Sixty-fourth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

## **SENATE BILL NO. 2031**

Introduced by

Legislative Management

(Education Funding Committee)

- 1 A BILL for an Act to amend and reenact sections 15-39.1-28, 15.1-06-04, 15.1-09-47,
- 2 15.1-09-48, 15.1-27-03.1, 15.1-27-03.2, 15.1-27-04.1, 15.1-27-04.2, 15.1-27-35.3, 15.1-27-45,
- 3 15.1-30-04, 15.1-36-02, 40-55-08, 40-55-09, 57-15-01.1, 57-15-14, 57-15-14.2, 57-15-17.
- 4 57-15-31, 57-19-01, 57-19-02, and 57-19-09 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to the
- 5 determination of state aid payable to school districts; to repeal sections 15.1-27-04,
- 6 15.1-27-07.2, 15.1-27-11, 15.1-27-22.1, 15.1-27-42, 15.1-27-43, 15.1-27-44, 15.1-32-20,
- 7 57-15-14.4, 57-15-14.5, 57-15-17.1, and 57-19-04 and chapter 57-64 of the North Dakota
- 8 Century Code, relating to the determination of state aid payable to school districts, school
- 9 district levies, and mill levy reduction grants; to provide for a transfer; and to provide for a
- 10 contingent transfer.

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### 11 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

- SECTION 1. AMENDMENT. Section 15-39.1-28 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
- 15-39.1-28. (Effective for the first two taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012) Tax levy for teachers' retirement.

Any school district by a resolution of its school board may use the proceeds of levies, as permitted by section 57-15-14.2, for the purposes of meeting the district's contribution to the fund arising under this chapter and to provide the district's share, if any, of contribution to the fund for contracted employees of either a multidistrict special education board or another school district where the contracted employees are also providing services to the taxing school district.

(Effective after the first two taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012) Tax levy for teachers' retirement. Any school district by a resolution of its school board may levy a tax pursuant to subdivision b of subsection 1 of section 57-15-14.2, the proceeds to be used for the purposes of meeting the district's contribution to the fund arising under this chapter and to

I	provide	ride the district's share, if any, of contribution to the fund for contracted employees of either								
2	a multid	a multidistrict special education board or another school district where the contracted								
3	employe	employees are also providing services to the taxing school district.								
4	SECTION 2. AMENDMENT. Section 15.1-06-04 of the North Dakota Century Code is									
5	amende	d an	d reei	nacted as follows:						
6	15.1	-06-	04. S	chool calendar - Length.						
7	<del>1.</del>	Đui	During the 2009-10 school year, a school district shall provide for a school calendar of							
8		at l	east c	one hundred eighty days.						
9		<del>a.</del>	One	e hundred seventy-three days must be used for instruction;						
10		<del>b.</del>	Thr	ee days must be used for holidays, as selected by the school board in-						
11			con	sultation with district teachers from the list provided for in subdivisions b						
12			thre	ough j of subsection 1 of section 15.1-06-02;						
13		<del>c.</del>	<del>Up</del>	to two days must be used for:						
14			<del>(1)</del>	Parent-teacher conferences; or						
15			<del>(2)</del>	Compensatory time for parent-teacher conferences held outside regular-						
16				school hours; and						
17		<del>d.</del>	Two	days must be used for professional development.						
18	<del>2.</del>	Đui	ing th	ne 2010-11 school year, a school district shall provide for a school calendar of						
19		<del>at l</del>	east c	one hundred eighty-one days.						
20		<del>a.</del>	One	hundred seventy-four days must be used for instruction;						
21		<del>b.</del>	Thr	ee days must be used for holidays, as selected by the board in consultation						
22			with	district teachers from the list provided for in subdivisions b through j of						
23			sub	section 1 of section 15.1-06-02;						
24		<del>C.</del>	<del>Up</del>	to two days must be used for:						
25			<del>(1)</del>	Parent-teacher conferences; or						
26			<del>(2)</del>	Compensatory time for parent-teacher conferences held outside of regular						
27				school hours; and						
28		<del>d.</del>	Twe	days must be used for professional development.						
29	<del>3.</del>	Beg	ginnin	g with the 2011-12 school year, a						
30	<u>1.</u>	<u>A</u> s	chool	district shall provide for a school calendar of at least one hundred eighty-two-						
31		day	<del>'s.</del> tha	t includes:						

1 One At least one hundred seventy-five days must be used for of instruction; 2 Three days must be used for holidays, as selected by the board in consultation b. 3 with district teachers from the list provided for in subdivisions b through j of 4 subsection 1 of section 15.1-06-02; 5 Up to No more than two days must be used for: C. 6 Parent-teacher conferences; or 7 Compensatory time for parent-teacher conferences held outside of regular (2) 8 school hours; and 9 Two days must be used for At least two days of professional development d. <u>(1)</u> 10 during the 2015-16 school year; and 11 At least three days of professional development, beginning with the 2016-17 12 school year. 13 <u>4.2.</u> A day forof professional development must consist of: a. 14 Six hours of professional development, exclusive of meals and other breaks. (1) a. 15 conducted within a single day; or 16 Two four-hour periods of professional development, exclusive of meals and b. (2) 17 other breaks, conducted over two days. 18 <del>5.</del> <u>b.</u> If a school district offers a four-hour period of professional development, as 19 permitted in subdivision b ofthis subsection-4, the school district may schedule 20 instruction during other available hours on that same day and be credited with 21 providing one-half day of instruction to students. This subsectionsubdivision does 22 not apply unless the one-half day of instruction equals at least one-half of the 23 time required for a full day of instruction, as defined in this section. 24 <del>6.</del> In meeting the requirements for two days of professional development under this-<del>a.</del> 25 section, a school district may require that its teachers attend the North Dakota-26 education association instructional conference and may pay teachers for 27 attending the conference, provided their attendance is verified. 28 In meeting the requirements for two days of professional development under this-<del>b.</del> 29 section, a school district may consider attendance at the North Dakota education 30 association instructional conference to be optional, elect not to pay teachers for

1			atte	nding the instructional conference, and instead direct any resulting savings-
2			towa	ard providing alternate professional development opportunities.
3		<del>C.</del>	A so	chool district may not require the attendance of teachers in school or at any
4			sch	ool-sponsored, school-directed, school-sanctioned, or school-related activities
5			and	may not schedule classroom instruction time nor alternate professional
6			dev	elopment activities on any day that conflicts with the North Dakota education
7			ass	ociation instructional conference.
8	<del>7.</del>	Beg	innin	g with the 2010-11 school year, if a school district elects to provide an
9		<del>opti</del>	onal 1	third day of professional development, the school district shall do so by:
0		<del>a.</del>	Mee	eting the requirements for a day of professional development as set forth in
11			sub	section 4; or
2		<del>b.</del>	Sho	ortening four instructional days, for the purpose of providing for two-hour-
3			<del>peri</del>	ods of professional development, provided:
4			<del>(1)</del>	Each instructional day on which such professional development occurs-
5				includes at least four hours of instruction for kindergarten and elementary
6				students and four and one-half hours for high school students;
7			<del>(2)</del>	The instructional time for each course normally scheduled on that day is
8				reduced proportionately or the daily schedule is reconfigured to ensure that
9				the same course is not subject to early dismissal more than one time per
20				school calendar, as a result of this subdivision; and
21			<del>(3)</del>	All teachers having a class dismissed as a result of this subdivision are
22				required to be in attendance and participate in the professional
23				development.
24	<del>8.</del>	<del>a.</del>	<del>lf a</del>	school's calendar provides for an extension of each schoolday beyond the
25			stat	utorily required minimum number of hours, and if the extensions when
26			agg	regated over an entire school year amount to more than eighty-four hours of
27			add	itional classroom instruction during the school year, the school is exempt from
28			hav	ing to make up six hours of instruction time lost as a result of weather-related
29			clos	sure. In order to make up lost classroom instruction time beyond the six hours,
30			the	school must extend its normal school calendar day by at least thirty minutes.

1		<del>b.</del>	A school that does not qualify under the provisions of this subsection must extend
2			its normal schoolday by at least thirty minutes to make up classroom instruction-
3			time lost as a result of weather-related closure.
4	<del>c.</del> 3.	If b	ecause of weather a school must dismiss before completing a full day of
5		inst	ruction, the school is responsible for making up only those hours and portions of an
6		hou	ir between the time of early dismissal and the conclusion of a full day of classroom
7		inst	ruction.
8	<del>9.</del> 4.	For	purposes of this section, a full day of instruction consists of:
9		a.	At least five and one-half hours for kindergarten and elementary students, during
10			which time the students are required to be in attendance for the purpose of
11			receiving curricular instruction; and
12		b.	At least six hours for high school students, during which time the students are
13			required to be in attendance for the purpose of receiving curricular instruction.
14	SEC	CTIO	N 3. AMENDMENT. Section 15.1-09-47 of the North Dakota Century Code is
15	amende	d an	d reenacted as follows:
16	15.1	I-09-	47. (Effective for the first two taxable years beginning after December 31,
17	<del>2012)</del> B	oard	of education of city of Fargo - Taxing authority.
18	The	boaı	d of education of the city of Fargo may levy taxes within the requirements or
19	limitatio	ns of	this title and title 57.
20	<del>(Eff</del>	ectiv	e after the first two taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012) Board
21	of educ	atior	of city of Fargo - Taxing authority.
22	<del>1.</del>	The	e board of education of the city of Fargo may levy taxes, as necessary for any of the
23		folk	owing purposes:
24		<del>a.</del>	To purchase, exchange, lease, or improve sites for schools.
25		<del>b.</del>	To build, purchase, lease, enlarge, alter, improve, and repair schools and their
26			appurtenances.
27		<del>c.</del>	To procure, exchange, improve, and repair school apparati, books, furniture, and-
28			appendages, but not the furnishing of textbooks to any student whose parent is
29			unable to furnish the same.
30		4	To provide fuel

- 1 e. To defray the contingent expenses of the board, including the compensation of employees.
  - f. To pay teacher salaries after the application of public moneys, which may by lawbe appropriated and provided for that purpose.
  - 2. The question of authorizing or discontinuing the unlimited taxing authority of the board of education of the city of Fargo must be submitted to the qualified electors of the Fargo school district at the next regular election upon resolution of the board of education or upon filing with the board a petition containing the signatures of qualified electors of the district equal in number to twenty percent of the individuals enumerated in the most recent school district census. However, if the electors approve a discontinuation of the unlimited taxing authority, their approval of the discontinuation may not affect the tax levy effective for the calendar year in which the election is held. In addition, the minimum levy may not be less than the levy that was in force at the time of the election. The board may increase its levy in accordance with section 57-15-01. If the district experiences growing enrollment, the board may increase the levy by an amount equal to the amount levied the preceding year per student times the number of additional students enrolled during the new year.

**SECTION 4. AMENDMENT.** Section 15.1-09-48 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

# 15.1-09-48. (Effective for the first two taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012) Board of education of city of Fargo - Tax collection.

- 1. The board of education of the city of Fargo may levy taxes within the boundaries of the Fargo public school district and cause the taxes to be collected in the same manner as other city taxes, provided the taxes meet the requirements or limitations of this title and title 57. The business manager of the board of education shall certify the rate for each purpose to the city auditor in time to be added to the annual tax list of the city.
- 2. The city auditor shall calculate and extend upon the annual assessment roll and tax list any tax levied by the board of education. The tax must be collected in the same manner as other city taxes.
- 3. If the city council fails to levy any tax for city purposes or fails to cause an assessment roll or tax list to be made, the board of education may make an assessment roll and

1	tax list and submit the roll to the city auditor with a warrant for the collection of the tax									
2	The board of education may cause the tax to be collected in the same manner as									
3	other city taxes are collected or as otherwise provided by resolution of the board.									
4	(Effective after the first two taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012) Board									
5	of education of city of Fargo - Tax collection. The board of education of the city of Fargo has									
6	the pow	the power to levy taxes within the boundaries of the Fargo public school district and to cause								
7	such tax	xes to	be collected in the same manner as other city taxes. The board of education shall							
8	<del>cause tl</del>	ne ra	te for each purpose to be certified by the business manager to the city auditor in							
9	time to	be ac	ded to the annual tax list of the city. It is the duty of the city auditor to calculate and							
10	extend (	upon	the annual assessment roll and tax list any tax levied by the board of education.							
11	The tax	must	be collected as other city taxes are collected. If the city council fails to levy any tax							
12	for city (	ourpo	ses or fails to cause an assessment roll or tax list to be made, the board of							
13	education	on ma	ay cause an assessment roll and tax list to be made and submit the roll to the city							
14	auditor	with a	a warrant for the collection of the tax. The board of education may cause the tax to							
15	<del>be colle</del>	cted	in the same manner as other city taxes are collected or as otherwise provided by							
16	resolution	on of	the board.							
17	SEC	СТІО	N 5. AMENDMENT. Section 15.1-27-03.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is							
18	amende	ed an	d reenacted as follows:							
19	15.	1-27-	03.1. (Effective July 1, 2013, through June 30, 2015) Weighted average daily							
20	membe	rship	o - Determination.							
21	<del>1.</del>	For	each school district, the superintendent of public instruction shall multiply by:							
22		<del>a.</del>	1.00 the number of full-time equivalent students enrolled in a migrant summer-							
23			<del>program;</del>							
24		<del>b.</del>	1.00 the number of full-time equivalent students enrolled in an extended							
25			educational program in accordance with section 15.1-32-17;							
26		<del>C.</del>	0.60 the number of full-time equivalent students enrolled in a summer education-							
27			<del>program;</del>							
28		<del>d.</del>	0.20 the number of full-time equivalent students enrolled in a home-based							
29			education program and monitored by the school district under chapter 15.1-23;							
30		e.	0.30 the number of full-time equivalent students who:							

# Sixty-fourth Legislative Assembly

1		(1) On a test of English language proficiency approved by the superintendent of
2		public instruction are determined to be least proficient and placed in the first
3		of six categories of proficiency; and
4		(2) Are enrolled in a program of instruction for English language learners;
5	<del>f.</del>	0.25 the number of full-time equivalent students enrolled in an alternative high
6		<del>school;</del>
7	<del>g.</del>	0.20 the number of full-time equivalent students attending school in a bordering
8		state in accordance with section 15.1-29-01;
9	<del>h.</del>	0.20 the number of full-time equivalent students who:
10		(1) On a test of English language proficiency approved by the superintendent of
11		public instruction are determined to be more proficient than students placed
12		in the first of six categories of proficiency and therefore placed in the second
13		of six categories of proficiency; and
14		(2) Are enrolled in a program of instruction for English language learners;
15	<del>i.</del>	0.17 the number of full-time equivalent students enrolled in an early childhood
16		special education program;
17	<del>j.</del>	0.15 the number of full-time equivalent students in grades six through eight
18		enrolled in an alternative education program for at least an average of fifteen
19		hours per week;
20	<del>k.</del>	0.10 the number of students enrolled in average daily membership, if the district
21		has fewer than one hundred students enrolled in average daily membership and
22		the district consists of an area greater than two hundred seventy-five square-
23		miles [19424.9 hectares], provided that any school district consisting of an area
24		greater than six hundred square miles [155399 hectares] and enrolling fewer than
25		fifty students in average daily membership must be deemed to have an-
26		enrollment equal to fifty students in average daily membership;
27	ŀ.	0.082 the number of students enrolled in average daily membership, in order to
28		support the provision of special education services;
29	<del>m.</del>	0.07 the number of full-time equivalent students who:
30		(1) On a test of English language proficiency approved by the superintendent of
31		public instruction are determined to be more proficient than students placed

1			in the second of six categories of proficiency and therefore placed in the
2			third of six categories of proficiency;
3		<del>(2)</del>	Are enrolled in a program of instruction for English language learners; and
4		<del>(3)</del>	Have not been in the third of six categories of proficiency for more than-
5			three years;
6	n.	0.02	25 the number of students representing that percentage of the total number of
7		stuc	dents in average daily membership which is equivalent to the three-year-
8		ave	rage percentage of students in grades three through eight who are eligible for
9		free	or reduced lunches under the Richard B. Russell National School Lunch Act-
10		<del>[42</del>	U.S.C. 1751 et seq.];
11	<del>0.</del>	0.00	03 the number of students enrolled in average daily membership in each
12		pub	olic school in the district that:
13		<del>(1)</del>	Has acquired and is utilizing the PowerSchool student information system;
14		<del>(2)</del>	Has acquired and is in the process of implementing the PowerSchool
15			student information system; or
16		<del>(3)</del>	Will acquire the PowerSchool student information system during the current
17			school year, provided the acquisition is contractually demonstrated; and
18	<del>p.</del>	0.00	92 the number of students enrolled in average daily membership in a school-
19		dist	rict that is a participating member of a regional education association meeting
20		the	requirements of chapter 15.1-09.1.
21	<del>2.</del> Th	e supe	erintendent of public instruction shall determine each school district's weighted
22	ave	erage	daily membership by adding the products derived under subsection 1 to the
23	dis	trict's	average daily membership.
24	<del>(Effectiv</del>	ve afte	e <del>r June 30, 2015)</del> Weighted average daily membership - Determination.
25	1. Fo	r each	school district, the superintendent of public instruction shall multiply by:
26	<del>a.</del>	1.00	0 the number of full-time equivalent students enrolled in a migrant summer
27		pro	<del>gram;</del>
28	<del>b.</del> a.	1.00	0 the number of full-time equivalent students enrolled in an extended
29		edu	cational program in accordance with section 15.1-32-17;
30	e. <u>b.</u>	0.60	0 the number of full-time equivalent students enrolled in a summer education
31		prog	gram, including a migrant summer education program;

1	<del>d.</del>	0.50 the number of full-time equivalent students enrolled in a home-based
2		education program and monitored by the school district under chapter 15.1-23;
3	<del>e.</del> c.	0.300.40 the number of full-time equivalent students who:
4		(1) On a test of English language proficiency approved by the superintendent of
5		public instruction are determined to be least proficient and placed in the first
6		of six categories of proficiency; and
7		(2) Are enrolled in a program of instruction for English language learners;
8	<u>d.</u>	0.27 the number of full-time equivalent students who:
9		(1) On a test of English language proficiency approved by the superintendent of
10		public instruction are determined to be more proficient than students placed
11		in the first of six categories of proficiency and therefore placed in the second
12		of six categories of proficiency; and
13		(2) Are enrolled in a program of instruction for English language learners;
14	<del>f.</del> e.	0.25 the number of full-time equivalent students under the age of twenty-one,
15		enrolled in grades nine through twelve in an alternative high school;
16	<del>g.</del>	0.20 the number of full-time equivalent students attending school in a bordering
17		state in accordance with section 15.1-29-01;
18	<del>h.</del>	0.20 the number of full-time equivalent students who:
19		(1) On a test of English language proficiency approved by the superintendent of
20		public instruction are determined to be more proficient than students placed
21		in the first of six categories of proficiency and therefore placed in the second
22		of six categories of proficiency; and
23		(2) Are enrolled in a program of instruction for English language learners;
24	<u>f.</u>	0.20 the number of students representing that percentage of the total number of
25		students in average daily membership in kindergarten through grade three, which
26		is equivalent to the three-year average percentage of students in grades three
27		through eight who are eligible for free or reduced lunches under the Richard B.
28		Russell National School Lunch Act [42 U.S.C. 1751, et seq.];
29	<u>g.</u>	0.20 the number of full-time equivalent students enrolled in a home-based
30		education program and monitored by the school district under chapter 15 1-23:

1 0.17 the number of full-time equivalent students enrolled in an early childhood <del>i.</del>h. 2 special education program; 3 0.15 the number of full-time equivalent students, in grades six through eight, 4 enrolled in an alternative education program for at least an average of fifteen 5 hours per week; 6 0.10 the number of students enrolled in average daily membership, if the district j. 7 has fewer than one hundred students enrolled in average daily membership and 8 the district consists of an area greater than two hundred seventy-five square 9 miles [19424.9 hectares], provided that any school district consisting of an area 10 greater than six hundred square miles [155399 hectares] and enrolling fewer than 11 fifty students in average daily membership must be deemed to have an 12 enrollment equal to fifty students in average daily membership; 13 0.082 the number of students enrolled in average daily membership, in order to k. 14 support the provision of special education services: 15 0.07 the number of full-time equivalent students who: 16 On a test of English language proficiency approved by the superintendent of 17 public instruction are determined to be more proficient than students placed 18 in the second of six categories of proficiency and therefore placed in the 19 third of six categories of proficiency; 20 Are enrolled in a program of instruction for English language learners; and (2) 21 (3) Have not been in the third of six categories of proficiency for more than 22 three years; 23 0.025 the number of students representing that percentage of the total number of m. 24 students in average daily membership in grades four through twelve which is 25 equivalent to the three-year average percentage of students in grades three 26 through eight who are eligible for free or reduced lunches under the Richard B. 27 Russell National School Lunch Act [42 U.S.C. 1751 et seq.]; 28 0.006 the number of students enrolled in average daily membership in each 29 public school in the district that: 30 (1) Has acquired and is utilizing the PowerSchool student information system;

1		(2) Has acquired and is in the process of implementing the PowerSchool
2		student information system; or
3		(3) Will acquire the PowerSchool student information system during the current-
4		school year, provided the acquisition is contractually demonstrated;
5	<u>n.</u>	0.01 the number of students enrolled in average daily membership, in order to
6		support the provision of a third day of professional development activities;
7	<u>O.</u>	0.005 the number of students enrolled in average daily membership, in order to
8		support the provision of a fourth day of professional development activities;
9	<u>p.</u>	0.005 the number of students enrolled in average daily membership, in order to
10		support the provision of a fifth day of professional development activities; and
11	<del>о.</del> q.	0.0040.0022 the number of students enrolled in average daily membership in a
12		school district that is a participating member of a regional education association
13		meeting the requirements of chapter 15.1-09.1.
14	2. The	superintendent of public instruction shall determine each school district's weighted
15	ave	rage daily membership by adding the products derived under subsection 1 to the
16	dist	rict's average daily membership, subject to any additional criteria set forth in this
17	sub	section.
18	<u>a.</u>	A student in grades six through eight, who qualifies for funding based on the
19		student's enrollment in an alternative education program, as provided for in
20		subdivision i of subsection 1, may not be included in the number of students for
21		whom funding is provided in accordance with subdivision m of subsection 1.
22	<u>b.</u>	A student who qualifies for funding based on the student's enrollment in a
23		program of instruction for English language learners, as provided for in
24		subdivisions c, d, or l of subsection 1, may be included in the number of students
25		for whom funding is provided in accordance with subdivision f or m of
26		subsection 1.
27	<u>C.</u>	The factors available to support the provision of professional development
28		activities, as provided for in subdivisions n through p of subsection 1, are
29		applicable only if the superintendent of public instruction has preapproved the
30		professional development activities, in accordance with rules established by the

1		superintendent. The rules must address content, qualifications of presenters, and
2		the application process for approval.
3	SECTIO	N 6. AMENDMENT. Section 15.1-27-03.2 of the North Dakota Century Code is
4	amended and	d reenacted as follows:
5	15.1-27-0	03.2. (Effective through June 30, 2015) School district size weighting factor -
6	Weighted st	udent units.
7	1. For	each high school district in the state, the superintendent of public instruction shall
8	ass	ign a school district size weighting factor of:
9	a.	1.35 if the students in average daily membership number fewer than 125;
10	b.	1.34 if the students in average daily membership number at least 125 but fewer
11		than 130;
12	C.	1.33 if the students in average daily membership number at least 130 but fewer
13		than 135;
14	d.	1.32 if the students in average daily membership number at least 135 but fewer
15		than 140;
16	e.	1.31 if the students in average daily membership number at least 140 but fewer
17		than 145;
18	f.	1.30 if the students in average daily membership number at least 145 but fewer
19		than 150;
20	g.	1.29 if the students in average daily membership number at least 150 but fewer
21		than 155;
22	h.	1.28 if the students in average daily membership number at least 155 but fewer
23		than 160;
24	i.	1.27 if the students in average daily membership number at least 160 but fewer
25		than 165;
26	j.	1.26 if the students in average daily membership number at least 165 but fewer
27		than 175;
28	k.	1.25 if the students in average daily membership number at least 175 but fewer
29		than 185;
30	l.	1.24 if the students in average daily membership number at least 185 but fewer
31		than 200;

1 1.23 if the students in average daily membership number at least 200 but fewer 2 than 215; 3 n. 1.22 if the students in average daily membership number at least 215 but fewer 4 than 230; 5 1.21 if the students in average daily membership number at least 230 but fewer Ο. 6 than 245; 7 1.20 if the students in average daily membership number at least 245 but fewer p. 8 than 260; 9 1.19 if the students in average daily membership number at least 260 but fewer q. 10 than 270; 11 1.18 if the students in average daily membership number at least 270 but fewer 12 than 275; 13 1.17 if the students in average daily membership number at least 275 but fewer 14 than 280; 15 1.16 if the students in average daily membership number at least 280 but fewer 16 than 285; 17 1.15 if the students in average daily membership number at least 285 but fewer u. 18 than 290; 19 1.14 if the students in average daily membership number at least 290 but fewer 20 than 295; 21 W. 1.13 if the students in average daily membership number at least 295 but fewer 22 than 300; 23 1.12 if the students in average daily membership number at least 300 but fewer Χ. 24 than 305; 25 1.11 if the students in average daily membership number at least 305 but fewer у. 26 than 310; 27 1.10 if the students in average daily membership number at least 310 but fewer Z. 28 than 320; 29 1.09 if the students in average daily membership number at least 320 but fewer aa. 30 than 335;

1 bb. 1.08 if the students in average daily membership number at least 335 but fewer 2 than 350; 3 CC. 1.07 if the students in average daily membership number at least 350 but fewer 4 than 360; 5 dd. 1.06 if the students in average daily membership number at least 360 but fewer 6 than 370; 7 1.05 if the students in average daily membership number at least 370 but fewer ee. 8 than 380; 9 1.04 if the students in average daily membership number at least 380 but fewer ff. 10 than 390; 11 1.03 if the students in average daily membership number at least 390 but fewer gg. 12 than 400; 13 1.02 if the students in average daily membership number at least 400 but fewer hh. 14 than 600; 15 1.01 if the students in average daily membership number at least 600 but fewer 16 than 900; and 17 1.00 if the students in average daily membership number at least 900. 18 2. For each elementary district in the state, the superintendent of public instruction shall 19 assign a weighting factor of: 20 1.25 if the students in average daily membership number fewer than 125; a. 21 b. 1.17 if the students in average daily membership number at least 125 but fewer 22 than 200; and 23 1.00 if the students in average daily membership number at least 200. 24 3. The school district size weighting factor determined under this section and multiplied 25 by a school district's weighted average daily membership equals the district's weighted 26 student units. 27 4. Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, the school district size weighting factor 28 assigned to a district may not be less than the factor arrived at when the highest 29 number of students possible in average daily membership is multiplied by the school 30 district size weighting factor for the subdivision immediately preceding the district's

actual subdivision and then divided by the district's average daily membership.

#### 2 student units. 3 1. For each high school district in the state, the superintendent of public instruction shall-4 assign a school district size weighting factor of: 5 1.25 if the students in average daily membership number fewer than 185; <del>a.</del> 6 1.24 if the students in average daily membership number at least 185 but fewer-<del>b.</del> 7 than 200: 8 1.23 if the students in average daily membership number at least 200 but fewer-<del>C.</del> 9 than 215; 10 d. 1.22 if the students in average daily membership number at least 215 but fewer-11 than 230; 12 e. 1.21 if the students in average daily membership number at least 230 but fewer-13 than 245: 14 1.20 if the students in average daily membership number at least 245 but fewer-15 than 260; 16 1.19 if the students in average daily membership number at least 260 but fewer-<del>g.</del> 17 than 270; 18 <del>h.</del> 1.18 if the students in average daily membership number at least 270 but fewer-19 than 275; 20 1.17 if the students in average daily membership number at least 275 but fewer-21 than 280; 22 1.16 if the students in average daily membership number at least 280 but fewer-23 than 285; 24 <del>k.</del> 1.15 if the students in average daily membership number at least 285 but fewer-25 than 290; 26 1.14 if the students in average daily membership number at least 290 but fewer-27 than 295; 28 1.13 if the students in average daily membership number at least 295 but fewerm. 29 than 300: 30 1.12 if the students in average daily membership number at least 300 but fewer-31 than 305;

(Effective after June 30, 2015) School district size weighting factor - Weighted

1 1.11 if the students in average daily membership number at least 305 but fewer-2 than 310; 3 p. 1.10 if the students in average daily membership number at least 310 but fewer-4 than 320; 5 1.09 if the students in average daily membership number at least 320 but fewer-<del>q.</del> 6 than 335; 7 1.08 if the students in average daily membership number at least 335 but fewer-8 than 350; 9 1.07 if the students in average daily membership number at least 350 but fewer-<del>S.</del> 10 than 360; 11 1.06 if the students in average daily membership number at least 360 but fewer-12 than 370; 13 1.05 if the students in average daily membership number at least 370 but fewer-14 than 380: 15 1.04 if the students in average daily membership number at least 380 but fewer-16 than 390; 17 1.03 if the students in average daily membership number at least 390 but fewer-₩. 18 than 400; 19 1.02 if the students in average daily membership number at least 400 but fewer-<del>X.</del> 20 than 600; 21 1.01 if the students in average daily membership number at least 600 but fewer-22 than 900; and 23 1.00 if the students in average daily membership number at least 900. 24 <del>2.</del> For each elementary district in the state, the superintendent of public instruction shall-25 assign a weighting factor of: 26 1.25 if the students in average daily membership number fewer than 125; <del>a.</del> 27 <del>b.</del> 1.17 if the students in average daily membership number at least 125 but fewer-28 than 200; and 29 1.00 if the students in average daily membership number at least 200.

1	<del>3.</del>	The	scho	pol district size weighting factor determined under this section and multiplied
2		by a	a sch	ool district's weighted average daily membership equals the district's weighted
3		stu	dent ı	<del>units.</del>
4	4.	Not	withs	standing the provisions of this section, the school district size weighting factor
5		ass	ignec	to a district may not be less than the factor arrived at when the highest
6		nur	nber (	of students possible in average daily membership is multiplied by the school
7		dist	rict si	ize weighting factor for the subdivision immediately preceding the district's
8		act	<del>ual s</del> u	ubdivision and then divided by the district's average daily membership.
9	SEC	СТІО	N 7. A	AMENDMENT. Section 15.1-27-04.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is
10	amende	ed an	d ree	nacted as follows:
11	15.	1-27-	04.1.	(Effective through June 30, 2015) Baseline funding - Establishment -
12	Determ	inati	on of	state aid.
13	1.	In c	order	to determine the amount of state aid payable to each district, the
14		sup	erinte	endent of public instruction shall establish each district's baseline funding. A
15		dist	rict's	baseline funding consists of:
16		a.	Alls	state aid received by the district in accordance with chapter 15.1-27 during the
17			201	2-13 school year;
18		b.	The	e district's 2012-13 mill levy reduction grant, as determined in accordance with
19			cha	pter 57-64, as it existed on June 30, 2013;
20		C.	An	amount equal to that raised by the district's 2012 general fund levy or that
21			rais	ed by one hundred ten mills of the district's 2012 general fund levy, whichever
22			is le	ess;
23		d.	An	amount equal to that raised by the district's 2012 long-distance learning and
24			edu	icational technology levy;
25		e.	An	amount equal to that raised by the district's 2012 alternative education
26			pro	gram levy; and
27		f.	An	amount equal to:
28			(1)	Seventy-five percent of all revenue received by the school district and
29				reported under code 2000 of the North Dakota school district financial
30				accounting and reporting manual, as developed by the superintendent of
31				public instruction in accordance with section 15.1-02-08;

1 Seventy-five percent of all mineral revenue received by the school district (2) 2 through direct allocation from the state treasurer and not reported under 3 code 2000 of the North Dakota school district financial accounting and 4 reporting manual, as developed by the superintendent of public instruction 5 in accordance with section 15.1-02-08; 6 (3) Seventy-five percent of all tuition received by the school district and 7 reported under code 1300 of the North Dakota school district financial 8 accounting and reporting manual, as developed by the superintendent of 9 public instruction in accordance with section 15.1-02-08, with the exception 10 of revenue received specifically for the operation of an educational program 11 provided at a residential treatment facility and tuition received for the 12 provision of an adult farm management program; 13 Seventy-five percent of all revenue received by the school district from 14 payments in lieu of taxes on the distribution and transmission of electric 15 power; 16 Seventy-five percent of all revenue received by the school district from (5) 17 payments in lieu of taxes on electricity generated from sources other than 18 coal; 19 All revenue received by the school district from mobile home taxes; (6) 20 Seventy-five percent of all revenue received by the school district from the (7) 21 leasing of land acquired by the United States for which compensation is 22 allocated to the state under 33 U.S.C. 701(c)(3); 23 All telecommunications tax revenue received by the school district; and (8) 24 (9)All revenue received by the school district from payments in lieu of taxes 25 and state reimbursement of the homestead credit and disabled veterans 26 credit. 27 2. The superintendent shall divide the district's total baseline funding by the district's 28 2012-13 weighted student units in order to determine the district's baseline funding per 29 weighted student unit. 30 <del>3.</del> <del>а.</del> In 2013-14, the superintendent shall multiply the district's weighted student units-31 by eight thousand eight hundred ten dollars.

ı			<del>(1)</del>	<del>i ne</del>	superintendent snail adjust the product to ensure that the product is at
2				leas	t equal to the greater of:
3				<del>(a)</del>	One hundred two percent of the district's baseline funding per
4					weighted student unit, as established in subsection 2, multiplied by
5					the district's 2013-14 weighted student units; or
6				<del>(b)</del>	One hundred percent of the district's baseline funding as established
7					in subsection 1.
8			<del>(2)</del>	The	superintendent shall also adjust the product to ensure that the product
9				does	s not exceed one hundred ten percent of the district's baseline funding
10				<del>per \</del>	weighted student unit multiplied by the district's 2013-14 weighted
11				stud	ent units, as established in subsection 2.
12		<del>b.</del>	<del>ln 2</del>	<del>014-1</del>	5, the superintendent shall multiply the district's weighted student units-
13			<del>by r</del>	nine th	ousand ninety-two dollars.
14			<del>(1)</del>	The	superintendent shall adjust the product to ensure that the product is at
15				leas	t equal to the greater of:
16				<del>(a)</del>	One hundred four percent of the district's baseline funding per-
17					weighted student unit, as established in subsection 2, multiplied by
18					the district's 2014-15 weighted student units; or
19				<del>(b)</del>	One hundred percent of the district's baseline funding as established
20					in subsection 1.
21			<del>(2)</del>	The	superintendent shall also adjust the product to ensure that the product
22				does	s not exceed one hundred twenty percent of the district's baseline
23				fund	ing per weighted student unit, as established in subsection 2, multiplied
24				<del>by t</del> h	ne district's 2014-15 weighted student units.
25	<u>3.</u>	<u>a.</u>	<u>In 2</u>	<u>015-1</u>	6, the superintendent shall multiply the district's weighted student units
26			<u>by r</u>	nine th	ousand four hundred eighty-two dollars.
27			<u>(1)</u>	<u>The</u>	superintendent shall adjust the product to ensure that the product is at
28				<u>leas</u>	t equal to the greater of:
29				<u>(a)</u>	One hundred six percent of the district's baseline funding per
30					weighted student unit, as established in subsection 2, multiplied by
31					the district's 2015-16 weighted student units; or

I				<u>(D)</u>	One nundred percent of the district's baseline funding, as established
2					in subsection 1.
3			<u>(2)</u>	The	superintendent shall also adjust the product to ensure that the product
4				does	not exceed one hundred thirty percent of the district's baseline funding
5				per v	veighted student unit, as established in subsection 2, multiplied by the
6				<u>distri</u>	ct's 2015-16 weighted student units.
7		<u>b.</u>	<u>In 20</u>	016-1	7, the superintendent shall multiply the district's weighted student units
8			<u>by n</u>	ine th	ousand seven hundred sixty-six dollars.
9			<u>(1)</u>	The	superintendent shall adjust the product to ensure that the product is at
10				<u>least</u>	equal to the greater of:
11				<u>(a)</u>	One hundred eight percent of the district's baseline funding per
12					weighted student unit, as established in subsection 2, multiplied by
13					the district's 2016-17 weighted student units; or
14				<u>(b)</u>	One hundred percent of the district's baseline funding, as established
15					in subsection 1.
16			<u>(2)</u>	The	superintendent shall also adjust the product to ensure that the product
17				does	not exceed one hundred forty percent of the district's baseline funding
18				per v	veighted student unit, as established in subsection 2, multiplied by the
19				<u>distri</u>	ct's 2015-16 weighted student units.
20	4.	Afte	er dete	ermini	ng the product in accordance with subsection 3, the superintendent of
21		pub	lic ins	structio	on shall:
22		a.	Sub	tract a	an amount equal to sixty mills multiplied by the taxable valuation of the
23			scho	ool dis	trict, provided that after 2013, the amount in dollars subtracted for
24			purp	oses	of this subdivision may not exceed the previous year's amount in
25			dolla	ars sul	btracted for purposes of this subdivision by more than twelve percent;
26			and		
27		b.	Sub	tract a	an amount equal to seventy-five percent of all revenues listed in
28			para	agraph	ns 1 through 5, and 7 of subdivision f of subsection 1 and one hundred
29			perc	ent of	all revenues listed in paragraphs 6, 8, and 9 of subdivision f of
30			subs	sectio	n 1.

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1	5.	The	amount remaining after the computation required under subsection 4 is the		
2		amo	unt of state aid to which a school district is entitled, subject to any other statutory		
3		requ	irements or limitations.		
4	SEC	CTION	8. AMENDMENT. Section 15.1-27-04.2 of the North Dakota Century Code is		
5	amende	d and	reenacted as follows:		
6	15.1	-27-0	4.2. <del>(Effective through June 30, 2015)</del> State aid - Minimum local effort -		
7	Determi	inatio	n.		
8	If a district's taxable valuation per student is less than twenty percent of the state average				
9	valuation	n per	student, the superintendent of public instruction, for purposes of determining state		
10	aid in ac	corda	ance with section 15.1-27-04.1, shall utilize an amount equal to sixty mills times		
11	twenty p	ercen	at of the state average valuation per student multiplied by the number of weighted		
12	student	units i	in the district.		
13	SEC	CTION	9. AMENDMENT. Section 15.1-27-35.3 of the North Dakota Century Code is		
14	amende	d and	reenacted as follows:		
15	15.1	-27-3	5.3. (Effective through June 30, 2015) Payments to school districts -		
16	Unoblig	ated	general fund balance.		
17	1.	a.	The superintendent of public instruction shall determine the amount of payments		
18			due a school district and shall subtract from that the amount by which the		
19			unobligated general fund balance of the district on the preceding June thirtieth is		
20			in excess of forty-five percent of its actual expenditures, plus twenty thousand		
21			<del>dollars.</del>		
22		<del>b.</del>	Beginning July 1, 2015, the superintendent of public instruction shall determine		
23			the amount of payments due to a school district and shall subtract from that the		
24			amount by which the unobligated general fund balance of the district on the		
25			preceding June thirtieth is in excess of forty percent of its actual expenditures,		
26			plus twenty thousand dollars.		
27	•	<del>c.</del> <u>b.</u>	Beginning July 1, 2017, the superintendent of public instruction shall determine		
28			the amount of payments due to a school district and shall subtract from that the		
29			amount by which the unobligated general fund balance of the district on the		

expenditures, plus twenty thousand dollars.

preceding June thirtieth is in excess of thirty-five percent of its actual

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2.

1 In making the determination required by subsection 1, the superintendent of public 2 instruction may not include in a district's unobligated general fund balance any 3 moneys that were received by the district from the federal education jobs fund-4 <del>program.</del> 5 <del>3.</del>2. For purposes of this section, a district's unobligated general fund balance includes all 6 moneys in the district's miscellaneous fund, as established under section 57-15-14.2. 7 (Effective after June 30, 2015) Payments to school districts - Unobligated general 8 fund balance. 9 <del>1.</del> The superintendent of public instruction shall determine the amount of payments due a 10 school district and shall subtract from that the amount by which the unobligated-11 general fund balance of the district on the preceding June thirtieth is in excess of 12 forty-five percent of its actual expenditures, plus twenty thousand dollars. 13 In making the determination required by subsection 1, the superintendent of public 14 instruction may not include in a district's unobligated general fund balance any 15 moneys that were received by the district from the federal education jobs fund-16 program. 17 **SECTION 10. AMENDMENT.** Section 15.1-27-45 of the North Dakota Century Code is 18 amended and reenacted as follows: 19 15.1-27-45. (Effective through June 30, 2015) Property tax relief fund. 20 1. The property tax relief fund is a special fund in the state treasury. On July 1, <del>a.</del> 21 2013, the state treasurer shall change the name of the property tax relief sustainability 22 fund established under section 57-64-05 to the property tax relief fund, as established 23 by this section, and any unobligated balance in the property tax relief sustainability-24 fund must be retained in the property tax relief fund. 25 b. The legislative council shall change the name of the property tax relief 26 sustainability fund to the property tax relief fund in the North Dakota Century-27 Code, in its supplements, and in all statutory compilations generated as a result-28 of action by the sixty-third legislative assembly.

Moneys in the property tax relief fund may be expended pursuant to legislative

appropriations for property tax relief programs.

1	3.	On	or be	fore the third Monday in each January, February, March, April, August,		
2		Se	otemb	per, October, November, and December, the office of management and budget		
3		sha	all cer	tify to the superintendent of public instruction the amount of the property tax		
4		reli	ef fun	d. The superintendent shall include the amount certified in determining the		
5		sta	te aid	payments to which each school district is entitled under chapter 15.1-27.		
6	SEC	СТІО	N 11.	AMENDMENT. Section 15.1-30-04 of the North Dakota Century Code is		
7	amended and reenacted as follows:					
8	15.1	1-30-	04. <del>(</del> E	Effective for the first two taxable years beginning after December 31,		
9	<del>2012)</del> P	rovis	sion (	of meals and lodging for high school students - Payment permitted.		
10	Inst	ead (	of pro	viding transportation so that an eligible high school student residing in the		
11	district o	can a	ttend	school in another district, a school board may pay a reasonable allowance to		
12	the stud	lent's	pare	nt for costs incurred in the provision of meals and lodging for the student at a		
13	location	othe	r thar	n the student's residence.		
14	<del>(Eff</del>	ectiv	<del>e aft</del> e	er the first two taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012)		
15	Provisi	on o	<del>f mea</del>	ls and lodging for high school students - Payment permitted - Levy.		
16	Instead	of pr	<del>ovidir</del>	ng transportation so that an eligible high school student residing in the district		
17	<del>can atte</del>	end s	<del>chool</del>	in another district, a school board may pay a reasonable allowance to the		
18	student'	s pai	ent fo	or costs incurred in the provision of meals and lodging for the student at a		
19	location	othe	<del>r thar</del>	n the student's residence. A school district that furnishes either transportation		
20	or an al	lowa	<del>nce f</del> c	or the provision of meals and lodging for a student under this section may levy		
21	a tax pu	ı <del>rsua</del>	nt to s	subdivision a of subsection 1 of section 57-15-14.2 for this purpose.		
22	SEC	СТІО	N 12.	AMENDMENT. Section 15.1-36-02 of the North Dakota Century Code is		
23	amende	ed an	d ree	nacted as follows:		
24	15.1	1-36-	02. <del>(</del> E	Effective through June 30, 2015) School construction projects -		
25	<u>Loans</u> lo	oans	- Rev	volving fund.		
26	1.	<u>a.</u>	In o	order to provide school construction loans, the board of university and school		
27			land	ds mayshall authorize the use of moneys in the school construction loan fund,		
28			<u>whi</u>	ch is a revolving fund. The fund consists of:		
29		<del>a.</del>	<u>(1)</u>	Fifty million dollars, or so much of that amount as may be necessary, which		
30				had been made available for school construction loans beginning in 1979		
31				and is transferred from the coal development trust fund, established		

1				pursuant to section 21 of article X of the Constitution of North Dakota and
2				subsection 1 of section 57-62-02; and
3		<del>b.</del>	<u>(2)</u>	One hundred fifty million dollars, which had been made available for school
4				construction loans beginning on July 1, 2013, and is transferred from the
5				strategic investment and improvements fund, established pursuant to
6				section 15-08.1-08;
7			<u>(3)</u>	One hundred twenty-five million dollars, or so much of the amount as is
8				necessary, transferred in accordance with section 24 of this Act, from the
9				strategic investment and improvements fund, established pursuant to
10				section 15-08.1-08;
11			<u>(4)</u>	Any other amounts transferred during the 2015-17 biennium in accordance
12				with section 25 of this Act; and
13			<u>(5)</u>	Any other amounts transferred by the legislative assembly.
14		<u>b.</u>	<u>Not</u>	withstanding any other provisions of law, the dollars provided for in
15			para	agraph 3 of subdivision a may be made available only to those school districts
16			<u>that</u>	meet the requirements of this section and demonstrate an increase in their
17			<u>ave</u>	rage daily membership during each of the preceding three school years.
18	2.	In c	order t	to be eligible for a loan under this section, the board of a school district shall:
19		a.	Pro	pose a construction project with a cost of at least one million dollars and an
20			exp	ected utilization of at least thirty years;
21		b.	Obt	ain the approval of the superintendent of public instruction for the construction
22			proj	ject under section 15.1-36-01; and
23		C.	Sub	omit to the superintendent of public instruction an application containing all
24			info	rmation deemed necessary by the superintendent, including potential
25			alte	rnative sources or methods of financing the construction project.
26	3.	If a	n elig	ible school district's taxable valuation per student is less than eighty percent
27		of t	he sta	ate average taxable valuation per student, the district is entitled to receive:
28		a.	A so	chool construction loan equal to the lesser of twenty million dollars or ninety
29			per	cent of the actual project cost;
30		b.	An i	interest rate discount equal to at least one hundred but not more than four
31			hun	dred basis points below the prevailing tax-free bond rates; and

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- 1 A term of repayment that may extend up to twenty years. 2 4. If an eligible school district's taxable valuation per student is equal to at least eighty 3 percent but less than ninety percent of the state average taxable valuation per 4 student, the district is entitled to receive: 5 A school construction loan equal to the lesser of fifteen million dollars or eighty 6 percent of the actual project cost; 7 An interest rate buydown equal to at least one hundred but not more than three b. 8 hundred fifty basis points below the prevailing tax-free bond rates; and 9 A term of repayment that may extend up to twenty years. 10 If an eligible school district's taxable valuation per student is equal to at least ninety 11 percent of the state average taxable valuation per student, the district is entitled to 12 receive: 13 A school construction loan equal to the lesser of ten million dollars or seventy 14 percent of the actual project cost: 15 b. An interest rate discount equal to at least one hundred but not more than three 16 hundred basis points below the prevailing tax-free bond rates; and 17 A term of repayment that may extend up to twenty years. 18 6. The board of a school district may submit its loan application to the superintendent of 19 public instruction before or after receiving authorization of a bond issue in accordance 20 with chapter 21-03. If the vote to authorize a bond issue precedes the application for a 21 loan, the application must be acted upon by the superintendent expeditiously but no 22 later than one hundred eighty days from the date it is received by the superintendent. 23 7. The superintendent of public instruction shall consider each loan application in the 24 order it received approval under section 15.1-36-01. 25 8. If the superintendent of public instruction approves the loan, the superintendent may 26 determine the loan amount, the term of the loan, and the interest rate, in accordance 27 with the requirements of this section. A school district's interest rate may not be less 28 than one percent, regardless of any rate discount for which the district might otherwise 29 qualify under this section.
  - a. If a school district seeking a loan under this section received an allocation of the oil and gas gross production tax during the previous fiscal year, in accordance

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- 1 with chapter 57-51, the board of the district shall provide to the board of 2 university and school lands, and to the state treasurer, its evidence of 3 indebtedness indicating that the loan originated under this section. 4 b. If the evidence of indebtedness is payable solely from the school district's 5 allocation of the oil and gas gross production tax, in accordance with section 6 57-51-15, the loan does not constitute a general obligation of the school district 7 and may not be considered a debt of the district. 8 If a loan made to a school district is payable solely from the district's allocation of C. 9 the oil and gas gross production tax, in accordance with section 57-51-15, the 10 terms of the loan must require that the state treasurer withhold the dollar amount 11 or percentage specified in the loan agreement, from each of the district's oil and 12 gas gross production tax allocations, in order to repay the principal and interest of 13 the evidence of indebtedness. The state treasurer shall deposit the amount 14 withheld into the fund from which the loan originated. 15 Any evidence of indebtedness executed by the board of a school district under 16 this subsection is a negotiable instrument and not subject to taxation by the state 17 or any political subdivision of the state. 18 10. For purposes of this section, a "construction project" means the purchase, lease, 19 erection, or improvement of any structure or facility by a school board, provided the 20 acquisition or activity is within a school board's authority. 21 (Effective after June 30, 2015) School construction projects - Loans. 22 The board of university and school lands may authorize the use of moneys in the coal-23 development trust fund established pursuant to section 21 of article X of the 24 Constitution of North Dakota and subsection 1 of section 57-62-02 to provide school-25 construction loans, as described in this chapter. The outstanding principal balance of
  - 2. In order to be eligible for a loan under this section, the board of a school district shall:

policies and rules governing school construction loans.

loans under this chapter may not exceed fifty million dollars. The board may adopt

a. Propose a construction project with a cost of at least one million dollars and an expected utilization of at least thirty years;

1		b. Obtain the approval of the superintendent of public instruction for the construction	n-
2		project under section 15.1-36-01; and	
3		c. Submit to the superintendent of public instruction an application containing all-	
4		information deemed necessary by the superintendent, including potential-	
5		alternative sources or methods of financing the construction project.	
6	<del>3.</del>	The superintendent of public instruction shall give priority to any district that meets the	<del>,</del> _
7		requirements for receipt of an equity payment under section 15.1-27-11.	
8	4.	If an eligible school district's imputed taxable valuation per student is less than eighty-	
9		percent of the state average imputed valuation per student, the district is entitled to	
10		receive:	
11		a. A school construction loan equal to the lesser of twelve million dollars or eighty	
12		percent of the actual project cost;	
13		b. An interest rate discount equal to at least one hundred but not more than two-	
14		hundred fifty basis points below the prevailing tax-free bond rates; and	
15		c. A term of repayment that may extend up to twenty years.	
16	<del>5.</del>	If an eligible school district's imputed taxable valuation per student is equal to at least	-
17		eighty percent but less than ninety percent of the state average imputed taxable	
18		valuation per student, the district is entitled to receive:	
19		a. A school construction loan equal to the lesser of ten million dollars or seventy-	
20		percent of the actual project cost;	
21		b. An interest rate buydown equal to at least one hundred but not more than two	
22		hundred fifty basis points below the prevailing tax-free bond rates; and	
23		e. A term of repayment that may extend up to twenty years.	
24	<del>6.</del>	If an eligible school district's imputed taxable valuation per student is equal to at least	-
25		ninety percent of the state average imputed taxable valuation per student, the district	
26		is entitled to receive:	
27		a. A school construction loan equal to the lesser of four million dollars or thirty-	
28		percent of the actual project cost;	
29		b. An interest rate discount equal to at least one hundred but not more than two-	
30		hundred fifty basis points below the prevailing tax-free bond rates; and	
31		c. A term of repayment that may extend up to twenty years	

- 7. The board of a school district may submit its loan application to the superintendent of public instruction before or after receiving authorization of a bond issue in accordance with chapter 21-03. If the vote to authorize a bond issue precedes the application for a loan, the application must be acted upon by the superintendent expeditiously but no later than one hundred eighty days from the date it is received by the superintendent.
  - 8. The superintendent of public instruction shall consider each loan application in the order it received approval under section 15.1-36-01.
  - 9. If the superintendent of public instruction approves the loan, the superintendent may determine the loan amount, the term of the loan, and the interest rate, in accordance with the requirements of this section.
- 11 10. The superintendent of public instruction may adopt rules governing school
   12 construction loans.
- 13 11. For purposes of this section, a construction project means the purchase, lease,
  14 erection, or improvement of any structure or facility by a school board, provided the
  15 acquisition or activity is within a school board's authority.
  - **SECTION 13. AMENDMENT.** Section 40-55-08 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
  - 40-55-08. (Effective for the first two taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012)
    Election to determine desirability of establishing recreation system How called.
    - The governing body of any municipality, school district, or park district to which this chapter is applicable, may and upon receipt of a petition signed by at least ten qualified electors but not less than five percent of those qualified electors who voted at the last general election of the municipality, school district, or park district, shall submit to the qualified electors the question of the establishment, maintenance, and conduct of a public recreation system, and except in the case of a school district, the levying of an annual tax for the conduct and maintenance thereof of not more than two and five-tenths mills on each dollar of taxable valuation of all taxable property within the corporate limits or boundaries of such municipality or park district, to be voted upon at the next general election or special municipal election; provided, however, that such.
    - The questions referenced in subsection 1 may not be voted upon at the next general election unless such action of the governing body shall beis taken, or sucha petition to

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1		submit suchthe question shall beis filed, thirty days prior to the date of suchthe
2		election.
3	<u>3.</u>	A school district may provide for the establishment, maintenance, and conduct of a
4		public recreation system using the proceeds of levies, as permitted by section
5		57-15-14.2.
6	<del>(Eff</del>	ective after the first two taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012)
7	Election	n to determine desirability of establishing recreation system - How called. The
8	governir	ng body of any municipality, school district, or park district to which this chapter is
9	applicat	ole, may and upon receipt of a petition signed by at least ten qualified electors but not
10	less tha	n five percent of those qualified electors who voted at the last general election of the
11	municip	ality, school district, or park district, shall submit to the qualified electors the question of
12	the esta	blishment, maintenance, and conduct of a public recreation system, and except in the
13	case of	a school district, the levying of an annual tax for the conduct and maintenance thereof
14	of not m	ore than two and five-tenths mills on each dollar of taxable valuation of all taxable
15	property	within the corporate limits or boundaries of such municipality or park district, to be-
16	voted up	oon at the next general election or special municipal election; provided, however, that
17	<del>such qu</del>	estions may not be voted upon at the next general election unless such action of the
18	governir	ng body shall be taken, or such petition to submit such question shall be filed thirty days-
19	prior to	the date of such election. A school district may levy a tax for the establishment,
20	mainten	ance, and conduct of a public recreation system pursuant to subdivision q of
21	subsect	ion 1 of section 57-15-14.2.
22	SEC	CTION 14. AMENDMENT. Section 40-55-09 of the North Dakota Century Code is
23	amende	d and reenacted as follows:
24	40-	55-09. (Effective for the first two taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012)
25	Favoral	ole vote at election - Procedure.
26	<u>1.</u>	Except in the case of a school district or park district, upon adoption of the public
27		recreation system proposition at an election, by a majority of the votes cast upon the
28		proposition, the governing body of the municipality, by resolution or ordinance, shall

provide for the establishment, maintenance, and conduct of a public recreation system, and.

- The governing body of the municipality shall thereafter levy and collect annually a tax
   of not more than two and five-tenths mills, or not more than eight and five-tenths mills
   if authorized as provided by this section, on each dollar of the taxable valuation of all
   taxable property within the corporate limits or boundaries of the municipality. This tax
   is in addition to the maximum of taxes permitted to be levied in suchthe municipality.
  - 3. The mill levy authorized by this section may be raised to not more than eight and five-tenths mills when the increase is approved by the citizens of the municipality, after submission of the question in the same manner as provided in section 40-55-08 for the establishment of the public recreation system.
  - 4. The governing body of the municipality shall continue to levy the tax annually for public recreation purposes, until the qualified voters, at a regular or special election, by a majority vote on the proposition, decide to discontinue the levy.
  - 5. The governing body of the municipality may appropriate additional funds for the operation of the public recreation system if, in the opinion of the governing body, additional funds are needed for the efficient operation thereofof the system.
  - 6. This chapter does not limit the power of any municipality, school district, or park district to appropriate, on its own initiative, general municipal, school district, or park district tax funds for the operation of a public recreation system, a community center, or character-building facility.
  - 7. A park district may levy a tax annually, within the general fund levy authority of section 57-15-12, for the conduct and maintenance of a public recreation system.

(Effective after the first two taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012)

Favorable vote at election - Procedure. Except in the case of a school district or park district, upon adoption of the public recreation system proposition at an election by a majority of the votes cast upon the proposition, the governing body of the municipality, by resolution or ordinance, shall provide for the establishment, maintenance, and conduct of a public recreation system, and thereafter levy and collect annually a tax of not more than two and five-tenths mills, or not more than eight and five-tenths mills if authorized as provided by this section, on each dollar of the taxable valuation of all taxable property within the corporate limits or boundaries of the municipality. This tax is in addition to the maximum of taxes permitted to be levied in such municipality. The mill levy authorized by this section may be raised to not more than eight and

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- 1 five-tenths mills when the increase is approved by the citizens of the municipality after-2 submission of the question in the same manner as provided in section 40-55-08 for the 3 establishment of the public recreation system. The governing body of the municipality shall-4 continue to levy the tax annually for public recreation purposes until the qualified voters, at a 5 regular or special election, by a majority vote on the proposition, decide to discontinue the levy. 6 The governing body of the municipality may appropriate additional funds for the operation of the 7 public recreation system if in the opinion of the governing body additional funds are needed for 8 the efficient operation thereof. This chapter does not limit the power of any municipality, school-9 district, or park district to appropriate on its own initiative general municipal, school district, or 10 park district tax funds for the operation of a public recreation system, a community center, or-11 character-building facility. A school district may levy a tax annually for the conduct and 12 maintenance of a public recreation system pursuant to subdivision q of subsection 1 of section-13 57-15-14.2. A park district may levy a tax annually within the general fund levy authority of 14 section 57-15-12 for the conduct and maintenance of a public recreation system. 15 SECTION 15. AMENDMENT. Section 57-15-01.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is 16 amended and reenacted as follows: 17 57-15-01.1. (Effective for the first two taxable years beginning after December 31, 18 <del>2012)</del> Protection of taxpayers and taxing districts. 19 Each taxing district may levy the lesser of the amount in dollars as certified in the budget of 20 the governing body, or the amount in dollars as allowed in this section, subject to the 21 following:provisions of this section. 22 NeA taxing district may not levy more taxes expressed in dollars than the amounts 23 allowed by this section. 24 2. For purposes of this section: 25 "Base year" means the taxing district's taxable year with the highest amount a. 26 levied in dollars in property taxes of the three taxable years immediately 27
  - levied in dollars in property taxes of the three taxable years immediately preceding the budget year. For a park district general fund, the "amount levied in dollars in property taxes" is the sum of amounts levied in dollars in property taxes for the general fund under section 57-15-12, including any:
    - (1) Any additional levy approved by the electors, the:
    - (2) The insurance reserve fund under section 32-12.1-08, the;

1 The employee health care program under section 40-49-12, the: <u>(3)</u> 2 <u>(4)</u> The public recreation system under section 40-55-09, including any 3 additional levy approved by the electors, forestry; 4 Forestry purposes under section 57-15-12.1, except any additional levy (5) 5 approved by the electors, pest; 6 (6)Pest control under section 4-33-11; and handicapped 7 (7) Handicapped person programs and activities under section 57-15-60; 8 "Budget year" means the taxing district's year for which the levy is being b. 9 determined under this section; 10 "Calculated mill rate" means the mill rate that results from dividing the base year C. 11 taxes levied by the sum of the taxable value of the taxable property in the base 12 year plus the taxable value of the property exempt by local discretion or 13 charitable status, calculated in the same manner as the taxable property; and 14 "Property exempt by local discretion or charitable status" means property: d. 15 <u>(1)</u> Property exempted from taxation as new or expanding businesses under 16 chapter 40-57.1; improvements 17 <u>(2)</u> Improvements to property under chapter 57-02.2; or buildings and 18 (3) Buildings belonging to institutions of public charity, new single-family 19 residential or townhouse or condominium property, property used for early 20 childhood services, orand pollution abatement improvements, under section 21 57-02-08. 22 A taxing district may elect to levy the amount levied in dollars in the base year. Any 3. 23 levy under this section must be specifically approved by a resolution approved by the 24 governing body of the taxing district. Before determining the levy limitation under this 25 section, the dollar amount levied in the base year must be: 26 Reduced by an amount equal to the sum determined by application of the base a. 27 year's calculated mill rate for that taxing district to the final base year taxable 28 valuation of any taxable property and property exempt by local discretion or 29 charitable status which is not included in the taxing district for the budget year but 30 was included in the taxing district for the base year-;

1 Increased by an amount equal to the sum determined by the application of the 2 base year's calculated mill rate for that taxing district to the final budget year 3 taxable valuation of any taxable property or property exempt by local discretion or 4 charitable status which was not included in the taxing district for the base year 5 but which is included in the taxing district for the budget year.; 6 Reduced to reflect expired temporary mill levy increases authorized by the C. 7 electors of the taxing district. For purposes of this subdivision, an expired 8 temporary mill levy increase does not include a school district general fund mill 9 rate exceeding one hundred ten millsapproved by the electors which has expired 10 or has not received approval of electors for an extension under subsection 2 of 11 section 57-64-03.; and 12 d. If the base year is a taxable year before 2013, reduced by the amount of state aid 13 under chapter 15.1-27, which is determined by multiplying the budget year 14 taxable valuation of the school district by the lesser of: 15 The base year mill rate of the school district minus sixty mills; or 16 (2) Fifty mills. 17 4. In addition to any other levy limitation factor under this section, a taxing district may 18 increase its levy in dollars to reflect new or increased mill levies authorized by the 19 legislative assembly or authorized by the electors of the taxing district. 20 5. Under this section a taxing district may supersede any applicable mill levy limitations 21 otherwise provided by law, or a taxing district may levy up to the mill levy limitations 22 otherwise provided by law without reference to this section, but the. The provisions of 23 this section do not apply to the following: 24 a. Any irrepealable tax to pay bonded indebtedness levied pursuant to section 16 of 25 article X of the Constitution of North Dakota-; or 26 The one-mill levy for the state medical center authorized by section 10 of article X b. 27 of the Constitution of North Dakota. 28 A school district choosing to determine its levy authority under this section may apply 29 subsection 3 only to the amount in dollars levied for general fund purposes under 30 section 57-15-14 or, if the levy in the base year included separate general fund and

special fund levies under sections 57-15-14 and 57-15-14.2, the school district may

- Sixty-fourth Legislative Assembly 1 apply subsection 3 to the total amount levied in dollars in the base year for both the 2 general fund and special fund accounts. School district levies under any section other 3 than section 57-15-14 may be made within applicable limitations but those levies are 4 not subject to subsection 3. 5 Optional levies under this section may be used by any city or county that has adopted 7. 6 a home rule charter unless the provisions of the charter supersede state laws related 7 to property tax levy limitations. 8 (Effective after the first two taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012) 9 Protection of taxpayers and taxing districts. Each taxing district may levy the lesser of the 10 amount in dollars as certified in the budget of the governing body, or the amount in dollars as 11 allowed in this section, subject to the following: 12 No taxing district may levy more taxes expressed in dollars than the amounts allowed 13 by this section. 14 For purposes of this section: 15 "Base year" means the taxing district's taxable year with the highest amount-16 levied in dollars in property taxes of the three taxable years immediately-17 18 19 for the general fund under section 57-15-12 including any additional levy-20
  - preceding the budget year. For a park district general fund, the "amount levied indollars in property taxes" is the sum of amounts levied in dollars in property taxes approved by the electors, the insurance reserve fund under section 32-12.1-08, the employee health care program under section 40-49-12, the public recreation system under section 40-55-09 including any additional levy approved by the electors, forestry purposes under section 57-15-12.1 except any additional levyapproved by the electors, pest control under section 4-33-11, and handicappedperson programs and activities under section 57-15-60;
  - "Budget year" means the taxing district's year for which the levy is being-<del>b.</del> determined under this section;

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"Calculated mill rate" means the mill rate that results from dividing the base yeartaxes levied by the sum of the taxable value of the taxable property in the baseyear plus the taxable value of the property exempt by local discretion or charitable status, calculated in the same manner as the taxable property; and

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- Legislative Assembly 1 "Property exempt by local discretion or charitable status" means property 2 exempted from taxation as new or expanding businesses under chapter 40-57.1; 3 improvements to property under chapter 57-02.2; or buildings belonging to 4 institutions of public charity, new single-family residential or townhouse or 5 condominium property, property used for early childhood services, or pollution-6 abatement improvements under section 57-02-08. 7 <del>3.</del> A taxing district may elect to levy the amount levied in dollars in the base year. Any 8 levy under this section must be specifically approved by a resolution approved by the 9 governing body of the taxing district. Before determining the levy limitation under this-10 section, the dollar amount levied in the base year must be: 11 Reduced by an amount equal to the sum determined by application of the base-12 year's calculated mill rate for that taxing district to the final base year taxable 13 valuation of any taxable property and property exempt by local discretion or 14 charitable status which is not included in the taxing district for the budget year but-15 was included in the taxing district for the base year. 16 <del>b.</del> Increased by an amount equal to the sum determined by the application of the 17 base year's calculated mill rate for that taxing district to the final budget year-18 taxable valuation of any taxable property or property exempt by local discretion or-19 charitable status which was not included in the taxing district for the base year
  - but which is included in the taxing district for the budget year. Reduced to reflect expired temporary mill levy increases authorized by the <del>C.</del> electors of the taxing district. For purposes of this subdivision, an expiredtemporary mill levy increase does not include a school district general fund millrate exceeding one hundred ten mills which has expired or has not received-

approval of electors for an extension under subsection 2 of section 57-64-03.

- <del>d.</del> Increased, for a school district determining its levy limitation under this section, by the amount the school district's mill levy reduction grant under section-57-64-02 for the base year exceeds the amount of the school district's mill levyreduction grant under section 57-64-02 for the budget year.
- Reduced for a school district determining its levy limitation under this section, by the amount the school district's mill levy reduction grant under section 57-64-02

section 57-15-14.2.

1 for the budget year exceeds the amount of the school district's mill levy reduction-2 grant under section 57-64-02 for the base year. 3 <del>4.</del> In addition to any other levy limitation factor under this section, a taxing district may 4 increase its levy in dollars to reflect new or increased mill levies authorized by the 5 legislative assembly or authorized by the electors of the taxing district. 6 Under this section a taxing district may supersede any applicable mill levy limitations 7 otherwise provided by law, or a taxing district may levy up to the mill levy limitations 8 otherwise provided by law without reference to this section, but the provisions of this 9 section do not apply to the following: 10 Any irrepealable tax to pay bonded indebtedness levied pursuant to section 16 of 11 article X of the Constitution of North Dakota. 12 <del>b.</del> The one-mill levy for the state medical center authorized by section 10 of article X-13 of the Constitution of North Dakota. 14 A school district choosing to determine its levy authority under this section may apply 15 subsection 3 only to the amount in dollars levied for general fund purposes under-16 section 57-15-14 or, if the levy in the base year included separate general fund and 17 special fund levies under sections 57-15-14 and 57-15-14.2, the school district may 18 apply subsection 3 to the total amount levied in dollars in the base year for both the 19 general fund and special fund accounts. School district levies under any section other-20 than section 57-15-14 may be made within applicable limitations but those levies are 21 not subject to subsection 3. 22 Optional levies under this section may be used by any city or county that has adopted <del>7.</del> 23 a home rule charter unless the provisions of the charter supersede state laws related-24 to property tax levy limitations. 25 SECTION 16. AMENDMENT. Section 57-15-14 of the North Dakota Century Code is 26 amended and reenacted as follows: 27 57-15-14. (Effective for the first two taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012) 28 Voter approval of excess levies in school districts. 29 Unless authorized by the electors of the school district in accordance with this section. 30 a school district may not impose greater levies greater than those permitted under

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- Legislative Assembly 1 In any school district having a total population in excess of four thousand or 2 more, according to the last federal decennial census, there may be levied any 3 specific number of mills that upon resolution of the school board has been 4 submitted to and approved by a majority of the qualified electors voting upon the 5 question at anya regular or special school district election. 6 b. In any school district having a total population of fewerless than four thousand, 7 there may be levied any specific number of mills that upon resolution of the 8 school board has been approved by fifty-five percent of the qualified electors 9 voting upon the question at anya regular or special school district election. 10 After June 30, 2009, in any school district election for approval by electors of 11 increased levy authority under subsection 1 or 2, the ballot must specify the 12 number of mills proposed for approval, and the number of taxable years for which 13 that approval is to apply. After June 30, 2009, approval by electors of increased 14 levy authority under subsection 1 or 2 may not be effective for more than ten 15 taxable years. 16 The authority for a levy of up to a specific number of mills under this section d. 17 approved by electors of a school district before July 1, 2009, is terminated 18 effective for taxable years after 2015. If the electors of a school district subject to 19 this subsection have not approved a levy for taxable years after 2015 of up to a 20 specific number of mills under this section by December 31, 2015, the school 21 district levy limitation for subsequent years is subject to the limitations under 22 section 57-15-01.1 or this section.
  - For The provisions of this subdivision apply to taxable years beginning after e. 2012÷.
    - (1) The authority for a levy of up to a specific number of mills, approved by electors of a school district for any period of time that includes a taxable year before 2009, must be reduced by one hundred fifteen mills, as a precondition of receiving state aid in accordance with chapter 15.1-27.
    - (2) The authority for a levy of up to a specific number of mills, approved by electors of a school district for any period of time that does not include a

1 taxable year before 2009, must be reduced by forty mills, as a precondition 2 of receiving state aid in accordance with chapter 15.1-27. 3 (3) The authority for a levy of up to a specific number of mills, placed on the 4 ballot in a school district election for electoral approval of increased levy 5 authority under subdivision a or b, after June 30, 2013, must be stated as a 6 specific number of mills of general fund levy authority and must include a 7 statement that the statutory school district general fund levy limitation is 8 seventy mills on the dollar of the taxable valuation of the school district. 9 The authority for an unlimited levy approved by electors of a school district before 10 July 1, 2009, is terminated effective for taxable years after 2015. If the electors of 11 a school district subject to this subsection have not approved a levy of up to a 12 specific number of mills under this section by December 31, 2015, the school 13 district levy limitation for subsequent years is subject to the limitations under 14 section 57-15-01.1 or this section. 15 2. a. The question of authorizing or discontinuing such specific number of mills 16 authority in any school district must be submitted to the qualified electors at the 17 next regular election, upon resolution of the school board or upon the filing with 18 the school board of a petition containing the signatures of qualified electors of the 19 district equal in number to ten percent of the number of electors who cast votes in 20 the most recent election in the school district. No fewer than twenty-five 21 signatures are required. 22 The approval of discontinuing such authority does not affect the tax levy in the b. 23 calendar year in which the election is held. 24 C. The election must be held in the same manner and subject to the same 25 conditions as provided in this section for the first election upon the question of 26 authorizing the mill levy. 27 <u>3.</u> This section does not apply to levies approved by the electors of the district 28 necessary to pay principal and interest on the bonded debt of the district, including the 29 levy necessary to pay principal and interest on any bonded debt incurred before

July 1, 2013, under section 57-15-17.1, as it existed during the 2012 taxable year.

- (Effective after the first two taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012) General fund levy limitations in school districts. The aggregate amount levied each year for the purposes listed in section 57-15-14.2 by any school district, except the Fargo school district, may not exceed the amount in dollars which the school district levied for the prior school year plus twelve percent up to a general fund levy of one hundred eighty-five mills on the dollar of the taxable valuation of the district, except that:
  - 1. In any school district having a total population in excess of four thousand according to the last federal decennial census there may be levied any specific number of mills that upon resolution of the school board has been submitted to and approved by a majority of the qualified electors voting upon the question at any regular or special school district election.
  - 2. In any school district having a total population of fewer than four thousand, there may be levied any specific number of mills that upon resolution of the school board has been approved by fifty-five percent of the qualified electors voting upon the question at any regular or special school election.
  - 3. After June 30, 2009, in any school district election for approval by electors of increased levy authority under subsection 1 or 2, the ballot must specify the number of mills proposed for approval, and the number of taxable years for which that approval is to apply. After June 30, 2009, approval by electors of increased levy authority under subsection 1 or 2 may not be effective for more than ten taxable years.
  - 4. The authority for a levy of up to a specific number of mills under this section approved by electors of a school district before July 1, 2009, is terminated effective for taxable years after 2015. If the electors of a school district subject to this subsection have not approved a levy for taxable years after 2015 of up to a specific number of mills under this section by December 31, 2015, the school district levy limitation for subsequent years is subject to the limitations under section 57-15-01.1 or this section.
  - 5. The authority for an unlimited levy approved by electors of a school district before

    July 1, 2009, is terminated effective for taxable years after 2015. If the electors of a

    school district subject to this subsection have not approved a levy of up to a specific

    number of mills under this section by December 31, 2015, the school district levy

- limitation for subsequent years is subject to the limitations under section 57-15-01.1 or
   this section.
  - The question of authorizing or discontinuing such specific number of mills authority in any school district must be submitted to the qualified electors at the next regular election upon-resolution of the school board or upon the filing with the school board of a petition containing the signatures of qualified electors of the district equal in number to ten percent of the number of electors who cast votes in the most recent election in the school district. However, not fewer-than twenty-five signatures are required. However, the approval of discontinuing such authority does not affect the tax levy in the calendar year in which the election is held. The election must be held in the same manner and subject to the same conditions as provided in this section for the first election upon the question of authorizing the mill levy.
  - **SECTION 17. AMENDMENT.** Section 57-15-14.2 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

### 57-15-14.2. (Effective for the first two taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012) School district levies.

- 1. For taxable years after 2013, the board of a school district may levy a tax not exceeding the amount in dollars that the school district levied for the prior year, plus twelve percent, up to a levy of seventy mills on the taxable valuation of the district, for any purpose related to the provision of educational services. The proceeds of this levy must be deposited into the school district's general fund and used in accordance with this subsection. The proceeds may not be transferred into any other fund.
- 2. For taxable years after 2013, the board of a school district may levy no more than twelve mills on the taxable valuation of the district, for miscellaneous purposes and expenses. The proceeds of this levy must be deposited into a special fund known as the miscellaneous fund and used in accordance with this subsection. The proceeds may not be transferred into any other fund.
- 3. The board of a school district may levy no more than three mills on the taxable valuation of the district for deposit into a special reserve fund, in accordance with chapter 57-19.
- 4. The board of a school district may levy no more than the number of mills necessary, on the taxable valuation of the district, for the payment of tuition, in accordance with

1 section 15.1-29-15. The proceeds of this levy must be deposited into a special fund 2 known as the tuition fund and used in accordance with this subsection. The proceeds 3 may not be transferred into any other fund. 4 5. Nothing in this section limits the board of a school district from levying: 5 Mills for a building fund, as permitted in sections 15.1-09-49 and 57-15-16; and a. 6 b. Mills necessary to pay principal and interest on the bonded debt of the district, 7 including the mills necessary to pay principal and interest on any bonded debt 8 incurred before July 1, 2013 under section 57-15-17.1 before July 1, 2013, as it 9 existed during the 2012 taxable year. 10 For the taxable year 2013 only, the board of a school district may levy, for the 11 purposes described in subsections 1 and 2, a tax not exceeding the amount in dollars-12 determined under this subsection, plus twelve percent, up to a combined levy of 13 eighty-two mills. For purposes of this subsection, the allowable increase in dollars is 14 determined by multiplying the 2013 taxable valuation of the district by the sum of sixty-15 mills plus the number of mills levied in 2012 for miscellaneous expenses under-16 sections 57-15-14.5 and 57-15-17.1. 17 (Effective after the first two taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012) Mill-18 levies requiring board action - Proceeds to general fund account. 19 A school board of any school district may levy an amount sufficient to cover general-20 expenses, including the costs of the following: 21 Board and lodging for high school students as provided in section 15.1-30-04. a. 22 The teachers' retirement fund as provided in section 15-39.1-28. <del>b.</del> 23 Tuition for students in grades seven through twelve as provided in section-<del>C.</del> 24 <del>15.1-29-15.</del> 25 <del>d.</del> Special education program as provided in section 15.1-32-20. 26 The establishment and maintenance of an insurance reserve fund for insurancee. 27 purposes as provided in section 32-12.1-08. 28 A final judgment obtained against a school district. f. 29 The district's share of contribution to the old-age survivors' fund and matching g. 30 contribution for the social security fund as provided by chapter 52-09 and to-31 provide the district's share of contribution to the old-age survivors' fund and

1 matching contribution for the social security fund for contracted employees of a 2 multidistrict special education board. 3 h. The rental or leasing of buildings, property, or classroom space. Minimum state-4 standards for health and safety applicable to school building construction shall-5 apply to any rented or leased buildings, property, or classroom space. 6 <del>į.</del> Unemployment compensation benefits. 7 The removal of asbestos substances from school buildings or the abatement of į. 8 asbestos substances in school buildings under any method approved by the 9 United States environmental protection agency and any repair, replacement, or 10 remodeling that results from such removal or abatement, any remodeling-11 required to meet specifications set by the Americans with Disabilities Act-12 accessibility guidelines for buildings and facilities as contained in the appendix to-13 28 CFR 36, any remodeling required to meet requirements set by the state fire-14 marshal during the inspection of a public school, and for providing an alternative 15 education program as provided in section 57-15-17.1. 16 <del>k.</del> Participating in cooperative career and technical education programs approved 17 by the state board. 18 Į. Maintaining a career and technical education program approved by the state-19 board and established only for that school district. 20 Paying the cost of purchasing, contracting, operating, and maintaining m. 21 schoolbuses. 22 Establishing and maintaining school library services. <del>n.</del> 23 Equipping schoolbuses with two-way communications and central station θ. 24 equipment and providing for the installation and maintenance of such equipment. 25 Establishing free public kindergartens in connection with the public schools of the <del>p.</del> 26 district for the instruction of resident children below school age during the regular-27 school term. 28 Establishing, maintaining, and conducting a public recreation system. <del>q.</del> 29 The district's share of contribution to finance an interdistrict cooperative <del>r.</del> 30 agreement authorized by section 15.1-09-40.

(4)

1 This limitation does not apply to mill levies pursuant to subdivisions a, c, f, and j of 2 subsection 1. If a school district maintained a levy to finance either its participation in a 3 cooperative career and technical education program or its sponsorship of 4 single-district career and technical education programs prior to July 1, 1983, and the 5 district discontinues its participation in or sponsorship of those career and technical-6 education programs, that district must reduce the proposed aggregated expenditure-7 amount for which its general fund levy is used by the dollar amount raised by its prior-8 levy for the funding of those programs. 9 All proceeds of any levy established pursuant to this section must be placed in the 10 school district's general fund account and may be expended to achieve the purposes-11 for which the taxes authorized by this section are levied. Proceeds from levies-12 established pursuant to this section and funds provided to school districts pursuant to 13 chapter 15.1-27 may not be transferred to the building fund within the school district. 14 SECTION 18. AMENDMENT. Section 57-15-17 of the North Dakota Century Code is 15 amended and reenacted as follows: 16 57-15-17. (Effective through June 30, 2015) Disposition of building fund tax. 17 Revenue raised for building purposes shall be disposed of as follows: 18 a. All revenue accruing from appropriations or tax levies for a school district building 19 fund, together with such amounts any amount as may be realized for building 20 purposes from all other sources, must be placed in a separate fund known as a 21 school building fund and must be: 22 Be deposited, held, or invested in the same manner as the sinking funds of (1) 23 such school district; or in 24 (2) <u>Used for</u> the purchase of shares or securities of federal or state-chartered 25 savings and loan associations, within the limits of federal insurance. 26 The funds Moneys in the building fund may only be used for the following b. 27 purposes: 28 The construction of school district buildings and facilities; (1) 29 (2) The renovation, repair, or expansion of school district buildings and facilities: 30 (3) The improvement of school district buildings, facilities, and real property;

The leasing of buildings and facilities;

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1 (5) The payment of rentals upon contracts with the state board of public school 2 education; 3 (6) The payment of rentals upon contracts with municipalities for career and 4 technical education facilities financed pursuant to chapter 40-57; and 5 The payment of principal, premiums, and interest on bonds issued in (7) 6 accordance with subsection 7 of section 21-03-07. 7 The custodian of the funds may pay out the funds only upon order of the school C. 8 board, signed by the president and the business manager of the school district. 9 The order must recite upon its face the purpose for which payment is made. 10 2. Any moneys remaining in a school building fund after the completion of the payments 11 for any school building project whichthat has cost seventy-five percent or more of the 12 amount in suchthe building fund at the time of letting the contracts therefor shall, must 13 be returned to the general fund of the school district, upon the order of the school 14 board. 15 The governing body of anyboard of a school district may pay into the general fund of 16 the school district any moneys which that have remained in the school building fund for 17 a period of ten years or more, and such district may include the same as a. The board 18 may include this amount as part of its cash on hand in making up its budget for the 19 ensuing year. In determining what amounts have remained in saidthe fund for ten 20 years or more, all payments whichthat have been paid from the schoolmade from the 21 building fund for building purposes shallmust be considered as having been paid from 22 the funds first acquired. 23 4. WheneverIf collections from the taxes levied for the current budget and other <u>a.</u> 24 income are insufficient to meet the requirements for general operating expenses, 25 a majority of the governing bodythe board of a school district may transfer 26 unobligated funds from the school building fund into the general fund of the 27 school district, if the school district has issued certificates of indebtedness equal 28 to fifty percent of the outstanding uncollected general fund property tax. No-29 school district

fund for more than two years.

A board may not transfer funds from the school building fund into the general

1	<del>(Eff</del>	(Effective after June 30, 2015) Disposition of building fund tax. Revenue raised for				
2	building	building purposes shall be disposed of as follows:				
3	<del>1.</del>	<del>a.</del>	<del>All r</del>	evenue accruing from appropriations or tax levies for a school building fund		
4			toge	ether with such amounts as may be realized for building purposes from all		
5			othe	er sources must be placed in a separate fund known as a school building fund		
6			and	must be deposited, held, or invested in the same manner as the sinking		
7			func	ds of such school district or in the purchase of shares or securities of federal		
8			or s	tate-chartered savings and loan associations within the limits of federal		
9			insu	<del>irance.</del>		
10		<del>b.</del>	The	funds may only be used for the following purposes:		
11			<del>(1)</del>	The erection of new school buildings or facilities, or additions to old school-		
12				buildings or facilities, or the making of major repairs to existing buildings or		
13				facilities, or improvements to school land and site. For purposes of this		
14				paragraph, facilities may include parking lots, athletic complexes, or any		
15				other real property owned by the school district.		
16			<del>(2)</del>	The payment of rentals upon contracts with the state board of public school		
17				education.		
18			<del>(3)</del>	The payment of rentals upon contracts with municipalities for career and		
19				technical education facilities financed pursuant to chapter 40-57.		
20			<del>(4)</del>	Within the limitations of school plans as provided in subsection 2 of section		
21				<del>57-15-16.</del>		
22			<del>(5)</del>	The payment of principal, premium, if any, and interest on bonds issued		
23				pursuant to subsection 7 of section 21-03-07.		
24			<del>(6)</del>	The payment of premiums for fire and allied lines, liability, and multiple peril		
25				insurance on any building and its use, occupancy, fixtures, and contents.		
26		<del>c.</del>	The	custodian of the funds may pay out the funds only upon order of the school		
27			boa	rd, signed by the president and the business manager of the school district.		
28			The	order must recite upon its face the purpose for which payment is made.		
29	<del>2.</del>	Any moneys remaining in a school building fund after the completion of the payments				
30		for a	any s	chool building project which has cost seventy-five percent or more of the		

- amount in such building fund at the time of letting the contracts therefor shall be
   returned to the general fund of the school district upon the order of the school board.
  - 3. The governing body of any school district may pay into the general fund of the school district any moneys which have remained in the school building fund for a period of ten-years or more, and such district may include the same as a part of its cash on hand in-making up its budget for the ensuing year. In determining what amounts have remained in said fund for ten years or more, all payments which have been paid from the school building fund for building purposes shall be considered as having been paid from the funds first acquired.
    - 4. Whenever collections from the taxes levied for the current budget and other income are insufficient to meet the requirements for general operating expenses, a majority of the governing body of a school district may transfer unobligated funds from the school building fund into the general fund of the school district if the school district has issued certificates of indebtedness equal to fifty percent of the outstanding uncollected general fund property tax. No school district may transfer funds from the school building fund into the general fund for more than two years.

**SECTION 19. AMENDMENT.** Section 57-15-31 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

## 57-15-31. (Effective for the first two taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012) Determination of levy.

- 1. The amount to be levied by any county, city, township, school district, park district, or other municipality authorized to levy taxes shallmust be computed by deducting from the amount of estimated expenditures for the current fiscal year as finally determined, plus the required reserve fund determined upon by the governing board from the past experience of the taxing district, the total of the following items:
- 26 <u>1. a.</u> The available surplus consisting of the free and unencumbered cash balance.;
- 27 <u>b.</u> Estimated revenues from sources other than direct property taxes.
- 28 3. c. The total estimated collections from tax levies for previous years.
- 29 4. d. Such expenditures as are to Expenditures that must be made from bond sources.
- 30 <u>5. e.</u> The amount of distributions received from an economic growth increment pool under section 57-15-61-; and

1	<del>6.</del>	<u>f.</u>	The estimated amount to be received from payments in lieu of taxes on a project					
2			under section 40-57.1-03.					
3	<u>2.</u>	Allo	wance may be made for a permanent delinquency or loss in tax collection not to					
4		exc	eed five percent of the amount of the levy.					
5	(Effective after the first two taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012)							
6	Determ	Determination of levy. The amount to be levied by any county, city, township, school district,						
7	<del>park dis</del>	park district, or other municipality authorized to levy taxes shall be computed by deducting from						
8	the amo	amount of estimated expenditures for the current fiscal year as finally determined, plus the						
9	required	uired reserve fund determined upon by the governing board from the past experience of the						
10	taxing district, the total of the following items:							
11	<del>1.</del>	The	e available surplus consisting of the free and unencumbered cash balance.					
12	<del>2.</del>	Est	imated revenues from sources other than direct property taxes.					
13	<del>3.</del>	The	e total estimated collections from tax levies for previous years.					
14	<del>4.</del>	Suc	ch expenditures as are to be made from bond sources.					
15	<del>5.</del>	The	e amount of distributions received from an economic growth increment pool under-					
16		sec	tion 57-15-61.					
17	<del>6.</del>	The	e estimated amount to be received from payments in lieu of taxes on a project					
18		unc	ler section 40-57.1-03.					
19	<del>7.</del>	The	e amount reported to a school district by the superintendent of public instruction as					
20		the	school district's mill levy reduction grant for the year under section 57-64-02.					
21	Allowance may be made for a permanent delinquency or loss in tax collection not to exceed five							
22	percent of the amount of the levy.							
23	SECTION 20. AMENDMENT. Section 57-19-01 of the North Dakota Century Code is							
24	amended and reenacted as follows:							
25	57-19-01. (Effective through June 30, 2015) School district may establish.							
26	Establis	shme	ent of special reserve fund.					
27	Each school district in this state may establish and maintain a special reserve fund, subject							
28	to the limitations in section 57-15-14.2. The balance of moneys in the fund may not exceed that							
29	which could be produced by a levy of fifteen mills in that district for that year.							
30	<del>(Eff</del>	ectiv	e after June 30, 2015) School district may establish special reserve fund.					
31	Each school district in this state may establish and maintain a special reserve fund which must							

- be separate and distinct from all other funds now authorized by law and which may not exceed
   in amount at any one time the sum which could be produced by a levy of the maximum mill levy
   allowed by law in that district for that year.
- **SECTION 21. AMENDMENT.** Section 57-19-02 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

# 57-19-02. (Effective through June 30, 2015) Special reserve fund - Separate trust fund Transfer.

- Moneys in the special reserve fund may be deposited, held, or invested in the same manner as the sinking fund of the district or in the purchase of shares or securities of federal savings and loan associations or state-chartered building and loan associations, within the limits of federal insurance.
- 2. Each July first, the board of the school district shall transfer from the special reserve fund to the district's general fund any amount that exceeds the limitation in section 57-19-01.

(Effective after June 30, 2015) Special reserve fund - Separate trust fund. The special reserve fund is a separate trust fund for the use and benefit of the school district, to be drawn-upon as provided in this chapter. Moneys in the fund may be deposited, held, or invested in the same manner as the sinking fund of the district or in the purchase of shares or securities of federal savings and loan associations or state-chartered building and loan associations, within the limits of federal insurance. The school district business manager shall annually, upon a resolution of the school board, transfer to the school district general fund any part or all of the investment income or interest earned by the principal amount of the school district's special reserve fund.

**SECTION 22. AMENDMENT.** Section 57-19-09 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

#### 57-19-09. (Effective through June 30, 2015) When Special reserve fund may be transferred Correction of error.

Anylf a school district which has heretofore by mistake, or for any other reason, considered all or any part of aits special reserve fund, as provided for in chapter 57-19, in determining theits budget for the school district which has and deducted all or any part of the funds in such its special reserve fund from the amount necessary to be levied for any school a fiscal year, the

- 1 <u>district</u> may transfer from theits special reserve fund into theits general fund all or any part of
- 2 such amounts which have beenthe amount that was so considered, contrary to the provisions of
- 3 section 57-19-05.

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- 4 (Effective after June 30, 2015) When fund may be transferred. Any school district which
- 5 has heretofore by mistake, or for any other reason, considered all or any part of a special-
- 6 reserve fund, as provided for in chapter 57-19, in determining the budget for the school district
- 7 which has deducted all or any part of the funds in such special reserve fund from the amount-
- 8 necessary to be levied for any school fiscal year, may transfer from the special reserve fund into-
- 9 the general fund all or any part of such amounts which have been so considered contrary to the
- 10 provisions of section 57-19-05. Any school district special reserve fund and the tax levy therefor
- 11 may be discontinued by a vote of sixty percent of the electors of the school district voting upon-
- 12 the question at any special or general election. Any moneys remaining unexpended in such
- 13 special reserve fund must be transferred to the building or general fund of the school district.
- 14 The discontinuance of a special reserve fund shall not decrease the school district tax levies
- 15 otherwise provided for by law by more than twenty percent. A special reserve fund and the tax-
- 16 levy therefor which has been discontinued may be reinstated by a vote of sixty percent of the
- 17 electors of the school district voting upon the question at any special or general election.

#### **SECTION 23. ENGLISH LANGUAGE LEARNER GRANTS.**

- 1. During the 2015-17 biennium, the superintendent of public instruction shall expend up to \$2,500,000 from the grants other grants line item in the appropriation bill for the superintendent of public instruction, as approved by the sixty-fourth legislative assembly, for the purpose of providing grants to the six school districts that serve the largest number of first and second level English language learners in kindergarten through grade twelve.
- In order to determine the amount that a school district may receive under this section,
  the superintendent of public instruction shall provide a pro rata share of the available
  grant dollars to each eligible district based upon the total number of first and second
  level English language learners enrolled in the six districts.
- A district may expend moneys received under this section only for the purpose of enhancing services to first and second level English language learners. Permissible purposes include the hiring of additional teachers, interpreters, and social workers for

- first and second level English language learners and the provision of other ancillary support services and programs, approved by the superintendent of public instruction.
  - 4. The superintendent of public instruction may not award more than fifty percent of the funds available under this section during the first year of the biennium.

**SECTION 24. TRANSFER.** There is transferred from any moneys in the strategic investment and improvements fund in the state treasury, not otherwise appropriated, the sum of \$125,000,000, or so much of the sum as may be necessary, to the school construction fund for the purpose of providing school construction loans, as referenced in paragraph 3 of subdivision a of subsection 1 of section 15.1-36-02, for the biennium beginning July 1, 2015, and ending June 30, 2017.

#### SECTION 25. CONTINGENT TRANSFER - SCHOOL CONSTRUCTION LOANS - BUDGET SECTION APPROVAL.

- There is transferred from any moneys in the strategic investment and improvements fund in the state treasury, not otherwise appropriated, the sum of \$100,000,000, or so much of the sum as may be necessary, to the school construction fund for the purpose of providing school construction loans, as referenced in paragraph 4 of subdivision a of subsection 1 of section 15.1-36-02, for the biennium beginning July 1, 2015, and ending June 30, 2017.
- 2. The transfer required by this section may take place only if the superintendent of public instruction certifies that all available funding authorized in accordance with section 15.1-36-02 has been committed for the provision of school construction loans and the budget section of the legislative management consents to the transfer.
- **SECTION 26. REPEAL.** Sections 15.1-27-04, 15.1-27-07.2, 15.1-27-11, 15.1-27-22.1, 15.1-27-42, 15.1-27-43, 15.1-27-44, 15.1-32-20, 57-15-14.4, 57-15-14.5, 57-15-17.1, and 57-19-04 and chapter 57-64 of the North Dakota Century Code are repealed.