Sixty-sixth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

## **HOUSE BILL NO. 1222**

Introduced by

Representatives Hoverson, Becker, Bellew, Magrum, D. Ruby, M. Ruby, Simons

- 1 A BILL for an Act to amend and reenact section 6-09-38, subsection 1 of section 12.1-32-09,
- 2 sections 26.1-26-42, 27-17-06, 40-57.1-06, and 40-57.1-07, subsection 11 of section 40-58-20,
- 3 sections 40-63-01, 40-63-02, 40-63-03, and 52-08-10, subsection 14 of section 57-01-02,
- 4 section 57-01-13, subsection 4 of section 57-01-15.1, paragraph 3 of subdivision b of
- 5 subsection 15 of section 57-02-08, and sections 57-38-01.28, 57-38-30, and 57-38-30.3 of the
- 6 North Dakota Century Code, relating to the elimination of individual and corporate income tax
- 7 and the imposition of a flat individual and corporate income tax at a rate of one percent; to
- 8 repeal sections 40-57.1-04, 40-57.1-04.4, 40-63-04, 40-63-06, 40-63-07, 40-63-09, and
- 9 40-63-10 and chapters 52-02.1, 57-38, 57-38.1, 57-38.3, 57-38.4, 57-38.5, and 57-38.6 of the
- 10 North Dakota Century Code, relating to the elimination of individual and corporate income tax:
- and to provide an effective date.

## 12 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

- SECTION 1. AMENDMENT. Section 6-09-38 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
- 15 6-09-38. North Dakota higher education savings plan Administration Rules -
- 16 Continuing appropriation.
- 17 The Bank of North Dakota shall adopt rules to administer, manage, promote, and market a
- 18 North Dakota higher education savings plan. The Bank shall ensure that the North Dakota
- 19 higher education savings plan is maintained in compliance with internal revenue service
- standards for qualified state tuition programs. The Bank, as trustee of the North Dakota higher
- 21 education savings plan, may impose an annual administrative fee to recover expenses incurred
- in connection with operation of the plan or for other programs deemed to promote attendance at
- an institution of higher education. Administrative fees received by the Bank are appropriated on
- 24 a continuing basis to be used as provided in this section. Contributions made during the taxable-

- Sixty-sixth Legislative Assembly 1 year to a higher education savings plan administered by the Bank, pursuant to the provisions of 2 the plan, are eligible for an income tax deduction as provided in chapter 57-38. Information-3 related to contributions is confidential except as is needed by the tax commissioner for-4 determining compliance with the income tax deduction provided in chapter 57-38. 5 SECTION 2. AMENDMENT. Subsection 1 of section 12.1-32-09 of the North Dakota 6 Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows: 7 A court may sentence a convicted offender to an extended sentence as a dangerous 8 special offender or a habitual offender in accordance with this section upon a finding of 9 any one or more of the following: 10 The convicted offender is a dangerous, mentally abnormal person whose conduct 11 has been characterized by persistent aggressive behavior and the behavior 12 makes the offender a serious danger to other persons. 13 The convicted offender is a professional criminal who has substantial income or b. 14 resources derived from criminal activity. 15 The convicted offender is a habitual offender. The court may not make such a C. 16 finding unless the offender is an adult and has previously been convicted in any 17 state or states or by the United States of two felonies of class C or above 18 committed at different times when the offender was an adult. For the purposes of 19 this subdivision, a felony conviction in another state or under the laws of the 20 United States is considered a felony of class C or above if it is punishable by a 21 maximum term of imprisonment of five years or more. 22
  - d. The offender was convicted of an offense that seriously endangered the life of another person and the offender had previously been convicted of a similar offense.

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e. The offender is especially dangerous because the offender used a firearm, dangerous weapon, or destructive device in the commission of the offense or during the flight therefrom.

A conviction shown on direct or collateral review or at the hearing to be invalid or for which the offender has been pardoned on the ground of innocence must be disregarded for purposes of subdivision c. In support of findings under subdivision b, it may be shown that the offender has had control of income or property not explained

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- as derived from a source other than criminal activity. For purposes of subdivision b, a 2 substantial source of income means a source of income which for any period of one 3 year or more exceeds the minimum wage, determined on the basis of a forty-hour week and a fifty-week year, without reference to exceptions, under section 6(a)(1) of 5 the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, as amended, for an employee engaged in commerce or in the production of goods for commerce, and which for the same period 7 exceeds fifty percent of the offender's declared adjusted gross income under chapter-<del>57-38</del>.
  - SECTION 3. AMENDMENT. Section 26.1-26-42 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
- 11 26.1-26-42. License suspension, revocation, or refusal - Grounds.
  - The commissioner may suspend, revoke, place on probation, or refuse to continue or refuse to issue any license issued under this chapter if, after notice to the licensee and hearing, the commissioner finds as to the licensee any of the following conditions:
  - A materially untrue statement in the license application.
    - 2. An acquisition or attempt to acquire a license through misrepresentation or fraud.
- 17 3. The applicant has been found to have been cheating on an examination for an 18 insurance license.
- 19 4. Any cause for which issuance of the license could have been refused had it then 20 existed and been known to the commissioner at the time of issuance.
- 21 5. The applicant or licensee has been convicted of a felony or convicted of an offense, as 22 defined by section 12.1-01-04, determined by the commissioner to have a direct 23 bearing upon a person's ability to serve the public as an insurance producer, 24 insurance consultant, or surplus lines insurance producer, or the commissioner finds, 25 after conviction of an offense, that the person is not sufficiently rehabilitated under 26 section 12.1-33-02.1.
  - 6. In the conduct of affairs under the license, the licensee has used fraudulent, coercive, or dishonest practices, or has shown oneself to be incompetent, untrustworthy, or financially irresponsible.
  - 7. A misrepresentation of the terms of any actual or proposed insurance contract.

- 1 8. The licensee has been found to have knowingly solicited, procured, or sold unnecessary or excessive insurance coverage to any person.
- 3 9. The licensee has forged another's name to an application for insurance.
- 4 10. An improper withholding of, misappropriating of, or converting to one's own use any moneys belonging to policyholders, insurers, beneficiaries, or others received in the course of one's insurance business.
- 7 11. The licensee has been found guilty of any unfair trade practice defined in this title or fraud.
- 9 12. A violation of or noncompliance with any insurance laws of this state or a violation of or noncompliance with any lawful rules or orders of the commissioner or of a commissioner of another state.
- 13. The licensee's license has been suspended or revoked in any other state, province,
  13 district, or territory for any reason or purpose other than noncompliance with
  14 continuing education programs, or noncompliance with mandatory filing requirements
  15 imposed upon a licensee by the state, province, district, or territory provided the filing
  16 does not directly affect the public interest, safety, or welfare.
- 17 14. The applicant or licensee has refused to respond within twenty days to a written
  18 request by the commissioner for information regarding any potential violation of this
  19 section.
- 20 15. Without express prior written approval from the commissioner, the licensee communicates with a person who the licensee knows has contacted the department regarding an alleged violation committed by the licensee in an attempt to have the complainant dismiss the complaint.
- The licensee knowingly accepts insurance business from an individual who is not licensed.
- The applicant or licensee knowingly fails to comply with a court order imposing child support obligation.
- 28 18. The applicant or licensee fails to file the required returns or pay the taxes due under29 chapter 57-38 or comply with a court order directing payment of any income tax or
  30 employer income tax withholding imposed by chapter 57-38.

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1 SECTION 4. AMENDMENT. Section 27-17-06 of the North Dakota Century Code is 2 amended and reenacted as follows: 3 27-17-06. Immediate withdrawal of present active judges from judges retirement fund. 4 From and after July 1, 1973, each judge of the supreme or district court serving on that 5 date and each former judge of the supreme or district court, not receiving judicial 6 retirement salary, may elect to withdraw the judge's previous contributions made 7 pursuant to this chapter, and thereafter not participate in a judicial retirement program 8 provided for by law. This option ceases to be available and may not be exercised after 9 June 30, 1975. If a judge selects this option, the judge is entitled to receive the 10 combined total of the following sums: 11 The entire amount of the judge's previous contributions made pursuant to this 12 chapter, to be calculated to the date of election under this section; plus 13 An amount calculated by applying the vesting schedule set forth in section 14 54-52-11 to an amount equal to sixty percent of the judge's individual 15 contributions as calculated in subsection 1, plus earnings thereon as calculated 16 in subsection 3; plus 17 An amount calculated by applying the figure .05625 to the periodic annual or C. 18 partial annual balances in the individual judge's account during the judge's years 19 of service prior to selecting the option provided by this section. The figure applied 20 pursuant to this subdivision must be compounded annually. 21 2. The total amounts received pursuant to this section may not be considered taxable 22 income for the purposes of chapter 57-38. Selection of the option provided by this 23 section must be made in writing to the director of the office of management and 24 budget. 25 **SECTION 5. AMENDMENT.** Section 40-57.1-06 of the North Dakota Century Code is 26 amended and reenacted as follows: 27 40-57.1-06. Change in investment, new location, or change in project operator or use 28 requiring reapplication for tax exemption or payments in lieu of taxes.

If the capital investment in the buildings, structures, fixtures, and improvements comprising the project exceeds the original investment or total investment after an approved reapplication under this section because expansion of the project has increased the investment in the project

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- 1 by more than twenty percent, the project operator must reapply to receive an exemption or to 2 make payments in lieu of taxes on the added value of the property. If the project operator does 3 not reapply, or if the reapplication is disapproved, the increased capital value of the buildings, 4 structures, fixtures, and improvements comprising the project is subject to ad valorem taxation. 5 If at any time a project operator who is exempt from taxation or subject to payments in lieu of 6 taxes under this chapter moves the business to a new location, the project operator must 7 reapply to retain the remaining balance of the property tax exemption or the option to make 8 payments in lieu of taxes or elect to make application as a new business. A business relocation-9 has no effect on the income tax exemption of the project operator if it is shown by the project 10 operator to the satisfaction of the state board of equalization that the nature of the business has 11 not been changed by the move and that the effect of the business upon competitors has not-12 been changed by the move. In addition, a property tax exemption or option to make payments 13 in lieu of taxes provided by this chapter applies only to the project operator to whom it is granted 14 and is valid only while the property is used for the purposes stated in the application. If there is 15 a change in use of the property or if a new project operator takes possession of the property, 16 the property tax exemption or option to make payments in lieu of taxes terminates and the 17 project operator must file a new application with the municipality for a tax exemption or option to 18 make payments in lieu of taxes for the remainder of the exemption or payments in lieu of taxes
  - **SECTION 6. AMENDMENT.** Section 40-57.1-07 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
  - 40-57.1-07. Exemptions Time for making application.

period provided under section 40-57.1-03.

- 4. No property tax exemption shall be granted under this chapter unless the application for it is granted as provided in this chapter prior to the commencement of construction of the project as that term is defined in section 40-57.1-02 or prior to occupancy by the project operator if the project is an existing building.
  - 2. Application for an income tax exemption as provided in this chapter must be made by the project operator no later than one year after the commencement of project operations.
- **SECTION 7. AMENDMENT.** Subsection 11 of section 40-58-20 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

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- As an alternative to the sale of bonds to be amortized with tax increments as provided in this section, the governing body of a municipality may, in its discretion, grant a total or partial tax exemption for the project in order to provide assistance to a project developer in a development or renewal area, pursuant to agreement with the municipality. However, if a developer of a development or renewal project receives a tax exemption for that project pursuant to this subsection, that project developer may not receive a tax exemption for that project under section 40-57.1-03, 40-57.1-04, 40-57.1-04.1, or 40-57.1-04.3. The amount of annual tax exemption under this subsection is limited to the tax increment as defined in this section as it applies to the development or renewal project and may extend for a period not to exceed fifteen years. In determining the total amount of the tax exemption to be authorized, the municipality shall give due consideration to the same elements as are involved in the sale of bonds to be amortized by tax increments. The amount to be reimbursed, by tax exemption, to the project developer must be all or a portion of eligible public costs which have been paid by the project developer, plus interest on those costs at a rate not to exceed ten percent per annum. The amount of tax exemption must be an amount sufficient to reimburse the project operator for those eligible costs, amortized pursuant to the agreement between the project developer and the municipality.
- **SECTION 8. AMENDMENT.** Section 40-63-01 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
- 40-63-01. Definitions.
- As used in this chapter:
  - 1. "Boundary" means the boundary established by vote of the city governing body and approved by the department of commerce division of community services.
  - 2. "Development plan" means a written plan that addresses the criteria in subsection 1 of section 40-63-03 and includes the following:
    - a. A map of the proposed renaissance zone which indicates the geographic boundaries and blocks, a description of the properties and structures on each block, identification of those properties and structures to be targeted for potential zone projects, and a description of the present use and conditions of the targeted properties and structures.

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- b. A description of the existing physical assets, in particular natural or historical
   assets, of the zone and a plan for the incorporation and enhancement of the
   assets within the proposed development.
  - c. An outline of goals and objectives and proposed outcomes, including major milestones or benchmarks, by which to gauge success resulting from the designation of the zone.
  - d. A description of the types of projects the city would encourage in the city's targeted properties.
  - e. A description of the promotion, development, and management strategies to maximize investment in the zone.
  - f. A plan for the development, promotion, and use of a renaissance fund organization, if one is desired to be established. If a city is not ready to commit to establishing a renaissance fund organization, the city may indicate in the renaissance zone application the city's desire to submit a plan for approval at a later date.
  - g. Evidence of community support and commitment from residential and business interests. Evidence of community support must include letters of support from the governing bodies of each county and school district that contain property located within the boundaries of the proposed renaissance zone.
  - 3. "Investor" means the individual, partnership, limited partnership, limited liability company, trust, or corporation making an investment in a renaissance fund organization.
  - 4. "Lease" means the lease of space in a building in a designated renaissance zone by a new business moving into the zone or by an existing zone business expanding in the zone, and the continuation of a lease of an existing zone tenant in a building rehabilitated as an approved zone project. For existing zone tenants expanding in the zone, the term does not include existing leased space.
  - 5. "Local zone authority" means the city or the entity designated by the city to promote, develop, and manage the zone and may include any nonprofit incorporated entity such as an economic development corporation, community development corporation, main street organization, or chamber of commerce.

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- 1 6. "Original principal amount" means the funds invested in a renaissance fund 2 organization after designation of the renaissance zone and before the sunset of that 3 zone.
  - 7. "Rehabilitation", as used in sections 40-63-04 and section 40-63-05, means the repair or remodeling of a building or public utility infrastructure at a cost that is equal to or exceeds fifty percent of the current true and full value for commercial buildings or public utility infrastructure and twenty percent for single-family homes.
    - 8. "Taxpayer" means an individual, corporation, or trust subject to the taxes imposed by chapter 57-38 and includes a partnership, subchapter S corporation, limited partnership, limited liability company, or any other passthrough entity.
      - 9. "Zone" means a renaissance zone proposed by a city and designated by the department of commerce division of community services.
      - 10. "Zone project" means the purchase, lease, rehabilitation, or historical preservation or renovation of a building or space in a building approved for zone incentives by a majority vote of the city governing body or zone authority.
  - **SECTION 9. AMENDMENT.** Section 40-63-02 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

## 40-63-02. Eligibility - Local zone authority designation.

Any incorporated city may apply to the department of commerce division of community services to designate a portion of the city as a renaissance zone. Any individual, partnership, limited partnership, limited liability company, trust, or corporation may apply for a tax eredit or exemption under sections 40-63-04 through 40-63-07 section 40-63-05. The governing body of a city may designate a local zone authority to implement a development plan on behalf of the city.

**SECTION 10. AMENDMENT.** Section 40-63-03 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

## 40-63-03. Renaissance zones.

- 1. A city may apply to the department of commerce division of community services to designate a portion of that city as a renaissance zone if the following criteria are met:
  - a. The geographic area proposed for the renaissance zone is located wholly within the boundaries of the city submitting the application.
  - b. The application includes a development plan.

1 The proposed renaissance zone is not more than thirty-four square blocks, 2 except in a city with a population of greater than five thousand the renaissance 3 zone may exceed thirty-four square blocks at the rate of one additional block for 4 each additional five thousand population to a maximum size of forty-nine blocks. 5 Population is based upon the most recent federal decennial census or federal 6 census estimate. 7 If a city finds that renaissance zone projects have satisfactorily completed 8 one or more blocks within the renaissance zone, the city may apply for and the 9 department of commerce division of community services may approve withdrawal 10 of those blocks from the renaissance zone and replacement of those blocks with 11 other blocks that otherwise meet the requirements of this chapter. 12 d. Except as provided under subdivision g, the proposed renaissance zone has a 13 continuous boundary and all blocks are contiguous. 14 The proposed land usage includes both commercial and residential property. e. 15 The application includes the proposed duration of renaissance zone status, not to 16 exceed fifteen years. Upon application by the city, the department of commerce 17 division of community services may extend the duration of renaissance zone 18 status in increments of up to five years. 19 The proposed renaissance zone may have a single exception to the continuous g. 20 boundary and contiguous block requirements under subdivision d if the area of 21 the excepted noncontiguous blocks does not exceed three square blocks. 22 2. The department of commerce division of community services shall: 23 Review all applications for renaissance zone designation against the criteria a. 24 established in this section and designate zones. 25 b. Approve or reject the duration of renaissance zone status as submitted in an 26 application. 27 Approve or reject the geographic boundaries and total area of the renaissance 28 zone as submitted in an application. 29 Promote the renaissance zone program. d. 30 Monitor the progress of the designated renaissance zones against submitted e.

plans in an annual plan review.

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1 Report on renaissance zone progress to the governor and the legislative 2 management on an annual basis until all designated zones expire. 3 3. The department of commerce division of community services shall consider the 4 following criteria in designating a renaissance zone: 5 The viability of the development plan. a. 6 b. The incorporation and enhancement of unique natural and historic features into 7 the development plan. 8 Whether the development plan is creative and innovative in comparison to other C. 9 applications. 10 d. Public and private commitment to and other resources available for the proposed 11 renaissance zone, including the provisions for a renaissance fund organization. 12 How renaissance zone designation would relate to a broader plan for the e. 13 community as a whole. 14 How the local regulatory burden, in particular that burden associated with the 15 renovation of historic properties and that burden associated with mixed use 16 development, will be eased for developers and investors in the renaissance zone. 17 The strategies for the promotion, development, and management of the zone, g. 18 including the use of a local zone authority if designated. 19 Any other information required by the office. 20 4. The department of commerce division of community services may not designate a 21 portion of a city as a renaissance zone unless, as a part of the application, the city 22 provides a resolution from the governing body of the city that states if the renaissance 23 zone designation is granted, persons and property within the renaissance zone areis 24 exempt from taxestax as provided in sections 40-63-04 through 40-63-07 section 25 <u>40-63-05</u>. 26 A city may not propose or be part of more than one renaissance zone. 5. 27 6. A parcel of property may be exempted from property taxes under section 40-63-05 28 only once, but during the five taxable years of eligibility for that exemption, the 29 property tax exemption transfers with the transfer of the property to a qualifying user.

The ownership or lease of, or investment in, a parcel of property may qualify for

exemption or credit under section 40-63-04 only once, but during the five taxable

- years of eligibility for that exemption or credit, the exemption or credit under section

  40-63-04 transfers with the transfer of the property to a qualified user and with respect to the year in which the transfer is made must be prorated for use of the property during that year.
  - 7. A city may apply to the department of commerce division of community services at any time during the duration of a zone to expand a previously approved renaissance zone that is less than the maximum size allowed under subdivision c of subsection 1. If the expansion is approved by the department of commerce division of community services, the blocks in the expansion are eligible for up to fifteen years of renaissance zone status.
  - 8. The use of grant funds as the sole source of investment in the purchase of a building or space in a building does not qualify a taxpayer for any tax exemption or creditavailable under the chapter, and grant funds may not be counted in determining if the cost of rehabilitation meets or exceeds the current true and full value of the building.
  - 9. If a portion of an approved renaissance zone is not progressing, the city may request the department of commerce division of community services to permit deleting that portion and to make an adjustment of the boundaries to add another equal, contiguous area to the original zone.
  - 10. If within a renaissance zone there is property that is included in a tax increment financing district, the city in which the property is located shall provide the department of commerce an annual report regarding any such property at the time requested by the department of commerce. The report required under this subsection must identify the property, provide the expected duration of inclusion of the property in the tax increment financing district and the renaissance zone, and identify any property and income tax benefits of the property and the expected duration of those benefits. The department of commerce shall deliver an annual report compiling the information required under this subsection to the legislative management interim committee on taxation issues or upon request of any other interim committee of the legislative management.

**SECTION 11. AMENDMENT.** Section 52-08-10 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

1 52-08-10. Preparation of business plan - Revolving loans.

Subject to state board of higher education policies, the president of an institution of higher education that is assigned primary responsibility for workforce training shall prepare an annual business plan that must include provisions for use of the training capacity of the tribal colleges within the designated region, in consultation with the workforce training board. The business-plan may include participation as a community under the new jobs training program underenapter 52-02.1. The workforce training board shall approve the business plan and make recommendations for funding of the business plan to the state board of higher education. Any state funds received under this program by the institutions of higher education assigned primary responsibility for workforce training must be used for business and customized training activities. The state board of higher education may establish for each institution of higher education assigned primary responsibility for workforce training a revolving loan fund for workforce training program startups using the borrowing authority provided in section 15-10-16.1.

**SECTION 12. AMENDMENT.** Subsection 14 of section 57-01-02 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

14. May waive, upon a showing of good cause, any and all tax due. A lien must have been filed against the debtor's property prior to the request for a waiver. The attorney general shall approve the waiver. Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, if a debtor and the internal revenue service enter into an offer in compromise pursuant to section 7122 of the Internal Revenue Code [26 U.S.C. 7122], as amended, the tax commissioner may reduce a debtor's individual income tax liability. However, if the federal offer in compromise, for any reason, is subsequently declared void by the internal revenue service, the debtor is liable for the original amount of tax due.

**SECTION 13. AMENDMENT.** Section 57-01-13 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

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- 57-01-13. Collection of delinquent sales, use, motor vehicle fuels, special fuels,
  importer for use, aviation fuel, motor vehicle excise, telecommunications carriers,
  income, and alcoholic beverage gross receipts taxes. (Contingent expiration date See
  note)
  - <del>1.</del> Notwithstanding the secrecy and confidential information provisions in chapters 57-38, 57-39.2, and 57-40.2, the tax commissioner may, for the purpose of collectingdelinguent North Dakota sales, use, motor vehicle fuels, special fuels, importer for use, aviation fuel, motor vehicle excise, telecommunications carriers, income, or alcoholic beverage gross receipts taxes due from a taxpayer not residing or domiciledin this state, contract with any collection or credit agency, within or without the state, for the collection of the delinquent sales, use, motor vehicle fuels, special fuels, importer for use, aviation fuel, motor vehicle excise, telecommunications carriers, income, or alcoholic beverage gross receipts taxes, including penalties and interest thereon. For purposes of this section, a delinquent tax is defined as a tax liability that is due and owing for a period longer than six months and for which the taxpayer has been given at least three notices in writing requesting payment. The notices must be sent by first-class mail to the taxpayer at the taxpayer's last-known mailing address. The third notice must be sent with a copy of an affidavit of mailing. If the taxcommissioner has assigned a delinquent tax liability pursuant to this section, subsequent sales, use, motor vehicle fuels, special fuels, importer for use, aviationfuel, motor vehicle excise, telecommunications carriers, income, or alcoholic beverage gross receipts taxes that become due from the same taxpayer may be assigned immediately and without further notice to the taxpayer, so long as the originally assigned liability has not been fully collected.
  - 2. a. Fees for services, reimbursement, or any other remuneration to a collection or credit agency must be based on the amount of tax, penalty, and interest actually collected. Each contract entered into between the tax commissioner and the collection or credit agency must provide for the payment of fees for the services, reimbursements, or other remuneration not in excess of fifty percent of the amount of delinquent sales, use, motor vehicle fuels, special fuels, importer for

- use, aviation fuel, motor vehicle excise, income, or alcoholic beverage gross receipts taxes, including penalties and interest actually collected.
  - b. All funds collected by the collection or credit agency must be remitted to the tax commissioner monthly from the date of collection from a taxpayer. Forms to be used for the remittances must be prescribed by the tax commissioner. The tax commissioner shall transfer the funds to the state treasurer for deposit in the state general fund. An amount equal to the amount of fees for services, reimbursement, or any other remuneration to the collection or credit agency as set forth in the contract authorized by this section is appropriated as a standing and continuing appropriation to the tax commissioner for payment of fees due under the contract.
  - c. Before entering into a contract, the tax commissioner shall require a bond from the collection or credit agency not in excess of ten thousand dollars, quaranteeing compliance with the terms of the contract.
  - 3. A collection or credit agency entering into a contract with the tax commissioner for the collection of delinquent taxes pursuant to this section thereby agrees that it is doing business in this state for the purposes of the North Dakota income tax laws.

Collection of delinquent sales, use, motor vehicle fuels, special fuels, importer for use, aviation fuel, motor vehicle excise, telecommunications carriers, income, and alcoholic beverage gross receipts taxes. (Contingent effective date - See note)

Notwithstanding the secrecy and confidential information provisions in ehapters 57-38-andchapter 57-39.2, the tax commissioner may, for the purpose of collecting delinquent North Dakota sales, use, motor vehicle fuels, special fuels, importer for use, aviation fuel, motor vehicle excise, telecommunications carriers, income, or alcoholic beverage gross receipts taxes due from a taxpayer not residing or domiciled in this state, contract with any collection or credit agency, within or without the state, for the collection of the delinquent sales, use, motor vehicle fuels, special fuels, importer for use, aviation fuel, motor vehicle excise, telecommunications carriers, income, or alcoholic beverage gross receipts taxes, including penalties and interest thereon. For purposes of this section, a delinquent tax is defined as a tax liability that is due and owing for a period longer than six months and for which the taxpayer has

- been given at least three notices in writing requesting payment. The notices must be sent by regular mail to the taxpayer at the taxpayer's last-known mailing address. The third notice must be sent with a copy of an affidavit of mailing. If the tax commissioner has assigned a delinquent tax liability pursuant to this section, subsequent sales, use, motor vehicle fuels, special fuels, importer for use, aviation fuel, motor vehicle excise, income, or alcoholic beverage gross receipts taxes that become due from the same taxpayer may be assigned immediately and without further notice to the taxpayer, so long as the originally assigned liability has not been fully collected.
- 2. a. Fees for services, reimbursement, or any other remuneration to a collection or credit agency must be based on the amount of tax, penalty, and interest actually collected. Each contract entered into between the tax commissioner and the collection or credit agency must provide for the payment of fees for the services, reimbursements, or other remuneration not in excess of fifty percent of the amount of delinquent sales, use, motor vehicle fuels, special fuels, importer for use, aviation fuel, motor vehicle excise, income, or alcoholic beverage gross receipts taxes, including penalties and interest actually collected.
  - b. All funds collected, less the fees for collection services, as provided in the contract, must be remitted to the tax commissioner monthly from the date of collection from a taxpayer. Forms to be used for the remittances must be prescribed by the tax commissioner.
  - c. Before entering into a contract, the tax commissioner shall require a bond from the collection or credit agency not in excess of ten thousand dollars, guaranteeing compliance with the terms of the contract.
- 3. A collection or credit agency entering into a contract with the tax commissioner for the collection of delinquent taxes pursuant to this section thereby agrees that it is doing business in this state for the purposes of the North Dakota income tax laws.
- **SECTION 14. AMENDMENT.** Subsection 4 of section 57-01-15.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
  - 4. If a tax incentive applicant or claimant is a corporation or passthrough entity, any of the corporation's or passthrough entity's officers, governors, managing members, or

1	partners charged with the responsibility for filing and paying property, income, income-					
2	withholding, sales, or use tax are subject to the provisions of subsections 2 and 3.					
3	SECTION 15. AMENDMENT. Paragraph 3 of subdivision b of subsection 15 of section					
4	57-02-08 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:					
5	(3)	"Net	income from farming activities" means federal taxable income from			
6		thos	e activities as computed for income tax purposes <del>pursuant to chapter</del>			
7		<del>57-3</del>	8 adjusted to include the following:			
8		(a)	The difference between gross sales price less expenses of sale and			
9			the amount reported for sales of agricultural products for which the			
0			farmer reported a capital gain.			
11		(b)	Interest expenses from farming activities which have been deducted			
2			in computing taxable income.			
3		(c)	Depreciation expenses from farming activities which have been			
4			deducted in computing taxable income.			
5	SECTION 16	. AMEI	NDMENT. Section 57-38-01.28 of the North Dakota Century Code is			
6	amended and ree	enacted	d as follows:			
7	57-38-01.28. Marriage penalty credit.					
8	1. A married couple filing a joint return under section 57-38-30.3 is allowed a credit of not to					
9	exceed three hundred dollars per couple as determined under this section. The tax					
20	commissioner shall adjust the maximum amount of the credit under this subsection each-					
21	taxable year at the time and rate adjustments are made to rate schedules under subdivision g of					
22	subsection 1 ofin section 57-38-30.3.					
23	2. The cre	<del>dit und</del>	er this section is the difference between the tax on the couple's joint-			
24	North D	<del>akota t</del>	axable income under the rates and income levels in subdivision b of			
25	subsect	<del>ion 1 o</del>	f section 57-38-30.3 and the sum of the tax under the rates and income			
26	<del>levels o</del>	<del>f subdi</del>	vision a of subsection 1 of section 57-38-30.3 on the qualified income of			
27	the less	<del>er-earr</del>	ning spouse, and the tax under the rates and income levels of			
28	subdivis	sion a c	of subsection 1 of section 57-38-30.3 on the couple's joint North Dakota-			
29	taxable	income	e, minus the qualified income of the lesser-earning spouse.			

1	<del>3.</del>	For	a no	nresident or part-year resident, the credit under this section must be adjusted		
2		bas	based on the percentage calculated under subdivision f of subsection 1 of section			
3		<del>57-</del>	<del>57-38-30.3.</del>			
4	4.	For	purp	oses of this section:		
5		<del>a.</del>	<del>"Q</del> u	alifying income" means the sum of the following, to the extent included in-		
6			Nor	th Dakota taxable income:		
7			<del>(1)</del>	Earned income as defined in section 32(c)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code;		
8			<del>(2)</del>	Income received from a retirement pension, profit-sharing, stock bonus, or		
9				annuity plan; and		
10			<del>(3)</del>	Social security benefits as defined in section 86(d)(1) of the Internal		
11				Revenue Code.		
12		<del>b.</del>	<del>"Qu</del>	nalifying income of the lesser-earning spouse" means the qualifying income of		
13			the	spouse with the lesser amount of qualifying income for the taxable year-		
14			min	us the sum of:		
15			<del>(1)</del>	The amount for one exemption under section 151(d) of the Internal Revenue		
16				Code; and		
17			<del>(2)</del>	One-half of the amount of the standard deduction under section 63(c)(2)(A)		
18				(4) of the Internal Revenue Code.		
19	SEC	CTIO	N 17.	AMENDMENT. Section 57-38-30 of the North Dakota Century Code is		
20	amende	d and	d ree	nacted as follows:		
21	57-3	38-30	. Imp	osition and rate of tax on corporations.		
22	A tax at the rate of one percent is hereby imposed upon the taxable income of every					
23	domestic and foreign corporation which must be levied, collected, and paid annually as in this					
24	chapter	provi	<del>ded:</del>			
25	<del>1.</del>	For	the f	irst twenty-five thousand dollars of taxable income, at the rate of one and		
26		fort	y-one	hundredths percent.		
27	<del>2.</del>	<del>On</del>	all ta	xable income exceeding twenty-five thousand dollars and not exceeding fifty		
28		tho	usano	d dollars, at the rate of three and fifty-five hundredths percent.		
29	<del>3.</del>	<del>On</del>	all ta	xable income exceeding fifty thousand dollars, at the rate of four and		
30		thir	<del>y-one</del>	e hundredths percent.		

- **SECTION 18. AMENDMENT.** Section 57-38-30.3 of the North Dakota Century Code is 2 amended and reenacted as follows:
- 3 57-38-30.3. Individual, estate, and trust income tax.
  - 1. A tax is hereby imposed for each taxable year upon income earned or received in that taxable year by every resident and nonresident individual, estate, and trust. A taxpayer computing the tax under this section is only eligible for those adjustments or credits that are specifically provided for in this section. Provided, that for purposes of this section, any person required to file a state income tax return under this chapter, but who has not computed a federal taxable income figure, shall compute a federal taxable income figure using a pro forma return in order to determine a federal taxable income figure to be used as a starting point in computing state income tax under this section. The tax for individuals, estates, and trusts is equal to one percent of North Dakota taxable income multiplied by the rates in the applicable rate schedule insubdivisions a through d corresponding to an individual's filing status used for federal income tax purposes. For an estate or trust, the schedule in subdivision e must be used for purposes of this subsection.
    - a. Single, other than head of household or surviving spouse.

If North Dakota taxable income is:

19	Over	Not over	The tax is equal to	Of amount over
20	<del>\$0</del>	<del>\$37,450</del>	<del>1.10%</del>	<del>\$0</del>
21	<del>\$37,450</del>	<del>\$90,750</del>	<del>\$411.95 + 2.04%</del>	<del>\$37,450</del>
22	<del>\$90,750</del>	<del>\$189,300</del>	\$1,499.27 <b>+</b> 2.27%	<del>\$90,750</del>
23	<del>\$189,300</del>	<del>\$411,500</del>	\$3,736.36 + 2.64%	<del>\$189,300</del>
24	<del>\$411,500</del>		<del>\$9,602.44 + 2.90%</del>	<del>\$411,500</del>

b. Married filing jointly and surviving spouse.

If North Dakota taxable income is:

27	Over	Not over	The tax is equal to	Of amount over
28	<del>\$0</del>	<del>\$62,600</del>	<del>1.10%</del>	<del>\$0</del>
29	<del>\$62,600</del>	<del>\$151,200</del>	\$ <del>688.60 + 2.04%</del>	<del>\$62,600</del>
30	<del>\$151,200</del>	<del>\$230,450</del>	\$2,496.04 + 2.27%	<del>\$151,200</del>

1		<del>\$230,450</del>	<del>\$411,500</del>	\$4,295.02 + 2.64%	<del>\$230,450</del>
2		<del>\$411,500</del>		<del>\$9,074.74 + 2.90%</del>	<del>\$411,500</del>
3	e.	Married filing se	<del>eparately.</del>		
4		If North Dakota	taxable income is:		
5		Over	Not over	The tax is equal to	Of amount over
6		<del>\$0</del>	<del>\$31,300</del>	<del>1.10%</del>	<del>\$0</del>
7		<del>\$31,300</del>	<del>\$75,600</del>	<del>\$344.30 + 2.04%</del>	<del>\$31,300</del>
8		<del>\$75,600</del>	<del>\$115,225</del>	<del>\$1,248.02 + 2.27%</del>	<del>\$75,600</del>
9		<del>\$115,225</del>	<del>\$205,750</del>	<del>\$2,147.51 + 2.64%</del>	<del>\$115,225</del>
10		<del>\$205,750</del>		<del>\$4,537.37 + 2.90%</del>	<del>\$205,750</del>
11	<del>d.</del>	Head of househ	<del>old.</del>		
12		If North Dakota	taxable income is:		
13		Over	Not over	The tax is equal to	Of amount over
14		<del>\$0</del>	<del>\$50,200</del>	<del>1.10%</del>	<del>\$0</del>
15		<del>\$50,200</del>	<del>\$129,600</del>	<del>\$552.20 + 2.04%</del>	<del>\$50,200</del>
16		<del>\$129,600</del>	<del>\$209,850</del>	<del>\$2,171.96 + 2.27%</del>	<del>\$129,600</del>
17		<del>\$209,850</del>	<del>\$411,500</del>	<del>\$3,993.64 + 2.64%</del>	<del>\$209,850</del>
18		<del>\$411,500</del>		<del>\$9,317.20 + 2.90%</del>	<del>\$411,500</del>
19	e <del>.</del>	Estates and trus	<del>sts.</del>		
20	If North Dakota taxable income is:				
21	Over		Not over	The tax is equal to	Of amount over
22	<del>\$</del> (	€	<del>\$2,500</del>	<del>1.10%</del>	<del>\$0</del>
23	<del>\$2,50</del> 0	€	<del>\$5,900</del>	<del>\$27.50 + 2.04%</del>	<del>\$2,500</del>
24	<del>\$5,900</del>	€	<del>\$9,050</del>	\$ <del>96.86 + 2.27%</del>	<del>\$5,900</del>
25	<del>\$9,05</del> 0	€	<del>\$12,300</del>	<del>\$168.37 + 2.64%</del>	<del>\$9,050</del>
26	<del>\$12,300</del>			<del>\$254.17 + 2.90%</del>	<del>\$12,300</del>
27	<del>f.</del>	For an individua	al who is not a resident of t	this state for the entire y	ear, or for a
28	nonresident estate or trust, the tax is equal to the tax otherwise computed under				
29	this subsection multiplied by a fraction in which:				
30	(1) The numerator is the federal adjusted gross income allocable and				e and
31		apportiona	ble to this state; and		

1 The denominator is the federal adjusted gross income from all sources (2) 2 reduced by the net income from the amounts specified in subdivisions a and 3 b of subsection 2. 4 In the case of married individuals filing a joint return, if one spouse is a resident 5 of this state for the entire year and the other spouse is a nonresident for part or 6 all of the tax year, the tax on the joint return must be computed under this 7 subdivision. 8 The tax commissioner shall prescribe new rate schedules that apply in lieu of the g. 9 schedules set forth in subdivisions a through e. The new schedules must be 10 determined by increasing the minimum and maximum dollar amounts for each 11 income bracket for which a tax is imposed by the cost-of-living adjustment for the 12 taxable year as determined by the secretary of the United States treasury for 13 purposes of section 1(f) of the United States Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as 14 amended. For this purpose, the rate applicable to each income bracket may not 15 be changed, and the manner of applying the cost-of-living adjustment must be 16 the same as that used for adjusting the income brackets for federal income tax 17 purposes. 18 <del>h.</del>b. The tax commissioner shall prescribe an optional simplified method of computing 19 tax under this section that may be used by an individual taxpayer who is not 20 entitled to claim an adjustment under subsection 2 or credit against income tax 21 liability under subsection 7. 22 2. For purposes of this section, "North Dakota taxable income" means the federal taxable 23 income of an individual, estate, or trust as computed under the Internal Revenue Code 24 of 1986, as amended, adjusted as follows: 25 Reduced by interest income from obligations of the United States and income a. 26 exempt from state income tax under federal statute or United States or North 27 Dakota constitutional provisions. 28 Reduced by the portion of a distribution from a qualified investment fund b. 29 described in section 57-38-01 which is attributable to investments by the qualified 30 investment fund in obligations of the United States, obligations of North Dakota or 31 its political subdivisions, and any other obligation the interest from which is

1 exempt from state income tax under federal statute or United States or North 2 Dakota constitutional provisions. 3 C. Reduced by the amount equal to the earnings that are passed through to a 4 taxpayer in connection with an allocation and apportionment to North Dakota 5 under section 57-38-01.35. 6 d. Reduced by forty percent of: 7 The excess of the taxpayer's net long-term capital gain for the taxable year 8 over the net short-term capital loss for that year, as computed for purposes 9 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. The adjustment 10 provided by this subdivision is allowed only to the extent the net long-term 11 capital gain is allocated to this state. 12 (2) Qualified dividends as defined under Internal Revenue Code section 1(h) 13 (11), added by section 302(a) of the Jobs and Growth Tax Relief 14 Reconciliation Act of 2003 [Pub. L. 108-27; 117 Stat. 752; 2 U.S.C. 963 15 et seq.], but only if taxed at a federal income tax rate that is lower than the 16 regular federal income tax rates applicable to ordinary income. If, for any 17 taxable year, qualified dividends are taxed at the regular federal income tax 18 rates applicable to ordinary income, the reduction allowed under this 19 subdivision is equal to thirty percent of all dividends included in federal 20 taxable income. The adjustment provided by this subdivision is allowed only 21 to the extent the qualified dividend income is allocated to this state. 22 Increased by the amount of a lump sum distribution for which income averaging e. 23 was elected under section 402 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 [26 U.S.C. 24 402], as amended. This adjustment does not apply if the taxpayer received the 25 lump sum distribution while a nonresident of this state and the distribution is 26 exempt from taxation by this state under federal law. 27 f. Increased by an amount equal to the losses that are passed through to a 28 taxpayer in connection with an allocation and apportionment to North Dakota 29 under section 57-38-01.35. 30 Reduced by the amount received by the taxpayer as payment for services g.

performed when mobilized under title 10 United States Code federal service as a

1 member of the national guard or reserve member of the armed forces of the 2 United States. This subdivision does not apply to federal service while attending 3 annual training, basic military training, or professional military education. 4 h. Reduced by income from a new and expanding business exempt from state 5 income tax under section 40-57.1-04. 6 İ. Reduced by interest and income from bonds issued under chapter 11-37. 7 Reduced by up to ten thousand dollars of qualified expenses that are related to a 8 donation by a taxpayer or a taxpayer's dependent, while living, of one or more 9 human organs to another human being for human organ transplantation. A 10 taxpayer may claim the reduction in this subdivision only once for each instance 11 of organ donation during the taxable year in which the human organ donation and 12 the human organ transplantation occurs but if qualified expenses are incurred in 13 more than one taxable year, the reduction for those expenses must be claimed in 14 the year in which the expenses are incurred. For purposes of this subdivision: 15 "Human organ transplantation" means the medical procedure by which 16 transfer of a human organ is made from the body of one person to the body 17 of another person. 18 (2) "Organ" means all or part of an individual's liver, pancreas, kidney, intestine, 19 lung, or bone marrow. 20 "Qualified expenses" means lost wages not compensated by sick pay and (3) 21 unreimbursed medical expenses as defined for federal income tax 22 purposes, to the extent not deducted in computing federal taxable income, 23 whether or not the taxpayer itemizes federal income tax deductions. 24 <del>k.</del>j. Increased by the amount of the contribution upon which the credit under section 25 57-38-01.21 is computed, but only to the extent that the contribution reduced 26 federal taxable income. 27 <del>l.<u>k.</u></del> Reduced by the amount of any payment received by a veteran or beneficiary of a 28 veteran under section 37-28-03 or 37-28-04. 29 Reduced by the amount received by a taxpayer that was paid by an employer <del>m.</del>l. 30 under paragraph 4 of subdivision a of subsection 2 of section 57-38-01.25 to hire 31 the taxpayer for a hard-to-fill position under section 57-38-01.25, but only to the

1 extent the amount received by the taxpayer is included in federal taxable income. 2 The reduction applies only if the employer is entitled to the credit under section 3 57-38-01.25. The taxpayer must attach a statement from the employer in which 4 the employer certifies that the employer is entitled to the credit under section 5 57-38-01.25 and which specifically identified the type of payment and the amount 6 of the exemption under this section. 7 Reduced by the amount up to a maximum of five thousand dollars, or ten <del>n.</del>m. 8 thousand dollars if a joint return is filed, for contributions made under a higher 9 education savings plan administered by the Bank of North Dakota, pursuant to 10 section 6-09-38. 11 <del>o.</del>n. Reduced by the amount of income of a taxpayer, who resides anywhere within 12 the exterior boundaries of a reservation situated in this state or situated both in 13 this state and in an adjoining state and who is an enrolled member of a federally 14 recognized Indian tribe, from activities or sources anywhere within the exterior 15 boundaries of a reservation situated in this state or both situated in this state and 16 in an adjoining state. 17 For married individuals filing jointly, reduced by an amount equal to the excess of <del>p.</del>o. 18 the recomputed itemized deductions or standard deduction over the amount of 19 the itemized deductions or standard deduction deducted in computing federal 20 taxable income. For purposes of this subdivision, "itemized deductions or 21 standard deduction" means the amount under section 63 of the Internal Revenue 22 Code that the married individuals deducted in computing their federal taxable 23 income and "recomputed itemized deductions or standard deduction" means an 24 amount determined by computing the itemized deductions or standard deduction 25 in a manner that replaces the basic standard deduction under section 63(c)(2) of 26 the Internal Revenue Code for married individuals filing jointly with an amount 27 equal to double the amount of the basic standard deduction under section 63(c) 28 (2) of the Internal Revenue Code for a single individual other than a head of 29 household and surviving spouse. If the married individuals elected under 30 section 63(e) of the Internal Revenue Code to deduct itemized deductions in 31 computing their federal taxable income even though the amount of the allowable

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1 standard deduction is greater, the reduction under this subdivision is not allowed. 2 Married individuals filing jointly shall compute the available reduction under this 3 subdivision in a manner prescribed by the tax commissioner. 4 Reduced by an amount equal to the exemption available for a qualifying child <del>q.</del>p. 5 under section 152 of the Internal Revenue Code [26 U.S.C. 152], as amended, 6 for each birth resulting in stillbirth, as defined in section 23-02.1-01, for which a 7 fetal death certificate has been filed under section 23-02.1-20. For purposes of 8 this subdivision, the exemption may only be claimed in the taxable year in which 9 the stillbirth occurred. 10 3. The same filing status used when filing federal income tax returns must be used when 11 filing state income tax returns. 12 4. A resident individual, estate, or trust is entitled to a credit against the tax imposed 13 under this section for the amount of income tax paid by the taxpayer for the 14 taxable year by another state or territory of the United States or the District of 15 Columbia on income derived from sources in those jurisdictions that is also 16 subject to tax under this section. 17 b. For an individual, estate, or trust that is a resident of this state for the entire 18 taxable year, the credit allowed under this subsection may not exceed an amount 19 equal to the tax imposed under this section multiplied by a ratio equal to federal 20 adjusted gross income derived from sources in the other jurisdiction divided by 21 federal adjusted gross income less the amounts under subdivisions a and b of 22 subsection 2. 23 For an individual, estate, or trust that is a resident of this state for only part of the 24 taxable year, the credit allowed under this subsection may not exceed the lesser 25 of the following: 26 The tax imposed under this chapter multiplied by a ratio equal to federal 27 adjusted gross income derived from sources in the other jurisdiction 28 received while a resident of this state divided by federal adjusted gross

subdivisions a and b of subsection 2.

income derived from North Dakota sources less the amounts under

<del>k.</del>j.

1 The tax paid to the other jurisdiction multiplied by a ratio equal to federal (2) 2 adjusted gross income derived from sources in the other jurisdiction 3 received while a resident of this state divided by federal adjusted gross 4 income derived from sources in the other states. 5 The tax commissioner may require written proof of the tax paid to another state. d. 6 The required proof must be provided in a form and manner as determined by the 7 tax commissioner. 8 5. Individuals, estates, or trusts that file an amended federal income tax return changing 9 their federal taxable income figure for a year for which an election to file state income 10 tax returns has been made under this section shall file an amended state income tax 11 return to reflect the changes on the federal income tax return. 12 6. The tax commissioner may prescribe procedures and guidelines to prevent requiring 13 income that had been previously taxed under this chapter from becoming taxed again 14 because of the provisions of this section and may prescribe procedures and guidelines 15 to prevent any income from becoming exempt from taxation because of the provisions 16 of this section if it would otherwise have been subject to taxation under the provisions 17 of this chapter. 18 7. A taxpayer filing a return under this section is entitled to the following tax credits: 19 Family care tax credit under section 57-38-01.20. a. 20 Renaissance zone tax credits under sections 40-63-04, 40-63-06, and 40-63-07. b. 21 C. Agricultural business investment tax credit under section 57-38.6-03. 22 Seed capital investment tax credit under section 57-38.5-03. d. 23 Planned gift tax credit under section 57-38-01.21. e. 24 f. Biodiesel fuel or green diesel fuel tax credits under sections 57-38-01.22 and 25 57-38-01.23. 26 Internship employment tax credit under section 57-38-01.24. g. 27 h. Workforce recruitment credit under section 57-38-01.25. 28 Angel fund investment tax credit under section 57-38-01.26 (effective for the firsti. 29 taxable year beginning after December 31, 2016). 30 Marriage penalty credit under section 57-38-01.28. į.

Research and experimental expenditures under section 57-38-30.5.

1 Geothermal energy device installation credit under section 57-38-01.8. <del>l.<u>k.</u></del> 2 <del>m.</del>l. Long-term care partnership plan premiums income tax credit under section 3 57-38-29.3. 4 Employer tax credit for salary and related retirement plan contributions of <del>n.</del><u>m.</u> 5 mobilized employees under section 57-38-01.31. 6 Automating manufacturing processes tax credit under section 57-38-01.33 θ. 7 (effective for the first five taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012). 8 Income tax credit for passthrough entity contributions to private education <del>p.</del>n. 9 institutions under section 57-38-01.7. 10 Angel investor tax credit under section 57-38-01.26. <del>q.</del>o. 11 8. A taxpayer filing a return under this section is entitled to theany exemption provided for 12 which the taxpayer qualifies under section 40-63-04. 13 9. If an individual taxpayer engaged in a farming business elects to average farm 14 income under section 1301 of the Internal Revenue Code [26 U.S.C. 1301], the 15 taxpayer may elect to compute tax under this subsection. If an election to 16 compute tax under this subsection is made, the tax imposed by subsection 1 for 17 the taxable year must be equal to the sum of the following: 18 The tax computed under subsection 1 on North Dakota taxable income 19 reduced by elected farm income. 20 The increase in tax imposed by subsection 1 which would result if North (2) 21 Dakota taxable income for each of the three prior taxable years were 22 increased by an amount equal to one-third of the elected farm income. 23 However, if other provisions of this chapter other than this section were 24 used to compute the tax for any of the three prior years, the same 25 provisions in effect for that prior tax year must be used to compute the 26 increase in tax under this paragraph. For purposes of applying this 27 paragraph to taxable years beginning before January 1, 2001, the increase 28 in tax must be determined by recomputing the tax in the manner prescribed 29 by the tax commissioner. 30 b. For purposes of this subsection, "elected farm income" means that portion of 31 North Dakota taxable income for the taxable year which is elected farm income

1 as defined in section 1301 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 [26 U.S.C. 2 1301], as amended, reduced by the portion of an exclusion claimed under 3 subdivision d of subsection 2 that is attributable to a net long-term capital gain 4 included in elected farm income. 5 The reduction in North Dakota taxable income under this subsection must be C. 6 taken into account for purposes of making an election under this subsection for 7 any subsequent taxable year. 8 d. The tax commissioner may prescribe rules, procedures, or guidelines necessary 9 to administer this subsection. 10 <del>10.</del> The tax commissioner may prescribe tax tables, to be used in computing the tax-11 according to subsection 1, if the amounts of the tax tables are based on the tax rates 12 set forth in subsection 1. If prescribed by the tax commissioner, the tables must be 13 followed by every individual, estate, or trust determining a tax under this section. 14 **SECTION 19. REPEAL.** Sections 40-57.1-04, 40-57.1-04.4, 40-63-04, 40-63-06, 40-63-07. 15 40-63-09, and 40-63-10 and chapters 52-02.1, 57-38, 57-38.1, 57-38.3, 57-38.4, 57-38.5, and 16 57-38.6 of the North Dakota Century Code are repealed. 17 SECTION 20. EFFECTIVE DATE. Sections 16 through 18 of this Act are effective for 18 taxable years beginning after December 31, 2018, and the remainder of this Act is effective for 19 taxable years beginning after December 31, 2019.