Sixty-sixth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota In Regular Session Commencing Thursday, January 3, 2019

HOUSE BILL NO. 1113
(Judiciary Committee)
(At the request of the State Board of Pharmacy)

AN ACT to amend and reenact subsection 18 of section 19-03.1-01, section 19-03.1-05, subsection 7 of section 19-03.1-07, subsection 4 of section 19-03.1-09, subsection 7 of section 19-03.1-11, and subsection 5 of section 19-03.1-13 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to the definition of marijuana and the scheduling of controlled substances; and to declare an emergency.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

SECTION 1. AMENDMENT. Subsection 18 of section 19-03.1-01 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

18. "Marijuana" means all parts of the plant cannabis <u>sativa L.</u>, whether growing or not; the seeds thereof; the <u>resinous product of the combustionresin extracted from any part</u> of the plant cannabis; and every compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of the plant <u>of</u>, its seeds, <u>or resin</u>. The term does not include the mature stalks of the plant, fiber produced from the stalks, oil or cake made from the seeds of the plant, any other compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of mature stalks, <u>except the resinextracted therefrom</u>, fiber, oil, or cake, or the sterilized seed of the plant which is incapable of germination. The term marijuana does not include hemp as defined in title 4.1.

SECTION 2. AMENDMENT. Section 19-03.1-05 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

19-03.1-05. Schedule I.

- The controlled substances listed in this section are included in schedule I.
- 2. Schedule I consists of the drugs and other substances, by whatever official name, common or usual name, chemical name, or brand name designated, listed in this section.
- 3. Opiates. Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any of the following opiates, including their isomers, esters, ethers, salts, and salts of isomers, esters, and ethers, whenever the existence of those isomers, esters, ethers, and salts is possible within the specific chemical designation:
 - a. Acetylmethadol.
 - b. Allylprodine.
 - c. Alphacetylmethadol.
 - d. Alphameprodine.
 - e. Alphamethadol.
 - f. Benzethidine.
 - g. Betacetylmethadol.
 - h. Betameprodine.
 - Betamethadol.

j.	Betaprodine.				
k.	Clonitazene.				
l.	Dextromoramide.				
m.	Diampromide.				
n.	Diethylthiambutene.				
Ο.	Difenoxin.				
p.	Dimenoxadol.				
q.	Dimepheptanol.				
r.	Dimethylthiambutene.				
s.	Dioxaphetyl butyrate.				
t.	Dipipanone.				
u.	Ethylmethylthiambutene.				
V.	Etonitazene.				
W.	Etoxeridine.				
х.	Furethidine.				
y.	Hydroxypethidine.				
Z.	Ketobemidone.				
aa.	Levomoramide.				
bb.	Levophenacylmorphan.				
CC.	Morpheridine.				
dd.	MPPP (also known as 1-methyl-4-phenyl-4-propionoxypiperidine).				
ee.	Noracymethadol.				
ff.	Norlevorphanol.				
gg.	Normethadone.				
hh.	Norpipanone.				
ii.	PEPAP (1-(2-Phenylethyl)-4-Phenyl-4-acetoxypiperidine).				
jj.	Phenadoxone.				
kk.	Phenampromide.				
II.	Phenomorphan.				
mm.	Phenoperidine.				
nn.	Piritramide.				

- oo. Proheptazine.
- pp. Properidine.
- qq. Propiram.
- rr. Racemoramide.
- ss. Tilidine.
- tt. Trimeperidine.
- uu. 3,4-dichloro-N-[2-(dimethylamino)cyclbhexylcyclohexyl]-N-methylbenzamide (also known as U-47700).
- vv. 1-cyclohexyl-4-(1,2-diphenylethyl)piperazine (also know as MT-45).
- ww. 3,4-dichloro-*N*-{[1-(dimethylamino)cyclohexyl]methyl}benzamide (also known as AH-7921).
- xx. Fentanyl derivatives. Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule or are not FDA approved drugs, and are derived from N-(1-(2-Phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl)-N-phenylpropanamide (Fentanyl) by any substitution on or replacement of the phenethyl group, any substitution on the piperidine ring, any substitution on or replacement of the propanamide group, any substitution on the anilido phenyl group, or any combination of the above. Examples include:
 - (1) N-[1-(1-methyl-2-phenethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-N-phenylacetamide (also known as Acetyl-alpha-methylfentanyl).
 - (2) N-[1-(alpha-methyl-beta-phenyl)ethyl-4-piperidyl]propionanilide; 1-(1-methyl-2-phenylethyl)-4-(N-propanilido)piperidine (also known as Alpha-methylfentanyl).
 - (3) N-[1-methyl-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl-4-piperidinyl]-N-phenylpropanamide (also known as Alpha-methylthiofentanyl).
 - (4) N-[1-(2-hydroxy-2-phenethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-N-phenylpropanamide (also known as Beta-hydroxyfentanyl).
 - (5) N-[1-(2-hydroxy-2-phenethyl)-3-methyl-4-piperidinyl]-N-phenylpropanamide (also known as Beta-hydroxy-3-methylfentanyl).
 - (6) N-[3-methyl-1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidyl]-N-phenylpropanamide (also known as 3-Methylfentanyl).
 - (7) N-[3-methyl-1-(2-thienyl)ethyl-4-piperidinyl]-N-phenylpropanamide (also known as 3-Methylthiofentanyl).
 - (8) N-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-[1-(2-phenethyl)-4-piperidinyl]propanamide (also known as Para-fluorofentanyl).
 - (9) N-phenyl-N-[1-(2-thienyl)ethyl-4-piperidinyl]propanamide (also known as Thiofentanyl).
 - (10) N-(1-phenylethylpiperidin-4-yl)-N-phenylfuran-2-carboxamide (also known as Furanyl Fentanyl).
 - (11) N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)-N-phenylbutyramide; N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)-N-phenylbutanamide (also known as Butyryl Fentanyl).

- (12) N-[1-[2-hydroxy-2-(thiophen-2-yl)ethyl]piperidin-4-yl]-N-phenylpropionamide; N-[1-[2-hydroxy-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl]-4-piperidinyl]-N-phenylpropanamide (also known as Beta-Hydroxythiofentanyl).
- (13) N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)-N-phenylacetamide (also known as Acetyl Fentanyl).
- (14) N-phenyl-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)piperidin-4-yl]prop-2-enamideN-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)-N-phenylacrylamide (also known as Acrylfentanyl Acryl Fentanyl).
- (15) N-phenyl-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-pentanamideN-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)-N-phenylpentanamide (also known as Valeryl Fentanyl).
- (16) N-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)isobutyramide (also known as 4-Fluoroisobutyryl Fentanyl).
- (17) N-(2-fluorophenyl)-N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)propionamide (also known as Ortho-fluorofentanyl).
- (18) N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)-N-phenyltetrahydrofuran-2-carboxamide (also known as Tetrahydrofuranyl Fentanyl).
- (19) 2-methoxy-N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)-N-phenylacetamide (also known as Methoxyacetyl Fentanyl).
- (20) N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)-N-phenylcyclopropanecarboxamide (also known as Cyclopropyl Fentanyl).
- (21) N-(2-fluorophenyl)-2-methoxy-N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)acetamide (also known as Ocfentanil).
- (22) N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)-N-phenylcyclopentanecarboxamide (also known as Cyclopentyl Fentanyl).
- (23) N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)-N-phenylisobutyramide (also known as Isobutyryl Fentanyl).
- (24) N-(4-chlorophenyl)-N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)isobutyramide (also known as Parachloroisobutyryl Fentanyl).
- (25) N-(4-methoxyphenyl)-N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)butyramide (also known as Paramethoxybutyryl Fentanyl).
- (26) N-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)butyramide (also known as Para-fluorobutyryl Fentanyl).
- 4. Opium derivatives. Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any of the following opium derivatives, its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers whenever the existence of such salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation:
 - a. Acetorphine.
 - b. Acetyldihydrocodeine.
 - c. Benzylmorphine.
 - d. Codeine methylbromide.
 - e. Codeine-N-Oxide.

- f. Cyprenorphine.
- g. Desomorphine.
- h. Dihydromorphine.
- Drotebanol.
- j. Etorphine (except hydrochloride salt).
- k. Heroin.
- I. Hydromorphinol.
- m. Methyldesorphine.
- n. Methyldihydromorphine.
- o. Morphine methylbromide.
- p. Morphine methylsulfonate.
- q. Morphine-N-Oxide.
- r. Myrophine.
- s. Nicocodeine.
- t. Nicomorphine.
- u. Normorphine.
- v. Pholcodine.
- w. Thebacon.
- 5. Hallucinogenic substances. Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation containing any quantity of the following hallucinogenic substances, including their salts, isomers, and salts of isomers whenever the existence of those salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation (for purposes of this subsection only, the term "isomer" includes the optical, position, and geometric isomers):
 - a. Alpha-ethyltryptamine, its optical isomers, salts, and salts of isomers (also known as etryptamine; a-ethyl-1H-indole-3-ethanamine; 3-(2-aminobutyl) indole).
 - b. Alpha-methyltryptamine.
 - c. 4-methoxyamphetamine (also known as 4-methoxy-a-methylphenethylamine; paramethoxyamphetamine; PMA).
 - d. N-hydroxy-3,4-methylenedioxyamphetamine (also known as N-hydroxy-alpha-methyl-3,4(methylenedioxy)phenylamine, and N-hydroxy MDA.
 - e. Hashish.
 - f. Ibogaine (also known as 7-Ethyl-6, 6B, 7, 8, 9, 10, 12, 13-octahydro-2-methoxy-6, 9-methano-5 H-pyrido [1', 2':1,2] azepino (5,4-b) indole; Tabernanthe iboga).
 - g. Lysergic acid diethylamide.

- h. Marijuana.
- i. Parahexyl (also known as 3-Hexyl-1-hydroxy-7,8,9,10-tetrahydro- 6,6,9-trimethyl-6H-dibenzol[b,d]pyran; Synhexyl).
- j. Peyote (all parts of the plant presently classified botanically as Lophophora williamsii Lemaire, whether growing or not, the seeds thereof, any extract from any part of such plant, and every compound, manufacture, salts, derivative, mixture, or preparation of such plant, its seeds, or its extracts).
- k. N-ethyl-3-piperidyl benzilate.
- I. N-methyl-3-piperidyl benzilate.
- m. Psilocybin.
- n. Tetrahydrocannabinols, meaning tetrahydrocannabinols naturally contained in a plant of the genus Cannabis (cannabis plant), as well as synthetic equivalents of the substances contained in the cannabis plant, or in the resinous extractives of such plant, including synthetic substances, derivatives, and their isomers with similar chemical structure and pharmacological activity to those substances contained in the plant; excluding tetrahydrocannabinols found in hemp as defined in title 4.1; such as the following:
 - (1) Delta-1 cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol, and their optical isomers. Other names: Delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol.
 - (2) Delta-6 cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol, and their optical isomers.
 - (3) Delta-3,4 cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol, and its optical isomers.

(Since nomenclature of these substances is not internationally standardized, compounds of these structures, regardless of numerical designation of atomic positions covered.)

- o. Cannabinoids, synthetic. It includes the chemicals and chemical groups listed below, including their homologues, salts, isomers, and salts of isomers. The term "isomer" includes the optical, position, and geometric isomers.
 - (1) Indole carboxaldehydes. Any compound structurally derived from 1H-indole-3-carboxaldehyde or 1H-2-carboxaldehyde substituted in both of the following ways: at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, cyanoalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-pyrrolidinyl)methyl, 1-(N-methyl-3-morpholinyl)methyl, tetrahydropyranylmethyl, benzyl, or halo benzyl group; and, at the hydrogen of the carboxaldehyde by a phenyl, benzyl, cumyl, naphthyl, adamantyl, cyclopropyl, pyrrolidinyl, piperazinyl, or propionaldehyde group whether or not the compound is further modified to any extent in the following ways:
 - (a) Substitution to the indole ring to any extent; or
 - (b) Substitution to the phenyl, benzyl, <u>cumyl</u>, naphthyl, adamantyl, cyclopropyl, <u>pyrrolidinyl</u>, <u>piperazinyl</u>, or propionaldehyde group to any extent; or
 - (c) A nitrogen heterocyclic analog of the indole ring; or
 - (d) A nitrogen heterocyclic analog of the phenyl, benzyl, naphthyl, adamantyl, or cyclopropyl ring.
 - (e) Examples include:

- [1] 1-Pentyl-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole Other names: JWH-018 and AM-678.
- [2] 1-Butyl-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole Other names: JWH-073.
- [3] 1-Pentyl-3-(4-methoxy-1-naphthoyl)indole Other names: JWH-081.
- [4] 1-[2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl]-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole Other names: JWH-200.
- [5] 1-Propyl-2-methyl-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole Other names: JWH-015.
- [6] 1-Hexyl-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole Other names: JWH-019.
- [7] 1-Pentyl-3-(4-methyl-1-naphthoyl)indole Other names: JWH-122.
- [8] 1-Pentyl-3-(4-ethyl-1-naphthoyl)indole Other names: JWH-210.
- [9] 1-Pentyl-3-(4-chloro-1-naphthoyl)indole Other names: JWH-398.
- [10] 1-(5-fluoropentyl)-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole Other names: AM-2201.
- [11] 1-(2-cyclohexylethyl)-3-(2-methoxyphenylacetyl)indole Other names: RCS-8.
- [12] 1-Pentyl-3-(2-methoxyphenylacetyl)indole Other names: JWH-250.
- [13] 1-Pentyl-3-(2-methylphenylacetyl)indole Other names: JWH-251.
- [14] 1-Pentyl-3-(2-chlorophenylacetyl)indole Other names: JWH-203.
- [15] 1-Pentyl-3-(4-methoxybenzoyl)indole Other names: RCS-4.
- [16] (1-(5-fluoropentyl)-3-(2-iodobenzoyl)indole) Other names: AM-694.
- [17] (4-Methoxyphenyl)-[2-methyl-1-(2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl)indol-3-yl]methanone Other names: WIN 48,098 and Pravadoline.
- [18] (1-Pentylindol-3-yl)-(2,2,3,3-tetramethylcyclopropyl)methanone -- Other names: UR-144.
- [19] (1-(5-fluoropentyl)indol-3-yl)-(2,2,3,3-tetramethylcyclopropyl)methanone Other names: XLR-11.
- [20] (1-(2-morpholin-4-ylethyl)-1H-indol-3-yl)-(2,2,3,3-tetramethylcyclopropyl)methanone Other names: A-796,260.
- [21] (1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indazol-3-yl)(naphthalen-1-yl)methanone -- Other names: THJ-2201.
- [22] 1-naphthalenyl(1-pentyl-1H-indazol-3-yl)-methanone -- Other names: THJ-018.
- [23] (1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazol-2-yl)(naphthalen-1-yl)methanone Other names: FUBIMINA.
- [24] 1-[(N-methylpiperidin-2-yl)methyl]-3-(adamant-1-oyl) indole Other names: AM-1248.
- [25] 1-Pentyl-3-(1-adamantoyl)indole Other names: AB-001 and JWH-018 adamantyl analog.

- (2) Indole carboxamides. Any compound structurally derived from 1H-indole-3-carboxamide or 1H-2-carboxamide substituted in both of the following ways: at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, cyanoalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, 2-(4-morpholinyl)methyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-pyrrolidinyl)methyl, 1-(N-methyl-3-morpholinyl)methyl, tetrahydropyranylmethyl, benzyl, or halo benzyl group; and, at the nitrogen of the carboxamide by a phenyl, benzyl, cumyl, naphthyl, adamantyl, cyclopropyl, or propionaldehyde group whether or not the compound is further modified to any extent in the following ways:
 - (a) Substitution to the indole ring to any extent; or
 - (b) Substitution to the phenyl, benzyl, <u>cumyl</u>, naphthyl, adamantyl, cyclopropyl, or propionaldehyde group to any extent; or
 - (c) A nitrogen heterocyclic analog of the indole ring; or
 - (d) A nitrogen heterocyclic analog of the phenyl, benzyl, naphthyl, adamantyl, or cyclopropyl ring.
 - (e) Examples include:
 - [1] N-Adamantyl-1-pentyl-1H-indole-3-carboxamide Other names: JWH-018 adamantyl carboxamide, APICA, SDB-001, and 2NE1.
 - [2] N-Adamantyl-1-fluoropentylindole-3-carboxamide Other names: STS-135.
 - [3] N-Adamantyl-1-pentyl-1H-Indazole-3-carboxamide Other names: AKB 48 and APINACA.
 - [4] N-1-naphthalenyl-1-pentyl-1H-indole-3-carboxamide Other names: NNEI and MN-24.
 - [5] N-(1-Amino-3,3-dimethyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1-pentyl-1H-indole-3-carboxamide Other names: ADBICA.
 - [6] (S)-N-(1-amino-3-methyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1-pentyl-1H-indazole-3-carboxamide Other names: AB-PINACA.
 - [7] N-[(1S)-1-(aminocarbonyl)-2-methylpropyl]-1-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-indazole-3-carboxamide Other names: AB-FUBINACA.
 - [8] (S)-N-(1-amino-3-methyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamide Other names: 5-Fluoro AB-PINACA <u>and 5F-AB-PINACA</u>.
 - [9] N-(1-amino-3,3-dimethyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1-pentyl-1H-indazole-3-carboxamide Other names: ADB-PINACA.
 - [10] N-[(1S)-1-(aminocarbonyl)-2-methylpropyl]-1-(cyclohexylmethyl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamide Other names: AB-CHMINACA.
 - [11] N-(1-Amino-3,3-dimethyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1-(4-fluorobenzyl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamide Other names: ADB-FUBINACA.
 - [12] N-((3s,5s,7s)-adamantan-1-yl)-1-(4-fluorobenzyl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamide Other names: FUB-AKB48 and AKB48 N-(4-fluorobenzyl) analog.

- [13] 1-(5-fluoropentyl)-N-(quinolin-8-yl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamide Other names: 5-fluoro-THJ.
- [14] (S)-methyl 2-(1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamido)-3-methylbutanoate Other names: 5-fluoro AMB <u>and 5F-AMB</u>.
- [15] methyl (1-(4-fluorobenzyl)-1H-indazole-3-carbonyl)-L-valinate2-(1-(4-fluorobenzyl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamido)-3-methylbutanoate Other names: FUB-AMB, MMB-FUBINACA, and AMB-FUBINACA.
- [16] N-[1-(aminocarbonyl)-2,2-dimethylpropyl]-1-(cyclohexylmethyl)-1 H-indazole-3-carboxamide - Other names: MAB-CHMINACA and ADB-CHMINACA.
- [17] Methyl 2-(1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamido)-3,3-dimethylbutanoate Other names: 5F-ADB and 5F-MDMB-PINACA.
- [18] N-(adamantan-1-yl)-1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamide Other names: 5F-APINACA and 5F-AKB48.
- [19] Methyl 2-(1-(cyclohexylmethyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxamido)-3,3-dimethylbutanoate Other names: MDMB-CHMICA and MMB-CHMINACA.
- [20] Methyl 2-(1-(4-fluorobenzyl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamido)-3,3-dimethylbutanoate Other names: MDMB-FUBINACA.
- [21] <u>1-(4-cyanobutyl)-N-(2-phenylpropan-2-yl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamide Other names: 4-CN-CUMYL-BUTINACA; 4-cyano- CUMYL-BUTINACA; 4-CN-CUMYL BINACA; CUMYL-4CN -BINACA; SGT-78.</u>
- [22] methyl 2-(1-(cyclohexylmethyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxamido)-3-methylbutanoate Other names: MMB-CHMICA, AMB-CHMICA.
- [23] 1-(5-fluoropentyl)-N-(2-phenylpropan-2-yl)-1H-pyrrolo[2,3-b]pyridine-3-carboxamide Other names: 5F-CUMYL-P7AICA.
- (3) Indole carboxylic acids. Any compound structurally derived from 1H-indole-3-carboxylic acid or 1H-2-carboxylic acid substituted in both of the following ways: at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, cyanoalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-pyrrolidinyl)methyl, 1-(N-methyl-3-morpholinyl)methyl, tetrahydropyranylmethyl, benzyl, or halo benzyl group; and, at the hydroxyl group of the carboxylic acid by a phenyl, benzyl, cumyl, naphthyl, adamantyl, cyclopropyl, or propionaldehyde group whether or not the compound is further modified to any extent in the following ways:
 - (a) Substitution to the indole ring to any extent; or
 - (b) Substitution to the phenyl, benzyl, <u>cumyl</u>, naphthyl, adamantyl, cyclopropyl, propionaldehyde group to any extent; or
 - (c) A nitrogen heterocyclic analog of the indole ring; or
 - (d) A nitrogen heterocyclic analog of the phenyl, benzyl, naphthyl, adamantyl, or cyclopropyl ring.
 - (e) Examples include:

- [1] 1-(cyclohexylmethyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxylic acid 8-quinolinyl ester Other names: BB-22 and QUCHIC.
- [2] naphthalen-1-yl 1-(4-fluorobenzyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxylate Other names: FDU-PB-22.
- [3] 1-pentyl-1H-indole-3-carboxylic acid 8-quinolinyl ester Other names: PB-22 and QUPIC.
- [4] 1-(5-Fluoropentyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxylic acid 8-quinolinyl ester Other names: 5-Fluoro PB-22 and 5F-PB-22.
- [5] quinolin-8-yl-1-(4-fluorobenzyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxylate Other names: FUB-PB-22.
- [6] naphthalen-1-yl 1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxylate Other names: NM2201 and CBL2201.
- Naphthylmethylindoles. Any compound containing 1H-indol-3-vl-(1а naphthyl)methane structure with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, cyanoalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 1-(Nmethyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2pyrrolidinyl)methyl, 1-(N-methyl-3-morpholinyl)methyl, or (tetrahydropyran-4yl)methyl group whether or not further substituted in the indole ring to any extent and whether or not substituted in the naphthyl ring to any extent. Examples include:
 - (a) 1-Pentyl-1H-indol-3-yl-(1-naphthyl)methane Other names: JWH-175.
 - (b) 1-Pentyl-1H-indol-3-yl-(4-methyl-1-naphthyl)methane Other names: JWH-184.
- (5) Naphthoylpyrroles. Any compound containing a 3-(1-naphthoyl)pyrrole structure with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the pyrrole ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, cyanoalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-pyrrolidinyl)methyl, 1-(N-methyl-3-morpholinyl)methyl, or (tetrahydropyran-4- yl)methyl group whether or not further substituted in the pyrrole ring to any extent, whether or not substituted in the naphthyl ring to any extent. Examples include: (5-(2-fluorophenyl)-1-pentylpyrrol-3-yl)-naphthalen-1-ylmethanone Other names: JWH-307.
- (6) Naphthylmethylindenes. Any compound containing a naphthylideneindene structure with substitution at the 3-position of the indene ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, cyanoalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, 2 (4 morpholinyl)ethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-pyrrolidinyl)methyl, 1-(N-methyl-3-morpholinyl)methyl, or (tetrahydropyran-4-yl)methyl group whether or not further substituted in the indene ring to any extent, whether or not substituted in the naphthyl ring to any extent. Examples include: E-1-[1-(1-Naphthalenylmethylene)-1H-inden-3-yl]pentane Other names: JWH-176.
- (7) Cyclohexylphenols. Any compound containing a 2-(3-hydroxycyclohexyl)phenol structure with substitution at the 5-position of the phenolic ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, cyanoalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-pyrrolidinyl)methyl, 1-(N-methyl-3-morpholinyl)methyl, or (tetrahydropyran-4-yl)methyl group whether or not substituted in the cyclohexyl ring to any extent. Examples include:
 - (a) 5-(1,1-dimethylheptyl)-2-[(1R,3S)-3-hydroxycyclohexyl]-phenol Other names: CP 47,497.

- (b) 5-(1,1-dimethyloctyl)-2-[(1R,3S)-3-hydroxycyclohexyl]-phenol Other names: Cannabicyclohexanol and CP 47,497 C8 homologue.
- (c) 5-(1,1-dimethylheptyl)-2-[(1R,2R)-5-hydroxy-2-(3-hydroxypropyl)cyclohexyl]-phenol Other names: CP 55,940.
- (8) Others specifically named:
 - (a) (6aR,10aR)-9-(hydroxymethyl)-6,6-dimethyl-3-(2-methyloctan-2-yl)-6a,7,10,10a-tetrahydrobenzo[c]chromen-1-ol Other names: HU-210.
 - (b) (6aS,10aS)-9-(hydroxymethyl)-6,6-dimethyl-3-(2-methyloctan-2-yl)-6a,7,10,10a-tetrahydrobenzo[c]chromen-1-ol Other names: Dexanabinol and HU-211.
 - (c) 2,3-Dihydro-5-methyl-3-(4-morpholinylmethyl)pyrrolo[1,2,3-de]-1,4-benzoxazin-6-yl]-1-napthalenylmethanone Other names: WIN 55,212-2.
 - (d) Naphthalen-1-yl-(4-pentyloxynaphthalen-1-yl)methanone Other names: CB-13.
- p. Substituted phenethylamines. This includes any compound, unless specifically excepted, specifically named in this schedule, or listed under a different schedule, structurally derived from phenylethan-2-amine by substitution on the phenyl ring in any of the following ways, that is to say, by substitution with a fused methylenedioxy ring, fused furan ring, or fused tetrahydrofuran ring; by substitution with two alkoxy groups; by substitution with one alkoxy and either one fused furan, tetrahydrofuran, or tetrahydropyran ring systems from any combination of the furan, tetrahydrofuran, or tetrahydropyran ring systems.
 - (1) Whether or not the compound is further modified in any of the following ways, that is to say:
 - (a) By substitution of phenyl ring by any halo, hydroxyl, alkyl, trifluoromethyl, alkoxy, or alkylthio groups;
 - (b) By substitution at the 2-position by any alkyl groups; or
 - (c) By substitution at the 2-amino nitrogen atom with alkyl, dialkyl, benzyl, hydroxybenzyl, methylenedioxybenzyl, or methoxybenzyl groups.
 - (2) Examples include:
 - (a) 2-(4-Chloro-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)ethanamine (also known as 2C-C or 2,5-Dimethoxy-4-chlorophenethylamine).
 - (b) 2-(2,5-Dimethoxy-4-methylphenyl)ethanamine (also known as 2C-D or 2,5-Dimethoxy-4-methylphenethylamine).
 - (c) 2-(2,5-Dimethoxy-4-ethylphenyl)ethanamine (also known as 2C-E or 2,5-Dimethoxy-4-ethylphenethylamine).
 - (d) 2-(2,5-Dimethoxyphenyl)ethanamine (also known as 2C-H or 2,5-Dimethoxyphenethylamine).
 - (e) 2-(4-lodo-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)ethanamine (also known as 2C-l or 2,5-Dimethoxy-4-iodophenethylamine).

- (f) 2-(2,5-Dimethoxy-4-nitro-phenyl)ethanamine (also known as 2C-N or 2,5-Dimethoxy-4-nitrophenethylamine).
- (g) 2-(2,5-Dimethoxy-4-(n)-propylphenyl)ethanamine (also known as 2C-P or 2,5-Dimethoxy-4-propylphenethylamine).
- (h) 2-[4-(Ethylthio)-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl]ethanamine (also known as 2C-T-2 or 2,5-Dimethoxy-4-ethylthiophenethylamine).
- (i) 2-[4-(Isopropylthio)-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl]ethanamine (also known as 2C-T-4 or 2,5-Dimethoxy-4-isopropylthiophenethylamine).
- (j) 2-(4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)ethanamine (also known as 2C-B or 2,5-Dimethoxy-4-bromophenethylamine).
- (k) 2-(2,5-dimethoxy-4-(methylthio)phenyl)ethanamine (also known as 2C-T or 4-methylthio-2,5-dimethoxyphenethylamine).
- (I) 1-(2,5-dimethoxy-4-iodophenyl)-propan-2-amine (also known as DOI or 2,5-Dimethoxy-4-iodoamphetamine).
- (m) 1-(4-Bromo-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-2-aminopropane (also known as DOB or 2,5-Dimethoxy-4-bromoamphetamine).
- (n) 1-(4-chloro-2,5-dimethoxy-phenyl)propan-2-amine (also known as DOC or 2,5-Dimethoxy-4-chloroamphetamine).
- (o) 2-(4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-N-[(2-methoxyphenyl)methyl]ethanamine (also known as 2C-B-NBOMe; 2,5B-NBOMe or 2,5-Dimethoxy-4-bromo-N-(2-methoxybenzyl)phenethylamine).
- (p) 2-(4-iodo-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-N-[(2 methoxyphenyl)methyl]ethanamine (also known as 2C-I-NBOMe; 2,5I-NBOMe or 2,5-Dimethoxy-4-iodo-N-(2-methoxybenzyl)phenethylamine).
- (q) N-(2-Methoxybenzyl)-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)ethanamine (also known as mescaline-NBOMe or 3,4,5-trimethoxy-N-(2-methoxybenzyl)phenethylamine).
- (r) 2-(4-chloro-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-N-[(2-methoxyphenyl)methyl]ethanamine (also known as 2C-C-NBOMe; 2,5C-NBOMe or 2,5-Dimethoxy-4-chloro-N-(2-methoxybenzyl)phenethylamine).
- (s) 2-(7-Bromo-5-methoxy-2,3-dihydro-1-benzofuran-4-yl)ethanamine (also known as 2CB-5-hemiFLY).
- (t) 2-(8-bromo-2,3,6,7-tetrahydrofuro [2,3-f][1]benzofuran-4-yl)ethanamine (also known as 2C-B-FLY).
- (u) 2-(10-Bromo-2,3,4,7,8,9-hexahydropyrano[2,3-g]chromen-5-yl)ethanamine (also known as 2C-B-butterFLY).
- (v) N-(2-Methoxybenzyl)-1-(8-bromo-2,3,6,7-tetrahydrobenzo[1,2-b:4,5-b']difuran-4-yl)-2-aminoethane (also known as 2C-B-FLY-NBOMe).
- (w) 1-(4-Bromofuro[2,3-f][1]benzofuran-8-yl)propan-2-amine (also known as bromo-benzodifuranyl-isopropylamine or bromo-dragonFLY).
- (x) N-(2-Hydroxybenzyl)-4-iodo-2,5-dimethoxyphenethylamine (also known as 2C-I-NBOH or 2,5I-NBOH).

- (y) 5-(2-Aminopropyl)benzofuran (also known as 5-APB).
- (z) 6-(2-Aminopropyl)benzofuran (also known as 6-APB).
- (aa) 5-(2-Aminopropyl)-2,3-dihydrobenzofuran (also known as 5-APDB).
- (bb) 6-(2-Aminopropyl)-2,3,-dihydrobenzofuran (also known as 6-APDB).
- (cc) 2,5-dimethoxy-amphetamine (also known as 2,5-dimethoxy-amethylphenethylamine; 2,5-DMA).
- (dd) 2,5-dimethoxy-4-ethylamphetamine (also known as DOET).
- (ee) 2,5-dimethoxy-4-(n)-propylthiophenethylamine (also known as 2C-T-7).
 - (ff) 5-methoxy-3,4-methylenedioxy-amphetamine.
- (gg) 4-methyl-2,5-dimethoxy-amphetamine (also known as 4-methyl-2,5-dimethoxy-a-methylphenethylamine; DOM and STP).
- (hh) 3,4-methylenedioxy amphetamine (also known as MDA).
 - (ii) 3,4-methylenedioxymethamphetamine (also known as MDMA).
 - (jj) 3,4-methylenedioxy-N-ethylamphetamine (also known as N-ethyl-alpha-methyl-3,4(methylenedioxy)phenethylamine, MDE, MDEA).
- (kk) 3,4,5-trimethoxy amphetamine.
- (II) Mescaline (also known as 3,4,5-trimethoxyphenethylamine).
- q. Substituted tryptamines. This includes any compound, unless specifically excepted, specifically named in this schedule, or listed under a different schedule, structurally derived from 2-(1H-indol-3-yl)ethanamine (i.e., tryptamine) by mono- or di-substitution of the amine nitrogen with alkyl or alkenyl groups or by inclusion of the amino nitrogen atom in a cyclic structure whether or not the compound is further substituted at the alphaposition with an alkyl group or whether or not further substituted on the indole ring to any extent with any alkyl, alkoxy, halo, hydroxyl, or acetoxy groups. Examples include:
 - (1) 5-methoxy-N,N-diallyltryptamine (also known as 5-MeO-DALT).
 - (2) 4-acetoxy-N,N-dimethyltryptamine (also known as 4-AcO-DMT or O-Acetylpsilocin).
 - (3) 4-hydroxy-N-methyl-N-ethyltryptamine (also known as 4-HO-MET).
 - (4) 4-hydroxy-N,N-diisopropyltryptamine (also known as 4-HO-DIPT).
 - (5) 5-methoxy-N-methyl-N-isopropyltryptamine (also known as 5-MeO-MiPT).
 - (6) 5-methoxy-N,N-dimethyltryptamine (also known as 5-MeO-DMT).
 - (7) Bufotenine (also known as 3-(Beta-Dimethyl-aminoethyl)-5-hydroxyindole; 3-(2-dimethylaminoethyl)-5-indolol; N, N-dimethylserotonin; 5-hydroxy-N,N-dimethyltryptamine; mappine).
 - (8) 5-methoxy-N,N-diisopropyltryptamine (also known as 5-MeO-DiPT).
 - (9) Diethyltryptamine (also known as N,N-Diethyltryptamine; DET).
 - (10) Dimethyltryptamine (also known as DMT).

- (11) Psilocyn.
- r. 1-[3-(trifluoromethylphenyl)]piperazine (also known as TFMPP).
- s. 1-[4-(trifluoromethylphenyl)]piperazine.
- t. 6,7-dihydro-5H-indeno-(5,6-d)-1,3-dioxol-6-amine (also known as 5,6-Methylenedioxy-2-aminoindane or MDAI).
- u. 2-(Ethylamino)-2-(3-methoxyphenyl)cyclohexanone (also known as Methoxetamine or MXE).
- v. Ethylamine analog of phencyclidine (also known as N-ethyl-1-phenylcyclohexylamine, (1-phenylcyclohexyl) ethylamine, N-(1-phenylcyclohexyl) ethylamine, cyclohexamine, PCE).
- w. Pyrrolidine analog of phencyclidine (also known as 1-(1-phenylcyclohexyl)-pyrrolidine, PCPy, PHP).
- x. Thiophene analog of phencyclidine (also known as (1-[1-(2-thienyl) cyclohexyl] piperidine; 2-Thienylanalog of phencyclidine; TPCP, TCP).
- y. 1-[1-(2-thienyl)cyclohexyl]pyrrolidine (also known as TCPy).
- z. Salvia divinorum, salvinorin A, or any of the active ingredients of salvia divinorum.
- 6. Depressants. Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances having a depressant effect on the central nervous system, whenever the existence of such salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation:
 - a. Flunitrazepam.
 - b. Gamma-hydroxybutyric acid.
 - e.b. Mecloqualone.
 - d.c. Methaqualone.
- 7. Stimulants. Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances having a stimulant effect on the central nervous system, including its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers:
 - a. Aminorex (also known as 2-amino-5-phenyl-2-oxazoline, or 4,5-dihydro-5-phenyl-2-oxazolamine).
 - b. Cathinone.
 - Substituted cathinones. Any compound, material, mixture, preparation, or other product, unless listed in another schedule or an approved food and drug administration drug (e.g., buproprion, pyrovalerone), structurally derived from 2-aminopropan-1-one by substitution at the 1-position with either phenyl, naphthyl, or thiophene ring systems, whether or not the compound is further modified in any of the following ways:
 - (1) By substitution in the ring system to any extent with alkyl, alkylenedioxy, alkoxy, haloalkyl, hydroxyl, or halide substituents, whether or not further substituted in the ring system by one or more other univalent substitutents;
 - (2) By substitution at the 3-position with an acyclic alkyl substituent;

- (3) By substitution at the 2-amino nitrogen atom with alkyl, dialkyl, benzyl, or methoxybenzyl groups; or
- (4) By inclusion of the 2-amino nitrogen atom in a cyclic structure.

Some trade or other names:

- (a) 3,4-Methylenedioxy-alpha-pyrrolidinopropiophenone (also known as MDPPP).
- (b) 3,4-Methylenedioxy-N-ethylcathinone (also known as Ethylone, MDEC, or bk-MDEA).
- (c) 3,4-Methylenedioxy-N-methylcathinone (also known as Methylone or bk-MDMA).
- (d) 3,4-Methylenedioxypyrovalerone (also known as MDPV).
- (e) 3,4-Dimethylmethcathinone (also known as 3,4-DMMC).
- (f) 2-(methylamino)-1-phenylpentan-1-one (also known as Pentedrone).
- (g) 2-Fluoromethcathinone (also known as 2-FMC).
- (h) 3-Fluoromethcathinone (also known as 3-FMC).
- (i) 4-Methylethcathinone (also known as 4-MEC and 4-methyl-N-ethylcathinone).
- (j) 4-Fluoromethcathinone (also known as Flephedrone and 4-FMC).
- (k) 4-Methoxy-alpha-pyrrolidinopropiophenone (also known as MOPPP).
- (I) 4-Methoxymethcathinone (also known as Methedrone; bk-PMMA).
- (m) 4'-Methyl-alpha-pyrrolidinobutiophenone (also known as MPBP).
- (n) Alpha-methylamino-butyrophenone (also known as Buphedrone or MABP).
- (o) Alpha-pyrrolidinobutiophenone (also known as alpha-PBP).
- (p) Alpha-pyrrolidinopropiophenone (also known as alpha-PPP).
- (q) Alpha-pyrrolidinopentiophenone (also known as Alpha-pyrrolidinovalerophenone or alpha-PVP).
- (r) Beta-keto-N-methylbenzodioxolylbutanamine (also known as Butylone or bk-MBDB).
- (s) Ethcathinone (also known as N-Ethylcathinone).
- (t) 4-Methylmethcathinone (also known as Mephedrone or 4-MMC).
- (u) Methcathinone.
- (v) N,N-dimethylcathinone (also known as metamfepramone).
- (w) Naphthylpyrovalerone (naphyrone).
- (x) B-Keto-Methylbenzodioxolylpentanamine (also known as Pentylone).
- (y) 4-Methyl-alpha-pyrrolidinopropiophenone (also known as 4-MePPP and MPPP).

- (z) 1-(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)-2-(ethylamino)-pentan-1-one (also known as Ephylone and N-Ethylpentylone).
- d. Fenethylline.
- e. Fluoroamphetamine.
- f. Fluoromethamphetamine.
- g. (±)cis-4-methylaminorex (also known as (±)cis-4,5-dihydro-4-methyl-5-phenyl-2-oxazolamine).
- h. N-Benzylpiperazine (also known as BZP, 1-benzylpiperazine).
- i. N-ethylamphetamine.
- j. N, N-dimethylamphetamine (also known as N,N-alpha-trimethyl-benzeneethanamine; N,N-alpha-trimethylphenethylamine).

SECTION 3. AMENDMENT. Subsection 7 of section 19-03.1-07 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

- 7. Hallucinogenic substances.
 - <u>a.</u> Nabilone [another name for nabilone (±)-trans-3-(1, 1-dimethylheptyl)-6, 6a, 7, 8, 10, 10a-hexahydro-1-hydroxy-6, 6-dimethyl-9Hdibenzo [b, d] pyran-9-one].
 - <u>b.</u> <u>Dronabinol [(-)-delta-9-trans tetrahydrocannabinol] in an oral solution in a drug product approved for marketing by the federal food and drug administration.</u>

SECTION 4. AMENDMENT. Subsection 4 of section 19-03.1-09 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

- 4. Depressants. Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation that contains any quantity of the following substances having a depressant effect on the central nervous system:
 - a. Any compound, mixture, or preparation containing:
 - Amobarbital;
 - (2) Secobarbital;
 - (3) Pentobarbital;

or any salt thereof and one or more other active medicinal ingredients which are not listed in any schedule.

- b. Any suppository dosage form containing:
 - (1) Amobarbital;
 - Secobarbital;
 - (3) Pentobarbital;

or any salt of any of these drugs and approved by the food and drug administration for marketing only as a suppository.

- c. Any substance that contains any quantity of a derivative of barbituric acid, or any salt of a derivative of barbituric acid, except those substances which are specifically listed in other schedules thereof.
- d. Chlorhexadol.
- e. Embutramide.
- f. Gamma-hydroxybutyric acid in a United States food and drug administration-approved drug product.
- g. Ketamine.
- h. Lysergic acid.
- i. Lysergic acid amide.
- j. Methyprylon.
- k. Perampanel.
- I. Sativex or its successor name as determined by the federal food and drug administration.
- m. Sulfondiethylmethane.
- m.n. Sulfonethylmethane.
- n.o. Sulfonmethane.
- e-<u>p.</u> Tiletamine and zolazepam or any salt thereof. Some trade or other names for a tiletamine-zolazepam combination product: Telazol. Some trade or other names for tiletamine: 2-(ethylamino)-2-(2-thienyl)-cyclohexanone. Some trade or other names for zolazepam: 4-2(2-fluorophenyl)-6, 8-dihydro-1,3,8-trimethylpyrazolo-[3,4-e][1,4]-diazepin-7(1H)-one, flupyrazapon.

SECTION 5. AMENDMENT. Subsection 7 of section 19-03.1-11 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

- 7. Other substances. Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of:
 - a. Pentazocine, including its salts.
 - b. Butorphanol, including its optical isomers.
 - c. Eluxadoline (5-[[(2S)-2-amino-3-[4-aminocarbonyl)-2,6-dimethylphenyl]-1-oxopropyl] [(1S)-1-(4-phenyl-1*H*-imidazol-2-yl)ethyl]amino]methyl]-2-methoxybenzoic acid) (including its optical isomers) and its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers.
 - d. Epidiolex or its successor name as determined by the United States food and drugadministration.

SECTION 6. AMENDMENT. Subsection 5 of section 19-03.1-13 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

5. Depressants. Unless specifically exempted or excluded or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation that contains any quantity of the following substances having a depressant effect on the central nervous system, including its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers whenever the existence of such salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible:

- a. Brivaracetam ((2S)-2-[(4R)-2-oxo-4-propylpyrrolidin-1-yl]butanamide) (also referred to as BRV; UCB-34714; Briviact) (including its salts).
- b. Ezogabine N-[2-amino-4-(4-fluorobenzylamino)-phenyl]-carbamic acid ethyl ester.
- c. Lacosamide [(R)-2-acetoamido-N-benzyl-3-methoxy-propionamide].
- d. Pregabalin [(S)-3-(aminomethyl)-5-methylhexanoic acid].
- e. Approved cannabidiol drugs. A drug product in finished dosage formulation that has been approved by the federal food and drug administration, which contains cannabidiol (2-[1R-3-methyl-6R-(1-methylethenyl)-2-cyclohexen-1-yl]-5-pentyl-1,3-benzenediol) derived from cannabis and no more than 0.1 percent weight for weight residual tetrahydrocannabinols.
- f. Gabapentin [2-[1-(aminomethyl) cyclohexyl] acetic acid].

SECTION 7. EMERGENCY. This Act is declared to be an emergency measure.

	Spe	eaker of the House	President of the Sen	President of the Senate	
	Chi	ef Clerk of the House	Secretary of the Sen	ate	
Assemb	ly of North Dakota	and is known on the rec	use of Representatives of the Sixty- ords of that body as House Bill No resentatives voted in favor of said la	o. 1113 and th	
Vote:	Yeas 89	Nays 2	Absent 3		
	Spe	eaker of the House	Chief Clerk of the H	ouse	
This cer	tifies that two-thirds	s of the members-elect of	the Senate voted in favor of said la	W.	
Vote:	Yeas 44	Nays 0	Absent 3		
	Pre	sident of the Senate	Secretary of the Sen	ate	
Receive	d by the Governor	atM. on		, 2019.	
Approve	d atM. c	on		, 2019.	
			Governor		
Filed in t	this office this	day of		, 2019,	
at	o'clock	M.			
			Secretary of State		