Sixty-third Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

HOUSE BILL NO. 1319

Introduced by

Representatives Monson, Heilman, Nathe, Rust, Sanford, Schatz, Williams Senators Cook, Flakoll, Holmberg, Heckaman, O'Connell

- 1 A BILL for an Act to create and enact sections 15.1-27-04.1, 15.1-27-04.2, 15.1-27-04.3, and
- 2 15.1-27-45 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to determination of state aid payable to
- 3 school districts; to amend and reenact sections 15.1-09-33, 15.1-09-39, 15.1-09-40, 15.1-09-47,
- 4 15.1-09-48, 15.1-09-49, 15.1-22-01, 15.1-27-03.1, 15.1-27-04, 15.1-27-17, 15.1-27-35,
- 5 15.1-27-39, 15.1-29-15, 15.1-30-04, 15.1-36-02, 40-55-09, 57-15-01.1, 57-15-14, 57-15-14.2,
- 6 57-15-14.5, 57-15-17, 57-15-17.1, 57-15-31, 57-19-01, 57-19-02, and 57-19-09 of the North
- 7 Dakota Century Code, relating to the determination of state aid payable to school districts; to
- 8 repeal sections 15.1-27-07.1, 15.1-27-11, 15.1-27-22.1, 15.1-27-42, 15.1-27-43, 15.1-27-44,
- 9 15.1-32-20, 57-15-14.4, 57-19-04, 57-19-10, and chapter 57-64 of the North Dakota Century
- 10 Code, relating to the determination of state aid payable to school districts, school district levy
- authority, and the mill levy reduction grant program; and to provide for a legislative management
- 12 study.

13 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

- 14 **SECTION 1. AMENDMENT.** Section 15.1-09-33 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
- 16 **15.1-09-33. School board Powers.**
- 17 The board of a school district may:
- Establish a system of free public schools for all children of legal school age residing
 within the district.
- 20 2. Organize, establish, operate, and maintain elementary, middle, and high schools.
- 3. Have custody and control of all school district property and, in the case of the board of education of the city of Fargo, have custody and control of all public school property within the boundaries of the Fargo public school district and to manage and control all school matters.

- 4. Acquire real property and construct school buildings and other facilities.
- 2 5. Relocate or discontinue schools and liquidate the assets of the district as required by
- 3 law; provided no site may be acquired or building constructed, or no school may be
- 4 organized, established, operated, maintained, discontinued, or changed in location
- 5 without the approval of the state board of public school education if outside the
- 6 boundary of the district.
- 7 6. Purchase, sell, exchange, and improve real property.
- 8 7. Lease real property for a maximum of one year except in the case of a career and
- 9 technical education facility constructed in whole or in part with financing acquired
- under chapter 40-57, which may be leased for up to twenty years.
- 11 8. Subject to chapter 32-15, exercise the power of eminent domain to acquire real
- 12 property for school purposes.
- 9. Purchase, sell, exchange, improve, and lease for up to one year equipment, furniture,
- 14 supplies, and textbooks.
- 15 10. Recruit or contract with others to recruit homes and facilities which provide boarding
- 16 care for special education students.
- 17 11. Provide dormitories for the boarding care of special education students.
- 18 12. Insure school district property.
- 19 13. Independently or jointly with other school districts, purchase telecommunications
- equipment or lease a telecommunications system or network.
- 21 14. Provide for the education of students by another school district.
- 22 15. Contract with federal officials for the education of students in a federal school.
- 23 16. Prescribe courses of study in addition to those prescribed by the superintendent of
- 24 public instruction or by law.
- 25 17. Adopt rules regarding the instruction of students, including their admission, transfer,
- organization, grading, and government.
- 27 18. Join the North Dakota high school activities association and pay membership fees.
- 28 19. Adopt alternative curricula for high school seniors who require fewer than four
- 29 academic units.
- 30 20. Contract with, employ, and compensate school district personnel.

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- 1 21. Contract with and provide reimbursement for the provision of teaching services by an
- 2 individual certified as an instructor in the areas of North Dakota American Indian
- 3 languages and culture by the education standards and practices board.
- 4 22. Suspend school district personnel.
- 5 23. Dismiss school district personnel.
- 6 24. Participate in group insurance plans and pay all or part of the insurance premiums.
- 7 25. Contract for the services of a district superintendent, provided that the contract, which
- 8 may be renewed, does not exceed a period of three years.
- 9 26. Contract for the services of a principal.
- 10 27. Employ an individual to serve as the school district business manager or contract with
- any person to perform the duties assigned to a school district business manager by
- 12 law.
- 13 28. Suspend or dismiss a school district business manager for cause without prior notice.
- 14 29. Suspend or dismiss a school district business manager without cause with thirty days'
- written notice.
- 16 30. Defray the necessary and contingent expenses of the board.
- 17 31. Levy a tax upon property in the district for school purposes, as permitted in
- 18 <u>accordance with chapter 57-15.</u>
- 19 32. Amend and certify budgets and tax levies, as provided in title 57.
- 20 33. Pay dues allowing for the board to hold membership in city, county, state, and national
- 21 organizations and associations.
- 22 34. Designate, at its annual meeting, a newspaper of general circulation as the official
- 23 newspaper of the district.
- **SECTION 2. AMENDMENT.** Section 15.1-09-39 of the North Dakota Century Code is
- 25 amended and reenacted as follows:
- 26 **15.1-09-39. Districts in bordering states Contract.**
- 1. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the board of a school district in this state
- 28 may contract with the board of a school district in another state for the joint operation
- and maintenance of school facilities and for joint activities, if the districts are
- contiguous. To be valid, the contract must be approved by the superintendent of public
- 31 instruction and by a majority of the qualified electors residing in the district.

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- In assessing the contract, the superintendent shall consider the district's enrollment,
 its valuation, and its longevity.
- 3 3. If the superintendent approves the contract, the board shall submit the contract to the electorate of the district, for approval, at an annual or a special election.
 - 4. The board shall publish notice of the election in the official newspaper of the district at least fourteen days before the election. The notice must include a statement regarding the purpose of the election and the terms of the contract.
 - 5. On the ballot, the board shall seek the voters' permission to execute the proposed contract, as approved by the superintendent of public instruction.
 - 6. If the voters approve the execution of the contract, the board may levy and collect taxes, as permitted in accordance with chapter 57-15, to carry out the contract pursuant to law.
 - If a district that is a party to a contract under this section dissolves, any district to which the land of the dissolved district is attached shall assume the contractual responsibilities.
 - **SECTION 3. AMENDMENT.** Section 15.1-09-40 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
 - 15.1-09-40. Sharing of levied taxes Contract.
 - The boards of two or more school districts may contract to share levied taxes in all or a portion of their respective districts. The rate of taxes to be levied on any property in the joint taxing area or district is the rate of tax provided for in the contract, not exceeding any levy limitations applicable to the propertyunder chapter 57-15. The auditor of each county in which all or a portion of a contracting district is located shall fix and levy taxes on that portion of the property which is described in the contract and is located in the county at the rate set by the contract.
- SECTION 4. AMENDMENT. Section 15.1-09-47 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
 - 15.1-09-47. Board of education of city of Fargo Taxing authority.
- The board of education of the city of Fargo may levy taxes, as necessary for any of the following purposes:
 - a. To purchase, exchange, lease, or improve sites for schools.

- b. To build, purchase, lease, enlarge, alter, improve, and repair schools and their
 appurtenances.
 - c. To procure, exchange, improve, and repair school apparati, books, furniture, and appendages, but not the furnishing of textbooks to any student whose parent is unable to furnish the same.
 - d. To provide fuel.
 - e. To defray the contingent expenses of the board, including the compensation of employees.
 - f. To pay teacher salaries after the application of public moneys, which may by law be appropriated and provided for that purpose.
 - 2. The question of authorizing or discontinuing the unlimited taxing authority of the board of education of the city of Fargo must be submitted to the qualified electors of the Fargo school district at the next regular election upon resolution of the board of education or upon filing with the board a petition containing the signatures of qualified electors of the district equal in number to twenty percent of the individuals enumerated in the most recent school district census. However, if the electors approve a discontinuation of the unlimited taxing authority, their approval of the discontinuation may not affect the tax levy effective for the calendar year in which the election is held. In addition, the minimum levy may not be less than the levy that was in force at the time of the election. The board may increase its levy in accordance with section 57–15-01. If the district experiences growing enrollment, the board may increase the levy by an amount equal to the amount levied the preceding year per student times the number of additional students enrolled during the new yearwithin the requirements or limitations of this title and title 57.

SECTION 5. AMENDMENT. Section 15.1-09-48 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

15.1-09-48. Board of education of city of Fargo - Tax collection.

The board of education of the city of Fargo has the power tomay levy taxes within the boundaries of the Fargo public school district and to cause such the taxes to be collected in the same manner as other city taxes, provided the taxes meet the requirements or limitations of this title and title 57. The business manager of the board of education shall eausecertify the rate for

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- each purpose to be certified by the business manager to the city auditor in time to be added to
 the annual tax list of the city. It is the duty of the The city auditor teshall calculate and extend
 upon the annual assessment roll and tax list any tax levied by the board of education. The tax
 must be collected in the same manner as other city taxes are collected. If the city council fails to
 levy any tax for city purposes or fails to cause an assessment roll or tax list to be made, the
- board of education may <u>eausemake</u> an assessment roll and tax list to be made and submit the roll to the city auditor with a warrant for the collection of the tax. The board of education may cause the tax to be collected in the same manner as other city taxes are collected or as otherwise provided by resolution of the board.
- SECTION 6. AMENDMENT. Section 15.1-09-49 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
 - 15.1-09-49. Board of education of city of Fargo Taxes for buildings.
 - The amount to be raised for teacher salaries and contingent expenses must be such only as together with the public money coming to the city from any source is sufficient to establish and maintain efficient and proper schools for students in the city. The tax for purchasing, leasing, or improving sites and the building, purchasing, leasing, enlarging, altering, and repairing of schools may not exceed in any one year fifteen mills on the dollar valuation of the taxable valuation of property of the cityin the school district. The board of education may borrow, and when necessary shall borrow, in anticipation of the amount of the taxes to be raised, levied, and collected.
 - **SECTION 7. AMENDMENT.** Section 15.1-22-01 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
- 23 15.1-22-01. Kindergarten Establishment by board Request by parent Levy.
 - The board of a school district shall either provide at least a half-day kindergarten program for any student enrolled in the district or pay the tuition required for the student to attend a kindergarten program in another school district.
 - 2. The board of a school district that establishes a kindergarten under this section may levy a tax pursuant to subdivision p of subsection 1 of section 57-15-14.2.
 - **SECTION 8. AMENDMENT.** Section 15.1-27-03.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

1	15.1-27	03.1. (Effective through June 30, 2013, and after June 30, 2015) Weighted
2	average da	ly membership - Determination.
3	1. Fo	r each school district, the superintendent of public instruction shall multiply by:
4	a.	1.00 the number of full-time equivalent students enrolled in a migrant summer
5		program;
6	b.	1.00 the number of full-time equivalent students enrolled in an extended
7		educational program in accordance with section 15.1-32-17;
8	C.	0.60 the number of full-time equivalent students enrolled in a summer education
9		program;
10	d.	0.50 the number of full-time equivalent students enrolled in a home-based
11		education program and monitored by the school district under chapter 15.1-23;
12	e.	0.30 the number of full-time equivalent students who:
13		(1) On a test of English language proficiency approved by the superintendent of
14		public instruction are determined to be least proficient and placed in the first
15		of six categories of proficiency; and
16		(2) Are enrolled in a program of instruction for English language learners;
17	f.	0.25 the number of full-time equivalent students enrolled in an alternative high
18		school;
19	g.	0.20 the number of full-time equivalent students attending school in a bordering
20		state in accordance with section 15.1-29-01;
21	h.	0.20 the number of full-time equivalent students who:
22		(1) On a test of English language proficiency approved by the superintendent of
23		public instruction are determined to be more proficient than students placed
24		in the first of six categories of proficiency and therefore placed in the second
25		of six categories of proficiency; and
26		(2) Are enrolled in a program of instruction for English language learners;
27	i.	0.17 the number of full-time equivalent students enrolled in an early childhood
28		special education program;
29	j.	0.10 the number of students enrolled in average daily membership, if the district
30	,	has fewer than one hundred students enrolled in average daily membership and
31		the district consists of an area greater than two hundred seventy-five square

1		niles [19424.9 hectares], provided that any school district consisting	g of an area
2		reater than six hundred square miles [155399 hectares] and enrol	ling fewer than
3		fty students in average daily membership must be deemed to have	e an
4		nrollment equal to fifty students in average daily membership;	
5	k.	.0790.082 the number of students enrolled in average daily memb	ership, in
6		rder to support the provision of special education services;	
7	l.	.07 the number of full-time equivalent students who:	
8) On a test of English language proficiency approved by the sup	perintendent of
9		public instruction are determined to be more proficient than st	udents placed
10		in the second of six categories of proficiency and therefore pla	aced in the
11		third of six categories of proficiency;	
12		Are enrolled in a program of instruction for English language le	earners; and
13		Have not been in the third of six categories of proficiency for r	nore than
14		three years;	
15	m.	.025 the number of students representing that percentage of the to	otal number of
16		tudents in average daily membership which is equivalent to the th	ree-year
17		verage percentage of students in grades three through eight who	are eligible for
18		ee or reduced lunches under the Richard B. Russell National Sch	ool Lunch Act
19		2 U.S.C. 1751 et seq.];	
20	n.	.0060.003 the number of students enrolled in average daily memb	ership in each
21		ublic school in the district that:	
22) Has acquired and is utilizing the PowerSchool student information	ation system;
23		Has acquired and is in the process of implementing the Power	rSchool
24		student information system; or	
25		Will acquire the PowerSchool student information system duri	ng the current
26		school year, provided the acquisition is contractually demonst	rated; and
27	0.	.004 the number of students enrolled in average daily membership	o in a school
28		istrict that is a participating member of a regional education assoc	iation meeting
29		ne requirements of chapter 15.1-09.1.	

1	2.	The	supe	erintendent of public instruction shall determine each school district's weighted
2		ave	rage	daily membership by adding the products derived under subsection 1 to the
3		dist	rict's a	average daily membership.
4	(Effe	ectiv	e Jul	y 1, 2013, through June 30, 2015) Weighted average daily membership -
5	Determi	inatio	on.	
6	1.	For	each	school district, the superintendent of public instruction shall multiply by:
7		a.	1.00	the number of full-time equivalent students enrolled in a migrant summer
8			prog	gram;
9		b.	1.00	the number of full-time equivalent students enrolled in an extended
0			edu	cational program in accordance with section 15.1-32-17;
11		C.	0.60	the number of full-time equivalent students enrolled in a summer education
2			prog	gram;
3		d.	0.50	the number of full-time equivalent students enrolled in a home-based
4			edu	cation program and monitored by the school district under chapter 15.1-23;
5		e.	0.30	the number of full-time equivalent students who:
6			(1)	On a test of English language proficiency approved by the superintendent of
7				public instruction are determined to be least proficient and placed in the first
8				of six categories of proficiency; and
9			(2)	Are enrolled in a program of instruction for English language learners;
20		f.	0.25	5 the number of full-time equivalent students enrolled in an alternative high
21			scho	ool;
22		g.	0.20	the number of full-time equivalent students attending school in a bordering
23			state	e in accordance with section 15.1-29-01;
24		h.	0.20	the number of full-time equivalent students who:
25			(1)	On a test of English language proficiency approved by the superintendent of
26				public instruction are determined to be more proficient than students placed
27				in the first of six categories of proficiency and therefore placed in the second
28				of six categories of proficiency; and
29			(2)	Are enrolled in a program of instruction for English language learners;
30		i.	0.17	the number of full-time equivalent students enrolled in an early childhood
31			spe	cial education program:

1 0.15 the number of full-time equivalent students in grades six through eight 2 enrolled in an alternative education program for at least an average of fifteen 3 hours per week; 4 0.10 the number of students enrolled in average daily membership, if the district k. 5 has fewer than one hundred students enrolled in average daily membership and 6 the district consists of an area greater than two hundred seventy-five square 7 miles [19424.9 hectares], provided that any school district consisting of an area 8 greater than six hundred square miles [155399 hectares] and enrolling fewer than 9 fifty students in average daily membership must be deemed to have an 10 enrollment equal to fifty students in average daily membership; 11 0.0790.082 the number of students enrolled in average daily membership, in 12 order to support the provision of special education services; 13 0.07 the number of full-time equivalent students who: m. 14 On a test of English language proficiency approved by the superintendent of 15 public instruction are determined to be more proficient than students placed 16 in the second of six categories of proficiency and therefore placed in the 17 third of six categories of proficiency; 18 (2) Are enrolled in a program of instruction for English language learners; and 19 (3) Have not been in the third of six categories of proficiency for more than 20 three years; 21 0.025 the number of students representing that percentage of the total number of n. 22 students in average daily membership which is equivalent to the three-year 23 average percentage of students in grades three through eight who are eligible for 24 free or reduced lunches under the Richard B. Russell National School Lunch Act 25 [42 U.S.C. 1751 et seq.]; 26 0.0060.003 the number of students enrolled in average daily membership in each 27 public school in the district that: 28 Has acquired and is utilizing the PowerSchool student information system; (1) 29 (2) Has acquired and is in the process of implementing the PowerSchool 30 student information system; or

1			(3)	Will acquire the PowerSchool student information system during the current	
2				school year, provided the acquisition is contractually demonstrated; and	
3		p.	0.00	04 the number of students enrolled in average daily membership in a school	
4			dist	rict that is a participating member of a regional education association meeting	
5			the	requirements of chapter 15.1-09.1.	
6	2.	The	supe	erintendent of public instruction shall determine each school district's weighted	
7		ave	rage	daily membership by adding the products derived under subsection 1 to the	
8		dist	rict's	average daily membership.	
9	SEC	CTIO	N 9. A	AMENDMENT. Section 15.1-27-04 of the North Dakota Century Code is	
10	amende	d an	d ree	nacted as follows:	
11	15.1	1-27-	04. P	er student payment rate.	
12	1.	a.	The	e per student payment rate to which each school district is entitled for the first	
13			yea	r of the biennium is threeeight thousand nineeight hundred ten dollars.	
14		b.	The	e per student payment rate to which each school district is entitled for the	
15			sec	ond year of the biennium is threenine thousand nine hundred eightyninety-two	
16			doll	ars.	
17	2.	In c	order	to determine the state aid payment to which each district is entitled, the	
18		sup	erinte	endent of public instruction shall multiply each district's weighted student units	
19		by t	the pe	er student payment rate set forth in subsection 1.	
20	SECTION 10. Section 15.1-27-04.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and				
21	enacted	as fo	ollows	3:	
22	<u>15.1</u>	1-27-	04.1.	State aid - Determination.	
23	<u>1.</u>	<u>ln c</u>	order	to determine the amount of state aid to which each school district is annually	
24		<u>ent</u>	itled,	the superintendent of public instruction shall:	
25		<u>a.</u>	<u>Mul</u>	tiply the number of weighted student units by the payment rate established in	
26			<u>sec</u>	tion 15.1-27-04;	
27		<u>b.</u>	<u>Sub</u>	stract from the product derived under subdivision a, an amount equal to fifty	
28			mill:	s times the taxable valuation of the school district; and	
29		<u>C.</u>	<u>Sub</u>	stract from the product derived under subdivision b, an amount equal to	
30			sev	enty-five percent of all:	

1		<u>(1)</u>	Mineral revenue in excess of two million dollars, received by the school
2			district and reported under code 2000 of the North Dakota school district
3			financial accounting and reporting manual, as developed by the
4			superintendent of public instruction in accordance with section 15.1-02-08;
5		<u>(2)</u>	Tuition revenue received by the school district and reported under code
6			1300 of the North Dakota school district financial accounting and reporting
7			manual, as developed by the superintendent of public instruction in
8			accordance with section 15.1-02-08, with the exception of revenue received
9			specifically for the operation of an educational program provided at a
10			residential treatment facility;
11		<u>(3)</u>	Revenue received by the school district from payments in lieu of taxes on
12			the distribution and transmission of electric power;
13		<u>(4)</u>	Revenue received by the school district from payments in lieu of taxes on
14			electricity generated from sources other than coal;
15		<u>(5)</u>	Revenue received by the school district from mobile home taxes;
16		<u>(6)</u>	Revenue received by the school district from the leasing of land acquired by
17			the United States for which compensation is allocated to the state under 33
18			<u>U.S.C. 701(c)(3);</u>
19		<u>(7)</u>	Telecommunications tax revenue received by the school district; and
20		<u>(8)</u>	Revenue received by the school district from payments in lieu of taxes and
21			state reimbursement of the homestead credit and disabled veterans' credit.
22	<u>2.</u>	The amo	ount remaining after the computation required under subsection 1 is the
23		amount o	of state aid to which a school district is entitled, subject to any other statutory
24		requirem	ents or limitations.
25	SEC	CTION 11.	Section 15.1-27-04.2 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and
26	enacted	as follows	3:
27	<u>15.′</u>	1-27-04.2.	State aid - Minimum local effort - Determination.
28	<u>lf a</u>	district's ta	exable valuation per student is less than forty percent of the state average
29	valuatio	n per stud	ent, the superintendent of public instruction, for purposes of determining state
30	aid in ad	ccordance	with section 15.1-27-04.1, shall utilize an amount equal to fifty mills times the

1	state average valuation per student multiplied by the number of weighted student units in the					
2	district.					
3	SEC	OIT	N 12.	Section 15.1-27-04.3 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and		
4	enacted	as fo	llows			
5	<u>15.1</u>	-27-0)4.3.	Baseline payment.		
6	<u>1.</u>	The	supe	erintendent of public instruction shall determine each school district's baseline		
7		func	ding p	per weighted student unit by:		
8		<u>a.</u>	Mult	tiplying the district's general fund mill levy for the 2008 taxable year less fifty		
9			mills	s by the taxable valuation of the school district;		
10		<u>b.</u>	<u>Add</u>	ing all state aid received by the district during the 2012-13 school year;		
11		<u>C.</u>	<u>Sub</u>	tracting the amount received by the district during the 2012-13 school year		
12			for t	ransportation aid, special education excess cost reimbursements, and special		
13			<u>edu</u>	cation contracts; and		
14		<u>d.</u>	<u>Divi</u>	ding the remainder by the district's 2012-13 weighted student units.		
15	<u>2.</u>	<u>a.</u>	<u>The</u>	superintendent of public instruction shall ensure that the total amount of		
16			state	e aid payable to a district per weighted student unit, for the 2013-14 school		
17			<u>yea</u> ı	r, exclusive of any payments for transportation aid, special education excess		
18			cost	reimbursements, and special education contracts, is at least equal to one		
19			<u>hun</u>	dred two percent of the total baseline funding received per weighted student		
20			<u>unit</u>	as established in subsection 1.		
21		<u>b.</u>	<u>The</u>	superintendent of public instruction shall ensure that the total amount of		
22			state	e aid payable to a district per weighted student unit, for the 2014-15 school		
23			<u>yea</u> ı	r, exclusive of any payments for transportation aid, special education excess		
24			cost	reimbursements, and special education contracts, is at least equal to the		
25			grea	ater of:		
26			<u>(1)</u>	One hundred four percent of the total baseline funding received per		
27				weighted student unit, as established in subsection 1; or		
28			<u>(2)</u>	Ninety-eight percent of the state aid paid to the district for the 2013-14		
29				school year, exclusive of any payments for transportation aid, special		
30				education excess cost reimbursements, and special education contracts.		

1	<u>3.</u>	<u>a.</u>	The superintendent of public instruction shall ensure that the total amount of
2			state aid payable to a district per weighted student unit, for the 2013-14 school
3			year, exclusive of any payments for transportation aid, special education excess
4			cost reimbursements, and special education contracts, does not exceed one
5			hundred ten percent of the total baseline funding received per weighted student
6			unit, as established in subsection 1.
7		<u>b.</u>	The superintendent of public instruction shall ensure that the total amount of
8			state aid payable to a district per weighted student unit, for the 2014-15 school
9			year, exclusive of any payments for transportation aid, special education excess
10			cost reimbursements, and special education contracts, does not exceed one
11			hundred twenty percent of the total baseline funding received per weighted
12			student unit, as established in subsection 1.
13	SEC	TIO	N 13. AMENDMENT. Section 15.1-27-17 of the North Dakota Century Code is
14	amende	d and	d reenacted as follows:
15	15.1	-27-	17. Per student payments - Reorganization of school districts - Separate
16	weightii	ng fa	actor.
17	1.	Not	withstanding the provisions of section 15.1-27-03.2, the superintendent of public
18		inst	ruction shall create and assign a separate weighting factor to:
19		a.	Any school district that reorganized on or before June 30, 2007, and which was
20			receiving per student payments in accordance with section 15.1-27-17, as that
21			section existed on June 30, 2007; and
22		b.	Any any school district that reorganizes on or after July 1, 2007.
23	2.	a.	The separate weighting factor must allow the reorganized school district to
24			receive a payment rate equivalent to that which each separate school district
25			would have received had the reorganization not taken place.
26		b.	The separate weighting factor must be computed to four decimal places.
27		C.	The provisions of this subsection are effective for a period of four years from the
28			date of the reorganization.
29	3.	At t	he beginning of the fifth and at the beginning of the sixth years after the date of the
30		reo	rganization, the superintendent of public instruction shall make proportionate
31		adjı	ustments in the assigned weighting factor so that beginning with the seventh year

1		afte	r the d	ate of the reorganization, the weighting factor that will be applied to the			
2	reorganized district is that provided in section 15.1-27-03.2.						
3	SECTION 14. AMENDMENT. Section 15.1-27-35 of the North Dakota Century Code is						
4	amende	ed and	d reena	acted as follows:			
5	15.1	1-27-	35. Ave	erage daily membership - Calculation.			
6	1.	a.	Durin	ng the 2009-10 school year, average daily membership is calculated at the			
7			conc	lusion of the school year by adding the total number of days that each			
8			stude	ent in a given grade, school, or school district is in attendance during a			
9			scho	ol calendar and the total number of days that each student in a given grade,			
10			scho	ol, or school district is absent during a school calendar, and then dividing the			
11			sum	by the greater of:			
12			(1)	The school district's calendar; or			
13			(2)	One hundred eighty.			
14		b.	Durin	ng the 2010-11 school year, average daily membership is calculated at the			
15			conc	lusion of the school year by adding the total number of days that each			
16			stude	ent in a given grade, school, or school district is in attendance during a			
17			scho	ol calendar and the total number of days that each student in a given grade,			
18			scho	ol, or school district is absent during a school calendar, and then dividing the			
19			sum	by the greater of:			
20			(1)	The school district's calendar; or			
21			(2)	One hundred eighty-one.			
22		C.	Begir	nning with the 2011-12 school year, average Average daily membership is			
23			calcu	lated at the conclusion of the school year by adding the total number of			
24			days	that each student in a given grade, school, or school district is in attendance			
25			durin	g a school calendar and the total number of days that each student in a			
26			giver	grade, school, or school district is absent during a school calendar, and			
27			then	dividing the sum by the greater of:			
28			(1) a.	The school district's calendar; or			
29			(2) b.	One hundred eighty-two.			
30	2.	For	purpo	ses of calculating average daily membership, all students are deemed to be			
31		in a	ttenda	nce on:			

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as follows:

1 The three holidays listed in subdivisions b through j of subsection 1 of section 2 15.1-06-02 and selected by the school board in consultation with district 3 teachers; 4 The two days set aside for professional development activities under section b. 5 15.1-06-04; and 6 The two full days, or portions thereof, during which parent-teacher conferences C. 7 are held or which are deemed by the board of the district to be compensatory 8 time for parent-teacher conferences held outside regular school hours. 9 3. For purposes of calculating average daily membership: 10 A student enrolled full time in any grade from one through twelve may not exceed 11 an average daily membership of 1.00. The membership may be prorated for a 12 student who is enrolled less than full time. 13 b. A student enrolled full time in an approved regular education kindergarten 14 program may not exceed an average daily membership of 1.00. The membership 15 may be prorated for a student who is enrolled less than full time. 16 A student enrolled full time, as defined by the superintendent of public instruction, C. 17 in an approved early childhood special education program may not exceed an 18 average daily membership of 1.00. The membership may be prorated for a 19 student who is enrolled less than full time. 20 SECTION 15. AMENDMENT. Section 15.1-27-39 of the North Dakota Century Code is 21 amended and reenacted as follows: 22 15.1-27-39. Annual salary - Minimum amount. 23 Beginning with the 2005-06 school year, the board of each school district shall provide 24 to each full-time teacher, under contract for a period of nine months, a minimum salary 25 level for the contract period equal to at least twenty-two thousand dollars. 26 2. Beginning with the 2006-072014-15 school year, the board of each school district shall 27 provide to each full-time teacher, under contract for a period of nine months, a 28 minimum salary level for the contract period equal to at least twenty-twetwenty-seven 29 thousand five hundred dollars.

SECTION 16. Section 15.1-27-45 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and enacted

1 <u>15.1-27-45. Property tax relief fund.</u>

- The property tax relief fund is a special fund in the state treasury. On July 1, 2013, the
 state treasurer shall change the name of the property tax relief sustainability fund
 established under section 57-64-05 to property tax relief fund as established by this
 section and any unobligated balance in the property tax relief sustainability fund must
 be retained in the property tax relief fund. Moneys in the property tax relief fund may
 be expended pursuant to legislative appropriations for property tax relief programs.
 - 2. On or before the third Monday in each January, February, March, April, August, September, October, November, and December, the office of management and budget shall certify to the superintendent of public instruction the amount of the property tax relief fund. The superintendent shall include the amount certified in determining the state aid payments to which each school district is entitled under chapter 15.1-27.
 - **SECTION 17. AMENDMENT.** Section 15.1-29-15 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

15.1-29-15. Levy for tuition payments.

If the board of a school district approves tuition payments for students in grades seven through twelve or if the board is required to make tuition or tutoring payments under this chapter, the board may levy an amount sufficient to meet such payments, pursuant to subdivision c of subsection 1 of section 57-15-14.2.

SECTION 18. AMENDMENT. Section 15.1-30-04 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

15.1-30-04. Provision of meals and lodging for high school students - Payment permitted - Levy.

Instead of providing transportation so that an eligible high school student residing in the district can attend school in another district, a school board may pay a reasonable allowance to the student's parent for costs incurred in the provision of meals and lodging for the student at a location other than the student's residence. A school district that furnishes either transportation or an allowance for the provision of meals and lodging for a student under this section may levy a tax pursuant to subdivision a of subsection 1 of section 57-15-14.2 for this purpose.

SECTION 19. AMENDMENT. Section 15.1-36-02 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

1 15.1-36-02. School construction projects - Loans. 2 The In order to provide school construction loans, the board of university and school 1. 3 lands may authorize the use of moneys in: 4 Fifty million dollars, or so much of that amount as may be necessary, from the a. 5 coal development trust fund, established pursuant to section 21 of article X of the 6 Constitution of North Dakota and subsection 1 of section 57-62-02 to provide-7 school construction loans, as described in this chapter. The outstanding principal 8 balance of loans under this chapter may not exceed fifty million dollars. The 9 board may adopt policies and rules governing school construction loans; and 10 b. Two hundred million dollars from the strategic investment and improvements 11 fund, established pursuant to section 15-08.1-08. 12 2. In order to be eligible for a loan under this section, the board of a school district shall: 13 Propose a construction project with a cost of at least one million dollars and an 14 expected utilization of at least thirty years: 15 b. Obtain the approval of the superintendent of public instruction for the construction 16 project under section 15.1-36-01; and 17 Submit to the superintendent of public instruction an application containing all C. 18 information deemed necessary by the superintendent, including potential 19 alternative sources or methods of financing the construction project. 20 3. The superintendent of public instruction shall give priority to any district that meets the 21 requirements for receipt of an equity payment under section 15.1-27-11. 22 If an eligible school district's imputed taxable valuation per student is less than eighty 4. 23 percent of the state average imputed taxable valuation per student, the district is 24 entitled to receive: 25 A school construction loan equal to the lesser of twelvetwenty million dollars or a. 26 eightyninety percent of the actual project cost; 27 b. An interest rate discount equal to at least one hundred but not more than twofour 28 hundred fifty basis points below the prevailing tax-free bond rates; and 29 A term of repayment that may extend up to twenty years.

1 If an eligible school district's imputed taxable valuation per student is equal to at least 2 eighty percent but less than ninety percent of the state average imputed taxable 3 valuation per student, the district is entitled to receive: 4 A school construction loan equal to the lesser of tenfifteen million dollars or 5 seventyeighty percent of the actual project cost; 6 b. An interest rate buydown equal to at least one hundred but not more than 7 twothree hundred fifty basis points below the prevailing tax-free bond rates; and 8 A term of repayment that may extend up to twenty years. 9 6.5. If an eligible school district's imputed taxable valuation per student is equal to at least 10 ninety percent of the state average imputed taxable valuation per student, the district 11 is entitled to receive: 12 A school construction loan equal to the lesser of fourten million dollars or 13 thirtyseventy percent of the actual project cost; 14 An interest rate discount equal to at least one hundred but not more than b. 15 twothree hundred fifty basis points below the prevailing tax-free bond rates; and 16 A term of repayment that may extend up to twenty years. 17 7.6. The board of a school district may submit its loan application to the superintendent of 18 public instruction before or after receiving authorization of a bond issue in accordance 19 with chapter 21-03. If the vote to authorize a bond issue precedes the application for a 20 loan, the application must be acted upon by the superintendent expeditiously but no 21 later than one hundred eighty days from the date it is received by the superintendent. 22 8.7. The superintendent of public instruction shall consider each loan application in the 23 order it received approval under section 15.1-36-01. 24 9.8. If the superintendent of public instruction approves the loan, the superintendent may 25 determine the loan amount, the term of the loan, and the interest rate, in accordance 26 with the requirements of this section. 27 10. The superintendent of public instruction may adopt rules governing school-28 construction loans. 29 9. If a school district seeking a loan under this section received an allocation of the 30 oil and gas gross production tax during the previous fiscal year in accordance 31 with chapter 57-51, the board of the district shall provide to the board of

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1 university and school lands its evidence of indebtedness indicating that the loan 2 originated under this section. 3 <u>b.</u> If the evidence of indebtedness is payable solely from the school district's 4 allocation of the oil and gas gross production tax in accordance with section 5 57-51-15, the loan does not constitute a general obligation of the school district 6 and may not be considered a debt of the district. 7 If a loan made to a school district is payable solely from the district's allocation of C. 8 the oil and gas gross production tax in accordance with section 57-51-15, the 9 terms of the loan must require that the state treasurer withhold ten percent, or 10 any larger percentage specified in the loan agreement, of each of the district's oil 11 and gas gross production tax allocations in order to repay the principal and 12 interest of the evidence of indebtedness. The state treasurer shall deposit the 13 amount withheld into the fund from which the loan originated. 14 Any evidence of indebtedness executed by the board of a school district under d. 15 this subsection is a negotiable instrument and not subject to taxation by the state 16 or any political subdivision of the state. 17 11.10. For purposes of this section, a "construction project" means the purchase, lease, 18 erection, or improvement of any structure or facility by a school board, provided the 19 acquisition or activity is within a school board's authority. 20 SECTION 20. AMENDMENT. Section 40-55-09 of the North Dakota Century Code is 21 amended and reenacted as follows: 22 40-55-09. Favorable vote at election - Procedure. 23 Except in the case of a school district or park district, upon adoption of the public recreation 24 system proposition at an election by a majority of the votes cast upon the proposition, the 25 governing body of the municipality, by resolution or ordinance, shall provide for the 26 establishment, maintenance, and conduct of a public recreation system, and thereafter levy and

authorized by this section may be raised to not more than eight and five-tenths mills when the

collect annually a tax of not more than two and five-tenths mills, or not more than eight and

addition to the maximum of taxes permitted to be levied in such municipality. The mill levy

five-tenths mills if authorized as provided by this section, on each dollar of the taxable valuation

of all taxable property within the corporate limits or boundaries of the municipality. This tax is in

increase is approved by the citizens of the municipality after submission of the question in the same manner as provided in section 40-55-08 for the establishment of the public recreation system. The governing body of the municipality shall continue to levy the tax annually for public recreation purposes until the qualified voters, at a regular or special election, by a majority vote on the proposition, decide to discontinue the levy. The governing body of the municipality may appropriate additional funds for the operation of the public recreation system if in the opinion of the governing body additional funds are needed for the efficient operation thereof. This chapter does not limit the power of any municipality, school district, or park district to appropriate on its own initiative general municipal, school district, or park district tax funds for the operation of a public recreation system, a community center, or character-building facility. A school district may levy a tax annually for the conduct and maintenance of a public recreation system pursuant to subdivision q of subsection 1 of section 57-15-14-2. A park district may levy a tax annually within the general fund levy authority of section 57-15-12 for the conduct and maintenance of a public recreation system.

SECTION 21. AMENDMENT. Section 57-15-01.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

57-15-01.1. Protection of taxpayers and taxing districts.

Each taxing district may levy the lesser of the amount in dollars as certified in the budget of the governing body, or the amount in dollars as allowed in this section, subject to the following:

- 1. No taxing district may levy more taxes expressed in dollars than the amounts allowed by this section.
- 2. For purposes of this section:
 - a. "Base year" means the taxing district's taxable year with the highest amount levied in dollars in property taxes of the three taxable years immediately preceding the budget year. For a park district general fund, the "amount levied in dollars in property taxes" is the sum of amounts levied in dollars in property taxes for the general fund under section 57-15-12 including any additional levy approved by the electors, the insurance reserve fund under section 32-12.1-08, the employee health care program under section 40-49-12, the public recreation system under section 40-55-09 including any additional levy approved by the electors, forestry purposes under section 57-15-12.1 except any additional levy

- 1 approved by the electors, pest control under section 4-33-11, and handicapped 2 person programs and activities under section 57-15-60; 3 b. "Budget year" means the taxing district's year for which the levy is being 4 determined under this section; 5 "Calculated mill rate" means the mill rate that results from dividing the base year C. 6 taxes levied by the sum of the taxable value of the taxable property in the base 7 year plus the taxable value of the property exempt by local discretion or 8 charitable status, calculated in the same manner as the taxable property; and 9 d. "Property exempt by local discretion or charitable status" means property 10 exempted from taxation as new or expanding businesses under chapter 40-57.1; 11 improvements to property under chapter 57-02.2; or buildings belonging to 12 institutions of public charity, new single-family residential or townhouse or 13 condominium property, property used for early childhood services, or pollution 14 abatement improvements under section 57-02-08. 15 A taxing district may elect to levy the amount levied in dollars in the base year. Any 16 levy under this section must be specifically approved by a resolution approved by the 17 governing body of the taxing district. Before determining the levy limitation under this 18 section, the dollar amount levied in the base year must be: 19 Reduced by an amount equal to the sum determined by application of the base a. 20 year's calculated mill rate for that taxing district to the final base year taxable 21 valuation of any taxable property and property exempt by local discretion or 22 charitable status which is not included in the taxing district for the budget year but 23 was included in the taxing district for the base year. 24 b. Increased by an amount equal to the sum determined by the application of the 25 base year's calculated mill rate for that taxing district to the final budget year 26 taxable valuation of any taxable property or property exempt by local discretion or 27 charitable status which was not included in the taxing district for the base year 28 but which is included in the taxing district for the budget year. 29
 - c. Reduced to reflect expired temporary mill levy increases authorized by the electors of the taxing district. For purposes of this subdivision, an expired temporary mill levy increase does not include a school district general fund mill

1 rate exceeding one hundred ten mills which has expired or has not received 2 approval of electors for an extension under subsection 2 of section 57-64-03. 3 d. Increased, for a school district determining its levy limitation under this section, 4 by the amount the school district's mill levy reduction grant under section 5 57-64-02 and state aid under chapter 15.1-27 for the base year exceeds the 6 amount of the school district's mill levy reduction grant under section-7 57-64-02state aid under chapter 15.1-27 for the budget year. 8 Reduced for a school district determining its levy limitation under this section, by e. 9 the amount the school district's mill levy reduction grant under section-10 57-64-02 state aid under chapter 15.1-27 for the budget year exceeds the amount 11 of the school district's mill levy reduction grant under section 57-64-02 and state 12 aid under chapter 15.1-27 for the base year. 13 4. In addition to any other levy limitation factor under this section, a taxing district may 14 increase its levy in dollars to reflect new or increased mill levies authorized by the 15 legislative assembly or authorized by the electors of the taxing district. 16 Under this section a taxing district may supersede any applicable mill levy limitations 17 otherwise provided by law, or a taxing district may levy up to the mill levy limitations 18 otherwise provided by law without reference to this section, but the provisions of this 19 section do not apply to the following: 20 Any irrepealable tax to pay bonded indebtedness levied pursuant to section 16 of a. 21 article X of the Constitution of North Dakota. 22 The one-mill levy for the state medical center authorized by section 10 of article X b. 23 of the Constitution of North Dakota. 24 6. A school district choosing to determine its levy authority under this section may apply 25 subsection 3 only to the amount in dollars levied for general fund purposes under 26 section 57-15-14 or, if the levy in the base year included separate general fund and 27 special fund levies under sections 57-15-14 and 57-15-14.2, the school district may 28 apply subsection 3 to the total amount levied in dollars in the base year for both the 29 general fund and special fund accounts. School district levies under any section other 30 than section 57-15-14 may be made within applicable limitations but those levies are

not subject to subsection 3.

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taxable years.

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1	7.	Opti	onal levies under this section may be used by any city or county that has adopted					
2		a home rule charter unless the provisions of the charter supersede state laws related						
3	to property tax levy limitations.							
4	SEC	TION	22. AMENDMENT. Section 57-15-14 of the North Dakota Century Code is					
5	amende	d and	reenacted as follows:					
6	57-1	5-14.	. General fund levy limitations Voter approval of excess levies in school					
7	districts	5 .						
8	The	aggre	egate amount levied each year for the purposes listed in section 57-15-14.2 by any					
9	school d	istrict	t, except the Fargo school district, may not exceed the amount in dollars which the					
10	school d	istrict	levied for the prior school year plus twelve percent up to a general fund levy of					
11	one hun	dred	eighty-five mills on the dollar of the taxable valuation of the district, except that:					
12	<u>1.</u>	<u>Unle</u>	ess authorized by the electors of the school district in accordance with this section,					
13		a sc	hool district may not impose greater levies than those permitted under section					
14		<u>57-1</u>	<u>5-14.2.</u>					
15	1.	<u>a.</u>	In any school district having a total population in excess of four thousand					
16			according to the last federal decennial census there may be levied any specific					
17			number of mills that upon resolution of the school board has been submitted to					
18			and approved by a majority of the qualified electors voting upon the question at					
19			any regular or special school district election.					
20	2.	<u>b.</u>	In any school district having a total population of fewer than four thousand, there					
21			may be levied any specific number of mills that upon resolution of the school					
22			board has been approved by fifty-five percent of the qualified electors voting					
23			upon the question at any regular or special school election.					
24	3.	<u>C.</u>	After June 30, 2009, in any school district election for approval by electors of					
25			increased levy authority under subsection 1 or 2, the ballot must specify the					
26			number of mills proposed for approval, and the number of taxable years for which					
27			that approval is to apply. After June 30, 2009, approval by electors of increased					
28			levy authority under subsection 1 or 2 may not be effective for more than ten					

4. <u>d.</u> The authority for a levy of up to a specific number of mills under this section approved by electors of a school district before July 1, 2009, is terminated

ı		effective for taxable years after 2015. If the electors of a school district subject to
2		this subsection have not approved a levy for taxable years after 2015 of up to a
3		specific number of mills under this section by December 31, 2015, the school
4		district levy limitation for subsequent years is subject to the limitations under
5		section 57-15-01.1 or this section.
6	<u>e.</u>	For taxable years beginning after 2012:
7		(1) The authority for a levy of up to a specific number of mills, approved by
8		electors of a school district for any period of time that includes a taxable
9		year before 2009, must be reduced by one hundred thirty-five mills as a
10		precondition of receiving state aid in accordance with chapter 15.1-27.
11		(2) The authority for a levy of up to a specific number of mills, approved by
12		electors of a school district for any period of time that does not include a
13		taxable year before 2009, must be reduced by sixty mills as a precondition
14		of receiving state aid in accordance with chapter 15.1-27.
15		(3) The authority for a levy of up to a specific number of mills, placed on the
16		ballot in a school district election for electoral approval of increased levy
17		authority under subdivision a or b, after June 30, 2013, must be stated as a
18		specific number of mills of general fund levy authority and must include a
19		statement that the statutory school district general fund levy limitation is
20		sixty mills on the dollar of the taxable valuation of the school district.
21	5. <u>f.</u>	The authority for an unlimited levy approved by electors of a school district before
22		July 1, 2009, is terminated effective for taxable years after 2015. If the electors of
23		a school district subject to this subsection have not approved a levy of up to a
24		specific number of mills under this section by December 31, 2015, the school
25		district levy limitation for subsequent years is subject to the limitations under
26		section 57-15-01.1 or this section.
27	<u>2.</u> <u>a.</u>	The question of authorizing or discontinuing such specific number of mills
28		authority in any school district must be submitted to the qualified electors at the
29		next regular election upon resolution of the school board or upon the filing with
30		the school board of a petition containing the signatures of qualified electors of the
31		district equal in number to ten percent of the number of electors who cast votes in

1			the most recent election in the school district. However, notNo fewer than
2			twenty-five signatures are required. However, the
3		<u>b.</u>	The approval of discontinuing such authority does not affect the tax levy in the
4			calendar year in which the election is held.
5		<u>C.</u>	The election must be held in the same manner and subject to the same
6			conditions as provided in this section for the first election upon the question of
7			authorizing the mill levy.
8	SEC	CTIO	N 23. AMENDMENT. Section 57-15-14.2 of the North Dakota Century Code is
9	amende	ed and	d reenacted as follows:
10	57- ⁻	15-14	.2. Mill levies requiring board action - Proceeds to general fund
11	accoun	t <u>Sch</u>	ool district levies.
12	1.	A se	chool board of any school district may levy an amount sufficient to cover general
13		ехр	enses, including the costs of the following:
14		a.	Board and lodging for high school students as provided in section 15.1-30-04.
15		b.	The teachers' retirement fund as provided in section 15-39.1-28.
16		C.	Tuition for students in grades seven through twelve as provided in section-
17			15.1-29-15.
18		d.	Special education program as provided in section 15.1-32-20.
19		e.	The establishment and maintenance of an insurance reserve fund for insurance
20			purposes as provided in section 32-12.1-08.
21		f.	A final judgment obtained against a school district.
22		g.	The district's share of contribution to the old-age survivors' fund and matching-
23			contribution for the social security fund as provided by chapter 52-09 and to-
24			provide the district's share of contribution to the old-age survivors' fund and
25			matching contribution for the social security fund for contracted employees of a
26			multidistrict special education board.
27		h.	The rental or leasing of buildings, property, or classroom space. Minimum state-
28			standards for health and safety applicable to school building construction shall
29			apply to any rented or leased buildings, property, or classroom space.
RΛ		i	Unemployment compensation benefits

1 The removal of asbestos substances from school buildings or the abatement of 2 asbestos substances in school buildings under any method approved by the 3 United States environmental protection agency and any repair, replacement, or 4 remodeling that results from such removal or abatement, any remodeling-5 required to meet specifications set by the Americans with Disabilities Act-6 accessibility guidelines for buildings and facilities as contained in the appendix to-7 28 CFR 36, any remodeling required to meet requirements set by the state fire-8 marshal during the inspection of a public school, and for providing an alternative 9 education program as provided in section 57-15-17.1. 10 k. Participating in cooperative career and technical education programs approved 11 by the state board. 12 Maintaining a career and technical education program approved by the state-13 board and established only for that school district. 14 Paying the cost of purchasing, contracting, operating, and maintaining m. 15 schoolbuses. 16 Establishing and maintaining school library services. n. 17 Equipping schoolbuses with two-way communications and central station 0. 18 equipment and providing for the installation and maintenance of such equipment. 19 Establishing free public kindergartens in connection with the public schools of the p. 20 district for the instruction of resident children below school age during the regular-21 school term. 22 Establishing, maintaining, and conducting a public recreation system. q. 23 The district's share of contribution to finance an interdistrict cooperative f. 24 agreement authorized by section 15.1-09-40. 25 2. This limitation does not apply to mill levies pursuant to subdivisions a, c, f, and j of 26 subsection 1. If a school district maintained a levy to finance either its participation in a 27 cooperative career and technical education program or its sponsorship of 28 single-district career and technical education programs prior to July 1, 1983, and the 29 district discontinues its participation in or sponsorship of those career and technical 30 education programs, that district must reduce the proposed aggregated expenditure-

- amount for which its general fund levy is used by the dollar amount raised by its prior
 levy for the funding of those programs.
 - 3. All proceeds of any levy established pursuant to this section must be placed in the school district's general fund account and may be expended to achieve the purposes for which the taxes authorized by this section are levied. Proceeds from levies established pursuant to this section and funds provided to school districts pursuant to chapter 15.1-27 may not be transferred to the building fund within the school district.
 - 1. The board of a school district may levy a tax not exceeding the amount in dollars that the school district levied for the prior year, plus twelve percent, up to a levy of sixty mills on the taxable valuation of the district for any purpose related to the provision of educational services. The proceeds of this levy must be deposited into the school district's general fund and used in accordance with this subsection. The proceeds may not be transferred into any other fund.
 - 2. The board of a school district may levy no more than twelve mills on the taxable valuation of the district for miscellaneous purposes and expenses. The proceeds of this levy must be deposited into a special fund known as the miscellaneous fund and used in accordance with this subsection. The proceeds may not be transferred into any other fund.
 - 3. The board of a school district may levy no more than three mills on the taxable valuation of the district for deposit into a special reserve fund, in accordance with chapter 57-19.
 - 4. The board of a school district may levy no more than the number of mills necessary, on the taxable valuation of the district, for the payment of tuition, in accordance with section 15.1-29-15. The proceeds of this levy must be deposited into a special fund known as the tuition fund and used in accordance with this subsection. The proceeds may not be transferred into any other fund.
 - 5. Nothing in this section limits the board of a school district from levying:
 - a. Mills for a building fund, as permitted in sections 15.1-09-49 and 57-15-16; and
- b. Mills necessary to pay principal and interest on the bonded debt of the district.
 - **SECTION 24. AMENDMENT.** Section 57-15-14.5 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

57-15-14.5. Long-distance learning and educational technology levy - Voter approval.

- 1. The school board of a public school district may, upon approval by a majority vote of the qualified electors of the school district voting on the question at any regular or special election, dedicate a tax levy for purposes of this section not to exceed five mills on the dollar of taxable valuation of property within the district.
- 2. All revenue accruing from the levy under this section must be used only for purposes of establishing and maintaining long-distance learning and purchasing and maintaining educational technology. For purposes of this section, educational technology includes computer software, computers and computer networks, other computerized equipment, which must be used for student instruction, and the salary of a staff person to supervise the use and maintenance of educational technology.
- 3. If the need for the fund terminates, the governing board of the public school district shall order the termination of the levy and On July 1, 2013, each school district shall transfer the remaining any balance remaining in its long-distance learning and educational technology fund to the general fund of the school district.

SECTION 25. AMENDMENT. Section 57-15-17 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

57-15-17. Disposition of building fund tax.

Revenue raised for building purposes shall be disposed of as follows:

- 1. a. All revenue accruing from appropriations or tax levies for a school <u>district</u> building fund together with such amounts as may be realized for building purposes from all other sources must be placed in a separate fund known as a school building fund and must be deposited, held, or invested in the same manner as the sinking funds of such school district or in the purchase of shares or securities of federal or state-chartered savings and loan associations within the limits of federal insurance.
 - b. The funds may only be used for the following purposes:
 - (1) The <u>erection construction</u> of <u>new school district</u> buildings <u>erand</u> facilities, <u>or additions to old</u>:
 - (2) The renovation, repair, or expansion of school district buildings or facilities, or the making of major repairs to existing buildings or facilities, or

1			improvements to school land and site. For purposes of this paragraph,
2			facilities may include parking lots, athletic complexes, or any other real-
3			property owned by the school district.;
4		<u>(3)</u>	The improvement of school district buildings, facilities, and real property;
5		<u>(4)</u>	The leasing of buildings and facilities;
6		(2) (5)	The payment of rentals upon contracts with the state board of public school
7			education-:
8		(3) (6)	The payment of rentals upon contracts with municipalities for career and
9			technical education facilities financed pursuant to chapter 40-57-
10		(4)	Within the limitations of school plans as provided in subsection 2 of section
11			57-15-16. ; and
12		(5) (7)	The payment of principal, premium, if anypremiums, and interest on bonds
13			issued pursuant toin accordance with subsection 7 of section 21-03-07.
14		(6)	The payment of premiums for fire and allied lines, liability, and multiple peril
15			insurance on any building and its use, occupancy, fixtures, and contents.
16		c.The cu	stodian of the funds may pay out the funds only upon order of the school
17			board, signed by the president and the business manager of the school
18			district. The order must recite upon its face the purpose for which payment
19			is made.
20	2.	Any mon	eys remaining in a school building fund after the completion of the payments
21		for any s	chool building project which has cost seventy-five percent or more of the
22		amount i	n such building fund at the time of letting the contracts therefor shall be
23		returned	to the general fund of the school district upon the order of the school board.
24	3.	The gove	erning body of any school district may pay into the general fund of the school
25		district a	ny moneys which have remained in the school building fund for a period of ten
26		years or	more, and such district may include the same as a part of its cash on hand in
27		making ι	up its budget for the ensuing year. In determining what amounts have
28		remained	d in said fund for ten years or more, all payments which have been paid from
29		the scho	ol building fund for building purposes shall be considered as having been paid
30		from the	funds first acquired.

4.		Whenever collections from the taxes levied for the current budget and other income
		are insufficient to meet the requirements for general operating expenses, a majority of
		the governing body of a school district may transfer unobligated funds from the school
		building fund into the general fund of the school district if the school district has issued
		certificates of indebtedness equal to fifty percent of the outstanding uncollected
		general fund property tax. No school district may transfer funds from the school
		building fund into the general fund for more than two years.

SECTION 26. AMENDMENT. Section 57-15-17.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

57-15-17.1. School board levies - Multiyear mercury and hazardous substance abatement or removal - Required remodeling - Alternative education programs - Heating, ventilation, and air-conditioning systems Discontinuation of special funds - Required transfers

- 1. The governing body of any public school district may by resolution adopted by a two-thirds vote of the school board dedicate a tax levy for purposes of this section of not exceeding fifteen mills on the dollar of taxable valuation of property within the district for a period not longer than fifteen years. The school board may authorize and issue general obligation bonds to be paid from the proceeds of this dedicated levy for the purpose of:
 - a. Providing funds for the abatement or removal of mercury and other hazardous substances from school buildings in accordance with any method approved by the United States environmental protection agency and for any repair, replacement, or remodeling that results from the abatement or removal of such substances;

 - c. Any remodeling required to meet requirements set by the state fire marshal during the inspection of a public school;
 - d. Providing alternative education programs; and

- e. Providing funds for the repair, replacement, or modification of any heating,
 ventilation, or air-conditioning systems and required ancillary systems to provide
 proper indoor air quality that meets American society of heating, refrigerating and
 air-conditioning engineers, incorporated standards.
 - 2. All revenue accruing from the levy under this section, except revenue deposited as allowed by subsections 3, 4, and 5 must be placed in a separate fund known as the mercury and hazardous substance abatement or removal fund and must be accounted for within the capital projects fund group and disbursements must be made from such funds within this fund group for the purpose of mercury and hazardous substance abatement or removal.
 - 3. All revenue accruing from up to five mills of the fifteen-mill levy under this section must be placed in a separate fund known as the required remodeling fund and must be accounted for within the capital projects fund group and disbursements must be made from such funds within this fund group for the purpose of required remodeling, as set forth in subsection 1.
 - 4. All revenue accruing from up to ten mills of the fifteen-mill levy under this section may be placed in a separate fund known as the alternative education program fund.

 Disbursement may be made from the fund for the purpose of providing an alternative education program but may not be used to construct or remodel facilities used to accommodate an alternative education program.
 - 5. All revenue accruing from the levy under this section, except revenue deposited as allowed by subsections 2, 3, and 4, must be placed in a separate fund known as the heating, ventilation, and air-conditioning upgrade fund and must be accounted for within the capital projects fund group and disbursements must be made from such funds within this fund group for the purpose of improving indoor air quality.
 - 6. AnyOn July 1, 2013, each school district shall transfer to its building fund or its general fund any moneys remaining in the mercury and hazardous substance abatement or removal fund after completion of the principal and interest payments for any bonds issued for any school mercury and hazardous substance abatement or removal project, any funds, any moneys remaining in the required remodeling fund after completion of the remodeling projects, any funds, any moneys remaining in the

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1		alternative education program fund at the termination of the program, and any	
2		fundsmoneys remaining in the heating, ventilation, and air-conditioning upgrade fund	
3		after completion of the principal and interest payments for any bonds issued for any	
4		indoor air quality project must be transferred to the general fund of the school district	
5		upon the order of the school board.	
6	SECTION 27. AMENDMENT. Section 57-15-31 of the North Dakota Century Code is		
7	amended and reenacted as follows:		
8	57-15-31. Determination of levy.		
9	The amount to be levied by any county, city, township, school district, park district, or other		
10	municipality authorized to levy taxes shall be computed by deducting from the amount of		
11	estimated expenditures for the current fiscal year as finally determined, plus the required		
12	reserve fund determined upon by the governing board from the past experience of the taxing		
13	district, the total of the following items:		
14	1.	The available surplus consisting of the free and unencumbered cash balance.	
15	2.	Estimated revenues from sources other than direct property taxes.	
16	3.	The total estimated collections from tax levies for previous years.	
17	4.	Such expenditures as are to be made from bond sources.	
18	5.	The amount of distributions received from an economic growth increment pool under	
19		section 57-15-61.	
20	6.	The estimated amount to be received from payments in lieu of taxes on a project	
21		under section 40-57.1-03.	
22	7.	The amount reported to a school district by the superintendent of public instruction as	
23		the school district's mill levy reduction grant for the year under section 57-64-02.	
24	Allowance may be made for a permanent delinquency or loss in tax collection not to exceed five		
25	percent of the amount of the levy.		
26	SECTION 28. AMENDMENT. Section 57-19-01 of the North Dakota Century Code is		
27	amended and reenacted as follows:		
28	57-19-01. School district may establish special reserve fund.		
29	Each school district in this state may establish and maintain a special reserve fund which		
30	must be separate and distinct from all other funds now authorized by law and which may not		
31	exceed in amount at any one time the sum. The balance of moneys in the fund may not exceed		

- 1 that which could be produced by a levy of the maximum mill levynumber of mills allowed by law
- 2 in that district for that year.

- **SECTION 29. AMENDMENT.** Section 57-19-02 of the North Dakota Century Code is 4 amended and reenacted as follows:
 - 57-19-02. Special reserve fund Separate trust fund.
- The special reserve fund is a separate trust fund for the use and benefit of the school district, to be drawn upon as provided in this chapter.
 - Moneys in the fund may be deposited, held, or invested in the same manner as the sinking fund of the district or in the purchase of shares or securities of federal savings and loan associations or state-chartered building and loan associations, within the limits of federal insurance. The school district business manager shall annually, upon a resolution of the school board,
 - 2. Annually, the board of the school district shall transfer to the school district general fund any part or all of the investment income orand interest earned by the principal amount of the school district's of the special reserve fund.
 - 3. On July 1, 2013, the board of the school district shall transfer from the special reserve fund to the district's general fund any amount that exceeds the limitation in section 57-19-01.
 - **SECTION 30. AMENDMENT.** Section 57-19-09 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
 - 57-19-09. When fund may be transferred.

Any school district which has heretofore by mistake, or for any other reason, considered all or any part of a special reserve fund, as provided for in chapter 57-19, in determining the budget for the school district which has deducted all or any part of the funds in such special reserve fund from the amount necessary to be levied for any school fiscal year, may transfer from the special reserve fund into the general fund all or any part of such amounts which have been so considered contrary to the provisions of section 57-19-05. Any school district special reserve fund and the tax levy therefor may be discontinued by a vote of sixty percent of the electors of the school district voting upon the question at any special or general election.

Any moneys remaining unexpended in suchthe special reserve fund must be transferred to the building or general fund of the school district. The discontinuance of a special reserve fund shall-

- 1 not decrease the school district tax levies otherwise provided for by law by more than twenty
- 2 percent. A special reserve fund and the tax levy therefor which has been discontinued may be
- 3 reinstated by a vote of sixty percent of the electors of the school district voting upon the
- 4 question at any special or general election.
- 5 **SECTION 31. LEGISLATIVE MANAGEMENT STUDY ACCOUNTABILITY.** During the
- 6 2013-14 interim, the legislative management shall consider studying accountability in
- 7 elementary and secondary education. The study should include a review of the historical basis
- 8 for adequacy funding, as set forth in the 2008 report by Lawrence O. Picus and Associates, the
- 9 recommendations of the Commission on Education Improvement regarding adequacy funding,
- and the enactments of the sixty-first, sixty-second, and sixty-third legislative assemblies in that
- 11 regard. The study should examine the performance of North Dakota students in state and
- 12 national assessments to determine whether recent legislative efforts have effected measurable
- 13 improvements in student achievement. The study also should examine high school curricular
- 14 requirements and content standards to determine whether students are being adequately
- 15 prepared for the various assessments and for their first year of enrollment in institutions of
- 16 higher education. The legislative management shall report its findings and recommendations,
- 17 together with any legislation required to implement the recommendations, to the sixty-fourth
- 18 legislative assembly.
- 19 **SECTION 32. REPEAL.** Sections 15.1-27-07.1, 15.1-27-11, 15.1-27-22.1, 15.1-27-42,
- 20 15.1-27-43, 15.1-27-44, 15.1-32-20, 57-15-14.4, 57-19-04, and 57-19-10 and chapter 57-64 of
- 21 the North Dakota Century Code are repealed.