Sixty-fourth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

#### **HOUSE BILL NO. 1328**

Introduced by

Representatives Rick C. Becker, Beadle, Boehning, Kasper, Klemin, Ruby, Thoreson, Toman Senators Anderson, Hogue, Larsen, Unruh

- 1 A BILL for an Act to provide for limitations on the use of unmanned aircraftaerial vehicle for
- 2 surveillance.

#### 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

- 4 SECTION 1.
- 5 **Definitions**.

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

- 6 As used in this Act:
- 7 <u>1. "Flight data" means imaging or other observation recording.</u>
  - 2. "Flight information" means flight duration, flight path, and mission objective.
    - 3. "Law enforcement agency or agents" means a person authorized by law, or funded by the state, to investigate or prosecute offenses against the state has the meaning provided for law enforcement officer in section 12.1-01-04.
    - 2.4. "Unmanned aircraftaerial vehicle" means any aircraftaerial vehicle that is operated without the possibility of direct human intervention within or on the aircraftaerial vehicle. The term does not include satellites.
    - 3.5. "Unmanned aircraftaerial vehicle system" means an unmanned aircraftaerial vehicle and associated elements, including communication links and the components that control the unmanned aircraftaerial vehicle, which are required for the pilot in command to operate safely and efficiently in state airspace.

#### SECTION 2.

## Prohibited use of unmanned aircraft system.

1. Except as provided in section 4 of this Act, a law enforcement agency may not use an unmanned aircraft for surveillance of a person within the state or for the surveillance of personal or business property located within the borders of the state to gather evidence or other information pertaining to criminal conduct, or conduct in violation of

1		a statute or regulation except to the extent authorized in a warrant issued by a court
2		which satisfies the requirements of the Constitution of North Dakota.
3	<u>2.</u>	Warrants to conduct surveillance with an unmanned aircraft may be issued only in the
4		investigation of a felony. Unmanned aircraft may not be used to conduct investigations
5		of misdemeanors, traffic infractions, or other non-felony violations of law.
6	Lim	itations on use of unmanned aerial vehicle system.
7	1	Information obtained from an unmanned aerial vehicle is not admissible in a
8		prosecution or proceeding within the state unless the information was obtained:
9		a. Pursuant to the authority of a search warrant; or
10		b. In accordance with exceptions to the warrant requirement.
11	2	Information obtained from the operation of an unmanned aerial vehicle may not be
12		used in an affidavit of probable cause in an effort to obtain a search warrant
13	SEC	CTION 3.
14	<u>War</u>	rant requirements.
15	A wa	arrant for the use of an unmanned aircraftaerial vehicle must satisfy the requirements of
16	the Con	stitution of North Dakota. In addition, the warrant must contain a data collection
17	stateme	nt that includes:
18	<u>1.</u>	The persons that will have the power to authorize the use of the unmanned
19		aircraftaerial vehicle;
20	<u>2.</u>	The locations in which the unmanned aircraft aerial vehicle system will operate;
21	<u>3.</u>	The maximum period for which the unmanned aircraft aerial vehicle system will operate
22	I	in each flight; and
23	<u>4.</u>	Whether the unmanned aircraft aerial vehicle system will collect information or data
24	I	about individuals or groups of individuals, and if so:
25		a. The circumstances under which the unmanned aircraft aerial vehicle system will
26	I	be used; and
27		b. The specific kinds of information or data the unmanned aircraft aerial vehicle
28		system will collect about individuals and how that information or data, as well as
29		conclusions drawn from that information or data, will be used, disclosed, and
30		otherwise handled, including:
31		(1) The period for which the information or data will be retained; and

1		(2) Whether the information or data will be destroyed, and if so, when and how	
2		the information or data will be destroyed.	
3	SEC	CTION 4.	
4	Exc	eptions.	
5	This	Act does not prohibit any use of an unmanned aircraftaerial vehicle for surveillance	
6	during the course of:		
7	<u>1.</u>	Patrol of national borders. The use of an unmanned aircraft aerial vehicle to patrol	
8		within twenty-five miles [40.23 kilometers] of a national border, for purposes of policing	
9		that border to prevent or deter the illegal entry of any individual, illegal substance, or	
10	1	contraband.	
11	<u>2.</u>	Exigent circumstances. The use of an unmanned aircraft aerial vehicle by a law	
12		enforcement agency is permitted when exigent circumstances exist. For the purposes	
13		of this subsection, exigent circumstances exist when a law enforcement agency	
14		possesses reasonable suspicion that absent swift preventative action, there is an	
15		imminent danger to life or bodily harm.	
16	<u>3.</u>	An environmental or weather-related catastrophe. The use of an unmanned	
17		aircraftaerial vehicle by state or local authorities to preserve public safety, protect	
18		property, survey environmental damage to determine if a state of emergency should	
19		be declared, or conduct surveillance for the assessment and evaluation of	
20	I	environmental or weather-related damage, erosion, flood, or contamination.	
21	<u>4.</u>	Testing, training, education, and research of unmanned aircraft systems. Research,	
22		education, training, testing, or development efforts undertaken by or in conjunction	
23		with a school or institution of higher education within the state and its political	
24		subdivisions, nor to public and private collaborators engaged in mutually supported	
25		efforts involving research, education, training, testing, or development related to	
26		unmanned aerial vehicle systems or unmanned aerial vehicle system technologies	
27		and potential applications.	
28	SEC	CTION 5.	

31

#### 1 Prohibited surveillanceuse. 2 1. Use of force. A state law enforcement agency may not authorize the use of, including 3 granting a permit to use, an unmanned aircraft aerial vehicle armed with any lethal or nonlethal 4 weapons, including firearms, pepper spray, bean bag guns, mace, and sound-based weapons. 5 This Act prohibits any use of an unmanned aircraft aerial vehicle for: 6 Domestic use in private surveillance. A state law enforcement agency may not a. 7 authorize the use of, including granting a permit to use, an unmanned 8 aircraftaerial vehicle to permit any private person to conduct surveillance on any 9 other private person without the express, informed consent of that other person 10 or the owner of any real property on which that other private person is present. 11 Surveillance of the exercise of constitutional rights. A state agency may not <u>b.</u> 12 authorize the use, including granting a permit to use, of an unmanned aircraft for 13 the purpose of the surveillance of persons engaged in the lawful exercise of the 14 constitutional right of freedom of speech and freedom of assembly. 15 **SECTION 6.** 16 Remedies for violation. 17 Any aggrieved party may obtain in a civil action all appropriate relief to prevent or remedy a 18 violation of this Act. 19 SECTION 7. 20 Prohibitions on the conduct of unmanned aircraft surveillance and the use of 21 acquired surveillance as evidence. 22 1. Evidence obtained or collected in violation of this Act is not admissible as evidence in 23 a criminal prosecution, including use during trial, at sentencing, before a grand jury, as-24 rebuttal evidence, or during administrative hearings in any court of law in the state. 25 2. Any imaging or other forms of observational data gathered by unmanned aircraft 26 surveillance from or concerning the parties or places subjected to surveillance in 27 violation of this Act may not be preserved by law enforcement for any purpose unless 28 required by a court of law. 29 3. Any imaging or any other forms of data lawfully obtained under this Act for which there 30 is not a reasonable and articulable suspicion that those images or data contain-

evidence of a crime, or are relevant to an ongoing investigation or trial, may not be

retained for more than ninety days, unless the retention is attendant to general agency guidelines regarding the retention of evidence in criminal cases. In those cases, the imaging or other data may not be distributed to agencies, entities, or individuals if the distribution is not necessary to meet general agency guidelines regarding the retention of evidence in criminal cases.

4. An unmanned aircraft may not conduct any type of surveillance that would violate state laws regarding the interception of aural communications, electronic messaging, personal location data, or acquire video or still images of any individual within a home or place without first obtaining all required warrants in compliance with state statutes relevant to the interception of such voice communications, digital communications, physical surveillance data, or to capture the still or video images of any individual or interior or a place for which a search warrant is prerequisite to its lawful search.

### **SECTION 6.**

#### Documentation of unmanned aircraft surveillance aerial vehicle use.

- 1. The person authorized to conduct the surveillance under this Act shall document all use of an unmanned aircraft aerial vehicle for surveillance. The person shall document all surveillance flights as to duration, flight path, and mission objectives, including the names of place or persons authorized to be subject to surveillance.
- 2. The flight information must be certified verified as accurate and complete by the supervising person authorized by a court to conduct the surveillance.
- 3. The flight information required under this section must be retained for five years.
- 4. Any imaging or any other forms of data lawfully obtained under this Act which are not accompanied by a reasonable and articulable suspicion that the images or data contain evidence of a crime, or are relevant to an ongoing investigation or trial, may not be retained for more than ninety days.
- 5. Except for the operational capabilities of the unmanned aircraftaerial vehicle system and other operational information strictly related to the technical conduct and physical security of the surveillance operation, a person accused of a crime that includes evidence gathered through the use of an unmanned aircraftaerial vehicle system surveillance may obtain all information relating to the person acquired in the course of

# Sixty-fourth Legislative Assembly

1		the surveillance through subpoena and discovery proceedings available in criminal
2	1	proceedings.
3	<u>5.6.</u>	Any other person that has an interest in obtaining the documentation required by this
4		section may obtain that documentation pursuant to chapter 44-04.
5	<u>—_6.</u>	The documentation required by this section applies to all uses of unmanned aircraft
6		systems, including testing, training, education, and research.
7	— SECTION 9.	
8	Application to federal law.	
9	This Act may not be construed to limit, constrain, or adversely impact testing and operations	
10	of a stat	e test range under the FAA Modernization and Reform Act of 2012 [Pub. L. 112-95;
11	126 Stat	<del>: 11].</del>