Sixty-third Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

HOUSE BILL NO. 1062

Introduced by

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Energy and Natural Resources Committee

(At the request of the State Engineer)

- 1 A BILL for an Act to amend and reenact sections 61-16.1-53, 61-16.1-53.1, 61-32-07, and
- 2 61-32-08 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to appeals of removal or closing of a
- 3 noncomplying dam, dike, or other device and drains.

4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

- 5 **SECTION 1. AMENDMENT.** Section 61-16.1-53 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
- 61-16.1-53. Removal of a noncomplying dike er, dam, or other device Notice and hearing Appeal Injunction.

Upon receipt of a complaint of unauthorized construction of a dike, dam, or other device for water conservation, flood control, regulation, watershed improvement, or storage of water, the water resource board shall promptly investigate and make a determination thereon. If the board determines that a dike, dam, or other device, capable of retaining, obstructing, or diverting more than fifty acre-feet [61674.08 cubic meters] of water or twenty-five acre-feet [30837.04 cubic meters] of water for a medium-hazard or high-hazard dam, has been established or constructed by a landowner or tenant contrary to this title or any rules adopted by the board, the board shall notify the landowner by registeredcertified mail at the landowner's post-office address of record. A copy of the notice must also be sent to the tenant, if any. The notice must specify the nature and extent of the noncompliance and must state that if the dike, dam, or other device is not removed within the period the board determines, but not less than fifteen days, the board shall cause the removal of the dike, dam, or other device and assess the cost of the removal, or the portion the board determines, against the property of the landowner responsible. The notice must also state that the affected landowner, within fifteen days of the date the notice is mailed, may demand, in writing, a hearing upon the matter. Upon receipt of the demand, the board shall set a hearing date within fifteen days from the date the demand is received. In the event of an

- 1 emergency, the board may immediately apply to the appropriate district court for an injunction
- 2 prohibiting the landowner or tenant from constructing or maintaining the dike, dam, or other
- 3 device, or ordering the landowner to remove the dike, dam, or other device. Assessments levied
- 4 under this section must be collected in the same manner as other assessments authorized by
- 5 this chapter. If, in the opinion of the board, more than one landowner or tenant has been
- 6 responsible, the costs may be assessed on a pro rata basis in proportion to the responsibility of
- 7 the landowners. A person aggrieved by action of the board under this section may appeal the
- 8 decision of the board to the district court of the county in which the land is located in-
- 9 accordance with the procedure provided in section 28-34-01. A hearing as provided for in this
- 10 section is not prerequisite to an appeal.

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- 11 **SECTION 2. AMENDMENT.** Section 61-16.1-53.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
 - 61-16.1-53.1. Appeal of board decisions State engineer review Closing of noncomplying dams, dikes, or other devices for water conservation, flood control, regulation, and watershed improvement.

The board shall make the decision required by section 61-16.1-53 within a reasonable time, not exceeding one hundred twenty days, after receiving the complaint. The board shall notify all parties of its decision by registered certified mail. The board's decision may be appealed to the state engineer by any aggrieved party. The appeal to the state engineer must be made within thirty days from the date notice of the board's decision has been received. The appeal must be made by submitting a written notice to the state engineer which must specifically set forth the reason why the appealing party believes the board's decision is erroneous. The appealing party shall also submit copies of the written appeal notice to the board and to all nonappealing parties. Upon receipt of this notice the board, if it has ordered removal of a dam, dike, or other device, is relieved of its obligation to procure the removal of the dam, dike, or other device. The state engineer shall handle the appeal by conducting an independent investigation and making an independent determination of the matter. The state engineer may enter property affected by the complaint for the purpose of investigating the complaint.

If the board fails to investigate and make a determination concerning the complaint within a reasonable time, not exceeding one hundred twenty days, the person filing the complaint may file the complaint with the state engineer. The state engineer, without reference to

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- 1 chapter 28-32, shall cause the investigation and determination to be made, either by action
- 2 against the board, or by personally conducting the investigation and personally making the
- determination. If the state engineer determines that a dam, dike, or other device has been
- 4 constructed or established by a landowner or tenant contrary to title 61 or any rules adopted by
- 5 the board, the state engineer shall take one of these three actions:
 - Notify the landowner by registered certified mail at the landowner's post-office address of record;
 - 2. Return the matter to the jurisdiction of the board along with the investigation report; or
 - Forward the dam, dike, or other device complaint and investigation report to the state's attorney.

If the state engineer decides to notify the landowner, the notice must specify the nature and extent of the noncompliance and must state that if the dam, dike, or other device is not removed within such reasonable time as the state engineer determines, but not less than thirty days, the state engineer shall procure the removal of the dam, dike, or other device and assess the cost of removal against the property of the responsible landowner. The notice from the state engineer must state that, within fifteen days of the date the notice is mailed, the affected landowner may demand, in writing, a hearing on the matter. Upon receipt of the demand, the state engineer shall set a hearing date within fifteen days from the date the demand is received. If, in the opinion of the state engineer, more than one landowner or tenant has been responsible, the costs may be assessed on a pro rata basis in proportion to the responsibility of the landowners. Upon assessment of costs, the state engineer shall certify the assessment to the county auditor of the county where the noncomplying dam, dike, or other device is located. The county auditor shall extend the assessment against the property assessed. Each assessment must be collected and paid as other property taxes are collected and paid. Assessments collected must be deposited with the state treasurer and are hereby appropriated out of the state treasury and must be credited to the contract fund established by section 61-02-64.1. Any person aggrieved by action of the state engineer under this section may appeal the decision of the state engineer to the district court in accordance with chapter 28-32. A hearing by the state engineer as provided for in this section is a prerequisite to such an appeal. If the state engineer, after completing the investigation required under this section, decides

to return the matter to the board, a complete copy of the investigation report must be forwarded

to the board and it must include the nature and extent of the noncompliance. Upon having the matter returned to its jurisdiction, the board shall carry out the state engineer's decision in accordance with the terms of this section.

If the state engineer, after completing the investigation required under this section, decides to forward the dam, dike, or other device complaint to the state's attorney, a complete copy of the investigation report must also be forwarded, which must include the nature and extent of the noncompliance. The state's attorney shall prosecute the complaint in accordance with the statutory responsibilities prescribed in chapter 11-16.

In addition to the penalty imposed by the court in the event of conviction under this statute, the court shall order the dam, dike, or other device removed within such reasonable time period as the court determines, but not less than thirty days. If the dam, dike, or other device is not removed within the time prescribed by the court, the court shall procure the removal of the dam, dike, or other device, and assess the cost thereof against the property of the landowner responsible, in the same manner as other assessments under chapter 61-16.1 are levied. If, in the opinion of the court, more than one landowner or tenant has been responsible, the costs may be assessed on a pro rata basis in proportion to the responsibility of the landowners.

The authority granted in this section may only be exercised for dams, dikes, or other devices constructed after August 1, 1999.

SECTION 3. AMENDMENT. Section 61-32-07 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

61-32-07. Closing a noncomplying drain - Notice and hearing - Appeal - Injunction - Frivolous complaints.

Only a landowner experiencing flooding or adverse effects from an unauthorized drain constructed before January 1, 1975, may file a complaint with the water resource board. Any person may file a complaint about an unauthorized drain constructed after January 1, 1975. Upon receipt of a complaint of unauthorized drainage, the water resource board shall promptly investigate and make a determination of the facts with respect to the complaint. If the board determines that a drain, lateral drain, or ditch has been opened or established by a landowner or tenant contrary to this title or any rules adopted by the board, the board shall notify the landowner by registered mail at the landowner's post-office address of record. A copy of the notice must also be sent to the tenant, if known. The notice must specify the nature and

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1 extent of the noncompliance and must state that if the drain, lateral drain, or ditch is not closed 2 or filled within a reasonable time as the board determines, but not less than fifteen days, the 3 board shall procure the closing or filling of the drain, lateral drain, or ditch and assess the cost 4 of the closing or filling, or the portion the board determines, against the property of the 5 landowner responsible. The notice must also state that the affected landowner, within fifteen 6 days of the date the notice is mailed, may demand, in writing, a hearing on the matter. Upon 7 receipt of the demand, the board shall set a hearing date within fifteen days from the date the 8 demand is received. In the event of an emergency, the board may immediately apply to the 9 appropriate district court for an injunction prohibiting the landowner or tenant from constructing 10 or maintaining the drain, lateral drain, or ditch and ordering the closure of the illegal drain. 11 Assessments levied under this section must be collected in the same manner as assessments 12 authorized by chapter 61-16.1. If, in the opinion of the board, more than one landowner or 13 tenant has been responsible, the costs may be assessed on a pro rata basis in proportion to the 14 responsibility of the landowners. A person aggrieved by action of the board under this section 15 may appeal the decision of the board to the district court of the county in which the land is 16 located in accordance with the procedure provided in section 28-34-01. A hearing as provided 17 for in this section is not a prerequisite to an appeal. If, after the first complaint, in the opinion of 18 the board, the complaint is frivolous, the board may assess the costs of the frivolous complaint 19 against the complainant.

SECTION 4. AMENDMENT. Section 61-32-08 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

61-32-08. Appeal of board decisions - State engineer review - Closing of noncomplying drains.

The board shall make the decision required by section 61-32-07 within a reasonable time, but not to exceed one hundred twenty days, after receiving the complaint. The board shall notify all parties of its decision by certified mail. The board's decision may be appealed to the state engineer by any aggrieved party. The appeal to the state engineer must be made within thirty days from the date notice of the board's decision has been received. The appeal must be made by submitting a written notice to the state engineer which must specifically set forth the reason why the board's decision is erroneous. The appealing party shall also submit copies of the written appeal notice to the board and to the nonappealing party. Upon receipt of this notice the

determination.

- 1 board, if it has ordered closure of a drain, lateral drain, or ditch, is relieved of its obligation to
- 2 procure the closing or filling of the drain, lateral drain, or ditch. The state engineer shall handle
- 3 the appeal by conducting an independent investigation and making an independent
- 4 determination of the matter. The state engineer may enter property affected by the complaint for
- 5 the purpose of investigating the complaint.
 - If the board fails to investigate and make a determination concerning the complaint within a reasonable time, but not to exceed one hundred twenty days, the person filing the complaint may file such complaint with the state engineer. The state engineer shall, without reference to chapter 28-32, cause the investigation and determination to be made, either by action against the board, or by personally conducting the investigation and personally making the
 - If the state engineer determines that a drain, lateral drain, or ditch has been opened or established by a landowner or tenant contrary to title 61 or any rules adopted by the board, the state engineer shall take one of three actions:
 - Notify the landowner by <u>registered</u> mail at the landowner's post-office address of record;
 - 2. Return the matter to the jurisdiction of the board along with the investigation report; or
 - 3. Forward the drainage complaint and investigation report to the state's attorney.

If the state engineer decides to notify the landowner, the notice must specify the nature and extent of the noncompliance and must state that if the drain, lateral drain, or ditch is not closed or filled within such reasonable time as the state engineer shall determine, but not less than thirty days, the state engineer shall procure the closing or filling of the drain, lateral drain, or ditch and assess the cost thereof, against the property of the landowner responsible. The notice from the state engineer must state that the affected landowner may, within fifteen days of the date the notice is mailed, demand, in writing, a hearing on the matter. Upon receipt of the demand, the state engineer shall set a hearing date within fifteen days from the date the demand is received. If, in the opinion of the state engineer, more than one landowner or tenant has been responsible, the costs may be assessed on a pro rata basis in proportion to the responsibility of the landowners. Upon assessment of costs, the state engineer shall certify the assessment to the county auditor of the county where the noncomplying drain, lateral drain, or ditch is located. The county auditor shall extend the assessment against the property assessed.

- 1 Each assessment must be collected and paid as other taxes are collected and paid.
- 2 Assessments collected must be deposited with the state treasurer and are hereby appropriated
- 3 out of the state treasury and must be credited to the contract fund established by section
- 4 61-02-64.1. Any person aggrieved by action of the state engineer under the provisions of this
- 5 section may appeal the decision of the state engineer to the district court in accordance with
- 6 chapter 28-32. A hearing by the state engineer as provided for in this section shall be a
- 7 prerequisite to such an appeal.
- 8 If the state engineer, after completing the investigation required under this section, decides
- 9 to return the matter to the board, a complete copy of the investigation report shall be forwarded
- 10 to the board and it shall include the nature and extent of the noncompliance. Upon having the
- 11 matter returned to its jurisdiction, the board shall carry out the state engineer's decision in
- 12 accordance with the terms of this section.
- 13 If the state engineer, after completing the investigation required under this section, decides
- 14 to forward the drainage complaint to the state's attorney, a complete copy of the investigation
- report must also be forwarded, which must include the nature and extent of the noncompliance.
- 16 The state's attorney shall prosecute the complaint in accordance with the statutory
- 17 responsibilities prescribed in chapter 11-16.
- In addition to the penalty imposed by the court in the event of conviction under this statute,
- 19 the court shall order the drain, lateral drain, or ditch closed or filled within such reasonable time
- 20 period as the court determines, but not less than thirty days. If the drain, lateral drain, or ditch is
- 21 not closed or filled within the time prescribed by the court, the court shall procure the closing or
- 22 filling of the drain, lateral drain, or ditch, and assess the cost thereof against the property of the
- 23 landowner responsible, in the same manner as other assessments under chapter 61-16.1 are
- levied. If, in the opinion of the court, more than one landowner or tenant has been responsible,
- 25 the costs may be assessed on a pro rata basis in proportion to the responsibility of the
- 26 landowners.
- 27 The authority granted in this section may only be exercised for drainage constructed after
- 28 January 1, 1987.