as the chief brand inspector of this state.					
0	<u>4.1-</u>	72-04. Chief brand inspector - Deputy brand inspectors - Licensed peace officers.					
11	<u>1.</u>	The chief brand inspector and any individual employed by the North Dakota					
2		stockmen's association to serve as a deputy brand inspector must be licensed peace					
3		officers in accordance with chapter 12-63 and may exercise the full authority of that					
4		license to enforce the brand laws and any other state laws relating to livestock. The					
5		chief brand inspector and the deputy brand inspectors may provide aid and assistance					
6		to other law enforcement agencies or officers, upon request, provided the requests are					
7		not for continuous or ongoing assistance.					
8	<u>2.</u>	Nothing in subsection 1 precludes the North Dakota stockmen's association from					
9		employing, as the chief brand inspector or as a deputy brand inspector, an individual					
20		who has not yet attained licensure as a peace officer, provided the individual is					
21		pursuing or as a condition of employment agrees to pursue the licensure. For the					
22		purpose of enforcing brand laws and all other laws relating to livestock, such an					
23		individual has the same authority as a licensed peace officer for a period of one year					
24	ı	from the date of employment.					
25	<u>4.1-</u>	72-05. Federally sponsored programs Animal identification program -					
26	<u>Adminis</u>	stration - Authorization.					
27	<u>1.</u> -]	The North Dakota stockmen's association shall serve as the state's administrator and					
28	allocato	r for that portion of any federally sponsored animal identification program which pertains					
29	to cattle	, horses, and mules.					

31

	Legisial	IVE AS	Sembly							
1	<u>2.</u>	<u>If rec</u>	If requested by the agriculture commissioner or the state board of animal health, the							
2		Nort	n Dakota stockmen's association may serve as the state administrator for or assist							
3		in the	in the administration of any other federally sponsored program pertaining to livestock.							
4	<u>4.1-</u>	72-06	. Federally sponsored programs - Administration - Records.							
5	<u>1.</u>	Exce	ept as provided in subsection 2, any information created, collected, or maintained							
6		by th	e state veterinarian or the North Dakota stockmen's association with respect to							
7		the a	administration of any federally sponsored program pertaining to livestock as							
8		perm	nitted by section 4.1-72-05 is confidential and not subject to the open records							
9		<u>requ</u>	irements of section 44-04-18.							
10	<u>2.</u>	<u>Neith</u>	ner the state veterinarian nor the North Dakota stockmen's association may							
11		<u>relea</u>	se any information designated as confidential under subsection 1, except:							
12		<u>a.</u>	Upon the written consent of every person identified or identifiable by the							
13			information;							
14		<u>b.</u>	In accordance with federal law:							
15		<u>C.</u>	To any state or federal agency for the purpose of animal disease control or							
16			animal disease traceback;							
17		<u>d.</u>	To the attorney general and any other law enforcement agency pursuing a							
18			criminal investigation; or							
19		<u>e.</u>	Pursuant to an order issued by a court upon a showing of good cause.							
20	<u>3.</u>	<u>This</u>	section does not preclude the exchange of information between the state							
21		vete	rinarian and the North Dakota stockmen's association.							
22	<u>4.</u>	<u>Any</u>	person violating this section is subject to the remedies set forth in section							
23		<u>44-0</u>	4-21.2. For purposes of applying section 44-04-21.2, "public entity" includes any							
24		pers	on that has contracted with the state for the administration of any federally							
25		spon	sored program pertaining to livestock.							
26	<u>4.1-</u>	72-07	. Collection of fees - Continuing appropriation.							
27	<u>The</u>	North	Dakota stockmen's association shall forward all moneys received under this title							
28	to the st	ate tre	easurer for deposit in a special fund known as the North Dakota stockmen's							
29	association fund. All moneys in the North Dakota stockmen's association fund, together with all									

Dakota stockmen's association to carry out its statutory directives.

income earned on the moneys in the fund, are appropriated on a continuing basis to the North

4.1-72-08. Biennial audit.

1

2	At least once every two years the North Dakota stockmen's association shall provide for an					
3	audit by a certified public accountant or a licensed public accountant and shall submit an					
4	electronic copy of the audit report to the legislative council.					
5	SEC	CTIOI	N 2. C	Chapter 4.1-73 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and enacted as		
6	follows:					
7	<u>4.1-</u>	73-01	1. Det	finition.		
8	<u>For</u>	purpo	oses	of this chapter, "brand" means an identifying imprint that is:		
9	<u>1.</u>	Plac	ced o	n livestock by use of a hot branding iron; or		
10	<u>2.</u>	Plac	ced o	n equines by means of either a hot branding iron or a freeze branding		
11		<u>tec</u>	niqu	<u>e.</u>		
12	<u>4.1-</u>	73-02	2. Bra	and - Application for ownership.		
13	<u>1.</u>	To a	acquir	re ownership of a brand, a person shall file an application with the North		
14		<u>Dak</u>	kota s	tockmen's association.		
15	<u>2.</u>	The	appl	ication must contain a depiction of the proposed brand.		
16	<u>3.</u>	The	appl	ication must include a statement regarding:		
17		<u>a.</u>	<u>The</u>	kind of livestock on which the brand will be placed; and		
18		<u>b.</u>	<u>The</u>	placement or position of the brand on each kind of livestock listed in		
19			<u>sub</u>	division a.		
20	<u>4.</u>	The	chie	f brand inspector shall review each application to ensure compliance with the		
21		<u>req</u> ı	<u>uirem</u>	ents of this chapter.		
22	<u>4.1-</u>	73-03	3. Bra	ands - Requirements for recording.		
23	<u>1.</u>	The	chie	f brand inspector shall approve an application for ownership of a brand, filed		
24		<u>in a</u>	ccord	ance with section 4.1-73-02, and record the brand, unless:		
25		<u>a.</u>	<u>The</u>	chief brand inspector determines that:		
26			<u>(1)</u>	Official records indicate the brand is owned by another person;		
27			<u>(2)</u>	The brand is deceptively similar to another recorded brand;		
28			<u>(3)</u>	The brand is recorded in another state;		
29			<u>(4)</u>	The brand may not be legible when placed on livestock; or		
30			<u>(5)</u>	The proposed placement or position of the brand does not meet the		
31				requirements of section 4.1-73-05; or		

1		<u>b.</u>	The	branc	<u>1:</u>
2			<u>(1)</u>	Cons	sists of only one letter, number, or symbol, except as provided in
3				subs	section 2;
4			<u>(2)</u>	Cont	tains either the letter "g" or the letter "q";
5			<u>(3)</u>	Cont	tains a letter not found in the modern English alphabet;
6			<u>(4)</u>	Cont	tains the numeral "0" or "1";
7			<u>(5)</u>	Cont	tains a dot;
8			<u>(6)</u>	Cont	tains a letter, number, or symbol placed within another letter, number, or
9				<u>syml</u>	ool; or
10			<u>(7)</u>	Cont	tains a symbol other than:
11				<u>(a)</u>	A diamond;
12				<u>(b)</u>	An arrow;
13				<u>(c)</u>	A mill iron;
14				<u>(d)</u>	A cross;
15				<u>(e)</u>	A heart:
16				<u>(f)</u>	A box;
17				<u>(g)</u>	A triangle;
18				<u>(h)</u>	A quarter circle;
19				<u>(i)</u>	A bar;
20				<u>(j)</u>	A star; or
21				<u>(k)</u>	A forward or a backward slash.
22	<u>2.</u>	The	e chie	f bran	d inspector may permit the recording of a brand that consists of one
23		<u>lett</u>	er, nu	mber,	or symbol, provided the brand meets all other statutory requirements
24		for	recor	ding a	nd is to be placed only on goats or sheep.
25	<u>4.1-</u>	<del>-73-0</del>	4. Bra	and in	spection certificate.
26	<u>Upc</u>	on ap	provir	ng an a	application, the chief brand inspector shall provide a brand certificate to
27	the own	er. T	he ce	rtificat	e is evidence of the brand's ownership.
28	<u>4.1</u> -	<u>-73-0</u>	<u>5. Bra</u>	ands -	Permissible locations.
29	<u>1.</u>	<u>In t</u>	<u>he ca</u>	se of o	cattle, brands that meet all other statutory requirements for recording
30		ma	y be p	olaced	only on:
31		<u>a.</u>	<u>A de</u>	esigna	ted shoulder;

# Sixty-third Legislative Assembly

b. A designated rib; or

1

2		<u>C.</u>	A designated hip.				
3	<u>2.</u>	In the case of horses and mules, brands that meet all other statutory requirements for					
4		recording may be placed only on:					
5		<u>a.</u>	A designated shoulder;				
6		<u>b.</u>	A designated hip; or				
7		<u>C.</u>	A designated jaw.				
8	<u>3.</u>	<u>In th</u>	ne case of bison, brands that meet all other statutory requirements for recording				
9		<u>may</u>	be placed only on:				
10		<u>a.</u>	A designated rib; or				
11		<u>b.</u>	A designated hip.				
12	<u>4.</u>	<u>In th</u>	ne case of any other livestock, brands that meet all other statutory requirements for				
13		reco	ording may be placed only on those locations designated by the chief brand				
14		<u>insp</u>	ector. For purposes of this subsection, the designation of locations is not subject				
15		to ru	ulemaking under chapter 28-32.				
16	<u>4.1-</u>	<u>73-06</u>	6. Recorded numerical brand - Impermissible placement.				
17	<u>A pe</u>	erson	may not place a recorded brand that consists entirely of upright numbers on the				
18	hips of c	attle.					
19	<u>4.1-</u>	<u>73-07</u>	7. Numerical brands - Applicability of designated placement provisions.				
20	<u>The</u>	desig	gn and placement restrictions set forth in this chapter do not apply to:				
21	<u>1.</u>	<u>A ու</u>	umerical brand that was first recorded before July 1,1957, and which has been				
22		cont	tinually rerecorded; or				
23	<u>2.</u>	<u>An ι</u>	unrecorded numerical brand that is used for purposes such as herd or animal				
24		<u>iden</u>	ntification or registration.				
25	<u>4.1-</u>	<u>73-08</u>	3. Chief brand inspector - Determination regarding brand.				
26	<u>A de</u>	eterm	ination by the chief brand inspector regarding the acceptability of a brand or the				
27	permiss	ibility	of its location or placement, for purposes of recording, is final.				
28	<u>4.1-</u>	<u>73-09</u>	). Cancellation of brand.				
29	<u>1.</u>	<u>The</u>	chief brand inspector shall cancel a legally recorded brand if the chief brand				
30		insp	pector:				

1		<u>a.</u>	Receives for filing a bill of sale for the brand, properly executed by the owner, as
2			shown in the records of the chief brand inspector;
3		<u>b.</u>	Determines that the brand duplicates a previously recorded brand; or
4		<u>C.</u>	Determines that the brand was obtained through fraud, misrepresentation, or
5			other illegal means.
6	<u>2.</u>	The	chief brand inspector may cancel a legally recorded brand if the chief brand
7		insp	pector determines that the brand has been recorded in another state.
8	4.1-	<u>73-10</u>	D. Expiration of brands.
9	On .	Janua	ary 1, 2016, and every five years thereafter, each livestock brand recorded in this
10	state ex	pires.	<u>, unless:</u>
11	<u>1.</u>	<u>The</u>	brand was issued within the six-month period immediately preceding the date of
12		<u>exp</u>	<u>iration; or</u>
13	<u>2.</u>	<u>The</u>	brand has been rerecorded in accordance with this chapter.
14	4.1-	<u>73-11</u>	I. Expiration of brand - Notice to owner.
15	<u>1.</u>	Befo	ore September 1, 2015, and every five years thereafter, the chief brand inspector
16		<u>sha</u>	Il provide to each owner of record:
17		<u>a.</u>	Written notice of the brand's expiration date;
18		<u>b.</u>	Written notice of the owner's right to rerecord the brand; and
19		<u>C.</u>	A written statement indicating that if the brand is allowed to expire, the person will
20			have lost ownership interest in the brand and may no longer use the brand.
21	<u>2.</u>	<u>The</u>	chief brand inspector shall send the notice and statement required by this section
22		to th	ne owner:
23		<u>a.</u>	Electronically; or
24		<u>b.</u>	By first-class mail if requested by the owner.
25	4.1-	<u>73-12</u>	2. Expiration of brands - Notice by publication.
26	<u>1.</u>	<u>The</u>	chief brand inspector shall publish in the official newspaper of each county a
27		<u>noti</u>	ce of the date by which livestock brands must be rerecorded in accordance with
28		this	chapter.
29	<u>2.</u>	<u>The</u>	notice must be published at least once per week for three successive weeks. The
30		first	publication must occur between the first and fifteenth day of September, before
31		the	expiration of all brands.

1	4.1-73-13. Brands authorized for rerecording.						
2	Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, the chief brand inspector shall accept						
3	for rerecording:						
4	<u>1.</u>	Any	brand that the owner previously recorded; and				
5	<u>2.</u>	A br	rand that consists of one letter, number, or symbol, provided the brand is to be				
6		plac	ced only on goats or sheep.				
7	<u>4.1-</u>	73-14	4. Recording and rerecording brands - Fee.				
8	<u>Eac</u>	h app	plication for recording or rerecording a brand must be accompanied by a fee in the				
9	amount	of tw	enty-five dollars.				
10	<u>4.1-</u>	73-1 <u>8</u>	5. Reassignment of expired brand.				
11	<u>1.</u>	<u>a.</u>	Except as provided in subdivision b, for a period of one year from the date of a				
12			brand's expiration, the chief brand inspector may not reassign the expired brand				
13			to any person other than the registered owner at the time of the brand's				
14			expiration.				
15		<u>b.</u>	If the person who owned the brand at the time it expired provides the chief brand				
16			inspector with written authorization, the chief brand inspector may reassign the				
17			brand to a new owner, at any time during the one-year period.				
18	<u>2.</u>	<u>Upc</u>	on expiration of a brand and the passage of time or the procurement of				
19		<u>auth</u>	norization, as set forth in subsection 1, the chief brand inspector may accept an				
20		<u>app</u>	lication to record the brand, provided the brand meets the requirements of this				
21		<u>cha</u>	<u>pter.</u>				
22	<u>4.1-</u>	73-16	6. Use of unrecorded brand - Penalty.				
23	A person is guilty of a class B misdemeanor if the person places upon an animal a brand						
24	that has	not b	peen recorded in accordance with this chapter.				
25	<u>4.1-</u>	<u>73-17</u>	7. Defacing brands - Unlawful branding - Penalty.				
26	<u>A pe</u>	erson	is guilty of a class A misdemeanor for a first offense and a class C felony for a				
27	second	or su	bsequent offense if the person:				
28	<u>1.</u>	Alte	ers, defaces, or attempts to alter or deface the brand on any animal owned by				
29		<u>ano</u>	ther for the purpose of deceiving others as to the animal's ownership; or				
30	<u>2.</u>	Will	fully brands, or causes to be branded, any animal owned by another for the				
31		pur	pose of deceiving others as to the animal's ownership.				

1	<u>4.1-</u>	<u>73-18</u>	3. Bill of sale - Copy with shipment - Effect - Penalty.				
2	<u>1.</u>	<u>A pe</u>	erson may not sell any livestock carrying a recorded brand unless:				
3		<u>a.</u>	The seller is the owner of the recorded brand and delivers a bill of sale for the				
4			livestock to the purchaser; or				
5		<u>b.</u>	The seller delivers to the purchaser a bill of sale executed by the owner of the				
6			recorded brand and endorsed by the seller evidencing the later transaction.				
7	<u>2.</u>	<u>The</u>	bill of sale must include:				
8		<u>a.</u>	The date;				
9		<u>b.</u>	The name, address, and signature of the seller;				
10		<u>C.</u>	The name, address, and signature of an individual who is at least eighteen years				
11			of age and who can verify the name and signature of the seller;				
12		<u>d.</u>	The name and address of the buyer;				
13		<u>e.</u>	The total number of animals sold;				
14		<u>f.</u>	A description of each animal sold as to sex and color; and				
15		<u>g.</u>	A depiction of the recorded brand.				
16	<u>3.</u>	<u>The</u>	buyer shall retain the bill of sale for as long as the buyer owns any animals				
17		des	cribed in the bill of sale.				
18	<u>4.</u>	<u>The</u>	The seller shall provide a copy of the bill of sale to the individual hauling the livestock.				
19		<u>The</u>	The individual shall ensure that the document remains with the livestock while in				
20		<u>tran</u>	<u>sit.</u>				
21	<u>5.</u>	<u>The</u>	bill of sale or a copy of the bill of sale must be shown by the possessor on				
22		dem	nand to any law enforcement officer or brand inspector.				
23	<u>6.</u>	<u>The</u>	bill of sale is prima facie evidence of the sale of the livestock described in the bill				
24		of s	ale.				
25	<u>7.</u>	Sub	sections 1 through 6 do not apply to the sale of livestock for which a brand				
26		insp	pector has issued a certificate of ownership.				
27	<u>8.</u>	Any	person willfully violating this section is guilty of a class B misdemeanor for a first				
28		<u>offe</u>	nse and a class A misdemeanor for a second or subsequent offense.				

1	4.1-73-19. Proof of ownership - Alteration or falsification - Penalty.						
2	A person that knowingly makes, completes, alters, or in any way falsifies any document						
3	evidenc	evidencing proof of livestock ownership, with the intent to deceive or harm another, is guilty of a					
4	class B	felon	<u>y.</u>				
5	<u>4.1-</u>	73-20	D. False proof of ownership - Sale of livestock - Penalty.				
6	<u>A pe</u>	erson	willfully providing false proof of ownership in conjunction with the sale of livestock				
7	is guilty	of a	class B misdemeanor for a first offense and a class A misdemeanor for a second or				
8	subsequ	<u>ient c</u>	offense.				
9	<u>4.1-</u>	73-2°	1. Transportation of livestock from state - Brand inspection - Penalty.				
10	<u>1.</u>	<u>A p</u>	erson may not transport or attempt to transport cattle, horses, or mules from this				
11		stat	e unless a brand inspector has inspected the livestock and issued a certificate of				
12		owr	nership. The certificate must remain with the livestock while in transit and be				
13		pre	sented to the purchaser upon arrival at the destination. This subsection does not				
14		<u>app</u>	ly to a person that:				
15		<u>a.</u>	Transports cattle, horses, or mules from this state to obtain for the animals				
16			emergency medical treatment by a licensed veterinarian; or				
17		<u>b.</u>	Transports cattle, horses, or mules from this state to a livestock auction market,				
18			buying station, or packing plant, that is located in a bordering state and which is				
19			provided with brand inspection services in accordance with section 4.1-73-24.				
20	<u>2.</u>	<u>A p</u>	erson may not remove cattle, horses, or mules from a livestock auction market,				
21		<u>buy</u>	ing station, or packing plant until a brand inspector has inspected the livestock and				
22		<u>isst</u>	ued a certificate of ownership.				
23	<u>3.</u>	<u>Any</u>	person willfully violating this section is guilty of a class A misdemeanor. Any				
24		per	son willfully violating this section a second time within five years or willfully violating				
25		<u>this</u>	section three or more times is guilty of a class C felony.				
26	<u>4.1-</u>	<u>73-22</u>	2. Request for reinspection - Cost.				
27	<u>1.</u>	<u>A p</u>	erson may request that a brand inspector conduct a reinspection if the person has				
28		reas	son to believe that:				
29		<u>a.</u>	An error was made during the brand inspection; and				
30		<u>b.</u>	Cattle, horses, or mules were shipped to an unintended destination as a result of				
31			the error.				

1	<u>2.</u>	If it is determined that an error was made during the brand inspection, the North						
2		Dakota stockmen's association shall bear the cost of the reinspection. If it is						
3		determined that a brand inspection error was not made, the person that requested the						
4		reinspection shall reimburse the North Dakota stockmen's association for the cost of						
5		the reinspection.						
6	<u>4.1-</u>	73-23. Brand inspection services - Out-of-state facilities.						
7	<u>1.</u>	The state board of animal health may authorize the provision of brand inspection						
8		services at a livestock auction market, buying station, or packing plant located outside						
9		this state.						
10	<u>2.</u>	In order to obtain brand inspection services under this section, an entity shall file a						
11		petition with the state board of animal health.						
12	<u>3.</u>	Before making a determination on the petition, the state board of animal health shall						
13		provide the North Dakota stockmen's association with an opportunity to comment.						
14	<u>4.</u>	The state board of animal health shall establish by rule the criteria to be considered in						
15		determining whether to authorize the services.						
16	<u>4.1-</u>	73-24. Rules - Fees for brand inspection.						
17	<u>1.</u>	The state board of animal health, after seeking advice from the North Dakota						
18		stockmen's association, shall adopt rules regarding:						
19		a. The provision of brand inspection services at livestock auction markets, packing						
20		plants, and buying stations; and						
21		b. The provision of brand inspection services at locations other than those listed in						
22		subdivision a.						
23	<u>2.</u>	The rules must include:						
24		a. The fees to be charged for the provision of the brand inspections;						
25		b. The collection of fees by the brand inspectors; and						
26		c. The time and manner in which the brand inspectors must submit the fees to the						
27		North Dakota stockmen's association.						
28	<u>4.1-</u>	73-25. Slaughtering of cattle - Records - Penalty.						
29	<u>1.</u>	Any person slaughtering cattle on a custom basis or for the purpose of selling the						
30		meat at retail or wholesale shall record:						
31		a The date each animal was nurchased or accented for custom slaughtering:						

1		<u>b.</u>	The name and address of:				
2			(1) The seller; or				
3			(2) The person for whom custom slaughtering is being performed;				
4		<u>C.</u>	The animal's age or estimated age;				
5		<u>d.</u>	The animal's sex; and				
6		<u>e.</u>	Any brand found on the animal.				
7	<u>2.</u>	<u>Any</u>	person required to record information in accordance with this section shall:				
8		<u>a.</u>	Compile the information in the manner directed by the North Dakota stockmen's				
9			association; and				
10		<u>b.</u>	Forward the information to the North Dakota stockmen's association at least				
11			quarterly.				
12	<u>3.</u>	<u>Unt</u>	il such time as the information is forwarded to the North Dakota stockmen's				
13		<u>ass</u>	ociation, any person required to record information in accordance with this section				
14		<u>sha</u>	Il make the information available for inspection by a representative of the				
15		<u>ass</u>	ociation, upon request.				
16	<u>4.</u>	<u>Any</u>	information created, collected, or maintained by the North Dakota stockmen's				
17		<u>ass</u>	ssociation under this section is confidential and not subject to the open record				
18		requ	uirements of section 44-04-18. The information may be released by the association				
19		<u>onl</u> y	<u>r.</u>				
20		<u>a.</u>	Upon the written consent of every person identified or identifiable by the				
21			information;				
22		<u>b.</u>	In accordance with federal law;				
23		<u>C.</u>	To any state or federal agency for the purposes of animal disease control or				
24			animal disease traceback;				
25		<u>d.</u>	To the attorney general and any other law enforcement agency pursuing a				
26			criminal investigation; or				
27		<u>e.</u>	Pursuant to an order issued by a court upon a showing of good cause.				
28	<u>5.</u>	<u>Any</u>	person violating this section is guilty of an infraction.				
29	<u>4.1-</u>	73-26	6. Record of brands.				
30	<u>The</u>	chie	f brand inspector shall keep a record of all brands issued in this state. The record				
31	must inc	must include:					

- Legislative Assembly 1 The name and address of the person that owns the brand; 2 <u>2.</u> A depiction of the brand; 3 <u>3.</u> The type of livestock on which the brand is authorized for use; and 4 4. The location or placement of the brand as authorized by the chief brand inspector. 5 4.1-73-27. Chief brand inspector to issue brand book. 6 <u>1.</u> The chief brand inspector shall compile and issue a brand book from the records 7 required by section 4.1-73-26, as of the final date for rerecording and shall compile 8 and issue an annual supplement. 9 The chief brand inspector shall provide a paper or an electronic copy of the brand <u>2.</u> 10 book and each annual supplement, free of charge, to: 11 Each brand inspector; and 12 Any other law enforcement officer located in this state upon request. 13 The chief brand inspector shall make paper copies of the brand books and b. 14 annual supplements available for purchase by all other persons. The purchase 15 price must be established by the North Dakota stockmen's association and 16 approved by the state board of animal health. 17 <u>3.</u> The chief brand inspector shall post the brand book and each annual supplement on 18 the North Dakota stockmen's association website. 19 4.1-73-28. Official brand book - Presumptive evidence. 20 The official brand book published by the chief brand inspector must be received in all courts 21 of this state as presumptive evidence of the recording and ownership of livestock brands. 22 4.1-73-29. Effect of recorded brand - Bill of sale to be given and kept. 23 A brand recorded in accordance with this chapter and properly located on livestock is prima 24 facie evidence that the animal bearing the brand is the property of the brand's owner, unless 25 covered by a bill of sale as provided by section 4.1-73-18. 26 SECTION 3. Chapter 4.1-74 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and enacted as
- 28 4.1-74-01. Registered livestock - Misrepresentation or falsification of records -
- 29 Penalty.

follows:

27

30

<u>1.</u> A person may not willfully:

1		<u>a.</u>	<u>Sell</u>	any livestock with a certificate of registration or breeding that does not			
2			pert	ain to the livestock;			
3		<u>b.</u>	<u>Fals</u>	ify a certificate of registration or breeding;			
4		<u>C.</u>	Misr	represent or falsify any production or performance information referenced in a			
5			<u>certi</u>	ficate of registration;			
6		<u>d.</u>	<u>Cha</u>	nge the markings of livestock with the intent of deceiving a purchaser; or			
7		<u>e.</u>	Misr	represent the sire to which livestock has been bred.			
8	<u>2.</u>	<u>A p</u>	erson	violating this section is guilty of a class A misdemeanor for a first offense and			
9		<u>a cl</u>	ass C	felony for a second or subsequent offense.			
10	SEC	CTIOI	<b>N 4</b> . C	Chapter 4.1-75 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and enacted as			
11	follows:						
12	<u>4.1-</u>	75 <u>-0</u>	1. Def	<u>inition.</u>			
13	<u>In th</u>	nis ch	apter,	unless the context otherwise requires, "estray" means cattle, horses, or			
14	mules, v	vheth	er bra	anded or unbranded, whose ownership has not been determined.			
15	<u>4.1-</u>	<u>75-02</u>	2. Est	rays - Possession.			
16	<u>1.</u>	<u>lf ar</u>	an individual discovers an estray on property that the individual owns or controls, the				
17		<u>indi</u>	<u>vidual</u>	I shall make a good-faith effort to:			
18		<u>a.</u>	<u>Take</u>	e possession of the estray:			
19		<u>b.</u>	<u>Dete</u>	ermine its ownership; and			
20		<u>C.</u>	<u>Faci</u>	ilitate its return.			
21	<u>2.</u>	If th	e indi	vidual is unable to determine its ownership, the individual shall:			
22		<u>a.</u>	<u>Noti</u>	fy the sheriff of the county in which the estray was found or the chief brand			
23			<u>insp</u>	ector, and:			
24			<u>(1)</u>	Provide to the sheriff or the chief brand inspector any information that may			
25				assist in determining ownership of the estray;			
26			<u>(2)</u>	Make the estray available for examination if requested by the chief brand			
27				inspector; and			
28			<u>(3)</u>	Follow the directives of the chief brand inspector regarding the estray's care			
29				and disposal: or			

1		<u>b.</u>	Deliver the estray to a livestock auction market in this state or to an out-of-state
2			livestock auction market that receives brand inspection services under section
3			4.1-73-24 and notify the brand inspector that it appears to be an estray.
4	<u>3.</u>	<u>Any</u>	person failing to comply with this section is liable to the owner of the estray for
5		<u>treb</u>	le damages and may not claim reimbursement for any expenses otherwise
6		allo	wed under this chapter.
7	<u>4.1-</u>	75-03	3. Notification - Record of date and time.
8	A co	unty	sheriff or the chief brand inspector shall make a record of the date and time that
9	notificati	on is	received under section 4.1-75-02. The individual taking possession of the estray is
10	not entit	led to	reimbursement for expenses incurred before the recorded date and time.
11	<u>4.1-</u>	<u>75-04</u>	4. Estrays - Notification of chief brand inspector.
12	<u>If an</u>	<u>indiv</u>	vidual notifies a county sheriff that the individual has taken possession of an estray,
13	the sher	iff sha	all contact the chief brand inspector and relay any information regarding the estray.
14	<u>4.1-</u>	<u>75-05</u>	5. Claiming estrays.
15	<u>1.</u>	If be	efore an estray is sold the chief brand inspector determines its owner, the individual
16		who	took possession of the estray shall return it to its owner, provided the owner
17		<u>rein</u>	nburses the individual for all incurred expenses in accordance with the
18		reim	nbursement schedule developed by the North Dakota stockmen's association or in
19		<u>any</u>	lesser agreed-to amount.
20	<u>2.</u>	If th	e individual who took possession of the estray and its owner are unable to reach
21		an a	agreement regarding the return of the estray, as provided for in subsection 1, the
22		indi	vidual who took possession of the estray shall:
23		<u>a.</u>	Deliver the estray to a livestock auction market in this state or to an out-of-state
24			livestock auction market that receives brand inspection services under section
25			4.1-73-24; and
26		<u>b.</u>	Notify the brand inspector that the estray is to be sold and that reimbursement for
27			the individual's expenses must be paid from the proceeds of the estray's sale, in
28			accordance with the reimbursement schedule developed by the North Dakota
29			stockmen's association.

#### 1 4.1-75-06. Reimbursement for costs - Schedule. 2 Except as otherwise provided in section 4.1-75-05, the individual taking possession of 1. 3 an estray in accordance with this chapter is entitled to receive reimbursement for 4 incurred expenses in accordance with a reimbursement schedule developed by the 5 North Dakota stockmen's association. 6 2. The amount reimbursable under this section must be deducted from the proceeds of 7 the estray's sale. Any amount remaining thereafter must be forwarded to the North 8 Dakota stockmen's association and submitted to the state treasurer for deposit in the 9 North Dakota stockmen's association fund. 10 4.1-75-07. List of estrays - Publication - Proof of ownership. 11 Each December, the North Dakota stockmen's association shall publish at least twice 12 in the official newspaper of each county, a list of all estrays found in the county and for 13 which the association received sale proceeds. 14 <u>2.</u> The association shall maintain and make available on its website an updated list of all 15 estrays for which the association received sale proceeds during the preceding 16 seventy-two months. 17 <u>3.</u> If a person demonstrates ownership of an estray to the satisfaction of the chief brand 18 inspector within seventy-two months of the date on which the proceeds of its sale were 19 distributed to the North Dakota stockmen's association, the association shall return to 20 the owner the amount it received but shall retain any income earned on the amount. 21 4.1-75-08. Possession of estray - Immunity from liability. 22 If an individual, without being negligent, takes possession of an estray and complies 1. 23 with this chapter, that individual is not liable: 24 For any injury or damage caused by the estray while in the individual's <u>a.</u> 25 possession or in the event the estray escapes; or 26 For any economic loss incurred by: <u>b.</u> 27 **(1)** The owner of the estray, if later identified; or 28 Any other person having a claim to the estray. (2) 29 2. If an individual, without being negligent, attempts to take possession of an estray in 30 order to comply with this chapter, that individual is not liable:

1		<u>a.</u>	<u>For</u>	any injury or damage caused by the estray during the attempt to take
2			pos	session; or
3		<u>b.</u>	<u>For</u>	any economic loss incurred by:
4			<u>(1)</u>	The owner of the estray, if later identified; or
5			<u>(2)</u>	Any other person having a claim to the estray.
6	<u>4.1-7</u>	75-09	<u> 9. Fai</u>	lure to comply with chapter - Penalty.
7	<u>Any</u>	indiv	<u>ridual</u>	who takes possession of an estray and willfully fails to comply with this
8	chapter i	is gu	ilty of	a class B misdemeanor.
9	SEC	TIOI	<b>N 5</b> . C	Chapter 4.1-83 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and enacted as
10	follows:			
11	<u>4.1-</u> 8	<u>83-0</u>	1. Def	finition.
12	In th	is ch	apter	, unless the context otherwise requires, "livestock dealer" means a person
13	that buys	s hor	ses, r	mules, cattle, hogs, goats, or sheep from a producer or a livestock auction
14	market:			
15	<u>1.</u>	<u>On</u>	the p	erson's own account, more than once per year for the purpose of resale
16		with	<u>iin thi</u>	rty days;
17	<u>2.</u>	<u>On</u>	comn	nission; or
18	<u>3.</u>	For	slaug	<u>ahter.</u>
19	<u>4.1-8</u>	<u>83-02</u>	2. Liv	estock dealer - License required.
20	<u>1.</u>	<u>Bef</u>	ore a	person may transact business as a livestock dealer, the person must be
21		lice	nsed	by the agriculture commissioner.
22	<u>2.</u>	This	s sect	ion does not apply to:
23		<u>a.</u>	A pa	acking plant, provided the plant's annual purchases of cattle, goats, hogs,
24			hors	ses, mules, or sheep do not exceed five hundred thousand dollars; or
25		<u>b.</u>	<u>The</u>	purchase of cattle, goats, hogs, horses, mules, or sheep:
26			<u>(1)</u>	By a livestock cooperative from a member of the cooperative; or
27			<u>(2)</u>	By one member of a livestock cooperative from another member.
28	<u>4.1-8</u>	<u>83-0</u> :	3. Apı	plication for livestock dealer's license - Required information.
29	<u>To o</u>	btain	a live	estock dealer's license, a person must complete an application and submit it
30	to the ag	ricul	ture c	commissioner. The application must include:
31	1	The	appl	icant's name and:

1		<u>a.</u>	The name of each partner if the applicant is a partnership;
2		<u>b.</u>	The name of each corporate officer and the state of incorporation if the applicant
3			is a corporation; or
4		<u>C.</u>	The name of each manager and the state of organization if the applicant is a
5			limited liability company;
6	<u>2.</u>	<u>The</u>	applicant's mailing address; and
7	<u>3.</u>	<u>The</u>	applicant's principal place of business.
8	<u>4.1-</u>	<u>83-0</u> 4	4. License - Fee - Expiration.
9	<u>1.</u>	The	e fee for a livestock dealer's license is fifty dollars.
0	<u>2.</u>	<u>A liv</u>	vestock dealer's license issued under this chapter expires on June thirtieth of each
11		<u>yea</u>	<u>r.</u>
2	<u>3.</u>	<u>A liv</u>	vestock dealer's license is not transferable.
3	<u>4.1-</u>	83-0	5. Application for license - Posting of bond.
4	<u>1.</u>	As a	a condition of licensure, the applicant shall post a bond with the agriculture
5		con	nmissioner. The bond must be:
6		<u>a.</u>	A surety bond;
7		<u>b.</u>	A cash bond; or
8		<u>C.</u>	An irrevocable letter of credit.
9	<u>2.</u>	<u>The</u>	agriculture commissioner must be named as the obligee.
20	<u>3.</u>	<u>The</u>	bond required by this section must be:
21		<u>a.</u>	In an amount and form required by this chapter;
22		<u>b.</u>	Applicable to the period during which the livestock dealer's license is in effect;
23		<u>C.</u>	For the benefit of any person selling livestock to the livestock dealer or the
24			dealer's agent; and
25		<u>d.</u>	Conditioned for the payment of any financial obligation owed by a livestock
26			dealer to another person in conjunction with the sale of livestock.
27	4.1-	83-06	6. Bond requirements - Alternative.
28	<u>Any</u>	appl	icant having a bond on file with the United States department of agriculture
29	pursuan	t to th	ne Packers and Stockyards Act, 1921 [7 U.S.C. 181 et seq.], may meet the
30	requiren	nents	of section 4.1-83-05 by filing a copy of that bond with the agriculture
31	commiss	sione	er, provided the commissioner is named as the trustee of the bond.

1	<u>4.1-</u>	83-07. Out-of-state applicant - Trustee.		
2	A bond posted by an out-of-state applicant for a livestock dealer's license may name as			
3	trustee a financially responsible, disinterested person who is satisfactory to the commissioner.			
4	<u>4.1-</u>	83-08. Bond - Minimum amount.		
5	<u>1.</u>	The agriculture commissioner shall determine the amount of the bond required in		
6		accordance with this chapter by using the same basis as that prescribed for livestock		
7		dealers who are subject to the provisions of the Packers and Stockyards Act, 1921		
8		[7 U.S.C. 181 et seq.].		
9	<u>2.</u>	Notwithstanding subsection 1, if at the time of licensure or at any point during the		
10		period of licensure the agriculture commissioner has reason to believe that a bond is		
11		inadequate to secure the performance of the livestock dealer's obligations, the		
12		commissioner shall require an increase in the amount of the bond.		
13	<u>3.</u>	A bond required by this chapter may not be in an amount less than ten thousand		
14		dollars.		
15	<u>4.1-</u>	83-09. Release of records - Confidentiality.		
16	<u>1.</u>	As a condition of licensure, the applicant shall agree to provide to the agriculture		
17		commissioner, upon request, any financial record that the commissioner deems		
18		relevant for purposes related to:		
19		a. The issuance of a livestock dealer's license; or		
20		b. An investigation after issuance of a livestock dealer's license.		
21	<u>2.</u>	As a condition of licensure, the applicant shall file a records release with the		
22		agriculture commissioner, authorizing the commissioner to obtain, from any source,		
23		any financial record that the commissioner deems relevant for purposes related to:		
24		a. The issuance of a livestock dealer's license; or		
25		b. An investigation after issuance of a livestock dealer's license.		
26	<u>3.</u>	Any information gained by the agriculture commissioner under this section is		
27		confidential and may be provided only:		
28		a. To federal authorities in accordance with federal law;		
29		b. To the attorney general, state agencies, and law enforcement agencies, for use in	<u>n</u>	
30		the pursuit of official duties; and		
31		c. As directed by an order of a court nursuant to a showing of good cause		

1	<u>4.1-</u>	83-10. Dealer's license - Grounds for denial - Hearing.
2	<u>1.</u>	The agriculture commissioner shall deny an applicant a livestock dealer's license if:
3		a. The applicant's current assets do not exceed the applicant's current liabilities; or
4		b. The applicant submitted false or misleading information in connection with the
5		application.
6	<u>2.</u>	The agriculture commissioner may deny an applicant a livestock dealer's license:
7		a. If after due investigation, the commissioner has reason to believe that the
8		applicant has failed to pay, in a timely manner and without reasonable cause,
9		prior obligations incurred in connection with livestock transactions;
0		b. If the applicant has failed to pay brand inspection fees or veterinary inspection
11		fees, as required by law, within sixty days of the date on which they were due;
2		c. If the applicant has violated any of the laws of this state governing the handling,
3		shipment, or transportation of livestock; or
4		d. For any other just and good cause.
5	<u>3.</u>	Any applicant denied a license under this section may request a hearing before the
6		agriculture commissioner within thirty days of the denial.
7	<u>4.1-</u>	83-11. Change of circumstance - Notification of agriculture commissioner.
8	<u>A liv</u>	estock dealer shall notify the agriculture commissioner of:
9	<u>1.</u>	Any legal change to the name in which the livestock dealer's license is issued;
20	<u>2.</u>	Any change to the legal status of the livestock dealer; and
21	<u>3.</u>	Any change in the nature and scope of the livestock dealer's business, if that change
22		would warrant an increase in the amount of the bond posted by the dealer in
23		accordance with this chapter.
24	<u>4.1-</u>	83-12. Records.
25	<u>Eac</u>	n livestock dealer shall keep records regarding all purchases and sales of livestock for a
26	period o	f two years. The records may be examined by the agriculture commissioner upon
27	request.	
28	<u>4.1-</u>	83-13. Agent's license.
29	<u>Befo</u>	ore an individual may serve as the agent of a livestock dealer, the individual must be
30	licensed	by the agriculture commissioner. In order for an individual to obtain an agent's license,

- Legislative Assembly 1 the agent's principal must request the license, at the time and in the manner determined by the 2 agriculture commissioner. 3 4.1-83-14. Agent's license - Requirements - Liability of principal. 4 Before the agriculture commissioner issues an agent's license, the commissioner shall 5 verify that: 6 <u>1.</u> The agent's principal is a livestock dealer licensed in accordance with this chapter; 7 and 8 <u>2.</u> The principal has filed with the agriculture commissioner a signed statement indicating 9 that the principal is responsible for and will be held strictly liable for any acts and 10 omissions arising out of the agent's livestock dealings, even if the dealings were not 11 authorized by the principal. 12 4.1-83-15. Agent's license - Grounds for denial. 13 The agriculture commissioner may refuse to issue an agent's license: 1. 14 If the individual seeking the license was previously denied a livestock dealer's <u>a.</u> 15 license or an agent's license; 16 If the individual seeking the license had a livestock dealer's license or an agent's b. 17 license revoked; 18 If the individual seeking the license has been convicted of an offense for which a <u>C.</u> 19 term of imprisonment or a fine is authorized by statute; or 20 For any other just and good cause. 21 <u>2.</u> Any applicant denied a license under this section may request a hearing before the 22 agriculture commissioner, within thirty days of the denial. 23 4.1-83-16. Agent's authority - Limitation. 24 While acting as an agent, an individual may not conduct any transaction involving livestock 25 in the agent's own name. 26 4.1-83-17. Order to cease and desist - Hearing. 27 The agriculture commissioner may issue an order to cease and desist if the commissioner
  - revoke the order or make it permanent.

29

30

31

has reason to believe that a person has committed or is about to commit a violation of this

chapter. If the agriculture commissioner issues a cease and desist order, the commissioner

shall hold a hearing within thirty days of the issuance and within sixty days of the issuance.

#### 1 4.1-83-18. Investigation of livestock dealer - Hearing. 2 The agriculture commissioner shall investigate the conduct of any livestock <u>1.</u> <u>a.</u> 3 dealer if the commissioner has reasonable cause to believe that the livestock 4 dealer may have violated this chapter or engaged in any activity that constitutes a 5 ground for license suspension or revocation under this chapter. 6 <u>b.</u> Subdivision 1 does not apply if an investigation is being conducted by the grain 7 inspection, packers and stockyards administration. 8 <u>2.</u> If after conducting an investigation the agriculture commissioner has probable cause 9 to believe that a violation of the chapter occurred or that the livestock dealer engaged 10 in any activity that constitutes a ground for license suspension or revocation under this 11 chapter, the commissioner may conduct a hearing to determine whether the license of 12 the livestock dealer should be suspended or revoked. 13 4.1-83-19. Grounds for suspension or revocation of license. 14 The agriculture commissioner may suspend or revoke the license of a livestock dealer if: 15 <u>1.</u> The livestock dealer has violated this chapter; 16 <u>2.</u> The livestock dealer has violated any of the laws of this state governing the handling, 17 shipment, or transportation of livestock; 18 <u>3.</u> The livestock dealer has been found guilty of deceit, fraud, dishonesty, forgery, or 19 theft, as a dealer in livestock; 20 The livestock dealer submitted false or misleading information in connection with the <u>4.</u> 21 application for licensure; 22 The livestock dealer has failed to maintain records that disclose all purchases and 5. 23 sales of livestock, as required by section 4.1-83-12; 24 <u>6.</u> The livestock dealer has refused the commissioner's request to provide financial 25 records to the commissioner, as required by section 4.1-83-09; 26 The livestock dealer has failed to pay brand inspection fees or veterinary inspection <u>7.</u> 27 fees, as required by law, within sixty days of the date on which they were due; 28 The livestock dealer is convicted under section 4.1-03-13 of failing to submit beef 8. 29 promotion assessments; or 30 The livestock dealer has failed to pay for livestock purchased in a timely manner and <u>9.</u>

without reasonable cause.

1	<u>4.1-</u>	83-20. License suspension or revocation - Hearing - Appeal.		
2	<u>1.</u>	Before the agriculture commissioner may suspend or revoke a livestock dealer's		
3		license, the commissioner shall:		
4		a. Prepare a complaint;		
5		b. Designate the time and place for a hearing; and		
6		c. Serve a copy of the complaint and a notice of the hearing upon the livestock		
7		dealer at least fifteen days before the date of the hearing.		
8	<u>2.</u>	The agriculture commissioner shall serve the required notice by registered mail or in		
9		the manner provided by the North Dakota Rules of Civil Procedure for the service of a		
10		summons.		
11	<u>3.</u>	At the hearing, the agriculture commissioner shall take and receive testimony and		
12		evidence.		
13	<u>4.</u>	After the hearing, the agriculture commissioner shall issue an order to:		
14		a. Dismiss the proceedings;		
15		b. Suspend the livestock dealer's license; or		
16		c. Revoke the livestock dealer's license.		
17	<u>5.</u>	The aggrieved party may appeal the order to the district court of the county in which		
18		the party maintains its principal place of business.		
19	<u>4.1-</u>	83-21. Bond - Claim for relief.		
20	<u>lf a</u>	ivestock dealer defaults in the provisions of any bond required by this chapter, the		
21	livestock	dealer is deemed to be insolvent within the meaning of this chapter. The claim for relief		
22	for dama	ages upon the bond, and the amount recovered in any claim for relief for the conversion		
23	of livesto	ock purchased by the livestock dealer while the license is in force and effect, constitutes		
24	a trust fu	and in the hands of the agriculture commissioner for all persons having a claim for relief		
25	against :	the livestock dealer on the bond.		
26	<u>4.1-</u>	83-22. Appointment of trustee.		
27	<u>1.</u>	Upon the insolvency of a livestock dealer, the agriculture commissioner may apply to		
28		the district court of the county in which the dealer maintains its principal place of		
29		business for appointment as the trustee.		

- Upon notice to the livestock dealer, as the court shall prescribe but not exceeding ten
  days, or upon a written waiver of notice by the dealer, the court shall hear and make a
  determination regarding the application in a summary manner.
  - 3. If the court determines that the livestock dealer is insolvent within the meaning of this chapter and that it would be in the best interest of persons holding claims against the dealer for the purchase price of livestock sold to the dealer or to the dealer's agent that the agriculture commissioner execute the trust, the court shall issue an order appointing the commissioner as the trustee, without bond.
    - 4. Upon being appointed as the trustee, the agriculture commissioner shall perform the duties of a trustee as set forth in this chapter.

## 4.1-83-23. Possession of records and property - Notice to file claims.

- a. Upon being appointed trustee, the agriculture commissioner shall take
   possession of all accounts and records pertaining to the livestock dealer's
   business. After reviewing the records, the agriculture commissioner may return to
   the dealer any records that are not necessary to the settlement of claims under
   this chapter.
  - <u>Upon being appointed trustee</u>, the agriculture commissioner shall take
    <u>possession of all livestock purchased by the dealer under the dealer's license</u>
    <u>and remaining in the dealer's possession</u>.
- 2. The agriculture commissioner, as trustee, shall publish a notice once each week for three consecutive weeks in the official newspaper of each county in which the livestock dealer was conducting business, directing any person having a claim against the dealer to file the claim and all supporting documentation with the commissioner no later than forty-five days from the last date of publication. Any person failing to meet the filing requirements set forth in the notice is barred from participating in any funds marshalled by the agriculture commissioner under this chapter.

## 4.1-83-24. Maintenance of action - Marshalling of assets.

1. The agriculture commissioner, as trustee, may in the name of the state upon its own relation but for the benefit of all claimants against the livestock dealer's bond, maintain suits or special proceedings upon the bond and against any person who has

1 converted any of the livestock, for the purpose of marshalling all of the trust assets of 2 the insolvent dealer and distributing the assets among the claimants. 3 <u>2.</u> However, recourse must be had against the bond before recourse is had against a 4 person who knowingly and in good faith converted any of the livestock, unless the 5 agriculture commissioner determines it necessary that all of the remedies be pursued 6 at the same time. 7 4.1-83-25. Remedy of claimants - Pursuit of separate action. 8 A claimant may not pursue a separate claim for relief against the livestock dealer's 9 bond unless the agriculture commissioner fails or refuses to apply for appointment as 10 trustee. 11 A claimant may pursue concurrently with the agriculture commissioner, however, any 12 other remedy against the livestock dealer or the dealer's property that the claimant 13 may have for the entire claim or for any deficiency that occurs after all payments have 14 been made from the trust fund. 15 4.1-83-26. Actions by agriculture commissioner - Exoneration. 16 1. The agriculture commissioner may: 17 Prosecute an action for any claim arising under this chapter; <u>a.</u> 18 <u>b.</u> Appeal from any adverse judgment to the court of last resort; and 19 Settle and compromise any action if the commissioner determines that doing so <u>C.</u> 20 is in the best interests of the claimant. 21 <u>2.</u> When the agriculture commissioner receives a compromise payment or the full 22 amount of any bond or conversion claim, the commissioner may exonerate the person 23 compromising or paying the claim from further liability growing out of the action. 24 4.1-83-27. Moneys collected on claims - Required deposit. 25 All moneys collected and received by the agriculture commissioner as trustee must be 26 deposited in the Bank of North Dakota pending the marshalling of the fund. 27 4.1-83-28. Report of amounts payable - Distribution of trust fund. 28 Upon recovery of the trust fund, or so much of the fund as is recoverable or necessary 1. 29 to pay the outstanding claims, the agriculture commissioner shall file with the court a 30

pledges, assignments, and deductions.

report showing the amount payable on each claim, after recognition of all proper liens,

- 1 If the trust fund is insufficient to pay all claims in full, the agriculture commissioner 2 shall prorate the fund among the claimants. 3 <u>3.</u> The court shall notify the claimants by mail regarding the proposed distribution and 4 direct that the claimants show cause why the report and distribution should not be 5 approved. 6 After holding a hearing on the matter, the court shall: 7 Approve or modify the report; 8 Issue an order directing that the trust fund be distributed; and <u>b.</u> 9 Discharge the agriculture commissioner from all duties as trustee. 10 4.1-83-29. Court costs. 11 The agriculture commissioner is not required to pay any filing fee or other court cost or 12 disbursement in connection with an application for appointment as trustee or with any action 13 brought under this chapter if the fee, cost, or disbursement accrues to the state or to a county in 14 this state. 15 4.1-83-30. Violations of chapter - Criminal penalty - Civil penalty. 16 Any person violating this chapter is guilty of a class A misdemeanor. 17 2. Any person violating this chapter is subject to a civil penalty in an amount not to 18 exceed five thousand dollars for each violation. The civil penalty may be adjudicated 19 by a court or by the agriculture commissioner through an administrative hearing. 20 SECTION 6. Chapter 4.1-88 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and enacted as 21 follows: 22 4.1-88-01. Definition. 23 In this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires, "wool dealer" means a person that 24 buys wool from a producer. 25 4.1-88-02. Wool dealer - License required. 26 <u>1.</u> Before a person may transact business as a wool dealer, the person must be licensed 27 by the agriculture commissioner. 28 This section does not apply to the purchase of wool:
  - a. By a wool cooperative from a member of the cooperative; or

30

b. By one member of a wool cooperative from another member.

1	<u>4.1-</u>	<u>88-03</u>	3. Application for wool dealer's license - Required information.			
2	To obtain a wool dealer's license, a person must complete an application and submit it to					
3	the agriculture commissioner. The application must include:					
4	<u>1.</u>	The	applicant's name and:			
5		<u>a.</u>	The name of each partner if the applicant is a partnership;			
6		<u>b.</u>	The name of each corporate officer and the state of incorporation if the applicant			
7			is a corporation; and			
8		<u>C.</u>	The name of each manager and the state of organization if the applicant is a			
9			limited liability company;			
10	<u>2.</u>	The	applicant's mailing address; and			
11	<u>3.</u>	The	applicant's principal place of business.			
12	<u>4.1-</u>	<u>88-04</u>	License - Fee - Expiration.			
13	<u>1.</u>	The	fee for a wool dealer's license is ten dollars.			
14	<u>2.</u>	A wo	ool dealer's license issued under this chapter expires on June thirtieth of each			
15		yeaı	<u>ſ.</u>			
16	<u>3.</u>	A w	ool dealer's license is not transferable.			
17	<u>4.1-</u>	<u>88-05</u>	5. Application for license - Posting of bond.			
18	<u>1.</u>	As a	a condition of licensure, the applicant must post a bond with the agriculture			
19		com	commissioner. The bond must be:			
20		<u>a.</u>	A surety bond;			
21		<u>b.</u>	A cash bond; or			
22		<u>C.</u>	An irrevocable letter of credit.			
23	<u>2.</u>	<u>The</u>	agriculture commissioner must be named as the obligee.			
24	<u>3.</u>	<u>The</u>	bond required by this section must be:			
25		<u>a.</u>	In an amount and form required by this chapter;			
26		<u>b.</u>	Applicable to the period during which the wool dealer's license is in effect;			
27		<u>C.</u>	For the benefit of any person selling wool to the wool dealer or the dealer's agent;			
28			<u>and</u>			
29		<u>d.</u>	Conditioned for the payment of any financial obligation owed by a wool dealer to			
30			another person in conjunction with the sale of wool.			

1	4.1-88-06. Out-of-state applicant - Trustee.			
2	A bond filed by an out-of-state applicant for a wool dealer's license may name as trustee a			
3	financially responsible, disinterested person who is satisfactory to the agriculture commissioner.			
4	<u>4.1-</u>	<u>88-07</u>	7. Bond - Minimum amount.	
5	<u>1.</u>	<u>The</u>	agriculture commissioner shall determine the amount of the bond required in	
6		acc	ordance with this chapter, provided that the amount of the bond is not less than ten	
7		thou	usand dollars.	
8	<u>2.</u>	If at	the time of licensure or at any point during the period of licensure the agriculture	
9		com	nmissioner has reason to believe that a bond is inadequate to secure the	
10		perf	formance of the wool dealer's obligations, the commissioner shall require an	
11		incr	ease in the amount of the bond.	
12	<u>4.1-</u>	<u>88-08</u>	B. Release of records - Confidentiality.	
13	<u>1.</u>	As a	a condition of licensure, the applicant shall agree to provide to the agriculture	
14		com	nmissioner, upon request, any financial record that the commissioner deems	
15		<u>rele</u>	vant for purposes related to:	
16		<u>a.</u>	The issuance of a wool dealer's license; or	
17		<u>b.</u>	An investigation after issuance of a wool dealer's license.	
18	<u>2.</u>	As a	a condition of licensure, the applicant shall file a records release with the	
19		<u>agri</u>	culture commissioner, authorizing the commissioner to obtain, from any source,	
20		<u>any</u>	financial record that the commissioner deems relevant for purposes related to:	
21		<u>a.</u>	The issuance of a wool dealer's license; or	
22		<u>b.</u>	An investigation after issuance of a wool dealer's license.	
23	<u>3.</u>	Any	information gained by the agriculture commissioner under this section is	
24		con	fidential and may be provided only:	
25		<u>a.</u>	To federal authorities in accordance with federal law;	
26		<u>b.</u>	To the attorney general, state agencies, and law enforcement agencies, for use in	
27			the pursuit of official duties; and	
28		<u>C.</u>	As directed by an order of a court pursuant to a showing of good cause.	
29	<u>4.1-</u>	<u>88-09</u>	9. Wool dealer's license - Grounds for denial - Hearing.	
30	<u>1.</u>	The	agriculture commissioner shall deny an applicant a wool dealer's license if:	
31		<u>a.</u>	The applicant's current assets do not exceed the applicant's current liabilities; or	

1		b. The	e applicant submitted false or misleading information in connection with the
2		<u>app</u>	lication.
3	<u>2.</u>	The agri	culture commissioner may deny an applicant a wool dealer's license:
4		a. If a	fter due investigation, the commissioner has reason to believe that the
5		app	licant has failed to pay, in a timely manner and without reasonable cause,
6		pric	or obligations incurred in connection with wool transactions; or
7		b. For	any other just and good cause.
8	<u>3.</u>	Any app	licant denied a license under this section may request a hearing before the
9		<u>agricultu</u>	re commissioner, within thirty days of the denial.
0	4.1-	88-10. Ch	ange of circumstance - Notification of agriculture commissioner.
11	A wo	ol dealer	shall notify the agriculture commissioner of:
2	<u>1.</u>	Any lega	Il change to the name in which the wool dealer's license is issued;
3	<u>2.</u>	Any chai	nge to the legal status of the wool dealer; and
4	<u>3.</u>	Any chai	nge in the nature and scope of the wool dealer's business, if that change
5		would wa	arrant an increase in the amount of the bond posted by the dealer in
6		accordar	nce with this chapter.
7	<u>4.1-</u>	8 <u>8-11. Re</u>	cords.
8	<u>Eacl</u>	wool de	aler shall keep records regarding all purchases and sales of wool for a period
9	of two ye	ars. The	records may be examined by the agriculture commissioner upon request.
20	4.1-	88-12. Ag	ent's license.
21	<u>Befo</u>	<u>re an indi</u>	vidual may serve as the agent of a wool dealer, the individual must be
22	licensed	by the ag	riculture commissioner. In order for an individual to obtain an agent's license,
23	the ager	t's princip	pal must request the licensure, at the time and in the manner determined by
24	the agric	ulture cor	mmissioner.
25	4.1-	88-13. Ag	ent's license - Requirements - Liability of principal.
26	<u>Befo</u>	re the ag	riculture commissioner issues an agent's license, the commissioner shall
27	verify that	<u>ıt:</u>	
28	<u>1.</u>	The age	nt's principal is a wool dealer licensed in accordance with this chapter; and
29	<u>2.</u>	The prin	cipal has filed with the agriculture commissioner a signed statement indicating
30		that the	principal is responsible for and will be held strictly liable for any acts and

1		omissions arising out of the agent's wool dealings, even if the dealings were not
2		authorized by the principal.
3	<u>4.1-</u>	88-14. Agent's license - Grounds for denial - Hearing.
4	<u>1.</u>	The agriculture commissioner may refuse to issue an agent's license:
5		a. If the individual seeking the license was previously denied a wool dealer's license
6		or an agent's license;
7		b. If the individual seeking the license has had a wool dealer's license or an agent's
8		license revoked;
9		c. If the individual seeking the license has been convicted of an offense for which a
0		term of imprisonment or a fine is authorized by statute; or
11		d. For any other just and good cause.
2	<u>2.</u>	Any applicant denied a license under this section may request a hearing before the
3		agriculture commissioner, within thirty days of the denial.
4	<u>4.1-</u>	88-15. Agent's authority - Limitation.
5	<u>Whi</u>	le acting as an agent, an individual may not conduct any transaction involving livestock,
6	in the ag	gent's own name.
7	<u>4.1-</u>	88-16. Order to cease and desist - Hearing.
8	<u>The</u>	agriculture commissioner may issue an order to cease and desist if the commissioner
9	has reas	son to believe that a person has committed or is about to commit a violation of this
20	chapter.	If the commissioner issues a cease and desist order, the commissioner shall hold a
21	hearing	within thirty days of the issuance and within sixty days of the issuance, revoke the order
22	or make	it permanent, as the facts require.
23	<u>4.1-</u>	88-17. Investigation of wool dealer - Hearing.
24	<u>1.</u>	The agriculture commissioner shall investigate the conduct of any wool dealer if the
25		commissioner has reasonable cause to believe that the wool dealer may have violated
26		this chapter or engaged in any activity that constitutes a ground for license revocation
27		under this chapter.
28	<u>2.</u>	If after conducting an investigation the agriculture commissioner has probable cause
29		to believe that a violation of the chapter occurred or that the wool dealer engaged in
30		any activity that constitutes a ground for license suspension or revocation under this

1		chapter, the commissioner may conduct a hearing to determine whether the license of			
2		the wool dealer should be suspended or revoked.			
3	4.1-8	88-18. Grounds for suspension or revocation of license.			
4	<u>The</u>	commissioner may revoke the license of a wool dealer if:			
5	<u>1.</u>	The wool dealer has violated this chapter;			
6	<u>2.</u>	The wool dealer has been found guilty of deceit, fraud, dishonesty, forgery, or theft, as			
7		a dealer in wool;			
8	<u>3.</u>	The wool dealer submitted false or misleading information in connection with the			
9		application for licensure;			
10	<u>4.</u>	The wool dealer has failed to maintain records that disclose all purchases and sales of			
11		wool, as required by section 4.1-88-11;			
12	<u>5.</u>	The wool dealer has refused the commissioner's request to provide financial records			
13		to the commissioner, as required by section 4.1-88-08; or			
14	<u>6.</u>	The wool dealer has failed to pay for wool purchased in a timely manner and without			
15		reasonable cause.			
16	4.1-8	38-19. License suspension or revocation - Hearing - Appeal.			
17	<u>1.</u>	Before the agriculture commissioner may suspend or revoke a wool dealer's license,			
18		the commissioner shall:			
19		a. Prepare a complaint;			
20		b. Designate the time and place for a hearing; and			
21		c. Serve a copy of the complaint and a notice of the hearing upon the wool dealer at			
22		least fifteen days before the date of the hearing.			
23	<u>2.</u>	The agriculture commissioner shall serve the required notice by registered mail or in			
24		the manner provided by the North Dakota Rules of Civil Procedure for the service of a			
25		summons.			
26	<u>3.</u>	At the hearing, the agriculture commissioner shall take and receive testimony and			
27		evidence.			
28	<u>4.</u>	After the hearing, the agriculture commissioner shall issue an order to:			
29		a. Dismiss the proceedings;			
30		b. Suspend the wool dealer's license; or			
31		c. Revoke the wool dealer's license.			

chapter.

1 The aggrieved party may appeal the order to the district court of the county in which 2 the party maintains its principal place of business. 3 4.1-88-20. Bond - Claim for relief. 4 If a wool dealer defaults in the provisions of any bond required by this chapter, the wool 5 dealer is deemed to be insolvent within the meaning of this chapter. The claim for relief for 6 damages upon the bond, and the amount recovered in any claim for relief for the conversion of 7 wool purchased by the wool dealer, while the license is in force and effect, constitutes a trust 8 fund in the hands of the agriculture commissioner for all persons having a claim for relief 9 against the wool dealer on the bond. 10 4.1-88-21. Appointment of trustee. 11 Upon the insolvency of a wool dealer, the agriculture commissioner may apply to the 12 district court of the county in which the dealer maintains its principal place of business 13 for appointment as the trustee. 14 <u>2.</u> Upon notice to the wool dealer, as the court shall prescribe but not exceeding ten 15 days, or upon a written waiver of notice by the dealer, the court shall hear and make a 16 determination regarding the application in a summary manner. 17 <u>3.</u> If the court determines that the wool dealer is insolvent within the meaning of this 18 chapter and that it would be in the best interest of persons holding claims against the 19 dealer for the purchase price of wool sold to the dealer or to the dealer's agent that the 20 agriculture commissioner execute the trust, the court shall issue an order appointing 21 the commissioner as the trustee, without bond. 22 Upon being appointed as the trustee, the agriculture commissioner shall perform the 4. 23 duties of a trustee as set forth in this chapter. 24 4.1-88-22. Possession of records and property - Notice to file claims. 25 <u>1.</u> Upon being appointed trustee, the agriculture commissioner shall take 26 possession of all accounts and records pertaining to the wool dealer's business. 27 After reviewing the records, the agriculture commissioner may return to the 28 dealer any records that are not necessary to the settlement of claims under this

- b. Upon being appointed trustee, the agriculture commissioner shall take
  possession of all wool purchased by the dealer under the dealer's license and
  remaining in the dealer's possession.
  - 2. The agriculture commissioner, as trustee, shall publish a notice once each week for three consecutive weeks in the official newspaper of each county in which the wool dealer was conducting business, directing any person having a claim against the dealer to file the claim and all supporting documentation with the commissioner no later than forty-five days from the last date of publication. Any person failing to meet the filing requirements set forth in the notice is barred from participating in any funds marshalled by the commissioner under this chapter.

## 4.1-88-23. Maintenance of action - Marshalling of assets.

- 1. The agriculture commissioner, as trustee, may in the name of the state upon its own relation but for the benefit of all claimants against the wool dealer's bond, maintain suits or special proceedings upon the bond and against any person who has converted any of the wool, for the purpose of marshalling all of the trust assets of the insolvent dealer and distributing the assets among the claimants.
- 2. However, recourse must be had against the bond before recourse is had against a person who knowingly and in good faith converted any of the wool, unless the agriculture commissioner determines it necessary that all of the remedies be pursued at the same time.

#### 4.1-88-24. Remedy of claimants - Pursuit of separate action.

- A claimant may not pursue a separate claim for relief against the wool dealer's bond unless the agriculture commissioner fails or refuses to apply for appointment as trustee.
  - 2. A claimant may pursue concurrently with the agriculture commissioner, however, any other remedy against the wool dealer or the dealer's property that the claimant may have for the entire claim or for any deficiency that occurs after all payments have been made from the trust fund.

#### 4.1-88-25. Actions by agriculture commissioner - Exoneration.

- 1. The agriculture commissioner may:
  - a. Prosecute an action for any claim arising under this chapter;

1		b. Appeal from any adverse judgment to the court of last resort; and
2		c. Settle and compromise any action if the commissioner determines that doing so
3		is in the best interests of the claimant.
4	<u>2.</u>	When the agriculture commissioner receives a compromise payment or the full
5		amount of any bond or conversion claim, the commissioner may exonerate the person
6		compromising or paying the claim from further liability growing out of the action.
7	<u>4.1-</u>	88-26. Moneys collected on claims - Required deposit.
8	<u>All n</u>	noneys collected and received by the agriculture commissioner as trustee must be
9	deposite	ed in the Bank of North Dakota pending the marshalling of the fund.
10	<u>4.1-</u>	88-27. Report of amounts payable - Distribution of trust fund.
11	<u>1.</u>	Upon recovery of the trust fund, or so much of the fund as is recoverable or necessary
12		to pay the outstanding claims, the agriculture commissioner shall file with the court a
13		report showing the amount payable on each claim, after recognition of all proper liens,
14		pledges, assignments, and deductions.
15	<u>2.</u>	If the trust fund is insufficient to pay all claims in full, the agriculture commissioner
16		shall prorate the fund among the claimants.
17	<u>3.</u>	The court shall notify the claimants by mail regarding the proposed distribution and
18		direct that the claimants show cause why the report and distribution should not be
19		approved.
20	<u>4.</u>	After holding a hearing on the matter, the court shall:
21		a. Approve or modify the report:
22		b. Issue an order directing that the trust fund be distributed; and
23		c. Discharge the agriculture commissioner from all duties as trustee.
24	<u>4.1-</u>	88-28. Court costs.
25	<u>The</u>	agriculture commissioner is not required to pay any filing fee or other court cost or
26	disburse	ement in connection with an application for appointment as trustee or with any action
27	brought	under this chapter if the fee, cost, or disbursement accrues to the state or to a county of
28	this state	<u>9.</u>
29	<u>4.1-</u>	88-29. Violations of chapter - Criminal penalty - Civil penalty.
30	1.	Any person violating this chapter is guilty of a class A misdemeanor.

1	<u>2.</u>	Any person violating this chapter is subject to a civil penalty in an amount not to
2		exceed five thousand dollars for each violation. The civil penalty may be adjudicated
3		by a court or by the agriculture commissioner through an administrative hearing.
4	SEC	CTION 7. AGRICULTURAL LAW REWRITE - STUDY. The legislative management
5	shall co	ntinue its study of North Dakota Century Code provisions that relate to agriculture for
6	the purp	ose of recommending changes to laws that are found to be irrelevant, inconsistent,
7	illogicall	y arranged, or unclear in their intent and direction. The legislative management shall
8	report its	s findings and recommendations, together with any legislation required to implement the
9	recomm	endations, to the sixty-fourth legislative assembly.
10	SEC	CTION 8. REPEAL. Chapters 36-04, 36-09, 36-13, and 36-22 of the North Dakota
11	Century	Code are repealed.