Sixty-fifth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

HOUSE BILL NO. 1027

Introduced by

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Legislative Management

(Economic Impact Committee)

- 1 A BILL for an Act to amend and reenact subsection 2 of section 57-40.6-01, section 57-40.6-04,
- 2 and subsection 4 of 57-40.6-10 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to the standards and
- 3 guidelines for emergency services communications systems; and to repeal section 57-40.6-03.1
- 4 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to 911 database management charges.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

- SECTION 1. AMENDMENT. Subsection 2 of section 57-40.6-01 of the North Dakota
 Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
 - 2. "Assessed communications service" means a software service, communication connection, cable or broadband transport facilities, or a combination of these facilities, between a billed retail end user and a service provider's network that provides the end user, upon dialingcontacting 911, access to a public safety answering point through a permissible interconnection to the dedicated 911 network. The term includes telephone exchange access service, wireless service, and voice over internet protocol service.
 - **SECTION 2. AMENDMENT.** Section 57-40.6-04 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

57-40.6-04. Fee collection procedure.

An assessed communications service provider may retain the actual costs of administration in collection of the fee and any telephone exchange access service provider charges for 911 database management, not to exceed five percent of the first one dollar of the fee collected. The fee proceeds must be paid by the assessed communications service provider within thirty days after it is collected from the subscriber or customer unless the provider has fewer than ten subscribers or customers in a jurisdiction, in which case the provider may pay the proceeds quarterly.

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1 SECTION 3. AMENDMENT. Subsection 4 of section 57-40.6-10 of the North Dakota 2 Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows: 3 A public safety answering point must: 4 Be operational twenty-four hours a day seven days a week or be capable of 5 transferring emergency calls to another public safety answering point meeting the 6 requirements of this section during times of nonoperation. 7 Be staffed continuously with at least one public safety telecommunicator who is b. 8 on duty at all times of operation and who has primary responsibility for handling 9 the communications of the public safety answering point. 10 Have the capability to dispatch public safety services to calls for service in the 11 public safety answering point's service area. 12 Have two-way communication with all public safety services in the public safety d. 13 answering point's service area. 14 As authorized by the governing committee, access and dispatch poison control. e. 15 suicide prevention, emergency management, and other public or private services 16 but may not accept one-way private call-in alarms or devices as 911 calls. 17 Dispatch the emergency medical service that has been determined to be the 18 quickest to arrive to the scene of medical emergencies regardless of city, county, 19 or district boundaries. The state department of health shall provide public safety 20 answering points with the physical locations of the emergency medical services 21 necessary for the implementation of this subdivision. 22 Be capable of providing emergency medical dispatch prearrival instructions on all g. 23 emergency medical calls. Prearrival instructions must be offered by a public 24 safety telecommunicator who has completed an emergency medical dispatch 25 course approved by the division of emergency health services. Prearrival medical 26 instructions may be given through a mutual aid agreement. 27 h. Have security measures in place to prevent direct physical public access to 28 on-duty public safety telecommunicators and to prevent direct physical public 29 access to any room or location where public safety answering point equipment

and systems are located.

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1 Have an alternative source of electrical power that is sufficient to ensure at least 2 six hours of continued operation of emergency communication equipment in the 3 event of a commercial power failure. A public safety answering point also must 4 have equipment to protect critical equipment and systems from irregular power 5 conditions, such as power spikes, lightning, and brownouts. Documented testing 6 of backup equipment must be performed each quarter under load. 7 Maintain a written policy for computer system security and preservation of data. j. 8 Have the capability of recording and immediate playback of recorded emergency k. 9 calls and radio traffic. 10 Ι. Employ a mechanism to differentiate emergency calls from other calls. 11 m. Provide assistance for investigating false or prank calls. 12 Have an alternative method of answering inbound emergency calls at the public n. 13 safety answering point when its primary emergency services communication 14 system equipment is inoperable. 15 No later than July 1, 2015, have a written policy, appropriate agreements, and the Ο. 16 capability to directly answer emergency calls and dispatch responders from a 17 separate, independent location other than the main public safety answering point 18 or another public safety answering point meeting the requirements of this section, 19 within sixty minutes of an event that renders the main public safety answering 20 point inoperative. This alternative location must have independent access to the 21 public safety answering point's land line database. The capability of transferring 22 emergency calls to this alternative location must be tested and documented 23 annually. 24 Remain responsible for all emergency calls received, even if a transfer of the call p. 25 is made to a second public safety answering point. The initial public safety 26 answering point may not disconnect from the three-way call unless mutually 27 agreed by the two public safety telecommunicators. Upon this agreement, the 28 secondary public safety answering point becomes responsible for the call. 29

Employ the necessary telecommunications network and electronic equipment

consistent with the minimum technical standards recommended by the national

ı		eme	ergency number association to securely receive and respond to emergency
2		con	nmunications.
3	r.	Afte	er July 1, 2015, maintain current, up-to-date mapping of its service area and
4		hav	e the ability to use longitude and latitude to direct responders.
5	S.	Sec	cure two sets of fingerprints from a law enforcement agency or any other
6		age	ncy authorized to take fingerprints and all other information necessary to
7		obta	ain state criminal history record information and a nationwide background
8		che	ck under federal law for all public safety telecommunicators.
9	t.	Hav	ve policies to ensure that all public safety telecommunicators:
10		(1)	Do not have <u>a</u> felony convictions <u>conviction</u> , at a minimum consistent with
11			the national crime information center standards;
12		(2)	Complete preemployment screening for illegal substance use and hearing;
13		(3)	Complete training through an association of public safety communications
14			officials course or equivalent courseMeet and maintain the minimum
15			qualifications and required certifications as established by the emergency
16			services communications coordinating committee;
17		(4)	Can prioritize appropriately all calls for service; and
18		(5)	Can determine the appropriate resources to be used in response to all calls
19			for public safety services.
20	u.	Hav	ve written policies establishing procedures for recording and documenting
21		rele	vant information of every request for service, including:
22		(1)	Date and time of request for service;
23		(2)	Name and address of requester, if available;
24		(3)	Type of incident reported;
25		(4)	Location of incident reported;
26		(5)	Description of resources assigned, if any;
27		(6)	Time of dispatch;
28		(7)	Time of resource arrival; and
29		(8)	Time of incident conclusion.

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1	V.	Have	e written policies establishing dispatch procedures and provide initial and
2		perio	odic training of public safety telecommunicators on those procedures,
3		inclu	iding procedures for:
4		(1)	Standardized call taking and dispatch procedures;
5		(2)	The prompt handling and appropriate routing of misdirected emergency
6			calls;
7		(3)	The handling of hang-up emergency calls;
8		(4)	The handling of calls from non-English speaking callers; and
9		(5)	The handling of calls from callers with hearing or speech impairments.
0	SECTION	N 4. R	EPEAL, Section 57-40.6-03.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is repealed.