#### PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO REENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 1059

- Page 1, line 1, after "Act" insert "to create and enact section 57-02-01.1 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to training and certification of assessors;"
- Page 1, line 1, after "sections" insert "11-10.1-01, 11-10.1-05, and 57-01-05, subsection 1 of section 57-02-08.1, and sections 57-02-33,"
- Page 1, line 2, after "to" insert "training and certification of assessors, the homestead tax credit."
- Page 1, line 3, after the semicolon, insert "to provide for transition;"
- Page 1, after line 5, insert:

"SECTION 1. AMENDMENT. Section 11-10.1-01 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

### 11-10.1-01. County director of tax equalization.

- 1. The board of county commissioners of each county in this state shall appoint a county director of tax equalization who must be qualified and experienced in property appraisals, familiar with assessment and equalization procedures and techniques, and who is the holder of holds a current certificate certification as a class I assessor issued by the state supervisor of assessments. The state supervisor of assessments shall confer with representatives of the county commissioners, city governing bodies, state township officers association, and personnel at North Dakota state university to establish or revise the minimum requirements for attaining the certificate. Any person who is denied such certificate may appeal to the state tax commissioner for a hearing under the provisions of chapter 28-32.
- 2. The board of county commissioners may, in its discretion, appoint a person county director of tax equalization on a probationary basis who does not hold a current certificate as provided for in subsection 1 certification as a class I assessor, if the board deems such person the individual qualified to act as county director of tax equalization by virtue of education, training, and experience, and willingness to obtain certification as a class I assessor. The appointment must be for a term of not more than threetwo years. Any person receiving a probationary appointment who does not obtain a certificate certification as a class I assessor within threetwo years from the appointment is not eligible for reappointment.
- 3. The county director of tax equalization shall serve at the pleasure of the board of county commissioners and may be employed on a full-time or part-time basis. Vacancies in the office of county director of tax equalization must be filled in the same manner as the original appointment.

**SECTION 2. AMENDMENT.** Section 11-10.1-05 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

# 11-10.1-05. Powers and duties of county director of tax equalization - Qualifications of assessors.

- 1. The county director of tax equalization shall havehas the power, duty, and responsibility to call upon and confer with township and city assessors in the county and to instructassist them in the preparation and proper use of land maps and property record cards, the preparation of assessment books, the changes in assessment laws and regulationsrules, the determination of proper standards of value, the use of proper classifications of property, determination of what property qualifies as exempt from property taxes, and the authority to require attendance at meetings, to the end that apromote uniform assessment of all real property in the county will prevail.
- 2. Any city with a population of under five thousand or township may, by resolution of its governing body, retain an assessor who is certified or eligible to be certified as a class II assessor who shall retain the powers, duties, and responsibilities of the office. Any city with a population of five thousand or greater may, by resolution of its governing body, retain an assessor who is certified or eligible to be certified as a class I assessor who shall retain the powers, duties, and responsibilities of the office. A person may not serve as an assessor for longer than twenty-four months before being certified by the state supervisor of assessments as having met the minimum requirements. The expenses of the city or township assessors must be paid by the city or township exercising this option.
- <del>2.</del>3. On January 1, 1981, the The county director of tax equalization shall succeed to all the powers and duties of assessors of townships, cities with a population of under five thousand, and unorganized districts supervise all individuals performing assessor services in the county and arrange for the assessment of property within the county, except that any city with a population of under five thousand or township may, at its option by resolution of its governing body, employ an assessor who shall retain the powers, duties, and responsibilities of the office. The resolution within the jurisdiction of a city or township in which the governing body to employ anretains a certified class I or class II assessor continues in force untilrescinded by the governing body. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, the state supervisor of assessments shall confer with representatives of the county commissioners, city governing bodies, statetownship officers association, and personnel at North Dakota stateuniversity to establish minimum requirements for all city and townshipassessors. The standards shall reflect their limited jurisdiction and neednot be equal to those minimum requirements set for county directors of taxequalization. Any courses of instruction included in those minimum requirements for assessors of townships or cities with a population underfive thousand must be conducted by the county director of tax equalization who may cooperate with other county directors of tax equalization inholding joint classes. The county director of tax equalization may call uponthe state supervisor of assessments for any necessary materials and assistance. No person may serve as an assessor of a township or a city with a population under five thousand for longer than twelve months before being certified by the state supervisor of assessments as having met the minimum requirements. No person may serve as an assessor of a city witha population of five thousand or more for longer than three years before

- being certified by the state supervisor of assessments as having met the minimum requirements. The expenses and salaries of city and township assessors must be paid by the city or township exercising this option.
- 3.4. Any city or township whichthat does not employ its ownretain a certified class I or class II assessor shall utilize the certified assessor of the county in which the city or township is located. The county commission may require the city or township to reimburse the county for the expenses incurred in assessing the property of that city or township.
- 4.5. Any assessment made by an assessor who is not <u>currently</u> certified asqualified for that assessment jurisdiction must be reviewed and approved by a certified county director of tax equalization, or a certified city assessor of a city with a population of five thousand or moreassessor, prior to the township or city board of equalization annual meeting. The cost of the assessment review must be paid by the township or city having jurisdiction over the assessment at the same rate as paid to a special assessor in section 57-14-08.

**SECTION 3. AMENDMENT.** Section 57-01-05 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

#### 57-01-05. State supervisor of assessments.

The state tax commissioner shall appoint a <u>state</u> supervisor of assessments who must be a person trained and experienced in property appraisals and familiar with assessment and equalization procedures and techniques. The <u>state</u> supervisor of assessments serves at the pleasure of the state tax commissioner and office space must be furnished to the <u>state</u> supervisor of assessments by the commissioner.

The <u>state</u> supervisor of assessments shall perform the following duties under the direction of the tax commissioner:

- The <u>state</u> supervisor of assessments shall advise and give the variousassessors in the state the necessary instructions and directions as to their duties under the laws of this state, to the end that apromote uniform assessment of all real and personal property in this state will be attained.
- 2. The <u>state</u> supervisor of assessments shall assist and instruct the <u>various</u> assessors in this <u>state</u> in the use of soil <u>reconnaissance</u> surveys, land classification methods, in the preparation and proper use of land maps and record cards, in the proper classification of real and personal property, and in the determination of proper standards of value.
- The <u>state</u> supervisor of assessments may require the attendance of groups of assessors at meetings called by the <u>state</u> supervisor of assessments for the purpose of giving them further assistance and instruction as to their duties.
- 4. The <u>state</u> supervisor of assessments may make sales, market, and productivity studies and other studies of property assessments in the <u>various</u> counties and cities of this state <u>for the purpose ofto</u> properly <u>advisingadvise</u> the <u>various</u> assessors and directors of tax equalization in the state and <u>for the purpose of recommendingto recommend</u> to the tax commissioner changes to be made by the state board of equalization in

the performance of theits equalization powers and duties prescribed for itby section 57-13-04. In any sales, market, and productivity study made according to section 57-01-06, the county directors of tax equalization or city assessors, as the case may be, are responsible for compiling shall compile a record of sales of property made in the county or city, and in conjunction with the board of county commissioners shall analyze the sales for the purpose of advising the state supervisor of assessments as to the value of using the sales in any such study. The compilations must be forwarded to the state supervisor of assessments with the findings of the county director of tax equalization, city assessors, and the board of county commissioners. In any county or city or any part thereof where the number of sales of properties is insufficient for making a sales, market, and productivity study, the county director of tax equalization or city assessor, as the case may be, in cooperation with the state supervisor of assessments or that person's assistants shall make appraisals of properties in order to determine the market value.

- 5. The <u>state</u> supervisor of assessments shall cooperate with North Dakota state university in the development of a soil mapping program, a land classification system, valuation studies, and other matters relating to the assessment of property and shall provide for the use of such information and procedure at the earliest possible date by the assessors of this state.
- 6. The <u>state</u> supervisor of assessments has general supervision of assessors and county directors of tax equalization pertaining to methods and procedures of assessment of all property and has authority to require all county directors of tax equalization to do any act necessary to obtain uniform methods and procedures of assessment.
- 7. Whenever an investigation by the state supervisor of assessments shows there is probable cause to believe the holder of a certificate issued by the state supervisor of assessments under chapter 11–10.1section 57-02-01.1 has failed to comply with any of the provisions of this titlelaw pertaining to assessments, or any rules prescribed adopted by the tax commissioner, the state supervisor of assessments may petition the tax commissioner for a hearing to show cause why the certificate should be suspended or revoked.
  - a. The state supervisor of assessments must provide the certificate holder at least ten days' notice of the time and place of the hearing.
  - b. If cause to suspend or revoke the certificate is shown, the tax commissioner may suspend or revoke the certificate.
  - c. The tax commissioner may restore a certificate after suspension or revocation.
  - d. An individual whose certificate has been suspended or revoked in the manner provided in this section may appeal that determination to the district court <u>as provided in section 28-32-42</u>.
- 8. If a certificate holder's certificate is suspended or revoked under this section, the governing body of the county in which the certificate holder performs duties shall ensure the continued administration of assessments within that county by a person authorized under section 11-10.1-05 and be

responsible for any expenses associated with the fulfillment of this responsibility. Expenses incurred by a county to fulfill the duties of a township or city assessment official whose certificate has been suspended or revoked must be charged to the political subdivision in which the certificate holder is employed and must either be paid directly to the county by the political subdivision or deducted by the county treasurer from funds coming into the treasurer's control which are apportionable to the subdivision.

- 9. The <u>state</u> supervisor of assessments shall perform such other duties relating to assessment and taxation of property as the tax commissioner directs.
- 10. The tax commissioner may prescribe adopt rules under chapter 28-32 necessary for the detailed and efficient administration of this section.

**SECTION 4.** Section 57-02-01.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and enacted as follows:

#### 57-02-01.1. Certification of assessors.

The state supervisor of assessments shall certify assessors as provided in this section.

- 1. To be certified as a class I assessor, an individual must:
  - a. Have a high school diploma or its equivalent.
  - b. Successfully complete one hundred eighty hours of assessment and appraisal instruction approved by the state supervisor of assessments. The number of hours of instruction determined necessary by the state supervisor of assessments for each of the following topics is required:
    - (1) Tax administration.
    - (2) Principles and theory of value.
    - (3) Residential property appraisal.
    - (4) Commercial property appraisal.
    - (5) Agricultural property valuation.
- 2. To be certified as a class II assessor, an individual must:
  - <u>a.</u> Have a high school diploma or its equivalent.
  - b. Successfully complete one hundred hours of assessment and appraisal instruction approved by the state supervisor of assessments. The number of hours of instruction determined necessary by the state supervisor of assessments for each of the following topics is required:
    - (1) Tax administration.
    - (2) Principles and theory of value.

- (3) Residential property appraisal.
- (4) Commercial property appraisal.
- (5) Agricultural property valuation.
- 3. The state supervisor of assessments may allow credit against required instruction in any topic under subdivision b of subsection 1 and subdivision b of subsection 2 upon receipt of documented training in this state or another state in the topic.
- 4. An individual appointed as an assessor must hold the required assessor certificate at the time of appointment or obtain that certificate within two years after initial appointment or by July 31, 2017, whichever is later. An assessor who does not obtain the required certificate within two years after initial appointment or by July 31, 2017, whichever is later, or who does not maintain that certificate in good standing is not eligible for reappointment.
- 5. An assessor certificate is valid for a term of two years from the first day of the calendar year for which it becomes effective.
- 6. A class I assessor certificate may be renewed if the holder has completed twenty hours of approved classroom instruction or seminars during the term of the certificate. For purposes of this subsection, an assessor certificate holder is entitled to one and one-half hours of credit for each hour spent as an instructor of approved classroom instruction or seminars during the term of the certificate.
- 7. A class II assessor certificate may be renewed if the holder has completed ten hours of approved classroom instruction or seminars during the term of the certificate.
- 8. The state supervisor of assessments shall notify the holder of an assessor certificate of the time for application for renewal of the individual's certificate. The state supervisor of assessments shall notify the governing body of the taxing district employing an assessor whose certificate is not renewed or whose certificate is suspended or revoked.
- 9. Any person who is denied a certificate under this section may appeal to the tax commissioner for a hearing under chapter 28-32.
- 10. The tax commissioner may adopt rules under chapter 28-32 for the administration of this section.

**SECTION 5. AMENDMENT.** Subsection 1 of section 57-02-08.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

- a. Any person sixty-five years of age or older or permanently and totally disabled, in the year in which the tax was levied, with an income that does not exceed the limitations of subdivision c is entitled to receive a reduction in the assessment on the taxable valuation on the person's homestead. An exemption under this subsection applies regardless of whether the person is the head of a family.
  - b. The exemption under this subsection continues to apply if the person does not reside in the homestead and the person's absence is due to

- confinement in a nursing home, hospital, or other care facility, for as long as the portion of the homestead previously occupied by the person is not rented to another person.
- c. The exemption must be determined according to the following schedule:
  - (1) If the person's income is not in excess of twenty-two thousand dollars, a reduction of one hundred percent of the taxable valuation of the person's homestead up to a maximum reduction of fourfive thousand fivesix hundred twenty-five dollars of taxable valuation.
  - (2) If the person's income is in excess of twenty-two thousand dollars and not in excess of twenty-six thousand dollars, a reduction of eighty percent of the taxable valuation of the person's homestead up to a maximum reduction of threefour thousand sixfive hundred dollars of taxable valuation.
  - (3) If the person's income is in excess of twenty-six thousand dollars and not in excess of thirty thousand dollars, a reduction of sixty percent of the taxable valuation of the person's homestead up to a maximum reduction of twothree thousand seventhree hundred seventy-five dollars of taxable valuation.
  - (4) If the person's income is in excess of thirty thousand dollars and not in excess of thirty-four thousand dollars, a reduction of forty percent of the taxable valuation of the person's homestead up to a maximum reduction of enetwo thousand eightwo hundred fifty dollars of taxable valuation.
  - (5) If the person's income is in excess of thirty-four thousand dollars and not in excess of thirty-eight thousand dollars, a reduction of twenty percent of the taxable valuation of the person's homestead up to a maximum reduction of nineone thousand one hundred twenty-five dollars of taxable valuation.
  - (6) If the person's income is in excess of thirty-eight thousand dollars and not in excess of forty-two thousand dollars, a reduction of ten percent of the taxable valuation of the person's homestead up to a maximum reduction of four five hundred fiftysixty-three dollars of taxable valuation.
- d. Persons residing together, as spouses or when one or more is a dependent of another, are entitled to only one exemption between or among them under this subsection. Persons residing together, who are not spouses or dependents, who are coowners of the property are each entitled to a percentage of a full exemption under this subsection equal to their ownership interests in the property.
- e. This subsection does not reduce the liability of any person for special assessments levied upon any property.
- f. Any person claiming the exemption under this subsection shall sign a verified statement of facts establishing the person's eligibility.

- g. A person is ineligible for the exemption under this subsection if the value of the assets of the person and any dependent residing with the person exceeds five hundred thousand dollars, including the value of any assets divested within the last three years.
- h. The assessor shall attach the statement filed under subdivision f to the assessment sheet and shall show the reduction on the assessment sheet.
- i. An exemption under this subsection terminates at the end of the taxable year of the death of the applicant.

**SECTION 6. AMENDMENT.** Section 57-02-33 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

## 57-02-33. Assessor districts services for unorganized territory.

All counties or parts of counties in this state not organized into civiltownships Any area not within an organized township or city must be divided intoassessor districts, which must be designated by the board of countycommissioners assessed by a certified assessor under the supervision and direction of the county director of tax equalization. The board of county commissioners shallappoint the district assessors to a four-year term of office, the first term commencing on-January 1, 1974. In case of vacancy in the office of district assessor in any of such districts, such vacancies must be filled by the board of county commissioners for the balance of the term. In making the appointment of a district assessor, the The county director of tax equalization for such county is eligible for appointment to a district assessor positionmay serve as an assessor of property under this section. Every individual performing assessor of territory not organized into civil townships shallreceive asservices under this section is entitled to compensation for services a sumand mileage and travel expenses determined by the board of county commissioners for the time actually and necessarily employed in making and completing the assessment of the district property. The compensation and expenses must be paid from the treasury of the county in which such district the assessed property is located only upon submission of an itemized statement setting forth the actual time spent in the work of the assessor and mileage traveled, approved by the board of county commissioners. In addition, the district assessor must be paid such mileage as is required to perform the duties of the office. The board of county commissioners has the authority to appoint a deputy assessor if needed, to be compensated in the same manner as the district assessor."

#### Page 5, after line 27, insert:

**"SECTION 10. TRANSITION.** The state supervisor of assessments shall recertify assessors at the end of the term of any certification that expires after July 31, 2017, upon application and submission by the certificate holder of evidence of completion of required educational sessions under North Dakota Administrative Code chapter 81-02.1-02 or under section 57-02-01.1 or rules adopted to administer that section, subject to the following additional requirements:

The holder of a township assessor or class II city assessor certification
may be recertified as a certified class II assessor upon completion of the
instruction required for class II assessor certification, with credit allowed by
the state supervisor of assessments for any instruction previously received
by the applicant for certification as a township assessor.

2. The holder of a class I city assessor or county director of tax equalization certification may be recertified as a certified class I assessor upon submission of evidence of completion of required education sessions during the term of the class I city assessor or county director of tax equalization certification."

Renumber accordingly