Sixty-fourth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

SECOND ENGROSSMENT

REENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 1390

Introduced by

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Representative Keiser

1 A BILL for an Act to create and enact section 23-29-04.2 of the North Dakota Century Code,

- 2 relating to licensing of establishment by the state department of health of an operating pilot
- 3 project to examine and determine standards for rules governing operations and permitting of
- 4 commercial oilfield special waste recyclers of recycling facilities for oilfield special waste from oil
- 5 and gas drilling and production operations; and to declare an emergency.

6 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

- 7 SECTION 1. Section 23-29-04.2 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and enacted
 8 as follows:
 - <u>23-29-04.2. Commercial oilfield special waste recyclersrecycling facilities Action</u> against well operators restricted.
- 11 The stateBy June 1, 2015, the department of health shall license select one 1. 12 commercial oilfield special waste recyclers and may charge a license fee established 13 by rule commensurate with the cost to the department of licensing and inspections. As 14 a condition of obtaining and maintaining a license, a commercial oilfield special waste 15 recycler and each recycling facility licensed under this chapter must extract and 16 convert to a beneficial use at least sixty five percent by weight of the solid oilfield 17 special waste received by the recycler or recycling facility recycling facility having a 18 pending beneficial use application, for authorization of operation of the facility as a 19 pilot project and to assist the department to develop standards for recycling of oilfield 20 special waste. The pending beneficial use application of the pilot project facility must 21 be supported by scientific findings from a third-party source focused on the anticipated 22 environmental performance of the end products of the recycled oilfield special waste 23 and the practical utility of those end products.

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1	2.	The pilot project facility and any commercial oilfield special waste recycling facility
2		permitted after June 30, 2017, must obtain a special waste landfill permit from the
3		state department of health and a treating plant permit from the industrial commission
4		for treatment of oilfield special waste.
5	3.	The selected pilot project facility may operate as an oilfield special waste recycling
6		facility through June 30, 2017, and may implement beneficial use demonstration
7		projects using processed materials under the guidance of the state department of
8		health. The selected pilot project facility operator shall cooperate with the state
9		department of health to monitor and analyze impacts to the environment.
10	4.	The health council By July 1, 2017, the department shall adopt rules under chapter
11		28-32 governing operations and permitting of commercial oilfield special waste
12		recyclers recycling facilities. The rules must be adopted to assure compliance with
13		federal and state laws and rules for protection of the state's water and air and public
14	1	health in the handling and subsequent use of oilfield special waste.
15	<u>1.5.</u>	Upon presentation of official credentials, an employee authorized by the state
16		department of health may:
17	l	a. Examine the premises and facilities and copy books, papers, records,
18		memoranda, or data of a commercial oilfield special waste recycler recycling
19		facility.
20		b. Enter upon public or private property for the purpose of taking action authorized
21		by this chapter and rules adopted under this chapter, including obtaining
22		information from any person, conducting surveys and investigations, and taking
23	l	corrective action.
24	<u>c.6.</u>	The operator of the commercial oilfield special waste recycler recycling facility is liable
25		for the cost of any inspection and corrective action required by the state department of
26		health.
27	2. 7.	As a condition of licensurepermitting, the state department of health shallmay require
28		that the operator of a commercial oilfield special waste recycler mustrecycling facility
29		post a bond or other financial assurance payable to the state in a sufficient amount for

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1		of the department, on the premises or property of the facility or at a place where
2		treated or untreated materials from the facility are taken for use or disposal.
3	<u>3.8.</u>	As used in this section:
4		a. <u>"Commercial oilfield special waste recyclerrecycling facility" means a commercial</u>
5		recycling facility licensed permitted, or a commercial recycling facility pilot project
6		authorized, under this chaptersection for extraction of reusable solids and fluids
7		from any or all types of oilfield special waste.
8		b. "Drilling operation" means oil and gas drilling and production operations and any
9		associated activities that generate oilfield special waste.
10		c. "Oilfield special waste" means special waste associated with oil and gas drilling
11		operations, exploration, development, or production and specifically includes drill
12		cuttings, saltwater, and other solids and fluids from drilling operations.
13	<u>4.9.</u>	Upon delivery of oilfield special waste to a commercial oilfield special waste
14		recyclerrecycling facility, which is licensedpermitted or authorized to conduct recycling
15		operations under this section and is not affiliated with the well operator; acceptance of
16		the oilfield special waste by the recycler recycling facility; and after the oilfield special
17		waste has been treated and converted to a beneficial use as a usable product or
18		legitimate substitute for a usable product, the well operator is not liable in any civil or
19		criminal action for any subsequent claim or charge regarding the material converted to
20		a beneficial use.
21	SEC	CTION 2. EMERGENCY. This Act is declared to be an emergency measure.