13.0853.03002

Sixty-third Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

## SECOND ENGROSSMENT

## **REENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 2339**

Introduced by

Senators Laffen, Schneider

1	A BILL for an Act to create and enact a new section to chapter 6-09.4 of the North Dakota
2	Century Code, relating to the financing of housing projects and creation of a public
3	infrastructure revolving loan fund through the public finance authority; to provide an
4	appropriation; and to provide a continuing appropriation.for an Act to provide for a legislative
5	management study to create an inventory and strategic plan relating to residential and
6	commercial development programs and infrastructure and to provide for a study of programs
7	providing residential and commercial development assistance.

## 8 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

9	—SEC	TION 1. A new section to chapter 6-09.4 of the North Dakota Century Code is created-
0	and ena	cted as follows:
11	— <u>Infra</u>	astructure revolving loan fund - Continuing appropriation - Rules.
2	<u>—1.</u>	The purpose of the infrastructure revolving loan fund is to provide loans for
3		housing-related public infrastructure projects, including those for flood protection,
4		utilities, storm water, roadways, or other project development.
5	<u>2.</u>	An infrastructure revolving loan fund is established to make loans for the purposes
6		described in subsection 1. Moneys in the fund are appropriated on a continuing basis
7		for making loans in accordance with this section. Accounts may be established in the
8		fund as necessary for its management and administration.
9	<u> 3.</u>	The public finance authority may manage and administer the infrastructure revolving
20		loan fund and individual accounts in the fund. For those purposes, the authority may
21		exercise all powers provided in this chapter.
22	<u>4.</u>	The project application to the public finance authority must include the following
23		information:

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1	a. A description of the nature and purpose of the proposed infrastructure project,
2	including an explanation of the need for the project and the reasons why the
3	project is in the public interest;
4	b. The estimated cost of the project and the amount of loan sought;
5	c. Proposed sources of funding, in addition to loans sought from the infrastructure
6	revolving loan fund; and
7	d. The overall benefit of the project.
8	5. A loan made under this section must:
9	<u>a.</u> <u>Bear interest at or below market rates;</u>
10	<u>b.</u> Have a repayment term not longer than seven years;
11	c. Be amortized for a term to be determined by the public finance authority, with the
12	remaining balance due on the maturity date of the agreement;
13	d. Be subject to repayment of principal and interest beginning not later than two
14	years after the facility financed with a loan has been completed; and
15	e. Be disbursed for specific project elements only after all applicable environmental
16	requirements have been met.
16 17	requirements have been met.  6. Twenty percent of the funds available for loan must be reserved for cities with a
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17 18 19 20 21 22 23	<ul> <li>6. Twenty percent of the funds available for loan must be reserved for cities with a population of four thousand or less, unless there is an insufficient number of applicants from cities of this size to fill this allotment.</li> <li>7. The director of the public finance authority, with the approval of the industrial commission, may adopt policies to implement a program to identify and assist with development of projects eligible for loans under this section. Projects not eligible for state revolving fund funding must be given priority for these funds.</li> <li>8. The director of the public finance authority may request the assistance of other</li> </ul>
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117 118 119 220 221 222 23 224 225 226	<ul> <li>6. Twenty percent of the funds available for loan must be reserved for cities with a population of four thousand or less, unless there is an insufficient number of applicants from cities of this size to fill this allotment.</li> <li>7. The director of the public finance authority, with the approval of the industrial commission, may adopt policies to implement a program to identify and assist with development of projects eligible for loans under this section. Projects not eligible for state revolving fund funding must be given priority for these funds.</li> <li>8. The director of the public finance authority may request the assistance of other agencies of the state as may be necessary for the administration of such projects and such agencies of the state shall provide such assistance.</li> </ul>
117 118 119 220 221 222 23 224 225 226 227	<ul> <li>6. Twenty percent of the funds available for loan must be reserved for cities with a population of four thousand or less, unless there is an insufficient number of applicants from cities of this size to fill this allotment.</li> <li>7. The director of the public finance authority, with the approval of the industrial commission, may adopt policies to implement a program to identify and assist with development of projects eligible for loans under this section. Projects not eligible for state revolving fund funding must be given priority for these funds.</li> <li>8. The director of the public finance authority may request the assistance of other agencies of the state as may be necessary for the administration of such projects and such agencies of the state shall provide such assistance.</li> <li>9. A loan may be made to a statutory or home rule charter city to finance projects for the</li> </ul>

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**SECTION 2. APPROPRIATION.** There is appropriated out of any moneys in the strategic investment and improvements fund in the state treasury, not otherwise appropriated, the sum of \$5,000,000, or so much of the sum as may be necessary, to the industrial commission for deposit in the infrastructure development revolving loan fund for the purpose of providing loansunder section 1 of this Act.

SECTION 1. LEGISLATIVE MANAGEMENT STUDY - PROGRAMS FOR RESIDENTIAL AND COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT AND RELATED INFRASTRUCTURE. During the 2013-14 interim, the legislative management shall consider a study to create an inventory of and strategic plan for state, local, and federal programs relating to residential and commercial development and related infrastructure needs, including the option to create a low-interest revolving loan program for municipal infrastructure. The legislative management shall report its findings and recommendations, together with any legislation required to implement the recommendations, to the sixty-fourth legislative assembly.

SECTION 2. HOUSING FINANCE AGENCY INVENTORY OF PROGRAMS PROVIDING RESIDENTIAL AND COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT ASSISTANCE - LEGISLATIVE MANAGEMENT STUDY. During the 2013-14 interim, the housing finance agency, working with the Bank of North Dakota and department of commerce, shall survey appropriate state, local, and federal entities to create an inventory of government programs, including housing finance programs, energy efficiency programs, home and residential accessibility programs, disaster recovery programs, and other governmental programs providing residential and commercial development assistance. The housing finance agency shall present this inventory to the legislative management and shall identify program overlap and program gaps.