Sixty-sixth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

SENATE BILL NO. 2154

Introduced by

Senators Poolman, Dever, Hogan

Representatives Beadle, Dobervich, Meier

- 1 A BILL for an Act to create and enact chapter 23-49 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating
- 2 to hospital discharge policies.

3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

- 4 **SECTION 1.** Chapter 23-49 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and enacted as follows:
- 6 **23-49-01. Definitions.**
- 7 <u>As used in this chapter:</u>
- 1. "Aftercare assistance" means assistance provided by a lay caregiver to a patient
 following discharge of the patient which is a task directly related to the patient's
 condition at the time of discharge, does not require a licensed professional, and is
 determined to be appropriate by the patient's discharging physician or other licensed
- 12 <u>health care professional.</u>

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

- 13 <u>2.</u> "Discharge" means the exit or release of a patient from inpatient care in a hospital to
 14 the residence of the patient.
 - 3. "LayInformal caregiver" means an individual at least eighteen years eldof age who a patient, or the patient's legal representative, designates at admission as a lay caregiver, and who following the discharge of the patient is willing and able to perform aftercare assistance posthospital care for the patient at the patient's residence.
 - 4. "Patient" means an individual who is or was receiving inpatient medical care in a hospital "Posthospital care" means care directly related to a patient's condition at the time of discharge and which is provided by an informal caregiver to the patient in the patient's residence.
- 23 <u>5. "Residence" means the dwelling a patient considers to be the patient's home. The</u>
 24 <u>term does not include a hospital or rehabilitation facility.</u>

1	may include information such as the relationship of the lay caregiver to the
2	patient and the name, telephone number, and address of the lay caregiver.
3	b. Request written consent from the patient, or the patient's legal representative, to
4	release medical information to the lay caregiver in accordance with the hospital's
5	established procedures for releasing a patient's personal health information and
6	in compliance with all applicable state and federal laws. If a patient, or the
7	patient's legal representative, declines to consent to the release of medical
8	information to the lay caregiver, the hospital is neither required to provide notice
9	to the lay caregiver under section 23-49-03 nor to consult with or provide
10	information contained in the patient's discharge plan to the lay caregiver under-
11	section 23-49-04.
12	5. If a lay caregiver becomes incapacitated, the patient, or the patient's legal
13	representative, may change the designation of lay caregiver. At an early stage of
14	hospitalization, a hospital shall identify patients who are likely to suffer adverse health
15	consequences if discharged without adequate discharge planning. A hospital shall
16	involve a patient throughout the discharge planning process. As appropriate, a hospital
17	shall involve the patient's informal caregiver or legal representative in the discharge
18	planning process. A hospital shall:
19	a. Document the patient's discharge plan in the patient's medical record.
20	b. Communicate the plan to the patient, the patient's informal caregiver, or the
21	patient's representative.
22	c. Document the arrangements made for initial implementation of the patient's
23	discharge plan in the patient's medical record, including any training or materials
24	provided to the patient, the patient's informal caregiver, or the patient's
25	representative.
26	23-49-03. Notification of transfer or discharge Posthospital care training.
27	If a lay caregiver is designated under this chapter, in accordance with the hospital's
28	established policies and procedures, as soon as practicable, the hospital shall attempt to notify
29	the lay caregiver of the discharge of the patient or of the transfer of the patient to another
30	hospital or facility.

1	23-49-04. Aftercare assistance instructions.
2	1. If a lay caregiver is designated, as soon as practicable before discharge of a patient,
3	the hospital shall attempt to:
4	a. Consult with the patient's lay caregiver to prepare the lay caregiver for the
5	aftercare assistance the lay caregiver may provide;
6	b. Issue a discharge plan that describes the aftercare assistance needs of the
7	patient;
8	<u>c.</u> Offer to provide the lay caregiver with instructions for the aftercare assistance
9	tasks described in the discharge plan; and
10	d. Provide an opportunity for the lay caregiver to ask questions regarding the
11	aftercare assistance tasks.
12	2. The inability of a hospital to consult with a patient's lay caregiver may neither interfere
13	with, delay, or otherwise affect the medical care provided to the patient nor affect the
14	patient's discharge.
15	23-49-05. Limitations.
16	1. This chapter neither creates a private right of action against a hospital, a hospital
17	employee, or any consultant or contractor with whom a hospital has a contractual
18	relationship, nor limits or otherwise supersedes or replaces existing rights or remedies
19	under any other provision of law.
20	2. This chapter may not be construed to delay the appropriate discharge or transfer of a
21	patient, including the hospital's inability to contact the designated caregiver at the time
22	of discharge or transfer. The lack of contact may not interfere with, delay, or otherwise
23	affect the discharge or transfer of the patient or the medical care provided to the
24	patient.
25	3. This chapter may not be construed to:
26	a. Interfere with or supersede a health care provider's instructions regarding a
27	Medicare-certified home health agency or any other postacute care provider.
28	<u>b.</u> <u>Grant decisionmaking authority to a lay caregiver to determine the type of</u>
29	provider or the provider of the patient's posthospital care as specified in the
30	patient's discharge plan.

Sixty-sixth Legislative Assembly

1 Interfere with the authority or responsibilities of an agent operating under a valid 2 durable power of attorney for health care pursuant to or of the powers and duties 3 granted to a guardian. 4 Require a patient or the patient's legal representative to designate a lay 5 caregiver. 6 Obligate an individual who has been designated a lay caregiver to perform any 7 aftercare assistance for the patient. 8 A hospital shall educate or train a patient, the patient's informal caregiver, or the 9 patient's representative to prepare the patient for posthospital care. 10 The education or training provided by hospital staff to a patient, the patient's informal 11 caregiver, or the patient's representative must be tailored to the patient's identified 12 needs, including medications, treatment modalities, physical and occupational 13 therapies, psychosocial needs, appointments, or other posthospital care. 14 Education and training provided by a hospital may include repeated review of the 15 training and materials with a patient, the patient's informal caregiver, or the patient's 16 representative.